## \_\_\_\_\_

## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5753

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

By Senate Early Learning & K-12 Education (originally sponsored by Senators Hobbs, Tom, Hewitt, King, and McAuliffe)

READ FIRST TIME 02/22/13.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to flexibility in the education system; amending
- 2 RCW 28A.150.520, 28A.300.118, 28A.300.150, 28A.655.061, and 39.35D.040;
- 3 repealing RCW 28A.220.050, 28A.220.080, 28A.230.150, and 28A.320.185;
- 4 providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 Sec. 1. RCW 28A.150.520 and 2005 c 12 s 9 are each amended to read
- 7 as follows:
- 8 <u>To the extent funds are available, public school districts must</u>
- 9 comply with high-performance public ((building[s])) buildings
- 10 requirements under RCW 39.35D.010, 39.35D.020, 39.35D.040, 39.35D.060,
- 11 and 28A.150.530.
- 12 Sec. 2. RCW 28A.300.118 and 2000 c 126 s 1 are each amended to
- 13 read as follows:
- 14 (1) Beginning with the 2000-01 school year, the superintendent of
- 15 public instruction shall notify senior high schools and any other
- 16 public school that includes ninth grade of the names and contact
- 17 information of public and private entities offering programs leading to

p. 1 ESSB 5753

college credit, including information about online advanced placement classes, if the superintendent has knowledge of such entities and if the cost of reporting these entities is minimal.

1

3

45

6 7

8

10

11 12

13

14

15 16

17

18

31

32

- (2) Beginning with the 2000-01 school year, each senior high school and any other public school that includes ninth grade shall publish annually and deliver to each parent with children enrolled in ninth twelfth grades, information concerning the requirements and the availability of programs in the local area that lead to college credit, including classes such as advanced placement, running start, tech-prep, skill centers, college in the high school, and international baccalaureate programs. The information may be included with other information the school regularly mails to parents. In addition, each senior high school and any other public school that includes ninth grade shall enclose information of the names and contact information of other public or private entities offering such programs, including online advanced placement programs, to its ninth through twelfth grade students if the school has knowledge of such entities.
  - (3) This section is suspended until July 1, 2015.
- 19 **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.300.150 and 2006 c 263 s 705 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

21 The superintendent of public instruction shall collect and 22 disseminate to school districts information on child abuse and neglect 23 prevention curriculum and shall adopt rules dealing with the prevention 24 of child abuse for purposes of curriculum use in the common schools. The superintendent of public instruction and the departments of social 25 26 and health services and ((community, trade, and economic development)) commerce shall share relevant information. Providing online access to 27 the information satisfies the requirements of this section unless a 28 parent or quardian specifically requests information to be provided in 29 30 written form.

- Sec. 4. RCW 28A.655.061 and 2011 1st sp.s. c 22 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 33 (1) The high school assessment system shall include but need not be 34 limited to the statewide student assessment, opportunities for a 35 student to retake the content areas of the assessment in which the 36 student was not successful, and, if approved by the legislature

pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, one or more objective alternative assessments for a student to demonstrate achievement of state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments for each content area shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the statewide student assessment for each content area.

1

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

3536

37

- (2) Subject to the conditions in this section, a certificate of academic achievement shall be obtained by most students at about the age of sixteen, and is evidence that the students have successfully met the state standard in the content areas included in the certificate. With the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045 or 28A.655.0611, acquisition of the certificate is required for graduation from a public high school but is not the only requirement for graduation.
- (3) Beginning with the graduating class of 2008, with the exception of students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045, a student who meets the state standards on the reading, writing, and mathematics content areas of the high school statewide student assessment shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. If a student does not successfully meet the state standards in one or more content areas required for the certificate of academic achievement, then the student may retake the assessment in the content area up to four times at no cost to the student. If the student successfully meets the state standards on a retake of the assessment then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement. Once objective alternative assessments are authorized pursuant to subsection (10) of this section, a student may use the objective alternative assessments to demonstrate that the student successfully meets the state standards for that content area if the student has taken the statewide student assessment at least once. If the student successfully meets the state standards on the objective alternative assessments then the student shall earn a certificate of academic achievement.
- (4) Beginning with the graduating class of 2015, a student must meet the state standards in science in addition to the other content areas required under subsection (3) of this section on the statewide student assessment or the objective alternative assessments in order to earn a certificate of academic achievement.

p. 3 ESSB 5753

(5) The state board of education may not require the acquisition of the certificate of academic achievement for students in home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW, for students enrolled in private schools under chapter 28A.195 RCW, or for students satisfying the provisions of RCW 28A.155.045.

- (6) A student may retain and use the highest result from each successfully completed content area of the high school assessment.
- (7) School districts must make available to students the following options:
- (a) To retake the statewide student assessment up to four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a public school; or
- (b) To retake the statewide student assessment up to four times in the content areas in which the student did not meet the state standards if the student is enrolled in a high school completion program at a community or technical college. The superintendent of public instruction and the state board for community and technical colleges shall jointly identify means by which students in these programs can be assessed.
- (8) Students who achieve the standard in a content area of the high school assessment but who wish to improve their results shall pay for retaking the assessment, using a uniform cost determined by the superintendent of public instruction.
- (9) Opportunities to retake the assessment at least twice a year shall be available to each school district.
- (10)(a) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall develop options for implementing objective alternative assessments, which may include an appeals process for students' scores, for students to demonstrate achievement of the state academic standards. The objective alternative assessments shall be comparable in rigor to the skills and knowledge that the student must demonstrate on the statewide student assessment and be objective in its determination of student achievement of the state standards. Before any objective alternative assessments in addition to those authorized in RCW 28A.655.065 or (b) of this subsection are used by a student to demonstrate that the student has met the state standards in a content area required to obtain a certificate, the legislature shall formally

approve the use of any objective alternative assessments through the omnibus appropriations act or by statute or concurrent resolution.

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

1213

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

2627

28

29

3031

32

3334

35

3637

38

(b)(i) A student's score on the mathematics, reading or English, or writing portion of the SAT or the ACT may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded the state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. The state board of education shall identify the scores students must achieve on the relevant portion of the SAT or ACT to meet or exceed the state standard in the relevant content area on the statewide student assessment. A student's score on the science portion of the ACT or the science subject area tests of the SAT may be used as an objective alternative assessment under this section as soon as the state board of education determines that sufficient data is available to identify reliable equivalent scores for the science content area of the statewide student assessment. After the first scores are established, the state board may increase but not decrease the scores required for students to meet or exceed the state standards.

(ii) A student who scores at least a three on the grading scale of one to five for selected AP examinations may use the score as an objective alternative assessment under this section for demonstrating that a student has met or exceeded state standards for the certificate of academic achievement. A score of three on the AP examinations in calculus or statistics may be used as an alternative assessment for the mathematics portion of the statewide student assessment. A score of three on the AP examinations in English language and composition may be used as an alternative assessment for the writing portion of the statewide student assessment. A score of three on the AP examinations in English literature and composition, macroeconomics, microeconomics, psychology, United States history, world history, United States government and politics, or comparative government and politics may be used as an alternative assessment for the reading portion of the statewide student assessment. A score of three on the AP examination in biology, physics, chemistry, or environmental science may be used as an alternative assessment for the science portion of the statewide student assessment.

(11) By December 15, 2004, the house of representatives and senate education committees shall obtain information and conclusions from recognized, independent, national assessment experts regarding the

p. 5 ESSB 5753

validity and reliability of the high school Washington assessment of student learning for making individual student high school graduation determinations.

((12) To help assure continued progress in academic achievement as a foundation for high school graduation and to assure that students are on track for high school graduation, each school district shall prepare plans for and notify students and their parents or legal guardians as provided in this subsection. Student learning plans are required for eighth grade students who were not successful on any or all of the content areas of the state assessment during the previous school year or who may not be on track to graduate due to credit deficiencies or absences. The parent or legal guardian shall be notified about the information in the student learning plan, preferably through a parent conference and at least annually. To the extent feasible, schools serving—English—language—learner—students—and—their—parents—shall translate the plan into the primary—language of the family. The plan shall include the following information as applicable:

- (a) The student's results on the state assessment;
- (b) If the student is in the transitional bilingual program, the score on his or her Washington language proficiency test II;
  - (c) Any credit deficiencies;

- (d) The student's attendance rates over the previous two years;
- 23 (e) The student's progress toward meeting state and local 24 graduation requirements;
  - (f) The courses, competencies, and other steps needed to be taken by the student to meet state academic standards and stay on track for graduation;
  - (g)—Remediation—strategies—and—alternative—education—options available to—students, including informing—students of the option—to continue to receive instructional services after grade twelve or until the age of twenty—one;
  - (h) The alternative assessment options available to students under this section and RCW 28A.655.065;
- (i) School district programs, high school courses, and career and technical education options available for students to meet graduation requirements; and
  - (j) Available programs offered through skill centers or community

1 and-technical-colleges,-including-the-college-high-school-diploma
2 options under RCW 28B.50.535.))

3

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21

22

2324

2526

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

35

36

- Sec. 5. RCW 39.35D.040 and 2011 c 99 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- (1) All major facility projects of public school districts receiving any funding in a state capital budget must be designed and constructed to at least the LEED silver standard or the Washington sustainable school design protocol. To the extent appropriate LEED silver or Washington sustainable school design protocol standards exist for the type of building or facility, this subsection applies to major facility projects that have not received project approval from the superintendent of public instruction prior to: (a) July 1, 2006, for volunteering school districts; (b) July 1, 2007, for class one school districts; and (c) July 1, 2008, for class two school districts.
- (2) Public school districts under this section shall: (a) Monitor and document appropriate operating benefits and savings resulting from major facility projects designed and constructed as required under this section for a minimum of five years following local board acceptance of a project receiving state funding; and (b) report annually to the superintendent of public instruction. The form and content of each report must be mutually developed by the office of the superintendent of public instruction in consultation with school districts.
- (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall consolidate the reports required in subsection (2) of this section into one report and report to the governor and legislature by September 1st of each evennumbered year beginning in 2006 and ending in 2016. In its report, the superintendent of public instruction shall also report on the implementation of this chapter, including reasons why the LEED standard or Washington sustainable school design protocol was not used as required by RCW 39.35D.020(5)(b). The superintendent of instruction shall make recommendations regarding the implementation of this chapter, including a discussion of incentives and disincentives related to implementing this chapter.
- (4) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop and issue guidelines for administering this chapter for public school districts. The purpose of the guidelines is to define a procedure and

p. 7 ESSB 5753

method for employing and verifying compliance with the LEED silver standard or the Washington sustainable school design protocol.

1 2

3

4 5

6 7

8

9

11 12

13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

- (5) The superintendent of public instruction shall utilize the school facilities advisory board as a high-performance buildings advisory committee comprised of affected public schools, the superintendent of public instruction, the department, and others at the superintendent of public instruction's discretion to provide advice on implementing this chapter. Among other duties, the advisory committee shall make recommendations regarding an education and training process and an ongoing evaluation or feedback process to help the superintendent of public instruction implement this chapter.
- (6) For projects that comply with this section by meeting the LEED silver standard, the superintendent of public instruction must credit one additional point for a project that uses wood products with a credible third-party sustainable forest certification or from forests regulated under chapter 76.09 RCW, the Washington forest practices act. For projects that qualify for this additional point, and for which an additional point would have resulted in formal certification under the LEED silver standard, the project must be deemed to meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section.
- 21 (7) School districts are required to comply with this section only 22 to the extent federal or state funds are available.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:
- 25 (1) RCW 28A.220.050 (Information on proper use of left-hand lane) 26 and 1986 c 93 s 4;
- 27 (2) RCW 28A.220.080 (Information on motorcycle awareness) and 2007 28 c 97 s 4 & 2004 c 126 s 1;
- 29 (3) RCW 28A.230.150 (Temperance and Good Citizenship Day--Aids in programming) and 1969 ex.s. c 223 s 28A.02.090; and
- 31 (4) RCW 28A.320.185 (School gardens or farms) and 2008 c 215 s 7.
- 32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 7.** Section 2 of this act expires July 1, 2015.
- 33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** This act is necessary for the immediate 34 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the

- 1 state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect
- 2 immediately.

--- END ---

p. 9 ESSB 5753