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HOUSE BILL 1225

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2017 Regular Session

By Representatives Pike, Fitzgibbon, Manweller, Blake, Wylie, and Peterson

- AN ACT Relating to planning for the availability of mineral
- 2 resources for future generations under the growth management act; and
- 3 amending RCW 36.70A.020, 36.70A.060, and 36.70A.131.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 36.70A.020 and 2002 c 154 s 1 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
 - The following goals are adopted to guide the development and adoption of comprehensive plans and development regulations of those counties and cities that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040. The following goals are not listed in order of priority and shall be used exclusively for the purpose of guiding the development of comprehensive plans and development regulations:
- 13 (1) Urban growth. Encourage development in urban areas where 14 adequate public facilities and services exist or can be provided in 15 an efficient manner.
- 16 (2) Reduce sprawl. Reduce the inappropriate conversion of undeveloped land into sprawling, low-density development.
- 18 (3) Transportation. Encourage efficient multimodal transportation 19 systems that are based on regional priorities and coordinated with 20 county and city comprehensive plans.

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(4) Housing. Encourage the availability of affordable housing to all economic segments of the population of this state, promote a variety of residential densities and housing types, and encourage preservation of existing housing stock.

- (5) Economic development. Encourage economic development throughout the state that is consistent with adopted comprehensive plans, promote economic opportunity for all citizens of this state, especially for unemployed and for disadvantaged persons, promote the retention and expansion of existing businesses and recruitment of new businesses, recognize regional differences impacting economic development opportunities, and encourage growth in areas experiencing insufficient economic growth, all within the capacities of the state's natural resources, public services, and public facilities.
 - (6) Property rights. Private property shall not be taken for public use without just compensation having been made. The property rights of landowners shall be protected from arbitrary and discriminatory actions.
- (7) Permits. Applications for both state and local government permits should be processed in a timely and fair manner to ensure predictability.
- (8) Natural resource industries. Maintain and enhance natural resource-based industries, including productive timber, agricultural, ((and)) fisheries, and mineral resource industries. Encourage the conservation of productive forestlands ((and productive)), agricultural lands, and mineral resource lands, and discourage incompatible uses.
- (9) Open space and recreation. Retain open space, enhance recreational opportunities, conserve fish and wildlife habitat, increase access to natural resource lands and water, and develop parks and recreation facilities.
- 31 (10) Environment. Protect the environment and enhance the state's 32 high quality of life, including air and water quality, and the 33 availability of water.
 - (11) Citizen participation and coordination. Encourage the involvement of citizens in the planning process and ensure coordination between communities and jurisdictions to reconcile conflicts.
- 38 (12) Public facilities and services. Ensure that those public 39 facilities and services necessary to support development shall be 40 adequate to serve the development at the time the development is

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- available for occupancy and use without decreasing current service levels below locally established minimum standards.
- 3 (13) Historic preservation. Identify and encourage the 4 preservation of lands, sites, and structures, that have historical or 5 archaeological significance.
- 6 Sec. 2. RCW 36.70A.060 and 2014 c 147 s 2 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

- (1)(a) Each county that is required or chooses to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, and each city within such county, shall adopt development regulations on or before September 1, 1991, to assure the conservation of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170. Regulations adopted under this subsection may not prohibit uses legally existing on any parcel prior to their adoption and shall remain in effect until the county or city adopts development regulations pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040. Such regulations shall assure that the use of lands adjacent to agricultural, forest, or mineral resource lands shall not interfere with the continued use, in the accustomed manner and in accordance with best management practices, of these designated lands for the production of food, agricultural products, or timber, or for the extraction of minerals.
- (b) Counties and cities shall require that all plats, short plats, development permits, and building permits issued for development activities on, or within five hundred feet of, lands designated as agricultural lands, forestlands, or mineral resource lands, contain a notice that the subject property is within or near designated agricultural lands, forestlands, or mineral resource lands on which a variety of commercial activities may occur that are not compatible with residential development for certain periods of limited duration. The notice for mineral resource lands shall also inform that an application might be made for ((mining-related activities, including mining, extraction, washing, crushing, stockpiling,)) blasting((, transporting, and recycling)) of minerals.
- (c) Each county that adopts a resolution of partial planning under RCW 36.70A.040(2)(b), and each city within such county, shall adopt development regulations within one year after the adoption of the resolution of partial planning to assure the conservation of agricultural, forest, and mineral resource lands designated under RCW 36.70A.170. Regulations adopted under this subsection (1)(c) must

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comply with the requirements governing regulations adopted under (a) of this subsection.

- (d)(i) A county that adopts a resolution of partial planning under RCW 36.70A.040(2)(b) and that is not in compliance with the requirements of this section, planning RCW 36.70A.040(4), 36.70A.070(5), 36.70A.170, and 36.70A.172 at the time the resolution is adopted must, by January 30, 2017, apply for a determination of compliance from the department finding that the county's development regulations, including development regulations adopted to protect critical areas, and comprehensive plans are in compliance with the requirements of this section, RCW 36.70A.040(4), 36.70A.070(5), 36.70A.170, and 36.70A.172. The department must approve or deny the application for a determination of compliance within one hundred twenty days of its receipt or by June 30, 2017, whichever date is earlier.
 - (ii) If the department denies an application under (d)(i) of this subsection, the county and each city within is obligated to comply with all requirements of this chapter and the resolution for partial planning adopted under RCW 36.70A.040(2)(b) is no longer in effect.
 - (iii) A petition for review of a determination of compliance under (d)(i) of this subsection may only be appealed to the growth management hearings board within sixty days of the issuance of the decision by the department.
 - (iv) In the event of a filing of a petition in accordance with (d)(iii) of this subsection, the county and the department must equally share the costs incurred by the department for defending an approval of determination of compliance that is before the growth management hearings board.
 - (v) The department may implement this subsection $((\{(1)\}))$ (1) (1) by adopting rules related to determinations of compliance. The rules may address, but are not limited to: The requirements for applications for a determination of compliance; charging of costs under (d)(iv) of this subsection; procedures for processing applications; criteria for the evaluation of applications; issuance and notice of department decisions; and applicable timelines.
 - (2) Each county and city shall adopt development regulations that protect critical areas that are required to be designated under RCW 36.70A.170. For counties and cities that are required or choose to plan under RCW 36.70A.040, such development regulations shall be adopted on or before September 1, 1991. For the remainder of the

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counties and cities, such development regulations shall be adopted on or before March 1, 1992.

- (3) Such counties and cities shall review these designations and development regulations when adopting their comprehensive plans under RCW 36.70A.040 and implementing development regulations under RCW 36.70A.120 and may alter such designations and development regulations to insure consistency.
- (4) Forestland and agricultural land located within urban growth areas shall not be designated by a county or city as forestland or agricultural land of long-term commercial significance under RCW 36.70A.170 unless the city or county has enacted a program authorizing transfer or purchase of development rights.
- **Sec. 3.** RCW 36.70A.131 and 1998 c 286 s 7 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
 - (1) As part of the review required by RCW 36.70A.130(1), a county or city shall review its mineral resource lands designations adopted pursuant to RCW 36.70A.170 and mineral resource lands development regulations adopted pursuant to RCW 36.70A.040 and 36.70A.060. In its review, the county or city shall take into consideration:
- 20 ((\(\frac{(1)}{1}\)) (a) New information made available since the adoption or 21 last review of its designations or development regulations, including 22 data available from the department of natural resources relating to 23 mineral resource deposits; and
 - $((\frac{(2)}{(2)}))$ New or modified model development regulations for mineral resource lands prepared by the department of natural resources, the department of $(\frac{(community, trade, and economic development)}{(community, trade, and economic development)}$ or the Washington state association of counties.
 - (2) Whether shown by new information as described in subsection (1)(a) and (b) of this section, or shown by prior information submitted to the county or city, a county or city shall designate as mineral resource lands all property that has long-term significance for the extraction of minerals. This requirement to designate mineral resource lands of long-term significance cannot be restricted or deferred by pace of growth, market analysis such as a twenty-year threshold of supply, or any other mechanism. Any lands that have long-term significance for the extraction of minerals must be provided the protection of a mineral resource lands designation. The requirement to designate all such property as mineral resource lands

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- 1 <u>is to ensure that lands are designated and afforded protection from</u>
- 2 <u>incompatible uses so as to maintain viability for future extraction.</u>
- 3 <u>Designation of mineral resource lands under this chapter is separate</u>
- 4 <u>from site-specific permitting</u>. A <u>designation of mineral resource</u>
- 5 <u>lands does not preclude the county and city from requiring owners of</u>
- 6 property to obtain site-specific permits prior to development and
- 7 mining mineral resource lands.

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