SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5829

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2024 Regular Session

By Senate Health & Long Term Care (originally sponsored by Senators Frame, Rivers, Shewmake, Trudeau, Lovelett, Dhingra, Hasegawa, Kuderer, Liias, Nobles, Valdez, and C. Wilson)

READ FIRST TIME 01/26/24.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to screening newborn infants for congenital
- 2 cytomegalovirus; adding a new section to chapter 43.70 RCW; creating
- 3 a new section; and providing an expiration date.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The state board of health shall
- 6 consider whether or not to add congenital cytomegalovirus screening
- 7 to the mandatory screening panel as required by RCW 70.83.020. The
- 8 state board of health shall submit to the governor and relevant
- 9 committees of the legislature a report no later than December 31,
- 10 2025, and include a summary of the evaluation conducted in this
- 11 section and the findings and recommendations on the addition of
- 12 congenital cytomegalovirus screening to the mandatory newborr
- 13 screening panel.
- 14 (2) This section expires July 30, 2026.
- 15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 43.70
- 16 RCW to read as follows:
- 17 Subject to amounts appropriated specifically for this purpose,
- 18 the department shall develop and make available educational resources
- 19 for pregnant individuals about the nature and consequences of in
- 20 utero exposure to cytomegalovirus and strategies to reduce the

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1 transmission of cytomegalovirus. The educational resources may include, but are not limited to, courses delivered in-person or 2 electronically, pamphlets printed on paper and distributed through 3 the watch me grow program, social media content, or made available on 4 the department's website. The department shall also provide 5 6 educational materials and outreach for providers regarding the strategies to reduce transmission of cytomegalovirus. The educational 7 materials are intended to lower cytomegalovirus infection rates among 8 pregnant individuals to save lives and prevent disability in their 9 10 unborn children.

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