SENATE BILL 5202

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Senators Palumbo and Rivers

1 AN ACT Relating to the ability of business and nonprofit entities 2 to obtain a marijuana license; and amending RCW 69.50.331.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 69.50.331 and 2017 c 317 s 2 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 (1) For the purpose of considering any application for a license 7 to produce, process, research, transport, or deliver marijuana, useable marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused 8 products subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, 9 10 or sell marijuana, or for the renewal of a license to produce, 11 process, research, transport, or deliver marijuana, useable 12 marijuana, marijuana concentrates, or marijuana-infused products subject to the regulations established under RCW 69.50.385, or sell 13 marijuana, the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board must conduct a 14 15 comprehensive, fair, and impartial evaluation of the applications 16 timely received.

17 (a) The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may cause an 18 inspection of the premises to be made, and may inquire into all 19 matters in connection with the construction and operation of the 20 premises. For the purpose of reviewing any application for a license 21 and for considering the denial, suspension, revocation, or renewal or

denial thereof, of any license, the ((state liquor and cannabis)) 1 board may consider any prior criminal conduct of the applicant 2 including an administrative violation history record with the ((state 3 liquor and cannabis)) board and a criminal history record information 4 check. The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may submit the 5 6 criminal history record information check to the Washington state patrol and to the identification division of the federal bureau of 7 investigation in order that these agencies may search their records 8 for prior arrests and convictions of the individual or individuals 9 10 who filled out the forms. The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board must require fingerprinting of any applicant whose criminal history 11 record information check is submitted to the federal bureau of 12 investigation. The provisions of RCW 9.95.240 and of chapter 9.96A 13 RCW do not apply to these cases. Subject to the provisions of this 14 15 section, the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may, in its 16 discretion, grant or deny the renewal or license applied for. Denial 17 may be based on, without limitation, the existence of chronic illegal activity documented in objections submitted pursuant to subsections 18 (7) (c) and (10) of this section. Authority to approve an uncontested 19 or unopposed license may be granted by the ((state liquor and 20 21 cannabis)) board to any staff member the board designates in writing. 22 Conditions for granting this authority must be adopted by rule.

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(b) No license of any kind may be issued to:

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(i) A person under the age of twenty-one years;

(ii) A person doing business as a sole proprietor who has not lawfully resided in the state for at least six months prior to applying to receive a license;

28 (iii) A ((partnership, employee cooperative, association, nonprofit corporation, or corporation)) business entity or nonprofit 29 entity, unless formed under the laws of this state((, and unless all 30 31 of the members thereof are qualified to obtain a license as provided 32 in this section)) or holding a certificate of registration under chapter 23.95 RCW. Any natural person holding more than ten percent 33 34 interest in the entity must possess the same qualifications required of the licensee, with the exception of any residency requirement; or 35

36 (iv) A person whose place of business is conducted by a manager 37 or agent, unless the manager or agent possesses the same 38 qualifications required of the licensee, with the exception of any 39 residency requirement. 1 (c) The board may impose additional licensing fees to recover any additional costs incurred in investigating any nonresident required 2 to be investigated under this section. If, after reasonable efforts, 3 the board is unable to investigate any nonresident required to be 4 investigated under this section, in accordance with the investigatory 5 6 standards applicable to the investigation of a state resident, the 7 board has discretionary authority to deny a license or license renewal to an entity. 8

9 (2)(a) The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may, in its 10 discretion, subject to the provisions of RCW 69.50.334, suspend or 11 cancel any license; and all protections of the licensee from criminal 12 or civil sanctions under state law for producing, processing, 13 researching, or selling marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable 14 marijuana, or marijuana-infused products thereunder must be suspended 15 or terminated, as the case may be.

16 (b) The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board must immediately 17 suspend the license of a person who has been certified pursuant to RCW 74.20A.320 by the department of social and health services as a 18 19 person who is not in compliance with a support order. If the person has continued to meet all other requirements for reinstatement during 20 the suspension, reissuance of the license is automatic upon the 21 ((state liquor and cannabis)) board's receipt of a release issued by 22 23 the department of social and health services stating that the licensee is in compliance with the order. 24

25 (c) The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may request the appointment of administrative law judges under chapter 34.12 RCW who 26 shall have power to administer oaths, issue subpoenas for the 27 28 attendance of witnesses and the production of papers, books, accounts, documents, and testimony, examine witnesses, and ((to)) 29 receive testimony in any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or 30 31 proceeding in any part of the state, under rules ((and regulations)) 32 the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may adopt.

(d) Witnesses must be allowed fees and mileage each way to and from any inquiry, investigation, hearing, or proceeding at the rate authorized by RCW 34.05.446. Fees need not be paid in advance of appearance of witnesses to testify or to produce books, records, or other legal evidence.

(e) In case of disobedience of any person to comply with the
order of the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board or a subpoena issued
by the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board, or any of its members, or

administrative law judges, or on the refusal of a witness to testify to any matter regarding which he or she may be lawfully interrogated, the judge of the superior court of the county in which the person resides, on application of any member of the board or administrative law judge, compels obedience by contempt proceedings, as in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena issued from said court or a refusal to testify therein.

(3) Upon receipt of notice of the suspension or cancellation of a 8 license, the licensee must forthwith deliver up the license to the 9 ((state liquor and cannabis)) board. Where the license has been 10 11 suspended only, the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board must return 12 the license to the licensee at the expiration or termination of the period of suspension. The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board must 13 notify all other licensees in the county where the subject licensee 14 has its premises of the suspension or cancellation of the license; 15 and no other licensee or employee of another licensee may allow or 16 17 cause any marijuana, marijuana concentrates, useable marijuana, or 18 marijuana-infused products to be delivered to or for any person at 19 the premises of the subject licensee.

(4) Every license issued under this chapter is subject to all conditions and restrictions imposed by this chapter or by rules adopted by the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board to implement and enforce this chapter. All conditions and restrictions imposed by the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board in the issuance of an individual license must be listed on the face of the individual license along with the trade name, address, and expiration date.

(5) Every licensee must post and keep posted its license, orlicenses, in a conspicuous place on the premises.

29 (6) No licensee may employ any person under the age of twenty-one 30 years.

31 (7) (a) Before the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board issues a 32 new or renewed license to an applicant it must give notice of the application to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city 33 or town, if the application is for a license within an incorporated 34 city or town, or to the county legislative authority, if the 35 36 application is for a license outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns, or to the tribal government if the application is 37 for a license within Indian country, or to the port authority if the 38 39 application for a license is located on property owned by a port 40 authority.

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1 The incorporated city or town through the official or (b) employee selected by it, the county legislative authority or the 2 official or employee selected by it, the tribal government, or port 3 authority has the right to file with the ((state liquor and 4 cannabis)) board within twenty days after the date of transmittal of 5 6 the notice for applications, or at least thirty days prior to the expiration date for renewals, written objections against the 7 applicant or against the premises for which the new or renewed 8 license is asked. The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may extend 9 the time period for submitting written objections upon request from 10 11 the authority notified by the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board.

12 (c) The written objections must include a statement of all facts upon which the objections are based, and in case written objections 13 are filed, the city or town or county legislative authority may 14 request, and the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may in its 15 16 discretion hold, a hearing subject to the applicable provisions of 17 Title 34 RCW. If the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board makes an initial decision to deny a license or renewal based on the written 18 objections of an incorporated city or town or county legislative 19 authority, the applicant may request a hearing subject to the 20 21 applicable provisions of Title 34 RCW. If a hearing is held at the 22 request of the applicant, ((state liquor and cannabis)) board 23 representatives must present and defend the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board's initial decision to deny a license or renewal. 24

(d) Upon the granting of a license under this title the ((state liquor and cannabis board)) must send written notification to the chief executive officer of the incorporated city or town in which the license is granted, or to the county legislative authority if the license is granted outside the boundaries of incorporated cities or towns.

(8) (a) Except as provided in (b) through (d) of this subsection, the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may not issue a license for any premises within one thousand feet of the perimeter of the grounds of any elementary or secondary school, playground, recreation center or facility, child care center, public park, public transit center, or library, or any game arcade admission to which is not restricted to persons aged twenty-one years or older.

38 (b) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of premises 39 within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of the 40 facilities described in (a) of this subsection, except elementary

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1 schools, secondary schools, and playgrounds, by enacting an ordinance 2 authorizing such distance reduction, provided that such distance 3 reduction will not negatively impact the jurisdiction's civil 4 regulatory enforcement, criminal law enforcement interests, public 5 safety, or public health.

6 (c) A city, county, or town may permit the licensing of research premises allowed under RCW 69.50.372 within one thousand feet but not 7 less than one hundred feet of the facilities described in (a) of this 8 subsection by enacting an ordinance authorizing such distance 9 10 reduction, provided that the ordinance will not negatively impact the 11 jurisdiction's civil regulatory enforcement, criminal law 12 enforcement, public safety, or public health.

(d) The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may license premises located in compliance with the distance requirements set in an ordinance adopted under (b) or (c) of this subsection. Before issuing or renewing a research license for premises within one thousand feet but not less than one hundred feet of an elementary school, secondary school, or playground in compliance with an ordinance passed pursuant to (c) of this subsection, the board must ensure that the facility:

(i) Meets a security standard exceeding that which applies tomarijuana producer, processor, or retailer licensees;

(ii) Is inaccessible to the public and no part of the operationof the facility is in view of the general public; and

24 (iii) Bears no advertising or signage indicating that it is a 25 marijuana research facility.

(e) The ((state liquor and cannabis)) board may not issue a
license for any premises within Indian country, as defined in 18
U.S.C. Sec. 1151, including any fee patent lands within the exterior
boundaries of a reservation, without the consent of the federally
recognized tribe associated with the reservation or Indian country.

(9) A city, town, or county may adopt an ordinance prohibiting a marijuana producer or marijuana processor from operating or locating a business within areas zoned primarily for residential use or rural use with a minimum lot size of five acres or smaller.

(10) In determining whether to grant or deny a license or renewal of any license, the ((state liquor and cannabis)) board must give substantial weight to objections from an incorporated city or town or county legislative authority based upon chronic illegal activity associated with the applicant's operations of the premises proposed to be licensed or the applicant's operation of any other licensed

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premises, or the conduct of the applicant's patrons inside or outside 1 the licensed premises. "Chronic illegal activity" means (a) a 2 pervasive pattern of activity that threatens the public health, 3 safety, and welfare of the city, town, or county including, but not 4 limited to, open container violations, assaults, disturbances, 5 disorderly conduct, or other criminal law violations, or as 6 documented in crime statistics, police reports, emergency medical 7 response data, calls for service, field data, or similar records of a 8 law enforcement agency for the city, town, county, or any other 9 municipal corporation or any state agency; or (b) an unreasonably 10 high number of citations for violations of RCW 46.61.502 associated 11 12 with the applicant's or licensee's operation of any licensed premises as indicated by the reported statements given to law enforcement upon 13 14 arrest.

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