HOUSE BILL 1339

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2019 Regular Session

By Representatives Lekanoff, Orwall, Gregerson, Leavitt, Peterson, Ryu, Macri, Valdez, and Lovick

Read first time 01/18/19. Referred to Committee on State Government & Tribal Relations.

AN ACT Relating to enacting the Native American voting rights act of Washington; amending RCW 29A.08.010, 29A.08.112, 29A.08.123, 29A.08.310, and 29A.40.160; adding a new section to chapter 29A.40 RCW; and adding a new section to chapter 29A.84 RCW.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 Sec. 1. RCW 29A.08.010 and 2009 c 369 s 6 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) The minimum information provided on a voter registration 9 application that is required in order to place a voter registration 10 applicant on the voter registration rolls includes:

- 11 (a) Name;
- 12 (b) Residential address;
- 13 (c) Date of birth;

14 (d) A signature attesting to the truth of the information 15 provided on the application; and

16 (e) A check or indication in the box confirming the individual is 17 a United States citizen.

18 (2) The residential address provided must identify the actual 19 physical residence of the voter in Washington, as defined in RCW 20 29A.04.151, with detail sufficient to allow the voter to be assigned 21 to the proper precinct and to locate the voter to confirm his or her

1 residence for purposes of verifying qualification to vote under Article VI, section 1 of the state Constitution. A residential 2 address may be either a traditional address or a nontraditional 3 address. A traditional address consists of a street number and name, 4 optional apartment number or unit number, and city or town, as 5 6 assigned by a local government, which serves to identify the parcel or building of residence and the unit if a multiunit residence. A 7 nontraditional address consists of a narrative description of the 8 location of the voter's residence, and may be used when a traditional 9 10 address has not been assigned or affixed to the voter's residence or when a voter resides on an Indian reservation or Indian lands, 11 12 pursuant to the conditions in RCW 29A.08.112.

(3) All other information supplied is ancillary and not to beused as grounds for not registering an applicant to vote.

15 (4) Modification of the language of the official Washington state 16 voter registration form by the voter will not be accepted and will 17 cause the rejection of the registrant's application.

18 Sec. 2. RCW 29A.08.112 and 2006 c 320 s 3 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

20 <u>(1)</u> No person registering to vote, who meets all the 21 qualifications of a registered voter in the state of Washington, 22 shall be disqualified because he or she lacks a traditional 23 residential address. A voter who lacks a traditional residential 24 address will be registered and assigned to a precinct based on the 25 location provided.

(2) For the purposes of this section, a voter who resides in a 26 27 shelter, park, motor home, marina, <u>unmarked home</u>, or other identifiable location that the voter deems to be his or her residence 28 29 lacks a traditional address. A voter who registers under this section 30 must provide a valid mailing address, and must still meet the 31 requirement in Article VI, section 1 of the state Constitution that 32 he or she live in the area for at least thirty days before the 33 election.

34 (3) A nontraditional residential address may be used when a voter 35 resides on an Indian reservation or on Indian lands. The address of a 36 tribally designated building that is a ballot pickup and collection 37 location under section 5(4) of this act may serve as the residential 38 address and mailing address for voters living on Indian lands if the 39 tribally designated building is in the same precinct as the voter. If the designated tribal government building is not in the same precinct as the voter, the voter may use the designated tribal government building as a mailing address and may separately designate the voter's appropriate precinct through a nontraditional address.

5 <u>(4)</u> A person who has a traditional residential address <u>and does</u> 6 <u>not reside on an Indian reservation or on Indian lands</u> must use that 7 address for voter registration purposes and is not eligible to 8 register under this section.

9 Sec. 3. RCW 29A.08.123 and 2007 c 157 s 1 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

11 (1) A person who has a valid Washington state driver's license ((or)), state identification card, or tribal identification may 12 submit a voter registration application electronically on the 13 secretary of state's web site. A person who has a valid tribal 14 identification card may submit a voter registration electronically on 15 16 the secretary of state's web site if the secretary of state is able to obtain a copy of the applicant's signature from the federal 17 18 government or the tribal government.

19 (2) The applicant must attest to the truth of the information 20 provided on the application by affirmatively accepting the 21 information as true.

(3) The applicant must affirmatively assent to use of his or her
 driver's license ((or)), state identification card, or tribal
 <u>identification card</u> signature for voter registration purposes.

(4) A voter registration application submitted electronically isotherwise considered a registration by mail.

(5) For each electronic application, the secretary of state must obtain a digital copy of the applicant's driver's license or state identification card signature from the department of licensing <u>or</u> <u>tribal identification issuing authority</u>.

31 (6) The secretary of state may employ additional security 32 measures to ensure the accuracy and integrity of voter registration 33 applications submitted electronically.

34 Sec. 4. RCW 29A.08.310 and 2009 c 369 s 19 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

36 (1) The governor, in consultation with the secretary of state, 37 shall designate agencies to provide voter registration services in 38 compliance with federal statutes. 1 (2) At the request of an Indian tribe, the governor shall 2 designate any state facility or state-funded facility or program that 3 is located on the lands of the requesting Indian tribe or that is 4 substantially engaged in providing services to Indian tribes to 5 provide voter registration services. This provision does not alter 6 the state's obligations under the national voter registration act.

7 <u>(3)</u> Each state agency designated shall provide voter registration 8 services for employees and the public within each office of that 9 agency.

10 (((3))) <u>(4)</u> The secretary of state shall design and provide a 11 standard notice informing the public of the availability of voter 12 registration, which notice shall be posted in each state agency where 13 such services are available.

14 (((4))) (5) Each institution of higher education shall put in 15 place an active prompt on its course registration web site, or 16 similar web site that students actively and regularly use, that, if 17 selected, will link the student to the secretary of state's voter 18 registration web site. The prompt must ask the student if he or she 19 wishes to register to vote.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 29A.40 21 RCW to read as follows:

22 (1) The county auditor must prevent overflow of each ballot drop box to allow a voter to deposit his or her ballot securely. Ballots 23 24 must be removed from a ballot drop box by at least two people, with a 25 record kept of the date and time ballots were removed, and the names of people removing them. Ballots from drop boxes must be returned to 26 27 the counting center in secured transport containers. A copy of the 28 record must be placed in the container, and one copy must be transported with the ballots to the counting center, where the seal 29 30 number must be verified by the county auditor or a designated 31 representative. All ballot drop boxes must be secured at 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary, special election, or general election. 32

33 (2) The county auditor must establish a minimum of one ballot 34 drop box per fifteen thousand registered voters in the county and a 35 minimum of one ballot drop box in each city, town, and census-36 designated place in the county with a post office.

37 (3) At the request of an Indian tribe with a reservation in the 38 county, the county auditor must establish at least one ballot drop 39 box on the Indian reservation on a site selected by the tribe. 1 (4) An Indian tribe may designate at least one building as a 2 ballot pickup and collection location at no cost to the tribe. The 3 county auditor of the county in which the building is located must 4 collect ballots from that location in compliance with the procedures 5 in subsection (1) of this section.

6 Sec. 6. RCW 29A.40.160 and 2018 c 112 s 4 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) Each county auditor shall open a voting center each primary, 9 special election, and general election. The voting center shall be 10 open during business hours during the voting period, which begins 11 eighteen days before, and ends at 8:00 p.m. on the day of, the 12 primary, special election, or general election.

13 (2) Each county auditor shall register voters in person at each 14 of the following locations in the county:

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(a) At the county auditor's office;

16 (b) At the division of elections, if located in a separate city 17 from the county auditor's office; and

(c) For each presidential general election, at a voting center in each city in the county with a population of one hundred thousand or greater, which does not have a voting center as required in (a) or (b) of this subsection. A voting center opened pursuant to this subsection (2) is not required to be open on the Sunday before the presidential election.

(3) Voting centers shall be located in public buildings or
 buildings that are leased by a public entity including, but not
 limited to, libraries.

(4) Each voting center, and at least one of the other locations designated by the county auditor to allow voters to register in person pursuant to RCW 29A.08.140(1)(b), must provide voter registration materials, ballots, provisional ballots, disability access voting units, sample ballots, instructions on how to properly vote the ballot, a ballot drop box, and voters' pamphlets, if a voters' pamphlet has been published.

34 (5) Each voting center must be accessible to persons with 35 disabilities. Each state agency and entity of local government shall 36 permit the use of any of its accessible facilities as voting centers 37 when requested by a county auditor.

38 (6) Each voting center must provide at least one voting unit 39 certified by the secretary of state that provides access to

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1 individuals who are blind or visually impaired, enabling them to vote 2 with privacy and independence.

3 (7) No person may interfere with a voter attempting to vote in a 4 voting center. Interfering with a voter attempting to vote is a 5 violation of RCW 29A.84.510.

6 (8) Before opening the voting center, the voting equipment shall be inspected to determine if it has been properly prepared for 7 voting. If the voting equipment is capable of direct tabulation of 8 each voter's choices, the county auditor shall verify that no votes 9 have been registered for any issue or office, and that the device has 10 11 been sealed with a unique numbered seal at the time of final 12 preparation and logic and accuracy testing. A log must be made of all device numbers and seal numbers. 13

(9) The county auditor shall require any person desiring to vote at a voting center to either sign a ballot declaration or provide identification.

17 (a) The signature on the declaration must be compared to the 18 signature on the voter registration record before the ballot may be 19 counted. If the voter registered using a mark, or can no longer sign 20 his or her name, the election officers shall require the voter to be 21 identified by another registered voter.

(b) The identification must be valid photo identification, such 22 23 a driver's license, state identification card, as student identification card, tribal identification card, or employer 24 25 identification card. A tribal identification card is not required to include a residential address or an expiration date to be considered 26 valid. Any individual who desires to vote in person but cannot 27 28 provide identification shall be issued a provisional ballot, which shall be accepted if the signature on the declaration matches the 29 signature on the voter's registration record. 30

31 (10) Provisional ballots must be accompanied by a declaration and 32 security envelope, as required by RCW 29A.40.091, and space for the voter's name, date of birth, current and former registered address, 33 reason for the provisional ballot, and disposition of the provisional 34 ballot. The voter shall vote and return the provisional ballot at the 35 voting center. The voter must be provided information on how to 36 ascertain whether the provisional ballot was counted and, 37 if applicable, the reason why the vote was not counted. 38

39 (11) Any voter may take printed or written material into the 40 voting device to assist in casting his or her vote. The voter shall

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not use this material to electioneer and shall remove it when he or
 she leaves the voting center.

3 (12) If any voter states that he or she is unable to cast his or 4 her votes due to a disability, the voter may designate a person of 5 his or her choice, or two election officers, to enter the voting 6 booth and record the votes as he or she directs.

7 (13) No voter is entitled to vote more than once at a primary,
8 special election, or general election. If a voter incorrectly marks a
9 ballot, he or she may be issued a replacement ballot.

10 (14) A voter who has already returned a ballot but requests to 11 vote at a voting center shall be issued a provisional ballot. The 12 canvassing board shall not count the provisional ballot if it finds 13 that the voter has also voted a regular ballot in that primary, 14 special election, or general election.

(15) ((The county auditor must prevent overflow of each ballot 15 16 drop box to allow a voter to deposit his or her ballot securely. 17 Ballots must be removed from a ballot drop box by at least two people, with a record kept of the date and time ballots were removed, 18 19 and the names of people removing them. Ballots from drop boxes must be returned to the counting center in secured transport containers. A 20 copy of the record must be placed in the container, and one copy must 21 be transported with the ballots to the counting center, where the 22 23 seal number must be verified by the county auditor or a designated representative. All ballot drop boxes must be secured at 8:00 p.m. on 24 25 the day of the primary, special election, or general election.

26 (16)) Any voter who is inside or in line at the voting center at 27 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary, special election, or general 28 election must be allowed to vote.

(((17))) (16) For each primary, special election, and general 29 election, the county auditor may provide election services 30 at 31 locations in addition to the voting center. The county auditor has 32 discretion to establish which services will be provided at the 33 additional locations, and which days and hours the locations will be open((rexcept that the county auditor must establish a minimum of 34 one ballot drop box per fifteen thousand registered voters in the 35 county and a minimum of one ballot drop box in each city, town, and 36 37 census-designated place in the county with a post office)).

38 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 29A.84
39 RCW to read as follows:

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1 (1) The attorney general may bring a civil action for such 2 declaratory or injunctive relief as is necessary to carry out the 3 provisions of section 5 (3) and (4) of this act in the superior court 4 of the county in which the violation is alleged to have occurred.

5 (2) A person or tribal government may bring a civil action for 6 declaratory or injunctive relief with respect to RCW 29A.08.112(3), 7 29A.08.310(2), or section 5 (3) and (4) of this act, in the superior 8 court of the county in which the violation is alleged to have 9 occurred if:

10 (a) In the case of a violation that occurs more than one hundred 11 twenty days before an election, that person or tribal government 12 provides notice of the violation to the secretary of state, the 13 violation remains, and ninety days or more have passed since the 14 secretary of state has received the written notice;

15 (b) In the case of a violation that occurs one hundred twenty 16 days or fewer before an election, that person or tribal government 17 provides notice of the violation to the secretary of state, the 18 violation remains and twenty days or more have passed since the 19 secretary of state has received the written notice; or

20 (c) In the case of a violation that occurs thirty days or fewer 21 before an election, without providing notice of the violation to the 22 secretary of state.

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