



State of Wisconsin  
2023 - 2024 LEGISLATURE

LRB-0076/1  
KP:emw

## 2023 ASSEMBLY BILL 888

January 2, 2024 - Introduced by Representatives HAYWOOD, BARE, EMERSON, OHNSTAD, MOORE OMOKUNDE, STUBBS, JOERS, PALMERI, SINICKI, C. ANDERSON, ANDRACA, HONG, BALDEH, MADISON, DRAKE, CLANCY, JACOBSON and GOYKE, cosponsored by Senators L. JOHNSON, CARPENTER, TAYLOR, ROYS, SPREITZER and AGARD. Referred to Committee on Ways and Means.

\*\*\*AUTHORS SUBJECT TO CHANGE\*\*\*

1     **AN ACT to amend** 71.05 (6) (a) 15., 71.21 (4) (a), 71.26 (2) (a) 4., 71.34 (1k) (g) and  
2           71.45 (2) (a) 10.; and **to create** 71.07 (8g), 71.10 (4) (em), 71.28 (8g), 71.30 (3)  
3           (am), 71.47 (8g) and 71.49 (1) (am) of the statutes; **relating to:** creating a  
4           nonrefundable individual and corporate income and franchise tax credit for  
5           costs paid to eliminate exposure to a lead hazard in a dwelling.

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### *Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau*

This bill creates a nonrefundable individual income tax credit and a corporate income and franchise tax credit for costs paid to eliminate a lead hazard in a dwelling or residential condominium unit in this state (residence).

Under the bill, an owner of a residence may claim a credit for all costs paid, up to \$1,500 per dwelling unit, to permanently eliminate a lead hazard in a residence. A dwelling may contain more than one dwelling unit. To claim the credit, a claimant must meet all of the following conditions:

1. A certified professional must investigate the residence and determine that a lead hazard exists.
2. The lead hazard abatement activities in the residence must be conducted in accordance with rules promulgated by the Department of Health Services.
3. A certified professional must do one or both of the following: 1) issue a certificate confirming that the residence is free from lead-bearing paint on the date of the inspection or 2) execute a document certifying that the lead hazard abatement activities permanently eliminated all lead hazards in the residence.

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At the option of the owner, the owner may, at the same time the owner remediates lead hazards in a residence, also remediate any lead hazards present in the residence's utility service connections and claim a credit for those costs.

The credit is nonrefundable, meaning that it may be claimed only up to the amount of a taxpayer's income or franchise tax liability. If the amount of the credit for which a claimant is eligible exceeds the claimant's tax liability, the claimant may carry forward the excess credit amount for up to the following seven taxable years.

For further information see the state and local fiscal estimate, which will be printed as an appendix to this bill.

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***The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:***

1           **SECTION 1.** 71.05 (6) (a) 15. of the statutes is amended to read:

2           71.05 **(6)** (a) 15. The amount of the credits computed under s. 71.07 (2dm),  
3           (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3q), (3s), (3t), (3w), (3wm), (3y), (4k), (4n), (5e), (5i), (5j),  
4           (5k), (5r), (5rm), (6n), (8g), and (10) and not passed through by a partnership, limited  
5           liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the  
6           partnership's, company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or  
7           71.34 (1k) (g).

8           **SECTION 2.** 71.07 (8g) of the statutes is created to read:

9           71.07 **(8g)** LEAD HAZARD ABATEMENT TAX CREDIT. (a) *Definitions.* In this  
10          subsection:

11          1. "Certificate of lead-free status" means a certificate of lead-free status, as  
12          defined in s. 254.11 (4g), that is issued in accordance with the rules promulgated by  
13          the department of health services under s. 254.179 (1) and has not been revoked by  
14          the department of health services.

15          2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.

16          3. "Condominium unit" means a unit, as defined in s. 703.02 (15), that is a  
17          dwelling unit.

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1           4. “Dwelling” means any structure, all or part of which is designed or used for  
2 human habitation and includes a structure owned and occupied by members of a  
3 housing cooperative incorporated under ch. 185 or organized under ch. 193. A  
4 “dwelling” may contain one or more dwelling units.

5           5. “Dwelling unit” means a structure or that part of a structure that is designed,  
6 used, or intended to be used as a home or residence by one person or by 2 or more  
7 persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others.

8           6. “Extended dwelling” means a dwelling and the dwelling’s utility service  
9 connections.

10          7. “First effective” means:

11           a. With respect to a certificate of lead-free status, the date listed on the  
12 certificate as the certificate’s effective date.

13           b. With respect to proof of successful abatement, the date on which the  
14 document is executed.

15          8. “Lead-bearing paint hazard” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (8d).

16          9. “Lead hazard” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (8g).

17          10. “Lead hazard abatement” means lead hazard abatement, as defined in s.  
18 254.11 (8j), that is conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the  
19 department of health services under s. 254.172 (1) by a person certified by the  
20 department of health services under s. 254.176 (1).

21          11. “Lead investigation” means a lead investigation, as defined in s. 254.11 (8s),  
22 that is conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the department of  
23 health services under s. 254.167.

24          12. “Lead risk assessor” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (9g).

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 2**

1           13. “Proof of successful abatement” means a document executed by a certified  
2 lead risk assessor or other person certified under s. 254.176 that certifies a finding  
3 by the assessor that lead hazard abatement in or on a dwelling, extended dwelling,  
4 or condominium unit permanently eliminated all lead hazards in the dwelling,  
5 extended dwelling, or condominium unit.

6           14. “Utility service connections” means improvements to real property  
7 necessary to connect a dwelling or a structure of a condominium, as defined in s.  
8 703.02 (4), to utility services, including heat, light, water, power,  
9 telecommunications services, and sewer services.

10           (b) *Filing claims.* Subject to the limitations and conditions provided in this  
11 subsection, for a taxable year in which a certificate of lead-free status or proof of  
12 successful abatement described under par. (c) 2. is first effective, a claimant may  
13 claim as a credit against the tax imposed under s. 71.02, up to the amount of those  
14 taxes, an amount equal to the amount the claimant paid in the year to which the  
15 claim relates and the prior taxable year for lead hazard abatement in or on a  
16 dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit in this state owned by the  
17 claimant to which the certificate of lead-free status or proof of successful abatement  
18 relates.

19           (c) *Limitations and conditions.* 1. Before commencing lead hazard abatement  
20 for which a credit may be claimed under this subsection, a claimant shall have a  
21 certified lead risk assessor or other person certified by the department of health  
22 services under s. 254.176 conduct a lead investigation of the dwelling, extended  
23 dwelling, or condominium unit to which the credit relates and determine that a  
24 lead-bearing paint hazard or lead hazard exists in or on the dwelling, extended  
25 dwelling, or condominium unit. In calculating the amount of the credit under this

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1 subsection, a claimant may not use any amounts paid for lead hazard abatement  
2 before the lead investigation and determination is completed.

3 2. A claimant shall submit with the claimant's tax return all of the following  
4 that are applicable to the claimant's claim:

5 a. If the lead investigation described under subd. 1. identified the presence of  
6 a lead-bearing paint hazard in or on the dwelling or condominium unit, a copy of a  
7 certificate of lead-free status issued with respect to the dwelling or condominium  
8 unit that is first effective in the taxable year to which the claim relates.

9 b. If the lead investigation described under subd. 1. identified the presence of  
10 a lead hazard other than a lead-bearing paint hazard in or on the dwelling, extended  
11 dwelling, or condominium unit, proof of successful abatement issued with respect to  
12 the dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit that is first effective in the  
13 taxable year to which the claim relates.

14 3. A certificate of lead-free status described under subd. 2. a. that is issued with  
15 respect to a dwelling shall cover the entire dwelling.

16 4. Proof of successful abatement described under subd. 2. b. that is issued with  
17 respect to a dwelling or extended dwelling shall cover the entire dwelling or extended  
18 dwelling.

19 5. To claim a credit under this subsection with respect to a condominium unit,  
20 in addition to a copy of the certificate of lead-free status and the proof of successful  
21 abatement described under subd. 2., a claimant shall submit with the claimant's tax  
22 return a copy of a certificate of lead-free status issued with respect to the  
23 condominium's common elements, as defined in s. 703.02 (2), except that the  
24 certificate need not cover any utility service connections that are common elements.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 2**

1           6. Notwithstanding par. (b), if a residential condominium's association, as  
2 defined in s. 703.02 (1m), paid for lead hazard abatement in or on the condominium's  
3 common elements, as defined in s. 703.02 (2), the association may claim a credit  
4 under this subsection even if the association does not own the common elements and  
5 even if the common elements do not constitute a dwelling or extended dwelling, or,  
6 at the option of the association, the condominium's unit owners, as defined in s.  
7 703.02 (17), may claim the credit in proportion to their percentage interests in the  
8 common elements, as determined under s. 703.13. If the association elects to allow  
9 the unit owners to claim the credit, the association shall compute the amount of the  
10 credit that each of the unit owners may claim and shall provide that information to  
11 each of them.

12           7. A claimant may only claim a credit under this subsection within the time  
13 period specified under s. 71.75 (2).

14           8. The maximum aggregate amount that one or more claimants may claim  
15 under this subsection and ss. 71.28 (8g) and 71.47 (8g) with respect to a particular  
16 dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit is \$1,500 per dwelling, extended  
17 dwelling, or condominium unit, except that, if the dwelling or extended dwelling  
18 contains more than one dwelling unit, the maximum aggregate amount is \$1,500 per  
19 dwelling unit.

20           9. Part-year residents and nonresidents of this state are not eligible for the  
21 credit under this subsection.

22           10. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may  
23 not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of,  
24 the credit are based on their payment of amounts described under par. (b), except  
25 that for each dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit owned by the entity

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1 the aggregate amount of credits that the entity may compute may not exceed the  
2 limitation under subd. 8. A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option  
3 corporation shall compute the amount of the credit that each of its partners,  
4 members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of  
5 them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of  
6 tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership  
7 interests.

8 11. Housing cooperatives incorporated under ch. 185 or organized under ch. 193  
9 may not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount  
10 of, the credit are based on their payment of amounts described under par. (b), except  
11 that for each dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit owned by the entity  
12 the aggregate amount of credits that the entity may compute may not exceed the  
13 limitation under subd. 8. A housing cooperative shall compute the amount of the  
14 credit that each of its members may claim and shall provide that information to each  
15 of them. Members may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership interests.

16 12. If 2 or more persons own a dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium  
17 unit, each person may claim a credit under par. (b) in proportion to the person's  
18 ownership interest, except that the aggregate amount of the credits claimed by all  
19 persons who own the dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit may not  
20 exceed the limitation under subd. 8.

21 (d) *Administration.* 1. Section 71.28 (4) (e), (g), and (h), as it applies to the  
22 credit under s. 71.28 (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

23 2. If a credit computed under this subsection is not entirely offset against taxes  
24 otherwise due, the unused balance may be carried forward and credited against  
25 taxes otherwise due for the following 7 taxable years to the extent not offset by taxes

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 2**

1 otherwise due in all intervening years between the year in which the expense was  
2 incurred and the year in which the carry-forward credit is claimed.

3 **SECTION 3.** 71.10 (4) (em) of the statutes is created to read:

4 71.10 (4) (em) Lead hazard abatement tax credit under s. 71.07 (8g).

5 **SECTION 4.** 71.21 (4) (a) of the statutes is amended to read:

6 71.21 (4) (a) The amount of the credits computed by a partnership under s.  
7 71.07 (2dm), (2dx), (2dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3q), (3s), (3t), (3w), (3wm), (3y), (4k), (4n),  
8 (5e), (5g), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r), (5rm), (6n), (8g), and (10) and passed through to  
9 partners shall be added to the partnership's income.

10 **SECTION 5.** 71.26 (2) (a) 4. of the statutes is amended to read:

11 71.26 (2) (a) 4. Plus the amount of the credit computed under s. 71.28 (1dm),  
12 (1dx), (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3q), (3t), (3w), (3wm), (3y), (5e), (5g), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r),  
13 (5rm), (6n), (8g), and (10) and not passed through by a partnership, limited liability  
14 company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to the partnership's,  
15 limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income under s. 71.21 (4) or  
16 71.34 (1k) (g).

17 **SECTION 6.** 71.28 (8g) of the statutes is created to read:

18 71.28 (8g) LEAD HAZARD ABATEMENT TAX CREDIT. (a) *Definitions.* In this  
19 subsection:

20 1. "Certificate of lead-free status" means a certificate of lead-free status, as  
21 defined in s. 254.11 (4g), that is issued in accordance with the rules promulgated by  
22 the department of health services under s. 254.179 (1) and has not been revoked by  
23 the department of health services.

24 2. "Claimant" means a person who files a claim under this subsection.



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- 1           3. “Condominium unit” means a unit, as defined in s. 703.02 (15), that is a  
2 dwelling unit.
- 3           4. “Dwelling” means any structure, all or part of which is designed or used for  
4 human habitation and includes a structure owned and occupied by members of a  
5 housing cooperative incorporated under ch. 185 or organized under ch. 193. A  
6 “dwelling” may contain one or more dwelling units.
- 7           5. “Dwelling unit” means a structure or that part of a structure that is designed,  
8 used, or intended to be used as a home or residence by one person or by 2 or more  
9 persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others.
- 10          6. “Extended dwelling” means a dwelling and the dwelling’s utility service  
11 connections.
- 12          7. “First effective” means:
- 13           a. With respect to a certificate of lead-free status, the date listed on the  
14 certificate as the certificate’s effective date.
- 15           b. With respect to proof of successful abatement, the date on which the  
16 document is executed.
- 17          8. “Lead-bearing paint hazard” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (8d).
- 18          9. “Lead hazard” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (8g).
- 19          10. “Lead hazard abatement” means lead hazard abatement, as defined in s.  
20 254.11 (8j), that is conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the  
21 department of health services under s. 254.172 (1) by a person certified by the  
22 department of health services under s. 254.176 (1).
- 23          11. “Lead investigation” means a lead investigation, as defined in s. 254.11 (8s),  
24 that is conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the department of  
25 health services under s. 254.167.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 6**

1           12. “Lead risk assessor” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (9g).

2           13. “Proof of successful abatement” means a document executed by a certified  
3 lead risk assessor or other person certified under s. 254.176 that certifies a finding  
4 by the assessor that lead hazard abatement in or on a dwelling, extended dwelling,  
5 or condominium unit permanently eliminated all lead hazards in the dwelling,  
6 extended dwelling, or condominium unit.

7           14. “Utility service connections” means improvements to real property  
8 necessary to connect a dwelling or a structure of a condominium, as defined in s.  
9 703.02 (4), to utility services, including heat, light, water, power,  
10 telecommunications services, and sewer services.

11           (b) *Filing claims.* Subject to the limitations and conditions provided in this  
12 subsection, for a taxable year in which a certificate of lead-free status or proof of  
13 successful abatement described under par. (c) 2. is first effective, a claimant may  
14 claim as a credit against the tax imposed under s. 71.23, up to the amount of those  
15 taxes, an amount equal to the amount the claimant paid in the year to which the  
16 claim relates and the prior taxable year for lead hazard abatement in or on a  
17 dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit in this state owned by the  
18 claimant to which the certificate of lead-free status or proof of successful abatement  
19 relates.

20           (c) *Limitations and conditions.* 1. Before commencing lead hazard abatement  
21 for which a credit may be claimed under this subsection, a claimant shall have a  
22 certified lead risk assessor or other person certified by the department of health  
23 services under s. 254.176 conduct a lead investigation of the dwelling, extended  
24 dwelling, or condominium unit to which the credit relates and determine that a  
25 lead-bearing paint hazard or lead hazard exists in or on the dwelling, extended

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1 dwelling, or condominium unit. In calculating the amount of the credit under this  
2 subsection, a claimant may not use any amounts paid for lead hazard abatement  
3 before the lead investigation and determination is completed.

4 2. A claimant shall submit with the claimant's tax return all of the following  
5 that are applicable to the claimant's claim:

6 a. If the lead investigation described under subd. 1. identified the presence of  
7 a lead-bearing paint hazard in or on the dwelling or condominium unit, a copy of a  
8 certificate of lead-free status issued with respect to the dwelling or condominium  
9 unit that is first effective in the taxable year to which the claim relates.

10 b. If the lead investigation described under subd. 1. identified the presence of  
11 a lead hazard other than a lead-bearing paint hazard in or on the dwelling, extended  
12 dwelling, or condominium unit, proof of successful abatement issued with respect to  
13 the dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit that is first effective in the  
14 taxable year to which the claim relates.

15 3. A certificate of lead-free status described under subd. 2. a. that is issued with  
16 respect to a dwelling shall cover the entire dwelling.

17 4. Proof of successful abatement described under subd. 2. b. that is issued with  
18 respect to a dwelling or extended dwelling shall cover the entire dwelling or extended  
19 dwelling.

20 5. To claim a credit under this subsection with respect to a condominium unit,  
21 in addition to a copy of the certificate of lead-free status and the proof of successful  
22 abatement described under subd. 2., a claimant shall submit with the claimant's tax  
23 return a copy of a certificate of lead-free status issued with respect to the  
24 condominium's common elements, as defined in s. 703.02 (2), except that the  
25 certificate need not cover any utility service connections that are common elements.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 6**

1           6. A claimant may only claim a credit under this subsection within the time  
2 period specified under s. 71.75 (2).

3           7. The maximum aggregate amount that one or more claimants may claim  
4 under this subsection and ss. 71.07 (8g) and 71.47 (8g) with respect to a particular  
5 dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit is \$1,500 per dwelling, extended  
6 dwelling, or condominium unit, except that, if the dwelling or extended dwelling  
7 contains more than one dwelling unit, the maximum aggregate amount is \$1,500 per  
8 dwelling unit.

9           8. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may  
10 not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of,  
11 the credit are based on their payment of amounts described under par. (b), except  
12 that for each dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit owned by the entity  
13 the aggregate amount of credits that the entity may compute may not exceed the  
14 limitation under subd. 7. A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option  
15 corporation shall compute the amount of the credit that each of its partners,  
16 members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of  
17 them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of  
18 tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership  
19 interests.

20           9. If 2 or more persons own a dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium  
21 unit, each person may claim a credit under par. (b) in proportion to the person's  
22 ownership interest, except that the aggregate amount of the credits claimed by all  
23 persons who own the dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit may not  
24 exceed the limitation under subd. 7.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 6**

1 (d) *Administration*. 1. Subsection (4) (e), (g), and (h), as it applies to the credit  
2 under sub. (4), applies to the credit under this subsection.

3 2. If a credit computed under this subsection is not entirely offset against taxes  
4 otherwise due, the unused balance may be carried forward and credited against  
5 taxes otherwise due for the following 7 taxable years to the extent not offset by taxes  
6 otherwise due in all intervening years between the year in which the expense was  
7 incurred and the year in which the carry-forward credit is claimed.

8 **SECTION 7.** 71.30 (3) (am) of the statutes is created to read:

9 71.30 (3) (am) Lead hazard abatement tax credit under s. 71.28 (8g).

10 **SECTION 8.** 71.34 (1k) (g) of the statutes is amended to read:

11 71.34 (1k) (g) An addition shall be made for credits computed by a tax-option  
12 corporation under s. 71.28 (1dm), (1dx), (1dy), (3), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3q), (3t), (3w),  
13 (3wm), (3y), (4), (5), (5e), (5g), (5i), (5j), (5k), (5r), (5rm), (6n), ~~(8g)~~, and (10) and passed  
14 through to shareholders.

15 **SECTION 9.** 71.45 (2) (a) 10. of the statutes is amended to read:

16 71.45 (2) (a) 10. By adding to federal taxable income the amount of credit  
17 computed under s. 71.47 (1dm) to (1dy), (3g), (3h), (3n), (3q), (3w), (3y), (5e), (5g), (5i),  
18 (5j), (5k), (5r), (5rm), (6n), ~~(8g)~~, and (10) and not passed through by a partnership,  
19 limited liability company, or tax-option corporation that has added that amount to  
20 the partnership's, limited liability company's, or tax-option corporation's income  
21 under s. 71.21 (4) or 71.34 (1k) (g) and the amount of credit computed under s. 71.47  
22 (3), (3t), (4), (4m), and (5).

23 **SECTION 10.** 71.47 (8g) of the statutes is created to read:

24 71.47 (8g) LEAD HAZARD ABATEMENT TAX CREDIT. (a) *Definitions*. In this  
25 subsection:

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 10**

1           1. “Certificate of lead-free status” means a certificate of lead-free status, as  
2 defined in s. 254.11 (4g), that is issued in accordance with the rules promulgated by  
3 the department of health services under s. 254.179 (1) and has not been revoked by  
4 the department of health services.

5           2. “Claimant” means a person who files a claim under this subsection.

6           3. “Condominium unit” means a unit, as defined in s. 703.02 (15), that is a  
7 dwelling unit.

8           4. “Dwelling” means any structure, all or part of which is designed or used for  
9 human habitation and includes a structure owned and occupied by members of a  
10 housing cooperative incorporated under ch. 185 or organized under ch. 193. A  
11 “dwelling” may contain one or more dwelling units.

12           5. “Dwelling unit” means a structure or that part of a structure that is designed,  
13 used, or intended to be used as a home or residence by one person or by 2 or more  
14 persons maintaining a common household, to the exclusion of all others.

15           6. “Extended dwelling” means a dwelling and the dwelling’s utility service  
16 connections.

17           7. “First effective” means:

18           a. With respect to a certificate of lead-free status, the date listed on the  
19 certificate as the certificate’s effective date.

20           b. With respect to proof of successful abatement, the date on which the  
21 document is executed.

22           8. “Lead-bearing paint hazard” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (8d).

23           9. “Lead hazard” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (8g).

24           10. “Lead hazard abatement” means lead hazard abatement, as defined in s.  
25 254.11 (8j), that is conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the

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1 department of health services under s. 254.172 (1) by a person certified by the  
2 department of health services under s. 254.176 (1).

3 11. “Lead investigation” means a lead investigation, as defined in s. 254.11 (8s),  
4 that is conducted in accordance with the rules promulgated by the department of  
5 health services under s. 254.167.

6 12. “Lead risk assessor” has the meaning given in s. 254.11 (9g).

7 13. “Proof of successful abatement” means a document executed by a certified  
8 lead risk assessor or other person certified under s. 254.176 that certifies a finding  
9 by the assessor that lead hazard abatement in or on a dwelling, extended dwelling,  
10 or condominium unit permanently eliminated all lead hazards in the dwelling,  
11 extended dwelling, or condominium unit.

12 14. “Utility service connections” means improvements to real property  
13 necessary to connect a dwelling or a structure of a condominium, as defined in s.  
14 703.02 (4), to utility services, including heat, light, water, power,  
15 telecommunications services, and sewer services.

16 (b) *Filing claims.* Subject to the limitations and conditions provided in this  
17 subsection, for a taxable year in which a certificate of lead-free status or proof of  
18 successful abatement described under par. (c) 2. is first effective, a claimant may  
19 claim as a credit against the tax imposed under s. 71.43, up to the amount of those  
20 taxes, an amount equal to the amount the claimant paid in the year to which the  
21 claim relates and the prior taxable year for lead hazard abatement in or on a  
22 dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit in this state owned by the  
23 claimant to which the certificate of lead-free status or proof of successful abatement  
24 relates.

**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 10**

1           (c) *Limitations and conditions.* 1. Before commencing lead hazard abatement  
2 for which a credit may be claimed under this subsection, a claimant shall have a  
3 certified lead risk assessor or other person certified by the department of health  
4 services under s. 254.176 conduct a lead investigation of the dwelling, extended  
5 dwelling, or condominium unit to which the credit relates and determine that a  
6 lead-bearing paint hazard or lead hazard exists in or on the dwelling, extended  
7 dwelling, or condominium unit. In calculating the amount of the credit under this  
8 subsection, a claimant may not use any amounts paid for lead hazard abatement  
9 before the lead investigation and determination is completed.

10           2. A claimant shall submit with the claimant's tax return all of the following  
11 that are applicable to the claimant's claim:

12           a. If the lead investigation described under subd. 1. identified the presence of  
13 a lead-bearing paint hazard in or on the dwelling or condominium unit, a copy of a  
14 certificate of lead-free status issued with respect to the dwelling or condominium  
15 unit that is first effective in the taxable year to which the claim relates.

16           b. If the lead investigation described under subd. 1. identified the presence of  
17 a lead hazard other than a lead-bearing paint hazard in or on the dwelling, extended  
18 dwelling, or condominium unit, proof of successful abatement issued with respect to  
19 the dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit that is first effective in the  
20 taxable year to which the claim relates.

21           3. A certificate of lead-free status described under subd. 2. a. that is issued with  
22 respect to a dwelling shall cover the entire dwelling.

23           4. Proof of successful abatement described under subd. 2. b. that is issued with  
24 respect to a dwelling or extended dwelling shall cover the entire dwelling or extended  
25 dwelling.



**ASSEMBLY BILL 888****SECTION 10**

1           5. To claim a credit under this subsection with respect to a condominium unit,  
2 in addition to a copy of the certificate of lead-free status and the proof of successful  
3 abatement described under subd. 2., a claimant shall submit with the claimant's tax  
4 return a copy of a certificate of lead-free status issued with respect to the  
5 condominium's common elements, as defined in s. 703.02 (2), except that the  
6 certificate need not cover any utility service connections that are common elements.

7           6. A claimant may only claim a credit under this subsection within the time  
8 period specified under s. 71.75 (2).

9           7. The maximum aggregate amount that one or more claimants may claim  
10 under this subsection and ss. 71.07 (8g) and 71.28 (8g) with respect to a particular  
11 dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit is \$1,500 per dwelling, extended  
12 dwelling, or condominium unit, except that, if the dwelling or extended dwelling  
13 contains more than one dwelling unit, the maximum aggregate amount is \$1,500 per  
14 dwelling unit.

15           8. Partnerships, limited liability companies, and tax-option corporations may  
16 not claim the credit under this subsection, but the eligibility for, and the amount of,  
17 the credit are based on their payment of amounts described under par. (b), except  
18 that for each dwelling, extended dwelling, or condominium unit owned by the entity  
19 the aggregate amount of credits that the entity may compute may not exceed the  
20 limitation under subd. 7. A partnership, limited liability company, or tax-option  
21 corporation shall compute the amount of the credit that each of its partners,  
22 members, or shareholders may claim and shall provide that information to each of  
23 them. Partners, members of limited liability companies, and shareholders of  
24 tax-option corporations may claim the credit in proportion to their ownership  
25 interests.

