## HOUSE BILL 1721

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By Representatives Paul and Stokesbary

1 AN ACT Relating to skill center class size; amending RCW 2 28A.150.260 and 28A.150.260; providing an effective date; and 3 providing an expiration date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 28A.150.260 and 2022 c 109 s 3 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of 8 state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school 9 districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic 10 education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined 11 as follows:

12 (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public 13 instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the 14 distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each 15 common school district.

(2) (a) The distribution formula under this section shall be for allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under subsections (4) (b) and (c), (5) (b), and (9) of this section, chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional 1 approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school 2 districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student ratio 3 or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for 4 particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section 5 entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning 6 period.

7 (b) To promote transparency in state funding allocations, the superintendent of public instruction must report state per-pupil 8 allocations for each school district for the general apportionment, 9 special education, learning assistance, transitional 10 bilingual, 11 highly capable, and career and technical education programs. The 12 superintendent must report this information in a user-friendly format on the main page of the office's website. School districts must 13 include a link to the superintendent's per-pupil allocations report 14 on the main page of the school district's website. In addition, the 15 16 budget documents published by the legislature for the enacted omnibus 17 operating appropriations act must report statewide average per-pupil 18 allocations for general apportionment and the categorical programs listed in this subsection. 19

(3) (a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have 20 been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided 21 as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the 22 23 basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to 24 25 support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this 26 section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula 27 28 does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. 29 Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to 30 31 operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade 32 levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school 33 staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school 34 districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual 35 36 number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade 37 level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The 38 39 allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with

1 minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors 2 identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

3 (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are 4 defined as follows:

5 (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual
6 full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;

7 (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two 8 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and 9 eight; and

10 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average 11 annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through 12 six.

(4) (a) (i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the following general education average class size of full-time equivalent students per teacher:

| 20 | General edu  | cation |
|----|--------------|--------|
| 21 | average clas | s size |
| 22 | Grades K-3   | 17.00  |
| 23 | Grade 4      | 27.00  |
| 24 | Grades 5-6   | 27.00  |
| 25 | Grades 7-8   | 28.53  |
| 26 | Grades 9-12  | 28.74  |

27 (ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical high 28 school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine 29 through twelve per full-time equivalent high school student 30 31 multiplied by a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to 32 provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional 33 hours in RCW 28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher planning 34 35 period per school day:

| 36 |        |       |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | L | ab | or | at  | 01  | ry  | SC | ience |
|----|--------|-------|---|---|---|-------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|-------|
| 37 |        |       |   |   |   |       |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |   | a | ve | ra | ige | e ( | cla | ss | size  |
| 38 | Grades | 9-12. | • | • | • | <br>• | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | • | •  | •  | •   | •   | •   |    | 19.98 |

(b) (i) Beginning September 1, 2019, funding for average K-3 class 1 2 sizes in this subsection (4) may be provided only to the extent of, 3 and proportionate to, the school district's demonstrated actual class 4 size in grades K-3, up to the funded class sizes. (ii) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 5 develop rules to implement this subsection (4)(b). 6 7 (c) (i) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom 8 9 teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent 10 students per teacher in career and technical education: 11 Career and technical 12 education average 13 class size 14 Approved career and technical education offered at 15 23.00 16 Skill center programs meeting the standards established 17 by the office of the superintendent of public 18 (ii) Funding allocated under this subsection (4)(c) is subject to 19 20 RCW 28A.150.265. 21 In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at (d) а 22 minimum specify: 23 (i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than 24 fifty percent of the students are eligible for free and reduced-price 25 meals; and 26 (ii) A specialty average class size for advanced placement and 27 international baccalaureate courses. 28 (5) (a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in 29 30 addition to classroom teachers: 31 Elementary Middle High 32 School School School 33 Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level 34 administrators. 1.253 1.353 1.880 35 Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology, 36 and media to support school library media programs. 0.663 0.519 0.523

| 1  | Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional services |        |       |       |
|----|---|--------|-------|-------|
| 2  | provided by classified employees.   | 0.936  | 0.700 | 0.652 |
| 3  | Office support and other noninstructional aides.                                | 2.012  | 2.325 | 3.269 |
| 4  | Custodians  | 1.657  | 1.942 | 2.965 |
| 5  | Nurses  | 0.246  | 0.336 | 0.339 |
| 6  | Social workers  | 0.132  | 0.033 | 0.052 |
| 7  | Psychologists   | 0.046  | 0.009 | 0.021 |
| 8  | Counselors  | 0.660  | 1.383 | 2.706 |
| 9  | Classified staff providing student and staff safety                             | 0.079  | 0.092 | 0.141 |
| 10 | Parent involvement coordinators.  | 0.0825 | 0.00  | 0.00  |
|    |   |        |       |       |

11 (b) (i) The superintendent may only allocate funding, up to the 12 for combined minimum allocations, nurses, social workers, 13 psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and staff safety, and parent involvement coordinators under (a) and (c) 14 15 of this subsection to the extent of and proportionate to a school district's demonstrated actual ratios of: Full-time equivalent 16 17 physical, social, and emotional support staff to full-time equivalent 18 students.

(ii) The superintendent must adopt rules to implement this subsection (5)(b) and the rules must require school districts to prioritize funding allocated as required by (b)(i) of this subsection for physical, social, and emotional support staff who hold a valid educational staff associate certificate appropriate for the staff's role.

(iii) For the purposes of this subsection (5)(b), "physical, social, and emotional support staff" include nurses, social workers, psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and staff safety, parent involvement coordinators, and other school district employees and contractors who provide physical, social, and emotional support to students as defined by the superintendent.

31 (c) For the 2023-24 school year, in addition to the minimum 32 allocation under (a) of this subsection, the following additional 33 staffing units for each level of prototypical school will be 34 provided:

| 35 |        | Elementary | Middle | High   |
|----|--------|------------|--------|--------|
| 36 |        | School     | School | School |
| 37 | Nurses | 0.170      | 0.276  | 0.243  |

| 1 | Social workers. | 0.090 | 0.027 | 0.037 |
|---|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| 2 | Psychologists   | 0.029 | 0.007 | 0.014 |
| 3 | Counselors      | 0.167 | 0.167 | 0.176 |

4 (6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district
5 to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one
6 thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12
7 as follows:

| 8  | Staff per 1,000                            |
|----|--|
| 9  | K-12 students                              |
| 10 | Technology                                 |
| 11 | Facilities, maintenance, and grounds 1.813 |
| 12 | Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics 0.332   |

(b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school district to support certificated and classified staffing of central administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated under subsections (4)(a) and (5) of this section and (a) of this subsection.

18 (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations 19 to school districts for career and technical education and skill 20 center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as 21 specified in the omnibus appropriations act.

(8) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs as provided in the 2017-18 school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:

| 28 | Per annual average  |
|----|---|
| 29 | full-time equivalent student                                |
| 30 | in grades K-12  |
| 31 | Technology  |
| 32 | Utilities and insurance                                     |
| 33 | Curriculum and textbooks                                    |
| 34 | Other supplies  |
| 35 | Library materials   |
| 36 | Instructional professional development for certificated and |
| 37 | classified staff  |
|    |   |

1 \$176.01 Security and central office administration. . . . . . . . . 2 \$121.94 3 (b) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) of this subsection, beginning in the 2014-15 school year, the omnibus 4 appropriations act shall provide the following minimum allocation for 5 each annual average full-time equivalent student in grades nine 6 through twelve for the following materials, supplies, and operating 7 costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation: 8 9 Per annual average 10 full-time equivalent student 11 in grades 9-12 12 \$36.35 13 \$39.02 14 \$77.28 15 \$5.56 16 Instructional professional development for certificated and 17 18 (9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this section and subject to RCW 28A.150.265, the omnibus appropriations 19 act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student 20 enrollment in each of the following: 21 22 (a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for students in grades seven through twelve; 23 24 (b) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and 25 (c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for 26 27 students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center. (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this 28 29 section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs 30 and services: 31 (a) (i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students who are not meeting academic standards through the learning 32 assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, 33 allocations shall be based on the greater of either: The district 34 percentage of students in kindergarten through grade twelve who were 35 eligible for free or reduced-price meals for the school year 36 immediately preceding the district's participation, in whole or part, 37 38 in the United States department of agriculture's community eligibility provision, or the district percentage of students in 39

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grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.3975 hours per week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher.

(ii) In addition to funding allocated under (a)(i) of this 7 subsection, to provide supplemental instruction and services for 8 students who are not meeting academic standards in qualifying 9 schools. A qualifying school means a school in which the three-year 10 11 rolling average of the prior year total annual average enrollment 12 that qualifies for free or reduced-price meals equals or exceeds fifty percent or more of its total annual average enrollment. A 13 school continues to meet the definition of a qualifying school if the 14 15 school: Participates in the United States department of agriculture's 16 community eligibility provision; and met the definition of a 17 qualifying school in the year immediately preceding their 18 participation. The minimum allocation for this additional high poverty-based allocation must provide for each level of prototypical 19 school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.1 hours per 20 week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning 21 22 assistance program students per teacher, under RCW 28A.165.055, 23 school districts must distribute the high poverty-based allocation to the schools that generated the funding allocation. 24

25 (b) (i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students whose primary language is other than English, allocations 26 27 shall be based on the head count number of students in each school 28 who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The 29 minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall 30 31 provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours 32 per week in extra instruction for students in grades kindergarten 33 through six and 6.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades seven through twelve, with fifteen transitional 34 bilingual instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding 35 other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student 36 allocation may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students 37 needing more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced 38 39 allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, as 40 detailed in the omnibus appropriations act.

1 (ii) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students who have exited the transitional bilingual program, 2 allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in 3 each school who have exited the transitional bilingual program within 4 the previous two years based on their performance on the English 5 6 proficiency assessment and are eligible for and enrolled in the 7 transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.040(1)(g). The minimum allocation for each prototypical 8 school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 9 10 3.0 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen exited students 11 per teacher.

12 (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for 13 highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, 14 allocations shall be based on 5.0 percent of each school district's 15 full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum 16 allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a 17 statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with 18 fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.

(11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a), (5), (6), and (8) of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional resources for students with disabilities.

(12) (a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.

30 (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4), 31 (7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career 32 and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses 33 approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction 34 under chapter 28A.700 RCW.

35 (13)(a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds 36 shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The 37 recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or 38 rejection by the legislature.

39 (b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula 40 recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution

1 formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall 2 remain in effect.

(c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average 3 number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as 4 provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each 5 6 month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing 7 school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall 8 be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction 9 and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget 10 request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional 11 12 hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house 13 ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee. 14

15 (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly 16 review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students 17 in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.

18 Sec. 2. RCW 28A.150.260 and 2022 c 109 s 4 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined as follows:

(1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public instruction may recommend to the legislature a formula for the distribution of a basic education instructional allocation for each common school district.

(2) (a) The distribution formula under this section shall be for 29 30 allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under subsections 31 (4)(b) and (c), (5)(b), and (9) of this section, chapter 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws and regulations, 32 nothing in this section requires school districts to use basic 33 education instructional funds to implement a particular instructional 34 35 approach or service. Nothing in this section requires school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student ratio 36 or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay for 37 38 particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this section

1 entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning
2 period.

(b) To promote transparency in state funding allocations, the 3 superintendent of public instruction must report state per-pupil 4 allocations for each school district for the general apportionment, 5 6 special education, learning assistance, transitional bilingual, highly capable, and career and technical education programs. The 7 superintendent must report this information in a user-friendly format 8 on the main page of the office's website. School districts must 9 include a link to the superintendent's per-pupil allocations report 10 11 on the main page of the school district's website. In addition, the 12 budget documents published by the legislature for the enacted omnibus operating appropriations act must report statewide average per-pupil 13 allocations for general apportionment and the categorical programs 14 15 listed in this subsection.

16 (3) (a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have 17 been adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the 18 basic education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum 19 staffing and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to 20 support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving 21 high, middle, and elementary school students as provided in this 22 section. The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula 23 not constitute legislative intent that schools should be 24 does 25 operated or structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to 26 operate a school of a particular size with particular types and grade 27 28 levels of students using commonly understood terms and inputs, such as class size, hours of instruction, and various categories of school 29 staff. It is the intent that the funding allocations to school 30 31 districts be adjusted from the school prototypes based on the actual 32 number of annual average full-time equivalent students in each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level 33 configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The 34 allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with 35 minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors 36 identified in the omnibus appropriations act. 37

38 (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are 39 defined as follows: (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual
 full-time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;

3 (ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two 4 average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and 5 eight; and

6 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average 7 annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through 8 six.

9 (4)(a)(i) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical 10 school shall be based on the number of full-time equivalent classroom 11 teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required 12 annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and provide at least 13 one teacher planning period per school day, and based on the 14 following general education average class size of full-time 15 equivalent students per teacher:

16 General education 17 average class size 18 17.00 19 27.00 20 27.00 21 22 

(ii) The minimum class size allocation for each prototypical high 23 24 school shall also provide for enhanced funding for class size reduction for two laboratory science classes within grades nine 25 through twelve per full-time equivalent high school student 26 27 multiplied by a laboratory science course factor of 0.0833, based on 28 the number of full-time equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the minimum required annual instructional 29 hours in RCW 28A.150.220, and providing at least one teacher planning 30 31 period per school day:

36 sizes in this subsection (4) may be provided only to the extent of, 37 and proportionate to, the school district's demonstrated actual class 38 size in grades K-3, up to the funded class sizes.

1 (ii) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 2 develop rules to implement this subsection (4)(b). 3 (c)(i) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom 4 teachers based on the following number of full-time equivalent 5 6 students per teacher in career and technical education, except as provided in (c) (ii) of this subsection (4): 7 Career and technical 8 9 education average 10 class size Approved career and technical education offered at 11 12 23.00 13 Skill center programs meeting the standards established 14 by the office of the superintendent of public 15 In the 2024-25 school year, the career and technical 16 (ii) 17 education average class size for skill center programs meeting the standards established by the office of the superintendent of public 18 19 instruction is 17.45. 20 (iii) Funding allocated under this subsection (4)(c) is subject 21 to RCW 28A.150.265. 22 (d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at а 23 minimum specify: 24 (i) A high-poverty average class size in schools where more than 25 fifty percent of the students are eligible for free and reduced-price 26 meals; and 27 (ii) A specialty average class size for advanced placement and 28 international baccalaureate courses. 29 (5) (a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical 30 school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in 31 addition to classroom teachers: 32 Middle High Elementary 33 School School School 34 Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level 35 administrators. 1.253 1.353 1.880 36 Teacher-librarians, a function that includes information literacy, technology, 37 0.519 and media to support school library media programs. 0.663 0.523

| leaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional services |                                  |   |   |
|---|----------------------------------|---|---|
| provided by classified employees.   | 0.936                            | 0.700   | 0.652   |
| Office support and other noninstructional aides                                 | 2.012                            | 2.325   | 3.269   |
| Custodians  | 1.657                            | 1.942   | 2.965   |
| Nurses  | 0.585                            | 0.888   | 0.824   |
| Social workers.   | 0.311                            | 0.088   | 0.127   |
| Psychologists   | 0.104                            | 0.024   | 0.049   |
| Counselors  | 0.993                            | 1.716   | 3.039   |
| Classified staff providing student and staff safety.                            | 0.079                            | 0.092   | 0.141   |
| Parent involvement coordinators.  | 0.0825                           | 0.00  | 0.00  |
|   | provided by classified employees | Office support and other noninstructional aides.2.012Custodians.1.657Nurses.0.585Social workers.0.311Psychologists.0.104Counselors.0.993Classified staff providing student and staff safety.0.079 | provided by classified employees.0.9360.700Office support and other noninstructional aides.2.0122.325Custodians.1.6571.942Nurses.0.5850.888Social workers.0.3110.088Psychologists.0.1040.024Counselors.0.9931.716Classified staff providing student and staff safety.0.0790.092 |

11 (b) (i) The superintendent may only allocate funding, up to the 12 for combined minimum allocations, nurses, social workers, 13 psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and 14 staff safety, and parent involvement coordinators under (a) of this 15 subsection to the extent of and proportionate to a school district's demonstrated actual ratios of: Full-time equivalent physical, social, 16 17 and emotional support staff to full-time equivalent students.

(ii) The superintendent must adopt rules to implement this subsection (5)(b) and the rules must require school districts to prioritize funding allocated as required by (b)(i) of this subsection for physical, social, and emotional support staff who hold a valid educational staff associate certificate appropriate for the staff's role.

(iii) For the purposes of this subsection (5)(b), "physical, social, and emotional support staff" include nurses, social workers, psychologists, counselors, classified staff providing student and staff safety, parent involvement coordinators, and other school district employees and contractors who provide physical, social, and emotional support to students as defined by the superintendent.

30 (6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation for each school district 31 to provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one 32 thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12 33 as follows:

| 34 | Staff per 1,000                            |
|----|--|
| 35 | K-12 students                              |
| 36 | Technology                                 |
| 37 | Facilities, maintenance, and grounds 1.813 |

1 Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics. . . . . . . . . . . . . 0.332

2 (b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school 3 district to support certificated and classified staffing of central 4 administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated 5 under subsections (4)(a) and (5) of this section and (a) of this 6 subsection.

7 (7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations 8 to school districts for career and technical education and skill 9 center administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as 10 specified in the omnibus appropriations act.

(8) (a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum allocation for each school district shall include allocations per annual average full-time equivalent student for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs as provided in the 2017-18 school year, after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as specified in the omnibus appropriations act:

| 17 | Per annual average  |
|----|---|
| 18 | full-time equivalent student                                |
| 19 | in grades K-12  |
| 20 | Technology  |
| 21 | Utilities and insurance                                     |
| 22 | Curriculum and textbooks                                    |
| 23 | Other supplies  |
| 24 | Library materials   |
| 25 | Instructional professional development for certificated and |
| 26 | classified staff  |
| 27 | Facilities maintenance                                      |
| 28 | Security and central office administration \$121.94         |

(b) In addition to the amounts provided in (a) of this subsection, beginning in the 2014-15 school year, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide the following minimum allocation for each annual average full-time equivalent student in grades nine through twelve for the following materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted annually for inflation:

| 35 |             |     |         |   |   |       |   |   |       |     |     |    | Pe | er  | an  | nua  | l a | vera  | ge |
|----|-------------|-----|---------|---|---|-------|---|---|-------|-----|-----|----|----|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|----|
| 36 |             |     |         |   |   |       |   |   | fu    | 11- | -ti | me | eq | ſui | .va | lent | c s | tude  | nt |
| 37 |             |     |         |   |   |       |   |   |       |     |     |    |    |     | in  | gra  | ade | s 9-  | 12 |
| 38 | Technology. | ••• | <br>• • | • | • | <br>• | • | • | <br>• | •   | ••• | •  | •  | •   | •   | •••  |     | \$36. | 35 |

| 1 | Curriculum and textbooks                                    | \$39.02 |
|---|---|---------|
| 2 | Other supplies  | \$77.28 |
| 3 | Library materials   | \$5.56  |
| 4 | Instructional professional development for certificated and |         |
| 5 | classified staff.   | \$6.04  |

6 (9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this 7 section and subject to RCW 28A.150.265, the omnibus appropriations 8 act shall provide an amount based on full-time equivalent student 9 enrollment in each of the following:

10 (a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for 11 students in grades seven through twelve;

(b) Preparatory career and technical education courses forstudents in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and

14 (c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for 15 students in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.

16 (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under this 17 section, amounts shall be provided to support the following programs 18 and services:

19 (a) (i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for 20 students who are not meeting academic standards through the learning 21 assistance program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, allocations shall be based on the greater of either: The district 22 23 percentage of students in kindergarten through grade twelve who were 24 eligible for free or reduced-price meals for the school year 25 immediately preceding the district's participation, in whole or part, agriculture's 26 the United States department of community in eligibility provision, or the district percentage of students in 27 28 grades K-12 who were eligible for free or reduced-price meals in the 29 prior school year. The minimum allocation for the program shall provide for each level of prototypical school resources to provide, 30 on a statewide average, 2.3975 hours per week in extra instruction 31 32 with a class size of fifteen learning assistance program students per teacher. 33

(ii) In addition to funding allocated under (a)(i) of this subsection, to provide supplemental instruction and services for students who are not meeting academic standards in qualifying schools. A qualifying school means a school in which the three-year rolling average of the prior year total annual average enrollment that qualifies for free or reduced-price meals equals or exceeds

fifty percent or more of its total annual average enrollment. A 1 school continues to meet the definition of a qualifying school if the 2 3 school: Participates in the United States department of agriculture's community eligibility provision; and met the definition of 4 а qualifying school in the year immediately preceding their 5 6 participation. The minimum allocation for this additional high poverty-based allocation must provide for each level of prototypical 7 school resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.1 hours per 8 week in extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning 9 assistance program students per teacher, under RCW 28A.165.055, 10 11 school districts must distribute the high poverty-based allocation to 12 the schools that generated the funding allocation.

(b) (i) To provide supplemental instruction and services for 13 14 students whose primary language is other than English, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school 15 16 who are eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual 17 instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. The 18 minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall 19 provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades kindergarten 20 21 through six and 6.7780 hours per week in extra instruction for students in grades seven through twelve, with fifteen transitional 22 23 bilingual instruction program students per teacher. Notwithstanding other provisions of this subsection (10), the actual per-student 24 25 allocation may be scaled to provide a larger allocation for students needing more intensive intervention and a commensurate reduced 26 27 allocation for students needing less intensive intervention, as 28 detailed in the omnibus appropriations act.

29 To provide supplemental instruction and services (ii) for who have exited the transitional bilingual program, 30 students 31 allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in 32 each school who have exited the transitional bilingual program within 33 the previous two years based on their performance on the English proficiency assessment and are eligible for and enrolled in the 34 35 transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.040(1)(g). The minimum allocation for each prototypical 36 school shall provide resources to provide, on a statewide average, 37 3.0 hours per week in extra instruction with fifteen exited students 38 39 per teacher.

1 (c) To provide additional allocations to support programs for 2 highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 through 28A.185.030, 3 allocations shall be based on 5.0 percent of each school district's 4 full-time equivalent basic education enrollment. The minimum 5 allocation for the programs shall provide resources to provide, on a 6 statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in extra instruction with 7 fifteen highly capable program students per teacher.

8 (11) The allocations under subsections (4)(a), (5), (6), and (8) 9 of this section shall be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 10 on an excess cost basis to provide supplemental instructional 11 resources for students with disabilities.

(12) (a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high schools and middle schools under subsections (4) and (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.

(b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (4),
(7), and (9) of this section for exploratory and preparatory career
and technical education courses shall be provided only for courses
approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction
under chapter 28A.700 RCW.

(13) (a) This formula for distribution of basic education funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or rejection by the legislature.

(b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.

32 (c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as 33 provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each 34 month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 35 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing 36 school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall 37 be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction 38 39 and shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget 40 request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional

hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee.

4 (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly 5 review of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students 6 in the common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. Section 1 of this act expires September 1, 8 2024.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. Section 2 of this act takes effect 10 September 1, 2024.

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