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SENATE BILL 6056

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2014 Regular Session

By Senator Litzow; by request of Superintendent of Public Instruction Read first time 01/15/14. Referred to Committee on Early Learning & K-12 Education.

AN ACT Relating to changing the due dates of certain requirements of the office of the superintendent of public instruction; and amending RCW 28A.600.280 and 28A.657.020.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

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- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 28A.600.280 and 2012 c 229 s 505 are each amended to read as follows:
 - (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction, in collaboration with the state board for community and technical colleges, the Washington state apprenticeship and training council, the workforce training and education coordinating board, the student achievement council, the public baccalaureate institutions, and the education data center, shall report by ((September 1, 2010)) December 15, 2014, and annually thereafter to the education and higher education committees of the legislature regarding participation in dual credit programs. The report shall include:
 - (a) Data about student participation rates and academic performance including but not limited to running start, college in the high school, tech prep, international baccalaureate, advanced placement, and running start for the trades;

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1 (b) Data on the total unduplicated head count of students enrolled 2 in at least one dual credit program course; and

- (c) The percentage of students who enrolled in at least one dual credit program as percent of all students enrolled in grades nine through twelve.
- (2) Data on student participation shall be disaggregated by race, ethnicity, gender, and receipt of free or reduced-price lunch.
- **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.657.020 and 2013 c 159 s 3 are each amended to 9 read as follows:
 - (1) Beginning in 2010, and each year thereafter through December 1, 2012, the superintendent of public instruction shall annually identify schools as one of the state's persistently lowest-achieving schools if the school is a Title I school, or a school that is eligible for but does not receive Title I funds, that is among the lowest-achieving five percent of Title I or Title I eligible schools in the state.
 - (2) The criteria for determining whether a school is among the persistently lowest-achieving five percent of Title I schools, or Title I eligible schools, under subsection (1) of this section shall be established by the superintendent of public instruction. The criteria must meet all applicable requirements for the receipt of a federal school improvement grant under the American recovery and reinvestment act of 2009 and Title I of the elementary and secondary education act of 1965, and take into account both:
 - (a) The academic achievement of the "all students" group in a school in terms of proficiency on the state's assessment, and any alternative assessments, in reading and mathematics combined; and
 - (b) The school's lack of progress on the mathematics and reading assessments over a number of years in the "all students" group.
 - (3)(a) Beginning ((December 1, 2013)) February 1, 2014, and each ((December)) February thereafter, the superintendent of public instruction shall annually identify challenged schools in need of improvement and a subset of such schools that are the persistently lowest-achieving schools in the state.
 - (b) The criteria for determining whether a school is a challenged school in need of improvement shall be adopted by the superintendent of public instruction in rule. The criteria must meet all applicable federal requirements under Title I of the elementary and secondary

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education act of 1965 and other federal rules or guidance, including applicable requirements for the receipt of federal school improvement funds if available, but shall apply equally to Title I, Title I-eligible, and non-Title I schools in the state. The criteria must take into account the academic achievement of the "all students" group and subgroups of students in a school in terms of proficiency on the state assessments in reading or English language arts and mathematics and a high school's graduation rate for all students and subgroups of The superintendent may establish tiered categories of challenged schools based on the relative performance of all students, subgroups of students, and other factors.

(c) The superintendent of public instruction shall also adopt criteria in rule for determining whether a challenged school in need of improvement is also a persistently lowest-achieving school for purposes of the required action district process under this chapter, which shall include the school's lack of progress for all students and subgroups of students over a number of years. The criteria for identifying persistently lowest-achieving schools shall also take into account the level of state or federal resources available to implement a required action plan.

(d) If the Washington achievement index is approved by the United States department of education for use in identifying schools for federal purposes, the superintendent of public instruction shall use the approved index to identify schools under (b) and (c) of this subsection.

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