CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2547

61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 10, 2010 Yeas 97 Nays 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 2, 2010 Yeas 46 Nays 0

President of the Senate

Approved

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2547** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2547

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2010 Regular Session

State of Washington 61st Legislature 2010 Regular Session

By House Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Representatives Conway, Condotta, Maxwell, Sullivan, Roach, Kessler, Sells, Kenney, Appleton, Hunter, Pedersen, Upthegrove, Hinkle, Ormsby, Herrera, Kretz, Hasegawa, Campbell, Takko, Springer, Dammeier, and Haler)

READ FIRST TIME 02/03/10.

AN ACT Relating to franchise agreements between new motor vehicle dealers and manufacturers; amending RCW 46.96.030, 46.96.070, 46.96.090, 46.96.105, 46.96.110, 46.96.185, and 46.96.200; and adding new sections to chapter 46.96 RCW.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.96.030 and 1989 c 415 s 3 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

Notwithstanding the terms of a franchise and notwithstanding the 8 9 terms of a waiver, no manufacturer may terminate, cancel, or fail to renew a franchise with a new motor vehicle dealer, unless the 10 11 manufacturer has complied with the notice requirements of RCW 46.96.070 and an administrative law judge has determined, if requested in writing 12 by the new motor vehicle dealer within the applicable time period 13 specified in RCW 46.96.070 (1), (2), or (3), after hearing, that there 14 15 is good cause for the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of the 16 franchise and that the manufacturer has acted in good faith, as defined 17 this chapter, regarding the termination, cancellation, in or 18 nonrenewal. Between the time of issuance of the notice required under 19 RCW 46.96.070 and the effective termination, cancellation, or

nonrenewal of the franchise under this chapter, the rights, duties, and
 obligations of the new motor vehicle dealer and the manufacturer under
 the franchise and this chapter are unaffected, including those under
 DCW 46.06.200

4 <u>RCW 46.96.200.</u>

5 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.96.070 and 1989 c 415 s 7 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 Before the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of a franchise, the manufacturer shall give written notification to both the department 8 and the new motor vehicle dealer. For the purposes of this chapter, 9 10 the discontinuance of the sale and distribution of a new motor vehicle line, or the constructive discontinuance by material reduction in 11 12 selection offered, such that continuing to retail the line is no longer economically viable for a dealer is, at the option of the dealer, 13 considered a termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal of a franchise. 14 The notice shall be by certified mail or personally delivered to the 15 new motor vehicle dealer and shall state the intention to terminate, 16 cancel, or not renew the franchise, the reasons for the termination, 17 cancellation, or nonrenewal, and the effective date of the termination, 18 cancellation, or nonrenewal. The notice shall be given: 19

20 (1) Not less than ninety days before the effective date of the 21 termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal;

(2) Not less than fifteen days before the effective date of the termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal with respect to any of the following that constitute good cause for termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal:

(a) Insolvency of the new motor vehicle dealer or the filing of any
 petition by or against the new motor vehicle dealer under bankruptcy or
 receivership law;

(b) Failure of the new motor vehicle dealer to conduct sales and service operations during customary business hours for seven consecutive business days, except for acts of God or circumstances beyond the direct control of the new motor vehicle dealer;

33 (c) Conviction of the new motor vehicle dealer, or principal34 operator of the dealership, of a felony punishable by imprisonment; or

35 (d) Suspension or revocation of a license that the new motor 36 vehicle dealer is required to have to operate the new motor vehicle 1 dealership where the suspension or revocation is for a period in excess 2 of thirty days;

3 (3) Not less than one hundred eighty days before the effective date 4 of termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal, where the manufacturer 5 intends to discontinue sale and distribution of the new motor vehicle 6 line.

7 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.96.090 and 1989 c 415 s 9 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

9 (1) In the event of a termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal under this chapter, except for termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal 10 11 under RCW 46.96.070(2) or a voluntary termination, cancellation, or 12 nonrenewal initiated by the dealer, the manufacturer shall, at the request and option of the new motor vehicle dealer, also pay to the new 13 14 motor vehicle dealer the dealer costs for any relocation, substantial alteration, or remodeling of a dealer's facilities required by a 15 manufacturer for the continuance or renewal of a franchise agreement 16 completed within three years of the termination, cancellation, or 17 18 nonrenewal and:

(a) A sum equivalent to rent for the unexpired term of the lease or 19 20 one year, whichever is less, or such longer term as provided in the 21 franchise, if the new motor vehicle dealer is leasing the new motor 22 vehicle dealership facilities from а lessor other than the 23 manufacturer; or

(b) A sum equivalent to the reasonable rental value of the new motor vehicle dealership facilities for one year or until the facilities are leased or sold, whichever is less, if the new motor vehicle dealer owns the new motor vehicle dealership facilities.

(2) The rental payment required under subsection (1) of this section is only required to the extent that the facilities were used for activities under the franchise and only to the extent the facilities were not leased for unrelated purposes. If <u>the rental</u> payment under subsection (1) of this section is made, the manufacturer is entitled to possession and use of the new motor vehicle dealership facilities for the period rent is paid.

35 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.96.105 and 2003 c 21 s 2 are each amended to read 36 as follows:

(1) Each manufacturer shall specify in its franchise agreement, or 1 2 in a separate written agreement, with each of its dealers licensed in this state, the dealer's obligation to perform warranty work or service 3 on the manufacturer's products. Each manufacturer shall provide each 4 of its dealers with a schedule of compensation to be paid to the dealer 5 for any warranty work or service, including parts, labor, 6 and diagnostic work, required of the dealer by the manufacturer in 7 8 connection with the manufacturer's products. The schedule of 9 compensation must not be less than the rates charged by the dealer for similar service to retail customers for nonwarranty service and 10 11 repairs, and must not be less than the schedule of compensation for an existing dealer as of the effective date of this section. 12

13 (a) The rates charged by the dealer for nonwarranty service or work for parts means the price paid by the dealer for those parts, including 14 all shipping and other charges, increased by the franchisee's average 15 percentage markup. A dealer must establish and declare the dealer's 16 average percentage markup by submitting to the manufacturer one hundred 17 sequential customer-paid service repair orders or ninety days of 18 customer-paid service repair orders, whichever is less, covering 19 20 repairs made no more than one hundred eighty days before the submission. A change in a dealer's established average percentage 21 markup takes effect thirty days following the submission. A 22 manufacturer may not require a dealer to establish average percentage 23 24 markup by another methodology. A manufacturer may not require information that the dealer believes is unduly burdensome or time 25 consuming to provide, including, but not limited to, part-by-part or 26 27 transaction-by-transaction calculations.

(b) A manufacturer shall compensate a dealer for labor and 28 diagnostic work at the rates charged by the dealer to its retail 29 customers for such work. If a manufacturer can demonstrate that the 30 rates unreasonably exceed those of all other franchised motor vehicle 31 dealers in the same relevant market area offering the same or a 32 competitive motor vehicle line, the manufacturer is not required to 33 honor the rate increase proposed by the dealer. If the manufacturer is 34 not required to honor the rate increase proposed by the dealer, the 35 36 dealer is entitled to resubmit a new proposed rate for labor and 37 diagnostic work.

(c) A dealer may not be granted an increase in the average
 percentage markup or labor and diagnostic work rate more than twice in
 one calendar year.

4 (2) All claims for warranty work for parts and labor made by dealers under this section shall be submitted to the manufacturer 5 within one year of the date the work was performed. All claims б 7 submitted must be paid by the manufacturer within thirty days following 8 receipt, provided the claim has been approved by the manufacturer. The manufacturer has the right to audit claims for warranty work and to 9 10 charge the dealer for any unsubstantiated, incorrect, or false claims for a period of one year following payment. However, the manufacturer 11 12 may audit and charge the dealer for any fraudulent claims during any 13 period for which an action for fraud may be commenced under applicable 14 state law.

(3) All claims submitted by dealers on the forms and in the manner 15 specified by the manufacturer shall be either approved or disapproved 16 17 within thirty days following their receipt. The manufacturer shall 18 notify the dealer in writing of any disapproved claim, and shall set forth the reasons why the claim was not approved. Any claim not 19 specifically disapproved in writing within thirty days following 20 21 receipt is approved, and the manufacturer is required to pay that claim 22 within thirty days of receipt of the claim.

23 (4) A manufacturer may not otherwise recover all or any portion of 24 its costs for compensating its dealers licensed in this state for 25 warranty parts and service either by reduction in the amount due to the 26 dealer or by separate charge, surcharge, or other imposition.

27 **Sec. 5.** RCW 46.96.110 and 1989 c 415 s 11 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding the terms of a franchise, <u>(a)</u> an owner may appoint a designated successor to succeed to the ownership of the new motor vehicle dealer franchise upon the owner's death or incapacity, or (b) if an owner who has owned the franchise for not less than five consecutive years, the owner may appoint a designated successor to be effective on a date of the owner's choosing that is prior to the owner's death or disability.

36 (2) Notwithstanding the terms of a franchise, a designated 37 successor ((of a deceased or incapacitated owner of a new motor vehicle

1 dealer franchise)) described under subsection (1) of this section may 2 succeed to the ownership interest of the owner under the existing 3 franchise, if:

4 (a) In the case of a designated successor who meets the definition of a designated successor under RCW 46.96.020(5)(a), but who is not 5 experienced in the business of a new motor vehicle dealer, the person б will employ an individual who is qualified and experienced in the 7 8 business of a new motor vehicle dealer to help manage the day-to-day 9 operations of the motor vehicle dealership; or in the case of a designated successor who meets the definition of a designated successor 10 11 under RCW 46.96.020(5) (b) or (c), the person is qualified and 12 experienced in the business of a new motor vehicle dealer and meets the 13 normal, reasonable, and uniformly applied standards for grant of an application as a new motor vehicle dealer by the manufacturer; and 14

15 (b) The designated successor furnishes written notice to the 16 manufacturer of his or her intention to succeed to the ownership of the 17 new motor vehicle dealership within sixty days after the owner's death 18 or incapacity, or if the appointment is under subsection (1)(b) of this 19 <u>section, at least thirty days before the designated successor's</u> 20 <u>proposed succession</u>; and

21 (c) The designated successor agrees to be bound by all terms and 22 conditions of the franchise.

(3) The manufacturer may request, and the designated successor shall promptly provide, such personal and financial information as is reasonably necessary to determine whether the succession should be honored.

27 (4) A manufacturer may refuse to honor the succession to the ownership of a new motor vehicle dealer franchise by a designated 28 successor if the manufacturer establishes that good cause exists for 29 30 its refusal to honor the succession. If the designated successor ((of a deceased or incapacitated owner)) of a new motor vehicle dealer 31 franchise fails to meet the requirements set forth in subsections 32 (2)(a), (b), and (c) of this section, good cause for refusing to honor 33 the succession is presumed to exist. If a manufacturer believes that 34 35 good cause exists for refusing to honor the succession to the ownership 36 of a new motor vehicle dealer franchise by a designated successor, the 37 manufacturer shall serve written notice on the designated successor and

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on the department of its refusal to honor the succession no earlier than sixty days from the date the notice is served. The notice must be served not later than sixty days after the manufacturer's receipt of:

4 (a) Notice of the designated successor's intent to succeed to the 5 ownership interest of the new motor vehicle dealer's franchise; or

6 (b) Any personal or financial information requested by the 7 manufacturer.

8 (5) The notice in subsection (4) of this section shall state the 9 specific grounds for the refusal to honor the succession. If the 10 notice of refusal is not timely and properly served, the designated 11 successor may continue the franchise in full force and effect, subject 12 to termination only as otherwise provided under this chapter.

13 (6) Within twenty days after receipt of the notice or within twenty 14 days after the end of any appeal procedure provided by the manufacturer, whichever is greater, the designated successor may file 15 a petition with the department protesting the refusal to honor the 16 17 succession. The petition shall contain a short statement setting forth 18 the reasons for the designated successor's protest. Upon the filing of 19 a protest and the receipt of the filing fee, the department shall promptly notify the manufacturer that a timely protest has been filed 20 21 and shall request the appointment of an administrative law judge under 22 chapter 34.12 RCW to conduct a hearing. The manufacturer shall not 23 terminate or otherwise discontinue the existing franchise until the administrative law judge has held a hearing and has determined that 24 there is good cause for refusing to honor the succession. If an appeal 25 26 is taken, the manufacturer shall not terminate or discontinue the 27 franchise until the appeal to superior court is finally determined or until the expiration of one hundred eighty days from the date of 28 29 issuance of the administrative law judge's written decision, whichever 30 Nothing in this section precludes a manufacturer or dealer is less. from petitioning the superior court for a stay or other relief pending 31 32 judicial review.

(7) The manufacturer has the burden of proof to show that goodcause exists for the refusal to honor the succession.

35 (8) The administrative law judge shall conduct the hearing and 36 render a final decision as expeditiously as possible, but in any event 37 not later than one hundred eighty days after a protest is filed.

1 (9) The administrative law judge shall conduct any hearing 2 concerning the refusal to the succession as provided in RCW 3 46.96.050(2) and all hearing costs shall be borne as provided in that 4 subsection. A party to such a hearing aggrieved by the final order of 5 the administrative law judge may appeal as provided and allowed in RCW 6 46.96.050(3).

7 (10) This section does not preclude the owner of a new motor 8 vehicle dealer franchise from designating any person as his or her 9 successor by a written, notarized, and witnessed instrument filed with 10 the manufacturer. In the event of a conflict between such a written 11 instrument that has not been revoked by written notice from the owner 12 to the manufacturer and this section, the written instrument governs.

13 **Sec. 6.** RCW 46.96.185 and 2003 c 21 s 3 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

(1) Notwithstanding the terms of a franchise agreement, a manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative, or an agent, officer, parent company, wholly or partially owned subsidiary, affiliated entity, or other person controlled by or under common control with a manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative, shall not:

(a) Discriminate between new motor vehicle dealers by selling or offering to sell a like vehicle to one dealer at a lower actual price than the actual price offered to another dealer for the same model similarly equipped;

(b) Discriminate between new motor vehicle dealers by selling or
offering to sell parts or accessories to one dealer at a lower actual
price than the actual price offered to another dealer;

(c) Discriminate between new motor vehicle dealers by using a promotion plan, marketing plan, or other similar device that results in a lower actual price on vehicles, parts, or accessories being charged to one dealer over another dealer;

(d) Discriminate between new motor vehicle dealers by adopting a method, or changing an existing method, for the allocation, scheduling, or delivery of new motor vehicles, parts, or accessories to its dealers that is not fair, reasonable, and equitable. Upon the request of a dealer, a manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative shall disclose in writing to the dealer the method by

which new motor vehicles, parts, and accessories are allocated,
 scheduled, or delivered to its dealers handling the same line or make
 of vehicles;

(e) Discriminate against a new motor vehicle dealer by preventing,
offsetting, or otherwise impairing the dealer's right to request a
documentary service fee on affinity or similar program purchases. This
prohibition applies to, but is not limited to, any promotion plan,
marketing plan, manufacturer or dealer employee or employee friends or
family purchase programs, or similar plans or programs;

(f) Give preferential treatment to some new motor vehicle dealers 10 11 over others by refusing or failing to deliver, in reasonable quantities 12 and within a reasonable time after receipt of an order, to a dealer 13 holding a franchise for a line or make of motor vehicles sold or distributed by the manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, 14 or factory representative, a new vehicle, parts, or accessories, if the 15 vehicle, parts, or accessories are being delivered to other dealers, or 16 17 require a dealer to purchase unreasonable advertising displays or other 18 materials, or unreasonably require a dealer to remodel or renovate 19 existing facilities as a prerequisite to receiving a model or series of vehicles; 20

(((f))) <u>(g)</u> Compete with a new motor vehicle dealer <u>of any make or</u> <u>line</u> by acting in the capacity of a new motor vehicle dealer, or by owning, operating, or controlling, whether directly or indirectly, a motor vehicle dealership in this state. It is not, however, a violation of this subsection for:

26 (i) A manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory 27 representative to own or operate a dealership for a temporary period, 28 not to exceed two years, during the transition from one owner of the 29 dealership to another where the dealership was previously owned by a 30 franchised dealer and is currently for sale to any qualified independent person at a fair and reasonable price. 31 The temporary 32 operation may be extended for one twelve-month period on petition of the temporary operator to the department. The matter will be handled 33 as an adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW. A dealer who is 34 35 a franchisee of the petitioning manufacturer or distributor may 36 intervene and participate in a proceeding under this subsection 37 (1)(((f))) (g)(i). The temporary operator has the burden of proof to

show justification for the extension and a good faith effort to sell 1 2 the dealership to an independent person at a fair and reasonable price; (ii) A manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory 3 4 representative to own or operate a dealership in conjunction with an independent person in a bona fide business relationship for the purpose 5 of broadening the diversity of its dealer body and enhancing 6 7 opportunities for qualified persons who are part of a group who have 8 historically been underrepresented in its dealer body, or other 9 qualified persons who lack the resources to purchase a dealership 10 outright, and where the independent person: (A) Has made, or within a period of two years from the date of commencement of operation will 11 12 have made, a significant, bona fide capital investment in the 13 dealership that is subject to loss; (B) has an ownership interest in the dealership; and (C) operates the dealership under a bona fide 14 written agreement with the manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, 15 or factory representative under which he or she will acquire all of the 16 17 ownership interest in the dealership within a reasonable period of time 18 and under reasonable terms and conditions. The manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative has the burden 19 of proof of establishing that the acquisition of the dealership by the 20 21 independent person was made within a reasonable period of time and 22 under reasonable terms and conditions. Nothing in this subsection 23 (1)(((f))) (g)(ii) relieves a manufacturer, distributor, factory 24 branch, or factory representative from complying with ((RC₩ 46.96.185(1)) (a) through $\left(\left(\frac{e}{e}\right)\right)$ (f) of this subsection; 25

26 (iii) A manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory 27 representative to own or operate a dealership in conjunction with an independent person in a bona fide business relationship where the 28 independent person: (A) Has made, or within a period of two years from 29 30 the date of commencement of operation will have made, a significant, bona fide capital investment in the dealership that is subject to loss; 31 32 (B) has an ownership interest in the dealership; and (C) operates the 33 dealership under a bona fide written agreement with the manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative under which he 34 35 or she will acquire all of the ownership interest in the dealership 36 within a reasonable period of time and under reasonable terms and 37 conditions. The manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative has the burden of proof of establishing that the 38

acquisition of the dealership by the independent person was made within 1 2 a reasonable period of time and under reasonable terms and conditions. The number of dealerships operated under this subsection (1)(((f)))3 4 (q)(iii) may not exceed four percent rounded up to the nearest whole number of a manufacturer's total of new motor vehicle dealer franchises 5 in this state. Nothing in this subsection (1)(((f))) (g)(iii) relieves 6 7 a manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative 8 from complying with ((RCW 46.96.185(1))) (a) through (((e))) (f) of 9 this subsection;

10 (iv) A truck manufacturer to own, operate, or control a new motor 11 vehicle dealership that sells only trucks of that manufacturer's line 12 make with a gross vehicle weight rating of 12,500 pounds or more, and 13 the truck manufacturer has been continuously engaged in the retail sale 14 of the trucks at least since January 1, 1993; or

(v) A manufacturer to own, operate, or control a new motor vehicle 15 dealership trading exclusively in a single line 16 make of the manufacturer if (A) the manufacturer does not own, 17 directly or indirectly, in the aggregate, in excess of forty-five percent of the 18 total ownership interest in the dealership, (B) at the time the 19 manufacturer first acquires ownership or assumes operation or control 20 21 of any such dealership, the distance between any dealership thus owned, 22 operated, or controlled and the nearest new motor vehicle dealership 23 trading in the same line make of vehicle and in which the manufacturer 24 has no ownership or control is not less than fifteen miles and complies with the applicable provisions in the relevant market area sections of 25 26 this chapter, (C) all of the manufacturer's franchise agreements confer 27 rights on the dealer of that line make to develop and operate within a defined geographic territory or area, as many dealership facilities as 28 29 the dealer and the manufacturer agree are appropriate, and (D) as of 30 January 1, 2000, the manufacturer had no more than four new motor vehicle dealers of that manufacturer's line make in this state, and at 31 32 least half of those dealers owned and operated two or more dealership facilities in the geographic territory or area covered by their 33 franchise agreements with the manufacturer; 34

35 (((g))) <u>(h)</u> Compete with a new motor vehicle dealer by owning, 36 operating, or controlling, whether directly or indirectly, a service 37 facility in this state for the repair or maintenance of motor vehicles 38 under the manufacturer's new car warranty and extended warranty.

Nothing in this subsection (1)(((g))) <u>(h)</u>, however, prohibits a manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative from owning or operating a service facility for the purpose of providing or performing maintenance, repair, or service work on motor vehicles that are owned by the manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or factory representative;

7 (((h))) (i) Use confidential or proprietary information obtained 8 from a new motor vehicle dealer to unfairly compete with the dealer. 9 For purposes of this subsection (1)(((h))) (i), "confidential or 10 proprietary information" means trade secrets as defined in RCW 11 19.108.010, business plans, marketing plans or strategies, customer 12 lists, contracts, sales data, revenues, or other financial information;

13 (((i))) (j)(i) Terminate, cancel, or fail to renew a franchise with a new motor vehicle dealer based upon any of the following events, 14 15 which do not constitute good cause for termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal under RCW 46.96.060: (A) The fact that the new motor 16 vehicle dealer owns, has an investment in, participates in the 17 management of, or holds a franchise agreement for the sale or service 18 19 of another make or line of new motor vehicles((, or)); (B) the fact that the new motor vehicle dealer has established another make or line 20 21 of new motor vehicles or service in the same dealership facilities as 22 those of the manufacturer or distributor ((with the prior written approval of the manufacturer or distributor, if the approval was 23 24 required under the terms of the new motor vehicle dealer's franchise agreement)); (C) that the new motor vehicle dealer has or intends to 25 26 relocate the manufacturer or distributor's make or line of new motor 27 vehicles or service to an existing dealership facility that is within the relevant market area, as defined in RCW 46.96.140, of the make or 28 line to be relocated, except that, in any nonemergency circumstance, 29 the dealer must give the manufacturer or distributor at least sixty 30 days' notice of his or her intent to relocate; or (D) the failure of a 31 franchisee to change the location of the dealership or to make 32 substantial alterations to the use or number of franchises on the 33 dealership premises or facilities. 34

35 (ii) Notwithstanding the limitations of this section, a
36 manufacturer may, for separate consideration, enter into a written
37 contract with a dealer to exclusively sell and service a single make or
38 line of new motor vehicles at a specific facility for a defined period

of time. The penalty for breach of the contract must not exceed the amount of consideration paid by the manufacturer plus a reasonable rate of interest; ((or

4 $\frac{(j)}{(k)}$ Coerce or attempt to coerce a motor vehicle dealer to refrain from, or prohibit or attempt to prohibit a new motor vehicle 5 6 dealer from acquiring, owning, having an investment in, participating 7 in the management of, or holding a franchise agreement for the sale or service of another make or line of new motor vehicles or related 8 9 products, or establishing another make or line of new motor vehicles or service in the same dealership facilities, if the prohibition against 10 11 acquiring, owning, investing, managing, or holding a franchise for such 12 additional make or line of vehicles or products, or establishing 13 another make or line of new motor vehicles or service in the same dealership facilities, is not supported by reasonable business 14 15 considerations. The burden of proving that reasonable business considerations support or justify the prohibition 16 against the additional make or line of new motor vehicles or products 17 or nonexclusive facilities is on the manufacturer; 18

(1) Require, by contract or otherwise, a new motor vehicle dealer 19 20 to make a material alteration, expansion, or addition to any dealership 21 facility, unless the required alteration, expansion, or addition is uniformly required of other similarly situated new motor vehicle 22 dealers of the same make or line of vehicles and is reasonable in light 23 24 of all existing circumstances, including economic conditions. In any proceeding in which a required facility alteration, expansion, or 25 26 addition is an issue, the manufacturer or distributor has the burden of 27 proof;

(m) Prevent or attempt to prevent by contract or otherwise any new 28 motor vehicle dealer from changing the executive management of a new 29 motor vehicle dealer unless the manufacturer or distributor, having the 30 burden of proof, can show that a proposed change of executive 31 management will result in executive management by a person or persons 32 who are not of good moral character or who do not meet reasonable, 33 preexisting, and equitably applied standards of the manufacturer or 34 distributor. If a manufacturer or distributor rejects a proposed 35 36 change in the executive management, the manufacturer or distributor shall give written notice of its reasons to the dealer within sixty 37 days after receiving written notice from the dealer of the proposed 38

1 <u>change and all related information reasonably requested by the</u> 2 <u>manufacturer or distributor, or the change in executive management must</u> 3 be considered approved; or

(n) Condition the sale, transfer, relocation, or renewal of a 4 franchise agreement or condition manufacturer, distributor, factory 5 branch, or factory representative sales, services, or parts incentives б upon the manufacturer obtaining site control, including rights to 7 purchase or lease the dealer's facility, or an agreement to make 8 improvements or substantial renovations to a facility. For purposes of 9 this section, a substantial renovation has a gross cost to the dealer 10 in excess of five thousand dollars. 11

12 (2) Subsection (1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section do not apply to 13 sales to a motor vehicle dealer: (a) For resale to a federal, state, or local government agency; (b) where the vehicles will be sold or 14 donated for use in a program of driver's education; (c) where the sale 15 is made under a manufacturer's bona fide promotional program offering 16 sales incentives or rebates; (d) where the sale of parts or accessories 17 is under a manufacturer's bona fide quantity discount program; or (e) 18 where the sale is made under a manufacturer's bona fide fleet vehicle 19 discount program. For purposes of this subsection, "fleet" means a 20 21 group of fifteen or more new motor vehicles purchased or leased by a 22 dealer at one time under a single purchase or lease agreement for use 23 as part of a fleet, and where the dealer has been assigned a fleet 24 identifier code by the department of licensing.

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(3) The following definitions apply to this section:

(a) "Actual price" means the price to be paid by the dealer less
any incentive paid by the manufacturer, distributor, factory branch, or
factory representative, whether paid to the dealer or the ultimate
purchaser of the vehicle.

30 (b) "Control" or "controlling" means (i) the possession of, title to, or control of ten percent or more of the voting equity interest in 31 32 a person, whether directly or indirectly through a fiduciary, agent, or other intermediary, or (ii) the possession, direct or indirect, of the 33 power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of 34 35 a person, whether through the ownership of voting securities, through 36 director control, by contract, or otherwise, except as expressly 37 provided under the franchise agreement.

(c) "Motor vehicles" does not include trucks that are 14,001 pounds
 gross vehicle weight and above or recreational vehicles as defined in
 RCW 43.22.335.

4 (d) "Operate" means to manage a dealership, whether directly or 5 indirectly.

6 (e) "Own" or "ownership" means to hold the beneficial ownership of 7 one percent or more of any class of equity interest in a dealership, 8 whether the interest is that of a shareholder, partner, limited 9 liability company member, or otherwise. To hold an ownership interest 10 means to have possession of, title to, or control of the ownership 11 interest, whether directly or indirectly through a fiduciary, agent, or 12 other intermediary.

13 (4) A violation of this section is deemed to affect the public 14 interest and constitutes an unlawful and unfair practice under chapter 15 19.86 RCW. A person aggrieved by an alleged violation of this section 16 may petition the department to have the matter handled as an 17 adjudicative proceeding under chapter 34.05 RCW.

18 Sec. 7. RCW 46.96.200 and 1994 c 274 s 7 are each amended to read 19 as follows:

20 (1) Notwithstanding the terms of a franchise, a manufacturer shall 21 not ((unreasonably)) withhold consent to the sale, transfer, or 22 exchange of a franchise to a qualified buyer who meets the normal, 23 reasonable, and uniformly applied standards established by the manufacturer for the appointment of a new dealer who does not already 24 25 hold a franchise with the manufacturer or is capable of being licensed 26 as a new motor vehicle dealer in the state of Washington. A decision 27 or determination made by the administrative law judge as to whether a qualified buyer is capable of being licensed as a new motor vehicle 28 29 dealer in the state of Washington is not conclusive or determinative of any ultimate determination made by the department of licensing as to 30 the buyer's qualification for a motor vehicle dealer license. 31 Α manufacturer's failure to respond in writing to a request for consent 32 under this subsection within sixty days after receipt of a written 33 34 request on the forms, if any, generally used by the manufacturer 35 containing the information and reasonable promises required by a 36 manufacturer is deemed to be consent to the request. A manufacturer 37 may request, and, if so requested, the applicant for a franchise (a)

1 shall promptly provide such personal and financial information as is 2 reasonably necessary to determine whether the sale, transfer, or 3 exchange should be approved, and (b) shall agree to be bound by all 4 reasonable terms and conditions of the franchise.

5 (2) If a manufacturer refuses to approve the sale, transfer, or exchange of a franchise, the manufacturer shall serve written notice on 6 7 the applicant, the transferring, selling, or exchanging new motor 8 vehicle dealer, and the department of its refusal to approve the 9 transfer of the franchise no later than sixty days after the date the 10 manufacturer receives the written request from the new motor vehicle If the manufacturer has requested personal or financial 11 dealer. 12 information from the applicant under subsection (1) of this section, 13 the notice shall be served not later than sixty days after the receipt of all of such documents. Service of all notices under this section 14 shall be made by personal service or by certified mail, return receipt 15 16 requested.

17 (3) The notice in subsection (2) of this section shall state the 18 specific grounds for the refusal to approve the sale, transfer, or 19 exchange of the franchise.

(4) Within twenty days after receipt of the notice of refusal to 20 21 approve the sale, transfer, or exchange of the franchise by the 22 transferring new motor vehicle dealer, the new motor vehicle dealer may 23 file a petition with the department to protest the refusal to approve 24 the sale, transfer, or exchange. The petition shall contain a short 25 statement setting forth the reasons for the dealer's protest. Upon the 26 filing of a protest and the receipt of the filing fee, the department 27 shall promptly notify the manufacturer that a timely protest has been filed, and the department shall arrange for a hearing with an 28 29 administrative law judge as the presiding officer to determine if the 30 manufacturer unreasonably withheld consent to the sale, transfer, or exchange of the franchise. 31

(5) ((In determining whether the manufacturer unreasonably withheld its approval to the sale, transfer, or exchange, the manufacturer has the burden of proof that it acted reasonably. A manufacturer's refusal to accept or approve a proposed buyer who otherwise meets the normal, reasonable, and uniformly applied standards established by the manufacturer for the appointment of a new dealer, or who otherwise is 1 capable of being licensed as a new motor vehicle dealer in the state of

2 Washington, is presumed to be unreasonable.

3 (6)) The administrative law judge shall conduct a hearing and 4 render a final decision as expeditiously as possible, but in any event 5 not later than one hundred twenty days after a protest is filed. Only 6 the selling, transferring, or exchanging new motor vehicle dealer and 7 the manufacturer may be parties to the hearing.

8 (((7))) <u>(6)</u> The administrative law judge shall conduct any hearing 9 as provided in RCW 46.96.050(2), and all hearing costs shall be borne 10 as provided in that subsection. Only the manufacturer and the selling, 11 transferring, or exchanging new motor vehicle dealer may appeal the 12 final order of the administrative law judge as provided in RCW 13 46.96.050(3).

14 (((8))) <u>(7)</u> This section and RCW 46.96.030 through 46.96.110 apply 15 to all franchises and contracts existing on July 23, 1989, between 16 manufacturers and new motor vehicle dealers as well as to all future 17 franchises and contracts between manufacturers and new motor vehicle 18 dealers.

19 (((9))) <u>(8)</u> RCW 46.96.140 through 46.96.190 apply to all franchises 20 and contracts existing on October 1, 1994, between manufacturers and 21 new motor vehicle dealers as well as to all future franchises and 22 contracts between manufacturers and new motor vehicle dealers.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 46.96 RCW 24 to read as follows:

25 (1) In the event of a termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal 26 under this chapter, except for a termination, cancellation, or 27 nonrenewal under RCW 46.96.070(2), or a voluntary termination, cancellation, or nonrenewal initiated by the dealer, the manufacturer 28 29 shall, at the request and option of the new motor vehicle dealer, also pay to the new motor vehicle dealer the fair market value of the motor 30 vehicle dealer's goodwill for the make or line as of the date 31 immediately preceding any communication to the public or dealer 32 regarding termination. To the extent the franchise agreement provides 33 34 for the payment or reimbursement to the new motor vehicle dealer in 35 excess of the value specified in this section, the provisions of the 36 franchise agreement control.

1 (2) The manufacturer shall pay the new motor vehicle dealer the 2 value specified in subsection (1) of this section within ninety days 3 after the date of termination.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 46.96 RCW 5 to read as follows:

A manufacturer shall, upon demand, indemnify and hold harmless any existing or former franchisee and the franchisee's successors and assigns from any and all damages sustained and attorneys' fees and other expenses reasonably incurred by the franchisee that result from or relate to any claim made or asserted by a third party against the franchisee to the extent the claim results from any of the following:

12 (1) The condition, characteristics, manufacture, assembly, or 13 design of any vehicle, parts, accessories, tools, or equipment, or the 14 selection or combination of parts or components manufactured or 15 distributed by the manufacturer or distributor;

16 (2) Service systems, procedures, or methods that the franchisor 17 required or recommended the franchisee to use;

18 (3) Improper use by the manufacturer, its assignees, contractors, 19 representatives, or licensees of nonpublic personal information 20 obtained from a franchisee concerning any consumer, customer, or 21 employee of the franchisee; or

(4) Any act or omission of the manufacturer or distributor for which the franchisee would have a claim for contribution or indemnity under applicable law or under the franchise, irrespective of any prior termination or expiration of the franchise.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. A new section is added to chapter 46.96 RCW 27 to read as follows:

A manufacturer may not take or threaten to take any adverse action 28 against a new motor vehicle dealer, including charge backs, reducing 29 30 vehicle allocations, or terminating or threatening to terminate a franchise, because the dealer sold or leased a vehicle to a customer 31 who exported the vehicle to a foreign country or who resold the 32 vehicle, unless the manufacturer or distributor definitively proves 33 34 that the dealer knew or reasonably should have known that the customer 35 intended to export or resell the vehicle. A manufacturer or distributor shall, upon demand, indemnify, hold harmless, and defend 36

any existing or former franchisee or franchisee's successors or assigns from any and all claims asserted, or damages sustained and attorneys' fees and other expenses reasonably incurred by the franchisee that result from or relate to any claim made or asserted, by a third party against the franchisee for any policy, program, or other behavior suggested by the manufacturer for sales of vehicles to parties that intend to export a vehicle purchased from the franchisee.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 46.96 RCW 9 to read as follows:

10 A new motor vehicle dealer who is injured in his or her business or 11 property by a violation of this chapter may bring a civil action in the 12 superior court to recover the actual damages sustained by the dealer, together with the costs of the suit, including reasonable attorneys' 13 fees if the new motor vehicle dealer prevails. The new motor vehicle 14 dealer may bring a civil action in district court to recover his or her 15 16 actual damages, except for damages that exceed the amount specified in 17 RCW 3.66.020, and the costs of the suit, including reasonable attorneys' fees. 18

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 46.96 RCW 20 to read as follows:

A manufacturer or distributor shall not enter into an agreement or 21 22 understanding with a new motor vehicle dealer that requires the dealer 23 to waive any provisions of this chapter. However, a dealer may, by 24 written and for valuable and contract reasonable separate 25 consideration, waive, limit, or disclaim a manufacturer's obligations or a dealer's rights under RCW 46.96.080, 46.96.090, 46.96.105, 26 46.96.140, and 46.96.150, if the contract sets forth the specific 27 provisions of this chapter that are waived, limited, or disclaimed. A 28 manufacturer shall not coerce, threaten, intimidate, or require a new 29 30 motor vehicle dealer, as a condition to granting or renewing a franchise, to enter into such an agreement or understanding. 31

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. If any provision of this act or its 33 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the

- 1 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 2 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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