SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1069

State of Washington 68th Legislature 2023 Regular Session

By House Postsecondary Education & Workforce (originally sponsored by Representatives Leavitt, Harris, Riccelli, Simmons, Barkis, Slatter, Ryu, Bateman, Rude, Schmidt, Rule, Goodman, Ybarra, Callan, Doglio, Orwall, Macri, Caldier, Senn, Tharinger, Bronoske, Gregerson, Paul, Wylie, Stonier, Kloba, Ormsby, and Farivar)

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the mental health counselor compact; amending
- 2 RCW 18.225.090; and adding a new chapter to Title 18 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The purpose of this compact is to
- 5 facilitate interstate practice of licensed professional counselors
 - with the goal of improving public access to professional counseling
- 7 services. The practice of professional counseling occurs in the state
- 8 where the client is located at the time of the counseling services.
- 9 The compact preserves the regulatory authority of states to protect 10 public health and safety through the current system of state
- 11 licensure.

6

12

19

- This compact is designed to achieve the following objectives:
- 13 (1) Increase public access to professional counseling services by 14 providing for the mutual recognition of other member state licenses;
- 15 (2) Enhance the states' ability to protect the public's health 16 and safety;
- 17 (3) Encourage the cooperation of member states in regulating 18 multistate practice for licensed professional counselors;
 - (4) Support spouses of relocating active duty military personnel;
- 20 (5) Enhance the exchange of licensure, investigative, and 21 disciplinary information among member states;

p. 1 SHB 1069

1 (6) Allow for the use of telehealth technology to facilitate 2 increased access to professional counseling services;

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

16

1718

1920

2122

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

39

- (7) Support the uniformity of professional counseling licensure requirements throughout the states to promote public safety and public health benefits;
- (8) Invest all member states with the authority to hold a licensed professional counselor accountable for meeting all state practice laws in the state in which the client is located at the time care is rendered through the mutual recognition of member state licenses;
- 11 (9) Eliminate the necessity for licenses in multiple states; and
- 12 (10) Provide opportunities for interstate practice by licensed 13 professional counselors who meet uniform licensure requirements.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. As used in this compact, and except as otherwise provided, the following definitions shall apply:
 - (1) "Active duty military" means full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. chapters 1209 and 1211.
 - (2) "Adverse action" means any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a state's laws which is imposed by a licensing board or other authority against a licensed professional counselor, including actions against an individual's license or privilege to practice such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee, limitation on the licensee's practice, or any other encumbrance on licensure affecting a licensed professional counselor's authorization to practice, including issuance of a cease and desist action.
 - (3) "Alternative program" means a nondisciplinary monitoring or practice remediation process approved by a professional counseling licensing board to address impaired practitioners.
 - (4) "Continuing competence/education" means a requirement, as a condition of license renewal, to provide evidence of participation in, and/or completion of, educational and professional activities relevant to practice or area of work.
- 36 (5) "Counseling compact commission" or "commission" means the 37 national administrative body whose membership consists of all states 38 that have enacted the compact.
 - (6) "Current significant investigative information" means:

p. 2 SHB 1069

(a) Investigative information that a licensing board, after a preliminary inquiry that includes notification and an opportunity for the licensed professional counselor to respond, if required by state law, has reason to believe is not groundless and, if proved true, would indicate more than a minor infraction; or

- (b) Investigative information that indicates that the licensed professional counselor represents an immediate threat to public health and safety regardless of whether the licensed professional counselor has been notified and had an opportunity to respond.
- (7) "Data system" means a repository of information about licensees, including, but not limited to, continuing education, examination, licensure, investigative, privilege to practice, and adverse action information.
- (8) "Encumbered license" means a license in which an adverse action restricts the practice of licensed professional counseling by the licensee and said adverse action has been reported to the national practitioners data bank.
- (9) "Encumbrance" means a revocation or suspension of, or any limitation on, the full and unrestricted practice of licensed professional counseling by a licensing board.
- (10) "Executive committee" means a group of directors elected or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers granted to them by, the commission.
- 24 (11) "Home state" means the member state that is the licensee's primary state of residence.
 - (12) "Impaired practitioner" means an individual who has a condition(s) that may impair their ability to practice as a licensed professional counselor without some type of intervention and may include, but are not limited to, alcohol and drug dependence, mental health impairment, and neurological or physical impairments.
 - (13) "Investigative information" means information, records, and documents received or generated by a professional counseling licensing board pursuant to an investigation.
 - (14) "Jurisprudence requirement," if required by a member state, means the assessment of an individual's knowledge of the laws and rules governing the practice of professional counseling in a state.
 - (15) "Licensed professional counselor" means a counselor licensed by a member state, regardless of the title used by that state, to independently assess, diagnose, and treat behavioral health conditions.

p. 3 SHB 1069

- 1 (16) "Licensee" means an individual who currently holds an 2 authorization from the state to practice as a licensed professional 3 counselor.
- 4 (17) "Licensing board" means the agency of a state, or 5 equivalent, that is responsible for the licensing and regulation of 6 licensed professional counselors.
 - (18) "Member state" means a state that has enacted the compact.
- 8 (19) "Privilege to practice" means a legal authorization, which 9 is equivalent to a license, permitting the practice of professional 10 counseling in a remote state.

1920

21

22

26

27

28

34

- 11 (20) "Professional counseling" means the assessment, diagnosis, 12 and treatment of behavioral health conditions by a licensed 13 professional counselor.
- 14 (21) "Remote state" means a member state other than the home 15 state, where a licensee is exercising or seeking to exercise the 16 privilege to practice.
- 17 (22) "Rule" means a regulation promulgated by the commission that 18 has the force of law.
 - (23) "Single state license" means a licensed professional counselor license issued by a member state that authorizes practice only within the issuing state and does not include a privilege to practice in any other member state.
- 23 (24) "State" means any state, commonwealth, district, or 24 territory of the United States of America that regulates the practice 25 of professional counseling.
 - (25) "Telehealth" means the application of telecommunication technology to deliver professional counseling services remotely to assess, diagnose, and treat behavioral health conditions.
- 29 (26) "Unencumbered license" means a license that authorizes a 30 licensed professional counselor to engage in the full and 31 unrestricted practice of professional counseling.
- 32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** (1) To participate in the compact, a state 33 must currently:
 - (a) License and regulate licensed professional counselors;
- 35 (b) Require licensees to pass a nationally recognized exam 36 approved by the commission;
- 37 (c) Require licensees to have a 60 semester-hour (or 90 quarter-38 hour) master's degree in counseling or 60 semester-hours (or 90

p. 4 SHB 1069

- 1 quarter-hours) of graduate course work including the following topic 2 areas:
- 3 (i) Professional counseling orientation and ethical practice;
 - (ii) Social and cultural diversity;
 - (iii) Human growth and development;
 - (iv) Career development;

5

16

17

18 19

2021

22

23

2425

2627

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

- 7 (v) Counseling and helping relationships;
- 8 (vi) Group counseling and group work;
- 9 (vii) Diagnosis and treatment; assessment and testing;
- 10 (viii) Research and program evaluation; and
- 11 (ix) Other areas as determined by the commission;
- 12 (d) Require licensees to complete a supervised postgraduate 13 professional experience as defined by the commission;
- 14 (e) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and investigating 15 complaints about licensees.
 - (2) A member state shall:
 - (a) Participate fully in the commission's data system, including using the commission's unique identifier as defined in rules;
 - (b) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms of the compact and rules, of any adverse action or the availability of investigative information regarding a licensee;
 - (c) Implement or utilize procedures for considering the criminal history records of applicants for an initial privilege to practice. These procedures shall include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record information from the federal bureau of investigation and the agency responsible for retaining that state's criminal records;
 - (i) A member state must fully implement a criminal background check requirement, within a time frame established by rule, by receiving the results of the federal bureau of investigation record search and shall use the results in making licensure decisions.
 - (ii) Communication between a member state, the commission, and among member states regarding the verification of eligibility for licensure through the compact shall not include any information received from the federal bureau of investigation relating to a federal criminal records check performed by a member state under Public Law 92-544;
 - (d) Comply with the rules of the commission;

p. 5 SHB 1069

(e) Require an applicant to obtain or retain a license in the home state and meet the home state's qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure, as well as all other applicable state laws;

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

1112

13

14

1516

2021

22

23

24

27

32

33

- (f) Grant the privilege to practice to a licensee holding a valid unencumbered license in another member state in accordance with the terms of the compact and rules; and
- (g) Provide for the attendance of the state's commissioner to the counseling compact commission meetings.
- 9 (3) Member states may charge a fee for granting the privilege to practice.
 - (4) Individuals not residing in a member state shall continue to be able to apply for a member state's single state license as provided under the laws of each member state. However, the single state license granted to these individuals shall not be recognized as granting a privilege to practice professional counseling in any other member state.
- 17 (5) Nothing in this compact shall affect the requirements 18 established by a member state for the issuance of a single state 19 license.
 - (6) A license issued to a licensed professional counselor by a home state to a resident in that state shall be recognized by each member state as authorizing a licensed professional counselor to practice professional counseling, under a privilege to practice, in each member state.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) To exercise the privilege to practice under the terms and provisions of the compact, the licensee shall:
 - (a) Hold a license in the home state;
- 28 (b) Have a valid United States social security number or national practitioner identifier;
- 30 (c) Be eligible for a privilege to practice in any member state in accordance with subsections (4), (7), and (8) of this section;
 - (d) Have not had any encumbrance or restriction against any license or privilege to practice within the previous two years;
- 34 (e) Notify the commission that the licensee is seeking the 35 privilege to practice within a remote state(s);
- 36 (f) Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee, for the 37 privilege to practice;
- 38 (g) Meet any continuing competence/education requirements 39 established by the home state;

p. 6 SHB 1069

(h) Meet any jurisprudence requirements established by the remote state(s) in which the licensee is seeking a privilege to practice; and

- (i) Report to the commission any adverse action, encumbrance, or restriction on license taken by any nonmember state within 30 days from the date the action is taken.
- (2) The privilege to practice is valid until the expiration date of the home state license. The licensee must comply with the requirements of subsection (1) of this section to maintain the privilege to practice in the remote state.
- (3) A licensee providing professional counseling in a remote state under the privilege to practice shall adhere to the laws and regulations of the remote state.
- (4) A licensee providing professional counseling services in a remote state is subject to that state's regulatory authority. A remote state may, in accordance with due process and that state's laws, remove a licensee's privilege to practice in the remote state for a specific period of time, impose fines, and/or take any other necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its citizens. The licensee may be ineligible for a privilege to practice in any member state until the specific time for removal has passed and all fines are paid.
- 23 (5) If a home state license is encumbered, the licensee shall lose the privilege to practice in any remote state until the following occur:
 - (a) The home state license is no longer encumbered; and
 - (b) Have not had any encumbrance or restriction against any license or privilege to practice within the previous two years.
 - (6) Once an encumbered license in the home state is restored to good standing, the licensee must meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section to obtain a privilege to practice in any remote state.
 - (7) If a licensee's privilege to practice in any remote state is removed, the individual may lose the privilege to practice in all other remote states until the following occur:
- 36 (a) The specific period of time for which the privilege to 37 practice was removed has ended;
 - (b) All fines have been paid; and
- 39 (c) Have not had any encumbrance or restriction against any 40 license or privilege to practice within the previous two years.

p. 7 SHB 1069

- 1 (8) Once the requirements of subsection (7) of this section have 2 been met, the licensee must meet the requirements in subsection (1) 3 of this section to obtain a privilege to practice in a remote state.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) A licensed professional counselor may hold a home state license, which allows for a privilege to practice in other member states, in only one member state at a time.

8

9

11

1213

1415

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

27

28

2930

- (2) If a licensed professional counselor changes primary state of residence by moving between two member states:
- (a) The licensed professional counselor shall file an application for obtaining a new home state license based on a privilege to practice, pay all applicable fees, and notify the current and new home state in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the commission.
- (b) Upon receipt of an application for obtaining a new home state license by virtue of a privilege to practice, the new home state shall verify that the licensed professional counselor meets the pertinent criteria outlined in section 4 of this act via the data system, without need for primary source verification except for:
- (i) A federal bureau of investigation fingerprint based criminal background check if not previously performed or updated pursuant to applicable rules adopted by the commission in accordance with Public Law 92-544;
- 23 (ii) Other criminal background check as required by the new home 24 state; and
- 25 (iii) Completion of any requisite jurisprudence requirements of the new home state.
 - (c) The former home state shall convert the former home state license into a privilege to practice once the new home state has activated the new home state license in accordance with applicable rules adopted by the commission.
- 31 (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this compact, if the 32 licensed professional counselor cannot meet the criteria in section 4 33 of this act, the new home state may apply its requirements for 34 issuing a new single state license.
- 35 (e) The licensed professional counselor shall pay all applicable 36 fees to the new home state in order to be issued a new home state 37 license.
- 38 (3) If a licensed professional counselor changes primary state of 39 residence by moving from a member state to a nonmember state, or from

p. 8 SHB 1069

a nonmember state to a member state, the state criteria shall apply for issuance of a single state license in the new state.

3

4

5

29

30

31

3233

34

3536

37

- (4) Nothing in this compact shall interfere with a licensee's ability to hold a single state license in multiple states, however for the purposes of this compact, a licensee shall have only one home state license.
- 7 (5) Nothing in this compact shall affect the requirements 8 established by a member state for the issuance of a single state 9 license.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Active duty military personnel, or their spouse, shall designate a home state where the individual has a current license in good standing. The individual may retain the home state designation during the period the service member is on active duty. Subsequent to designating a home state, the individual shall only change their home state through application for licensure in the new state, or through the process outlined in section 5 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) Member states shall recognize the right of a licensed professional counselor, licensed by a home state in accordance with section 3 of this act and under rules promulgated by the commission, to practice professional counseling in any member state via telehealth under a privilege to practice as provided in the compact and rules promulgated by the commission.
- (2) A licensee providing professional counseling services in a remote state under the privilege to practice shall adhere to the laws and regulations of the remote state.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) In addition to the other powers conferred by state law, a remote state shall have the authority, in accordance with existing state due process law, to:
 - (a) Take adverse action against a licensed professional counselor's privilege to practice within that member state; and
 - (b) Issue subpoenas for both hearings and investigations that require the attendance and testimony of witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas issued by a licensing board in a member state for the attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another member state shall be enforced in the latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according to the practice and procedure of that court applicable to subpoenas

p. 9 SHB 1069

issued in proceedings pending before it. The issuing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service statutes of the state in which the witnesses or evidence are located.

Only the home state shall have the power to take adverse action against a licensed professional counselor's license issued by the home state.

- (2) For purposes of taking adverse action, the home state shall give the same priority and effect to reported conduct received from a member state as it would if the conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, the home state shall apply its own state laws to determine appropriate action.
- (3) The home state shall complete any pending investigations of a licensed professional counselor who changes primary state of residence during the course of the investigations. The home state shall also have the authority to take appropriate action(s) and shall promptly report the conclusions of the investigations to the administrator of the data system. The administrator of the coordinated licensure information system shall promptly notify the new home state of any adverse actions.
- (4) A member state, if otherwise permitted by state law, may recover from the affected licensed professional counselor the costs of investigations and dispositions of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against that licensed professional counselor.
- (5) A member state may take adverse action based on the factual findings of the remote state, provided that the member state follows its own procedures for taking the adverse action.
 - (6) Joint investigations.

- (a) In addition to the authority granted to a member state by its respective professional counseling practice act or other applicable state law, any member state may participate with other member states in joint investigations of licensees.
- (b) Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint or individual investigation initiated under the compact.
- (7) If adverse action is taken by the home state against the license of a licensed professional counselor, the licensed professional counselor's privilege to practice in all other member states shall be deactivated until all encumbrances have been removed from the state license. All home state disciplinary orders that

p. 10 SHB 1069

- impose adverse action against the license of a licensed professional counselor shall include a statement that the licensed professional counselor's privilege to practice is deactivated in all member states during the pendency of the order.
- 5 (8) If a member state takes adverse action, it shall promptly 6 notify the administrator of the data system. The administrator of the 7 data system shall promptly notify the home state of any adverse 8 actions by remote states.
- 9 (9) Nothing in this compact shall override a member state's 10 decision that participation in an alternative program may be used in 11 lieu of adverse action.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) The compact member states hereby create and establish a joint public agency known as the counseling compact commission:
 - (a) The commission is an instrumentality of the compact states.
 - (b) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings.
- (c) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity.
 - (2) Membership, voting, and meetings.

16

17

18

1920

21

24

27

31

- 25 (a) Each member state shall have and be limited to one delegate 26 selected by that member state's licensing board.
 - (b) The delegate shall be either:
- (i) A current member of the licensing board at the time of appointment, who is a licensed professional counselor or public member; or
 - (ii) An administrator of the licensing board.
- 32 (c) Any delegate may be removed or suspended from office as 33 provided by the law of the state from which the delegate is 34 appointed.
- 35 (d) The member state licensing board shall fill any vacancy 36 occurring on the commission within 60 days.
- 37 (e) Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote with regard to 38 the promulgation of rules and creation of bylaws and shall otherwise

p. 11 SHB 1069

- 1 have an opportunity to participate in the business and affairs of the commission.
 - (f) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for delegates' participation in meetings by telephone or other means of communication.
 - (g) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings shall be held as set forth in the bylaws.
- 9 (h) The commission shall by rule establish a term of office for delegates and may by rule establish term limits.
 - (3) The commission shall have the following powers and duties:
 - (a) Establish the fiscal year of the commission;
 - (b) Establish bylaws;

4

5

7

8

1112

13

14

17

18

19

2021

22

25

26

27

2829

30 31

32 33

34

3536

3738

- (c) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws;
- 15 (d) Meet and take such actions as are consistent with the 16 provisions of this compact and the bylaws;
 - (e) Promulgate rules which shall be binding to the extent and in the manner provided for in the compact;
 - (f) Bring and prosecute legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of any state licensing board to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected;
 - (g) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds;
- 23 (h) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of personnel 24 including, but not limited to, employees of a member state;
 - (i) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of the compact, and establish the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters;
 - (j) Accept any and all appropriate donations and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and to receive, utilize, and dispose of the same; provided that at all times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety and/or conflict of interest;
 - (k) Lease, purchase, accept appropriate gifts or donations of, or otherwise to own, hold, improve, or use, any property, real, personal, or mixed; provided that at all times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety;
- 39 (1) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, abandon, or 40 otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, or mixed;

p. 12 SHB 1069

- 1 (m) Establish a budget and make expenditures;
- 2 (n) Borrow money;

1112

1314

15

22

23

2425

26

27

30 31

32

33

40

- 3 (o) Appoint committees, including standing committees composed of 4 members, state regulators, state legislators or their 5 representatives, and consumer representatives, and such other 6 interested persons as may be designated in this compact and the 7 bylaws;
- 8 (p) Provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law 9 enforcement agencies;
 - (q) Establish and elect an executive committee; and
 - (r) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact consistent with the state regulation of professional counseling licensure and practice.
 - (4) The executive committee.
- 16 (a) The executive committee shall have the power to act on behalf 17 of the commission according to the terms of this compact.
- 18 (b) The executive committee shall be composed of up to 11 19 members:
- 20 (i) Seven voting members who are elected by the commission from 21 the current membership of the commission;
 - (ii) Up to four ex-officio, nonvoting members from four recognized national professional counselor organizations. The ex-officio members will be selected by their respective organizations.
 - (c) The commission may remove any member of the executive committee as provided in bylaws.
 - (d) The executive committee shall meet at least annually.
- 28 (e) The executive committee shall have the following duties and 29 responsibilities:
 - (i) Recommend to the entire commission changes to the rules or bylaws, changes to this compact legislation, fees paid by compact member states such as annual dues, and any commission compact fee charged to licensees for the privilege to practice;
- 34 (ii) Ensure compact administration services are appropriately 35 provided, contractual or otherwise;
- 36 (iii) Prepare and recommend the budget;
- 37 (iv) Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission;
- 38 (v) Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide 39 compliance reports to the commission;
 - (vi) Establish additional committees as necessary; and

p. 13 SHB 1069

- (vii) Other duties as provided in rules or bylaws.
- (5) Meetings of the commission.

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

12

13

14

15

16

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

3536

37

- (a) All meetings shall be open to the public, and public notice of meetings shall be given in the same manner as required under the rule-making provisions in section 11 of this act.
- (b) The commission or the executive committee or other committees of the commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting if the commission or executive committee or other committees of the commission must discuss:
- 10 (i) Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations under 11 the compact;
 - (ii) The employment, compensation, discipline, or other matters, practices, or procedures related to specific employees or other matters related to the commission's internal personnel practices and procedures;
 - (iii) Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation;
- 17 (iv) Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real estate;
- 19 (v) Accusing any person of a crime or formally censuring any 20 person;
- 21 (vi) Disclosure of trade secrets or commercial or financial 22 information that is privileged or confidential;
- (vii) Disclosure of information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- 26 (viii) Disclosure of investigative records compiled for law 27 enforcement purposes;
 - (ix) Disclosure of information related to any investigative reports prepared by or on behalf of or for use of the commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to the compact; or
 - (x) Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by federal or member state statute.
 - (c) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed pursuant to this provision, the commission's legal counsel or designee shall certify that the meeting may be closed and shall reference each relevant exempting provision.
- 38 (d) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and clearly 39 describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall provide a full 40 and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefore,

p. 14 SHB 1069

- including a description of the views expressed. All documents considered in connection with an action shall be identified in such minutes. All minutes and documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject to release by a majority vote of the commission or order of a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (6) Financing of the commission.

- (a) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
- (b) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources, donations, and grants of money, equipment, supplies, materials, and services.
- (c) The commission may levy on and collect an annual assessment from each member state or impose fees on other parties to cover the cost of the operations and activities of the commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment amount shall be allocated based upon a formula to be determined by the commission, which shall promulgate a rule binding upon all member states.
- (d) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet the same; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
- (e) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the audit and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the audit shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.
 - (7) Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.
- (a) The members, officers, executive director, employees, and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, either personally or in their official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error or omission that occurred, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or

p. 15 SHB 1069

responsibilities; provided, that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to protect any such person from suit and/or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.

- (b) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that the person against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that person from retaining his or her own counsel; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that person's intentional or willful or wanton misconduct.
- 17 (c) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, or representative of the 18 commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained 19 against that person arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, 20 or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, 21 22 duties, or responsibilities, or that such person had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission 23 employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that the actual or 24 25 alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional 26 or willful or wanton misconduct of that person.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. (1) The commission shall provide for the development, maintenance, operation, and utilization of a coordinated database and reporting system containing licensure, adverse action, and investigative information on all licensed individuals in member states.
- 32 (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the 33 contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data 34 system on all individuals to whom this compact is applicable as 35 required by the rules of the commission, including:
 - (a) Identifying information;
- 37 (b) Licensure data;

1

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

1112

1314

1516

27

28

2930

31

36

38

(c) Adverse actions against a license or privilege to practice;

p. 16 SHB 1069

- 1 (d) Nonconfidential information related to alternative program 2 participation;
- 3 (e) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason(s) 4 for such denial;
 - (f) Current significant investigative information; and

10 11

12

13

14

1516

17

18

19

20

21

22

2324

25

2627

28

2930

31

32

33

3435

38

39

- 6 (g) Other information that may facilitate the administration of 7 this compact, as determined by the rules of the commission.
- 8 (3) Investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any 9 member state will only be available to other member states.
 - (4) The commission shall promptly notify all member states of any adverse action taken against a licensee or an individual applying for a license. Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee in any member state will be available to any other member state.
 - (5) Member states contributing information to the data system may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing state.
 - (6) Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently required to be expunded by the laws of the member state contributing the information shall be removed from the data system.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) The commission shall promulgate reasonable rules in order to effectively and efficiently achieve the purpose of the compact. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event the commission exercises its rule-making authority in a manner that is beyond the scope of the purposes of the compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the commission shall be invalid and have no force or effect.
 - (2) The commission shall exercise its rule-making powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this section and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
 - (3) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt the compact within four years of the date of adoption of the rule, then such rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state.
- 36 (4) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted at a 37 regular or special meeting of the commission.
 - (5) Prior to promulgation and adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least 30 days in advance of the meeting at

p. 17 SHB 1069

which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the commission shall file a notice of proposed rule making:

- 3 (a) On the website of the commission or other publicly accessible 4 platform; and
- 5 (b) On the website of each member state professional counseling 6 licensing board or other publicly accessible platform or the 7 publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed 8 rules.
 - (6) The notice of proposed rule making shall include:
- 10 (a) The proposed time, date, and location of the meeting in which 11 the rule will be considered and voted upon;
- 12 (b) The text of the proposed rule or amendment and the reason for 13 the proposed rule;
- 14 (c) A request for comments on the proposed rule from any 15 interested person; and
 - (d) The manner in which interested persons may submit notice to the commission of their intention to attend the public hearing and any written comments.
- 19 (7) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the commission shall 20 allow persons to submit written data, facts, opinions, and arguments, 21 which shall be made available to the public.
- 22 (8) The commission shall grant an opportunity for a public 23 hearing before it adopts a rule or amendment if a hearing is 24 requested by:
 - (a) At least 25 persons;

1

2

9

1617

18

25

26

2829

30 31

32

33

34

35 36

37

- (b) A state or federal governmental subdivision or agency; or
- 27 (c) An association having at least 25 members.
 - (9) If a hearing is held on the proposed rule or amendment, the commission shall publish the place, time, and date of the scheduled public hearing. If the hearing is held via electronic means, the commission shall publish the mechanism for access to the electronic hearing.
 - (a) All persons wishing to be heard at the hearing shall notify the executive director of the commission or other designated member in writing of their desire to appear and testify at the hearing not less than five business days before the scheduled date of the hearing.
- 38 (b) Hearings shall be conducted in a manner providing each person 39 who wishes to comment a fair and reasonable opportunity to comment 40 orally or in writing.

p. 18 SHB 1069

1 (c) All hearings will be recorded. A copy of the recording will 2 be made available on request.

- (d) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this section.
- (10) Following the scheduled hearing date, or by the close of business on the scheduled hearing date if the hearing was not held, the commission shall consider all written and oral comments received.
- (11) If no written notice of intent to attend the public hearing by interested parties is received, the commission may proceed with promulgation of the proposed rule without a public hearing.
- (12) The commission shall, by majority vote of all members, take final action on the proposed rule and shall determine the effective date of the rule, if any, based on the rule-making record and the full text of the rule.
- (13) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule without prior notice, opportunity for comment, or hearing, provided that the usual rule-making procedures provided in the compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this provision, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted immediately in order to:
 - (a) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, or welfare;
 - (b) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds;
- (c) Meet a deadline for the promulgation of an administrative rule that is established by federal law or rule; or
 - (d) Protect public health and safety.
- (14) The commission or an authorized committee of the commission may direct revisions to a previously adopted rule or amendment for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public notice of any revisions shall be posted on the website of the commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any person for a period of 30 days after posting. The revision may be challenged only on grounds that the revision results in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in writing and delivered to the chair of the commission prior to the end of the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision will take effect without further action. If the revision is

p. 19 SHB 1069

challenged, the revision may not take effect without the approval of the commission.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. (1) Oversight.

- (a) The executive, legislative, and judicial branches of state government in each member state shall enforce this compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to effectuate the compact's purposes and intent. The provisions of this compact and the rules promulgated hereunder shall have standing as statutory law.
- (b) All courts shall take judicial notice of the compact and the rules in any judicial or administrative proceeding in a member state pertaining to the subject matter of this compact which may affect the powers, responsibilities, or actions of the commission.
- (c) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any such proceeding and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide service of process to the commission shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or promulgated rules.
- (2) Default, technical assistance, and termination. If the commission determines that a member state has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or responsibilities under this compact or the promulgated rules, the commission shall:
- (a) Provide written notice to the defaulting state and other member states of the nature of the default, the proposed means of curing the default, and/or any other action to be taken by the commission; and
- (b) Provide remedial training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
- (3) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from the compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred by this compact may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
- (4) Termination of membership in the compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, and each of the member states.

p. 20 SHB 1069

- (5) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.
- (6) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from the compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.
 - (7) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States district court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
 - (8) Dispute resolution.
- 15 (a) Upon request by a member state, the commission shall attempt 16 to resolve disputes related to the compact that arise among member 17 states and between member and nonmember states.
 - (b) The commission shall promulgate a rule providing for both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as appropriate.
 - (9) Enforcement.

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10

1112

13

14

18

19

20

23

2425

26

27

2829

30 31

- 21 (a) The commission, in the reasonable exercise of its discretion, 22 shall enforce the provisions and rules of this compact.
 - (b) By majority vote, the commission may initiate legal action in the United States district court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices against a member state in default to enforce compliance with the provisions of the compact and its promulgated rules and bylaws. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing member shall be awarded all costs of such litigation, including reasonable attorney's fees.
- 32 (c) The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of 33 the commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies 34 available under federal or state law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) The compact shall come into effect on the date on which the compact statute is enacted into law in the 10th member state. The provisions, which become effective at that time, shall be limited to the powers granted to the commission relating to assembly and the promulgation of rules. Thereafter, the commission

p. 21 SHB 1069

shall meet and exercise rule-making powers necessary to the implementation and administration of the compact.

- (2) Any state that joins the compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the rules shall be subject to the rules as they exist on the date on which the compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day the compact becomes law in that state.
- (3) Any member state may withdraw from this compact by enacting a statute repealing the same.
 - (a) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect until six months after enactment of the repealing statute.
 - (b) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's professional counseling licensing board to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal.
 - (4) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any professional counseling licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a nonmember state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.
- 22 (5) This compact may be amended by the member states. No 23 amendment to this compact shall become effective and binding upon any 24 member state until it is enacted into the laws of all member states.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. This compact shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is declared to be contrary to the Constitution of any member state or of the United States or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this compact shall be held contrary to the Constitution of any member state, the compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining member states and in full force and effect as to the member state affected as to all severable matters.

p. 22 SHB 1069

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. (1) A licensee providing professional counseling services in a remote state under the privilege to practice shall adhere to the laws and regulations, including scope of practice, of the remote state.
- (2) Nothing herein prevents enforcement of any other law of a member state that is not inconsistent with the compact.
- (3) Any laws in a member state in conflict with the compact are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- (4) Any lawful actions of the commission, including all rules and bylaws properly promulgated by the commission, are binding upon the member states.
- 12 (5) All permissible agreements between the commission and the 13 member states are binding in accordance with their terms.
 - (6) In the event any provision of the compact exceeds the constitutional limits imposed on the legislature of any member state, the provision shall be ineffective to the extent of the conflict with the constitutional provision in question in that member state.
- 18 **Sec. 16.** RCW 18.225.090 and 2021 c 21 s 1 are each amended to 19 read as follows:
 - (1) The secretary shall issue a license to any applicant who demonstrates to the satisfaction of the secretary that the applicant meets the following education and experience requirements for the applicant's practice area.
 - (a) Licensed social work classifications:
 - (i) Licensed advanced social worker:

2

3

4

5

7

8

9

10 11

14

1516

17

20

21

22

23

24

25

2627

28

2930

- (A) Graduation from a master's or doctorate social work educational program accredited by the council on social work education and approved by the secretary based upon nationally recognized standards;
 - (B) Successful completion of an approved examination;
- 31 (C) Successful completion of a supervised experience requirement.
 32 The supervised experience requirement consists of a minimum of
 33 ((three thousand two hundred)) 3,200 hours with supervision by an
 34 approved supervisor who has been licensed for at least two years. Of
 35 those supervised hours:
- 36 (I) At least ((ninety)) <u>90</u> hours must include direct supervision 37 as specified in this subsection by a licensed independent clinical 38 social worker, a licensed advanced social worker, or an equally

p. 23 SHB 1069

qualified licensed mental health professional. Of those hours of directly supervised experience:

- (1) At least ((fifty)) 50 hours must include supervision by a licensed advanced social worker or licensed independent clinical social worker; the other ((forty)) 40 hours may be supervised by an equally qualified licensed mental health practitioner; and
- (2) At least (($\frac{\text{forty}}{\text{o}}$)) $\frac{40}{\text{o}}$ hours must be in one-to-one supervision and (($\frac{\text{fifty}}{\text{o}}$)) $\frac{50}{\text{o}}$ hours may be in one-to-one supervision or group supervision; and
 - (II) Eight hundred hours must be in direct client contact; and
- (D) Successful completion of continuing education requirements of ((thirty-six)) 36 hours, with six in professional ethics.
 - (ii) Licensed independent clinical social worker:

- (A) Graduation from a master's or doctorate level social work educational program accredited by the council on social work education and approved by the secretary based upon nationally recognized standards;
 - (B) Successful completion of an approved examination;
- (C) Successful completion of a supervised experience requirement. The supervised experience requirement consists of a minimum of ((four thousand)) 4,000 hours of experience, over a period of not less than three years, with supervision by an approved supervisor who has been licensed for at least two years and, as specified in this subsection, may be either a licensed independent clinical social worker who has had at least one year of experience in supervising the clinical social work of others or an equally qualified licensed mental health practitioner. Of those supervised hours:
- 28 (I) At least ((one thousand)) <u>1,000</u> hours must be direct client 29 contact; and
 - (II) Hours of direct supervision must include:
- 31 (1) At least ((one hundred thirty)) <u>130</u> hours by a licensed 32 mental health practitioner;
 - (2) At least ((seventy)) 70 hours of supervision with a licensed independent clinical social worker meeting the qualifications under this subsection (1)(a)(ii)(C); the other ((sixty)) 60 hours may be supervised by an equally qualified licensed mental health practitioner; and
- 38 (3) At least ((sixty)) <u>60</u> hours must be in one-to-one supervision and ((seventy)) <u>70</u> hours may be in one-to-one supervision or group supervision; and

p. 24 SHB 1069

- 1 (D) Successful completion of continuing education requirements of ((thirty-six)) 36 hours, with six in professional ethics.
 - (b) Licensed mental health counselor:
 - (i) (A) Graduation from a master's or doctoral level educational program in counseling that consists of at least 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours, or includes at least 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours of graduate coursework that includes the following topic areas:
 - (I) Mental health counseling orientation and ethical practice;
 - (II) Social and cultural diversity;
- 11 (III) Human growth and development;
- 12 <u>(IV) Career development;</u>

- 13 (V) Counseling and helping relationships;
- 14 (VI) Group counseling and group work;
- 15 <u>(VII) Diagnosis and treatment;</u>
- 16 (VIII) Assessment and testing; and
 - (IX) Research and program evaluation; or
 - (B) Graduation from a master's or doctoral level educational program in ((mental health counseling or)) a related discipline from a college or university approved by the secretary based upon nationally recognized standards. An applicant who satisfies the educational requirements for licensure under this subsection (1)(b)(i)(B) is not qualified to exercise the privilege to practice under the counseling compact established in chapter 18.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 17 of this act) unless the master's or doctoral level educational program in a related discipline consists of at least 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours, or includes at least 60 semester hours or 90 quarter hours of graduate coursework that includes the topic areas specified in subsection (1)(b)(i)(A)(I) through (IX) of this section;
 - (ii) Successful completion of an approved examination;
 - (iii) Successful completion of a supervised experience requirement. The experience requirement consists of a minimum of ((thirty-six)) 36 months full-time counseling or ((three thousand)) 3,000 hours of postgraduate mental health counseling under the supervision of a qualified licensed mental health counselor or equally qualified licensed mental health practitioner, in an approved setting. The ((three thousand)) 3,000 hours of required experience includes a minimum of ((one hundred)) 100 hours spent in immediate supervision with the qualified licensed mental health counselor, and

p. 25 SHB 1069

- includes a minimum of ((one thousand two hundred)) 1,200 hours of direct counseling with individuals, couples, families, or groups; and
- 3 (iv) Successful completion of continuing education requirements of ((thirty-six)) 36 hours, with six in professional ethics.
 - (c) Licensed marriage and family therapist:

- (i) Graduation from a master's degree or doctoral degree educational program in marriage and family therapy or graduation from an educational program in an allied field equivalent to a master's degree or doctoral degree in marriage and family therapy approved by the secretary based upon nationally recognized standards;
 - (ii) Successful passage of an approved examination;
- (iii) Successful completion of a supervised experience requirement. The experience requirement consists of a minimum of two calendar years of full-time marriage and family therapy. Of the total supervision, ((one hundred)) 100 hours must be with a licensed marriage and family therapist with at least five years' clinical experience; the other ((one hundred)) 100 hours may be with an equally qualified licensed mental health practitioner. Total experience requirements include:
- (A) A minimum of (($\frac{\text{three thousand}}{\text{thousand}}$)) $\frac{3,000}{\text{hours of experience}}$, (($\frac{\text{one thousand}}{\text{thousand}}$)) $\frac{1,000}{\text{hours of which must be direct client contact}}$; at least (($\frac{\text{five hundred}}{\text{thousand}}$)) $\frac{500}{\text{hours must be gained in diagnosing and treating couples and families; plus}}$
- (B) At least (($\frac{\text{two-hundred}}{\text{hundred}}$)) $\frac{200}{\text{hours of qualified supervision}}$ with a supervisor. At least (($\frac{\text{one-hundred}}{\text{hundred}}$)) $\frac{100}{\text{hours must be one-on-one supervision}}$, and the remaining hours may be in one-on-one or group supervision.

Applicants who have completed a master's program accredited by the commission on accreditation for marriage and family therapy education of the American association for marriage and family therapy may be credited with ((five hundred)) 500 hours of direct client contact and ((one hundred)) 100 hours of formal meetings with an approved supervisor; and

- (iv) Successful completion of continuing education requirements of ((thirty-six)) 36 hours, with six in professional ethics.
- (2) The department shall establish by rule what constitutes adequate proof of meeting the criteria. Only rules in effect on the date of submission of a completed application of an associate for her or his license shall apply. If the rules change after a completed

p. 26 SHB 1069

- application is submitted but before a license is issued, the new rules shall not be reason to deny the application.
- 3 (3) In addition, applicants shall be subject to the grounds for 4 denial of a license or issuance of a conditional license under 5 chapter 18.130 RCW.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** Sections 1 through 15 of this act 7 constitute a new chapter in Title 18 RCW.

--- END ---

p. 27 SHB 1069