## HOUSE BILL 2099

State of Washington

65th Legislature

2017 Regular Session

By Representative Blake

- 1 AN ACT Relating to streamlining distillery licensing and fees;
- 2 amending RCW 66.04.010, 66.24.140, 66.24.145, 66.24.520, 66.24.630,
- 3 66.28.040, and 66.28.295; and providing an effective date.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 66.04.010 and 2015 c 193 s 3 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 ((<del>In this title, unless the context otherwise requires:</del>)) <u>The</u> 8 <u>definitions in this section apply throughout this title unless the</u>
- 9 <u>context clearly requires otherwise.</u>
- 10 (1) "Alcohol" is that substance known as ethyl alcohol, hydrated 11 oxide of ethyl, or spirit of wine, which is commonly produced by the
- 12 fermentation or distillation of grain, starch, molasses, or sugar, or
- 13 other substances including all dilutions and mixtures of this
- 14 substance. The term "alcohol" does not include alcohol in the
- 15 possession of a manufacturer or distiller of alcohol fuel, as
- 16 described in RCW 66.12.130, which is intended to be denatured and
- 17 used as a fuel for use in motor vehicles, farm implements, and
- 18 machines or implements of husbandry.
- 19 (2) "Authorized representative" means a person who:
- 20 (a) Is required to have a federal basic permit issued pursuant to
- 21 the federal alcohol administration act, 27 U.S.C. Sec. 204;

p. 1 HB 2099

1 (b) Has its business located in the United States outside of the 2 state of Washington;

- (c) Acquires ownership of beer or wine for transportation into and resale in the state of Washington; and which beer or wine is produced by a brewery or winery in the United States outside of the state of Washington; and
- (d) Is appointed by the brewery or winery referenced in (c) of this subsection as its authorized representative for marketing and selling its products within the United States in accordance with a written agreement between the authorized representative and such brewery or winery pursuant to this title.
- (3) "Beer" means any malt beverage, flavored malt beverage, or malt liquor as these terms are defined in this chapter.
- (4) "Beer distributor" means a person who buys beer from a domestic brewery, microbrewery, beer certificate of approval holder, or beer importers, or who acquires foreign produced beer from a source outside of the United States, for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to this title, or who represents such brewer or brewery as agent.
- (5) "Beer importer" means a person or business within Washington who purchases beer from a beer certificate of approval holder or who acquires foreign produced beer from a source outside of the United States for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to this title.
- 24 (6) "Board" means the liquor ((control)) and cannabis board, 25 constituted under this title.
  - (7) "Brewer" or "brewery" means any person engaged in the business of manufacturing beer and malt liquor. Brewer includes a brand owner of malt beverages who holds a brewer's notice with the federal bureau of alcohol, tobacco, and firearms at a location outside the state and whose malt beverage is contract-produced by a licensed in-state brewery, and who may exercise within the state, under a domestic brewery license, only the privileges of storing, selling to licensed beer distributors, and exporting beer from the state.
  - (8) "Club" means an organization of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, operated solely for fraternal, benevolent, educational, athletic, or social purposes, and not for pecuniary gain.
- 39 (9) "Confection" means a preparation of sugar, honey, or other 40 natural or artificial sweeteners in combination with chocolate,

p. 2 HB 2099

- fruits, nuts, dairy products, or flavorings, in the form of bars, drops, or pieces.
- 3 (10) "Consume" includes the putting of liquor to any use, whether 4 by drinking or otherwise.
- 5 (11) "Contract liquor store" means a business that sells liquor 6 on behalf of the board through a contract with a contract liquor 7 store manager.
- 8 (12) (("Craft distillery" means a distillery that pays the 9 reduced licensing fee under RCW 66.24.140.
- 10 (13)) "Dentist" means a practitioner of dentistry duly and 11 regularly licensed and engaged in the practice of his or her 12 profession within the state pursuant to chapter 18.32 RCW.
- 13  $((\frac{14}{14}))$  (13) "Distiller" means a person engaged in the business 14 of  $(\frac{distilling}{14})$  producing spirits.
- $((\frac{15}{15}))$  (14) "Domestic brewery" means a place where beer and malt liquor are manufactured or produced by a brewer within the state.
- 18  $((\frac{16}{16}))$  (15) "Domestic winery" means a place where wines are 19 manufactured or produced within the state of Washington.
- ((<del>(17)</del>)) (16) "Drug store" means a place whose principal business is, the sale of drugs, medicines, and pharmaceutical preparations and maintains a regular prescription department and employs a registered pharmacist during all hours the drug store is open.
  - $((\frac{18}{18}))$   $\underline{(17)}$  "Druggist" means any person who holds a valid certificate and is a registered pharmacist and is duly and regularly engaged in carrying on the business of pharmaceutical chemistry pursuant to chapter 18.64 RCW.
  - $((\frac{19}{19}))$  (18) "Employee" means any person employed by the board.
- 29 (((20))) (19) "Flavored malt beverage" means:

26

27

28

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

3738

- (a) A malt beverage containing six percent or less alcohol by volume to which flavoring or other added nonbeverage ingredients are added that contain distilled spirits of not more than forty-nine percent of the beverage's overall alcohol content; or
- (b) A malt beverage containing more than six percent alcohol by volume to which flavoring or other added nonbeverage ingredients are added that contain distilled spirits of not more than one and one-half percent of the beverage's overall alcohol content.
- $((\frac{(21)}{(21)}))$  <u>(20)</u> "Fund" means 'liquor revolving fund.'
- $((\frac{(22)}{2}))$  (21) "Hotel" means buildings, structures, and grounds, having facilities for preparing, cooking, and serving food, that are

p. 3 HB 2099

kept, used, maintained, advertised, or held out to the public to be a place where food is served and sleeping accommodations are offered for pay to transient guests, in which twenty or more rooms are used for the sleeping accommodation of such transient guests. The buildings, structures, and grounds must be located on adjacent property either owned or leased by the same person or persons.

 $((\frac{(23)}{)})$  (22) "Importer" means a person who buys distilled spirits from a distillery outside the state of Washington and imports such spirituous liquor into the state for sale to the board or for export.

 $((\frac{24}{24}))$  (23) "Imprisonment" means confinement in the county 12 jail.

((<del>(25)</del>)) (24) "Liquor" includes the four varieties of liquor herein defined (alcohol, spirits, wine, and beer), and all fermented, spirituous, vinous, or malt liquor, or combinations thereof, and mixed liquor, a part of which is fermented, spirituous, vinous or malt liquor, or otherwise intoxicating; and every liquid or solid or semisolid or other substance, patented or not, containing alcohol, spirits, wine, or beer, and all drinks or drinkable liquids and all preparations or mixtures capable of human consumption, and any liquid, semisolid, solid, or other substance, which contains more than one percent of alcohol by weight ((shall be)) is conclusively deemed to be intoxicating. Liquor does not include confections or food products that contain one percent or less of alcohol by weight.

such as beer, ale, lager beer, stout, and porter obtained by the alcoholic fermentation of an infusion or decoction of pure hops, or pure extract of hops and pure barley malt or other wholesome grain or cereal in pure water containing not more than eight percent of alcohol by weight, and not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume. For the purposes of this title, any such beverage containing more than eight percent of alcohol by weight shall be referred to as "strong beer."

 $((\frac{27}{1}))$  <u>(26)</u> "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the preparation of liquor for sale, in any form whatsoever.

 $((\frac{(28)}{(28)}))$  <u>(27)</u> "Nightclub" means an establishment that provides entertainment and has as its primary source of revenue (a) the sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises, (b) cover charges, or (c) both.

p. 4 HB 2099

- 1 (((29))) (28) "Package" means any container or receptacle used 2 for holding liquor.
- (((30))) (29) "Passenger vessel" means any boat, ship, vessel, barge, or other floating craft of any kind carrying passengers for compensation.
- 6 (((31))) (30) "Permit" means a permit for the purchase of liquor under this title.
- 8  $((\frac{32}{32}))$  <u>(31)</u> "Person" means an individual, copartnership, 9 association, or corporation.
- $((\frac{33}{3}))$   $\underline{(32)}$  "Physician" means a medical practitioner duly and regularly licensed and engaged in the practice of his or her profession within the state pursuant to chapter 18.71 RCW.
- $((\frac{34}{}))$   $\underline{(33)}$  "Powdered alcohol" means any powder or crystalline substance containing alcohol that is produced for direct use or reconstitution.
- $((\frac{35}{)})$   $\underline{(34)}$  "Prescription" means a memorandum signed by a physician and given by him or her to a patient for the obtaining of liquor pursuant to this title for medicinal purposes.

2021

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

- (((36))) "Public place" includes streets and alleys of incorporated cities and towns; state or county or township highways or roads; buildings and grounds used for school purposes; public dance halls and grounds adjacent thereto; those parts establishments where beer may be sold under this title, soft drink establishments, public buildings, public meeting halls, lobbies, halls and dining rooms of hotels, restaurants, theatres, stores, garages and filling stations which are open to and are generally used by the public and to which the public is permitted to have unrestricted access; railroad trains, stages, and other public conveyances of all kinds and character, and the depots and waiting rooms used in conjunction therewith which are open to unrestricted use and access by the public; publicly owned bathing beaches, parks, and/or playgrounds; and all other places of like or similar nature to which the general public has unrestricted right of access, and which are generally used by the public.
- (((37))) (36) "Regulations" means regulations made by the board under the powers conferred by this title.
- ((<del>(38)</del>)) <u>(37)</u> "Restaurant" means any establishment provided with special space and accommodations where, in consideration of payment, food, without lodgings, is habitually furnished to the public, not including drug stores and soda fountains.

p. 5 HB 2099

((\(\frac{(39\)}{38}\)) "Sale" and "sell" include exchange, barter, and traffic; and also include the selling or supplying or distributing, by any means whatsoever, of liquor, or of any liquid known or described as beer or by any name whatever commonly used to describe malt or brewed liquor or of wine, by any person to any person; and also include a sale or selling within the state to a foreign consignee or his or her agent in the state. "Sale" and "sell" ((\(\frac{shall}{3hall}\))) does not include the giving, at no charge, of a reasonable amount of liquor by a person not licensed by the board to a person not licensed by the board, for personal use only. "Sale" and "sell" also does not include a raffle authorized under RCW 9.46.0315((\(\frac{r}{r}\)) PROVIDED, That)), if the nonprofit organization conducting the raffle has obtained the appropriate permit from the board.

- ((\(\frac{40}{10}\))) (39) "Service bar" means a fixed or portable table, counter, cart, or similar work station primarily used to prepare, mix, serve, and sell alcohol that is picked up by employees or customers. Customers may not be seated or allowed to consume food or alcohol at a service bar.
- $((\frac{41}{1}))$  (40) "Soda fountain" means a place especially equipped with apparatus for the purpose of dispensing soft drinks, whether mixed or otherwise.
  - $((\frac{42}{12}))$   $\underline{(41)}$  "Spirits" means any beverage which contains alcohol obtained by distillation, except flavored malt beverages, but including wines exceeding twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume.
  - $((\frac{(43)}{(43)}))$  "Store" means a state liquor store established under this title.
  - ((44))) (43) "Tavern" means any establishment with special space and accommodation for sale by the glass and for consumption on the premises, of beer, as herein defined.
  - ((\(\frac{45}{15}\))) (44) "VIP airport lounge" means an establishment within an international airport located beyond security checkpoints that provides a special space to sit, relax, read, work, and enjoy beverages where access is controlled by the VIP airport lounge operator and is generally limited to the following classifications of persons:
- 36 (a) Airline passengers of any age whose admission is based on a 37 first-class, executive, or business class ticket;
- 38 (b) Airline passengers of any age who are qualified members or 39 allowed guests of certain frequent flyer or other loyalty incentive

p. 6 HB 2099

programs maintained by airlines that have agreements describing the conditions for access to the VIP airport lounge;

1

2

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14

15

16 17

18

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

3536

37

38 39

- (c) Airline passengers of any age who are qualified members or allowed guests of certain enhanced amenities programs maintained by companies that have agreements describing the conditions for access to the VIP airport lounge;
- (d) Airport and airline employees, government officials, foreign dignitaries, and other attendees of functions held by the airport authority or airlines related to the promotion of business objectives such as increasing international air traffic and enhancing foreign trade where access to the VIP airport lounge will be controlled by the VIP airport lounge operator; and
- (e) Airline passengers of any age or airline employees whose admission is based on a pass issued or permission given by the airline for access to the VIP airport lounge.
- ((46))) (45) "VIP airport lounge operator" means an airline, port district, or other entity operating a VIP airport lounge that: Is accountable for compliance with the alcohol beverage control act under this title; holds the license under chapter 66.24 RCW issued to the VIP airport lounge; and provides a point of contact for addressing any licensing and enforcement by the board.
- (((47))) (46)(a) "Wine" means any alcoholic beverage obtained by fermentation of fruits (grapes, berries, apples, et cetera) or other agricultural product containing sugar, to which any saccharine substances may have been added before, during or after fermentation, and containing not more than twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume, including sweet wines fortified with wine spirits, such as port, sherry, muscatel, and angelica, not exceeding twenty-four percent of alcohol by volume and not less than one-half of one percent of alcohol by volume. For purposes of this title, any beverage containing no more than fourteen percent of alcohol by volume when bottled or packaged by the manufacturer shall be referred to as "table wine," and any beverage containing alcohol in an amount more than fourteen percent by volume when bottled or packaged by the manufacturer ((shall)) <u>must</u> be referred to as "fortified wine." However, "fortified wine" ((shall)) does not include: (i) Wines that are both sealed or capped by cork closure and aged two years or more; and (ii) wines that contain more than fourteen percent alcohol by volume solely as a result of the natural fermentation process and

p. 7 HB 2099

- 1 that have not been produced with the addition of wine spirits,
  2 brandy, or alcohol.
- 3 (b) This subsection ((shall)) may not be interpreted to require 4 that any wine be labeled with the designation "table wine" or 5 "fortified wine."
- 6 ((\(\frac{48}{18}\))) (\(\frac{47}{1}\) "Wine distributor" means a person who buys wine from a domestic winery, wine certificate of approval holder, or wine importer, or who acquires foreign produced wine from a source outside of the United States, for the purpose of selling the same not in violation of this title, or who represents such vintner or winery as agent.
- $((\frac{49}{}))$   $\underline{(48)}$  "Wine importer" means a person or business within Washington who purchases wine from a wine certificate of approval holder or who acquires foreign produced wine from a source outside of the United States for the purpose of selling the same pursuant to this title.
- 17 (((50))) (49) "Winery" means a business conducted by any person 18 for the manufacture of wine for sale, other than a domestic winery.
- 19 **Sec. 2.** RCW 66.24.140 and 2015 c 194 s 1 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- 21 (1) There is a license to distillers, including blending, 22 rectifying, and bottling; fee two ((thousand)) hundred fifty dollars 23 per annum, unless provided otherwise as follows:

25

2627

28

2930

31

- (a) ((For distillers producing one hundred fifty thousand gallons or less of spirits with at least half of the raw materials used in the production grown in Washington, the license fee must be reduced to one hundred dollars per annum;
- (b))) The board must license stills used and to be used solely and only by a commercial chemist for laboratory purposes, and not for the manufacture of liquor for sale, at a fee of twenty dollars per annum;
- $((\frac{(c)}{c}))$  (b) The board must license stills used and to be used solely and only for laboratory purposes in any school, college, or educational institution in the state, without fee; and
- ((\(\frac{(d)}{d}\))) (c) The board must license stills that have been duly licensed as fruit and/or wine distilleries by the federal government, used and to be used solely as fruit and/or wine distilleries in the production of fruit brandy and wine spirits, at a fee of two hundred dollars per annum.

p. 8 HB 2099

(2) Any distillery licensed under this section may:

- (a) Sell spirits of its own production for consumption off the premises. A distillery selling spirits under this subsection must comply with the applicable laws and rules relating to retailers;
- (b) Contract distilled spirits for, and sell contract distilled spirits to, holders of distillers' or manufacturers' licenses, including licenses issued under RCW 66.24.520, or for export; and
- (c) Provide free or for a charge one-half ounce or less samples of spirits of its own production to persons on the premises of the distillery. The maximum total per person per day is two ounces. Every person who participates in any manner in the service of samples must obtain a class 12 alcohol server permit. Spirits samples may be adulterated with nonalcoholic mixers, water, and/or ice.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 66.24.145 and 2015 c 194 s 2 are each amended to 15 read as follows:
- (1)(a) Any  $((\frac{craft}{}))$  distillery may sell spirits of its own 17 production for consumption off the premises.
  - (b) A ((eraft)) distillery selling spirits under this subsection must comply with the applicable laws and rules relating to retailers.
  - (2) Any ((craft)) distillery may contract distilled spirits for, and sell contract distilled spirits to, holders of distillers' or manufacturers' licenses, including licenses issued under RCW 66.24.520, or for export.
    - (3) Any ((eraft)) distillery licensed under this section may provide, free or for a charge, one-half ounce or less samples of spirits of its own production to persons on the premises of the distillery. The maximum total per person per day is two ounces. Every person who participates in any manner in the service of samples must obtain a class 12 alcohol server permit. Spirits samples may be adulterated with nonalcoholic mixers, water, and/or ice.
- (4)(a) A distillery ((or craft distillery)) licensee may apply to the board for an endorsement to sell spirits of its own production at retail for off-premises consumption at a qualifying farmers market. The annual fee for this endorsement is seventy-five dollars.
  - (b) For each month during which a distillery ((or craft distillery)) will sell spirits at a qualifying farmers market, the distillery ((or craft distillery)) must provide the board or its designee a list of the dates, times, and locations at which bottled spirits may be offered for sale. This list must be received by the

p. 9 HB 2099

board before the spirits may be offered for sale at a qualifying
farmers market.

3

4

5 6

7

8

9

10

34

- (c) Each approved location in a qualifying farmers market is deemed to be part of the distillery ((or craft distillery)) license for the purpose of this title. The approved locations under an endorsement granted under this subsection do not include tasting or sampling privileges. The distillery ((or craft distillery)) may not store spirits at a farmers market beyond the hours that the bottled spirits are offered for sale. The distillery ((or craft distillery)) may not act as a distributor from a farmers market location.
- 11 (d) Before a distillery ((or craft distillery)) may sell bottled 12 spirits at a qualifying farmers market, the farmers market must apply to the board for authorization for any distillery ((or craft 13 distillery)) with an endorsement approved under this subsection to 14 sell bottled spirits at retail at the farmers market. 15 16 application must include, at a minimum: (i) A map of the farmers 17 market showing all booths, stalls, or other designated locations at which an approved distillery ((or craft distillery)) may sell bottled 18 19 spirits; and (ii) the name and contact information for the on-site market managers who may be contacted by the board or its designee to 20 21 verify the locations at which bottled spirits may be sold. Before 22 authorizing a qualifying farmers market to allow an approved distillery ((or craft distillery)) to sell bottled spirits at retail 23 at its farmers market location, the board must notify the persons or 24 25 entities of such application for authorization pursuant to RCW 26 66.24.010 (8) and (9). An authorization granted under this subsection (4)(d) may be withdrawn by the board for any violation of this title 27 or any rules adopted under this title. 28
- 29 (e) For the purposes of this subsection (4), "qualifying farmers 30 market" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 66.24.170.
- 31 (5) The board must adopt rules to implement the alcohol server 32 permit requirement and may adopt additional rules to implement this 33 section.
  - (6) Distilling is an agricultural practice.
- 35 **Sec. 4.** RCW 66.24.520 and 2010 c 290 s 4 are each amended to 36 read as follows:
- There shall be a grower's license to sell wine or spirits made from grapes or other agricultural products owned at the time of vinification or distillation by the licensee in bulk to holders of

p. 10 HB 2099

domestic wineries', distillers', or manufacturers' licenses or for export. The wine or spirits ((shall)) must be ((made)) produced upon the premises of a domestic winery or ((craft)) distillery licensee and is referred to in this section as grower's wine or grower's spirits. A grower's license authorizes the agricultural product б grower to contract for the manufacturing of wine or spirits from the grower's own agricultural product, store wine or spirits in bulk made from agricultural products produced by the holder of this license, and to sell wine or spirits in bulk made from the grower's own agricultural products to a winery or distillery in the state of Washington or to export in bulk for sale out-of-state. The annual fee for a grower's license shall be seventy-five dollars. For the purpose of chapter 66.28 RCW, a grower licensee ((shall be)) is deemed a manufacturer.

**Sec. 5.** RCW 66.24.630 and 2015 c 186 s 1 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

- (1) There is a spirits retail license to: Sell spirits in original containers to consumers for consumption off the licensed premises and to permit holders; sell spirits in original containers to retailers licensed to sell spirits for consumption on the premises, for resale at their licensed premises according to the terms of their licenses, although no single sale may exceed twenty-four liters, unless the sale is by a licensee that was a contract liquor store manager of a contract liquor store at the location of its spirits retail licensed premises from which it makes such sales; and export spirits.
- (2) For the purposes of this title, a spirits retail license is a retail license, and a sale by a spirits retailer is a retail sale only if not for resale. Nothing in this title authorizes sales by onsale licensees to other retail licensees. The board must establish by rule an obligation of on-sale spirits retailers to:
- (a) Maintain a schedule by stock-keeping unit of all their purchases of spirits from spirits retail licensees, indicating the identity of the seller and the quantities purchased; and
- (b) Provide, not more frequently than quarterly, a report for each scheduled item containing the identity of the purchasing on-premises licensee and the quantities of that scheduled item purchased since any preceding report to:

p. 11 HB 2099

- 1 (i) A distributor authorized by the distiller to distribute a scheduled item in the on-sale licensee's geographic area; or
- 3 (ii) A distiller acting as distributor of the scheduled item in 4 the area.

- (3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in (c) of this subsection, the board may issue spirits retail licenses only for premises comprising at least ten thousand square feet of fully enclosed retail space within a single structure, including storerooms and other interior auxiliary areas but excluding covered or fenced exterior areas, whether or not attached to the structure, and only to applicants that the board determines will maintain systems for inventory management, employee training, employee supervision, and physical security of the product substantially as effective as those of stores currently operated by the board with respect to preventing sales to or pilferage by underage or inebriated persons.
- (b) License issuances and renewals are subject to RCW 66.24.010 and the regulations promulgated thereunder, including without limitation rights of cities, towns, county legislative authorities, the public, churches, schools, and public institutions to object to or prevent issuance of local liquor licenses. However, existing grocery premises licensed to sell beer and/or wine are deemed to be premises "now licensed" under RCW 66.24.010(9)(a) for the purpose of processing applications for spirits retail licenses.
- (c) The board may not deny a spirits retail license to an otherwise qualified contract liquor store at its contract location or to the holder of former state liquor store operating rights sold at auction under RCW 66.24.620 on the grounds of location, nature, or size of the premises to be licensed. The board may not deny a spirits retail license to applicants that are not contract liquor stores or operating rights holders on the grounds of the size of the premises to be licensed, if such applicant is otherwise qualified and the board determines that:
- (i) There is no spirits retail license holder in the trade area that the applicant proposes to serve;
- (ii) The applicant meets, or upon licensure will meet, the operational requirements established by the board by rule; and
- 37 (iii) The licensee has not committed more than one public safety 38 violation within the three years preceding application.
- 39 (d) A retailer authorized to sell spirits for consumption on or 40 off the licensed premises may accept delivery of spirits at its

p. 12 HB 2099

- licensed premises, at another licensed premises as designated by the retailer, or at one or more warehouse facilities registered with the board, which facilities may also warehouse and distribute nonliquor
- 4 items, and from which the retailer may deliver to its own licensed
- 5 premises and, pursuant to sales permitted under subsection (1) of 6 this section:
- 7 (i) To other retailer premises licensed to sell spirits for 8 consumption on the licensed premises;
  - (ii) To other registered facilities; or

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

2425

26

27

2829

33

34

3536

37

3839

40

- 10 (iii) To lawful purchasers outside the state. The facilities may 11 be registered and utilized by associations, cooperatives, or 12 comparable groups of retailers, including at least one retailer 13 licensed to sell spirits.
  - (e) For purposes of negotiating volume discounts, a group of individual retailers authorized to sell spirits for consumption off the licensed premises may accept delivery of spirits at their individual licensed premises or at any one of the individual licensee's premises, or at a warehouse facility registered with the board.
  - (4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in RCW 66.24.632, or in (b) of this subsection, each spirits retail licensee must pay to the board, for deposit into the liquor revolving fund, a license issuance fee equivalent to seventeen percent of all spirits sales revenues under the license, exclusive of taxes collected by the licensee and of sales of items on which a license fee payable under this section has otherwise been incurred. The board must establish rules setting forth the timing of such payments and reporting of sales dollar volume by the licensee, with payments required quarterly in arrears. The first payment is due October 1, 2012.
- 30 (b) ((This subsection (4) does not apply to craft distilleries.))
  31 Distilleries licensed under RCW 66.24.140 are not considered spirits
  32 retail licensees for purposes of this subsection (4).
  - (5) In addition to the payment required under subsection (4) of this section, each licensee must pay an annual license renewal fee of one hundred sixty-six dollars. The board must periodically review and adjust the renewal fee as may be required to maintain it as comparable to annual license renewal fees for licenses to sell beer and wine not for consumption on the licensed premises. If required by law at the time, any increase of the annual renewal fee becomes effective only upon ratification by the legislature.

p. 13 HB 2099

(6) As a condition to receiving and renewing a spirits retail license the licensee must provide training as prescribed by the board by rule for individuals who sell spirits or who manage others who sell spirits regarding compliance with laws and regulations regarding sale of spirits, including without limitation the prohibitions against sale of spirits to individuals who are underage or visibly intoxicated. The training must be provided before the individual first engages in the sale of spirits and must be renewed at least every five years. The licensee must maintain records documenting the nature and frequency of the training provided. An employee training program is presumptively sufficient if it incorporates a "responsible vendor program" promulgated by the board.

- (7) The maximum penalties prescribed by the board in WAC 314-29-020 through 314-29-040 relating to fines and suspensions are doubled for violations relating to the sale of spirits by spirits retail licensees.
- (8)(a) The board must promulgate regulations concerning the adoption and administration of a compliance training program for spirits retail licensees, to be known as a "responsible vendor program," to reduce underage drinking, encourage licensees to adopt specific best practices to prevent sales to minors, and provide licensees with an incentive to give their employees ongoing training in responsible alcohol sales and service.
- (b) Licensees who join the responsible vendor program under this section and maintain all of the program's requirements are not subject to the doubling of penalties provided in this section for a single violation in any period of twelve calendar months.
- (c) The responsible vendor program must be free, voluntary, and self-monitoring.
- (d) To participate in the responsible vendor program, licensees must submit an application form to the board. If the application establishes that the licensee meets the qualifications to join the program, the board must send the licensee a membership certificate.
- 34 (e) A licensee participating in the responsible vendor program 35 must at a minimum:
  - (i) Provide ongoing training to employees;
- 37 (ii) Accept only certain forms of identification for alcohol 38 sales;
- 39 (iii) Adopt policies on alcohol sales and checking 40 identification;

p. 14 HB 2099

1 (iv) Post specific signs in the business; and

11

1213

14 15

16

17

18

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

3435

36

3738

- 2 (v) Keep records verifying compliance with the program's  $\alpha$  requirements.
- 4 **Sec. 6.** RCW 66.28.040 and 2016 c 235 s 15 are each amended to read as follows:
- 6 (1) Except as permitted by the board under RCW 66.20.010, no
  7 domestic brewery, microbrewery, distributor, distiller, domestic
  8 winery, importer, rectifier, certificate of approval holder, or other
  9 manufacturer of liquor may, within the state of Washington, give to
  10 any person any liquor((; but)).
  - (2) Nothing in this section nor in RCW 66.28.305 prevents a domestic brewery, microbrewery, distributor, domestic winery, distiller, certificate of approval holder, or importer from furnishing samples of beer, wine, or spirituous liquor to authorized licensees for the purpose of negotiating a sale, in accordance with regulations adopted by the liquor and cannabis board, provided that the samples are subject to taxes imposed by RCW 66.24.290 and  $66.24.210((\dot{\tau}))$ .
- 19 (3) Nothing in this section prevents a domestic brewery, 20 microbrewery, domestic winery, distillery, certificate of approval 21 holder, or distributor from furnishing beer, wine, or spirituous 22 liquor for instructional purposes under RCW  $66.28.150((\div))$ .
  - (4) Nothing in this section prevents a domestic winery, certificate of approval holder, or distributor from furnishing wine without charge, subject to the taxes imposed by RCW 66.24.210, to a not-for-profit group organized and operated solely for the purpose of enology or the study of viticulture which has been in existence for at least six months and that uses wine so furnished solely for such educational purposes or a domestic winery, or an out-of-state certificate of approval holder, from furnishing wine without charge or a domestic brewery, or an out-of-state certificate of approval holder, from furnishing beer without charge, subject to the taxes imposed by RCW 66.24.210 or 66.24.290, or a domestic distiller licensed under RCW 66.24.140 or an accredited representative of a distiller, manufacturer, importer, or distributor of spirituous liquor licensed under RCW 66.24.310, from furnishing spirits without charge, to a nonprofit charitable corporation or association exempt from taxation under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) or (6) of the internal

p. 15 HB 2099

- revenue code of 1986 for use consistent with the purpose or purposes entitling it to such exemption( $(\div)$ ).
- 3 (5) Nothing in this section prevents a domestic brewery or 4 microbrewery from serving beer without charge, on the brewery 5 premises  $((\div))$ .
- 6 (6) Nothing in this section prevents donations of wine for the purposes of RCW 66.12.180( $(\div)$ ).
- 8 <u>(7) Nothing</u> in this section prevents a domestic winery from 9 serving wine without charge, on the winery premises((; and)).
- 10 <u>(8) N</u>othing in this section prevents a ((<del>craft</del>)) distillery from serving spirits, on the distillery premises subject to RCW 66.24.145.
- 12 **Sec. 7.** RCW 66.28.295 and 2011 c 66 s 2 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- Nothing in RCW 66.28.290 ((shall)) prohibits:

20

21

22

23

2425

2627

28

29

- 15 (1) A licensed domestic brewery or microbrewery from being 16 licensed as a retailer pursuant to chapter 66.24 RCW for the purpose 17 of selling beer or wine at retail on the brewery premises and at one 18 additional off-site retail only location.
  - (2) A domestic winery from being licensed as a retailer pursuant to chapter 66.24 RCW for the purpose of selling beer or wine at retail on the winery premises. Such beer and wine so sold at retail shall be subject to the taxes imposed by RCW 66.24.290 and 66.24.210 and to reporting and bonding requirements as prescribed by regulations adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, and beer and wine that is not produced by the brewery or winery shall be purchased from a licensed beer or wine distributor.
  - (3) A microbrewery holding a beer and/or wine restaurant license under RCW 66.24.320 from holding the same privileges and endorsements attached to the beer and/or wine restaurant license.
- 30 (4) A licensed ((<del>craft</del>)) distillery from selling spirits of its 31 own production under RCW 66.24.145.
- (5) A licensed distiller, domestic brewery, microbrewery, 32 domestic winery, or a lessee of a licensed domestic brewer, 33 microbrewery, or domestic winery, from being licensed as a spirits, 34 beer, and wine restaurant pursuant to chapter 66.24 RCW for the 35 purpose of selling liquor at a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant 36 premises on the property on which the primary manufacturing facility 37 38 of the licensed distiller, domestic brewer, microbrewery, or domestic winery is located or on contiguous property owned or leased by the 39

p. 16 HB 2099

- licensed distiller, domestic brewer, microbrewery, or domestic winery as prescribed by rules adopted by the board pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 4 (6) A microbrewery holding a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant 5 license under RCW 66.24.420 from holding the same privileges and 6 endorsements attached to the spirits, beer, and wine restaurant 7 license.

9

10

11 12

16

17

18 19

2021

22

23

2425

26

27

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

3536

- (7) A brewery or microbrewery holding a spirits, beer, and wine restaurant license or a beer and/or wine license under chapter 66.24 RCW operated on the premises of the brewery or microbrewery from holding a second retail only license at a location separate from the premises of the brewery or microbrewery.
- 13 (8) Retail licensees with a caterer's endorsement issued under 14 RCW 66.24.320 or 66.24.420 from operating on a domestic winery 15 premises.
  - (9) An organization qualifying under RCW 66.24.375 formed for the purpose of constructing and operating a facility to promote Washington wines from holding retail licenses on the facility property or leasing all or any portion of such facility property to a retail licensee on the facility property if the members of the board of directors or officers of the board for the organization include officers, directors, owners, or employees of a licensed domestic winery. Financing for the construction of the facility must include both public and private money.
  - (10) A bona fide charitable nonprofit society or association registered under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, or a local wine industry association registered under Title 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(6) of the federal internal revenue code as it existed on July 22, 2007, and having an officer, director, owner, or employee of a licensed domestic winery or a wine certificate of approval holder on its board of directors from holding a special occasion license under RCW 66.24.380.
  - (11) A person licensed pursuant to RCW 66.24.170, 66.24.240, or 66.24.244 from exercising the privileges of distributing and selling at retail such person's own production or from exercising any other right or privilege that attaches to such license.
- 37 (12) A person holding a certificate of approval pursuant to RCW 38 66.24.206 from obtaining an endorsement to act as a distributor of 39 their own product or from shipping their own product directly to 40 consumers as authorized by RCW 66.20.360.

p. 17 HB 2099

- 1 (13) A person holding a wine shipper's permit pursuant to RCW 2 66.20.375 from shipping their own product directly to consumers.
- 3 (14) A person holding a certificate of approval pursuant to RCW 66.24.270(2) from obtaining an endorsement to act as a distributor of their own product.
- 6 (15) A domestic winery and a restaurant licensed under RCW 7 66.24.320 or 66.24.400 from entering an arrangement to waive a 8 corkage fee.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** This act takes effect January 1, 2018.

--- END ---

p. 18 HB 2099