HOUSE BILL NO. HB0289

Codification of marital rights.

Sponsored by: Representative(s) Connolly, Yin and Zwonitzer and Senator(s) Rothfuss and Von Flatern

A BILL

for

1 AN ACT relating to marital rights; amending statutory 2 language to reflect United States supreme court precedent 3 concerning same sex marriages and the rights of same sex married couples; codifying rights of parties 4 5 authorized to marry in Wyoming; providing for parentage 6 determinations for all marital couples; providing 7 definitions; making conforming amendments; providing for a 8 review of rules and regulations potentially impacted by this act; and providing for an effective date. 9

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11 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Wyoming:

12

13 **Section 1.** W.S. 2-4-106, 8-1-102(a) by creating a new

14 paragraph (xvii), 14-1-201(a)(iii), 14-2-308(a)(vii),

15 14-2-402(a)(viii)(A) and (xiii), 14-2-403(d),

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HB0289

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1 14-2-501(a)(intro), (ii), (iii), by creating a new paragraph
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- 2 (iv), (b)(intro), (v) and by creating a new subsection (c),
- 3 14-2-504(b) and by creating a new subsection (c),
- $4 \quad 14-2-802(a)(ii), \quad 14-2-803(a)(i), \quad 14-2-808(b)(vii),$
- 5 14-2-809(b), 14-2-816(a)(vi), 14-2-818, 14-2-822(a),
- 6 14-2-823(c)(i), (ii), (f)(iii), (g)(intro), (ii), (iv), (vi),
- 7 (vii), (ix), (j)(iii), (v) and (m), 14-2-904, 14-2-905(a) and
- 8 (b), 14-3-402(a)(xiii), 14-6-201(a)(xvii), 14-6-402(a)(xiv),
- 9 20-1-101, 20-1-106(b), 20-2-102, 20-2-201(a)(intro),
- 10 20-3-104, 20-4-166(j), 20-4-170(b)(vii), 20-5-410(d),
- 35-1-410(c)(iii), 35-1-411(a) and (c) and 35-1-422(a) are
- 12 amended to read:

2-4-106. Divorce not to affect children's rights.

15

- 16 Divorces of husband and wife-parents do not affect the right
- 17 of children to inherit their parents' property.

18

19 **8-1-102. Definitions.**

- 21 (a) As used in the statutes unless the legislature
- 22 clearly specifies a different meaning or interpretation or
- 23 the context clearly requires a different meaning:

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1
             (xvii) "Spouse" means a marriage partner, a
 2
 3
    husband or a wife.
 4
         14-1-201. Definitions.
 5
 6
 7
        (a) As used in this article:
 8
 9
              (iii) "Parent" means the legal guardian or
10
    custodian of the minor, his natural parent, or if the minor
11
    has been legally adopted, the adoptive parent if the minor
12
    has been legally adopted, a person adjudged the parent of the
13
    child in judicial proceedings or a person who has established
    a parent-child relationship under title 14, chapter 2,
14
    article 5 of the Wyoming statutes;
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17
         14-2-308. Definitions.
18
19
         (a) As used in this act:
20
              (vii) "Parent" means a natural parent, or a parent
21
    by adoption, a person adjudged the parent of the child in
22
    judicial proceedings or a person who has established a
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нв0289

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14-2-403. Scope of act; choice of law.

1	(d) This act does not authorize or prohibit an
2	agreement between a woman and a man person or couple and
3	another a woman in which the woman relinquishes all rights as
4	a parent of a child conceived by means of assisted
5	reproduction, and which provides that the man and the other
6	woman person or couple become the parents of the child. If a
7	birth results under such an agreement and the agreement is
8	unenforceable under Wyoming law, the parent-child
9	relationship is determined as provided in article 4 of this
10	act.
11	
12	14-2-501. Establishment of parent-child relationship.
13	
14	(a) $\frac{The}{A}$ mother-child relationship is established
15	between a woman and a child by:
16	
17	(ii) An adjudication of the woman's maternity; or
18	
19	(iii) Adoption of the child by the woman: or
20	
21	(iv) The woman's having consented in writing to
22	assisted reproduction by her spouse or a surrogate under

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under article 8 of this act.

1	(c) A spouse is presumed to be the parent of a child if
2	the spouses are married to each other and the child is born
3	to the other spouse during the marriage.
4	
5	14-2-802. Standing to maintain proceeding.
6	
7	(a) Subject to article 5 of this act and W.S. 14-2-807
8	and 14-2-809, a proceeding to adjudicate parentage may be
9	maintained by:
10	
11	(ii) The A mother or father of the child;
12	
13	14-2-803. Parties to proceeding.
14	
15	(a) The following individuals shall be joined as
16	parties in a proceeding to adjudicate parentage:
17	
18	(i) The A mother or father of the child; and
19	
20	14-2-808. Authority to deny motion for genetic testing.
21	
22	(b) In determining whether to deny a motion seeking an
23	order for genetic testing under this section, the court shall

HB0289

1 consider the best interest of the child, including the

2 following factors:

3

4 (vii) The nature of the relationship between the

5 child and any alleged father or other parent;

6

7 14-2-809. Limitation; child having acknowledged or

8 adjudicated parent.

9

10 (b) If a child has an acknowledged father parent or an

11 adjudicated **father parent**, an individual, other than the

12 child, who is neither a signatory to the acknowledgment of

13 paternity nor a party to the adjudication and who seeks an

14 adjudication of parentity parentage of the child shall

15 commence a proceeding not later than two (2) years after the

16 effective date of the acknowledgment or adjudication.

17

18 **14-2-816.** Temporary order.

19

20 (a) In a proceeding under this article, the court shall

21 issue a temporary order for support of a child if the order

22 is appropriate and the individual ordered to pay support is:

8

1 (vi) $\frac{\text{The}}{\text{A}}$ mother of the child. 2 3 14-2-818. Jury prohibited. 4 5 The court, without a jury, shall adjudicate paternity 6 parentage of a child. 7 8 14-2-822. Order adjudicating parentage. 9 10 (a) The court shall issue an order adjudicating whether a man person alleged or claiming to be the father a parent is 11 12 the a parent of the child. 13 14 14-2-823. Binding effect of determination of parentage. 15 16 (c) In a proceeding to dissolve a marriage, the court is deemed to have made an adjudication of the parentage of a 17 child if the court acts under circumstances that satisfy the 18 19 jurisdictional requirements of W.S. 20-4-142, and the final 20 order: 21 (i) Expressly identifies a child as a "child of 22

the marriage," "issue of the marriage," or similar words

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HB0289

1 indicating that the <u>husband is the father parties are the</u>

2 parents of the child; or

3

4 (ii) Provides for support of the child by the

5 <u>husband one (1) parent to the other</u> unless paternity parentage

6 is specifically disclaimed in the order.

7

8 (f) A petition for disestablishment of paternity shall

9 be filed:

10

11 (iii) In the case of an adjudication issued by a

12 court of this state, the petition shall be filed only by the

13 <u>a</u> mother of the child, the adjudicated <u>father parent</u> of the

14 child, the child, if the child was a party to the

15 adjudication, or the legal representative of any of these

16 parties. A petition filed by an individual who is not a party

17 to the adjudication shall be filed pursuant to W.S. 14-2-809.

18 The petition under this paragraph shall be filed no later

19 than two (2) years after the petitioner knew or should have

20 known that the paternity of the child was at issue.

21

22 (g) The court shall appoint an attorney to represent

23 the best interests of a child if the court finds that the

best interests of the child is not adequately represented.

1

22

2 In cases concerning an adjudication of paternity parentage 3 pursuant to subsection (c) of this section, the court shall 4 appoint an attorney to represent the best interests of the In determining the best interests of the child, the 5 child. court shall consider the following factors: 6 7 8 (ii) The length of time during which the adjudicated father parent has assumed the role of the father 9 10 parent of the child; 11 (iv) The nature of the relationship between the 12 child and the adjudicated father parent; 13 14 The harm that may result to the child if 15 16 adjudicated paternity parentage is successfully disproved; 17 18 (vii) The nature of the relationship between the 19 child and any alleged **father** parent; 20 21 (ix) Other factors that may affect the equities

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arising from the disruption of the father child parent-child

relationship between the child and the adjudicated father 2 parent or the chance of other harm to the child. 3 4 (j) The court may grant relief on the petition filed in accordance with this section upon a finding by the court of 5 all of the following: 6 7 8 (iii) The adjudicated <u>father parent</u> has not 9 adopted the child; 10 11 (v) The adjudicated **father** parent did not act to prevent the biological father of the child from asserting his 12 paternal rights with respect to the child. 13 14 15 If the court finds that the adjudication of (m) 16 paternity parentage should be vacated, in accordance with all 17 of the conditions prescribed, the court shall enter an order which provides all of the following: 18 19 20 (i) That the disestablishment of paternity the 21 adjudicated parentage is in the best interests of the child pursuant to the factors in this section; 22

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1
              (ii) That the adjudicated father parent is not the
 2
    a biological father parent of the child;
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 4
              (iii) That the adjudicated father's parent's
    parental rights and responsibilities are terminated as of the
 5
    date of the filing of the order;
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 8
              (iv) That the birth records agency shall amend the
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    child's birth certificate by removing the adjudicated
10
    father's parent's name, if it appears thereon, and issue a
11
    new birth certificate for the child;
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13
              (v) That the adjudicated father parent is relieved
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    of any and all future support obligations owed on behalf of
    the child from the date that the order determining that the
15
16
    established <u>father parent</u> is not the a biological father
17
    parent is filed;
18
19
              (vi) That any unpaid support due prior to before
20
    the date the order determining that the adjudicated father
21
    parent is not the a biological father parent is filed, is due
    and owing;
22
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1 (vii) That the adjudicated **father** parent has no 2 right to reimbursement of past child support paid to the 3 mother <u>another parent</u>, the state of Wyoming or any other 4 assignee of child support. 5 14-2-904. Consent to assisted reproduction. 6 7 (a) Consent by a woman and a man-person who intends to 8 9 be the parent of a child born to the woman by assisted 10 reproduction shall be in a record signed by the woman and the man intended parent. This requirement shall not apply to a 11 12 donor. 13 14 (b) Failure to sign a consent required by subsection 15 (a) of this section, before or after birth of the child, does not preclude a finding of paternity parentage if the woman 16 and the man intended parent, during the first two (2) years 17 of the child's life resided together in the same household 18 19 with the child and openly held out the child as their own. 20 21 14-2-905. Limitation on spouse's dispute of parentage.

Т	(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b) of
2	this section, the husband spouse of a wife who gives birth to
3	a child by means of assisted reproduction may not challenge
4	his paternity the parentage of the child unless:
5	
6	(i) Within two (2) years after learning of the
7	birth of the child he the spouse commences a proceeding to
8	adjudicate his paternity the parentage; and
9	
10	(ii) The court finds that he the spouse did not
11	consent to the assisted reproduction, before or after birth
12	of the child.
13	
14	(b) A proceeding to adjudicate paternity parentage may
15	be maintained at any time if the court determines that:
16	
17	(i) The Any of the following has occurred:
18	
19	(A) A husband did not provide sperm for, or
20	before or after the birth of the child consent to, assisted
21	reproduction by his wife the spouse or a surrogate;
22	

1	(B) A wife did not provide the egg for
2	assisted reproduction by the spouse or a surrogate;
3	
4	(C) Before or after the birth of the child a
5	spouse did not consent to assisted reproduction by the other
6	spouse or a surrogate.
7	
8	(ii) The husband and the mother of the child
9	married couple have not cohabited since the probable time of
10	assisted reproduction; and
11	
12	(iii) The husband spouse never openly held out the
13	child as his that spouse's own.
14	
15	14-3-402. Definitions.
16	
17	(a) As used in this act:
18	
19	(xiii) "Parent" means either a natural or adoptive
20	parent of the child, a person adjudged the parent of the child
21	in judicial proceedings or a man presumed to be the father
22	under W.C. 14-2-504 person who has established a parent-shild

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    relationship under title 14, chapter 2, article 5 of the
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    Wyoming statutes;
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         14-6-201. Definitions; short title; statement
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    purpose and interpretation.
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 7
         (a) As used in this act:
 8
 9
              (xvii) "Parent" means either a natural or adoptive
10
    parent of the child, a person adjudged the parent of the child
11
    in judicial proceedings or a man presumed to be the father
12
    under W.S. 14-2-504 person who has established a parent-child
    relationship under title 14, chapter 2, article 5 of the
13
14
    Wyoming statutes;
15
16
         14-6-402. Definitions.
17
         (a) As used in this act:
18
19
20
              (xiv) "Parent" means either a natural or adoptive
21
    parent of the child, a person adjudged the parent of the child
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    in judicial proceedings or a man presumed to be the father
    under W.S. 14-2-504 person who has established a parent-child
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1	relationship under title 14, chapter 2, article 5 of the
2	Wyoming statutes;
3	
4	CHAPTER 1
5	MARRIED PERSONS
6	
7	20-1-101. Marriage a civil contract.
8	
9	Marriage is a civil contract between a male and a female
10	person two (2) persons to which the consent of the parties
11	capable of contracting is essential.
12	
13	20-1-106. Who may solemnize marriage; form of ceremony.
14	
15	(b) In the solemnization of marriage no particular form
16	is required, except that the parties shall solemnly declare
17	in the presence of the person performing the ceremony and at
18	least two (2) attending witnesses that they take each other
19	as husband and wife spouses.
20	
21	20-2-102. Petition by spouse for support.
22	

1	When the husband and wife spouses are living separately, or
2	when they are living together but one (1) spouse does not
3	support the other spouse or children within his the spouse's
4	means, and no proceeding for divorce is pending, the other
5	spouse or the department of family services may institute a
6	proceeding for support. No less than five (5) days after
7	notice is personally served upon the nonsupporting spouse,
8	the court may hear the petition and grant such order
9	concerning the support of the spouse or children as it might
10	grant were it based on a proceeding for divorce. If the
11	nonsupporting spouse cannot be personally served within this
12	state but has property within the jurisdiction of the court,
13	or debts owing to <pre>him the nonsupporting spouse</pre> , the court may
14	order such constructive service as appears sufficient and
15	proper and may cause an attachment of the property. Upon
16	completion of constructive service the court may grant relief
17	as if personal service was had.

18

20 decree or order; access to records.

21

22 (a) In granting a divorce, separation or annulment of 23 a marriage or upon the establishment of paternity or parentage 1 pursuant to W.S. 14-2-401 through 14-2-907, the court may

2 make by decree or order any disposition of the children that

3 appears most expedient and in the best interests of the

4 children. In determining the best interests of the child, the

5 court shall consider, but is not limited to, the following

6 factors:

7

8 20-3-104. Proving marriage, parenthood; spouses as

9 witnesses; disclosure of confidential communications;

10 desertion, neglect or refusal to support.

11

12 No other or greater evidence is required to prove the a 13 marriage of a husband and wife or that the defendant is the 14 father or mother of a child or children than is required to 15 prove such facts in a civil action. In a prosecution under 16 this act no statute or rule of law prohibiting the disclosure 17 of confidential communications between husband and wife a married couple shall apply. Both husband and wife spouses are 18 19 competent witnesses to testify against each other to any 20 relevant matters including the fact of marriage and the parentage of the child or children but neither shall be 21 compelled to give evidence incriminating himself or herself. 22

23 Proof of the desertion of the wife other spouse, child or

1	children in destitute or necessitous circumstances, or of the
2	neglect or refusal to provide for the support and maintenance
3	of the wife other spouse, child or children is prima facie
4	evidence that the desertion, neglect or refusal is willful.
5	
6	20-4-166. Special rules of evidence and procedure.
7	
8	(j) The defense of immunity based on the a marital
9	relationship of husband and wife or parent and child <u>a</u>
10	parent-child relationship does not apply in a proceeding
11	under this act.
12	
13	20-4-170. Establishment of support order.
14	
15	(b) The tribunal may issue a temporary child support
16	order if the tribunal determines that the order is appropriate
17	and the individual ordered to pay is:
18	
19	(vii) The A mother of the child; or
20	
21	20-5-410. Hearing and order.

1	(d) A privilege against disclosure of communications
2	between spouses and a defense of immunity based on the a
3	marital relationship of husband and wife or parent and child
4	a parent-child relationship may not be invoked in a proceeding
5	under this article.
6	
7	35-1-410. Birth registration.
8	
9	(c) When a birth occurs outside an institution, the
10	certificate shall be prepared and filed by one (1) of the
11	following in the indicated order of priority:
12	
13	(iii) The father, the mother Either parent, or in
14	the absence of the father and the or inability of the mother
15	both parents, the person in charge of the premises where the
16	birth occurred.
17	
18	35-1-411. Name of father or parent on birth
19	certificate.
20	
21	(a) If the mother was married either at the time of

22

conception or birth of child, or between conception and birth,

1 the name of the **husband** spouse shall be entered on the 2 certificate as the father other parent of the child, unless: 3 4 (i) Paternity or parentage has been determined otherwise by a court of competent jurisdiction; or 5 6 7 (ii) The husband other parent signs an affidavit 8 denying that he or she is the father a parent of the child 9 and the mother and the person to be named as the father sign 10 an affidavit of paternity under this section. Affidavits may 11 be joint or individual or a combination thereof, and each 12 signature shall be individually notarized. The name of the 13 person signing the affidavit of paternity shall be entered as the father on the certificate of birth. 14 15 16 In any case in which paternity or parentage of a 17 child is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, the name of the **father** parents and surname of the child shall be 18 19 entered on the certificate of birth in accordance with the 20 finding and order of the court.

21

22 **35-1-422.** Marriage registration.

1 (a) A record of each marriage performed in the state 2 shall be filed with the state registrar of vital records as 3 provided in this section. The officer who issues the marriage 4 license shall prepare the certificate on the form furnished 5 by the state registrar of vital records upon the basis of 6 information obtained from the parties to be married, as

7 provided by W.S. 20-1-103 and signed by the bride and groom

8 parties to be married.

9

Section 2. Any board, commission, agency or authority
of the state of Wyoming affected by the statutes amended by
this act shall review its rules for consistency with this
act.

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Section 3. This act is effective immediately upon completion of all acts necessary for a bill to become law as provided by Article 4, Section 8 of the Wyoming Constitution.

18

19 (END)