SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1120

State of Washington 66th Legislature 2020 Regular Session

By House Education (originally sponsored by Representative Dolan; by request of Superintendent of Public Instruction)

AN ACT Relating to updating the term essential academic learning 1 2 learning standards requirements to state to reflect current 3 terminology; amending RCW 28A.150.220, 28A.210.360, 28A.230.095, 28A.300.130, 28A.300.462, 28A.305.215, 4 28A.230.130, 28A.300.440, 5 28A.320.173, 28A.320.240, 28A.410.046, 28A.655.071, 28A.655.075, 28A.655.130, 28A.655.140, 28A.710.040, 43.06B.020, and 79A.05.351; 6 7 and repealing RCW 28A.655.010.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 Sec. 1. RCW 28A.150.220 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 13 s 506 are each 10 amended to read as follows:

11 (1) In order for students to have the opportunity to develop the 12 basic education knowledge and skills under RCW 28A.150.210, school 13 districts must provide instruction of sufficient quantity and quality 14 and give students the opportunity to complete graduation requirements 15 that are intended to prepare them for postsecondary education, 16 gainful employment, and citizenship. The program established under 17 this section shall be the minimum instructional program of basic 18 education offered by school districts.

19 (2) Each school district shall make available to students the20 following minimum instructional offering each school year:

1 (a) For students enrolled in grades one through twelve, at least a district-wide annual average of one thousand hours, which shall be 2 3 increased beginning in the 2015-16 school year to at least one thousand eighty instructional hours for students enrolled in grades 4 nine through twelve and at least one thousand instructional hours for 5 6 students in grades one through eight, all of which may be calculated by a school district using a district-wide annual average of 7 instructional hours over grades one through twelve; and 8

9 (b) For students enrolled in kindergarten, at least four hundred 10 fifty instructional hours, which shall be increased to at least one 11 thousand instructional hours according to the implementation schedule 12 under RCW 28A.150.315.

13 (3) The instructional program of basic education provided by each 14 school district shall include:

15 (a) Instruction in the ((essential academic)) state learning 16 ((requirements)) standards under RCW 28A.655.070;

17 (b) Instruction that provides students the opportunity to 18 complete twenty-four credits for high school graduation, beginning 19 with the graduating class of 2019 or as otherwise provided in RCW 20 28A.230.090. Course distribution requirements may be established by 21 the state board of education under RCW 28A.230.090;

(c) If the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards include a requirement of languages other than English, the requirement may be met by students receiving instruction in one or more American Indian languages;

(d) Supplemental instruction and services for students who are
 not meeting academic standards through the learning assistance
 program under RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065;

(e) Supplemental instruction and services for eligible and enrolled students and exited students whose primary language is other than English through the transitional bilingual instruction program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080;

(f) The opportunity for an appropriate education at public expense as defined by RCW 28A.155.020 for all eligible students with disabilities as defined in RCW 28A.155.020; and

36 (g) Programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 37 through 28A.185.030.

(4) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to
 require individual students to attend school for any particular
 number of hours per day or to take any particular courses.

1 (5) (a) Each school district's kindergarten through twelfth grade basic educational program shall be accessible to all students who are 2 five years of age, as provided by RCW 28A.225.160, and less than 3 twenty-one years of age and shall consist of a minimum of one hundred 4 eighty school days per school year in such grades as are conducted by 5 6 a school district, and one hundred eighty half-days of instruction, or equivalent, in kindergarten, to be increased to a minimum of one 7 hundred eighty school days per school year according to the 8 implementation schedule under RCW 28A.150.315. 9

10 (b) Schools administering the Washington kindergarten inventory 11 of developing skills may use up to three school days at the beginning 12 of the school year to meet with parents and families as required in 13 the parent involvement component of the inventory.

(c) In the case of students who are graduating from high school, 14 a school district may schedule the last five school days of the one 15 16 hundred eighty day school year for noninstructional purposes 17 including, but not limited to, the observance of graduation and early release from school upon the request of a student. All such students 18 may be claimed as a full-time equivalent student to the extent they 19 could otherwise have been so claimed for the purposes of RCW 20 21 28A.150.250 and 28A.150.260. Any hours scheduled by a school district 22 for noninstructional purposes during the last five school days for 23 such students shall count toward the instructional hours requirement in subsection (2)(a) of this section. 24

(6) Subject to RCW 28A.150.276, nothing in this section precludes a school district from enriching the instructional program of basic education, such as offering additional instruction or providing additional services, programs, or activities that the school district determines to be appropriate for the education of the school district's students.

(7) The state board of education shall adopt rules to implement and ensure compliance with the program requirements imposed by this section, RCW 28A.150.250 and 28A.150.260, and such related supplemental program approval requirements as the state board may establish.

36 Sec. 2. RCW 28A.210.360 and 2004 c 138 s 2 are each amended to 37 read as follows:

38 (1) Consistent with the ((essential academic)) state learning 39 ((requirements)) standards for health and fitness, including

SHB 1120

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nutrition, the Washington state school directors' association, with 1 the assistance of the office of the superintendent of public 2 3 instruction, the department of health, and the Washington alliance for health, physical education, recreation and dance, shall convene 4 an advisory committee to develop a model policy regarding access to 5 6 nutritious foods, opportunities for developmentally appropriate exercise, and accurate information related to these topics. The 7 policy shall address the nutritional content of foods and beverages, 8 including fluoridated bottled water, sold or provided throughout the 9 school day or sold in competition with the federal school breakfast 10 11 and lunch program and the availability and quality of health, 12 nutrition, and physical education and fitness curriculum. The model policy should include the development of a physical education and 13 fitness curriculum for students. For middle school students, physical 14 education and fitness curriculum means a daily period of physical 15 16 activity, a minimum of twenty minutes of which is aerobic activity in 17 the student's target heart rate zone, which includes instruction and practice in basic movement and fine motor skills, progressive 18 physical fitness, athletic conditioning, and nutrition and wellness 19 20 instruction through age-appropriate activities.

(2) The school directors' association shall submit the model policy and recommendations on the related issues, along with a recommendation for local adoption, to the governor and the legislature and shall post the model policy on its web site by January 1, 2005.

26 (3) Each district's board of directors shall establish its own27 policy by August 1, 2005.

28 Sec. 3. RCW 28A.230.095 and 2011 c 185 s 5 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 (1) By the end of the 2008-09 school year, school districts shall have in place in elementary schools, middle schools, and high schools 31 assessments or other strategies chosen by the district to assure that 32 students have an opportunity to learn the ((essential academic)) 33 state learning ((requirements)) standards in social studies, the 34 arts, and health and fitness. Social studies includes history, 35 geography, civics, economics, and social studies skills. Health and 36 fitness includes, but is not limited to, mental health and suicide 37 38 prevention education. Beginning with the 2008-09 school year, school districts shall annually submit an implementation verification report 39

SHB 1120

to the office of the superintendent of public instruction. The office of the superintendent of public instruction may not require school districts to use a classroom-based assessment in social studies, the arts, and health and fitness to meet the requirements of this section and shall clearly communicate to districts their option to use other strategies chosen by the district.

7 (2) Beginning with the 2008-09 school year, school districts shall require students in the seventh or eighth grade, and the 8 eleventh or twelfth grade to each complete at least one classroom-9 based assessment in civics. Beginning with the 2010-11 school year, 10 11 school districts shall require students in the fourth or fifth grade to complete at least one classroom-based assessment in civics. The 12 civics assessment may be selected from a list of classroom-based 13 14 assessments approved by the office of the superintendent of public instruction. Beginning with the 2008-09 school year, school districts 15 16 shall annually submit implementation verification reports to the 17 office of the superintendent of public instruction documenting the use of the classroom-based assessments in civics. 18

(3) Verification reports shall require school districts to reportonly the information necessary to comply with this section.

21 Sec. 4. RCW 28A.230.130 and 2011 c 77 s 2 are each amended to 22 read as follows:

(1) All public high schools of the state shall provide a program, directly or in cooperation with a community college or another school district, for students whose educational plans include application for entrance to a baccalaureate-granting institution after being granted a high school diploma. The program shall help these students to meet at least the minimum entrance requirements under RCW 28B.10.050.

30 (2) All public high schools of the state shall provide a program, 31 directly or in cooperation with a community or technical college, a 32 ((skills [skill])) skill center, an apprenticeship committee, or 33 another school district, for students who plan to pursue career or 34 work opportunities other than entrance to a baccalaureate-granting 35 institution after being granted a high school diploma. These programs 36 may:

37 (a) Help students demonstrate the application of ((essential
 38 academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards to the world of

1 work, occupation-specific skills, knowledge of more than one career
2 in a chosen pathway, and employability and leadership skills; and

3 (b) Help students demonstrate the knowledge and skill needed to 4 prepare for industry certification, and/or have the opportunity to 5 articulate to postsecondary education and training programs.

6 (3) Within existing resources, all public high schools in the 7 state shall:

(a) Work towards the goal of offering a sufficient number of high 8 school courses that give students the opportunity to earn the 9 equivalent of a year's worth of postsecondary credit towards a 10 certificate, apprenticeship program, technical degree, or associate 11 12 or baccalaureate degree. These high school courses are those advanced courses that have accompanying proficiency exams or demonstrated 13 14 competencies that are used to demonstrate postsecondary knowledge and skills; and 15

(b) Inform students and their families, emphasizing communication to underrepresented groups, about the program offerings and the opportunities to take courses that qualify for postsecondary credit through demonstrated competencies or if the student earns the qualifying score on the proficiency exam. This information shall encourage students to use the twelfth grade as the launch year for an advance start on their career and postsecondary education.

23 (4) A middle school that receives approval from the office of the superintendent of public instruction to provide a career and 24 25 technical program in science, technology, engineering, or mathematics 26 directly to students shall receive funding at the same rate as a high school operating a similar program. Additionally, a middle school 27 28 that provides a hands-on experience in science, technology, 29 engineering, or mathematics with an integrated curriculum of academic content and career and technical education, and includes a career and 30 31 technical education exploratory component shall also qualify for the 32 career and technical education funding.

33 Sec. 5. RCW 28A.300.130 and 2016 c 72 s 804 are each amended to 34 read as follows:

35 (1) To facilitate access to information and materials on 36 educational improvement and research, the superintendent of public 37 instruction, subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for 38 this specific purpose, shall establish the center for the improvement 39 of student learning. The center shall work in conjunction with

1 parents, educational service districts, institutions of higher 2 education, and education, parent, community, and business 3 organizations.

4 (2) The center, subject to the availability of amounts 5 appropriated for this specific purpose, and in conjunction with other 6 staff in the office of the superintendent of public instruction, 7 shall:

8 (a) Serve as a clearinghouse for information regarding successful 9 educational improvement and parental involvement programs in schools 10 and districts, and information about efforts within institutions of 11 higher education in the state to support educational improvement 12 initiatives in Washington schools and districts;

(b) Provide best practices research that can be used to help 13 schools develop and implement: Programs and practices to improve 14 instruction; systems to analyze student assessment data, with an 15 16 emphasis on systems that will combine the use of state and local data 17 to monitor the academic progress of each and every student in the 18 school district; comprehensive, school-wide improvement plans; 19 school-based shared decision-making models; programs to promote lifelong learning and community involvement in education; school-to-20 work transition programs; programs to meet the needs of highly 21 capable students; programs and practices to meet the needs of 22 23 students with disabilities; programs and practices to meet the diverse needs of students based on gender, racial, ethnic, economic, 24 25 and special needs status; research, information, and technology systems; and other programs and practices that will assist educators 26 in helping students learn the ((essential academic)) state learning 27 28 ((requirements)) standards;

(c) Develop and maintain an internet web site to increase theavailability of information, research, and other materials;

31 (d) Work with appropriate organizations to inform teachers, 32 district and school administrators, and school directors about the 33 waivers available and the broadened school board powers under RCW 34 28A.320.015;

35 (e) Provide training and consultation services, including 36 conducting regional summer institutes;

37 (f) Identify strategies for improving the success rates of ethnic 38 and racial student groups and students with disabilities, with 39 disproportionate academic achievement;

1 (g) Work with parents, teachers, and school districts in 2 establishing a model absentee notification procedure that will 3 properly notify parents when their student has not attended a class 4 or has missed a school day. The office of the superintendent of 5 public instruction shall consider various types of communication with 6 parents including, but not limited to, email, phone, and postal mail; 7 and

8 (h) Perform other functions consistent with the purpose of the 9 center as prescribed in subsection (1) of this section.

10 (3) The superintendent of public instruction shall select and 11 employ a director for the center.

(4) The superintendent may enter into contracts with individuals 12 or organizations including but not limited to: School districts; 13 educational service districts; educational organizations; teachers; 14 higher education faculty; institutions of higher education; state 15 16 agencies; business or community-based organizations; and other 17 individuals and organizations to accomplish the duties and responsibilities of the center. In carrying out the duties and 18 19 responsibilities of the center, the superintendent, whenever possible, shall use practitioners to assist agency staff as well as 20 assist educators and others in schools and districts. 21

22 (5) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 23 report to the legislature by September 1, 2007, and thereafter biennially, regarding the effectiveness of the center for the 24 25 improvement of student learning, how the services provided by the 26 center for the improvement of student learning have been used and by whom, and recommendations to 27 improve the accessibility and 28 application of knowledge and information that leads to improved 29 student learning and greater family and community involvement in the 30 public education system.

31 Sec. 6. RCW 28A.300.440 and 2012 c 198 s 5 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

(1) The natural science, wildlife, and environmental education grant program is hereby created, subject to the availability of funds. The program is created to promote proven and innovative natural science, wildlife, and environmental education programs that are fully aligned with the state(('s essential academic)) learning ((requirements)) standards, and includes but is not limited to

instruction about renewable resources, responsible use of resources,
 and conservation.

(2) The superintendent of public instruction shall establish and 3 publish funding criteria for environmental, natural science, 4 wildlife, forestry, and agricultural education grants. The office of 5 6 the superintendent of public instruction shall involve a crosssection of stakeholder groups to develop socially, economically, and 7 environmentally balanced funding criteria. These criteria shall be 8 based on compliance with the ((essential academic)) state learning 9 ((requirements)) standards and use methods that encourage critical 10 thinking. The criteria must also include environmental, natural 11 12 science, wildlife, forestry, and agricultural education programs with one or more of the following features: 13

14 (a) Interdisciplinary approaches to environmental, natural15 science, wildlife, forestry, and agricultural issues;

16 (b) Programs that target underserved, disadvantaged, and 17 multicultural populations;

(c) Programs that reach out to schools across the state that would otherwise not have access to specialized environmental, natural science, wildlife, forestry, and agricultural education programs;

(d) Proven programs offered by innovative community partnerships designed to improve student learning and strengthen local communities.

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(3) Eligible uses of grants include, but are not limited to:

(a) Continuing in-service and preservice training for educators with materials specifically developed to enable educators to teach ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards in a compelling and effective manner;

(b) Proven, innovative programs that align the basic subject areas of the common school curriculum in chapter 28A.230 RCW with the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards; the basic subject areas should be integrated by using environmental education, natural science, wildlife, forestry, agricultural, and natural environment curricula to meet the needs of various learning styles; and

36 (c) Support and equipment needed for the implementation of the 37 programs in this section.

38 (4) Grants may only be disbursed to nonprofit organizations 39 exempt from income tax under section 501(c) of the federal internal 40 revenue code that can provide matching funds or in-kind services. 1 (5) Grants may not be used for any partisan or political 2 activities.

3 Sec. 7. RCW 28A.300.462 and 2011 c 262 s 2 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) School districts are encouraged to voluntarily adopt the 6 jumpstart coalition national standards in K-12 personal finance 7 education and provide students with an opportunity to master the 8 standards.

9 (2) Subject to funds appropriated specifically for this purpose, 10 the office of the superintendent of public instruction and the 11 financial education public-private partnership shall provide 12 technical assistance and grants to support demonstration projects for 13 district-wide adoption and implementation of the financial education 14 learning standards under this section.

15 (3) School districts may apply on a competitive basis to 16 participate as a demonstration project. The office and the 17 partnership shall select up to four school districts as demonstration 18 projects, with two districts located in eastern Washington and two 19 districts located in western Washington, if possible.

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(4) Selected districts must:

(a) Adopt the jumpstart coalition national standards in K-12
 personal finance education as the ((essential academic)) state
 learning ((requirements)) standards for financial education and
 provide students with an opportunity to master the standards;

(b) Make a commitment to integrate financial education into instruction at all grade levels and in all schools in the district;

(c) Establish local partnerships within the community to promotefinancial education in the schools; and

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(d) Conduct pre and posttesting of students' financial literacy.

30 (5) The office of the superintendent of public instruction, with 31 the advice of the financial education public-private partnership, 32 shall provide assistance to the demonstration projects regarding 33 curriculum, professional development, and innovative instructional 34 programs to implement the financial education standards.

35 (6) The selected districts must report findings and results of 36 the demonstration project to the office of the superintendent of 37 public instruction and appropriate committees of the legislature 38 annually. 1 Sec. 8. RCW 28A.305.215 and 2009 c 310 s 5 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 (1) The activities in this section revise and strengthen the 4 state learning standards that implement the goals of RCW 5 $28A.150.210((\frac{1}{r} \text{ known as the essential academic learning}$ 6 $\frac{\text{requirements}_{r}}{1000})$ and improve alignment of school district curriculum 7 to the standards.

(2) The state board of education shall be assisted in its work 8 under subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section by: (a) An expert 9 national consultant in each of mathematics and science retained by 10 11 the state board; and (b) ((the)) mathematics and science advisory 12 panels ((created under RCW 28A.305.219)), as appropriate, which shall provide review and formal comment on proposed recommendations to the 13 superintendent of public instruction and the state board of education 14 on new revised standards and curricula. 15

16 (3) By September 30, 2007, the state board of education shall 17 recommend to the superintendent of public instruction revised 18 ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and 19 grade level expectations in mathematics. The recommendations shall be 20 based on:

(a) Considerations of clarity, rigor, content, depth, coherence
 from grade to grade, specificity, accessibility, and measurability;

23 (b) Study of:

(i) Standards used in countries whose students demonstrate high
 performance on the trends in international mathematics and science
 study and the programme for international student assessment;

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(ii) College readiness standards;

(iii) The national council of teachers of mathematics focal points and the national assessment of educational progress content frameworks; and

(iv) Standards used by three to five other states, includingCalifornia, and the nation of Singapore; and

33 (c) Consideration of information presented during public comment 34 periods.

(4) (a) By February 29, 2008, the superintendent of public instruction shall revise the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and the grade level expectations for mathematics and present the revised standards to the state board of education and the education committees of the senate and the house of representatives as required by RCW 28A.655.070(4). 1 (b) The state board of education shall direct an expert national 2 consultant in mathematics to:

3 (i) Analyze the February 2008 version of the revised standards,
4 including a comparison to exemplar standards previously reviewed
5 under this section;

6 (ii) Recommend specific language and content changes needed to 7 finalize the revised standards; and

8 (iii) Present findings and recommendations in a draft report to 9 the state board of education.

10 (c) By May 15, 2008, the state board of education shall review 11 the consultant's draft report, consult the mathematics advisory 12 panel, hold a public hearing to receive comment, and direct any 13 subsequent modifications to the consultant's report. After the 14 modifications are made, the state board of education shall forward 15 the final report and recommendations to the superintendent of public 16 instruction for implementation.

17 (d) By July 1, 2008, the superintendent of public instruction 18 shall revise the mathematics standards to conform precisely to and 19 incorporate each of the recommendations of the state board of 20 education under (c) of this subsection and submit the revisions to 21 the state board of education.

(e) By July 31, 2008, the state board of education shall either approve adoption by the superintendent of public instruction of the final revised standards as the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and grade level expectations for mathematics, or develop a plan for ensuring that the recommendations under (c) of this subsection are implemented so that final revised mathematics standards can be adopted by September 25, 2008.

(5) By June 30, 2008, the state board of education shall recommend to the superintendent of public instruction revised ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and grade level expectations in science. The recommendations shall be based on:

34 (a) Considerations of clarity, rigor, content, depth, coherence
 35 from grade to grade, specificity, accessibility, and measurability;

36 (b) Study of standards used by three to five other states and in 37 countries whose students demonstrate high performance on the trends 38 in international mathematics and science study and the programme for 39 international student assessment; and

(c) Consideration of information presented during public comment
 periods.

(6) By December 1, 2008, the superintendent of public instruction 3 revise the ((essential academic)) state learning 4 shall ((requirements)) standards and the grade level expectations for 5 6 science and present the revised standards to the state board of education and the education committees of the senate and the house of 7 representatives as required by RCW 28A.655.070(4). The superintendent 8 shall adopt the revised ((essential academic)) state learning 9 ((requirements)) standards and grade level expectations unless 10 otherwise directed by the legislature during the 2009 legislative 11 12 session.

(7) (a) Within six months after the standards under subsection (4) of this section are adopted, the superintendent of public instruction shall present to the state board of education recommendations for no more than three basic mathematics curricula each for elementary, middle, and high school grade spans.

(b) Within two months after the presentation of the recommended curricula, the state board of education shall provide official comment and recommendations to the superintendent of public instruction regarding the recommended mathematics curricula. The superintendent of public instruction shall make any changes based on the comment and recommendations from the state board of education and adopt the recommended curricula.

(c) By June 30, 2009, the superintendent of public instruction shall present to the state board of education recommendations for no more than three basic science curricula each for elementary and middle school grade spans and not more than three recommendations for each of the major high school courses within the following science domains: Earth and space science, physical science, and life science.

(d) Within two months after the presentation of the recommended curricula, the state board of education shall provide official comment and recommendations to the superintendent of public instruction regarding the recommended science curricula. The superintendent of public instruction shall make any changes based on the comment and recommendations from the state board of education and adopt the recommended curricula.

(e) In selecting the recommended curricula under this subsection
 (7), the superintendent of public instruction shall provide
 information to ((the)) mathematics and science advisory panels

1 ((created under RCW 28A.305.219)), as appropriate, and seek the 2 advice of the appropriate panel regarding the curricula that shall be 3 included in the recommendations.

4 (f) The recommended curricula under this subsection (7) shall 5 align with the revised ((essential academic)) state learning 6 ((requirements)) standards and grade level expectations. In addition 7 to the recommended basic curricula, appropriate diagnostic and 8 supplemental materials shall be identified as necessary to support 9 each curricula.

10 (g) Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose and 11 availability of the curricula, at least one of the curricula in each 12 grade span and in each of mathematics and science shall be available 13 to schools and parents online at no cost to the school or parent.

14 (8) By December 1, 2007, the state board of education shall 15 revise the high school graduation requirements under RCW 28A.230.090 16 to include a minimum of three credits of mathematics, one of which 17 may be a career and technical course equivalent in mathematics, and 18 prescribe the mathematics content in the three required credits.

19 (9) Nothing in this section requires a school district to use one of the recommended curricula under subsection (7) of this section. 20 However, the statewide accountability plan adopted by the state board 21 of education under RCW 28A.305.130 shall recommend conditions under 22 23 which school districts should be required to use one of the recommended curricula. The plan shall also describe the conditions 24 25 for exception to the curriculum requirement, such as the use of integrated academic and career and technical education curriculum. 26 Required use of the recommended curricula as an intervention strategy 27 28 must be authorized by the legislature ((as required by RCW 29 28A.305.130(4)(e)) before implementation.

30 (10) The superintendent of public instruction shall conduct a 31 comprehensive survey of the mathematics curricula being used by 32 school districts at all grade levels and the textbook and curriculum 33 purchasing cycle of the districts and report the results of the 34 survey to the education committees of the legislature by November 15, 35 2008.

36 Sec. 9. RCW 28A.320.173 and 2018 c 266 s 409 are each amended to 37 read as follows:

38 (1) Public schools may develop curricula that:

1 (a) Links student learning with engagement in seasonal or 2 nonseasonal outdoor-based activities, including activities related to 3 academic requirements in science, health and fitness, and career and 4 technical education;

5 (b) Aligns with the ((essential academic)) state learning 6 ((requirements)) standards under RCW 28A.655.070 that are a component 7 of the state's instructional program of basic education; and

8 (c) Includes locally administered competency based assessments 9 that align with the Washington state learning standards.

10 (2) Public schools that develop curricula under this section may 11 request authorization from the superintendent of public instruction 12 as provided in RCW 28A.300.790 to consider student participation in 13 seasonal or nonseasonal outdoor-based activities as instructional 14 days for the purposes of basic education requirements established in 15 RCW 28A.150.220(5).

16 Sec. 10. RCW 28A.320.240 and 2015 c 27 s 1 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

(1) The purpose of this section is to identify quality criteria for school library information and technology programs that support the student learning goals under RCW 28A.150.210, the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards under RCW 28A.655.070, and high school graduation requirements adopted under RCW 28A.230.090.

(2) Every board of directors shall provide resources and materials for the operation of school library information and technology programs as the board deems necessary for the proper education of the district's students or as otherwise required by law or rule of the superintendent of public instruction.

(3) "Teacher-librarian" means a certificated teacher with a
 library media endorsement under rules adopted by the professional
 educator standards board.

(4) "School library information and technology program" means a school-based program that is staffed by a certificated teacherlibrarian and provides a broad, flexible array of services, resources, and instruction that support student mastery of the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and state standards in all subject areas and the implementation of the district's school improvement plan.

SHB 1120

1 (5) The teacher-librarian, through the school library information 2 and technology program, shall collaborate as an instructional partner 3 to help all students meet the content goals in all subject areas, and 4 assist high school students completing high school and beyond plans 5 required for graduation.

6 (6) The teacher-librarian's duties may include, but are not 7 limited to, collaborating with his or her schools to:

8 (a) Integrate information and technology into curriculum and 9 instruction, including but not limited to instructing other 10 certificated staff about using and integrating information and 11 technology literacy into instruction through workshops, modeling 12 lessons, and individual peer coaching;

(b) Provide information management instruction to students and staff about how to effectively use emerging learning technologies for school and lifelong learning, as well as in the appropriate use of computers and mobile devices in an educational setting;

17 (c) Help teachers and students efficiently and effectively access 18 the highest quality information available while using information 19 ethically;

20 (d) Instruct students in digital citizenship including how to be 21 critical consumers of information and provide guidance about 22 thoughtful and strategic use of online resources; and

(e) Create a culture of reading in the school community by developing a diverse, student-focused collection of materials that ensures all students can find something of quality to read and by facilitating school-wide reading initiatives along with providing individual support and guidance for students.

Sec. 11. RCW 28A.410.046 and 2011 c 209 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

30 (1) For the purposes of this section, an elementary mathematics 31 specialist is a certificated teacher who has demonstrated at least 32 the following knowledge and skills:

(a) Enhanced mathematics content knowledge and skills necessary to provide students in grades kindergarten through eight a deep understanding of the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and performance expectations in mathematics;

(b) Knowledge and skills in a variety of instructional strategiesfor teaching mathematics content; and

(c) Knowledge and skills in instructional strategies targeted for
 students struggling with mathematics.

3 (2) The legislature encourages the professional educator 4 standards board to develop standards for and adopt a specialty 5 endorsement for elementary mathematics specialists as defined under 6 this section.

7 (3) School districts may work with local colleges and 8 universities, educator preparation programs, and educational service 9 districts to develop and offer training and professional development 10 opportunities in the knowledge and skills necessary for a teacher to 11 be considered an elementary mathematics specialist under this 12 section.

(4) School districts are encouraged to use elementary mathematics specialists for direct instruction of students using an itinerant teacher model where the specialist rotates from classroom to classroom within the school.

17 Sec. 12. RCW 28A.655.071 and 2010 c 235 s 601 are each amended 18 to read as follows:

(1) By August 2, 2010, the superintendent of public instruction 19 20 may revise the state ((essential academic)) learning ((requirements)) standards authorized under RCW 28A.655.070 for mathematics, reading, 21 22 writing, and communication by provisionally adopting a common set of standards for students in grades kindergarten through twelve. The 23 24 revised state ((essential academic)) learning ((requirements)) standards may be substantially identical with the standards developed 25 by a multistate consortium in which Washington participated, must be 26 27 consistent with the requirements of RCW 28A.655.070, and may include additional standards if the additional standards do not exceed 28 fifteen percent of the standards for each content area. However, the 29 30 superintendent of public instruction shall not take steps to 31 implement the provisionally adopted standards until the education 32 committees of the house of representatives and the senate have an opportunity to review the standards. 33

34 (2) By January 1, 2011, the superintendent of public instruction
 35 shall submit to the education committees of the house of
 36 representatives and the senate:

(a) A detailed comparison of the provisionally adopted standards
 and the state ((essential academic)) learning ((requirements))
 <u>standards</u> as of June 10, 2010, including the comparative level of

1 rigor and specificity of the standards and the implications of any 2 identified differences; and

3 (b) An estimated timeline and costs to the state and to school 4 districts to implement the provisionally adopted standards, including 5 providing necessary training, realignment of curriculum, adjustment 6 of state assessments, and other actions.

7 (3) The superintendent may implement the revisions to the 8 ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards 9 under this section after the 2011 legislative session unless 10 otherwise directed by the legislature.

11 Sec. 13. RCW 28A.655.075 and 2007 c 396 s 16 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

(1) Within funds specifically appropriated therefor, by December 13 1, 2008, the superintendent of public instruction shall develop 14 15 ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and 16 grade level expectations for educational technology literacy and 17 technology fluency that identify the knowledge and skills that all public school students need to know and be able to do in the areas of 18 technology and technology literacy. The development process shall 19 include a review of current standards that have been developed or are 20 used by other states and national and international technology 21 associations. To the maximum extent possible, the superintendent 22 shall integrate goal four and the knowledge and skill areas in the 23 24 other goals in the technology ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards. 25

(a) As used in this section, "technology literacy" means the
ability to responsibly, creatively, and effectively use appropriate
technology to communicate; access, collect, manage, integrate, and
evaluate information; solve problems and create solutions; build and
share knowledge; and improve and enhance learning in all subject
areas and experiences.

32 (b) Technology fluency builds upon technology literacy and is 33 demonstrated when students: Apply technology to real-world 34 experiences; adapt to changing technologies; modify current and 35 create new technologies; and personalize technology to meet personal 36 needs, interests, and learning styles.

(2) (a) Within funds specifically appropriated therefor, the
 superintendent shall obtain or develop education technology
 assessments that may be administered in the elementary, middle, and

high school grades to assess the ((essential academic)) state 1 learning ((requirements)) standards for technology. The assessments 2 shall be designed to be classroom or project-based so that they can 3 be embedded in classroom instruction and be administered and scored 4 by school staff throughout the regular school year using consistent 5 6 scoring criteria and procedures. By the 2010-11 school year, these assessments shall be made available to school districts for the 7 districts' voluntary use. If a school district uses the assessments 8 created under this section, then the school district shall notify the 9 superintendent of public instruction of the use. The superintendent 10 shall report annually to the legislature on the number of school 11 12 districts that use the assessments each school year.

(b) Beginning December 1, 2010, and annually thereafter, the superintendent of public instruction shall provide a report to the relevant legislative committees regarding the use of the assessments.

16 Sec. 14. RCW 28A.655.130 and 1999 c 388 s 402 are each amended 17 to read as follows:

18 (1) To the extent funds are appropriated, the office of the superintendent of public instruction annually shall allocate 19 20 accountability implementation funds to school districts. The purposes 21 of the funds are to: Develop and update student learning improvement 22 plans; implement curriculum materials and instructional strategies; provide staff professional development to implement the selected 23 24 curricula and instruction; develop and implement assessment strategies and training in assessment scoring; and fund other 25 activities intended to improve student learning for all students, 26 27 including students with diverse needs. Activities funded by the allocations must be consistent with the school or district 28 29 improvement plan, designed to improve the ability of teachers and 30 other instructional certificated and classified staff to assist 31 students in meeting the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards, and designed to achieve state and local 32 accountability goals. Activities funded by the allocations shall be 33 designed to protect the teachers' instructional time with students 34 and minimize the use of substitute teachers. 35

36 (2) Schools receiving funds shall develop, update as needed, and 37 keep on file a school student learning improvement plan to achieve 38 the student learning goals and ((essential academic)) state learning 39 ((requirements)) standards and to implement the assessment system as

p. 19

SHB 1120

1 it is developed. The plan shall delineate how the accountability 2 implementation funds will be used to accomplish the requirements of 3 this section. The plan shall be made available to the public and to 4 others upon request.

5 (3) The amount of allocations shall be determined in the omnibus 6 appropriations act.

7 (4) The state schools for the deaf and blind are eligible to 8 receive allocations under this section.

9 (5) The superintendent of public instruction may adopt timelines 10 and rules as necessary under chapter 34.05 RCW to administer the 11 program, and require that schools and districts submit reports 12 regarding the use of the funds.

13 Sec. 15. RCW 28A.655.140 and 1999 c 388 s 403 are each amended 14 to read as follows:

15 (1) In order to increase the availability and quality of 16 technical assistance statewide, the superintendent of public 17 instruction, subject to available funding, may employ school 18 improvement coordinators and school improvement specialists to provide assistance to schools and districts. The 19 improvement 20 specialists shall serve on a rotating basis and shall not be 21 permanent employees.

(2) The types of assistance provided by the improvementcoordinators and specialists may include, but need not be limited to:

(a) Assistance to schools to use student performance data anddevelop improvement plans based on those data;

(b) Consultation with schools and districts concerning their performance on the ((Washington)) statewide student assessment ((of student learning)) and other assessments;

(c) Consultation concerning curricula that aligns with the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards and the ((Washington)) statewide student assessment ((of student learning)) and that meets the needs of diverse learners;

33 (d) Assistance in the identification and implementation of 34 research-based instructional practices;

35 (e) Staff training that emphasizes effective instructional 36 strategies and classroom-based assessment;

37 (f) Assistance in developing and implementing family and 38 community involvement programs; and

1 (g) Other assistance to schools and school districts intended to 2 improve student learning.

3 Sec. 16. RCW 28A.710.040 and 2018 c 75 s 9 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 (1) A charter school must operate according to the terms of its 6 charter contract and the provisions of this chapter.

7

(2) A charter school must:

8 (a) Comply with local, state, and federal health, safety, 9 parents' rights, civil rights, and nondiscrimination laws applicable 10 to school districts and to the same extent as school districts, 11 including but not limited to chapter 28A.642 RCW (discrimination 12 prohibition) and chapter 28A.640 RCW (sexual equality);

(b) Provide a program of basic education, that meets the goals in RCW 28A.150.210, including instruction in the ((essential academic)) <u>state</u> learning ((requirements)) <u>standards</u>, and participate in the statewide student assessment system as developed under RCW 28A.655.070;

18 (c) Comply with the screening and intervention requirements under 19 RCW 28A.320.260;

(d) Employ certificated instructional staff as required in RCW 21 28A.410.025. Charter schools, however, may hire noncertificated 22 instructional staff of unusual competence and in exceptional cases as 23 specified in RCW 28A.150.203(7);

24 (e) Comply with the employee record check requirements in RCW 25 28A.400.303;

26 (f) Adhere to generally accepted accounting principles and be 27 subject to financial examinations and audits as determined by the 28 state auditor, including annual audits for legal and fiscal 29 compliance;

30 (g) Comply with the annual performance report under RCW 31 28A.655.110;

32 (h) Be subject to the performance improvement goals adopted by33 the state board of education under RCW 28A.305.130;

34 (i) Comply with the open public meetings act in chapter 42.30 RCW35 and public records requirements in chapter 42.56 RCW; and

36 (j) Be subject to and comply with legislation enacted after 37 December 6, 2012, that governs the operation and management of 38 charter schools.

1 (3) Charter public schools must comply with all state statutes and rules made applicable to the charter school in the school's 2 3 charter contract, and are subject to the specific state statutes and rules identified in subsection (2) of this section. For the purpose 4 of allowing flexibility to innovate in areas such as scheduling, 5 6 personnel, funding, and educational programs to improve student outcomes and academic achievement, charter schools are not subject 7 to, and are exempt from, all other state statutes and rules 8 applicable to school districts and school district boards of 9 directors. Except as provided otherwise by this chapter or a charter 10 contract, charter schools are exempt from all school district 11 12 policies.

13 (4) A charter school may not engage in any sectarian practices in 14 its educational program, admissions or employment policies, or 15 operations.

16 (5) Charter schools are subject to the supervision of the 17 superintendent of public instruction and the state board of 18 education, including accountability measures, to the same extent as 19 other public schools, except as otherwise provided in this chapter.

20 Sec. 17. RCW 43.06B.020 and 2013 c 23 s 83 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

22 The education ombuds shall have the following powers and duties:

(1) To develop parental involvement materials, including instructional guides developed to inform parents of the ((essential academic)) state learning ((requirements)) standards required by the superintendent of public instruction. The instructional guides also shall contain actions parents may take to assist their children in meeting the requirements, and should focus on reaching parents who have not previously been involved with their children's education;

30 (2) To provide information to students, parents, and interested 31 members of the public regarding this state's public elementary and 32 secondary education system;

(3) To identify obstacles to greater parent and community involvement in school shared decision-making processes and recommend strategies for helping parents and community members to participate effectively in school shared decision-making processes, including understanding and respecting the roles of school building administrators and staff;

1 (4) To identify and recommend strategies for improving the 2 success rates of ethnic and racial student groups and students with 3 disabilities, with disproportionate academic achievement;

4 (5) To refer complainants and others to appropriate resources, 5 agencies, or departments;

6 (6) To facilitate the resolution of complaints made by parents 7 and students with regard to the state's public elementary and 8 secondary education system;

9 (7) To perform such other functions consistent with the purpose 10 of the education ombuds; and

11 (8) To consult with representatives of the following 12 organizations and groups regarding the work of the office of the 13 education ombuds, including but not limited to:

14 (a) The state parent teacher association;

15 (b) Certificated and classified school employees;

16 (c) School and school district administrators;

17 (d) Parents of special education students;

18 (e) Parents of English language learners;

19 (f) The Washington state commission on Hispanic affairs;

20 (g) The Washington state commission on African American affairs;

(h) The Washington state commission on Asian Pacific American affairs; and

23 (i) The governor's office of Indian affairs.

24 Sec. 18. RCW 79A.05.351 and 2015 c 245 s 1 are each amended to 25 read as follows:

(1) The outdoor education and recreation grant program is hereby 26 27 created, subject to the availability of funds in the outdoor education and recreation account. The commission shall establish and 28 implement the program by rule to provide opportunities for public 29 30 agencies, private nonprofit organizations, formal school programs, 31 nonformal after-school programs, and community-based programs to receive grants from the account. Programs that provide outdoor 32 education opportunities to schools shall be fully aligned with the 33 state(('s essential academic)) learning ((requirements)) standards. 34

35 (2) The program shall be phased in beginning with the schools and 36 students with the greatest needs in suburban, rural, and urban areas 37 of the state. The program shall focus on students who qualify for 38 free and reduced-price lunch, who are most likely to fail 1 academically, or who have the greatest potential to drop out of 2 school.

3 (3) The director shall set priorities and develop criteria for 4 the awarding of grants to outdoor environmental, ecological, 5 agricultural, or other natural resource-based education and 6 recreation programs considering at least the following:

7 (a) Programs that contribute to the reduction of academic failure 8 and dropout rates;

9 (b) Programs that make use of research-based, effective 10 environmental, ecological, agricultural, or other natural resource-11 based education curriculum;

12 (c) Programs that contribute to healthy life styles through 13 outdoor recreation and sound nutrition;

14 (d) Various Washington state parks as venues and use of the 15 commission's personnel as a resource;

16 (e) Programs that maximize the number of participants that can be 17 served;

18

(f) Programs that will commit matching and in-kind resources;

19 (g) Programs that create partnerships with public and private 20 entities;

(h) Programs that provide students with opportunities to directly
 experience and understand nature and the natural world;

(i) Programs that include ongoing program evaluation, assessment,and reporting of their effectiveness; and

(j) Programs that utilize veterans for at least fifty percent of program implementation or administration.

(4) The director shall create an advisory committee to assist and 27 28 advise the commission in the development and administration of the 29 outdoor education and recreation program. The director should solicit representation on the committee from the office of the superintendent 30 31 of public instruction, the department of fish and wildlife, the 32 business community, outdoor organizations with an interest in education, and any others the commission deems sufficient to ensure a 33 cross section of stakeholders. When the director creates such an 34 advisory committee, its members shall be reimbursed from the outdoor 35 36 education and recreation program account for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. 37

38 (5) The outdoor education and recreation program account is 39 created in the custody of the state treasurer. Funds deposited in the 40 outdoor education and recreation program account shall be transferred

only to the commission to be used solely for the commission's outdoor 1 education and recreation program purposes identified in this section 2 including the administration of the program. The director may accept 3 gifts, grants, donations, or moneys from any source for deposit in 4 the outdoor education and recreation program account. Any public 5 6 agency in this state may develop and implement outdoor education and recreation programs. The director may make grants to public agencies 7 and contract with any public or private agency or person to develop 8 and implement outdoor education and recreation programs. The outdoor 9 education and recreation program account is subject to allotment 10 procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not 11 12 required for expenditures.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. RCW 28A.655.010 (Washington commission on 14 student learning—Definitions) and 1993 c 336 s 201 are each repealed.

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