HOUSE BILL 2485

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By Representatives Kloba, Slatter, Senn, Lekanoff, and Thai

- 1 AN ACT Relating to collection, use, and disclosure of genetic
- 2 data by direct-to-consumer genetic testing companies; adding a new
- 3 chapter to Title 19 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 8 (1) "Biological sample" means any material part of the human 9 body, discharge therefrom, or derivative thereof, such as tissue, 10 blood, urine, or saliva, known to contain deoxyribonucleic acid 11 (DNA).
- 12 (2) "Consumer" means a natural person who is a Washington 13 resident.
- 14 (3) "Direct-to-consumer genetic testing company" or "company"
 15 means an entity that offers consumer genetic testing products or
 16 services directly to consumers without requiring the involvement of a
 17 health care provider.
- 18 (4) "Employer" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 50.04.080.
- 19 (5) "Express consent" means a consumer's affirmative written 20 response to a clear, meaningful, and prominent notice regarding the

p. 1 HB 2485

- 1 collection, use, or disclosure of genetic data for a specific 2 purpose.
- 3 (6)(a) "Genetic data" means any data, regardless of its format, 4 that concerns a consumer's genetic characteristics.
 - (b) "Genetic data" includes, but is not limited to:

5

10 11

12

13

14

1516

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

26

27

- 6 (i) Raw sequence data that result from sequencing of a consumer's complete extracted or a portion of the extracted DNA;
- 8 (ii) Genotypic and phenotypic information that results from 9 analyzing the raw sequence data; and
 - (iii) Self-reported health data that a consumer submits to a company regarding the consumer's health conditions and that is used for scientific research or product development and analyzed in connection with the consumer's raw sequence data.
 - (c) "Genetic data" does not include deidentified data. For purposes of this subsection, "deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an identifiable consumer, and that is subject to:
 - (i) Administrative and technical measures to ensure that the data cannot be associated with a particular consumer;
 - (ii) Public commitment by the company to maintain and use data in deidentified form and not to attempt to reidentify data; and
 - (iii) Legally enforceable contractual obligations that prohibit any recipients of the data from attempting to reidentify the data.
 - (7) "Genetic testing" means any laboratory test of a consumer's complete DNA, regions of DNA, chromosomes, genes, or gene products to determine the presence of the genetic characteristics in a consumer or a consumer's offspring.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) To safeguard the privacy, confidentiality, security, and integrity of a consumer's genetic data, a direct-to-consumer genetic testing company shall:
- 31 (a) Provide clear and complete information regarding the 32 company's policies and procedures for collection, use, or disclosure 33 of genetic data by making available to a consumer:
- 34 (i) A high-level privacy policy overview that includes basic, 35 essential information about the company's collection, use, or 36 disclosure of genetic data; and
- 37 (ii) A prominent, publicly available, and easy to read privacy 38 notice that includes, at a minimum, information about the company's

p. 2 HB 2485

1 data collection, consent, use, access, disclosure, transfer,
2 security, and retention and deletion practices;

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

1516

17

18

19

20

2122

25

26

2728

29

34

- (b) Obtain a consumer's consent for collection, use, or disclosure of the consumer's genetic data including, at a minimum:
- (i) Initial express consent that clearly describes the uses of the genetic data collected through the genetic testing product or services purchased by the consumer, and specifies who has access to test results and how the genetic data may be shared;
- (ii) Separate express consent for transferring or disclosing the consumer's genetic data to third parties other than vendors and services providers, or for using genetic data beyond the primary purpose of the purchased genetic testing product or service and inherent contextual uses;
- (iii) Informed consent in compliance with the federal policy for the protection of human research subjects, 45 C.F.R. Sec. 46 (2019), when the consumer's genetic data is transferred or disclosed to third parties for research purposes or when research is done under the control of the company for the purpose of publication or generalizable knowledge; and
- (iv) Express consent for marketing to a consumer based on the consumer's genetic data or the consumer having ordered or purchased a genetic testing product or service;
- 23 (c) Require valid legal process for disclosing genetic data to 24 law enforcement without a consumer's express consent;
 - (d) Develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive security program to protect a consumer's genetic data against unauthorized or inappropriate access, disclosure, or use; and
 - (e) Provide a process for a consumer to:
 - (i) Access the consumer's genetic data;
- 30 (ii) Correct or amend inaccurate genetic data or other personal information in the consumer's account;
- 32 (iii) Specify how long the consumer's genetic data and biological 33 sample may be retained by the company;
 - (iv) Delete the consumer's account and genetic data; and
- 35 (v) Request and obtain the destruction of the consumer's 36 biological sample.
- 37 (2) Notwithstanding any other provisions in this section, a 38 direct-to-consumer genetic testing company may not disclose a 39 consumer's genetic data to any entity offering health insurance or 40 life insurance, or to any employer of the consumer.

p. 3 HB 2485

NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The legislature finds that the practices covered by this chapter are matters vitally affecting the public interest for the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW. A violation of this chapter is not reasonable in relation to the development and preservation of business and is an unfair or deceptive act in trade or commerce and an unfair method of competition for the purpose of applying the consumer protection act, chapter 19.86 RCW.

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10 11

12

1314

- (2) The attorney general may bring an action in the name of the state, or as parens patriae on behalf of persons residing in the state, to enforce this chapter. In any action brought by the attorney general to enforce this chapter, a violation of this chapter is subject to a civil penalty of two thousand five hundred dollars for each violation of this chapter.
- 15 (3) A consumer prevailing in an action under this chapter may 16 recover actual damages, but not less than statutory damages of two 17 thousand five hundred dollars per violation.
- 18 (4) A court must award costs and reasonable attorneys' fees to a 19 plaintiff who prevails in an action under this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. Sections 1 through 3 of this act constitute a new chapter in Title 19 RCW.

--- END ---

p. 4 HB 2485