## HOUSE BILL 1842

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session
---

By Representative Pollet

1 AN ACT Relating to taking action to address lead in drinking 2 water at facilities frequented by children; and adding a new chapter 3 to Title 70 RCW.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The definitions in this section apply 6 throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires 7 otherwise.

8 9 (1) "Department" means the department of health.

(2) "Director" means the director of the department of health.

10 (3) "Drinking water outlet" means any water fountain, faucet, or 11 tap regularly used for drinking or food preparation, including but 12 not limited to ice-making and hot drink machines.

(4) "Early childhood program" means any child care facility or preschool, including but not limited to a child day care center as defined in RCW 43.215.010, a family day care provider as defined in RCW 43.215.010, or any education program for children three to five years old who have not yet entered kindergarten.

(5) "Elevated lead level" means a lead concentration in drinkingwater that exceeds one part per billion.

20 (6) "Lead free" means:

1 (a) Not containing more than 0.2 percent lead when used with 2 respect to solder and flux; and

3 (b) Not more than a weighted average of 0.25 percent lead when 4 used with respect to the wetted surfaces of pipes, pipe fittings, 5 plumbing fittings, and fixtures.

6 (7) "Lead service line" means a pipe and its fittings, or both, 7 that:

8

(a) Connect a drinking water main to a building inlet; and

9 (b) Are not lead free as determined using a calculation 10 consistent with the requirements of 42 U.S.C. Sec. 300g-6(d)(2), as 11 of the effective date of this section.

12 (8) "NSF certified filters" means filters certified by the 13 national sanitation foundation to remove lead from drinking water.

14 (9) "Outlet" means any tap, faucet, fountain, or other end-point 15 for delivery of water.

16 (10) "School" means a public school, a private school, or a 17 charter school regulated under Title 28A RCW or chapter 72.40 RCW.

18 (11) "Technical guidance" means the technical guidance for 19 detecting and remediating lead in drinking water at schools issued by 20 the department pursuant to section 5(2) of this act.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. (1) By January 1, 2018, each school and 22 early childhood program shall develop and adopt a plan of action to 23 prevent elevated lead levels in all water used for drinking or 24 cooking. The plan of action must include:

(a) Installing and maintaining NSF certified filters at all
faucets, fountains, or other outlets designated for drinking or
cooking within eighteen months of the effective date of this section.
A school or early childhood program may, consistent with other
obligations in law, remove some outlets from operation instead of
installing filters on those outlets, as long as every child has
reasonable access to free, safe drinking water;

32 (b) The creation of an inventory of lead-bearing parts within its 33 water delivery system, including but not limited to fixtures and 34 plumbing with lead soldering. By July 1, 2019, a school or early 35 childhood program must replace all lead-bearing parts identified in 36 the inventory under this subsection (1)(b), to the extent feasible 37 and cost-effective; and (c) Any other measures to reduce lead contamination of water,
 consistent with the department's technical guidance in section 5 of
 this act.

4 (2) Nothing in this section prevents a school or early childhood 5 program from adjusting its plan of action in response to public input 6 or to be consistent with the department's technical guidance. 7 However, the requirements of subsection (1)(a) of this section may 8 not be amended in response to department technical guidance or public 9 input.

10 (3) A school or early childhood program may seek the assistance 11 of a local health jurisdiction or the department to help ensure its 12 compliance with the provisions of this section.

13 (4) Nothing in this section supersedes requirements for more 14 timely remediation in the event that a test shows outlets with 15 elevated lead levels, as provided in section 3(3) of this act.

**Sec. 3.** (1) Each school and early childhood 16 NEW SECTION. program shall periodically test each outlet used for drinking water 17 or cooking in each school or early childhood program facility for the 18 presence of lead. Each test for lead must be conducted by a 19 20 laboratory certified for this purpose by the director, in accordance with the sampling and testing methods specified in the technical 21 guidance. By October 1, 2017, each school and early childhood program 22 must have conducted at least one test for lead in an outlet in each 23 24 school or early childhood program facility. By January 1, 2018, each 25 school and early childhood program must have tested for lead in each outlet in each school or early childhood program facility in its 26 27 control. Beginning January 1, 2018, each school and early childhood program must test each outlet for lead at least once per year, unless 28 the director determines, on a case-by-case basis, that a greater or 29 30 lesser frequency of testing is necessary or sufficient to ensure the public health, including but not limited to requirements for timely 31 testing after the replacement of lead service lines. 32

(2) Nothing in this section prevents a school or early childhood
 program from conducting more frequent testing than required pursuant
 to subsection (3) of this section.

36 (3)(a) If testing reveals an elevated lead level at a water 37 outlet used for drinking or cooking, within twenty-four hours the 38 school or early childhood program must close off access to the outlet 39 and report the test results to the department. Additionally, within

p. 3

1 thirty days of receiving test results showing one or more outlets 2 with elevated levels of lead, the school or early childhood program 3 must either:

4 (i) Permanently shut or close off access to the water outlet or
5 outlets in question and provide an alternative source of safe water
6 without elevated lead levels; or

7 (ii) Install and maintain NSF certified filter or filters at the 8 outlet or outlets in question.

9 (b) Schools or early childhood programs must take additional 10 measures if necessary to eliminate elevated lead levels at the outlet 11 or outlets in question, consistent with the technical guidance.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. (1) Each school and early childhood 13 program shall:

(a) Submit to the department and the office of the superintendentof public instruction, as soon as practicable:

16 (i) Its plan of action for preventing lead contamination of 17 water, pursuant to section 2 of this act; and

18 (ii) Information on testing activities conducted pursuant to 19 section 3 of this act including, but not limited to, the date the 20 testing was completed, the location and type of each drinking water 21 outlet tested, the complete results of each test, and any measures 22 being taken pursuant to section 3(3) of this act to remediate a 23 drinking water outlet found to have an elevated lead level;

(b) Maintain copies of the information submitted pursuant to (a) of this subsection in a suitable location for inspection by the public, and on the internet web site of the school or early childhood program;

(c) Notify parent, teacher, and employee organizations of the availability of the information submitted pursuant to (a) of this subsection; and

31 (d) Designate a person to serve as the contact person for 32 communications with the department and the public regarding lead 33 testing and remediation activities.

(2) If testing conducted pursuant to section 3 of this act reveals an elevated lead level at a drinking water outlet, within one business day the school or early childhood program shall directly notify teachers, other school personnel, and parents. Notification may be accomplished through written notice, electronic mail, or other

p. 4

1 means approved by the department. The notification must include, but 2 is not limited to:

3 (a) A summary of the results of the testing conducted and 4 information on the availability of the complete test results for 5 public inspection at a suitable location and on the internet web site 6 of the school or early childhood program;

7 (b) A description of any remedial measures being taken pursuant 8 to section 3(3) of this act;

9 (c) General information on the public health effects and risks 10 posed by lead in drinking water and information on the availability 11 of additional resources concerning lead in drinking water, as

12 outlined in the technical guidance; and

13 (d) The name and contact information of the person designated 14 pursuant to subsection (1)(d) of this section to communicate with the 15 public.

16 (3) At each outlet used for drinking or cooking, the school or 17 early childhood program shall post an electronic code that, when 18 electronically scanned, provides a person with access to information 19 on testing and remediation for that outlet. The information available 20 via the electronic code must include the maintenance schedule and log 21 for installed NSF certified filters, unless the outlet is equipped 22 with a clearly visible indicator for filter replacement.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) The department, in consultation with the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the department of ecology, must adopt emergency rules under chapter 34.05 RCW to implement this chapter. Emergency rules adopted under this section may remain in effect for up to eighteen months from the date of adoption.

(2) The department shall issue technical guidance that is at 29 30 least as protective of the public health as the technical guidance for reducing lead in drinking water at schools issued by the United 31 States environmental protection agency. Provisions of the technical 32 guidance related to testing to determine the presence and levels of 33 lead in water, as opposed to testing to identify sources of lead for 34 35 remediation, must be designed to maximize detection of lead in water, and therefore prohibit sampling or testing methods that tend to mask 36 lead contamination, including prestagnation flushing and removal of 37 aerators prior to sampling. By September 1, 2017, the department must 38 provide the technical guidance, a list of laboratories certified to 39

p. 5

1 conduct lead testing, and any other information the department deems 2 appropriate to each school and early childhood program, and post the 3 technical guidance on the department's web site.

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** Sections 1 through 5 of this act 5 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW, to be codified immediately 6 after chapter 70.119A RCW.

--- END ---