SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5276

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2015 Regular Session

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Kohl-Welles, Roach, and Keiser)

READ FIRST TIME 02/25/15.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to refunds of property taxes paid as a result of
- 2 manifest errors in descriptions of property; and amending RCW
- 3 84.69.030, 84.48.065, and 84.68.150.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 84.69.030 and 2014 c 16 s 1 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 (1) Except as provided in this section, no orders for a refund 8 under this chapter may be made except on a claim:
- 9 (a) Verified by the person who paid the tax, the person's 10 guardian, executor, or administrator; and
- 11 (b) Filed with the county treasurer within three years after the 12 due date of the payment sought to be refunded; and
- 13 (c) Stating the statutory ground upon which the refund is 14 claimed.
- 15 (2) No claim for an order of refund is required for a refund that 16 is based upon:
- 17 (a) An order of the board of equalization, state board of tax 18 appeals, or court of competent jurisdiction justifying a refund under
- 19 RCW 84.69.020 (9) through (12);

(b) A decision by the treasurer or assessor that is rendered within three years after the due date of the payment to be refunded, justifying a refund under RCW 84.69.020; or

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- (c) A decision by the assessor or department approving an exemption application that is filed under chapter 84.36 RCW within three years after the due date of the payment to be refunded.
- (3) A county legislative authority may authorize a refund on a claim filed more than three years after the due date of the payment sought to be refunded if the claim arises from taxes paid as a result of a manifest error in a description of property.
- 11 **Sec. 2.** RCW 84.48.065 and 2001 c 187 s 23 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
 - (1)(a) The county assessor or treasurer may cancel or correct assessments on the assessment or tax rolls which are erroneous due to manifest errors in description, double assessments, clerical errors in extending the rolls, and such manifest errors in the listing of the property ((which)) that do not involve a revaluation of property, except in the case that a taxpayer produces proof that an authorized land use authority has made a definitive change in the property's land use designation. In such a case, correction of the assessment or tax rolls may be made notwithstanding the fact that the action involves a revaluation of property. Manifest errors that do not involve a revaluation of property include the assessment of property exempted by law from taxation or the failure to deduct the exemption allowed by law to the head of a family. When the county assessor cancels or corrects an assessment, the assessor ((shall)) <u>must</u> send a notice to the taxpayer in accordance with RCW 84.40.045, advising the taxpayer that the action has been taken and notifying the taxpayer of the right to appeal the cancellation or correction to the county board of equalization, in accordance with RCW 84.40.038. When the county assessor or treasurer cancels or corrects an assessment, a record of ((such)) the action ((shall)) must be prepared, setting forth therein the facts relating to the error. The record ((shall)) must also set forth by legal description all property belonging exclusively to the state, any county, or any municipal corporation whose property is exempt from taxation, upon which there remains, according to the tax roll, any unpaid taxes.
 - (b) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection (1)(b), no manifest error cancellation or correction, including a cancellation

p. 2 SSB 5276.PL

- 1 or correction made due to a definitive change of land use
- 2 designation, ((shall)) may be made for any period more than three
- 3 years preceding the year in which the error is discovered. However, a
- 4 <u>manifest error cancellation or correction may be made for a period</u>
- 5 more than three years preceding the year in which the error is
- 6 <u>discovered if authorized by the county legislative authority and the</u>
- 7 manifest error cancellation or correction would result in a refund or
- 8 reduction of taxes for a property owner.

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- 9 (2)(a) In the case of a definitive change of land use 10 designation, an assessor ((shall)) <u>must</u> make corrections that involve 11 a revaluation of property to the assessment roll when:
 - (i) The assessor and taxpayer have signed an agreement as to the true and fair value of the taxpayer's property setting forth in the agreement the valuation information upon which the agreement is based; and
- 16 (ii) The assessment roll has previously been certified in accordance with RCW 84.40.320.
- 18 (b) In all other cases, an assessor ((shall)) <u>must</u> make 19 corrections that involve a revaluation of property to the assessment 20 roll when:
- (i) The assessor and taxpayer have signed an agreement as to the true and fair value of the taxpayer's property setting forth in the agreement the valuation information upon which the agreement is based; and
 - (ii) The following conditions are met:
- 26 (A) The assessment roll has previously been certified in accordance with RCW 84.40.320;
- 28 (B) The taxpayer has timely filed a petition with the county 29 board of equalization pursuant to RCW 84.40.038 for the current 30 assessment year;
- 31 (C) The county board of equalization has not yet held a hearing 32 on the merits of the taxpayer's petition.
- 33 (3) The assessor ((shall)) <u>must</u> issue a supplementary roll or 34 rolls including such cancellations and corrections, and the 35 assessment and levy ((shall)) have the same force and effect as if 36 made in the first instance, and the county treasurer ((shall)) <u>must</u> 37 proceed to collect the taxes due on the rolls as modified.
- 38 **Sec. 3.** RCW 84.68.150 and 2013 c 23 s 380 are each amended to 39 read as follows:

p. 3 SSB 5276.PL

1 No petition for cancellation or reduction of assessment or correction of tax rolls and the refund of taxes based thereon under 2 RCW 84.68.110 through 84.68.150 ((shall)) may be considered unless 3 filed within three years after the year in which the tax became 4 payable or purported to become payable, unless the reduction or 5 6 correction is the result of a manifest error and the county 7 legislative authority authorizes a longer period for a refund of the claim. The maximum refund under the authority of RCW 84.68.110 8 through 84.68.150 for each year involved in the taxpayer's petition 9 ((shall be)) is two hundred dollars. Should the amount of excess tax 10 11 for any such year be in excess of two hundred dollars, a refund of 12 two hundred dollars ((shall)) must be allowed under RCW 84.68.110 through 84.68.150, without prejudice to the right of the taxpayer to 13 14 proceed as may be otherwise provided by law to recover the balance of the excess tax paid by him or her. 15

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p. 4