SENATE BILL 6132

| State of Washington | 66th Legislature | 2020 Regular Session |
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| By Senator Wellman | | |
| Prefiled 01/06/20. | | |

AN ACT Relating to allowing the learning assistance program to support school-wide behavioral health system of supports and interventions; and amending RCW 28A.165.035 and 28A.165.005.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 28A.165.035 and 2018 c 75 s 7 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) Use of best practices that have been demonstrated through 8 research to be associated with increased student achievement 9 magnifies the opportunities for student success. To the extent they 10 are included as a best practice or strategy in one of the state menus 11 or an approved alternative under this section or RCW 28A.655.235, the 12 following are services and activities that may be supported by the 13 learning assistance program:

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(a) Extended learning time opportunities occurring:

15 (i) Before or after the regular school day;

16 (ii) On Saturday; and

17 (iii) Beyond the regular school year;

18 (b) Services under RCW 28A.320.190;

(c) Professional development for certificated and classifiedstaff that focuses on:

21 (i) The needs of a diverse student population;

(ii) Specific literacy and mathematics content and instructional
strategies; and

3 (iii) The use of student work to guide effective instruction and 4 appropriate assistance;

5 (d) Consultant teachers to assist in implementing effective 6 instructional practices by teachers serving participating students;

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(e) Tutoring support for participating students;

8 (f) <u>School-wide behavioral health system of supports and</u> 9 <u>interventions for students including social workers, counselors,</u> 10 <u>instructional aides, and other school-based health professionals;</u>

11 (g) Outreach activities and support for parents of participating 12 students, including employing parent and family engagement 13 coordinators; and

(((g))) (h) Up to five percent of a district's learning 14 15 assistance program allocation may be used for development of 16 partnerships with community-based organizations, educational service 17 districts, and other local agencies to deliver academic and nonacademic supports to participating students who are significantly 18 at risk of not being successful in school to reduce barriers to 19 learning, increase student engagement, and enhance students' 20 readiness to learn. The school board must approve in an open meeting 21 22 any community-based organization or local agency before learning 23 assistance program funds may be expended.

In addition to the state menu developed under 24 (2) RCW 25 28A.655.235, the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall convene a panel of experts, including the Washington state 26 institute for public policy, to develop additional state menus of 27 28 best practices and strategies for use in the learning assistance program to assist struggling students at all grade levels in English 29 language arts and mathematics and reduce disruptive behaviors in the 30 31 classroom. The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall publish the state menus by July 1((, 2015, and update the state 32 33 menus by each July 1st thereafter)) of each year.

(3) (a) ((Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, except)) Except as
provided in (b) of this subsection, school districts must use a
practice or strategy that is on a state menu developed under
subsection (2) of this section or RCW 28A.655.235.

38 (b) ((Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, school)) School 39 districts may use a practice or strategy that is not on a state menu 40 developed under subsection (2) of this section for two school years

p. 2

initially. If the district is able to demonstrate improved outcomes 1 for participating students over the previous two school years at a 2 level commensurate with the best practices and strategies on the 3 state menu, the office of the superintendent of public instruction 4 shall approve use of the alternative practice or strategy by the 5 6 district for one additional school year. Subsequent annual approval by the superintendent of public instruction to use the alternative 7 practice or strategy is dependent on the district continuing to 8 demonstrate increased improved outcomes for participating students. 9

10 (c) ((Beginning in the 2016-17 school year, school)) <u>School</u> 11 districts may enter cooperative agreements with state agencies, local 12 governments, or school districts for administrative or operational 13 costs needed to provide services in accordance with the state menus 14 developed under this section and RCW 28A.655.235.

15 (4) ((School districts are encouraged to implement best practices 16 and strategies from the state menus developed under this section and 17 RCW 28A.655.235 before the use is required.

(5)) School districts may use learning assistance program allocations to meet the screening and intervention requirements of RCW 28A.320.260, even if the student being screened or provided with supports is not eligible to participate in the learning assistance program. The learning assistance program allocations may also be used for school district staff trainings necessary to implement the provisions of RCW 28A.320.260.

25 Sec. 2. RCW 28A.165.005 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 403 are each 26 amended to read as follows:

(1) This chapter is designed to: (a) Promote the use of data when developing programs to assist students who are not meeting academic standards and reduce disruptive behaviors in the classroom; and (b) guide school districts in providing the most effective and efficient practices when implementing supplemental instruction and services to assist students who are not meeting academic standards and reduce disruptive behaviors in the classroom.

34 (2) School districts implementing a learning assistance program
35 shall ((focus first on addressing)) expend a portion of learning
36 assistance program funding to address the needs of students in grades

p. 3

- 1 kindergarten through four who are deficient in reading or reading
- 2 readiness skills to improve reading literacy.

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