Z-0165.2

SENATE BILL 5047

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2015 Regular Session

By Senators Braun, Conway, Rivers, Fraser, Kohl-Welles, and Hasegawa; by request of Attorney General

Prefiled 01/07/15.

1 AN ACT Relating to enhancing the protection of consumer financial 2 information; amending RCW 19.255.010 and 42.56.590; and creating a 3 new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature recognizes that data 6 breaches of personal information can compromise financial security 7 and be costly to consumers. The legislature intends to strengthen the 8 data breach notification requirements to better safeguard personal 9 information, prevent identity theft, and ensure that the attorney general receives notification when breaches occur so that appropriate 10 11 action may be taken to protect consumers. The legislature also 12 intends to provide consumers whose personal information has been 13 jeopardized due to a data breach with the information needed to 14 secure financial accounts and make the necessary reports in a timely manner to minimize harm from identity theft. 15

16 **Sec. 2.** RCW 19.255.010 and 2005 c 368 s 2 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

(1) Any person or business that conducts business in this state and that owns or licenses ((computerized)) data that includes personal information shall disclose any breach of the security of the

1 system following discovery or notification of the breach in the security of the data to any resident of this 2 state whose ((unencrypted)) personal information was, or is reasonably believed 3 to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person. ((The disclosure 4 shall be made in the most expedient time possible and without 5 б unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate needs of law enforcement, as provided in subsection (3) of this section, or any 7 measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore 8 the reasonable integrity of the data system.)) Notice is not required 9 if the breach of the security of the system is not reasonably likely 10 to subject consumers to a risk of criminal activity. 11

(2) Any person or business that maintains ((computerized)) data that includes personal information that the person or business does not own shall notify the owner or licensee of the information of any breach of the security of the data immediately following discovery, if the personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.

18 (3) The notification required by this section may be delayed if a 19 law enforcement agency determines that the notification will impede a 20 criminal investigation. The notification required by this section 21 shall be made after the law enforcement agency determines that it 22 will not compromise the investigation.

(4) For purposes of this section, "breach of the security of the 23 system" means unauthorized acquisition of ((computerized)) data that 24 25 compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal 26 information maintained by the person or business. Good faith acquisition of personal information by an employee or agent of the 27 person or business for the purposes of the person or business is not 28 29 a breach of the security of the system when the personal information is not used or subject to further unauthorized disclosure. 30

31 (5) For purposes of this section, "personal information" means an 32 individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination 33 with any one or more of the following data elements((, when either 34 the name or the data elements are not encrypted)):

35 (a) Social security number;

36 (b) Driver's license number or Washington identification card 37 number; or

38 (c) <u>Full a</u>ccount number ((or)), credit or debit card number, ((in 39 combination with)) <u>or</u> any required security code, access code, or

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1 password that would permit access to an individual's financial 2 account.

3 (6) For purposes of this section, "personal information" does not 4 include publicly available information that is lawfully made 5 available to the general public from federal, state, or local 6 government records.

7 (7) For purposes of this section and except under subsections (8) 8 and (9) of this section, "notice" may be provided by one of the 9 following methods:

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(a) Written notice;

(b) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent with the provisions regarding electronic records and signatures set forth in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001; or

14 (c) Substitute notice, if the person or business demonstrates 15 that the cost of providing notice would exceed two hundred fifty 16 thousand dollars, or that the affected class of subject persons to be 17 notified exceeds five hundred thousand, or the person or business 18 does not have sufficient contact information. Substitute notice shall 19 consist of all of the following:

20 (i) E-mail notice when the person or business has an e-mail 21 address for the subject persons;

(ii) Conspicuous posting of the notice on the web site page of
 the person or business, if the person or business maintains one; and
 (iii) Notification to major statewide media.

(8) A person or business that maintains its own notification procedures as part of an information security policy for the treatment of personal information and is otherwise consistent with the timing requirements of this section is in compliance with the notification requirements of this section if the person or business notifies subject persons in accordance with its policies in the event of a breach of security of the system.

32 (9) <u>A covered entity under the federal health insurance</u> portability and accountability act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320d et 33 seq., is deemed to have complied with the notice requirements in 34 subsection (1) of this section if it has complied completely with 35 section 13402(f) of the federal health information technology for 36 economic and clinical health act, Public Law 111-5. This subsection 37 may not be construed to exempt a covered entity from any other 38 39 provision of this section.

(10) Any waiver of the provisions of this section is contrary to
 public policy, and is void and unenforceable.

3 (((10))) (11)(a) Any ((customer)) consumer injured by a violation
4 of this section may institute a civil action to recover damages.

5 (b) Any <u>person or</u> business that violates, proposes to violate, or 6 has violated this section may be enjoined.

7 (c) The rights and remedies available under this section are 8 cumulative to each other and to any other rights and remedies 9 available under law.

10 (((d) A person or business under this section shall not be 11 required to disclose a technical breach of the security system that 12 does not seem reasonably likely to subject customers to a risk of 13 criminal activity.))

14 <u>(12) Any person or business that is required to issue</u> 15 <u>notification pursuant to this section shall meet all of the following</u> 16 <u>requirements:</u>

17

(a) The notification must be written in plain language; and

18 (b) The notification must include, at a minimum, the following 19 information:

20 <u>(i) The name and contact information of the reporting person or</u>
21 <u>business subject to this section;</u>

(ii) A list of the types of personal information that were or are
 reasonably believed to have been the subject of a breach; and

24 (iii) The toll-free telephone numbers and addresses of the major
 25 credit reporting agencies if the breach exposed personal information.

(13) Any person or business that is required to issue a 26 notification pursuant to this section to more than five hundred 27 Washington residents as a result of a single breach shall 28 electronically submit a single sample copy of that security breach 29 notification, excluding any personally identifiable information, to 30 the attorney general. The person or business shall also provide to 31 32 the attorney general the number of Washington consumers affected by the breach, or an estimate if the exact number is not known. 33

34 (14) Notification to affected consumers and to the attorney 35 general under this section must be made in the most expedient time 36 possible and without unreasonable delay, no more than thirty calendar 37 days after the breach was discovered, consistent with the legitimate 38 needs of law enforcement as provided in subsection (3) of this 39 section, or any measures necessary to determine the scope of the 40 breach and restore the reasonable integrity of the data system. 1 (15) The legislature finds that the practices covered by this section are matters vitally affecting the public interest for the 2 3 purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. A violation of this chapter is not reasonable in relation to the 4 development and preservation of business and is an unfair or 5 6 deceptive act in trade or commerce and an unfair method of competition for purposes of applying the consumer protection act, 7 chapter 19.86 RCW. 8

9 **Sec. 3.** RCW 42.56.590 and 2007 c 197 s 9 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

11 (1)(a) Any agency that owns or licenses ((computerized)) data that includes personal information shall disclose any breach of the 12 security of the system following discovery or notification of the 13 breach in the security of the data to any resident of this state 14 15 whose ((unencrypted)) personal information was, or is reasonably 16 believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person. ((The 17 disclosure shall be made in the most expedient time possible and 18 without unreasonable delay, consistent with the legitimate needs of law enforcement, as provided in subsection (3) of this section, or 19 20 any measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach and 21 restore the reasonable integrity of the data system.)) Notice is not required if the breach of the security of the system is not 22 reasonably likely to subject consumers to a risk of criminal 23 24 activity.

(b) For purposes of this section, "agency" means the same as in RCW 42.56.010.

(2) Any agency that maintains ((computerized)) data that includes personal information that the agency does not own shall notify the owner or licensee of the information of any breach of the security of the data immediately following discovery, if the personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person.

(3) The notification required by this section may be delayed if a law enforcement agency determines that the notification will impede a criminal investigation. The notification required by this section shall be made after the law enforcement agency determines that it will not compromise the investigation.

38 (4) For purposes of this section, "breach of the security of the
 39 system" means unauthorized acquisition of ((computerized)) data that

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1 compromises the security, confidentiality, or integrity of personal 2 information maintained by the agency. Good faith acquisition of 3 personal information by an employee or agent of the agency for the 4 purposes of the agency is not a breach of the security of the system 5 when the personal information is not used or subject to further 6 unauthorized disclosure.

7 (5) For purposes of this section, "personal information" means an 8 individual's first name or first initial and last name in combination 9 with any one or more of the following data elements((, when either 10 the name or the data elements are not encrypted)):

11 (a) Social security number;

12 (b) Driver's license number or Washington identification card 13 number; or

14 (c) <u>Full account number ((or))</u> credit or debit card number, ((in 15 <u>combination with</u>)) <u>or</u> any required security code, access code, or 16 password that would permit access to an individual's financial 17 account.

18 (6) For purposes of this section, "personal information" does not 19 include publicly available information that is lawfully made 20 available to the general public from federal, state, or local 21 government records.

(7) For purposes of this section and except under subsections (8) and (9) of this section, notice may be provided by one of the following methods:

25 (a) Written notice;

(b) Electronic notice, if the notice provided is consistent with
the provisions regarding electronic records and signatures set forth
in 15 U.S.C. Sec. 7001; or

(c) Substitute notice, if the agency demonstrates that the cost of providing notice would exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars, or that the affected class of subject persons to be notified exceeds five hundred thousand, or the agency does not have sufficient contact information. Substitute notice shall consist of all of the following:

34 (i) E-mail notice when the agency has an e-mail address for the 35 subject persons;

36 (ii) Conspicuous posting of the notice on the agency's web site 37 page, if the agency maintains one; and

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(iii) Notification to major statewide media.

39 (8) An agency that maintains its own notification procedures as40 part of an information security policy for the treatment of personal

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1 information and is otherwise consistent with the timing requirements 2 of this section is in compliance with the notification requirements 3 of this section if it notifies subject persons in accordance with its 4 policies in the event of a breach of security of the system.

(9) <u>A covered entity under the federal health insurance</u> 5 б portability and accountability act of 1996, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320d et seq., is deemed to have complied with the notice requirements in 7 subsection (1) of this section if it has complied completely with 8 section 13402(f) of the federal health information technology for 9 10 economic and clinical health act, Public Law 111-5. This subsection may not be construed to exempt a covered entity from any other 11 12 provision of this section.

13 <u>(10)</u> Any waiver of the provisions of this section is contrary to 14 public policy, and is void and unenforceable.

15 (((10))) (11)(a) Any ((customer)) individual injured by a 16 violation of this section may institute a civil action to recover 17 damages.

(b) Any ((business)) agency that violates, proposes to violate,
or has violated this section may be enjoined.

20 (c) The rights and remedies available under this section are 21 cumulative to each other and to any other rights and remedies 22 available under law.

23 (((d) An agency shall not be required to disclose a technical 24 breach of the security system that does not seem reasonably likely to 25 subject customers to a risk of criminal activity.))

26 (12) Any agency that is required to issue notification pursuant 27 to this section shall meet all of the following requirements:

28 (a) The notification must be written in plain language; and

29 (b) The notification must include, at a minimum, the following 30 information:

31 (i) The name and contact information of the reporting agency 32 subject to this section;

33 (ii) A list of the types of personal information that were or are 34 reasonably believed to have been the subject of a breach;

35 (iii) The toll-free telephone numbers and addresses of the major 36 credit reporting agencies if the breach exposed personal information. 37 (13) Any agency that is required to issue a notification pursuant

38 <u>to this section to more than five hundred Washington residents as a</u> 39 <u>result of a single breach shall electronically submit a single sample</u>

40 copy of that security breach notification, excluding any personally

1	identifiable information, to the attorney general. The agency shall
2	also provide to the attorney general the number of Washington
3	residents affected by the breach, or an estimate if the exact number
4	<u>is not known.</u>
5	(14) Notification to affected individuals and to the attorney
б	general must be made in the most expedient time possible and without
7	unreasonable delay, no more than thirty calendar days after the
8	breach was discovered, consistent with the legitimate needs of law
9	enforcement as provided in subsection (3) of this section, or any
10	measures necessary to determine the scope of the breach and restore
11	the reasonable integrity of the data system.

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