Fiscal Estimate - 2023 Session

☑ Original ☐ Updated	Corrected		Supplemental						
LRB Number 23-1776/1	Introduction Nu	ımber	SB-0031						
Description creating an individual income tax deduction for certain income earned by an individual from the practice of psychiatry or from providing psychiatric or mental health services									
Fiscal Effect									
Appropriations Re Decrease Existing Decrease	venues po crease Existing as	ncrease Cos ossible to ak gency's bud UYes ecrease Co	osorb within get No						
Permissive Mandatory Pe 2. Decrease Costs 4. De Permissive Mandatory Pe	rease Revenue Go	pes of Local overnment U fected Towns [Counties [School [Districts	Jnits ☐Village ☐ Cities						
Fund Sources Affected Affected Ch. 20 Appropriations GPR FED PRO PRS SEG SEGS									
Agency/Prepared By	Authorized Signature		Date						
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Fiscal Estimate Narratives DOR 2/10/2023

LRB Number	23-1776/1	Introduction Number	SB-0031	Estimate Type	Original		
Description							
creating an individual income tax deduction for certain income earned by an individual from the practice							
of psychiatry or from providing psychiatric or mental health services							

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

The bill creates an individual income tax subtraction for income earned in Wisconsin by a psychiatrist or psychiatric or mental health nurse practitioner. The deduction is limited to \$100,000 for claimants who do not practice in a medically underserved area or \$200,000 for individuals who do practice in a medically underserved area. The deduction may not be claimed for more than five years, beginning once the claimant first claims the deduction. In addition, the deduction must be claimed initially within the first two years that an individual begins to practice in this state, or within the first two years that they return to this state after practicing in another state for at least one year.

If an individual begins to claim the deduction but is unable to claim it for five consecutive years because he or she leaves the state, the individual must add to his or her tax that is due for the year in which he or she leaves the state the total gross tax that would have been due if the subtraction was not claimed for any year minus the amount of gross tax actually due for those years.

The federal Bureau of Labor Statistics estimates that there are 360 psychiatrists in Wisconsin, excluding self-employed psychiatrists. Moreover, the average annual wage is \$263,370. According to a survey by the American Medical Association, approximately 47.9% of psychiatrists are employees, implying a total count of Wisconsin psychiatrists of 752.

BLS also estimates that there are 4,770 nurse practitioners in the state with an average annual wage of \$116,990. The American Association of Nurse Practitioners reports that about 6.5% of nurse practitioners have a primary certification in psychiatric care or mental health, so that suggests a count of approximately 310 psychiatric or mental health nurse practitioners in Wisconsin. The share of self-employed nurse practitioners is lower than the share of self-employed psychiatrists, but if 5% are self-employed, that suggests a total count of 326.

Based on simulation results using a \$200,000 subtraction maximum, the deduction would reduce tax by approximately \$8,090 per claimant on average. Using a \$100,000 subtraction maximum implies an average tax reduction of \$4,800 per claimant. It is not clear how many of the claimants would qualify at each subtraction level. For illustration purposes, if they are equally split between the two categories, the average tax reduction would be approximately, \$6,445 per claimant.

The bill limits the subtraction to new and returning practitioners. If psychiatrists and psychiatric or mental health nurse practitioner are roughly equally allocated across forty-year careers, approximately 5% (2 out of 40) of the individuals would be eligible for the subtraction in the first year it is available (tax year 2023). Additionally, 2.5% would become eligible each year for the next four years. Under these conditions the bill could reduce revenue by approximately \$350,000 in fiscal year 2024, \$520,000 in fiscal year 2025, \$690,000 in fiscal year 2026, \$870,000 in fiscal year 2027, and \$1,040,000 in fiscal year 2028. Beginning in fiscal year 2029, the provision would reduce revenue by approximately \$870,000 annually thereafter.

If a larger (smaller) share of claimants are eligible for the \$200,000 subtraction maximum, the fiscal effect of the bill would be larger (smaller). To the extent that the deduction encourages additional psychiatrists and psychiatric or mental health nurse practitioners to practice in Wisconsin, the fiscal effect of the bill would increase. To the extent that claimants leave the state, the additional tax add back would reduce the fiscal effect of the bill.

Because this bill reduces tax revenue, it may impact the state's maintenance of effort requirement under the American Rescue Plan Act. The Dept of Administration should review this bill for this specific purpose

to provide further clarity on the matter.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications

Fiscal Estimate Worksheet - 2023 Session

Detailed Estimate of Annual Fiscal Effect

	☑ Original ☐ Updated		Corrected	☐ Supp	lemental				
LI	RB Number 23-1776/1		Introduction Nur	nber SB	-0031				
Description creating an individual income tax deduction for certain income earned by an individual from the practice of psychiatry or from providing psychiatric or mental health services									
I. (I. One-time Costs or Revenue Impacts for State and/or Local Government (do not include in annualized fiscal effect):								
II. Annualized Costs:			Annualized Fiscal Impact on funds from:						
			Increased Costs	Dec	reased Costs				
$\vdash \tau$	State Costs by Category								
-	State Operations - Salaries and Fringes		\$		\$				
-	(FTE Position Changes)								
-	State Operations - Other Costs								
┝	Local Assistance								
ŀ	Aids to Individuals or Organizations TOTAL State Costs by Category		φ.		^				
ᆜ			\$		\$				
-	State Costs by Source of Funds								
GPR									
-	FED PRO/PRS								
-	SEG/SEG-S								
	State Revenues - Complete this only venues (e.g., tax increase, decrease in		ense fee, ets.)						
	ODD T		Increased Rev	De	creased Rev				
	GPR Taxes		\$	i.	\$				
	GPR Earned								
	FED PRO/PRS								
-	SEG/SEG-S								
Ŧ	TOTAL State Revenues				\$				
NET ANNUALIZED FISCAL IMPACT									
			State	•	Local				
NET CHANGE IN COSTS		\$		\$					
NET CHANGE IN REVENUE		\$See Text		\$					
Agency/Prepared By			thorized Signature		Date				
DOR/ Bradley Caruth (608) 261-8984 Mid			hael Oakleaf (608) 261-5	173	2/10/2023				