

HOUSE RESOLUTION NO. 2020-4646, by Representatives Sullivan and Kretz

1 WHEREAS, The House of Representatives adopted permanent rules for  
2 the Sixty-Sixth Legislature under House Resolution No. 2019-4607;  
3 NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That House Resolution No.  
4 2019-4607 is amended to read as follows:

5 PERMANENT RULES OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
6 SIXTY-SIXTH LEGISLATURE 2019-2020

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23 **Definitions**

24 **Rule 1.** "Absent" means an unexcused failure to attend.

25 "Term" means the two-year term during which the members as a body  
26 may act.

27 "Session" means a constitutional gathering of the house in  
28 accordance with Article II § 12 of the state Constitution.

29 "Committee" means any standing, conference, joint, or select  
30 committee as so designated by rule or resolution.

1 "Fiscal committee" means the appropriations, capital budget,  
2 finance, and transportation committees.

3 "Bill" means bill, joint memorial, joint resolution, or  
4 concurrent resolution unless the context indicates otherwise.

#### 5 **Chief Clerk to Call to Order**

6 **Rule 2.** It shall be the duty of the chief clerk of the previous  
7 term to call the house to order and to conduct the proceedings until  
8 a speaker is chosen.

#### 9 **Election of Officers**

10 **Rule 3.** The house shall elect the following officers at the  
11 commencement of each term: Its presiding officer, who shall be styled  
12 speaker of the house; a speaker pro tempore, who shall serve in  
13 absence or in case of the inability of the speaker; a deputy speaker  
14 pro tempore, who shall serve in absence or in case of the inability  
15 of the speaker and speaker pro tempore; and a chief clerk of the  
16 house. Such officers shall hold office during all sessions until the  
17 convening of the succeeding term: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That any of  
18 these offices may be declared vacant by the vote of a constitutional  
19 majority of the house, the members voting viva voce and their votes  
20 shall be entered on the journal. If any office is declared vacant,  
21 the house shall fill such vacant office as hereinafter provided. In  
22 all elections by the house a constitutional majority shall be  
23 required, the members shall vote viva voce and their votes shall be  
24 entered on the journal. (Art. II § 27)

#### 25 **Powers and Duties of the Speaker**

26 **Rule 4.** The speaker shall have the following powers and duties:

27 (A) The speaker shall take the chair and call the house to order  
28 precisely at the hour appointed for meeting and if a quorum be  
29 present, shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read and  
30 shall proceed with the order of business.

31 (B) The speaker shall preserve order and decorum, and in case of  
32 any disturbance or disorderly conduct within the chamber or  
33 legislative area, shall order the sergeant at arms to suppress the

1 same and may order the sergeant at arms to remove any person creating  
2 any disturbance within the house chamber or legislative area.

3 (C) The speaker may speak to points of order in preference to  
4 other members, arising from the seat for that purpose, and shall  
5 decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the house by  
6 any member, on which appeal no member shall speak more than once  
7 without leave of the house.

8 (D) The speaker shall sign all bills in open session. (Art. II §  
9 32)

10 (E) The speaker shall sign all writs, warrants, and subpoenas  
11 issued by order of the house, all of which shall be attested to by  
12 the chief clerk.

13 (F) The speaker shall have the right to name any member to  
14 perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall neither  
15 extend beyond adjournment nor authorize the representative so  
16 substituted to sign any documents requiring the signature of the  
17 speaker.

18 (G) The speaker, in open session, shall appoint committee chairs  
19 as selected by the majority party caucus, and shall appoint members  
20 to committees in the same ratio as the membership of the respective  
21 parties of the house, unless otherwise provided by law or house  
22 rules.

23 (H) The speaker shall serve as chair of the rules committee.

24 (I) The speaker shall have charge of and see that all officers,  
25 attaches, and clerks perform their respective duties.

26 (J) The speaker pro tempore shall exercise the duties, powers,  
27 and prerogatives of the speaker in the event of the speaker's death,  
28 illness, removal, or inability to act until the speaker's successor  
29 shall be elected.

### 30 **Chief Clerk**

31 **Rule 5.** The chief clerk shall perform the usual duties pertaining  
32 to the office, and shall hold office until a successor has been  
33 elected.



1 (B) Only members of the house, pages, sergeants at arms, and  
2 clerks are permitted on the floor while the house is in session.

3 (C) Lobbying in the house chamber or in any committee room or  
4 lounge room is prohibited when the house or committee is in session  
5 unless expressly permitted by the house or committee. Anyone  
6 violating this rule will forfeit his or her right to be admitted to  
7 the house chamber or any of its committee rooms.

### 8 **Absentees and Courtesy**

9 **Rule 8.** No member shall be absent from the service of the house  
10 without leave from the speaker. When the house is in session, only  
11 the speaker shall recognize visitors and former members.

### 12 **Bills, Memorials and Resolutions - Introductions**

13 **Rule 9.** Any member desiring to introduce a bill shall file the  
14 same with the chief clerk. Bills filed by 10:00 a.m. shall be  
15 introduced at the next daily session, in the order filed: PROVIDED,  
16 That if such introduction is within the last ten days of a regular  
17 session, it cannot be considered without a direct vote of two-thirds  
18 (2/3) of all the members elected to each house with such vote  
19 recorded and entered upon the journal. (Art. II § 36)

20 Any returning member or member-elect may prefile a bill with the  
21 chief clerk commencing the first Monday in December preceding any  
22 regular session or twenty (20) days before any special session.  
23 Prefiled bills shall be introduced on the first legislative day.

24 All bills shall be endorsed with a statement of the title and the  
25 name of the member or members introducing the same. The chief clerk  
26 shall attach to all bills a substantial cover bearing the title and  
27 sponsors and shall number each bill in the order filed. All bills  
28 shall be printed unless otherwise ordered by the house.

29 Any bill introduced at any session during the term shall be  
30 eligible for action at all subsequent sessions during the term.

31 No house bill may be introduced that is identical to any other  
32 pending house bill.

### 33 **Reading of Bills**

34 **Rule 10.** Every bill shall be read on three separate days:  
35 PROVIDED, That this rule may be temporarily suspended at any time by

1 a two-thirds (2/3) vote of the members present; and that on and after  
2 the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any  
3 session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12 of the  
4 state Constitution or concurrent resolution, or on and after the  
5 third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as  
6 established by concurrent resolution, this rule may be suspended by a  
7 majority vote.

8 A bill may be returned to second reading for the purpose of  
9 amendment by a suspension of the rules: PROVIDED, That on and after  
10 the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any  
11 session, as determined pursuant to Article II, section 12 of the  
12 state Constitution or concurrent resolution, or on and after the  
13 third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house as  
14 established by concurrent resolution, this rule may be suspended and  
15 a bill returned to second reading for the purpose of amendment by a  
16 majority vote.

17 (A) FIRST READING. The first reading of a bill shall be by title  
18 only, unless a majority of the members present demand a reading in  
19 full.

20 After the first reading the bill shall be referred to an  
21 appropriate committee.

22 Upon being reported out of committee, all bills shall be referred  
23 to the rules committee, unless otherwise ordered by the house.

24 The rules committee may, by majority vote, refer any bill in its  
25 possession to a committee for further consideration. Such referral  
26 shall be reported to the house and entered in the journal under the  
27 fifth order of business.

28 (B) SECOND READING. Upon second reading, the bill number and  
29 short title and the last line of the bill shall be read unless a  
30 majority of the members present shall demand its reading in full. The  
31 bill shall be subject to amendment section by section. No amendment  
32 shall be considered by the house until it has been sent to the chief  
33 clerk's desk in writing, distributed to the desk of each member, and  
34 read by the clerk. All amendments adopted during second reading shall  
35 be securely fastened to the original bill. All amendments rejected by  
36 the house shall be passed to the minute clerk, and the journal shall  
37 show the disposition of such amendments.

1       When no further amendments shall be offered, the speaker shall  
2 declare the bill has passed its second reading.

3       (C) SUBSTITUTE BILLS. When a committee reports a substitute for  
4 an original bill with the recommendation that the substitute bill do  
5 pass, it shall be in order to read the substitute the first time and  
6 have the same printed. A motion for the substitution shall not be in  
7 order until the second reading of the original bill.

8       (D) THIRD READING. Only the last line of bills shall be read on  
9 third reading unless a majority of the members present demand a  
10 reading in full. No amendments to a bill shall be received on third  
11 reading but it may be referred or recommitted for the purpose of  
12 amendment.

13       (E) SUSPENSION CALENDAR. Bills may be placed on the second  
14 reading suspension calendar by the rules committee if at least two  
15 minority party members of the rules committee join in such motion.  
16 Bills on the second reading suspension calendar shall not be subject  
17 to amendment or substitution except as recommended in the committee  
18 report. When a bill is before the house on the suspension calendar,  
19 the question shall be to adopt the committee recommendations and  
20 advance the bill to third reading. If the question fails to receive a  
21 two-thirds vote of the members present, the bill shall be referred to  
22 the rules committee for second reading.

23       (F) HOUSE RESOLUTIONS. House resolutions shall be filed with the  
24 chief clerk who shall transmit them to the rules committee. If a  
25 rules committee meeting is not scheduled to occur prior to a time  
26 necessitated by the purpose of a house resolution, the majority  
27 leader and minority leader by agreement may waive transmission to the  
28 rules committee to permit consideration of the resolution by the  
29 house. The rules committee may adopt house resolutions by a sixty  
30 percent majority vote of its entire membership or may, by a majority  
31 vote of its members, place them on the motions calendar for  
32 consideration by the house. House resolutions are not subject to  
33 debate, except for resolutions necessary for the operation of the  
34 house, and resolutions commemorating Children's Day, Day of  
35 Remembrance, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, National Guard Day, and  
36 President's Day.



1 (G) CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS. Reading of concurrent resolutions may  
2 be advanced by majority vote.

3 **Amendments**

4 **Rule 11.** The right of any member to offer amendments to proposed  
5 legislation shall not be limited except as provided in Rule 10(E) and  
6 as follows:

7 (A) AMENDMENTS TO BE OFFERED IN PROPER FORM. The chief clerk  
8 shall establish the proper form for amendments and all amendments  
9 offered shall bear the name of the member who offers the same, as  
10 well as the number and section of the bill to be amended.

11 (B) COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS. When a bill is before the house on  
12 second reading, amendments adopted by committees and recommended to  
13 the house shall be acted upon by the house before any amendments that  
14 may be offered from the floor.

15 (C) SENATE AMENDMENTS TO HOUSE BILLS. A house bill, passed by the  
16 senate with amendment or amendments which shall change the scope and  
17 object of the bill, upon being received in the house, shall be  
18 referred to the appropriate committee and shall take the same course  
19 as for original bills unless a motion not to concur is adopted prior  
20 to the bill being referred to committee.

21 (D) AMENDMENTS TO BE GERMANE. No motion or proposition on a  
22 subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted  
23 under color of amendment; and no bill or resolution shall at any time  
24 be amended by annexing thereto or incorporating therein any other  
25 bill or resolution pending before the house.

26 (E) SCOPE AND OBJECT NOT TO BE CHANGED. No amendment to any bill  
27 shall be allowed which shall change the scope and object of the bill.  
28 This objection may be raised at any time an amendment is under  
29 consideration. The speaker may allow the person raising the objection  
30 and the mover of the amendment to provide brief arguments as to the  
31 merits of the objection. (Art. II § 38)

32 (F) NO AMENDMENT BY REFERENCE. No act shall ever be revised or  
33 amended without being set forth at full length. (Art. II § 37)

1 (G) TITLE AMENDMENTS. The subject matter portion of a bill title  
2 shall not be amended in committee or on second reading. Changes to  
3 that part of the title after the subject matter statement shall  
4 either be presented with the text amendment or be incorporated by the  
5 chief clerk in the engrossing process.

### 6 **Final Passage**

7 **Rule 12.** Rules relating to bills on final passage are as follows:

8 (A) BUDGET BILLS. No final passage vote may be taken on an  
9 operating budget, transportation budget, or capital budget bill until  
10 twenty-four (24) hours after the bill is placed on the third reading  
11 calendar. The twenty-four (24) hour requirement does not apply to  
12 conference reports, which are governed by Joint Rule 20, or to bills  
13 placed on the third reading calendar by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of  
14 the members present.

15 (B) RECOMMITMENT BEFORE FINAL PASSAGE. A bill may be recommitted  
16 at any time before its final passage.

17 (C) FINAL PASSAGE. No bill shall become a law unless on its final  
18 passage the vote be taken by yeas and nays, the names of the members  
19 voting for and against the same be entered on the journal of each  
20 house, and a majority of the members elected to each house be  
21 recorded thereon as voting in its favor. (Art. II § 22)

22 (D) BILLS PASSED - CERTIFICATION. When a bill passes, it shall be  
23 certified to by the chief clerk, said certification to show the date  
24 of its passage together with the vote thereon.

### 25 **Hour of Meeting, Roll Call and Quorum**

26 **Rule 13.** (A) HOUR OF MEETING. The speaker shall call the house to  
27 order each day of sitting at 10:00 A.M., unless the house shall have  
28 adjourned to some other hour.

29 (B) ROLL CALL AND QUORUM. Before proceeding with business, the  
30 roll of the members shall be called and the names of those absent or  
31 excused shall be entered on the journal. A majority of all the  
32 members elected must be present to constitute a quorum for the  
33 transaction of business. In the absence of a quorum, seven members  
34 with the speaker, or eight members in the speaker's absence, having

1 chosen a speaker pro tempore, shall be authorized to demand a call of  
2 the house and may compel the attendance of absent members in the  
3 manner provided in Rule 21(B). For the purpose of determining if a  
4 quorum be present, the speaker shall count all members present,  
5 whether voting or not. (Art. II § 8)

6 (C) The house shall adjourn not later than 10:00 P.M. of each  
7 working day. This rule may be suspended by a majority vote.

### 8 **Daily Calendar and Order of Business**

9 **Rule 14.** The rules relating to the daily calendar and order of  
10 business are as follows:

11 (A) DAILY CALENDAR. Business of the house shall be disposed of in  
12 the following order:

13 First: Roll call, presentation of colors, prayer, and approval of  
14 the journal of the preceding day.

15 Second: Introduction of visiting dignitaries.

16 Third: Messages from the senate, governor, and other state  
17 officials.

18 Fourth: Introduction and first reading of bills, memorials, joint  
19 resolutions, and concurrent resolutions.

20 Fifth: Committee reports.

21 Sixth: Second reading of bills.

22 Seventh: Third reading of bills.

23 Eighth: Floor resolutions and motions.

24 Ninth: Presentation of petitions, memorials, and remonstrances  
25 addressed to the Legislature.

26 Tenth: Introduction of visitors and other business to be  
27 considered.

28 Eleventh: Announcements.

29 (B) UNFINISHED BUSINESS. The unfinished business at which the  
30 house was engaged preceding adjournment shall not be taken up until  
31 reached in regular order, unless the previous question on such  
32 unfinished business has been ordered prior to said adjournment.

33 (C) EXCEPTIONS. Exceptions to the order of business are as  
34 follows:

1 (1) The order of business may be changed by a majority vote of  
2 those present.

3 (2) By motion under the eighth order of business, a bill in the  
4 rules committee may be placed on the calendar by the affirmative vote  
5 of a majority of all members of the house.

6 (3) House resolutions and messages from the senate, governor, or  
7 other state officials may be read at any time.

8 **Motions**

9 **Rule 15.** Rules relating to motions are as follows:

10 (A) MOTIONS TO BE ENTERTAINED OR DEBATED. No motion shall be  
11 entertained or debated until announced by the speaker and every  
12 motion shall be deemed to have been seconded. A motion shall be  
13 reduced to writing and read by the clerk, if desired by the speaker  
14 or any member, before it shall be debated and by the consent of the  
15 house may be withdrawn before amendment or action.

16 (B) MOTIONS IN ORDER DURING DEBATE. When a motion has been made  
17 and seconded and stated by the chair, the following motions are in  
18 order, in the rank named:

19 (1) Privileged motions:

- 20 Adjourn
- 21 Adjourn to a time certain
- 22 Recess to a time certain
- 23 Reconsider
- 24 Demand for division
- 25 Question of privilege
- 26 Orders of the day

27

28 (2) Subsidiary motions:

- 29 First rank: Question of consideration
- 30 Second rank: To lay on the table
- 31 Third rank: For the previous question
- 32 Fourth rank: To postpone to a day certain

1 To commit or recommit

2 To postpone indefinitely

3 Fifth rank: To amend

4  
5 (3) Incidental motions:

6 Points of order and appeal

7 Method of consideration

8 Suspension of the rules

9 Reading papers

10 Withdraw a motion

11 Division of a question

12 (C) THE EFFECT OF POSTPONEMENT - MOTIONS TO POSTPONE OR COMMIT.  
13 Once decided, no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, or  
14 to postpone indefinitely shall again be allowed on the same day and  
15 at the same stage of the proceedings. When a question has been  
16 postponed indefinitely, it shall not again be introduced during the  
17 session. The motion to postpone indefinitely may be made at any stage  
18 of the bill except when on first reading.

19 (D) MOTIONS DECIDED WITHOUT DEBATE. A motion to adjourn, to  
20 recess, to lay on the table and to call for the previous question  
21 shall be decided without debate.

22 All incidental motions shall be decided without debate, except  
23 that members may speak to points of order and appeal as provided in  
24 Rule 22.

25 Motions to adopt house resolutions shall be decided without  
26 debate, except as provided in Rule 10(F).

27 A motion for suspension of the rules shall not be debatable  
28 except that the mover of the motion may briefly explain the purpose  
29 of the motion and one member may briefly state the opposition to the  
30 motion.

31 (E) MOTION TO ADJOURN. A motion to adjourn shall always be in  
32 order, except when the house is voting or is working under the call  
33 of the house; but this rule shall not authorize any member to move  
34 for adjournment when another member has the floor.

1 **Members Right to Debate**

2 **Rule 16.** The methods by which a member may exercise his or her  
3 right to debate are as follows:

4 (A) RECOGNITION OF MEMBER. When any member desires to speak in  
5 debate or deliver any matter to the house, the member shall rise and  
6 respectfully address the speaker and pause until recognized.

7 (B) ORDER OF SPEAKING. When two or more members arise at once,  
8 the speaker shall name the one who is to speak.

9 (C) LIMITATION OF DEBATE. No member shall speak longer than ten  
10 (10) minutes without consent of the house: PROVIDED, That on and  
11 after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine die of any  
12 session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12 of the  
13 state Constitution or concurrent resolution, or on and after the  
14 third day prior to the day any bill must be reported from the house  
15 as established by concurrent resolution, no member shall speak more  
16 than three (3) minutes without the consent of the house. No member  
17 shall speak more than twice on the same question without leave of the  
18 house: PROVIDED, That the chair of the committee or the mover of the  
19 question may close debate if it is consistent with Rule 18 (Previous  
20 Question).

21 **Rules of Debate**

22 **Rule 17.** The rules for debate in the house are as follows:

23 (A) QUESTION OF PRIVILEGE. Any member may rise to a question of  
24 privilege and explain a personal matter, by leave of the speaker, but  
25 the member shall not discuss any pending question in such  
26 explanations.

27 (B) WITHDRAWAL OF MOTION, BILL, ETC. After a motion is stated by  
28 the speaker or a bill, memorial, resolution, petition, or  
29 remonstrance is read by the clerk, it shall be deemed to be in  
30 possession of the house, but may be withdrawn by consent of the house  
31 at any time before decision or amendment.

32 (C) READING OF A PAPER. When the reading of any paper is called  
33 for and is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by a  
34 vote of the house.

1 (D) DISTRIBUTION OF MATERIALS. Any materials of any nature  
2 distributed to the members' desks on the floor shall be subject to  
3 approval by the speaker and shall bear the name of at least one  
4 member granting permission for the distribution. This shall not apply  
5 to materials normally distributed by the chief clerk.

6 (E) ORDER OF QUESTIONS. All questions, whether in committee or in  
7 the house, shall be propounded in the order in which they are named  
8 except that in filling blanks, the largest sum and the longest time  
9 shall be put first.

10 (F) DIVISION OF POINTS OF DEBATE. Any member may call for a  
11 division of a question which shall be divided if it embraces subjects  
12 so distinct that one being taken away a substantive proposition shall  
13 remain for the decision of the house; but a motion to strike out and  
14 to insert shall not be divided. The rejection of a motion to strike  
15 out and to insert one proposition shall not prevent a motion to  
16 strike out and to insert a different proposition.

17 (G) DECORUM OF MEMBERS. While the speaker is putting the  
18 question, no member shall walk across or out of the house; nor when a  
19 member is speaking shall any member entertain private discourse or  
20 pass between the speaking member and the rostrum.

21 (H) REMARKS CONFINED. A member shall confine all remarks to the  
22 question under debate and avoid personalities. No member shall impugn  
23 the motive of any member's vote or argument.

24 (I) EXCEPTION TO WORDS SPOKEN IN DEBATE. If any member be called  
25 to order for words spoken in debate, the person calling the member to  
26 order shall repeat the words excepted to and they shall be taken down  
27 in writing at the clerk's table. No member shall be held in answer or  
28 be subject to the censure of the house for words spoken in debate if  
29 any other member has spoken before exception to them shall have been  
30 taken.

31 (J) TRANSGRESSION OF RULES - APPEAL. If any member, in speaking  
32 or otherwise, transgresses the rules of the house the speaker shall,  
33 or any member may, call the member to order, in which case the member  
34 so called to order shall immediately sit down unless permitted to  
35 explain; and the house shall, if appealed to, decide the case without

1 debate; if there be no appeal, the decision of the chair shall  
2 prevail.

3 If the decision be in favor of the member called to order, the  
4 member shall be at liberty to proceed; if otherwise, and the case  
5 shall require it, the member shall be liable to the censure of the  
6 house.

### 7 **Ending of Debate - Previous Question**

8 **Rule 18.** The previous question may be ordered by a two-thirds  
9 (2/3) vote of the members present on all recognized motions or  
10 amendments which are debatable.

11 The previous question is not debatable and cannot be amended.

12 The previous question shall be put in this form: "Representative  
13 \_\_\_\_\_ demands the previous question. As many as are in favor of  
14 ordering the previous question will say 'Aye'; as many as are opposed  
15 will say 'No'."

16 The results of the motion are as follows: If determined in the  
17 negative, the consideration goes on as if the motion had never been  
18 made; if decided in the affirmative it shall have the effect of  
19 cutting off all debate and bringing the house to a direct vote upon  
20 the motion or amendment on which it has been ordered: PROVIDED  
21 HOWEVER, That when a bill is on final passage or when the motion to  
22 postpone indefinitely is pending, one of the sponsors of the bill or  
23 the chair of the committee may have the privilege of closing debate  
24 after the previous question has been ordered.

25 If an adjournment is had after the previous question is ordered,  
26 the motion or proposition on which the previous question was ordered  
27 shall be put to the house immediately following the approval of the  
28 journal on the next working day, thus making the main question  
29 privileged over all other business, whether new or unfinished.

### 30 **Voting**

31 **Rule 19.** (A) PUTTING OF QUESTION. The speaker shall put the  
32 question in the following form: "The question before the house is  
33 (state the question). As many as are in favor say 'Aye'; and after  
34 the affirmative vote is expressed, "as many as are opposed say 'No'."



1 (B) ALL MEMBERS TO VOTE. Every member who was in the house when  
2 the question was put shall vote unless, for special reasons, excused  
3 by the house.

4 All motions to excuse a member shall be made before the house  
5 divides or before the call for yeas and nays is commenced; and any  
6 member requesting to be excused from voting may make a brief and  
7 verbal statement of the reasons for making such request, and the  
8 question shall then be taken without further debate.

9 Upon a division and count of the house on the question, only  
10 members at their desks within the bar of the house shall be counted.

11 (C) CHANGE OF VOTE. When the electric roll call machine is used,  
12 no member shall be allowed to vote or change a vote after the speaker  
13 has locked the roll call machine. When an oral roll call is taken, no  
14 member shall be allowed to vote or change a vote after the result has  
15 been announced.

16 (D) PRIVATE INTEREST. No member shall vote on any question which  
17 affects that member privately and particularly. A member who has a  
18 private interest in any bill or measure proposed or pending before  
19 the legislature shall disclose the fact to the house of which he is a  
20 member, and shall not vote thereon. (Art. II § 30)

21 (E) INTERRUPTION OF ROLL CALL. Once begun, the roll call may not  
22 be interrupted. No member or other person shall visit or remain at  
23 the clerk's desk while the yeas and nays are being called.

24 (F) YEAS AND NAYS - RECORDED VOTES. Upon the final passage of any  
25 bill, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays and shall be recorded  
26 by the electric voting system: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That an oral roll  
27 call shall be ordered when demanded by one-sixth (1/6) of the members  
28 present. (Art. II § 21)

29 The speaker may vote last when the yeas and nays are called.

30 When the vote is by electric voting machine or by oral roll call  
31 on any question, it shall be entered upon the journal of the house. A  
32 recorded vote may be compelled by one-sixth (1/6) of the members  
33 present. A request for a recorded vote must be made before the vote  
34 is commenced.

35 (G) TIE VOTE, QUESTION LOSES. In case of an equal division, the  
36 question shall be lost.

1 (H) DIVISION. If the speaker is in doubt, or if division is  
2 called for by any member, the house shall divide.

3 (I) STATEMENT FOR JOURNAL. A member whose recorded vote does not  
4 accurately reflect his or her intent may submit a written statement  
5 for the journal clarifying their intent to vote aye or nay. The  
6 statement must be submitted to the chief clerk on the same day the  
7 vote is taken. A member who is excused for one or more days of  
8 recorded votes may submit a written statement for the journal  
9 explaining the reason for his or her absence. The statement may not  
10 exceed fifty words and must be submitted to the chief clerk on the  
11 same day the member returns.

### 12 **Reconsideration**

13 **Rule 20.** Notice of a motion for reconsideration on the final  
14 passage of bills shall be made on the day the vote to be reconsidered  
15 was taken and before the house has voted to transmit the bill to the  
16 senate.

17 Reconsideration of the votes on the final passage of bills must  
18 be taken on the next working day after such vote was taken: PROVIDED,  
19 That on and after the fifth day prior to the day of adjournment sine  
20 die of any session, as determined pursuant to Article II, Section 12  
21 of the state Constitution, or concurrent resolution, or on and after  
22 the third day prior to the day a bill must be reported from the house  
23 as established by concurrent resolution, then reconsideration of  
24 votes on the final passage of bills must be taken on the same day as  
25 the original vote was taken.

26 A motion to reconsider an amendment may be made at any time the  
27 bill remains on second reading.

28 Any member who voted on the prevailing side may move for  
29 reconsideration or give notice thereof.

30 A motion to reconsider can be decided only once when decided in  
31 the negative.

32 When a motion to reconsider has been carried, its effect shall be  
33 to place the original question before the house in the exact position  
34 it occupied before it was voted upon.

### 35 **Call of the House**





1 (B) COMMITTEE QUORUM. A majority of any committee shall  
2 constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

3 (C) SESSION MEETINGS. No committee shall sit while the house is  
4 in session without special leave of the speaker.

5 (D) DUTIES OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

6 (1) Only such bills as are included on the written notice of a  
7 committee meeting may be considered at that meeting except upon the  
8 vote of a majority of the entire membership of the committee to  
9 consider another bill.

10 (2) A majority recommendation of a committee must be signed by a  
11 majority of the entire membership of the committee in a regularly  
12 called meeting before a bill, memorial, or resolution may be reported  
13 out: PROVIDED, That by motion under the eighth order of business, a  
14 majority of the members elected to the house may relieve a committee  
15 of a bill and place it on the second reading calendar.

16 Majority recommendations of a committee can only be "do pass,"  
17 "do pass as amended," or that "the substitute bill be substituted  
18 therefor and that the substitute bill do pass."

19 (3) Members of the committee not concurring in the majority  
20 report may prepare a written minority report containing a  
21 recommendation of "do not pass" or "without recommendation," which  
22 shall be signed by those members of the committee subscribing  
23 thereto, and submitted with the majority report.

24 (4) All committee reports shall be spread upon the journal. The  
25 journal of the house shall contain an exact copy of all committee  
26 reports, together with the names of the members signing such reports.

27 (5) Every vote to report a bill out of committee shall be taken  
28 by the yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for and  
29 against, as well as the names of members absent, shall be recorded on  
30 the committee report. Any member may call for a recorded vote, which  
31 shall include the names of absent members, on any substantive  
32 question before the committee. A copy of all recorded committee votes  
33 shall be kept by the chief clerk and shall be available for public  
34 inspection.

35 (6) All bills having a direct appropriation shall be referred to  
36 the appropriate fiscal committee before their final passage.

1 (7) No standing committee shall vote by secret written ballot on  
2 any issue.

3 (8) During its consideration of or vote on any bill, resolution,  
4 or memorial, the deliberations of any standing committee of the house  
5 of representatives shall be open to the public.

6 (9) A standing committee to which a bill was originally referred  
7 shall, prior to voting the bill out of committee, consider whether  
8 the bill authorizes rule-making powers or requires the exercise of  
9 rule-making powers and, if so, consider:

10 (a) The nature of the new rule-making powers; and

11 (b) To which agencies the new rule-making powers would be  
12 delegated and which agencies, if any, may have related rule-making  
13 powers.

14 (10) Standing committee subcommittees established in Rule 23 have  
15 the same powers and duties as standing committees.

16 (11) Insofar as practicable, testimony in public hearings should  
17 be balanced between those in support of and in opposition to proposed  
18 legislation, with consideration given to providing an opportunity for  
19 members of the public to testify within available time.

#### 20 **Standing Committees - Expenses - Subpoena Power**

21 **Rule 25.** Regardless of whether the legislature is in session,  
22 members of the house may receive from moneys appropriated for the  
23 legislature, reimbursement for necessary travel expenses, and  
24 payments in lieu of subsistence and lodging for conducting official  
25 business of the house.

26 The standing committees of the house may have the powers of  
27 subpoena, the power to administer oaths, and the power to issue  
28 commissions for the examination of witnesses in accordance with the  
29 provisions of chapter 44.16 RCW. Before a standing committee of the  
30 house may issue any process, the committee chairperson shall submit  
31 for approval of the executive rules committee a statement of purpose  
32 setting forth the name or names of those subject to process. The  
33 process shall not be issued prior to approval by the executive rules  
34 committee. The process shall be limited to the named individuals.

#### 35 **Vetoed Bills**



1 **Smoking**

2 **Rule 28.** Smoking of cigarettes, pipes, or cigars shall not be  
3 permitted at any public meeting of any committee of the house of  
4 representatives or within House facilities.

5 "No smoking" signs shall be posted so as to give notice of this  
6 rule.

7 **Liquor**

8 **Rule 29.** The House of Representatives shall strictly adhere to  
9 the liquor laws of the state of Washington, including provisions  
10 relating to banquet and special occasion permits. The proper permits  
11 must always be obtained before consumption of liquor in any house  
12 facility.

13 **Parliamentary Rules**

14 **Rule 30.** The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in Reed's  
15 Parliamentary Rules shall govern all cases in which they are not  
16 inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the house.

17 **Standing Rules Amendment**

18 **Rule 31.** Any standing rule may be rescinded or changed by a  
19 majority vote of the members elected: PROVIDED, That the proposed  
20 change or changes be submitted at least one day in advance in writing  
21 to the members together with notice of the consideration thereof. Any  
22 standing rule may be suspended temporarily by a two-thirds (2/3) vote  
23 of the members present except as provided in Rule 10.

24 **Rules to Apply for Assembly**

25 **Rule 32.** The permanent house rules adopted at the beginning of  
26 the term are to govern all acts of the house during the course of the  
27 term unless amended or repealed.

28 **Legislative Publications**

29 **Rule 33.** The House of Representatives directs the house executive  
30 rules committee to adopt procedures and guidelines to ensure that all  
31 legislative publications at public expense are for legitimate  
32 legislative purposes.

33  
34 I hereby certify this to be a true and correct copy of



