
HOUSE BILL 1003

State of Washington

68th Legislature

2023 Regular Session

By Representative Stokesbary

Prefiled 12/05/22.

1 AN ACT Relating to expanding access to dual credit programs;
2 amending RCW 28A.600.287 and 28B.92.030; reenacting and amending RCW
3 28A.600.310; adding new sections to chapter 28A.600 RCW; adding a new
4 section to chapter 28B.77 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28B.92
5 RCW; creating a new section; and repealing RCW 28A.320.196,
6 28A.600.290, 28B.76.730, 43.131.427, and 43.131.428.

7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

8 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that dual credit
9 enrollment in high school improves college attendance, persistence,
10 and completion, especially for low-income students. Students who
11 enrolled in dual credit courses in high school improve their
12 likelihood of college success. They are more likely to graduate
13 college and more likely to complete their bachelor's degree within
14 four years. However, the legislature also finds that low-income
15 students are less likely to access dual credit opportunities in high
16 school, and they are subsequently less likely to apply to college and
17 to complete their bachelor's degree within four years. The
18 legislature finds that when students who have financial need in
19 college first obtain dual credits while in high school, they improve
20 their likelihood of college success. In addition, students who are

1 eligible for financial aid in college actually reduce costs to the
2 state by pursuing dual credit enrollment while in high school.

3 Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to remove barriers
4 to dual credit participation in high school, especially for low-
5 income students, by subsidizing all dual credit costs and fees for
6 students whose family incomes would make them eligible for state
7 financial aid in college. It is also the intent of the legislature to
8 encourage low-income students to complete dual credit courses in high
9 school by sharing the savings to which these students' efforts
10 contributed, in the form of a \$1,000 payment to eligible students who
11 complete their first year of college.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600
13 RCW to read as follows:

14 (1) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall
15 administer a program to subsidize certain dual credit program costs
16 for eligible students.

17 (2)(a) For eligible students enrolled in running start courses,
18 the program must subsidize:

19 (i) Any student-voted fees, technology fees, course fees,
20 laboratory fees, or other fees required for enrollment, up to 18
21 credits per quarter, that were not waived by the institution of
22 higher education under RCW 28A.600.310; and

23 (ii) Textbooks and other course materials required by the
24 institution of higher education.

25 (b) To subsidize the costs required by (a) of this subsection,
26 the office of the superintendent of public instruction must transmit
27 to each institution of higher education \$1,000 per full-time
28 equivalent eligible student per academic year. At the end of the
29 academic year, each institution of higher education must return any
30 unused funds to the office of the superintendent of public
31 instruction.

32 (c) For the purposes of this subsection (2), "institution of
33 higher education" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.600.300.

34 (3) For eligible students enrolled in college in the high school
35 program courses, the program must subsidize tuition fees permitted
36 under RCW 28A.600.287.

37 (4) For eligible students enrolled in career and technical
38 education dual credit courses, the program must subsidize
39 transcription fees assessed by the institution of higher education.

1 (5) For eligible students taking advanced placement exams,
2 international baccalaureate exams, and Cambridge international exams,
3 the program must subsidize student fees related to exam registration
4 and administration.

5 (6) The office of the superintendent of public instruction must
6 collaborate with institutions of higher education to facilitate
7 identification of eligible students who qualify for: (a) Reduced per
8 college credit tuition fees for college in the high school program
9 courses under RCW 28A.600.287; or (b) fee waivers for running start
10 program courses under RCW 28A.600.310.

11 (7) The office of the superintendent of public instruction,
12 school districts, institutions of higher education, and other
13 recipients of program funds under this section may not use the funds
14 to supplant federal and private funds that cover dual credit course
15 costs or dual credit exam costs for eligible students.

16 (8) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
17 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

18 (a) "Institution of higher education" has the same meaning as in
19 RCW 28B.10.016, and also means a public tribal college located in
20 Washington and accredited by the northwest commission on colleges and
21 universities or another accrediting association recognized by the
22 United States department of education.

23 (b) "Eligible student" means a student:

24 (i) Who is eligible for free or reduced-price school meals based
25 on the income of the student's household;

26 (ii) Who is categorically eligible for free school meals without
27 an application and not subject to income verification; or

28 (iii) Whose parent or legal guardian attests that the student
29 demonstrates financial need equivalent to the financial need required
30 to receive the maximum Washington college grant under RCW 28B.92.205,
31 using the attestation form developed as required under section 3 of
32 this act.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.77
34 RCW to read as follows:

35 The council, in consultation with the office of the
36 superintendent of public instruction, the state board for community
37 and technical colleges, public four-year institutions of higher
38 education, and other interested parties, shall develop and publish an
39 income attestation form to be used to determine student eligibility

1 for: (1) The dual credit subsidy program under section 2 of this act;
2 (2) reduced per college credit tuition fees for college in the high
3 school program courses under RCW 28A.600.287; and (3) fee waivers for
4 running start program courses under RCW 28A.600.310.

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600
6 RCW to read as follows:

7 (1) Each quarter or trimester, public schools that serve students
8 in any of grades nine through 12 must provide, via email and other
9 methods, to students and their parents or legal guardians information
10 on each available dual credit program, information about the dual
11 credit subsidy program under section 2 of this act, including the
12 income attestation form developed as required under section 3 of this
13 act, and information about the dual credit incentive rebate under
14 section 9 of this act. To the extent feasible, the dual credit
15 program information must be translated into the primary language of
16 each parent or legal guardian.

17 (2) A public school may consolidate the notification required
18 under subsection (1) of this section with the notifications required
19 under RCW 28A.320.195, 28A.600.287, and 28A.600.320.

20 (3) As used in this section, "public school" has the same meaning
21 as in RCW 28A.150.010.

22 **Sec. 5.** RCW 28A.600.287 and 2021 c 71 s 1 are each amended to
23 read as follows:

24 (1) College in the high school is a dual credit program located
25 on a high school campus or in a high school environment in which a
26 high school student is able to earn both high school and college
27 credit by completing college level courses with a passing grade. A
28 college in the high school program must meet the accreditation
29 requirements in RCW 28B.10.035 and the requirements in this section.

30 (2) A college in the high school program may include both
31 academic and career and technical education.

32 (3) Ninth, 10th, 11th, and 12th grade students, and students who
33 have not yet received a high school diploma or its equivalent and are
34 eligible to be in the ninth, 10th, 11th, or 12th grades, may
35 participate in a college in the high school program.

36 (4) A college in the high school program must be governed by a
37 local contract between an institution of higher education and a
38 school district, charter school, or state-tribal compact school, in

1 compliance with the rules adopted by the superintendent of public
2 instruction under this section. The local contract must include the
3 qualifications for students to enroll in a program course.

4 (5) (a) An institution of higher education may charge tuition fees
5 per credit to each student enrolled in a program course as
6 established in this subsection (5).

7 (b) (i) The maximum per college credit tuition fee for a program
8 course is (~~(\$65)~~) \$42.50 per college credit adjusted for inflation
9 using the implicit price deflator for that fiscal year, using fiscal
10 year 2021 as the base, as compiled by the bureau of labor statistics,
11 United States department of labor for the state of Washington.

12 (ii) Annually by July 1st, the office of the superintendent of
13 public instruction must calculate the maximum per college credit
14 tuition fee and post the fee on its website.

15 (c) The funds received by an institution of higher education
16 under this subsection (5) are not tuition or operating fees and may
17 be retained by the institution of higher education.

18 (6) Enrollment information on persons registered under this
19 section must be maintained by the institution of higher education
20 separately from other enrollment information and may not be included
21 in official enrollment reports, nor may such persons be considered in
22 any enrollment statistics that would affect higher education
23 budgetary determinations.

24 (7) Each school district, charter school, and state-tribal
25 compact school must award high school credit to a student enrolled in
26 a program course if the student successfully completes the course. If
27 no comparable course is offered by the school district, charter
28 school, or state-tribal compact school, the chief administrator shall
29 determine how many credits to award for the successful completion of
30 the program course. The determination must be made in writing before
31 the student enrolls in the program course. The awarded credit must be
32 applied toward graduation requirements and subject area requirements.
33 Evidence of successful completion of each program course must be
34 included in the student's high school records and transcript.

35 (8) An institution of higher education must award college credit
36 to a student enrolled in a program course if the student successfully
37 completes the course. The awarded college credit must be applied
38 toward general education requirements or degree requirements at the
39 institution of higher education. Evidence of successful completion of

1 each program course must be included in the student's college
2 transcript.

3 (9) (a) A high school that offers a college in the high school
4 program must provide general information about the program to all
5 students in grades eight through 12 and to the parents and guardians
6 of those students.

7 (b) A high school that offers a college in the high school
8 program must include the following information about program courses
9 in the high school catalogue or equivalent:

10 (i) There is no fee for students to enroll in a program course to
11 earn only high school credit. Fees apply for students who choose to
12 enroll in a program course to earn both high school and college
13 credit;

14 (ii) A description and breakdown of the fees charged to students
15 to earn college credit;

16 (iii) A description of fee payment and financial assistance
17 options available to students; and

18 (iv) A notification that paying for college credit automatically
19 starts an official college transcript with the institution of higher
20 education offering the program course regardless of student
21 performance in the program course, and ~~((that college credit earned
22 upon successful completion of a program course may count only as
23 elective credit if transferred to another institution of higher
24 education))~~ most but not all institutions of higher education may
25 recognize and accept this credit.

26 (10) Full-time and part-time faculty at institutions of higher
27 education, including adjunct faculty, are eligible to teach program
28 courses.

29 (11) Students enrolled in a program course may pay college in the
30 high school fees with advanced college tuition payment program
31 tuition units at a rate set by the advanced college tuition payment
32 program governing body under chapter 28B.95 RCW.

33 (12) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules
34 for the administration of this section. The rules must be jointly
35 developed by the superintendent of public instruction, the state
36 board for community and technical colleges, the student achievement
37 council, and the public baccalaureate institutions. The association
38 of Washington school principals must be consulted during the rules
39 development. The rules must outline quality and eligibility standards
40 that are informed by nationally recognized standards or models. In

1 addition, the rules must encourage the maximum use of the program and
2 may not narrow or limit the enrollment options.

3 (13) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
4 section.

5 (a) "Charter school" means a school established under chapter
6 28A.710 RCW.

7 (b) "High school" means a public school, as defined in RCW
8 28A.150.010, that serves students in any of grades nine through 12.

9 (c) "Institution of higher education" has the same meaning as in
10 RCW 28B.10.016, and also means a public tribal college located in
11 Washington and accredited by the northwest commission on colleges and
12 universities or another accrediting association recognized by the
13 United States department of education.

14 (d) "Program course" means a college course offered in a high
15 school under a college in the high school program.

16 (e) "State-tribal compact school" means a school established
17 under chapter 28A.715 RCW.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.600
19 RCW to read as follows:

20 (1) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this
21 specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public
22 instruction, in consultation with the state board for community and
23 technical colleges and institutions of higher education identified in
24 RCW 28A.600.300(2)(c), shall administer the running start summer
25 school program as described in this section.

26 (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction must:

27 (a) In consultation with the state board for community and
28 technical colleges, select up to six community colleges that choose
29 to participate in the summer program. Two community colleges must be
30 located east of the crest of the Cascade mountains and one must be
31 located in a county with a population between 115,000 and 150,000;
32 and

33 (b) In consultation with the institutions of higher education
34 identified in RCW 28A.600.300(2)(c), select one institution that
35 chooses to participate in the summer program.

36 (3) Participating institutions of higher education must establish
37 agreements with the school districts of eligible students about data
38 sharing, credit transfer, funds transfer, and other administrative
39 matters.

1 (4) Under the summer program, an eligible student may enroll in a
2 participating institution of higher education tuition-free. Students
3 who are eligible under subsection (7)(a)(ii) of this section may
4 enroll for a maximum of 10 college credits per summer academic term.
5 Provisions in RCW 28A.600.310 (2) and (3), which describe fees paid
6 by running start students and fee waivers for running start students,
7 apply to eligible students participating in the summer program.

8 (5) The school district of an eligible student must transmit to
9 the participating institutions of higher education an amount per each
10 full-time equivalent college student at statewide uniform rates for
11 vocational and nonvocational students. The superintendent of public
12 instruction shall separately calculate and allocate amounts
13 appropriated for this specific purpose under the omnibus operating
14 appropriations act to school districts for purposes of making such
15 payments and for granting school districts seven percent thereof to
16 offset summer program related costs. The calculations and allocations
17 must be based upon the estimated statewide annual average per full-
18 time equivalent high school student allocations under RCW
19 28A.150.260, excluding small high school enhancements, and rules
20 adopted under RCW 28A.600.390. The funds received by the
21 participating institution of higher education from the school
22 district are not tuition or operating fees and may be retained by the
23 participating institution of higher education. A student enrolled
24 under this section must be counted for the purpose of meeting
25 enrollment targets in accordance with terms and conditions specified
26 in the omnibus operating appropriations act.

27 (6) By November 1, 2024, and in accordance with RCW 43.01.036,
28 the office of the superintendent of public instruction, the state
29 board for community and technical colleges, and the participating
30 institutions of higher education shall jointly report to the
31 appropriate committees of the legislature with findings from and
32 recommendations regarding the summer program, including recommending
33 whether to expand the summer program to include more institutions of
34 higher education as defined in RCW 28A.600.300.

35 (7) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this
36 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

37 (a) "Eligible student" means:

38 (i) A student attending a participating high school who will be
39 eligible to enroll in grade 11 or 12 in the subsequent school year;
40 or

1 (ii) A student who graduated from a participating high school in
2 the current school year and who has 10 or fewer college credits to
3 earn before meeting associate degree requirements.

4 (b) "Participating institution of higher education" means a
5 community college or institution of higher education identified in
6 RCW 28A.600.300(2)(c) that was selected, as described in subsection
7 (2) of this section, to participate in the summer program.

8 (c) "Participating high school" means a high school in a school
9 district that has an agreement, as described under subsection (3) of
10 this section, with a participating institution of higher education.

11 (d) "Summer program" means the running start summer school
12 program established in this section.

13 (e) "Running start program" has the same meaning as in RCW
14 28A.600.300.

15 (8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, and unless
16 the context clearly requires otherwise, the requirements established
17 in RCW 28A.600.300 through 28A.600.400 apply to the running start
18 summer school program.

19 (b) The provisions of RCW 28A.600.310(4) relating to calculation,
20 allocation, and distribution of funds and RCW 28A.600.385 relating to
21 cooperative agreements with community colleges in Oregon and Idaho do
22 not apply to this section.

23 **Sec. 7.** RCW 28A.600.310 and 2019 c 252 s 115 and 2019 c 176 s 2
24 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

25 (1)(a) Eleventh and (~~twelfth~~) 12th grade students or students
26 who have not yet received the credits required for the award of a
27 high school diploma and are eligible to be in the (~~eleventh~~) 11th
28 or (~~twelfth~~) 12th grade(~~s~~) may apply to a participating
29 institution of higher education to enroll in courses or programs
30 offered by the institution of higher education.

31 (b) The course sections and programs offered as running start
32 courses must also be open for registration to matriculated students
33 at the participating institution of higher education and may not be a
34 course consisting solely of high school students offered at a high
35 school campus.

36 (c) A student receiving home-based instruction enrolling in a
37 public high school for the sole purpose of participating in courses
38 or programs offered by institutions of higher education shall not be
39 counted by the school district in any required state or federal

1 accountability reporting if the student's parents or guardians filed
2 a declaration of intent to provide home-based instruction and the
3 student received home-based instruction during the school year before
4 the school year in which the student intends to participate in
5 courses or programs offered by the institution of higher education.
6 Students receiving home-based instruction under chapter 28A.200 RCW
7 and students attending private schools approved under chapter 28A.195
8 RCW shall not be required to meet the student learning goals or to
9 learn the state learning standards. However, students are eligible to
10 enroll in courses or programs in participating universities only if
11 the board of directors of the student's school district has decided
12 to participate in the program. Participating institutions of higher
13 education, in consultation with school districts, may establish
14 admission standards for these students. If the institution of higher
15 education accepts a secondary school pupil for enrollment under this
16 section, the institution of higher education shall send written
17 notice to the pupil and the pupil's school district within (~~ten~~) 10
18 days of acceptance. The notice shall indicate the course and hours of
19 enrollment for that pupil.

20 (2) (a) In lieu of tuition and fees, as defined in RCW 28B.15.020
21 and 28B.15.041:

22 (i) Running start students shall pay to the community or
23 technical college all other mandatory fees as established by each
24 community or technical college and, in addition, the state board for
25 community and technical colleges may authorize a fee of up to (~~ten~~)
26 10 percent of tuition and fees as defined in RCW 28B.15.020 and
27 28B.15.041; and

28 (ii) All other institutions of higher education operating a
29 running start program may charge running start students a fee of up
30 to (~~ten~~) 10 percent of tuition and fees as defined in RCW
31 28B.15.020 and 28B.15.041 in addition to technology fees.

32 (b) The fees charged under this subsection (2) shall be prorated
33 based on credit load.

34 (c) Students may pay fees under this subsection with advanced
35 college tuition payment program tuition units at a rate set by the
36 advanced college tuition payment program governing body under chapter
37 28B.95 RCW.

38 (3) (a) The institutions of higher education must make available
39 fee waivers for (~~low-income running start students. A student shall~~
40 ~~be considered low income and eligible for a fee waiver upon proof~~

1 ~~that the student is currently qualified to receive free or reduced-~~
2 ~~price lunch. Acceptable documentation of low-income status may also~~
3 ~~include, but is not limited to, documentation that a student has been~~
4 ~~deemed eligible for free or reduced-price lunches in the last five~~
5 ~~years, or other criteria established in the institution's policy.~~

6 ~~(b) (i) By the beginning of the 2020-21 school year, school~~
7 ~~districts, upon knowledge of a low-income student's enrollment in~~
8 ~~running start, must provide documentation of the student's low-income~~
9 ~~status, under (a) of this subsection, directly to institutions of~~
10 ~~higher education.~~

11 ~~(ii) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this~~
12 ~~specific purpose, the office of the superintendent of public~~
13 ~~instruction, in consultation with the Washington student achievement~~
14 ~~council, shall develop a centralized process for school districts to~~
15 ~~provide students' low-income status to institutions of higher~~
16 ~~education to meet the requirements of (b) (i) of this subsection.~~

17 ~~(e)) eligible students, as defined in section 2 of this act.~~

18 (b) Institutions of higher education, in collaboration with
19 relevant student associations, shall aim to have students who can
20 benefit from fee waivers take advantage of these waivers.
21 Institutions shall make every effort to communicate to students and
22 their families the benefits of the waivers and provide assistance to
23 students and their families on how to apply. Information about
24 waivers shall, to the greatest extent possible, be incorporated into
25 financial aid counseling, admission information, registration
26 processes, and individual billing statements. Institutions also
27 shall, to the greatest extent possible, use all means of
28 communication, including but not limited to websites, online
29 catalogues, admission and registration forms, mass email messaging,
30 social media, and outside marketing to ensure that information about
31 waivers is visible, compelling, and reaches the maximum number of
32 students and families that can benefit.

33 (4) The pupil's school district shall transmit to the institution
34 of higher education an amount per each full-time equivalent college
35 student at statewide uniform rates for vocational and nonvocational
36 students. The superintendent of public instruction shall separately
37 calculate and allocate moneys appropriated for basic education under
38 RCW 28A.150.260 to school districts for purposes of making such
39 payments and for granting school districts seven percent thereof to
40 offset program related costs. The calculations and allocations shall

1 be based upon the estimated statewide annual average per full-time
2 equivalent high school student allocations under RCW 28A.150.260,
3 excluding small high school enhancements, and applicable rules
4 adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW. The superintendent of public
5 instruction, participating institutions of higher education, and the
6 state board for community and technical colleges shall consult on the
7 calculation and distribution of the funds. The funds received by the
8 institution of higher education from the school district shall not be
9 deemed tuition or operating fees and may be retained by the
10 institution of higher education. A student enrolled under this
11 subsection shall be counted for the purpose of meeting enrollment
12 targets in accordance with terms and conditions specified in the
13 omnibus appropriations act.

14 **Sec. 8.** RCW 28B.92.030 and 2022 c 166 s 1 are each amended to
15 read as follows:

16 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter
17 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

18 (1) "Council" means the student achievement council.

19 (2) "Dual credit incentive rebate" means a one-time, lump sum
20 grant provided in addition to the Washington college grant to provide
21 supplementary financial support to low-income students.

22 (3) "Dual credit program" means a program in which a student
23 qualifies for both postsecondary and high school credit upon either
24 successfully completing a dual credit course or by passing a dual
25 credit exam.

26 (4) "Financial aid" means either loans, grants, or both, to
27 students who demonstrate financial need enrolled or accepted for
28 enrollment as a student at institutions of higher education.

29 ~~((3))~~ (5) "Financial need" means a demonstrated financial
30 inability to bear the total cost of education as directed in rule by
31 the office.

32 ~~((4))~~ (6) "Institution" or "institutions of higher education"
33 means:

34 (a) Any public university, college, community college, or
35 technical college operated by the state of Washington or any
36 political subdivision thereof; ~~((or))~~

37 (b) Any other university, college, school, or institute in the
38 state of Washington offering instruction beyond the high school level
39 that is a member institution of an accrediting association recognized

1 by rule of the council for the purposes of this section and that
2 agrees to and complies with program rules adopted pursuant to RCW
3 28B.92.150. However, any institution, branch, extension or facility
4 operating within the state of Washington that is affiliated with an
5 institution operating in another state must be:

6 (i) A separately accredited member institution of any such
7 accrediting association;

8 (ii) A branch of a member institution of an accrediting
9 association recognized by rule of the council for purposes of this
10 section, that is eligible for federal student financial aid
11 assistance and has operated as a nonprofit college or university
12 delivering on-site classroom instruction for a minimum of (~~twenty~~)
13 20 consecutive years within the state of Washington, and has an
14 annual enrollment of at least (~~seven hundred~~) 700 full-time
15 equivalent students; or

16 (iii) A nonprofit institution recognized by the state of
17 Washington as provided in RCW 28B.77.240; or

18 (~~(iv)~~) (c) An approved apprenticeship program under chapter
19 49.04 RCW.

20 (~~(5)~~) (7) "Maximum Washington college grant":

21 (a) For students attending two or four-year institutions of
22 higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, is tuition and
23 estimated fees for (~~fifteen~~) 15 quarter credit hours or the
24 equivalent, as determined by the office, including operating fees,
25 building fees, and services and activities fees.

26 (b) For students attending private four-year not-for-profit
27 institutions of higher education in Washington, in the 2019-20
28 academic year, is (~~nine thousand seven hundred thirty-nine dollars~~)
29 \$9,739 and may increase each year afterwards by no more than the
30 tuition growth factor.

31 (c) For students attending two-year private not-for-profit
32 institutions of higher education in Washington, in the 2019-20
33 academic year, is (~~three thousand six hundred ninety-four dollars~~)
34 \$3,694 and may increase each year afterwards by no more than the
35 tuition growth factor.

36 (d) For students attending four-year private for-profit
37 institutions of higher education in Washington, in the 2019-20
38 academic year, is (~~eight thousand five hundred seventeen dollars~~)
39 \$8,517 and may increase each year afterwards by no more than the
40 tuition growth factor.

1 (e) For students attending two-year private for-profit
2 institutions of higher education in Washington, in the 2019-20
3 academic year, is (~~two thousand eight hundred twenty-three dollars~~)
4 \$2,823 and may increase each year afterwards by no more than the
5 tuition growth factor.

6 (f) For students attending Western Governors University-
7 Washington, as established in RCW 28B.77.240, in the 2019-20 academic
8 year, is (~~five thousand six hundred nineteen dollars~~) \$5,619 and
9 may increase each year afterwards by no more than the tuition growth
10 factor.

11 (g) For students attending approved apprenticeship programs,
12 beginning in the 2022-23 academic year, is the same amount as the
13 maximum Washington college grant for students attending two-year
14 institutions of higher education as defined in (a) of this subsection
15 to be used for tuition and fees, program supplies and equipment, and
16 other costs that facilitate educational endeavors.

17 (~~(6)~~) (8) "Office" means the office of student financial
18 assistance.

19 (~~(7)~~) (9) "Tuition growth factor" means an increase of no more
20 than the average annual percentage growth rate of the median hourly
21 wage for Washington for the previous (~~fourteen~~) 14 years as the
22 wage is determined by the federal bureau of labor statistics.

23 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.92
24 RCW to read as follows:

25 The dual credit incentive rebate is created. The office shall
26 award a dual credit incentive rebate of \$1,000 to a Washington
27 college grant recipient who:

28 (1) Earned at least 24 quarter credits or the equivalent at the
29 postsecondary level through one or more dual credit programs; and

30 (2) Earned at least an additional 24 quarter credits or the
31 equivalent at the postsecondary level after graduating high school.

32 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** The following acts or parts of acts are
33 each repealed:

34 (1) RCW 28A.320.196 (Academic acceleration incentive program—Dual
35 credit courses—Allocation of funds—Reports) and 2022 c 75 s 4, 2021
36 c 71 s 4, 2015 c 202 s 2, & 2013 c 184 s 3;

1 (2) RCW 28A.600.290 (College in the high school program—Funding)
2 and 2021 c 71 s 2, 2015 c 202 s 3, 2012 c 229 s 801, & 2009 c 450 s
3 3;

4 (3) RCW 28B.76.730 (Washington dual enrollment scholarship pilot
5 program) and 2021 c 71 s 6, 2020 c 259 s 1, & 2019 c 176 s 1;

6 (4) RCW 43.131.427 (Washington dual enrollment scholarship pilot
7 program—Termination) and 2019 c 176 s 3; and

8 (5) RCW 43.131.428 (Washington dual enrollment scholarship pilot
9 program—Repeal) and 2019 c 176 s 4.

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