SENATE BILL 5581

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

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State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Senators Angel and Mullet

Read first time 01/30/17. Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

AN ACT Relating to authorizing public hospital districts to participate in self-insurance risk pools with nonprofit hospitals; adding a new chapter to Title 48 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. This chapter is intended to provide 6 authority for two or more public benefit hospital entities to 7 participate in a joint self-insurance program covering property or 8 liability risks. This chapter provides public benefit hospital entities with the exclusive source of authority to jointly self-9 10 insure property and liability risks, jointly purchase insurance or reinsurance, and to contract for risk management, claims, and 11 administrative services with other public benefit hospital entities, 12 except as otherwise provided in this chapter. This chapter must be 13 14 liberally construed to grant public benefit hospital entities maximum flexibility in jointly self-insuring to the extent the self-insurance 15 16 programs are operated in a safe and sound manner. This chapter is 17 intended to require prior approval for the establishment of every 18 joint self-insurance program. In addition, this chapter is intended to require every joint self-insurance program for public benefit 19 20 hospital entities established under this chapter to notify the state 21 of the existence of the program and to comply with the regulatory and 1 statutory standards governing the management and operation of the 2 programs as provided in this chapter. This chapter is not intended to 3 authorize or regulate self-insurance of unemployment compensation 4 under chapter 50.44 RCW or industrial insurance under chapter 51.14 5 RCW.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply 7 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 8 otherwise.

9 (1) "Hospital services" means clinically related (i.e., 10 preventive, diagnostic, curative, rehabilitative, or palliative) 11 services provided in a hospital setting.

12 (2) "Property and liability risks" include the risk of property 13 damage or loss sustained by a public benefit hospital entity and the 14 risk of claims arising from the tortious or negligent conduct or any 15 error or omission of the entity, its officers, employees, agents, or 16 volunteers as a result of which a claim may be made against the 17 entity.

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(3) "Public benefit hospital entity" means any of the following:

(a) A public hospital district organized under the laws of this state or another state and any agency or instrumentality of a public hospital district including, but not limited to, a legal entity created to conduct a joint self-insurance program for public hospital districts that is operating in accordance with chapter 48.62 RCW; or

(b) A nonprofit corporation, whether organized under the laws ofthis state or another state, that meets the following requirements:

(i) The nonprofit corporation operates one or more hospitals each
of which is licensed for three hundred sixty or fewer beds by the
department of health pursuant to chapter 70.41 RCW; and

29 (ii) The nonprofit corporation is engaged in providing hospital 30 services.

31 (4) "Self-insurance" means a formal program of advance funding 32 and management of entity financial exposure to a risk of loss that is 33 not transferred through the purchase of an insurance policy or 34 contract.

35 (5) "State risk manager" means the risk manager of the office of36 risk management within the department of enterprise services.

37 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) The governing body of a public benefit 38 hospital entity may join or form a self-insurance program together

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with one or more other public benefit hospital entities, and may jointly purchase insurance or reinsurance with one or more other public benefit hospital entities for property and liability risks only as permitted under this chapter. Public benefit hospital entities may contract for or hire personnel to provide risk management, claims, and administrative services in accordance with this chapter.

8 (2) The agreement to form a joint self-insurance program may 9 include the organization of a separate legal or administrative entity 10 with powers delegated to the entity.

11 (3) If provided for in the organizational documents, a joint 12 self-insurance program may, in conformance with this chapter:

(a) Contract or otherwise provide for risk management and losscontrol services;

(b) Contract or otherwise provide legal counsel for the defenseof claims and other legal services;

17 (c) Consult with the state insurance commissioner and the state 18 risk manager;

(d) Jointly purchase insurance and reinsurance coverage in a formand amount as provided for in the organizational documents;

(e) Obligate the program's participants to pledge revenues or contribute money to secure the obligations or pay the expenses of the program, including the establishment of a reserve or fund for coverage; and

25 (f) Possess any other powers and perform all other functions 26 reasonably necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter.

(4) Every joint self-insurance program governed by this chapter must appoint the state risk manager as its attorney to receive service of, and upon whom must be served, all legal process issued against the program in this state upon causes of action arising in this state.

(a) Service upon the state risk manager as attorney constitutes service upon the program. Service upon joint self-insurance programs subject to this chapter may only occur by service upon the state risk manager. At the time of service, the plaintiff shall pay to the state risk manager a fee to be set by the state risk manager, taxable as costs in the action.

38 (b) With the initial filing for approval with the state risk 39 manager, each joint self-insurance program must designate by name and 40 address the person to whom the state risk manager must forward legal process that is served upon him or her. The joint self-insurance
 program may change this person by filing a new designation.

3 (c) The appointment of the state risk manager as attorney is 4 irrevocable, binds any successor in interest or to the assets or 5 liabilities of the joint self-insurance program, and remains in 6 effect as long as there is in force in this state any contract made 7 by the joint self-insurance program or liabilities or duties arising 8 from the contract.

(d) The state risk manager shall keep a record of the day and 9 hour of service upon him or her of all legal process. A copy of the 10 11 process, by registered mail with return receipt requested, must be sent by the state risk manager to the person designated to receive 12 legal process by the joint self-insurance program in its most recent 13 14 designation filed with the state risk manager. Proceedings must not commence against the joint self-insurance program, and the program 15 16 must not be required to appear, plead, or answer, until the 17 expiration of forty days after the date of service upon the state 18 risk manager.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. This chapter does not apply to a public 20 benefit hospital entity that:

21 (1) Individually self-insures for property and liability risks;22 or

(2) Participates in a risk pooling arrangement, including a risk
retention group or a risk purchasing group, regulated under chapter
48.92 RCW, is a captive insurer authorized in its state of domicile,
or participates in a local government risk pool formed under chapter
48.62 RCW.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. The state risk manager shall adopt rules governing the management and operation of joint self-insurance programs for public benefit hospital entities that cover property or liability risks. All rules must be appropriate for the type of program and class of risk covered. The state risk manager's rules must include:

(1) Standards for the management, operation, and solvency of
 joint self-insurance programs, including the necessity and frequency
 of actuarial analyses and claims audits;

37 (2) Standards for claims management procedures;

(3) Standards for contracts between joint self-insurance programs
 and private businesses, including standards for contracts between
 third-party administrators and programs; and

(4) Standards that preclude public hospital districts or other 4 public entities participating in the joint self-insurance program 5 6 from subsidizing, regardless of the form of subsidy, public benefit hospital entities that are not public hospital districts or public 7 entities. These standards do not apply to the consideration 8 attributable to the ownership interest of a public hospital district 9 or other public entity in a separate legal or administrative entity 10 11 organized with respect to the program.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. Before the establishment of a joint self-13 insurance program covering property or liability risks by public 14 benefit hospital entities, the entities must obtain the approval of 15 the state risk manager. The entities proposing the creation of a 16 joint self-insurance program requiring prior approval shall submit a 17 plan of management and operation to the state risk manager that 18 provides at least the following information:

(1) The risk or risks to be covered, including any coveragedefinitions, terms, conditions, and limitations;

(2) The amount and method of funding the covered risks, includingthe initial capital and proposed rates and projected premiums;

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(3) The proposed claim reserving practices;

(4) The proposed purchase and maintenance of insurance or
 reinsurance in excess of the amounts retained by the joint self insurance program;

(5) The legal form of the program including, but not limited to,
any articles of incorporation, bylaws, charter, or trust agreement or
other agreement among the participating entities;

30 (6) The agreements with participants in the program defining the 31 responsibilities and benefits of each participant and management;

32 (7) The proposed accounting, depositing, and investment practices33 of the program;

34 (8) The proposed time when actuarial analysis will be first35 conducted and the frequency of future actuarial analysis;

(9) A designation of the individual to whom service of process
 must be forwarded by the state risk manager on behalf of the program;

(10) All contracts between the program and private personsproviding risk management, claims, or other administrative services;

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(11) A professional analysis of the feasibility of the creation
 and maintenance of the program;

3 (12) A legal determination of the potential federal and state tax4 liabilities of the program; and

5 (13) Any other information required by rule of the state risk 6 manager that is necessary to determine the probable financial and 7 management success of the program or that is necessary to determine 8 compliance with this chapter.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A public benefit hospital entity may 10 participate in a joint self-insurance program covering property or 11 liability risks with similar public benefit hospital entities from 12 other states if the program satisfies the following requirements:

(1) An ownership interest in the program is limited to some or all of the public benefit hospital entities of this state and public benefit hospital entities of other states that are provided insurance by the program;

17 (2) The participating public benefit hospital entities of this 18 state and other states shall elect a board of directors to manage the 19 program, a majority of whom must be affiliated with one or more of 20 the participating public benefit hospital entities;

(3) The program must provide coverage through the delivery to each participating public benefit hospital entity of one or more written policies affecting insurance of covered risks;

(4) The program must be financed, including the payment of premiums and the contribution of initial capital, in accordance with the plan of management and operation submitted to the state risk manager in accordance with this chapter;

(5) The financial statements of the program must be audited annually by the certified public accountants for the program, and these audited financial statements must be delivered to the state risk manager not more than one hundred twenty days after the end of each fiscal year of the program;

(6) The investments of the program must be initiated only with financial institutions or broker-dealers, or both, doing business in those states in which participating public benefit hospital entities are located, and these investments must be audited annually by the certified public accountants for the program;

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1 (7) The treasurer of a multistate joint self-insurance program 2 must be designated by resolution of the program and the treasurer 3 must be located in the state of one of the participating entities;

4 (8) The participating entities may have no contingent liabilities
5 for covered claims, other than liabilities for unpaid premiums,
6 retrospective premiums, or assessments, if assets of the program are
7 insufficient to cover the program's liabilities; and

8 (9) The program must obtain approval from the state risk manager 9 in accordance with this chapter and must remain in compliance with 10 this chapter, except if provided otherwise under this section.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. (1) Within one hundred twenty days of 12 receipt of a plan of management and operation, the state risk manager 13 shall either approve or disapprove of the formation of the joint 14 self-insurance program after reviewing the plan to determine whether 15 the proposed program complies with this chapter and all rules adopted 16 in accordance with this chapter.

17 (2) If the state risk manager denies a request for approval, the 18 state risk manager shall specify in detail the reasons for denial and 19 the manner in which the program fails to meet the requirements of 20 this chapter or any rules adopted in accordance with this chapter.

(3) If the state risk manager determines that a joint selfinsurance program covering property or liability risks is in violation of this chapter or is operating in an unsafe financial condition, the state risk manager may issue and serve upon the program an order to cease and desist from the violation or practice.

(a) The state risk manager shall deliver the order to the
appropriate entity or entities directly or mail it to the appropriate
entity or entities by certified mail with return receipt requested.

(b) If the program violates the order or has not taken steps to comply with the order after the expiration of twenty days after the cease and desist order has been received by the program, the program is deemed to be operating in violation of this chapter, and the state risk manager shall notify the attorney general of the violation.

34 (c) After hearing or with the consent of a program governed under 35 this chapter and in addition to or in lieu of a continuation of the 36 cease and desist order, the state risk manager may levy a fine upon 37 the program in an amount not less than three hundred dollars and not 38 more than ten thousand dollars. The order levying the fine must 39 specify the period within which the fine must be fully paid. The

1 period within which the fine must be paid must not be less than 2 fifteen and no more than thirty days from the date of the order. Upon 3 failure to pay the fine when due, the state risk manager shall 4 request the attorney general to bring a civil action on the state 5 risk manager's behalf to collect the fine. The state risk manager 6 shall pay any fine collected to the state treasurer for the account 7 of the general fund.

8 (4) Each joint self-insurance program approved by the state risk 9 manager shall annually file a report with the state risk manager 10 providing:

(a) Details of any changes in the articles of incorporation, bylaws, charter, or trust agreement or other agreement among the participating public benefit hospital entities;

14 (b) Copies of all the insurance coverage documents;

15 (c) A description of the program structure, including 16 participants' retention, program retention, and excess insurance 17 limits and attachment point;

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(d) An actuarial analysis;

19 (e) A list of contractors and service providers;

20 (f) The financial and loss experience of the program; and

21 (g) Other information as required by rule of the state risk 22 manager.

(5) A joint self-insurance program requiring the state risk 23 24 manager's approval may not engage in an act or practice that in any 25 respect significantly differs from the management and operation plan 26 that formed the basis for the state risk manager's approval of the program unless the program first notifies the state risk manager in 27 28 writing and obtains the state risk manager's approval. The state risk 29 manager shall approve or disapprove the proposed change within sixty days of receipt of the notice. If the state risk manager denies a 30 31 requested change, the state risk manager shall specify in detail the 32 reasons for the denial and the manner in which the program would fail 33 to meet the requirements of this chapter or any rules adopted in accordance with this chapter. 34

35 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. (1) A joint self-insurance program may by 36 resolution of the program designate a person having experience with 37 investments or financial matters as treasurer of the program. The 38 program must require a bond obtained from a surety company in an 39 amount and under the terms and conditions that the program finds will 1 protect against loss arising from mismanagement or malfeasance in 2 investing and managing program funds. The program may pay the premium 3 on the bond.

4 (2) All interest and earnings collected on joint self-insurance 5 program funds belong to the program and must be deposited to the 6 program's credit in the proper program account.

7 10. (1) An employee or official of a NEW SECTION. Sec. participating public benefit hospital entity in a joint self-8 insurance program may not directly or indirectly receive anything of 9 10 value for services rendered in connection with the operation and 11 management of a self-insurance program other than the salary and benefits provided by his or her employer or the reimbursement of 12 expenses reasonably incurred in furtherance of the operation or 13 management of the program. An employee or official of a participating 14 15 public benefit hospital entity in a joint self-insurance program may 16 not accept or solicit anything of value for personal benefit or for 17 the benefit of others under circumstances in which it can be 18 reasonably inferred that the employee's or official's independence of judgment is impaired with respect to the management and operation of 19 20 the program.

(2) RCW 48.30.140, 48.30.150, and 48.30.157 apply to the use of
 insurance producers by a joint self-insurance program.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A joint self-insurance program approved 24 in accordance with this chapter is exempt from insurance premium taxes, fees assessed under chapter 48.02 RCW, chapters 48.32 and 25 26 48.32A RCW, business and occupation taxes imposed under chapter 82.04 RCW, and any assigned risk plan or joint underwriting association 27 otherwise required by law. This section does not apply to, and no 28 29 exemption is provided for, insurance companies issuing policies to 30 cover program risks, and does not apply to or provide an exemption 31 for third-party administrators or insurance producers serving the joint self-insurance program. 32

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. (1) The state risk manager shall 34 establish and charge an investigation fee in an amount necessary to 35 cover the costs for the initial review and approval of a joint self-36 insurance program. The fee must accompany the initial submission of 37 the plan of operation and management.

1 (2) The costs of subsequent reviews and investigations must be 2 charged to the joint self-insurance program being reviewed or 3 investigated in accordance with the actual time and expenses incurred 4 in the review or investigation.

5 (3) Any program failing to remit its assessment when due is 6 subject to denial of permission to operate or to a cease and desist 7 order until the assessment is paid.

8 Sec. 13. (1) Any person who files reports or NEW SECTION. furnishes other information required under this title, required by 9 10 the state risk manager under the authority granted under this title, or which is useful to the state risk manager in the administration of 11 this title, is immune from liability in any civil action or suit 12 arising from the filing of any such report or furnishing such 13 information to the state risk manager, unless actual malice, fraud, 14 15 or bad faith is shown.

16 (2) The state risk manager and his or her agents and employees 17 are immune from liability in any civil action or suit arising from 18 the publication of any report or bulletins or arising from 19 dissemination of information related to the official activities of 20 the state risk manager unless actual malice, fraud, or bad faith is 21 shown.

(3) The immunity granted under this section is in addition to any
common law or statutory privilege or immunity enjoyed by such person.
This section is not intended to abrogate or modify in any way such
common law or statutory privilege or immunity.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Sections 1 through 13 of this act 27 constitute a new chapter in Title 48 RCW.

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