## HOUSE BILL 1303

State of Washington 67th Legislature 2021 Regular Session

By Representatives Kloba and Entenman

AN ACT Relating to the regulation and taxation of the sale of Washingtonian's personal information and related data; amending RCW 82.04.050, 82.04.050, 82.04.192, 82.04.2907, 82.04.460, 82.04.462, 82.08.0291, and 82.32.087; adding new sections to chapter 82.04 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; providing effective dates; and providing an expiration date.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. (1) The legislature intends to update and 8 adapt state tax policy to the forms of commerce that have emerged 9 10 with new technologies. The legislature recognizes that consumers are 11 increasingly conducting their professional and personal affairs and on devices such as smartphones or tablets. 12 online These activities include applying for jobs, researching symptoms 13 and 14 communicating with health care providers, applying for permits and 15 licenses, mapping routes, communicating with friends and family, 16 consuming news and entertainment, and shopping and arranging for the 17 delivery of goods and services to the home. Through these daily 18 activities, consumers generate enormous and unprecedented quantities 19 of data about themselves, including their locations, behaviors, and preferences. 20

1 (2) The legislature further recognizes that technological 2 advances have made it possible to more easily and quickly gather, 3 analyze, and export vast amounts of personal information, whether 4 such information is obtained through electronic or other means.

(3) The legislature finds that there are various businesses 5 6 engaged in accumulating the personal data that is available to be 7 collected on Washingtonians, aggregating or compiling that information, and reselling it without any compensation to the people 8 of the state. This is a new business model that has flourished and is 9 anticipated to grow as more people and more devices are connected 10 11 with ever-increasing frequency for an ever greater number of 12 innovative applications. As such, the legislature intends to have this unique and growing industry set apart with its own individual 13 14 tax rate. This will provide transparency on the number of businesses and volume of activity in this industry, and fairly generate revenue 15 16 to be used for the benefit of the state of Washington and its people.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 18 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales of personal data or exchanging personal data for consideration; as to such persons, the amount of tax with respect to such business is equal to the gross income of the business multiplied by the rate of 1.8 percent.

(2) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout thissection unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(a) "Deidentified data" means data that cannot reasonably be used
to infer information about, or otherwise be linked to, an identified
or identifiable natural person, or a device linked to such person,
provided that the controller that possesses the data:

30 (i) Takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data cannot be 31 associated with a natural person;

32 (ii) Publicly commits to maintain and use the data only in a 33 deidentified fashion and not attempt to reidentify the data; and

34 (iii) Contractually obligates any recipients of the information 35 to comply with all provisions of this subsection.

36 (b) "Engaging within this state" has the same meaning as provided 37 in RCW 82.04.066, and also means that a person generates gross income 38 from the business from personal data, as defined in (c) of this 39 subsection, of individuals located in this state. For purposes of 1 this subsection, an individual is located in this state if any of the 2 addresses, as defined in RCW 82.04.462(5), utilized by that 3 individual is located in this state.

4 (c) "Personal data" means any information that is linked or
5 reasonably linked to an identified or identifiable natural person.
6 "Personal data" does not include:

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(i) Deidentified data or publicly available information; or

8 (ii) Personal data that is sold by any state agency for the 9 purposes of increasing public safety or positive health outcomes, 10 provided that secondary sales of this personal data by the entities 11 purchasing this personal data from the state agency is contractually 12 prohibited.

13 (3) Nothing in this section may be construed as to impose a tax 14 on internet access.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 82.04 16 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (6) of this section, beginning September 1, 2022, every person engaging within this state in the business of making sales of personal data or exchanging personal data for consideration must register with the department.

(2) Registration under subsection (1) of this section must be completed annually, at a date set by the department, and must consist of the following:

(a) The name, principal place of business, and character ofbusiness, including:

26 (i) The specific types of personal information from27 Washingtonians sold or exchanged for consideration;

(ii) The types of entities that personal information is sold or exchanged for consideration;

30 (iii) The sources and methods by which the personal information 31 was obtained; and

(iv) The gross income of the business attributable to the sale,
 or exchange for consideration, of personal information of
 Washingtonians, to be calculated using the following:

(A) The ratio, expressed as a percentage, that the number of
 Washington addresses in the personal information bears to all
 addresses in the personal information; or

38 (B) If the ratio in (a)(iv)(A) of this subsection (2) is not 39 readily attainable, the ratio, expressed as a percentage, that the

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population of this state bears to all the states of the United States in the taxpayer's market, or by any other reasonable methods allowed by the department; and

4 (b) Submission of an informational return, as designed by the 5 department.

6 (3) A person who is required to register under subsection (1) of 7 this section and who fails to do so, or submits incomplete or 8 inaccurate information, is subject to a fine of \$100 per day of 9 delinquency in addition to an amount equal to any expenses incurred 10 by the office of the attorney general in the investigation or 11 prosecution of the delinquency.

12 (4) By no later than December 15, 2022, and annually thereafter, 13 the department must report to the appropriate committees of the 14 legislature, in compliance with RCW 43.01.036, a summary of the 15 information received under subsection (2) of this section.

16 (5) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 17 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

18 (a) "Addresses" means physical, mailing, or internet protocol19 addresses, or similar addresses.

20 (b)(i) "Engaging within this state" has the same meaning as 21 provided in RCW 82.04.066.

(ii) For purposes of this subsection, an individual is located in this state if any of the addresses of that individual is located in this state.

(c) "Person" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 82.04.030.

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26 (d) "Personal data" has the same meaning as provided in section 227 of this act.

(6) The department may delay the application of this section if it is unable to implement any of the provisions of this section, but it may be delayed no later than November 1, 2022. If the department delays the application of this section, it must post notice of the new application date on its public website by August 1, 2022.

33 Sec. 4. RCW 82.04.050 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 37 s 1201 are each 34 amended to read as follows:

(1) (a) "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means every sale of tangible personal property (including articles produced, fabricated, or imprinted) to all persons irrespective of the nature of their business and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve,

1 construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers 2 other than a sale to a person who:

3 (i) Purchases for the purpose of resale as tangible personal 4 property in the regular course of business without intervening use by 5 such person, but a purchase for the purpose of resale by a regional 6 transit authority under RCW 81.112.300 is not a sale for resale; or

7 (ii) Installs, repairs, cleans, alters, imprints, improves, 8 constructs, or decorates real or personal property of or for 9 consumers, if such tangible personal property becomes an ingredient 10 or component of such real or personal property without intervening 11 use by such person; or

12 (iii) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property 13 purchased in producing for sale as a new article of tangible personal 14 property or substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient 15 or component or is a chemical used in processing, when the primary 16 purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly 17 through contact with an ingredient of a new article being produced 18 for sale; or

(iv) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an ingredient of ferrosilicon; or

(v) Purchases for the purpose of providing the property to consumers as part of competitive telephone service, as defined in RCW 82.04.065; or

(vi) Purchases for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in subsection (7) of this section, if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person.

32 (b) The term includes every sale of tangible personal property 33 that is used or consumed or to be used or consumed in the performance 34 of any activity defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even 35 though such property is resold or used as provided in (a)(i) through 36 (vi) of this subsection following such use.

37 (c) The term also means every sale of tangible personal property 38 to persons engaged in any business that is taxable under RCW 39 82.04.280(1) (a), (b), and (g), 82.04.290, and 82.04.2908.

1 (2) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes the sale 2 of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed and/or for 3 labor and services rendered in respect to the following:

4 (a) The installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, or 5 improving of tangible personal property of or for consumers, 6 including charges made for the mere use of facilities in respect 7 thereto, but excluding charges made for the use of self-service 8 laundry facilities, and also excluding sales of laundry service to 9 nonprofit health care facilities, and excluding services rendered in 10 respect to live animals, birds and insects;

(b) The constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new 11 12 or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for consumers, including the installing or attaching 13 of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, 14 whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by 15 16 virtue of installation, and also includes the sale of services or 17 charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth 18 excepting the mere leveling of land used in commercial farming or 19 agriculture;

(c) The constructing, repairing, or improving of any structure upon, above, or under any real property owned by an owner who conveys the property by title, possession, or any other means to the person performing such construction, repair, or improvement for the purpose of performing such construction, repair, or improvement and the property is then reconveyed by title, possession, or any other means to the original owner;

(d) The cleaning, fumigating, razing, or moving of existing 27 28 buildings or structures, but does not include the charge made for 29 janitorial services; and for purposes of this section the term "janitorial services" means those cleaning and caretaking services 30 31 ordinarily performed by commercial janitor service businesses 32 including, but not limited to, wall and window washing, floor cleaning and waxing, and the cleaning in place of rugs, drapes and 33 upholstery. The term "janitorial services" does not include painting, 34 35 papering, repairing, furnace or septic tank cleaning, snow removal or 36 sandblasting;

37 (e) Automobile towing and similar automotive transportation 38 services, but not in respect to those required to report and pay 39 taxes under chapter 82.16 RCW;

1 (f) The furnishing of lodging and all other services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting 2 of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from 3 the renting or leasing of real property, and it is presumed that the 4 occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or 5 6 more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere 7 license to use or enjoy the same. For the purposes of this subsection, it is presumed that the sale of and charge made for the 8 furnishing of lodging for a continuous period of one month or more to 9 a person is a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license 10 11 to enjoy the same;

12 (g) The installing, repairing, altering, or improving of digital 13 goods for consumers;

14 (h) Persons taxable under (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) of this subsection when such sales or charges are for property, labor 15 16 and services which are used or consumed in whole or in part by such 17 persons in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property, labor and 18 services may be resold after such use or consumption. Nothing 19 contained in this subsection may be construed to modify subsection 20 21 (1) of this section and nothing contained in subsection (1) of this section may be construed to modify this subsection. 22

(3) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes the sale of or charge made for personal, business, or professional services including amounts designated as interest, rents, fees, admission, and other service emoluments however designated, received by persons engaging in the following business activities:

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(a) Abstract, title insurance, and escrow services;

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(b) ((Credit bureau services;

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(c)) Automobile parking and storage garage services;

31 ((<del>(d)</del>)) <u>(c)</u> Landscape maintenance and horticultural services but 32 excluding (i) horticultural services provided to farmers and (ii) 33 pruning, trimming, repairing, removing, and clearing of trees and 34 brush near electric transmission or distribution lines or equipment, 35 if performed by or at the direction of an electric utility;

36 ((<del>(e)</del>)) <u>(d)</u> Service charges associated with tickets to 37 professional sporting events;

38 ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(e)</u> The following personal services: Tanning salon 39 services, tattoo parlor services, steam bath services, turkish bath 40 services, escort services, and dating services; and 1 ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>(i) Operating an athletic or fitness facility, 2 including all charges for the use of such a facility or for any 3 associated services and amenities, except as provided in ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u> 4 (ii) of this subsection.

5 (ii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>(i) 6 of this subsection (3), the term "sale at retail" and "retail sale" 7 under this subsection does not include:

8 (A) Separately stated charges for the use of an athletic or 9 fitness facility where such use is primarily for a purpose other than 10 engaging in or receiving instruction in a physical fitness activity;

(B) Separately stated charges for the use of a discrete portion of an athletic or fitness facility, other than a pool, where such discrete portion of the facility does not by itself meet the definition of "athletic or fitness facility" in this subsection;

15 (C) Separately stated charges for services, such as advertising, 16 massage, nutritional consulting, and body composition testing, that 17 do not require the customer to engage in physical fitness activities 18 to receive the service. The exclusion in this subsection (3)((-(g)))19 <u>(f)</u>(ii)(C) does not apply to personal training services and 20 instruction in a physical fitness activity;

21 (D) Separately stated charges for physical therapy provided by a 22 physical therapist, as those terms are defined in RCW 18.74.010, or therapy provided 23 occupational by an occupational therapy practitioner, as those terms are defined in RCW 18.59.020, when 24 25 performed pursuant to a referral from an authorized health care practitioner or in consultation with an authorized health care 26 practitioner. For the purposes of this subsection (3)((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u> 27 (ii) (D), an authorized health care practitioner means a health care 28 29 practitioner licensed under chapter 18.83, 18.25, 18.36A, 18.57, 18.57A, 18.71, or 18.71A RCW; 30

31 (E) Rent or association fees charged by a landlord or residential 32 association to a tenant or residential owner with access to an 33 athletic or fitness facility maintained by the landlord or 34 residential association, unless the rent or fee varies depending on 35 whether the tenant or owner has access to the facility;

36 (F) Services provided in the regular course of employment by an 37 employee with access to an athletic or fitness facility maintained by 38 the employer for use without charge by its employees or their family 39 members;

1 (G) The provision of access to an athletic or fitness facility by an educational institution to its students and staff. However, 2 charges made by an educational institution to its alumni or other 3 members of the public for the use of any of the educational 4 institution's athletic or fitness facilities are a retail sale under 5 6 this subsection  $(3)((\frac{q}{p}))$  <u>(f)</u>. For purposes of this subsection (3) ((-(q))) (f) (ii) (G), "educational institution" has the same meaning as 7 in RCW 82.04.170; 8

9 (H) Yoga, chi gong, or martial arts classes, training, or events 10 held at a community center, park, school gymnasium, college or 11 university, hospital or other medical facility, private residence, or 12 any other facility that is not operated within and as part of an 13 athletic or fitness facility.

(iii) Nothing in ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>(ii) of this subsection (3) may be construed to affect the taxation of sales made by the operator of an athletic or fitness facility, where such sales are defined as a retail sale under any provision of this section other than this subsection (3).

19 (iv) For the purposes of this subsection (3)((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>, the 20 following definitions apply:

(A) "Athletic or fitness facility" means an indoor or outdoor 21 22 facility or portion of a facility that is primarily used for: Exercise classes; strength and conditioning programs; personal 23 24 training services; tennis, racquetball, handball, squash, or 25 pickleball; or other activities requiring the use of exercise or 26 strength training equipment, such as treadmills, elliptical machines, stair climbers, stationary cycles, rowing machines, pilates 27 equipment, balls, climbing ropes, jump ropes, and weightlifting 28 29 equipment.

30 (B) "Martial arts" means any of the various systems of training 31 for physical combat or self-defense. "Martial arts" includes, but is 32 not limited to, karate, kung fu, tae kwon do, Krav Maga, boxing, 33 kickboxing, jujitsu, shootfighting, wrestling, aikido, judo, hapkido, 34 Kendo, tai chi, and mixed martial arts.

35 (C) "Physical fitness activities" means activities that involve 36 physical exertion for the purpose of improving or maintaining the 37 general fitness, strength, flexibility, conditioning, or health of 38 the participant. "Physical fitness activities" includes participating 39 in yoga, chi gong, or martial arts.

(4) (a) The term also includes the renting or leasing of tangible
 personal property to consumers.

3 (b) The term does not include the renting or leasing of tangible 4 personal property where the lease or rental is for the purpose of 5 sublease or subrent.

6 (5) The term also includes the providing of "competitive 7 telephone service," "telecommunications service," or "ancillary 8 services," as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065, to consumers.

(6) (a) The term also includes the sale of prewritten computer 9 software to a consumer, regardless of the method of delivery to the 10 11 end user. For purposes of (a) and (b) of this subsection, the sale of 12 prewritten computer software includes the sale of or charge made for a key or an enabling or activation code, where the key or code is 13 14 required to activate prewritten computer software and put the software into use. There is no separate sale of the key or code from 15 16 the prewritten computer software, regardless of how the sale may be 17 characterized by the vendor or by the purchaser.

18 (b) The term "retail sale" does not include the sale of or charge 19 made for:

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(i) Custom software; or

(ii) The customization of prewritten computer software.

(c) (i) The term also includes the charge made to consumers for the right to access and use prewritten computer software, where possession of the software is maintained by the seller or a third party, regardless of whether the charge for the service is on a per use, per user, per license, subscription, or some other basis.

(ii) (A) The service described in (c) (i) of this subsection (6) includes the right to access and use prewritten computer software to perform data processing.

30 (B) For purposes of this subsection (6)(c)(ii), "data processing" 31 means the systematic performance of operations on data to extract the 32 required information in an appropriate form or to convert the data to 33 usable information. Data processing includes check processing, image 34 processing, form processing, survey processing, payroll processing, 35 claim processing, and similar activities.

36 (7) The term also includes the sale of or charge made for an 37 extended warranty to a consumer. For purposes of this subsection, 38 "extended warranty" means an agreement for a specified duration to 39 perform the replacement or repair of tangible personal property at no 40 additional charge or a reduced charge for tangible personal property,

labor, or both, or to provide indemnification for the replacement or 1 2 repair of tangible personal property, based on the occurrence of specified events. The term "extended warranty" does not include an 3 agreement, otherwise meeting the definition of extended warranty in 4 this subsection, if no separate charge is made for the agreement and 5 6 the value of the agreement is included in the sales price of the 7 tangible personal property covered by the agreement. For purposes of this subsection, "sales price" has the same meaning as in RCW 8 82.08.010. 9

10 (8)(a) The term also includes the following sales to consumers of 11 digital goods, digital codes, and digital automated services:

12 (i) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser the right13 of permanent use;

14 (ii) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser a right 15 of use that is less than permanent;

16 (iii) Sales in which the purchaser is not obligated to make 17 continued payment as a condition of the sale; and

18 (iv) Sales in which the purchaser is obligated to make continued 19 payment as a condition of the sale.

20 (b) A retail sale of digital goods, digital codes, or digital 21 automated services under this subsection (8) includes any services 22 provided by the seller exclusively in connection with the digital 23 goods, digital codes, or digital automated services, whether or not a 24 separate charge is made for such services.

(c) For purposes of this subsection, "permanent" means perpetual or for an indefinite or unspecified length of time. A right of permanent use is presumed to have been granted unless the agreement between the seller and the purchaser specifies or the circumstances surrounding the transaction suggest or indicate that the right to use terminates on the occurrence of a condition subsequent.

(9) The term also includes the charge made for providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A consideration of this is that the operator is necessary for the tangible personal property to perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection (9), an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal property.

(10) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the building, repairing, or improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-ofway, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, 1 tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or 2 political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which 3 is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic 4 including mass transportation vehicles of any kind.

(11) The term also does not include sales of chemical sprays or 5 6 washes to persons for the purpose of postharvest treatment of fruit for the prevention of scald, fungus, mold, or decay, nor does it 7 include sales of feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, agents for 8 enhanced pollination including insects such as bees, and spray 9 materials to: (a) Persons who participate in the federal conservation 10 reserve program, the environmental quality incentives program, the 11 12 wetlands reserve program, and the wildlife habitat incentives program, or their successors administered by the United States 13 department of agriculture; (b) farmers for the purpose of producing 14 for sale any agricultural product; (c) farmers for the purpose of 15 16 providing bee pollination services; and (d) farmers acting under cooperative habitat development or access contracts 17 with an organization exempt from federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 18 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code or the Washington 19 state department of fish and wildlife to produce or improve wildlife 20 habitat on land that the farmer owns or leases. 21

(12) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for 22 23 labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or 24 25 other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city 26 housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including 27 28 the installing, or attaching of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property 29 becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation. Nor does the 30 31 term include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of 32 land and the moving of earth of or for the United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority. Nor 33 does the term include the sale of services or charges made for 34 cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, 35 radioactive waste and other by-products of weapons production and 36 nuclear research and development. 37

38 (13) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for 39 labor, services, or tangible personal property pursuant to agreements 40 providing maintenance services for bus, rail, or rail fixed guideway

equipment when a regional transit authority is the recipient of the labor, services, or tangible personal property, and a transit agency, as defined in RCW 81.104.015, performs the labor or services.

4 (14) The term does not include the sale for resale of any service
5 described in this section if the sale would otherwise constitute a
6 "sale at retail" and "retail sale" under this section.

(15) (a) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes 7 amounts charged, however labeled, to consumers to engage in any of 8 the activities listed in this subsection (15)(a), including the 9 furnishing of any associated equipment or, except as 10 otherwise provided in this subsection, providing instruction 11 in such 12 activities, where such charges are not otherwise defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" in this section: 13

(i) (A) Golf, including any variant in which either golf balls or 14 golf clubs are used, such as miniature golf, hitting golf balls at a 15 16 driving range, and golf simulators, and including fees charged by a 17 golf course to a player for using his or her own cart. However, charges for golf instruction are not a retail sale, provided that if 18 the instruction involves the use of a golfing facility that would 19 otherwise require the payment of a fee, such as green fees or driving 20 range fees, such fees, including the applicable retail sales tax, 21 22 must be separately identified and charged by the golfing facility operator to the instructor or the person receiving the instruction. 23

(B) Notwithstanding (a) (i) (A) of this subsection (15) and except 24 25 as otherwise provided in this subsection (15)(a)(i)(B), the term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" does not include amounts charged to 26 participate in, or conduct, a golf tournament or other competitive 27 event. However, amounts paid by event participants to the golf 28 facility operator are retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(i). 29 Likewise, amounts paid by the event organizer to the golf facility 30 31 are retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(i), if such amounts 32 vary based on the number of event participants;

33 (ii) Ballooning, hang gliding, indoor or outdoor sky diving, 34 paragliding, parasailing, and similar activities;

35 (iii) Air hockey, billiards, pool, foosball, darts, shuffleboard, 36 ping pong, and similar games;

(iv) Access to amusement park, theme park, and water park facilities, including but not limited to charges for admission and locker or cabana rentals. Discrete charges for rides or other attractions or entertainment that are in addition to the charge for

admission are not a retail sale under this subsection (15)(a)(iv). For the purposes of this subsection, an amusement park or theme park is a location that provides permanently affixed amusement rides, games, and other entertainment, but does not include parks or zoos for which the primary purpose is the exhibition of wildlife, or fairs, carnivals, and festivals as defined in (b)(i) of this subsection;

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(v) Batting cage activities;

9 (vi) Bowling, but not including competitive events, except that 10 amounts paid by the event participants to the bowling alley operator 11 are retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(vi). Likewise, amounts 12 paid by the event organizer to the operator of the bowling alley are 13 retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(vi), if such amounts vary 14 based on the number of event participants;

15 (vii) Climbing on artificial climbing structures, whether indoors 16 or outdoors;

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(viii) Day trips for sightseeing purposes;

18 (ix) Bungee jumping, zip lining, and riding inside a ball, 19 whether inflatable or otherwise;

20 (x) Horseback riding offered to the public, where the seller 21 furnishes the horse to the buyer and providing instruction is not the 22 primary focus of the activity, including guided rides, but not 23 including therapeutic horseback riding provided by an instructor 24 certified by a nonprofit organization that offers national or 25 international certification for therapeutic riding instructors;

(xi) Fishing, including providing access to private fishing areas and charter or guided fishing, except that fishing contests and license fees imposed by a government entity are not a retail sale under this subsection;

30 (xii) Guided hunting and hunting at game farms and shooting 31 preserves, except that hunting contests and license fees imposed by a 32 government entity are not a retail sale under this subsection;

33 (xiii) Swimming, but only in respect to (A) recreational or fitness swimming that is open to the public, such as open swim, lap 34 swimming, and special events like kids night out and pool parties 35 36 during open swim time, and (B) pool parties for private events, such as birthdays, family gatherings, and employee outings. Fees for 37 swimming lessons, to participate in swim meets 38 and other 39 competitions, or to join a swim team, club, or aquatic facility are 40 not retail sales under this subsection (15) (a) (xiii);

1 (xiv) Go-karting, bumper cars, and other motorized activities 2 where the seller provides the vehicle and the premises where the 3 buyer will operate the vehicle;

(xv) Indoor or outdoor playground activities, such as inflatable 4 bounce structures and other inflatables; mazes; trampolines; slides; 5 6 ball pits; games of tag, including laser tag and soft-dart tag; and 7 human gyroscope rides, regardless of whether such activities occur at the seller's place of business, but not including playground 8 activities provided for children by a licensed child day care center 9 or licensed family day care provider as those terms are defined in 10 11 RCW ((43.215.010)) 43.216.010;

12 (xvi) Shooting sports and activities, such as target shooting, 13 skeet, trap, sporting clays, "5" stand, and archery, but only in 14 respect to discrete charges to members of the public to engage in 15 these activities, but not including fees to enter a competitive 16 event, instruction that is entirely or predominately classroom based, 17 or to join or renew a membership at a club, range, or other facility;

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(xvii) Paintball and airsoft activities;

19 (xviii) Skating, including ice skating, roller skating, and 20 inline skating, but only in respect to discrete charges to members of 21 the public to engage in skating activities, but not including skating 22 lessons, competitive events, team activities, or fees to join or 23 renew a membership at a skating facility, club, or other 24 organization;

25 (xix) Nonmotorized snow sports and activities, such as downhill 26 and cross-country skiing, snowboarding, ski jumping, sledding, snow tubing, snowshoeing, and similar snow sports and activities, whether 27 engaged in outdoors or in an indoor facility with or without snow, 28 29 but only in respect to discrete charges to the public for the use of land or facilities to engage in nonmotorized snow sports and 30 31 activities, such as fees, however labeled, for the use of ski lifts 32 and tows and daily or season passes for access to trails or other areas where nonmotorized snow sports and activities are conducted. 33 However, fees for the following are not retail sales under this 34 35 subsection (15) (a) (xix): (A) Instructional lessons; (B) permits 36 issued by a governmental entity to park a vehicle on or access public 37 lands; and (C) permits or leases granted by an owner of private 38 timberland for recreational access to areas used primarily for 39 growing and harvesting timber; and

1 (xx) Scuba diving; snorkeling; river rafting; surfing; 2 kiteboarding; flyboarding; water slides; inflatables, such as water 3 pillows, water trampolines, and water rollers; and similar water 4 sports and activities.

5 (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this subsection 6 (15), the term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" does not include 7 charges:

8 (i) Made for admission to, and rides or attractions at, fairs, 9 carnivals, and festivals. For the purposes of this subsection, fairs, 10 carnivals, and festivals are events that do not exceed twenty-one 11 days and a majority of the amusement rides, if any, are not affixed 12 to real property;

(ii) Made by an educational institution to its students and staff for activities defined as retail sales by (a)(i) through (xx) of this subsection. However, charges made by an educational institution to its alumni or other members of the general public for these activities are a retail sale under this subsection (15). For purposes of this subsection (15)(b)(ii), "educational institution" has the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.170;

(iii) Made by a vocational school for commercial diver training that is licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating board under chapter 28C.10 RCW; or

(iv) Made for day camps offered by a nonprofit organization or state or local governmental entity that provide youth not older than age eighteen, or that are focused on providing individuals with disabilities or mental illness, the opportunity to participate in a variety of supervised activities.

28 Sec. 5. RCW 82.04.050 and 2020 c 80 s 58 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

(1) (a) "Sale at retail" or "retail sale" means every sale of tangible personal property (including articles produced, fabricated, or imprinted) to all persons irrespective of the nature of their business and including, among others, without limiting the scope hereof, persons who install, repair, clean, alter, improve, construct, or decorate real or personal property of or for consumers other than a sale to a person who:

37 (i) Purchases for the purpose of resale as tangible personal38 property in the regular course of business without intervening use by

such person, but a purchase for the purpose of resale by a regional
 transit authority under RCW 81.112.300 is not a sale for resale; or

3 (ii) Installs, repairs, cleans, alters, imprints, improves, 4 constructs, or decorates real or personal property of or for 5 consumers, if such tangible personal property becomes an ingredient 6 or component of such real or personal property without intervening 7 use by such person; or

8 (iii) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property 9 purchased in producing for sale as a new article of tangible personal 10 property or substance, of which such property becomes an ingredient 11 or component or is a chemical used in processing, when the primary 12 purpose of such chemical is to create a chemical reaction directly 13 through contact with an ingredient of a new article being produced 14 for sale; or

15 (iv) Purchases for the purpose of consuming the property 16 purchased in producing ferrosilicon which is subsequently used in 17 producing magnesium for sale, if the primary purpose of such property 18 is to create a chemical reaction directly through contact with an 19 ingredient of ferrosilicon; or

20 (v) Purchases for the purpose of providing the property to 21 consumers as part of competitive telephone service, as defined in RCW 22 82.04.065; or

(vi) Purchases for the purpose of satisfying the person's obligations under an extended warranty as defined in subsection (7) of this section, if such tangible personal property replaces or becomes an ingredient or component of property covered by the extended warranty without intervening use by such person.

(b) The term includes every sale of tangible personal property that is used or consumed or to be used or consumed in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at retail" or "retail sale" even though such property is resold or used as provided in (a)(i) through (vi) of this subsection following such use.

33 (c) The term also means every sale of tangible personal property 34 to persons engaged in any business that is taxable under RCW 35 82.04.280(1) (a), (b), and (g), 82.04.290, and 82.04.2908.

36 (2) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes the sale 37 of or charge made for tangible personal property consumed and/or for 38 labor and services rendered in respect to the following:

(a) The installing, repairing, cleaning, altering, imprinting, orimproving of tangible personal property of or for consumers,

including charges made for the mere use of facilities in respect thereto, but excluding charges made for the use of self-service laundry facilities, and also excluding sales of laundry service to nonprofit health care facilities, and excluding services rendered in respect to live animals, birds and insects;

6 (b) The constructing, repairing, decorating, or improving of new 7 or existing buildings or other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for consumers, including the installing or attaching 8 of any article of tangible personal property therein or thereto, 9 whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by 10 11 virtue of installation, and also includes the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of land and the moving of earth 12 excepting the mere leveling of land used in commercial farming or 13 14 agriculture;

15 (c) The constructing, repairing, or improving of any structure 16 upon, above, or under any real property owned by an owner who conveys 17 the property by title, possession, or any other means to the person 18 performing such construction, repair, or improvement for the purpose 19 of performing such construction, repair, or improvement and the 20 property is then reconveyed by title, possession, or any other means 21 to the original owner;

22 (d) The cleaning, fumigating, razing, or moving of existing 23 buildings or structures, but does not include the charge made for janitorial services; and for purposes of this section the term 24 25 "janitorial services" means those cleaning and caretaking services 26 ordinarily performed by commercial janitor service businesses including, but not limited to, wall and window washing, floor 27 28 cleaning and waxing, and the cleaning in place of rugs, drapes and upholstery. The term "janitorial services" does not include painting, 29 papering, repairing, furnace or septic tank cleaning, snow removal or 30 31 sandblasting;

32 (e) Automobile towing and similar automotive transportation 33 services, but not in respect to those required to report and pay 34 taxes under chapter 82.16 RCW;

(f) The furnishing of lodging and all other services by a hotel, rooming house, tourist court, motel, trailer camp, and the granting of any similar license to use real property, as distinguished from the renting or leasing of real property, and it is presumed that the occupancy of real property for a continuous period of one month or more constitutes a rental or lease of real property and not a mere

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1 license to use or enjoy the same. For the purposes of this 2 subsection, it is presumed that the sale of and charge made for the 3 furnishing of lodging for a continuous period of one month or more to 4 a person is a rental or lease of real property and not a mere license 5 to enjoy the same;

6 (g) The installing, repairing, altering, or improving of digital 7 goods for consumers;

(h) Persons taxable under (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g) 8 of this subsection when such sales or charges are for property, labor 9 and services which are used or consumed in whole or in part by such 10 11 persons in the performance of any activity defined as a "sale at 12 retail" or "retail sale" even though such property, labor and services may be resold after such use or consumption. Nothing 13 14 contained in this subsection may be construed to modify subsection (1) of this section and nothing contained in subsection (1) of this 15 16 section may be construed to modify this subsection.

17 (3) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes the sale 18 of or charge made for personal, business, or professional services 19 including amounts designated as interest, rents, fees, admission, and 20 other service emoluments however designated, received by persons 21 engaging in the following business activities:

22

(a) Abstract, title insurance, and escrow services;

23 (b) ((<del>Credit bureau services;</del>

24 (c)) Automobile parking and storage garage services;

25 ((<del>(d)</del>)) <u>(c)</u> Landscape maintenance and horticultural services but 26 excluding (i) horticultural services provided to farmers and (ii) 27 pruning, trimming, repairing, removing, and clearing of trees and 28 brush near electric transmission or distribution lines or equipment, 29 if performed by or at the direction of an electric utility;

30 ((<del>(e)</del>)) <u>(d)</u> Service charges associated with tickets to 31 professional sporting events;

32 ((<del>(f)</del>)) <u>(e)</u> The following personal services: Tanning salon 33 services, tattoo parlor services, steam bath services, turkish bath 34 services, escort services, and dating services; and

35  $((\frac{(g)}{)})$  (f)(i) Operating an athletic or fitness facility, 36 including all charges for the use of such a facility or for any 37 associated services and amenities, except as provided in  $((\frac{(g)}{)})$  (f)38 (ii) of this subsection. (ii) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>(i)
 of this subsection (3), the term "sale at retail" and "retail sale"
 under this subsection does not include:

(A) Separately stated charges for the use of an athletic or
fitness facility where such use is primarily for a purpose other than
engaging in or receiving instruction in a physical fitness activity;

7 (B) Separately stated charges for the use of a discrete portion 8 of an athletic or fitness facility, other than a pool, where such 9 discrete portion of the facility does not by itself meet the 10 definition of "athletic or fitness facility" in this subsection;

11 (C) Separately stated charges for services, such as advertising, 12 massage, nutritional consulting, and body composition testing, that 13 do not require the customer to engage in physical fitness activities 14 to receive the service. The exclusion in this subsection (3)((-(g)))15 <u>(f)</u>(ii)(C) does not apply to personal training services and 16 instruction in a physical fitness activity;

17 (D) Separately stated charges for physical therapy provided by a 18 physical therapist, as those terms are defined in RCW 18.74.010, or 19 occupational therapy provided an occupational therapy by practitioner, as those terms are defined in RCW 18.59.020, when 20 21 performed pursuant to a referral from an authorized health care practitioner or in consultation with an authorized health care 22 practitioner. For the purposes of this subsection  $(3)((\frac{q}{q}))$  (f) 23 (ii) (D), an authorized health care practitioner means a health care 24 25 practitioner licensed under chapter 18.83, 18.25, 18.36A, 18.57, 26 18.71, or 18.71A RCW;

(E) Rent or association fees charged by a landlord or residential association to a tenant or residential owner with access to an athletic or fitness facility maintained by the landlord or residential association, unless the rent or fee varies depending on whether the tenant or owner has access to the facility;

32 (F) Services provided in the regular course of employment by an 33 employee with access to an athletic or fitness facility maintained by 34 the employer for use without charge by its employees or their family 35 members;

36 (G) The provision of access to an athletic or fitness facility by 37 an educational institution to its students and staff. However, 38 charges made by an educational institution to its alumni or other 39 members of the public for the use of any of the educational 40 institution's athletic or fitness facilities are a retail sale under

1 this subsection (3)((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>. For purposes of this subsection (3)
2 ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>(ii)(G), "educational institution" has the same meaning as
3 in RCW 82.04.170;

4 (H) Yoga, chi gong, or martial arts classes, training, or events 5 held at a community center, park, school gymnasium, college or 6 university, hospital or other medical facility, private residence, or 7 any other facility that is not operated within and as part of an 8 athletic or fitness facility.

9 (iii) Nothing in  $((\frac{g}))$  (f)(ii) of this subsection (3) may be 10 construed to affect the taxation of sales made by the operator of an 11 athletic or fitness facility, where such sales are defined as a 12 retail sale under any provision of this section other than this 13 subsection (3).

14 (iv) For the purposes of this subsection (3)((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(f)</u>, the 15 following definitions apply:

(A) "Athletic or fitness facility" means an indoor or outdoor 16 facility or portion of a facility that is primarily used for: 17 18 Exercise classes; strength and conditioning programs; personal training services; tennis, racquetball, handball, squash, or 19 pickleball; or other activities requiring the use of exercise or 20 strength training equipment, such as treadmills, elliptical machines, 21 22 stair climbers, stationary cycles, rowing machines, pilates 23 equipment, balls, climbing ropes, jump ropes, and weightlifting 24 equipment.

(B) "Martial arts" means any of the various systems of training
for physical combat or self-defense. "Martial arts" includes, but is
not limited to, karate, kung fu, tae kwon do, Krav Maga, boxing,
kickboxing, jujitsu, shootfighting, wrestling, aikido, judo, hapkido,
Kendo, tai chi, and mixed martial arts.

30 (C) "Physical fitness activities" means activities that involve 31 physical exertion for the purpose of improving or maintaining the 32 general fitness, strength, flexibility, conditioning, or health of 33 the participant. "Physical fitness activities" includes participating 34 in yoga, chi gong, or martial arts.

35 (4)(a) The term also includes the renting or leasing of tangible 36 personal property to consumers.

37 (b) The term does not include the renting or leasing of tangible 38 personal property where the lease or rental is for the purpose of 39 sublease or subrent. 1 (5) The term also includes the providing of "competitive 2 telephone service," "telecommunications service," or "ancillary 3 services," as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065, to consumers.

(6) (a) The term also includes the sale of prewritten computer 4 software to a consumer, regardless of the method of delivery to the 5 6 end user. For purposes of (a) and (b) of this subsection, the sale of prewritten computer software includes the sale of or charge made for 7 a key or an enabling or activation code, where the key or code is 8 required to activate prewritten computer software and put the 9 software into use. There is no separate sale of the key or code from 10 the prewritten computer software, regardless of how the sale may be 11 12 characterized by the vendor or by the purchaser.

13 (b) The term "retail sale" does not include the sale of or charge 14 made for:

15 (i) Custom software; or

16 (ii) The customization of prewritten computer software.

17 (c)(i) The term also includes the charge made to consumers for 18 the right to access and use prewritten computer software, where 19 possession of the software is maintained by the seller or a third 20 party, regardless of whether the charge for the service is on a per 21 use, per user, per license, subscription, or some other basis.

(ii) (A) The service described in (c) (i) of this subsection (6) includes the right to access and use prewritten computer software to perform data processing.

(B) For purposes of this subsection (6)(c)(ii), "data processing" means the systematic performance of operations on data to extract the required information in an appropriate form or to convert the data to usable information. Data processing includes check processing, image processing, form processing, survey processing, payroll processing, claim processing, and similar activities.

31 (7) The term also includes the sale of or charge made for an extended warranty to a consumer. For purposes of this subsection, 32 33 "extended warranty" means an agreement for a specified duration to perform the replacement or repair of tangible personal property at no 34 additional charge or a reduced charge for tangible personal property, 35 labor, or both, or to provide indemnification for the replacement or 36 repair of tangible personal property, based on the occurrence of 37 specified events. The term "extended warranty" does not include an 38 39 agreement, otherwise meeting the definition of extended warranty in 40 this subsection, if no separate charge is made for the agreement and 1 the value of the agreement is included in the sales price of the 2 tangible personal property covered by the agreement. For purposes of 3 this subsection, "sales price" has the same meaning as in RCW 4 82.08.010.

5 (8)(a) The term also includes the following sales to consumers of 6 digital goods, digital codes, and digital automated services:

7 (i) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser the right 8 of permanent use;

9 (ii) Sales in which the seller has granted the purchaser a right 10 of use that is less than permanent;

(iii) Sales in which the purchaser is not obligated to make continued payment as a condition of the sale; and

13 (iv) Sales in which the purchaser is obligated to make continued 14 payment as a condition of the sale.

(b) A retail sale of digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services under this subsection (8) includes any services provided by the seller exclusively in connection with the digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated services, whether or not a separate charge is made for such services.

(c) For purposes of this subsection, "permanent" means perpetual or for an indefinite or unspecified length of time. A right of permanent use is presumed to have been granted unless the agreement between the seller and the purchaser specifies or the circumstances surrounding the transaction suggest or indicate that the right to use terminates on the occurrence of a condition subsequent.

(9) The term also includes the charge made for providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed or indeterminate period of time. A consideration of this is that the operator is necessary for the tangible personal property to perform as designed. For the purpose of this subsection (9), an operator must do more than maintain, inspect, or set up the tangible personal property.

32 (10) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for labor and services rendered in respect to the building, repairing, or 33 improving of any street, place, road, highway, easement, right-of-34 way, mass public transportation terminal or parking facility, bridge, 35 36 tunnel, or trestle which is owned by a municipal corporation or political subdivision of the state or by the United States and which 37 is used or to be used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic 38 39 including mass transportation vehicles of any kind.

1 (11) The term also does not include sales of chemical sprays or washes to persons for the purpose of postharvest treatment of fruit 2 3 for the prevention of scald, fungus, mold, or decay, nor does it include sales of feed, seed, seedlings, fertilizer, agents for 4 enhanced pollination including insects such as bees, and spray 5 materials to: (a) Persons who participate in the federal conservation 6 7 reserve program, the environmental quality incentives program, the wetlands reserve program, and the wildlife habitat incentives 8 program, or their successors administered by the United States 9 department of agriculture; (b) farmers for the purpose of producing 10 for sale any agricultural product; (c) farmers for the purpose of 11 12 providing bee pollination services; and (d) farmers acting under cooperative habitat development or access contracts with 13 an 14 organization exempt from federal income tax under 26 U.S.C. Sec. 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code or the Washington 15 16 state department of fish and wildlife to produce or improve wildlife 17 habitat on land that the farmer owns or leases.

(12) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for 18 labor and services rendered in respect to the constructing, 19 repairing, decorating, or improving of new or existing buildings or 20 21 other structures under, upon, or above real property of or for the 22 United States, any instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority created pursuant to chapter 35.82 RCW, including 23 the installing, or attaching of any article of tangible personal 24 25 property therein or thereto, whether or not such personal property 26 becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation. Nor does the term include the sale of services or charges made for the clearing of 27 land and the moving of earth of or for the United States, any 28 29 instrumentality thereof, or a county or city housing authority. Nor does the term include the sale of services or charges made for 30 31 cleaning up for the United States, or its instrumentalities, 32 radioactive waste and other by-products of weapons production and 33 nuclear research and development.

(13) The term does not include the sale of or charge made for labor, services, or tangible personal property pursuant to agreements providing maintenance services for bus, rail, or rail fixed guideway equipment when a regional transit authority is the recipient of the labor, services, or tangible personal property, and a transit agency, as defined in RCW 81.104.015, performs the labor or services. 1 (14) The term does not include the sale for resale of any service 2 described in this section if the sale would otherwise constitute a 3 "sale at retail" and "retail sale" under this section.

(15) (a) The term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" includes 4 amounts charged, however labeled, to consumers to engage in any of 5 6 the activities listed in this subsection (15)(a), including the furnishing of any associated equipment or, except as 7 otherwise provided in this subsection, providing instruction 8 in such activities, where such charges are not otherwise defined as a "sale 9 at retail" or "retail sale" in this section: 10

11 (i) (A) Golf, including any variant in which either golf balls or golf clubs are used, such as miniature golf, hitting golf balls at a 12 driving range, and golf simulators, and including fees charged by a 13 14 golf course to a player for using his or her own cart. However, charges for golf instruction are not a retail sale, provided that if 15 16 the instruction involves the use of a golfing facility that would 17 otherwise require the payment of a fee, such as green fees or driving range fees, such fees, including the applicable retail sales tax, 18 must be separately identified and charged by the golfing facility 19 operator to the instructor or the person receiving the instruction. 20

(B) Notwithstanding (a)(i)(A) of this subsection (15) and except 21 as otherwise provided in this subsection (15)(a)(i)(B), the term 22 "sale at retail" or "retail sale" does not include amounts charged to 23 participate in, or conduct, a golf tournament or other competitive 24 25 event. However, amounts paid by event participants to the golf facility operator are retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(i). 26 Likewise, amounts paid by the event organizer to the golf facility 27 are retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(i), if such amounts 28 29 vary based on the number of event participants;

(ii) Ballooning, hang gliding, indoor or outdoor sky diving,
 paragliding, parasailing, and similar activities;

(iii) Air hockey, billiards, pool, foosball, darts, shuffleboard,ping pong, and similar games;

(iv) Access to amusement park, theme park, and water park facilities, including but not limited to charges for admission and locker or cabana rentals. Discrete charges for rides or other attractions or entertainment that are in addition to the charge for admission are not a retail sale under this subsection (15)(a)(iv). For the purposes of this subsection, an amusement park or theme park a location that provides permanently affixed amusement rides, 1 games, and other entertainment, but does not include parks or zoos 2 for which the primary purpose is the exhibition of wildlife, or 3 fairs, carnivals, and festivals as defined in (b)(i) of this 4 subsection;

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(v) Batting cage activities;

6 (vi) Bowling, but not including competitive events, except that 7 amounts paid by the event participants to the bowling alley operator 8 are retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(vi). Likewise, amounts 9 paid by the event organizer to the operator of the bowling alley are 10 retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(vi), if such amounts vary 11 based on the number of event participants;

12 (vii) Climbing on artificial climbing structures, whether indoors 13 or outdoors;

14 (viii) Day trips for sightseeing purposes;

15 (ix) Bungee jumping, zip lining, and riding inside a ball, 16 whether inflatable or otherwise;

17 (x) Horseback riding offered to the public, where the seller 18 furnishes the horse to the buyer and providing instruction is not the 19 primary focus of the activity, including guided rides, but not 20 including therapeutic horseback riding provided by an instructor 21 certified by a nonprofit organization that offers national or 22 international certification for therapeutic riding instructors;

(xi) Fishing, including providing access to private fishing areas and charter or guided fishing, except that fishing contests and license fees imposed by a government entity are not a retail sale under this subsection;

(xii) Guided hunting and hunting at game farms and shooting preserves, except that hunting contests and license fees imposed by a government entity are not a retail sale under this subsection;

(xiii) Swimming, but only in respect to (A) recreational or 30 31 fitness swimming that is open to the public, such as open swim, lap 32 swimming, and special events like kids night out and pool parties during open swim time, and (B) pool parties for private events, such 33 as birthdays, family gatherings, and employee outings. Fees for 34 35 swimming lessons, to participate in swim meets and other 36 competitions, or to join a swim team, club, or aquatic facility are not retail sales under this subsection (15)(a)(xiii); 37

38 (xiv) Go-karting, bumper cars, and other motorized activities 39 where the seller provides the vehicle and the premises where the 40 buyer will operate the vehicle; 1 (xv) Indoor or outdoor playground activities, such as inflatable bounce structures and other inflatables; mazes; trampolines; slides; 2 ball pits; games of tag, including laser tag and soft-dart tag; and 3 human gyroscope rides, regardless of whether such activities occur at 4 the seller's place of business, but not including playground 5 6 activities provided for children by a licensed child day care center 7 or licensed family day care provider as those terms are defined in RCW 43.216.010; 8

9 (xvi) Shooting sports and activities, such as target shooting, 10 skeet, trap, sporting clays, "5" stand, and archery, but only in 11 respect to discrete charges to members of the public to engage in 12 these activities, but not including fees to enter a competitive 13 event, instruction that is entirely or predominately classroom based, 14 or to join or renew a membership at a club, range, or other facility; 15 (xvii) Paintball and airsoft activities;

16 (xviii) Skating, including ice skating, roller skating, and 17 inline skating, but only in respect to discrete charges to members of 18 the public to engage in skating activities, but not including skating 19 lessons, competitive events, team activities, or fees to join or 20 renew a membership at a skating facility, club, or other 21 organization;

22 (xix) Nonmotorized snow sports and activities, such as downhill 23 and cross-country skiing, snowboarding, ski jumping, sledding, snow tubing, snowshoeing, and similar snow sports and activities, whether 24 25 engaged in outdoors or in an indoor facility with or without snow, 26 but only in respect to discrete charges to the public for the use of land or facilities to engage in nonmotorized snow sports and 27 activities, such as fees, however labeled, for the use of ski lifts 28 29 and tows and daily or season passes for access to trails or other areas where nonmotorized snow sports and activities are conducted. 30 31 However, fees for the following are not retail sales under this 32 subsection (15) (a) (xix): (A) Instructional lessons; (B) permits issued by a governmental entity to park a vehicle on or access public 33 lands; and (C) permits or leases granted by an owner of private 34 timberland for recreational access to areas used primarily for 35 36 growing and harvesting timber; and

37 (xx) Scuba diving; snorkeling; river rafting; surfing; 38 kiteboarding; flyboarding; water slides; inflatables, such as water 39 pillows, water trampolines, and water rollers; and similar water 40 sports and activities. 1 (b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this subsection 2 (15), the term "sale at retail" or "retail sale" does not include 3 charges:

4 (i) Made for admission to, and rides or attractions at, fairs, 5 carnivals, and festivals. For the purposes of this subsection, fairs, 6 carnivals, and festivals are events that do not exceed twenty-one 7 days and a majority of the amusement rides, if any, are not affixed 8 to real property;

9 (ii) Made by an educational institution to its students and staff 10 for activities defined as retail sales by (a)(i) through (xx) of this 11 subsection. However, charges made by an educational institution to 12 its alumni or other members of the general public for these 13 activities are a retail sale under this subsection (15). For purposes 14 of this subsection (15)(b)(ii), "educational institution" has the 15 same meaning as in RCW 82.04.170;

16 (iii) Made by a vocational school for commercial diver training 17 that is licensed by the workforce training and education coordinating 18 board under chapter 28C.10 RCW; or

(iv) Made for day camps offered by a nonprofit organization or state or local governmental entity that provide youth not older than age eighteen, or that are focused on providing individuals with disabilities or mental illness, the opportunity to participate in a variety of supervised activities.

24 Sec. 6. RCW 82.04.192 and 2020 c 139 s 4 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

26 (1) "Digital audio works" means works that result from the 27 fixation of a series of musical, spoken, or other sounds, including 28 ringtones.

(2) "Digital audiovisual works" means a series of related images
 which, when shown in succession, impart an impression of motion,
 together with accompanying sounds, if any.

(3) (a) "Digital automated service," except as provided in (b) of
 this subsection (3), means any service transferred electronically
 that uses one or more software applications.

35 (b) "Digital automated service" does not include:

36 (i) Any service that primarily involves the application of human 37 effort by the seller, and the human effort originated after the 38 customer requested the service;

1 (ii) The loaning or transferring of money or the purchase, sale, or transfer of financial instruments. For purposes of this subsection 2 (3) (b) (ii), "financial instruments" include cash, accounts receivable 3 and payable, loans and notes receivable and payable, debt securities, 4 equity securities, as well as derivative contracts such as forward 5 6 contracts, swap contracts, and options;

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(iii) Dispensing cash or other physical items from a machine;

8

(iv) Payment processing services;

(v) Parimutuel wagering and handicapping contests as authorized 9 by chapter 67.16 RCW; 10

11 (vi) Telecommunications services and ancillary services as those 12 terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065;

(vii) The internet and internet access as those terms are defined 13 14 in RCW 82.04.297;

15 (viii) The service described in RCW 82.04.050(6)(c);

16 (ix) Online educational programs provided by a:

17

(A) Public or private elementary or secondary school; or

(B) An institution of higher education as defined in sections 18 1001 or 1002 of the federal higher education act of 1965 (Title 20 19 U.S.C. Secs. 1001 and 1002), as existing on July 1, 2009. For 20 purposes of this subsection (3)(b)(ix)(B), an online educational 21 program must be encompassed within the institution's accreditation; 22

(x) Live presentations, such as lectures, seminars, workshops, or 23 courses, where participants are connected to other participants via 24 25 the internet or telecommunications equipment, which allows audience 26 members and the presenter or instructor to give, receive, and discuss information with each other in real time; 27

28 (xi) Travel agent services, including online travel services, and 29 automated systems used by travel agents to book reservations;

(xii) (A) A service that allows the person receiving the service 30 31 to make online sales of products or services, digital or otherwise, 32 using either: (I) The service provider's website; or (II) the service recipient's website, but only when the service provider's technology 33 is used in creating or hosting the service recipient's website or is 34 35 used in processing orders from customers using the service 36 recipient's website.

(B) The service described in this subsection (3)(b)(xii) does not 37 include the underlying sale of the products or services, digital or 38 39 otherwise, by the person receiving the service;

1 (xiii) Advertising services. For purposes of this subsection (3) (b) (xiii), "advertising services" means all services directly 2 related to the creation, preparation, production, or 3 the dissemination of advertisements. Advertising services include layout, 4 art direction, graphic design, mechanical preparation, production 5 6 supervision, placement, and rendering advice to a client concerning the best methods of advertising that client's products or services. 7 Advertising services also include online referrals, search engine 8 marketing and lead generation optimization, web campaign planning, 9 10 the acquisition of advertising space in the internet media, and the monitoring and evaluation of website traffic for purposes 11 of determining the effectiveness of an advertising campaign. Advertising 12 services do not include web hosting services and domain name 13 14 registration;

(xiv) The mere storage of digital products, digital codes, 15 16 computer software, or master copies of software. This exclusion from 17 the definition of digital automated services includes providing space 18 on a server for web hosting or the backing up of data or other 19 information;

(xv) Data processing services. For purposes of this subsection 20 21 (3) (b) (xv), "data processing service" means a primarily automated 22 service provided to a business or other organization where the 23 primary object of the service is the systematic performance of operations by the service provider on data supplied in whole or in 24 25 part by the customer to extract the required information in an appropriate form or to convert the data to usable information. Data 26 processing services include check processing, image processing, form 27 processing, survey processing, payroll processing, claim processing, 28 29 and similar activities. Data processing does not include the service described in RCW 82.04.050(6)(c); ((and)) 30

31 (xvi) Any business activity taxable under section 2 of this act; 32 and 33

(xvii) Digital goods.

(4) "Digital books" means works that are generally recognized in 34 the ordinary and usual sense as books. 35

(5) "Digital code" means a code that provides a purchaser with 36 the right to obtain one or more digital products, if all of the 37 digital products to be obtained through the use of the code have the 38 39 same sales and use tax treatment. "Digital code" does not include a 40 code that represents a stored monetary value that is deducted from a 1 total as it is used by the purchaser. "Digital code" also does not include a code that represents a redeemable card, gift card, or gift 2 certificate that entitles the holder to select digital products of an 3 indicated cash value. A digital code may be obtained by any means, 4 including email or by tangible means regardless of its designation as 5 6 song code, video code, book code, or some other term.

"Digital goods," except as provided in (b) of this 7 (6) (a) subsection (6), means sounds, images, data, facts, or information, or 8 any combination thereof, transferred electronically, including, but 9 not limited to, specified digital products and other products 10 11 transferred electronically not included within the definition of 12 specified digital products.

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(b) The term "digital goods" does not include:

14 (i) Telecommunications services and ancillary services as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.065; 15

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(ii) Computer software as defined in RCW 82.04.215;

17 (iii) The internet and internet access as those terms are defined in RCW 82.04.297; 18

(iv) (A) Except as provided in (b) (iv) (B) of this subsection (6), 19 20 the representation of a personal or professional service in 21 electronic form, such as an electronic copy of an engineering report prepared by an engineer, where the service primarily involves the 22 application of human effort by the service provider, and the human 23 effort originated after the customer requested the service. 24

25 (B) The exclusion in (b)(iv)(A) of this subsection (6) does not 26 apply to photographers in respect to amounts received for the taking of photographs that are transferred electronically to the customer, 27 but only if the customer is an end user, as defined in RCW 28 29 82.04.190(11), of the photographs. Such amounts are considered to be for the sale of digital goods; ((and)) 30

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(v) Personal data as defined in section 2 of this act; and

(vi) Services and activities excluded from the definition of 32 digital automated services in subsection (3)(b)(i) through (((xv))) 33 (xvi) of this section and not otherwise described in (b)(i) through 34 (((iv))) (v) of this subsection (6). 35

(7) "Digital products" means digital goods and digital automated 36 services. 37

(8) "Electronically transferred" or "transferred electronically" 38 39 means obtained by the purchaser by means other than tangible storage 40 media. It is not necessary that a copy of the product be physically 1 transferred to the purchaser. So long as the purchaser may access the 2 product, it will be considered to have been electronically 3 transferred to the purchaser.

4 (9) "Specified digital products" means electronically transferred 5 digital audiovisual works, digital audio works, and digital books.

6 (10) "Subscription radio services" means the sale of audio 7 programming by a radio broadcaster as defined in RCW 82.08.0208, 8 except as otherwise provided in this subsection. "Subscription radio 9 services" does not include audio programming that is sold on a pay-10 per-program basis or that allows the buyer to access a library of 11 programs at any time for a specific charge for that service.

12 (11) "Subscription television services" means the sale of video programming by a television broadcaster as defined in RCW 82.08.0208, 13 14 except as otherwise provided in this subsection. "Subscription television services" does not include video programming that is sold 15 16 on a pay-per-program basis or that allows the buyer to access a library of programs at any time for a specific charge for that 17 service, but only if the seller is not subject to a franchise fee in 18 19 this state under the authority of Title 47 U.S.C. Sec. 542(a) on the gross revenue derived from the sale. 20

21 Sec. 7. RCW 82.04.2907 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 5 s 101 are each 22 amended to read as follows:

(1) Upon every person engaging within this state in the business of receiving income from royalties, the amount of tax with respect to the business is equal to the gross income from royalties multiplied by the rate provided in RCW 82.04.290(2)(a).

(2) For the purposes of this section, "gross income from 27 royalties" means compensation for the use of intangible property, 28 including charges in the nature of royalties, regardless of where the 29 30 intangible property will be used. For purposes of this subsection, 31 "intangible property" includes copyrights, patents, licenses, franchises, trademarks, trade names, and similar items. "Gross income 32 from royalties" does not include compensation for any natural 33 resource, gross income of the business from the sale, or exchange for 34 consideration, of personal data as defined in section 2 of this act, 35 the licensing of prewritten computer software to the end user, or the 36 licensing of digital goods, digital codes, or digital automated 37 38 services to the end user as defined in RCW 82.04.190(11).

1 Sec. 8. RCW 82.04.460 and 2014 c 97 s 304 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, any person 4 earning apportionable income taxable under this chapter and also 5 taxable in another state must, for the purpose of computing tax 6 liability under this chapter, apportion to this state, in accordance 7 with RCW 82.04.462, that portion of the person's apportionable income 8 derived from business activities performed within this state.

(2) The department must by rule provide a method of apportioning 9 the apportionable income of financial institutions, where 10 such 11 apportionable income is taxable under RCW 82.04.290. The rule adopted 12 by the department must, to the extent feasible, be consistent with multistate tax commission's recommended formula 13 the for the apportionment and allocation of net income of financial institutions 14 as existing on June 1, 2010, or such subsequent date as may be 15 16 provided by the department by rule, consistent with the purposes of 17 this section, except that:

(a) The department's rule must provide for a single factorapportionment method based on the receipts factor; and

20 (b) The definition of "financial institution" contained in 21 appendix A to the multistate tax commission's recommended formula for 22 the apportionment and allocation of net income of financial 23 institutions is advisory only.

(3) The department may by rule provide a method or methods of 24 25 apportioning or allocating gross income derived from sales of telecommunications service and competitive telephone service taxed 26 under this chapter, if the gross proceeds of sales subject to tax 27 28 under this chapter do not fairly represent the extent of the taxpayer's income attributable to this state. The rule must provide 29 30 for an equitable and constitutionally permissible division of the tax 31 base.

32 (4) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply33 unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(a) "Apportionable income" means gross income of the business
generated from engaging in apportionable activities, including income
received from apportionable activities performed outside this state
if the income would be taxable under this chapter if received from
activities in this state, less the exemptions and deductions
allowable under this chapter. For purposes of this subsection,
"apportionable activities" means only those activities taxed under:

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1 (i) RCW 82.04.255;

2 (ii) RCW 82.04.260 (3), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), and (13);

3 (iii) RCW 82.04.280(1)(e);

4 (iv) RCW 82.04.285;

5 (v) RCW 82.04.286;

6 (vi) RCW 82.04.290;

7 (vii) RCW 82.04.2907;

8 (viii) RCW 82.04.2908;

9 (ix) RCW 82.04.263, but only to the extent of any activity that 10 would be taxable under any of the provisions enumerated under (a)(i) 11 through (viii) of this subsection (4) if the tax classification in 12 RCW 82.04.263 did not exist; ((and))

13 (x) RCW 82.04.260(14) and 82.04.280(1)(a), but only with respect 14 to advertising; and

15

(xi) Section 2 of this act.

(b)(i) "Taxable in another state" means that the taxpayer is 16 subject to a business activities tax by another state on its income 17 received from engaging in apportionable activities; or the taxpayer 18 is not subject to a business activities tax by another state on its 19 income received from engaging in apportionable activities, but any 20 other state has jurisdiction to subject the taxpayer to a business 21 activities tax on such income under the substantial nexus standards 22 in RCW 82.04.067(1). 23

(ii) For purposes of this subsection (4) (b), "business activities
tax" and "state" have the same meaning as in RCW 82.04.462.

26 Sec. 9. RCW 82.04.462 and 2014 c 97 s 305 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) The apportionable income of a person within the scope of RCW 82.04.460(1) is apportioned to Washington by multiplying its apportionable income by the receipts factor. Persons who are subject to tax under more than one of the tax classifications enumerated in RCW 82.04.460(4)(a) (i) through (((x))) (xi) must calculate a separate receipts factor for each tax classification that the person is taxable under.

35 (2) For purposes of subsection (1) of this section, the receipts 36 factor is a fraction and is calculated as provided in subsections (3) 37 ((and (4))) through (5) of this section and, for financial 38 institutions, as provided in the rule adopted by the department under 39 the authority of RCW 82.04.460(2). 1 (3)(a) The numerator of the receipts factor is the total gross 2 income of the business of the taxpayer attributable to this state 3 during the tax year from engaging in an apportionable activity. The 4 denominator of the receipts factor is the total gross income of the 5 business of the taxpayer from engaging in an apportionable activity 6 everywhere in the world during the tax year.

7 (b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, for purposes of 8 computing the receipts factor, gross income of the business generated 9 from each apportionable activity is attributable to the state:

(i) Where the customer received the benefit of the taxpayer's 10 11 service or, in the case of gross income from royalties, where the 12 customer used the taxpayer's intangible property. When a customer receives the benefit of the taxpayer's services or uses the 13 14 taxpayer's intangible property in this and one or more other states and the amount of gross income of the business that was received by 15 16 the taxpayer in return for the services received or intangible 17 property used by the customer in this state can be reasonably 18 determined by the taxpayer, such amount of gross income must be attributed to this state. 19

(ii) If the customer received the benefit of the service or used the intangible property in more than one state and if the taxpayer is unable to attribute gross income of the business under the provisions of (b)(i) of this subsection (3), gross income of the business must be attributed to the state in which the benefit of the service was primarily received or in which the intangible property was primarily used.

(iii) If the taxpayer is unable to attribute gross income of the business under the provisions of (b)(i) or (ii) of this subsection (3), gross income of the business must be attributed to the state from which the customer ordered the service or, in the case of royalties, the office of the customer from which the royalty agreement with the taxpayer was negotiated.

(iv) If the taxpayer is unable to attribute gross income of the business under the provisions of (b)(i), (ii), or (iii) of this subsection (3), gross income of the business must be attributed to the state to which the billing statements or invoices are sent to the customer by the taxpayer.

38 (v) If the taxpayer is unable to attribute gross income of the 39 business under the provisions of (b)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this

subsection (3), gross income of the business must be attributed to
 the state from which the customer sends payment to the taxpayer.

(vi) If the taxpayer is unable to attribute gross income of the 3 business under the provisions of (b)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of 4 this subsection (3), gross income of the business must be attributed 5 6 to the state where the customer is located as indicated by the 7 customer's address: (A) Shown in the taxpayer's business records maintained in the regular course of business; or (B) obtained during 8 consummation of the sale or the negotiation of the contract for 9 services or for the use of the taxpayer's intangible property, 10 11 including any address of a customer's payment instrument when readily 12 available to the taxpayer and no other address is available.

(vii) If the taxpayer is unable to attribute gross income of the business under the provisions of (b)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi) of this subsection (3), gross income of the business must be attributed to the commercial domicile of the taxpayer.

(viii) For purposes of this subsection (3)(b), "customer" means a person or entity to whom the taxpayer makes a sale or renders services or from whom the taxpayer otherwise receives gross income of the business. "Customer" includes anyone who pays royalties or charges in the nature of royalties for the use of the taxpayer's intangible property.

23 income of the business from engaging (c) Gross in an apportionable activity must be excluded from the denominator of the 24 25 receipts factor if, in respect to such activity, at least some of the 26 activity is performed in this state, and the gross income is attributable under (b) of this subsection (3) to a state in which the 27 taxpayer is not taxable. For purposes of this subsection (3)(c), "not 28 29 taxable" means that the taxpayer is not subject to a business activities tax by that state, except that a taxpayer is taxable in a 30 31 state in which it would be deemed to have a substantial nexus with 32 that state under the standards in RCW 82.04.067(1) regardless of whether that state imposes such a tax. "Business activities tax" 33 means a tax measured by the amount of, or economic results of, 34 business activity conducted in a state. The term includes taxes 35 measured in whole or in part on net income or gross income or 36 receipts. "Business activities tax" does not include a sales tax, use 37 tax, or a similar transaction tax, imposed on the sale or acquisition 38 39 of goods or services, whether or not denominated a gross receipts tax 40 or a tax imposed on the privilege of doing business.

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1 (d) This subsection (3) does not apply to financial institutions with respect to apportionable income taxable under RCW 82.04.290. 2 3 Financial institutions must calculate the receipts factor as provided in subsection (4) of this section and the rule adopted by the 4 department under the authority of RCW 82.04.460(2) with respect to 5 income taxable under RCW 6 apportionable 82.04.290. Financial 7 institutions that are subject to tax under any other tax classification enumerated in RCW 82.04.460(4)(a) (i) through (v) and 8 (vii) through (((x))) (xi) must calculate a separate receipts factor, 9 as provided in this section, for each of the 10 other tax classifications that the financial institution is taxable under. 11

12 (4) A taxpayer may calculate the receipts factor for the current tax year based on the most recent calendar year for which information 13 is available for the full calendar year. If a taxpayer does not 14 15 calculate the receipts factor for the current tax year based on 16 previous calendar year information as authorized in this subsection, the business must use current year information to calculate the 17 receipts factor for the current tax year. In either case, a taxpayer 18 19 must correct the reporting for the current tax year when complete information is available to calculate the receipts factor for that 20 year, but not later than October 31st of the following tax year. 21 22 Interest will apply to any additional tax due on a corrected tax 23 return. Interest must be computed and assessed as provided in RCW 82.32.050 and accrues until the additional taxes are paid. Penalties 24 25 as provided in RCW 82.32.090 will apply to any such additional tax 26 due only if the current tax year reporting is not corrected and the additional tax is not paid by October 31st of the following tax year. 27 28 Interest as provided in RCW 82.32.060 will apply to any tax paid in 29 excess of that properly due on a return as a result of a taxpayer using previous calendar year data or incomplete current-year data to 30 31 calculate the receipts factor.

32 (5) (a) (i) Except as provided in (a) (ii) of this subsection (5), for purposes of computing the receipts factor under subsection (3) of 33 this section, gross income of the business generating sales, or 34 exchange for consideration, of personal data must be attributable to 35 this state in the ratio, expressed as a percentage, that the number 36 of Washington addresses in the personal data bears to all addresses 37 in the personal data. Only personal data used to generate the gross 38 39 income of the business to be attributed under this subsection

1 (5) (a) (i) is applicable in calculating the ratio described in this 2 subsection (5) (a) (i). 3 (ii) If the taxpayer is unable to attribute gross income of the business under the provisions of (a) (i) of this subsection (5), gross 4 income of the business generated from making sales, or exchanging for 5 6 consideration, of personal data must be attributed to this state in 7 the ratio, expressed as a percentage, that the population this state bears to all the states of the United States in the taxpayer's 8 market, or by any other reasonable methods of attribution allowed by 9 the department. 10

(b) For purposes of this subsection:

11

12 <u>(i) "Addresses" means physical, mailing, or internet protocol</u> 13 <u>addresses, or similar addresses; and</u>

14 <u>(ii) "Personal data" has the same meaning as provided in section</u> 15 <u>2 of this act.</u>

16 <u>(6)</u> Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the 17 definitions in this subsection apply throughout this section.

(a) "Apportionable activities" and "apportionable income" havethe same meaning as in RCW 82.04.460.

20 (b) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of 21 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or 22 possession of the United States, or any foreign country or political 23 subdivision of a foreign country.

24 Sec. 10. RCW 82.08.0291 and 2015 c 169 s 4 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales defined as a sale at retail and retail sale under RCW 82.04.050 (3)((-(g))) (<u>f)</u> or (15), by a nonprofit youth organization, as defined in RCW 82.04.4271, to members of the organization; and the tax does not apply to physical fitness classes provided by a local government.

31 Sec. 11. RCW 82.32.087 and 2015 c 169 s 11 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

(1) The director may grant a direct pay permit to a taxpayer who demonstrates, to the satisfaction of the director, that the taxpayer meets the requirements of this section. The direct pay permit allows the taxpayer to accrue and remit directly to the department use tax on the acquisition of tangible personal property or sales tax on the sale of or charges made for labor and/or services, in accordance with

all of the applicable provisions of this title. Any taxpayer that 1 uses a direct pay permit must remit state and local sales or use tax 2 3 directly to the department. The agreement by the purchaser to remit tax directly to the department, rather than pay sales or use tax to 4 the seller, relieves the seller of the obligation to collect sales or 5 6 use tax and requires the buyer to pay use tax on the tangible personal property and sales tax on the sale of or charges made for 7 labor and/or services. 8

(2) (a) A taxpayer may apply for a permit under this section if: 9 (i) The taxpayer's cumulative tax liability is reasonably expected to 10 11 be two hundred forty thousand dollars or more in the current calendar 12 year; or (ii) the taxpayer makes purchases subject to the taxes imposed under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 RCW in excess of ten million 13 dollars per calendar year. For the purposes of this section, "tax 14 liability" means the amount required to be remitted to the department 15 16 for taxes administered under this chapter, except for the taxes 17 imposed or authorized by chapters 82.14A, 82.14B, 82.24, 82.27, 18 82.29A, and 84.33 RCW.

(b) Application for a permit must be made in writing to the director in a form and manner prescribed by the department. A taxpayer who transacts business in two or more locations may submit one application to cover the multiple locations.

23 (c) The director must review a direct pay permit application in a timely manner and must notify the applicant, in writing, of the 24 25 approval or denial of the application. The department must approve or 26 deny an application based on the applicant's ability to comply with local government use tax coding capabilities and responsibilities; 27 28 requirements for vendor notification; recordkeeping obligations; 29 electronic data capabilities; and tax reporting procedures. Additionally, an application may be denied if the director determines 30 31 that denial would be in the best interest of collecting taxes due 32 under this title. The department must provide a direct pay permit to 33 an approved applicant with the notice of approval. The direct pay permit must clearly state that the holder is solely responsible for 34 the accrual and payment of the tax imposed under chapters 82.08 and 35 36 82.12 RCW and that the seller is relieved of liability to collect tax imposed under chapters 82.08 and 82.12 RCW on all sales to the direct 37 pay permit holder. The taxpayer may petition the director for 38 39 reconsideration of a denial.

1 (d) A taxpayer who uses a direct pay permit must continue to 2 maintain records that are necessary to a determination of the tax 3 liability in accordance with this title. A direct pay permit is not 4 transferable and the use of a direct pay permit may not be assigned 5 to a third party.

6 (3) Taxes for which the direct pay permit is used are due and 7 payable on the tax return for the reporting period in which the 8 taxpayer (a) receives the tangible personal property purchased or in 9 which the labor and/or services are performed or (b) receives an 10 invoice for such property or such labor and/or services, whichever 11 period is earlier.

(4) The holder of a direct pay permit must furnish a copy of the direct pay permit to each vendor with whom the taxpayer has opted to use a direct pay permit. Sellers who make sales upon which the sales or use tax is not collected by reason of the provisions of this section, in addition to existing requirements under this title, must maintain a copy of the direct pay permit and any such records or information as the department may specify.

(5) A direct pay permit is subject to revocation by the director 19 at any time the department determines that the taxpayer has violated 20 21 any provision of this section or that revocation would be in the best 22 interests of collecting the taxes due under this title. The notice of revocation must be in writing and is effective either as of the end 23 of the taxpayer's next normal reporting period or a date deemed 24 25 appropriate by the director and identified in the revocation notice. 26 The taxpayer may petition the director for reconsideration of a revocation and reinstatement of the permit. 27

(6) Any taxpayer who chooses to no longer use a direct pay permit or whose permit is revoked by the department, must return the permit to the department and immediately make a good faith effort to notify all vendors to whom the permit was given, advising them that the permit is no longer valid.

33 (7) Except as provided in this subsection, the direct pay permit 34 may be used for any purchase of tangible personal property and any 35 retail sale under RCW 82.04.050. The direct pay permit may not be 36 used for:

37 (a) Purchases of meals or beverages;

38 (b) Purchases of motor vehicles, trailers, boats, airplanes, and 39 other property subject to requirements for title transactions by the 40 department of licensing; 1 (c) Purchases for which a reseller permit or other documentation 2 authorized under RCW 82.04.470 may be used;

3 (d) Purchases that meet the definitions of RCW 82.04.050 (2) (e) 4 and (f), (3) (a) ((through (c), (e), (f), and (g))), (b), and (d) 5 through (f), (5), and (15); or

6 (e) Other activities subject to tax under chapter 82.08 or 82.12 7 RCW that the department by rule designates, consistent with the 8 purposes of this section, as activities for which a direct pay permit 9 is not appropriate and may not be used.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. If any provision of this act or its 11 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 12 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 13 persons or circumstances is not affected.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. Section 4 of this act expires July 1, 15 2022.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 14. Section 5 of this act takes effect July 17 1, 2022.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 15. Sections 1 through 4 and 6 through 12 of 19 this act take effect January 1, 2022.

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