H-2020.1

10

11

12

13

14 15

16 17

18 19

20

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1758

State of Washington 64th Legislature

2015 Regular Session

By House Technology & Economic Development (originally sponsored by Representatives Tharinger, Wilcox, Van De Wege, Takko, Walkinshaw, Blake, Ryu, Orcutt, Fitzgibbon, Nealey, Smith, Moscoso, Fey, Jinkins, and Goodman; by request of Office of Financial Management)

READ FIRST TIME 02/20/15.

AN ACT Relating to extending the expiration date of tax preferences for biofuel, biomass, and energy conservation; amending RCW 82.04.4334, 82.04.4334, 82.08.955, 82.08.955, 82.12.955, 82.29A.135, 82.29A.135, 84.36.635, 84.36.635, 82.04.4494, 82.04.4494, and 82.04.310; creating new sections; providing an effective date; providing expiration dates; and declaring an emergency.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8 PART I

9 Biofuel Tax Incentives

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. It is the intent of the legislature to promote the use of alternative fuels and meet Washington state's commitment to its present and future generations to fully address the climate change challenge. This section is the tax preference performance statement for the tax preferences contained in sections 102 through 110 of this act. This performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preferences. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax treatment.

(1) The legislature categorizes these tax preferences as intended to accomplish a general purpose as indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(f).

p. 1 SHB 1758

- (2) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to promote the production of biofuels that can replace the use of fossil fuels to produce energy and thereby help with achieving the state's renewable energy and greenhouse gas emissions targets. It is also the legislature's specific public policy objective to create new markets for Washington oilseeds.
- 7 (3) To measure the effectiveness of the exemptions in sections 102 through 110 of this act in achieving the public policy objectives 8 described in subsection (2) of this section, the joint legislative 9 audit and review committee must evaluate the number of biofuel plants 10 operating in Washington state, the number of taxpayers that claim the 11 preferences, the amount and type of preferences claimed, the amount 12 13 of biodiesel produced in Washington state, and the number of acres of 14 land used for oilseed production that may be used to produce biofuels. If a review finds that there is an increase in use of the 15 16 tax preferences in sections 102 through 110 of this act, then the 17 legislature intends to extend the expiration date of the tax 18 preferences.
- (4) In order to obtain the data necessary to perform the review 19 in subsection (3) of this section, the joint legislative audit and 20 21 review committee may refer to data from the department of revenue, the Washington State University energy extension program, 22 23 Washington state department of agriculture, the federal energy 24 information administration, and any other data source it deems 25 necessary.
- 26 **Sec. 102.** RCW 82.04.4334 and 2007 c 309 s 3 are each amended to 27 read as follows:
- (1) In computing tax there may be deducted from the measure of 28 tax amounts received from the retail sale, or for the distribution, 29 30 of:
 - (a) Biodiesel fuel; or
- 32 (b) E85 motor fuel.

35

36

38

1

2

3

4

5 6

- 33 (2) For the purposes of this section and RCW 82.08.955 and 34 82.12.955, the following definitions apply:
- (a) "Biodiesel fuel" means a mono alkyl ester of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats for use 37 compression-ignition engines and that meets the ((requirements of the American society of testing and materials specification D 6751 in

p. 2 SHB 1758

- 1 effect as of January 1, 2003)) fuel standards adopted under chapter 2 19.112 RCW.
- 3 (b) "E85 motor fuel" means ((an alternative)) a motor fuel that 4 is a blend of ethanol and ((hydrocarbon of which the ethanol portion
- 5 is nominally seventy-five to eighty-five percent denatured fuel
- 6 ethanol by volume that complies with the most recent version of
- 7 American society of testing and materials specification D 5798))
- 8 gasoline that meets the fuel standards adopted under chapter 19.112
- 9 RCW.
- 10 (c) "Distribution" means any of the actions specified in RCW
- 11 82.36.020(2).
- 12 (3) Every taxpayer claiming a deduction under this section must
- 13 file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW
- 14 <u>82.32.585.</u>
- 15 (4) This section expires July 1, ((2015)) 2025.
- 16 **Sec. 103.** RCW 82.04.4334 and 2007 c 309 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:
- 18 (1) In computing tax there may be deducted from the measure of 19 tax amounts received from the retail sale, or for the distribution,
- 20 of:
- 21 (a) Biodiesel fuel; or
- 22 (b) E85 motor fuel.
- 23 (2) For the purposes of this section and RCW 82.08.955 and 82.12.955, the following definitions apply:
- 25 (a) "Biodiesel fuel" means a mono alkyl ester of long chain fatty
 26 acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats sourced exclusively
 27 from North America for use in compression-ignition engines and that
 28 meets the requirements of the American society of testing and
 29 materials specification D 6751 in effect as of January 1, 2003.
- 30 (b) "E85 motor fuel" means an alternative fuel that is a blend of 31 ethanol and hydrocarbon of which the ethanol portion is nominally 32 seventy-five to eighty-five percent denatured fuel ethanol by volume 33 that complies with the most recent version of American society of 34 testing and materials specification D 5798 and that is derived 35 exclusively from materials harvested in North America.
- 36 (c) "Distribution" means any of the actions specified in RCW 82.36.020(2).

p. 3 SHB 1758

- 1 (3) Every taxpayer claiming a deduction under this section must
- 2 <u>file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW</u>
- 3 82.32.585.

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

35

3637

38

39

- 4 (4) This section expires July 1, ((2015)) 2025.
- 5 **Sec. 104.** RCW 82.08.955 and 2007 c 309 s 4 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- 7 (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of machinery and equipment, or to services rendered in respect to 8 constructing structures, installing, constructing, 9 repairing, 10 cleaning, decorating, altering, or improving of structures 11 machinery and equipment, or to sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of structures or machinery 12 and equipment, if the machinery, equipment, or structure is used 13 directly for the retail sale of a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel. 14 15 Structures and machinery and equipment that are used for the retail 16 sale of a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel and for other purposes 17 are exempt only on the portion used directly for the retail sale of a 18 biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel.
 - (2) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of fuel delivery vehicles or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the vehicles including repair parts and replacement parts if at least seventy-five percent of the fuel distributed by the vehicles is a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel.
 - (3) A person taking the exemption under this section must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility under this section. The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller shall retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
- 31 (4) For the purposes of this section, the definitions in RCW 82.04.4334 and this subsection apply.
- 33 (a) "Biodiesel blend" means fuel that contains at least twenty 34 percent biodiesel fuel by volume.
 - (b) (("E85 motor fuel" means an alternative fuel that is a blend of ethanol and hydrocarbon of which the ethanol portion is nominally seventy-five to eighty-five percent denatured fuel ethanol by volume that complies with the most recent version of American society of testing and materials specification D 5798.

p. 4 SHB 1758

- (c)) "Machinery and equipment" means industrial fixtures, devices, and support facilities and tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component thereof, including repair parts and replacement parts that are integral and necessary for the delivery of biodiesel blends or E85 motor fuel into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle.
- 7 (5) Every buyer claiming an exemption under this section must 8 <u>file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW</u> 9 82.32.585.
- 10 (6) This section expires July 1, ((2015)) 2025.

- **Sec. 105.** RCW 82.08.955 and 2007 c 309 s 4 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
 - (1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of machinery and equipment, or to services rendered in respect to constructing structures, installing, constructing, repairing, cleaning, decorating, altering, or improving of structures or machinery and equipment, or to sales of tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of structures or machinery and equipment, if the machinery, equipment, or structure is used directly for the retail sale of a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel. Structures and machinery and equipment that are used for the retail sale of a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel and for other purposes are exempt only on the portion used directly for the retail sale of a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel.
 - (2) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales of fuel delivery vehicles or to sales of or charges made for labor and services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the vehicles including repair parts and replacement parts if at least seventy-five percent of the fuel distributed by the vehicles is a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel.
 - (3) A person taking the exemption under this section must keep records necessary for the department to verify eligibility under this section. The exemption is available only when the buyer provides the seller with an exemption certificate in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller shall retain a copy of the certificate for the seller's files.
- 37 (4) For the purposes of this section, the definitions in RCW 82.04.4334 and this subsection apply.

p. 5 SHB 1758

- 1 (a) "Biodiesel blend" means fuel that contains at least twenty 2 percent biodiesel fuel by volume <u>and that is sourced exclusively from</u> 3 North America.
 - (b) "E85 motor fuel" means an alternative fuel that is a blend of ethanol and hydrocarbon of which the ethanol portion is nominally seventy-five to eighty-five percent denatured fuel ethanol by volume that complies with the most recent version of American society of testing and materials specification D 5798 and that is derived exclusively from materials harvested in North America.
- 10 (c) "Machinery and equipment" means industrial fixtures, devices, 11 and support facilities and tangible personal property that becomes an 12 ingredient or component thereof, including repair parts and 13 replacement parts that are integral and necessary for the delivery of 14 biodiesel blends or E85 motor fuel into the fuel tank of a motor 15 vehicle.
- 16 (5) Every taxpayer claiming a deduction under this section must 17 file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW 18 82.32.585.
- 19 (6) This section expires July 1, ((2015)) 2025.

5

7

8

9

22

2324

25

2627

- 20 **Sec. 106.** RCW 82.12.955 and 2007 c 309 s 5 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
 - (1) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of machinery and equipment, or to services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving of eligible machinery and equipment, or tangible personal property that becomes an ingredient or component of machinery and equipment used directly for the retail sale of a biodiesel <u>blend</u> or E85 motor fuel.
- (2) The provisions of this chapter do not apply in respect to the use of fuel delivery vehicles including repair parts and replacement parts and to services rendered in respect to installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, or improving the vehicles if at least seventy-five percent of the fuel distributed by the vehicles is a biodiesel blend or E85 motor fuel.
- 34 (3) For the purposes of this section, the definitions in RCW 82.04.4334 and 82.08.955 apply.
- 36 (4) Every taxpayer claiming an exemption under this section must
 37 file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW
 38 82.32.585.
- 39 (5) This section expires July 1, ((2015)) 2025.

p. 6 SHB 1758

1 Sec. 107. RCW 82.29A.135 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 11 s 6 are each 2 amended to read as follows:

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

17

18 19

2021

22

23

2425

26

2728

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

3839

- (1) ((For the purposes of this section:)) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) (("Alcohol fuel" means any alcohol made from a product other than petroleum or natural gas, which is used alone or in combination with gasoline or other petroleum products for use as a fuel for motor vehicles, farm implements, and machines or implements of husbandry))

 "Alcohol fuel," "biodiesel fuel," and "biodiesel feedstock" have the same meanings as provided in RCW 84.36.635.
- 12 (b) "Anaerobic digester" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 13 82.08.900.
- 14 (c) (("Biodiesel feedstock" means oil that is produced from an 15 agricultural crop for the sole purpose of ultimately producing 16 biodiesel fuel.
 - (d) "Biodiesel fuel" means a mono alkyl ester of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats for use in compression-ignition engines and that meets the requirements of the American society of testing and materials specification D 6751 in effect as of January 1, 2003.
 - (e))) "Wood biomass fuel" means a pyrolytic liquid fuel or synthesis gas-derived liquid fuel, used in internal combustion engines, and produced from wood, forest, or field residue, or dedicated energy crops that do not include wood pieces that have been treated with chemical preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chrome-arsenic.
 - (2)(a) All leasehold interests in buildings, machinery, equipment, and other personal property which are used primarily for the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, the land upon which this property is located, and land that is reasonably necessary in the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, but not land necessary for growing of crops, which together comprise a new manufacturing facility or an addition to an existing manufacturing facility, are exempt from leasehold taxes for a period of six years from the date on which the facility or the addition to the existing facility becomes operational.

p. 7 SHB 1758

(b) For manufacturing facilities which produce products in addition to alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, the amount of the leasehold tax exemption is based upon the annual percentage of the total value of all products manufactured that is the value of the alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, biodiesel fuel, and biodiesel feedstock manufactured.

- (3) Claims for exemptions authorized by this section must be filed with the department ((of revenue)) on forms prescribed by the department ((of revenue)) and furnished by the department ((of revenue)). Once filed, the exemption is valid for six years and may not be renewed. The department ((of revenue)) must verify and approve claims as the department ((of revenue)) determines to be justified and in accordance with this section. No claims may be filed after December 31, ((2015)) 2025, except for claims for anaerobic digesters, which may be filed no later than December 31, 2012.
- 16 <u>(4)</u> The department ((of revenue)) may promulgate ((such)) rules, 17 pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, as are necessary to properly 18 administer this section.
- **Sec. 108.** RCW 82.29A.135 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 11 s 6 are each 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 (1) ((For the purposes of this section:)) The definitions in this 22 subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly 23 requires otherwise.
 - (a) "Alcohol fuel" means any alcohol made from a product other than petroleum or natural gas, which is used alone or in combination with gasoline or other petroleum products for use as a fuel for motor vehicles, farm implements, and machines or implements of husbandry.
- 28 (b) "Anaerobic digester" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 29 82.08.900.
- 30 (c) "Biodiesel feedstock" means oil that is produced from an agricultural crop <u>harvested exclusively from North America</u> for the 32 sole purpose of ultimately producing biodiesel fuel.
 - (d) "Biodiesel fuel" means a mono alkyl ester of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats <u>sourced exclusively from North America</u> for use in compression-ignition engines and that meets the requirements of the American society of testing and materials specification D 6751 in effect as of January 1, 2003.
- 38 (e) "Wood biomass fuel" means a pyrolytic liquid fuel or 39 synthesis gas-derived liquid fuel, used in internal combustion

p. 8 SHB 1758

- engines, and produced from wood, forest, or field residue <u>harvested</u>
 exclusively from North America, or dedicated energy crops that do not
 include wood pieces that have been treated with chemical
 preservatives such as creosote, pentachlorophenol, or copper-chromearsenic.
- 6 (2)(a) All leasehold interests in buildings, 7 equipment, and other personal property which are used primarily for the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, biodiesel fuel, 8 biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, the 9 land upon which this property is located, and land that is reasonably 10 11 necessary in the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, 12 biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, but not land necessary for growing of crops, which together 13 14 comprise a new manufacturing facility or an addition to an existing manufacturing facility, are exempt from leasehold taxes for a period 15 16 of six years from the date on which the facility or the addition to 17 the existing facility becomes operational.
 - (b) For manufacturing facilities which produce products in addition to alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, the amount of the leasehold tax exemption is based upon the annual percentage of the total value of all products manufactured that is the value of the alcohol fuel, wood biomass fuel, biodiesel fuel, and biodiesel feedstock manufactured.

19

2021

22

2324

25

26

27

2829

30 31

32

- (3) Claims for exemptions authorized by this section must be filed with the department ((of revenue)) on forms prescribed by the department ((of revenue)) and furnished by the department ((of revenue)). Once filed, the exemption is valid for six years and may not be renewed. The department ((of revenue)) must verify and approve claims as the department ((of revenue)) determines to be justified and in accordance with this section. No claims may be filed after December 31, ((of 1) 2025, except for claims for anaerobic digesters, which may be filed no later than December 31, 2012.
- 33 $\underline{(4)}$ The department ((of revenue)) may promulgate ((such)) rules, 34 pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, as are necessary to properly 35 administer this section.
- 36 **Sec. 109.** RCW 84.36.635 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 11 s 4 are each 37 amended to read as follows:

p. 9 SHB 1758

(1) ((For the purposes of this section:)) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

- (a) "Alcohol fuel" means any alcohol made from a product other than petroleum or natural gas, which is used alone or in combination with gasoline or other petroleum products for use as a fuel for motor vehicles, farm implements, and machines or implements of husbandry.
- 8 (b) "Anaerobic digester" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 9 82.08.900.
 - (c) "Biodiesel feedstock" means ((oil that is produced from an agricultural crop for the sole purpose of ultimately producing)) a vegetable oil or animal fat that is used to manufacture biodiesel fuel.
 - (d) "Biodiesel fuel" means a mono alkyl ester of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats for use in compression-ignition engines and that meets the ((requirements of the American society of testing and materials specification D 6751 in effect as of January 1, 2003)) fuel standards adopted under chapter 19.112 RCW.
 - (2)(a) All buildings, machinery, equipment, and other personal property which are used primarily for the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, the land upon which this property is located, and land that is reasonably necessary in the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, but not land necessary for growing of crops, which together comprise a new manufacturing facility or an addition to an existing manufacturing facility, are exempt from property taxation for the six assessment years following the date on which the facility or the addition to the existing facility becomes operational.
 - (b) For manufacturing facilities which produce products in addition to alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, the amount of the property tax exemption is based upon the annual percentage of the total value of all products manufactured that is the value of the alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, and biodiesel feedstock manufactured.
- 38 (3) Claims for exemptions authorized by this section must be 39 filed with the county assessor on forms prescribed by the department 40 ((of revenue)) and furnished by the assessor. Once filed, the

p. 10 SHB 1758

- exemption is valid for six years and may not be renewed. The assessor must verify and approve claims as the assessor determines to be justified and in accordance with this section. No claims may be filed after December 31, ((2015)) 2025, except for claims for anaerobic digesters, which may be filed no later than December 31, 2012.
- 6 <u>(4)</u> The department ((of revenue)) may promulgate ((such)) rules, 7 pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, as necessary to properly administer 8 this section.
- **Sec. 110.** RCW 84.36.635 and 2010 1st sp.s. c 11 s 4 are each 10 amended to read as follows:

- (1) ((For the purposes of this section:)) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- (a) "Alcohol fuel" means any alcohol made from a product other than petroleum or natural gas, which is used alone or in combination with gasoline or other petroleum products for use as a fuel for motor vehicles, farm implements, and machines or implements of husbandry.
- 18 (b) "Anaerobic digester" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 19 82.08.900.
- 20 (c) "Biodiesel feedstock" means oil that is produced from an 21 agricultural crop <u>harvested exclusively from North America</u> for the 22 sole purpose of ultimately producing biodiesel fuel.
 - (d) "Biodiesel fuel" means a mono alkyl ester of long chain fatty acids derived from vegetable oils or animal fats <u>sourced exclusively from North America</u> for use in compression-ignition engines and that meets the requirements of the American society of testing and materials specification D 6751 in effect as of January 1, 2003.
 - (2)(a) All buildings, machinery, equipment, and other personal property which are used primarily for the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, the land upon which this property is located, and land that is reasonably necessary in the manufacturing of alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, biodiesel feedstock, or the operation of an anaerobic digester, but not land necessary for growing of crops, which together comprise a new manufacturing facility or an addition to an existing manufacturing facility, are exempt from property taxation for the six assessment years following the date on which the facility or the addition to the existing facility becomes operational.

p. 11 SHB 1758

- (b) For manufacturing facilities which produce products in addition to alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, or biodiesel feedstock, the amount of the property tax exemption is based upon the annual percentage of the total value of all products manufactured that is the value of the alcohol fuel, biodiesel fuel, and biodiesel feedstock manufactured.
- (3) Claims for exemptions authorized by this section must be filed with the county assessor on forms prescribed by the department (($\frac{\text{of}}{\text{revenue}}$)) and furnished by the assessor. Once filed, the exemption is valid for six years and may not be renewed. The assessor must verify and approve claims as the assessor determines to be justified and in accordance with this section. No claims may be filed after December 31, (($\frac{2015}{\text{o}}$)) $\frac{2025}{\text{o}}$, except for claims for anaerobic digesters, which may be filed no later than December 31, 2012.
- 15 <u>(4)</u> The department ((of revenue)) may promulgate ((such)) rules, 16 pursuant to chapter 34.05 RCW, as necessary to properly administer 17 this section.

18 PART II

Biomass Tax Incentives

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 201. It is the intent of the legislature to utilize Washington's abundant forest resources to promote diversified renewable energy use, and to promote healthy, fire resistant forests in the state. This section is the tax preference performance statement for the tax preference contained in RCW 82.04.4494. This performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preference. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax treatment.
 - (1) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one intended to induce certain designated behavior by taxpayers, as indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(a).
 - (2) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to promote the production of steam, heat, electricity, or biofuel using forest derived biomass that is renewable and has been deemed carbon neutral under RCW 70.235.020(3), and can thereby replace the use of fossil fuel to produce energy and thereby help with achieving the state's renewable energy and greenhouse gas emissions targets; further, the use of forest derived biomass used to produce energy

p. 12 SHB 1758

- 1 will help defray the cost of forest thinning thereby improving forest health and reducing the threat of wildfires. It is the legislature's 2 intent to provide a forest derived biomass credit in order to 3 encourage the harvesting, collection, and utilization of the more 4 than eleven million tons of forest derived biomass available 5 б annually, thereby producing renewable, carbon neutral energy, thereby 7 state achieve its renewable energy targets, helping the greenhouse gas emissions targets, improve forest health and reduce 8 the threat of wildfires. 9
 - (3) If a review finds that the amount of forest derived biomass collected and utilized to produce energy between July 1, 2015, and June 30, 2024, increases by at least an average annual rate of ten percent per year, then the legislature intends to extend the expiration date of the tax preference.

12

13 14

2223

24

25

2627

34

35

36

37

38

39

- 15 (4) In order to obtain the data necessary to perform the review 16 in subsection (3) of this section, the joint legislative audit and 17 review committee may refer to the total green tons of forest derived 18 biomass harvested data available from the department of revenue and 19 any other data source it deems necessary.
- 20 **Sec. 202.** RCW 82.04.4494 and 2009 c 469 s 401 are each amended 21 to read as follows:
 - (1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, harvesters are allowed a credit against the amount of tax otherwise due under this chapter((, as provided in this section)) for forest derived biomass harvested after July 1, 2013. The credit per harvested green ton of forest derived biomass sold, transferred, or used for production of electricity, steam, heat, or biofuel is ((as follows:
- 28 (a) For forest derived biomass harvested October 1, 2009, through 29 June 30, 2010, zero dollars;
- 30 (b) For forest derived biomass harvested July 1, 2010, through 31 June 30, 2013, three dollars;
- 32 (c) For forest derived biomass harvested July 1, 2013, through 33 June 30, 2015,)) five dollars.
 - (2) Credit may not be claimed for forest derived biomass sold, transferred, or used before July 1, 2009. The amount of credit allowed for a reporting period may not exceed the tax otherwise due under this chapter for that reporting period. Any unused excess credit in a reporting period may be carried forward to future reporting periods for a maximum of two years.

p. 13 SHB 1758

- 1 (3) For the purposes of this section, "harvested" and 2 "harvesters" are defined in RCW 84.33.035, and "biofuel" is defined 3 in RCW 43.325.010.
- 4 (4) Every taxpayer claiming a credit under this section must file 5 a complete annual survey with the department under RCW 82.32.585.
 - (5) This section expires June 30, ((2015)) 2025.

20

21

22

2324

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

37

- 7 **Sec. 203.** RCW 82.04.4494 and 2009 c 469 s 401 are each amended 8 to read as follows:
- 9 (1) In computing the tax imposed under this chapter, harvesters 10 are allowed a credit against the amount of tax otherwise due under 11 this chapter, as provided in this section. The credit per harvested 12 green ton of forest derived biomass sold, transferred, or used for 13 production of electricity, steam, heat, or biofuel is ((as follows:
- 14 (a) For forest derived biomass harvested October 1, 2009, through 15 June 30, 2010, zero dollars;
- 16 (b) For forest derived biomass harvested July 1, 2010, through 17 June 30, 2013, three dollars;
- 18 (c) For forest derived biomass harvested July 1, 2013, through 19 June 30, 2015,)) five dollars.
 - (2) Credit may not be claimed for forest derived biomass sold, transferred, or used before July 1, 2009. The amount of credit allowed for a reporting period may not exceed the tax otherwise due under this chapter for that reporting period. Any unused excess credit in a reporting period may be carried forward to future reporting periods for a maximum of two years.
 - (3) For the purposes of this section, "harvested" and "harvesters" are defined in RCW 84.33.035, and "biofuel" ((is defined in RCW 43.325.010)) includes, but is not limited to, biodiesel, ethanol, and ethanol blend fuels derived from materials sourced exclusively from North America, and renewable liquid natural gas or liquid compressed natural gas made from biogas.
- 32 (4) Every taxpayer claiming a deduction under this section must 33 file a complete annual survey with the department under RCW 34 82.32.585.
- 35 (5) This section expires June 30, ((2015)) 2025.

36 PART III

Energy Conservation Payments from Bonneville Power Administration

p. 14 SHB 1758

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. This section is the tax preference performance statement for the tax preference contained in section 302 of this act. The performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preference. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax treatment.

- (1) The legislature categorizes this tax preference as one intended to induce certain designated behavior by taxpayers, as indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(a).
- (2) It is the legislature's specific public policy objective to increase investment in energy efficiency and conservation programs, and to support efforts by utilities to acquire all cost-effective energy conservation as required under state law. To support this objective, it is the legislature's intent to extend the expiration date of the exemption from business and occupation tax amounts received by utilities in the form of credits against power contracts or received from the Bonneville power administration for energy conservation purposes, thereby inducing utilities to invest funds in energy conservation and efficiency programs, thereby reducing the amount of electric energy that such utilities must either generate or purchase, thereby reducing energy costs to utilities and customers.
- (3) To measure the effectiveness of the exemption in section 302 of this act in achieving the public policy objectives described in subsection (2) of this section, the joint legislative audit and review committee must evaluate the number of taxpayers that claim the exemption and the amount of investment made by utilities in energy conservation and efficiency programs.
- (4) The joint legislative audit and review committee may use data from the department of revenue, the utilities and transportation commission, and any other data it deems necessary in performing the evaluation under subsection (3) of this section.
- **Sec. 302.** RCW 82.04.310 and 2014 c 216 s 302 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- (1) This chapter does not apply to any person in respect to a business activity with respect to which tax liability is specifically imposed under the provisions of chapter 82.16 RCW including amounts derived from activities for which a deduction is allowed under RCW 82.16.050. The exemption in this subsection does not apply to sales of natural gas, including compressed natural gas and liquefied

p. 15 SHB 1758

natural gas, by a gas distribution business, if such sales are exempt from the tax imposed under chapter 82.16 RCW as provided in RCW 82.16.310.

- (2) This chapter does not apply to amounts received by any person for the sale of electrical energy for resale within or outside the state.
- (3)(a) This chapter does not apply to amounts received by any person for the sale of natural or manufactured gas in a calendar year if that person sells within the United States a total amount of natural or manufactured gas in that calendar year that is no more than twenty percent of the amount of natural or manufactured gas that it consumes within the United States in the same calendar year.
- (b) For purposes of determining whether a person has sold within the United States a total amount of natural or manufactured gas in a calendar year that is no more than twenty percent of the amount of natural or manufactured gas that it consumes within the United States in the same calendar year, the following transfers of gas are not considered to be the sale of natural or manufactured gas:
- (i) The transfer of any natural or manufactured gas as a result of the acquisition of another business, through merger or otherwise; or
- (ii) The transfer of any natural or manufactured gas accomplished solely to comply with federal regulatory requirements imposed on the pipeline transportation of such gas when it is shipped by a third-party manager of a person's pipeline transportation.
- 26 (4) Until July 1, 2025, this chapter does not apply to amounts
 27 received by any person in the form of credits against power contracts
 28 with the Bonneville power administration, or funds provided by the
 29 Bonneville power administration, for the purpose of implementing
 30 energy conservation programs or demand-side management programs.

31 PART IV

32 Miscellaneous Provisions

NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2015.

--- END ---

p. 16 SHB 1758