HOUSE BILL 1423

State of Washington		65th Le	20)17]	Regular	Session		
Ву	Representatives	Shea,	Goodman,	McCaslin,	Taylor,	and	Volz	

1 AN ACT Relating to the excise taxation of personal and alcohol 2 monitoring devices and services; adding a new section to chapter 3 82.08 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 82.12 RCW; adding a new 4 section to chapter 82.04 RCW; creating new sections; providing an 5 effective date; and declaring an emergency.

6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that in appropriate circumstances electronic home monitoring or alcohol monitoring can be 8 a more cost-effective, and less restrictive, public safety measure 9 10 than alternatives, such as incarceration. The legislature finds that 11 it is in the public interest that there be a robust marketplace for providing these services and that the 12 services should be as 13 inexpensive as possible. Therefore, the legislature intends to 14 clarify that neither sales and use nor business and occupation taxes apply to the provision of equipment and related monitoring services. 15

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 82.08 17 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The tax levied by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to the sale ofpersonal monitoring devices or alcohol monitoring devices.

1 (2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 2 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

3 (a) "Alcohol monitoring device" means a device that is capable of 4 remote continuous or transdermal alcohol monitoring that can be 5 attached directly to the participant. The term includes any 6 associated equipment necessary for the device to perform properly.

7 (b) "Personal monitoring device" means a device used for tracking 8 the location of an individual, whether pretrial or posttrial, through 9 the use of technology that is capable of determining or identifying 10 the monitored individual's presence or absence at a particular 11 location including, but not limited to:

(i) Radio frequency signaling technology, which detects if the monitored individual is or is not at an approved location and notifies the monitoring agency of the time that the monitored individual either leaves the approved location or tampers with or removes the personal monitoring device; or

(ii) Active or passive global positioning system technology, which detects the location of the monitored individual and notifies the monitoring agency of the monitored individual's location.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 82.12 21 RCW to read as follows:

The provisions of this chapter do not apply to the use of personal monitoring devices or alcohol monitoring devices as defined in section 2 of this act.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 26 RCW to read as follows:

(1) This chapter does not apply to amounts received by a person
derived from the sale of personal monitoring devices or alcohol
monitoring devices as defined in section 1 of this act.

30 (2) This chapter does not apply to amounts derived from the sale 31 of remote monitoring services.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. This act applies to the sale or use of 33 personal monitoring devices or alcohol monitoring devices that occur 34 on or after July 1, 2017, as well as retroactively for any taxpayer 35 who has been assessed taxes by the department of revenue prior to 36 July 1, 2017, on devices or services exempted in this act.

p. 2

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. This act is necessary for the immediate 2 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of 3 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes 4 effect July 1, 2017.

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