HOUSE BILL 2634

State	of	Washington	66th	Legislature	2020	Regular	Session

By Representatives Walen, Barkis, Stokesbary, and Macri

AN ACT Relating to exempting a sale or transfer of real property for affordable housing to a nonprofit entity, housing authority, or public corporation from the real estate excise tax; amending RCW 82.45.010; reenacting and amending RCW 82.45.010; creating new sections; providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that Washington 8 state has one of the strongest economies in the country. However, 9 10 despite the strong economy, our state has entered an affordable 11 housing crisis where low-income and middle-income households have the 12 fewest number of housing options. Furthermore, it is estimated that Washington state's housing gap is among the most severe in the 13 nation, with only twenty-nine affordable and available rental homes 14 15 for every one hundred extremely low-income households.

16 (2) The legislature concludes that in the spirit of one 17 Washington, the health of all Washingtonians will benefit from a 18 larger stock in affordable housing. Therefore, it is the intent of 19 the legislature to incentivize real property transfers to nonprofit 20 housing providers or public housing authorities to increase the 21 availability of affordable housing for low-income Washingtonians. <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. (1) This section is the tax preference performance statement for the tax preferences in sections 3 and 4, chapter . . . , Laws of 2020 (sections 3 and 4 of this act). This performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preferences. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax treatment.

8 (2) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one 9 intended to induce certain designated behavior by taxpayers, as 10 indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(a).

(3) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to encourage sales or transfers of real property to nonprofit entities, housing authorities, or public corporations that intend to use the transferred property for rental housing for low-income persons.

15 (4) If a review finds that the number of sales or transfers of 16 real property to qualified entities has not increased, then the 17 legislature intends to repeal the expiration date of the tax 18 preference.

19 (5) In order to obtain the data necessary to perform the review 20 in subsection (4) of this section, the joint legislative audit and 21 review committee may refer to any available data source, including 22 the transfer or sale of properties reported by county records.

23 Sec. 3. RCW 82.45.010 and 2019 c 424 s 3, 2019 c 390 s 10, and 24 2019 c 385 s 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

25 (1) As used in this chapter, the term "sale" has its ordinary meaning and includes any conveyance, grant, assignment, quitclaim, or 26 27 transfer of the ownership of or title to real property, including 28 standing timber, or any estate or interest therein for a valuable consideration, and any contract for such conveyance, 29 grant, 30 assignment, quitclaim, or transfer, and any lease with an option to 31 purchase real property, including standing timber, or any estate or 32 interest therein or other contract under which possession of the property is given to the purchaser, or any other person at the 33 purchaser's direction, and title to the property is retained by the 34 35 vendor as security for the payment of the purchase price. The term also includes the grant, assignment, quitclaim, sale, or transfer of 36 37 improvements constructed upon leased land.

38 (2)(a) The term "sale" also includes the transfer or acquisition 39 within any thirty-six month period of a controlling interest in any

entity with an interest in real property located in this state for a
 valuable consideration.

(b) For the sole purpose of determining whether, pursuant to the 3 exercise of an option, a controlling interest was transferred or 4 acquired within a thirty-six month period, the date that the option 5 6 agreement was executed is the date on which the transfer or acquisition of the controlling interest is deemed to occur. For all 7 other purposes under this chapter, the date upon which the option is 8 exercised is the date of the transfer or acquisition of the 9 controlling interest. 10

11 (c) For purposes of this subsection, all acquisitions of persons 12 acting in concert must be aggregated for purposes of determining 13 whether a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest has taken 14 place. The department must adopt standards by rule to determine when 15 persons are acting in concert. In adopting a rule for this purpose, 16 the department must consider the following:

(i) Persons must be treated as acting in concert when they have a relationship with each other such that one person influences or controls the actions of another through common ownership; and

(ii) When persons are not commonly owned or controlled, they must 20 21 be treated as acting in concert only when the unity with which the 22 purchasers have negotiated and will consummate the transfer of ownership interests supports a finding that they are acting as a 23 single entity. If the acquisitions are completely independent, with 24 25 each purchaser buying without regard to the identity of the other 26 purchasers, then the acquisitions are considered separate 27 acquisitions.

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(3) The term "sale" does not include:

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(a) A transfer by gift, devise, or inheritance.

30 (b) A transfer by transfer on death deed, to the extent that it 31 is not in satisfaction of a contractual obligation of the decedent 32 owed to the recipient of the property.

33 (c) A transfer of any leasehold interest other than of the type 34 mentioned above.

35 (d) A cancellation or forfeiture of a vendee's interest in a 36 contract for the sale of real property, whether or not such contract 37 contains a forfeiture clause, or deed in lieu of foreclosure of a 38 mortgage.

(e) The partition of property by tenants in common by agreementor as the result of a court decree.

1 (f) The assignment of property or interest in property from one 2 spouse or one domestic partner to the other spouse or other domestic 3 partner in accordance with the terms of a decree of dissolution of 4 marriage or state registered domestic partnership or in fulfillment 5 of a property settlement agreement.

6 (g) The assignment or other transfer of a vendor's interest in a 7 contract for the sale of real property, even though accompanied by a 8 conveyance of the vendor's interest in the real property involved.

9 (h) Transfers by appropriation or decree in condemnation 10 proceedings brought by the United States, the state or any political 11 subdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation.

12 (i) A mortgage or other transfer of an interest in real property 13 merely to secure a debt, or the assignment thereof.

(j) Any transfer or conveyance made pursuant to a deed of trust or an order of sale by the court in any mortgage, deed of trust, or lien foreclosure proceeding or upon execution of a judgment, or deed in lieu of foreclosure to satisfy a mortgage or deed of trust.

18 (k) A conveyance to the federal housing administration or 19 veterans administration by an authorized mortgagee made pursuant to a 20 contract of insurance or guaranty with the federal housing 21 administration or veterans administration.

(1) A transfer in compliance with the terms of any lease or contract upon which the tax as imposed by this chapter has been paid or where the lease or contract was entered into prior to the date this tax was first imposed.

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(m) The sale of any grave or lot in an established cemetery.

(n) A sale by the United States, this state or any politicalsubdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation of this state.

(o) A sale to a regional transit authority or public corporation
 under RCW 81.112.320 under a sale/leaseback agreement under RCW
 81.112.300.

32 (p) A transfer of real property, however effected, if it consists of a mere change in identity or form of ownership of an entity where 33 there is no change in the beneficial ownership. These include 34 transfers to a corporation or partnership which is wholly owned by 35 the transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or 36 children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic 37 partner. However, if thereafter such transferee corporation or 38 39 partnership voluntarily transfers such real property, or such 40 transferor, spouse or domestic partner, or children of the transferor

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or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner voluntarily transfer 1 stock in the transferee corporation or interest in the transferee 2 partnership capital, as the case may be, to other than (i) the 3 transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or 4 children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic 5 6 partner, (ii) a trust having the transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the 7 transferor's spouse or domestic partner as the only beneficiaries at 8 the time of the transfer to the trust, or (iii) a corporation or 9 partnership wholly owned by the original transferor and/or the 10 11 transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor 12 or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner, within three years of the original transfer to which this exemption applies, and the tax on 13 the subsequent transfer has not been paid within sixty days of 14 15 becoming due, excise taxes become due and payable on the original 16 transfer as otherwise provided by law.

(q) (i) A transfer that for federal income tax purposes does not involve the recognition of gain or loss for entity formation, liquidation or dissolution, and reorganization, including but not limited to nonrecognition of gain or loss because of application of 26 U.S.C. Sec. 332, 337, 351, 368(a) (1), 721, or 731 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended.

23 (ii) However, the transfer described in (q)(i) of this subsection cannot be preceded or followed within a thirty-six month period by 24 25 another transfer or series of transfers, that, when combined with the 26 otherwise exempt transfer or transfers described in (q)(i) of this subsection, results in the transfer of a controlling interest in the 27 28 entity for valuable consideration, and in which one or more persons previously holding a controlling interest in the entity receive cash 29 or property in exchange for any interest the person or persons acting 30 31 in concert hold in the entity. This subsection (3)(q)(ii) does not 32 apply to that part of the transfer involving property received that is the real property interest that the person or persons originally 33 contributed to the entity or when one or more persons who did not 34 contribute real property or belong to the entity at a time when real 35 36 property was purchased receive cash or personal property in exchange for that person or persons' interest in the entity. The real estate 37 excise tax under this subsection (3)(q)(ii) is imposed upon the 38 39 person or persons who previously held a controlling interest in the 40 entity.

(r) A qualified sale of a manufactured/mobile home community, as
 defined in RCW 59.20.030.

3 (s)(i) A transfer of a qualified low-income housing development 4 or controlling interest in a qualified low-income housing 5 development, unless, due to noncompliance with federal statutory 6 requirements, the seller is subject to recapture, in whole or in 7 part, of its allocated federal low-income housing tax credits within 8 the four years prior to the date of transfer.

(ii) For purposes of this subsection (3)(s), "qualified low-9 income housing development" means real property and improvements in 10 respect to which the seller or, in the case of a transfer of a 11 controlling interest, the owner or beneficial owner, was allocated 12 federal low-income housing tax credits authorized under 26 U.S.C. 13 Sec. 42 or successor statute, by the Washington state housing finance 14 commission or successor state-authorized tax credit allocating 15 16 agency.

17 (iii) This subsection (3)(s) does not apply to transfers of a 18 qualified low-income housing development or controlling interest in a 19 qualified low-income housing development occurring on or after July 20 1, 2035.

21 (iv) The Washington state housing finance commission, in 22 consultation with the department, must gather data on: (A) The fiscal 23 savings, if any, accruing to transferees as a result of the exemption provided in this subsection (3)(s); (B) the extent to which 24 25 transferors of qualified low-income housing developments receive 26 consideration, including any assumption of debt, as part of a transfer subject to the exemption provided in this subsection (3)(s); 27 28 and (C) the continued use of the property for low-income housing. The 29 Washington state housing finance commission must provide this information to the joint legislative audit and review committee. The 30 31 committee must conduct a review of the tax preference created under 32 this subsection (3)(s) in calendar year 2033, as required under 33 chapter 43.136 RCW.

34 (t)(i) A qualified transfer of residential property by a legal 35 representative of a person with developmental disabilities to a 36 qualified entity subject to the following conditions:

37 (A) The adult child with developmental disabilities of the 38 transferor of the residential property must be allowed to reside in 39 the residence or successor property so long as the placement is safe

1 and appropriate as determined by the department of social and health 2 services;

3 (B) The title to the residential property is conveyed without the 4 receipt of consideration by the legal representative of a person with 5 developmental disabilities to a qualified entity;

6 (C) The residential property must have no more than four living 7 units located on it; and

(D) The residential property transferred must remain in continued 8 use for fifty years by the qualified entity as supported living for 9 persons with developmental disabilities by the qualified entity or 10 11 successor entity. If the qualified entity sells or otherwise conveys 12 ownership of the residential property the proceeds of the sale or conveyance must be used to acquire similar residential property and 13 such similar residential property must be considered the successor 14 for continued use. The property will not be considered in continued 15 use if the department of social and health services finds that the 16 17 property has failed, after a reasonable time to remedy, to meet any health and safety statutory or regulatory requirements. If the 18 department of social and health services determines that the property 19 fails to meet the requirements for continued use, the department of 20 social and health services must notify the department and the real 21 22 estate excise tax based on the value of the property at the time of 23 the transfer into use as residential property for persons with developmental disabilities becomes immediately due and payable by the 24 25 qualified entity. The tax due is not subject to penalties, fees, or interest under this title. 26

(ii) For the purposes of this subsection (3)(t) the definitionsin RCW 71A.10.020 apply.

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(iii) A "qualified entity" is:

30 (A) A nonprofit organization under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) 31 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, as of June 32 7, 2018, or a subsidiary under the same taxpayer identification 33 number that provides residential supported living for persons with 34 developmental disabilities; or

(B) A nonprofit adult family home, as defined in RCW 70.128.010,
 that exclusively serves persons with developmental disabilities.

(iv) In order to receive an exemption under this subsection (3)(t) an affidavit must be submitted by the transferor of the residential property and must include a copy of the transfer agreement and any other documentation as required by the department.

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1 (u)(i) The sale by an affordable homeownership facilitator of 2 self-help housing to a low-income household. ((The definitions in 3 section 2 of this act apply to this subsection.))

4 (ii) The definitions in this subsection (3)(u) apply to this 5 subsection (3)(u) unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

6 (A) "Affordable homeownership facilitator" means a nonprofit 7 community or neighborhood-based organization that is exempt from 8 income tax under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c) of the internal revenue 9 code of 1986, as amended, as of October 1, 2019, and that is the 10 developer of self-help housing.

11 (B) "Low-income" means household income as defined by the 12 department, provided that the definition may not exceed eighty 13 percent of median household income, adjusted for household size, for 14 the county in which the dwelling is located.

15 (C) "Self-help housing" means dwelling residences provided for 16 ownership by low-income individuals and families whose ownership 17 requirement includes labor participation. "Self-help housing" does 18 not include residential rental housing provided on a commercial basis 19 to the general public.

(v) (i) A sale or transfer of real property to a qualifying 20 21 grantee including a nonprofit entity as defined in RCW 84.36.560, a 22 housing authority created under RCW 35.82.030 or 35.82.300, or a 23 public corporation established under RCW 35.21.660, 35.21.670, or 24 35.21.730, that intends to use the property for rental housing for low-income persons and receive, or otherwise qualify the property 25 for, an exemption from real and personal property taxes under RCW 26 84.36.560, 35.82.210, or 35.21.755. A qualifying grantee must comply 27 28 with the following certification requirements:

29 <u>(A) If the qualifying grantee intends to operate existing housing</u> 30 <u>on the property as affordable housing, the qualifying grantee must</u> 31 <u>certify, by affidavit at the time of transfer, the qualifying</u> 32 <u>grantee's intent to receive or qualify the property for such a tax</u> 33 <u>exemption within one year.</u>

34 <u>(B) If the qualifying grantee intends to develop new affordable</u> 35 housing on the site, the qualifying grantee must certify, by 36 affidavit at the time of transfer, the qualifying grantee's intent to 37 receive or qualify the property for such a tax exemption within five 38 years.

39 <u>(C) If the qualifying grantee intends to substantially</u>
40 rehabilitate the premises as defined in RCW 59.18.200, the qualifying

1 grantee must certify, by affidavit at the time of transfer, the 2 gualifying grantee's intent to receive or qualify the property for 3 such a tax exemption within three years.

4 (ii) If the qualifying grantee fails to receive, or otherwise 5 qualify the property for, an exemption from real and personal 6 property taxes under RCW 84.36.560, 35.82.210, or 35.21.755 within 7 the timelines described in (v)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, 8 the qualifying grantee must pay the tax that would have otherwise 9 been due at the time of initial transfer, plus interest calculated 10 pursuant to RCW 82.32.050.

(iii) If a qualifying grantee transfers the property to a 11 12 different qualifying grantee within the original timelines described in (v)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, neither the original 13 14 qualifying grantee nor the new qualifying grantee is required to pay the tax, so long as the new qualifying grantee operates, 15 substantially rehabilitates, or develops the property for the 16 17 intended purpose within the exemption period of the initial transfer. There is no limit on the number of transfers between qualifying 18 19 grantees.

20 (iv) Each affidavit must be filed with the department upon 21 completion of the sale or transfer of property. The qualifying 22 grantee must file a second affidavit with the department once the 23 property has been qualified for the property tax exemption as 24 described in (v)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection.

25 Sec. 4. RCW 82.45.010 and 2019 c 424 s 3 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

27 (1) As used in this chapter, the term "sale" has its ordinary 28 meaning and includes any conveyance, grant, assignment, guitclaim, or 29 transfer of the ownership of or title to real property, including 30 standing timber, or any estate or interest therein for a valuable 31 consideration, and any contract for such conveyance, grant, assignment, quitclaim, or transfer, and any lease with an option to 32 purchase real property, including standing timber, or any estate or 33 interest therein or other contract under which possession of the 34 property is given to the purchaser, or any other person at the 35 purchaser's direction, and title to the property is retained by the 36 37 vendor as security for the payment of the purchase price. The term 38 also includes the grant, assignment, quitclaim, sale, or transfer of 39 improvements constructed upon leased land.

1 (2)(a) The term "sale" also includes the transfer or acquisition 2 within any thirty-six month period of a controlling interest in any 3 entity with an interest in real property located in this state for a 4 valuable consideration.

(b) For the sole purpose of determining whether, pursuant to the 5 6 exercise of an option, a controlling interest was transferred or acquired within a thirty-six month period, the date that the option 7 agreement was executed is the date on which the transfer or 8 acquisition of the controlling interest is deemed to occur. For all 9 other purposes under this chapter, the date upon which the option is 10 11 exercised is the date of the transfer or acquisition of the 12 controlling interest.

(c) For purposes of this subsection, all acquisitions of persons acting in concert must be aggregated for purposes of determining whether a transfer or acquisition of a controlling interest has taken place. The department must adopt standards by rule to determine when persons are acting in concert. In adopting a rule for this purpose, the department must consider the following:

(i) Persons must be treated as acting in concert when they have a relationship with each other such that one person influences or controls the actions of another through common ownership; and

22 (ii) When persons are not commonly owned or controlled, they must 23 be treated as acting in concert only when the unity with which the purchasers have negotiated and will consummate the transfer of 24 25 ownership interests supports a finding that they are acting as a 26 single entity. If the acquisitions are completely independent, with 27 each purchaser buying without regard to the identity of the other 28 purchasers, then the acquisitions are considered separate 29 acquisitions.

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(3) The term "sale" does not include:

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(a) A transfer by gift, devise, or inheritance.

32 (b) A transfer by transfer on death deed, to the extent that it 33 is not in satisfaction of a contractual obligation of the decedent 34 owed to the recipient of the property.

35 (c) A transfer of any leasehold interest other than of the type 36 mentioned above.

37 (d) A cancellation or forfeiture of a vendee's interest in a 38 contract for the sale of real property, whether or not such contract 39 contains a forfeiture clause, or deed in lieu of foreclosure of a 40 mortgage. 1 (e) The partition of property by tenants in common by agreement 2 or as the result of a court decree.

3 (f) The assignment of property or interest in property from one 4 spouse or one domestic partner to the other spouse or other domestic 5 partner in accordance with the terms of a decree of dissolution of 6 marriage or state registered domestic partnership or in fulfillment 7 of a property settlement agreement.

8 (g) The assignment or other transfer of a vendor's interest in a 9 contract for the sale of real property, even though accompanied by a 10 conveyance of the vendor's interest in the real property involved.

(h) Transfers by appropriation or decree in condemnation proceedings brought by the United States, the state or any political subdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation.

14 (i) A mortgage or other transfer of an interest in real property15 merely to secure a debt, or the assignment thereof.

(j) Any transfer or conveyance made pursuant to a deed of trust or an order of sale by the court in any mortgage, deed of trust, or lien foreclosure proceeding or upon execution of a judgment, or deed in lieu of foreclosure to satisfy a mortgage or deed of trust.

20 (k) A conveyance to the federal housing administration or 21 veterans administration by an authorized mortgagee made pursuant to a 22 contract of insurance or guaranty with the federal housing 23 administration or veterans administration.

(1) A transfer in compliance with the terms of any lease or contract upon which the tax as imposed by this chapter has been paid or where the lease or contract was entered into prior to the date this tax was first imposed.

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(m) The sale of any grave or lot in an established cemetery.

(n) A sale by the United States, this state or any politicalsubdivision thereof, or a municipal corporation of this state.

31 (o) A sale to a regional transit authority or public corporation 32 under RCW 81.112.320 under a sale/leaseback agreement under RCW 33 81.112.300.

(p) A transfer of real property, however effected, if it consists of a mere change in identity or form of ownership of an entity where there is no change in the beneficial ownership. These include transfers to a corporation or partnership which is wholly owned by the transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner. However, if thereafter such transferee corporation or

partnership voluntarily transfers such real property, or such 1 transferor, spouse or domestic partner, or children of the transferor 2 or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner voluntarily transfer 3 stock in the transferee corporation or interest in the transferee 4 partnership capital, as the case may be, to other than (i) the 5 6 transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the transferor's spouse or domestic 7 partner, (ii) a trust having the transferor and/or the transferor's 8 spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor or the 9 transferor's spouse or domestic partner as the only beneficiaries at 10 the time of the transfer to the trust, or (iii) a corporation or 11 12 partnership wholly owned by the original transferor and/or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner or children of the transferor 13 or the transferor's spouse or domestic partner, within three years of 14 the original transfer to which this exemption applies, and the tax on 15 16 the subsequent transfer has not been paid within sixty days of 17 becoming due, excise taxes become due and payable on the original 18 transfer as otherwise provided by law.

(q) (i) A transfer that for federal income tax purposes does not involve the recognition of gain or loss for entity formation, liquidation or dissolution, and reorganization, including but not limited to nonrecognition of gain or loss because of application of 26 U.S.C. Sec. 332, 337, 351, 368(a) (1), 721, or 731 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended.

(ii) However, the transfer described in (q)(i) of this subsection 25 26 cannot be preceded or followed within a thirty-six month period by another transfer or series of transfers, that, when combined with the 27 28 otherwise exempt transfer or transfers described in (q)(i) of this subsection, results in the transfer of a controlling interest in the 29 entity for valuable consideration, and in which one or more persons 30 31 previously holding a controlling interest in the entity receive cash 32 or property in exchange for any interest the person or persons acting 33 in concert hold in the entity. This subsection (3)(q)(ii) does not apply to that part of the transfer involving property received that 34 is the real property interest that the person or persons originally 35 36 contributed to the entity or when one or more persons who did not contribute real property or belong to the entity at a time when real 37 property was purchased receive cash or personal property in exchange 38 39 for that person or persons' interest in the entity. The real estate 40 excise tax under this subsection (3)(q)(ii) is imposed upon the

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1 person or persons who previously held a controlling interest in the 2 entity.

3 (r) A qualified sale of a manufactured/mobile home community, as
4 defined in RCW 59.20.030, that takes place on or after June 12, 2008,
5 but before December 31, 2018.

6 (s)(i) A transfer of a qualified low-income housing development 7 or controlling interest in a qualified low-income housing 8 development, unless, due to noncompliance with federal statutory 9 requirements, the seller is subject to recapture, in whole or in 10 part, of its allocated federal low-income housing tax credits within 11 the four years prior to the date of transfer.

12 (ii) For purposes of this subsection (3)(s), "qualified lowincome housing development" means real property and improvements in 13 respect to which the seller or, in the case of a transfer of a 14 controlling interest, the owner or beneficial owner, was allocated 15 16 federal low-income housing tax credits authorized under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 42 or successor statute, by the Washington state housing finance 17 18 commission or successor state-authorized tax credit allocating 19 agency.

20 (iii) This subsection (3)(s) does not apply to transfers of a 21 qualified low-income housing development or controlling interest in a 22 qualified low-income housing development occurring on or after July 23 1, 2035.

The Washington state housing finance commission, 24 (iv) in 25 consultation with the department, must gather data on: (A) The fiscal 26 savings, if any, accruing to transferees as a result of the exemption 27 provided in this subsection (3)(s); (B) the extent to which 28 transferors of qualified low-income housing developments receive 29 consideration, including any assumption of debt, as part of a transfer subject to the exemption provided in this subsection (3)(s); 30 31 and (C) the continued use of the property for low-income housing. The 32 Washington state housing finance commission must provide this 33 information to the joint legislative audit and review committee. The committee must conduct a review of the tax preference created under 34 this subsection (3)(s) in calendar year 2033, as required under 35 36 chapter 43.136 RCW.

37 (t)(i) A qualified transfer of residential property by a legal 38 representative of a person with developmental disabilities to a 39 qualified entity subject to the following conditions:

1 (A) The adult child with developmental disabilities of the 2 transferor of the residential property must be allowed to reside in 3 the residence or successor property so long as the placement is safe 4 and appropriate as determined by the department of social and health 5 services;

6 (B) The title to the residential property is conveyed without the 7 receipt of consideration by the legal representative of a person with 8 developmental disabilities to a qualified entity;

9 (C) The residential property must have no more than four living 10 units located on it; and

11 (D) The residential property transferred must remain in continued use for fifty years by the qualified entity as supported living for 12 persons with developmental disabilities by the qualified entity or 13 successor entity. If the qualified entity sells or otherwise conveys 14 ownership of the residential property the proceeds of the sale or 15 16 conveyance must be used to acquire similar residential property and 17 such similar residential property must be considered the successor for continued use. The property will not be considered in continued 18 use if the department of social and health services finds that the 19 property has failed, after a reasonable time to remedy, to meet any 20 21 health and safety statutory or regulatory requirements. If the department of social and health services determines that the property 22 fails to meet the requirements for continued use, the department of 23 social and health services must notify the department and the real 24 25 estate excise tax based on the value of the property at the time of 26 the transfer into use as residential property for persons with developmental disabilities becomes immediately due and payable by the 27 qualified entity. The tax due is not subject to penalties, fees, or 28 29 interest under this title.

30 (ii) For the purposes of this subsection (3)(t) the definitions 31 in RCW 71A.10.020 apply.

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(iii) A "qualified entity" is:

(A) A nonprofit organization under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, as of June 7, 2018, or a subsidiary under the same taxpayer identification number that provides residential supported living for persons with developmental disabilities; or

(B) A nonprofit adult family home, as defined in RCW 70.128.010,that exclusively serves persons with developmental disabilities.

1 (iv) In order to receive an exemption under this subsection 2 (3)(t) an affidavit must be submitted by the transferor of the 3 residential property and must include a copy of the transfer 4 agreement and any other documentation as required by the department.

(u) (i) A sale or transfer of real property to a qualifying 5 6 grantee including a nonprofit entity as defined in RCW 84.36.560, a 7 housing authority created under RCW 35.82.030 or 35.82.300, or a public corporation established under RCW 35.21.660, 35.21.670, or 8 35.21.730, that intends to use the property for rental housing for 9 10 low-income persons and receive, or otherwise qualify the property for, an exemption from real and personal property taxes under RCW 11 84.36.560, 35.82.210, or 35.21.755. A gualifying grantee must comply 12 with the following certification requirements: 13

14 <u>(A) If the qualifying grantee intends to operate existing housing</u> 15 <u>on the property as affordable housing, the qualifying grantee must</u> 16 <u>certify, by affidavit at the time of transfer, the qualifying</u> 17 <u>grantee's intent to receive or qualify the property for such a tax</u> 18 <u>exemption within one year.</u>

19 <u>(B) If the qualifying grantee intends to develop new affordable</u> 20 <u>housing on the site, the qualifying grantee must certify, by</u> 21 <u>affidavit at the time of transfer, the qualifying grantee's intent to</u> 22 <u>receive or qualify the property for such a tax exemption within five</u> 23 <u>years.</u>

24 <u>(C) If the qualifying grantee intends to substantially</u> 25 rehabilitate the premises as defined in RCW 59.18.200, the qualifying 26 grantee must certify, by affidavit at the time of transfer, the 27 qualifying grantee's intent to receive or qualify the property for 28 such a tax exemption within three years.

(ii) If the qualifying grantee fails to receive, or otherwise qualify the property for, an exemption from real and personal property taxes under RCW 84.36.560, 35.82.210, or 35.21.755 within the timelines described in (u)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, the qualifying grantee must pay the tax that would have otherwise been due at the time of initial transfer, plus interest calculated pursuant to RCW 82.32.050.

36 (iii) If a qualifying grantee transfers the property to a 37 different qualifying grantee within the original timelines described 38 in (u)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection, neither the original 39 qualifying grantee nor the new qualifying grantee is required to pay 40 the tax, so long as the new qualifying grantee operates,

substantially rehabilitates, or develops the property for the 1 intended purpose within the exemption period of the initial transfer. 2 There is no limit on the number of transfers between qualifying 3 4 grantees. (iv) Each affidavit must be filed with the department upon 5 6 completion of the sale or transfer of property. The qualifying 7 grantee must file a second affidavit with the department once the property has been qualified for the property tax exemption as 8

9 described in (u)(i)(A), (B), or (C) of this subsection.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. The expiration date provisions of RCW 11 82.32.805(1)(a) do not apply to the tax preferences in sections 3 and 12 4, chapter . . ., Laws of 2020 (sections 3 and 4 of this act).

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. Section 3 of this act takes effect July 1, 14 2020.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. Section 3 of this act expires January 1, 16 2030.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. Section 4 of this act takes effect January 18 1, 2030.

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