Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 5235 SB Title: Accessory dwelling units

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

| Agency Name | 2023-25 | | 2025 | -27 | 2027-29 | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|--|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|--|--|
| | GF- State | Total | GF- State | Total | GF- State | Total | | |
| Local Gov. Courts | | | | | | | | |
| Loc School dist-SPI | | | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Other | Non-zero but in | Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion. | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Total | | | | | | | | |

Estimated Operating Expenditures

| Agency Name | | 2023-25 | | | | 2025-27 | | | | 2027-29 | | | |
|--|------|----------|-------------|--------|------|----------|-------------|--------|------|----------|-------------|--------|--|
| | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | FTEs | GF-State | NGF-Outlook | Total | |
| Department of Commerce | .1 | 43,269 | 43,269 | 43,269 | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Environmental and Land Use Hearings Office | .1 | 40,850 | 40,850 | 40,850 | .3 | 70,346 | 70,346 | 70,346 | .3 | 70,346 | 70,346 | 70,346 | |
| Total \$ | 0.2 | 84,119 | 84,119 | 84,119 | 0.3 | 70,346 | 70,346 | 70,346 | 0.3 | 70,346 | 70,346 | 70,346 | |

| Agency Name | | 2023-25 | | 2025-27 | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------|--|-------|---------|----------|-------|------|----------|-------|
| | FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total |
| Local Gov. Courts | | | | | | | | | |
| Loc School dist-SPI | | | | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Other | Non-z | Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion. | | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Total | | | | | | | | | |

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

| Agency Name | 2023-25 | | | | 2025-27 | | | 2027-29 | | |
|------------------------|---------|-------|-------|------|---------|-------|------|---------|-------|--|
| | FTEs | Bonds | Total | FTEs | Bonds | Total | FTEs | Bonds | Total | |
| Department of Commerce | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Environmental and Land | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Use Hearings Office | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | |

| Agency Name | | 2023-25 | | | 2025-27 | | | 2027-29 | | |
|---------------------|-------|--|-------|------|----------|-------|------|----------|-------|--|
| | FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total | FTEs | GF-State | Total | |
| Local Gov. Courts | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loc School dist-SPI | | | | | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Other | Non-z | Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion. | | | | | | | | |
| Local Gov. Total | | | | | | | | | | |

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

| Prepared by: Gwen Stamey, OFM | Phone: | Date Published: |
|-------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | (360) 790-1166 | Final |

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

| Bill Number: 5235 SB | Title: Acces | ssory dwellin | g units | A | gency: 103-Departr | nent of Commerce |
|--|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| Part I: Estimates No Fiscal Impact | | | | | | |
| Estimated Cash Receipts to: | | | | | | |
| - | | | | | | |
| NONE | | | | | | |
| Estimated Operating Expenditure | s from: | | | | | |
| | FY | 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
| FTE Staff Years | | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Account General Fund-State 001-1 | | 21,372 | 21,897 | 43,269 | 0 | 0 |
| | Total \$ | 21,372 | 21,897 | , | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | |
| The cash receipts and expenditure es and alternate ranges (if appropriate) | , are explained in I | Part II. | e most likely fiscal | impact. Factors imp | pacting the precision of | f these estimates, |
| Check applicable boxes and follow | | | | | | |
| If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V. | - | • | | • | - | |
| X If fiscal impact is less than \$5 | 0,000 per fiscal y | year in the cu | ırrent biennium o | r in subsequent bie | ennia, complete this | page only (Part I). |
| Capital budget impact, compl | ete Part IV. | | | | | |
| X Requires new rule making, co | | | | | | |
| Legislative Contact: Maggie D | ouglas | | | Phone: 36078672 | 79 Date: 01 | /15/2023 |
| Agency Preparation: Buck Luc | as | | | Phone: 360-725-3 | 180 Date: 01 | 1/19/2023 |
| Agency Approval: Jason Dav | ridson | | | Phone: 360-725-5 | 080 Date: 01 | 1/19/2023 |
| OFM Review: Gwen Sta | mey | | | Phone: (360) 790- | 1166 Date: 01 | 1/23/2023 |

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 3 amends RCW 36.70A.696, addressing definitions, adding that an attached accessory dwelling unit must have a substantial portion of footprint within the other housing unit, and must share structural elements with the other unit.

Section 4 amends RCW 36.70A.697 adding counties to the requirement that cities and counties must adopt accessory dwelling units requirement for off-street parking after the next comprehensive plan update after July 1, 2021.

Section 5 amends RCW 36.70A.698 preventing cities and counties from prohibiting accessory dwelling units on residentially zoned lots within urban growth areas. The section outlines further restrictions on cities and counties when regulating accessory dwelling units, and outlines when regulations may be applied.

Section 6 adds a new section to RCW 36.70A creating a new provision that allows for fee waivers and other incentives by cities and counties for development and constructions of accessory dwelling units.

Section 7 adds a new section to RCW 36.70A that prohibits restrictive covenants or deed restriction, created after the effective date of this act, and protects cities and counties from civil liability.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Agency assumptions:

The department will update it's guidance for cities and counties through rulemaking.

Sections 1-7:

0.1 FTE Management Analyst 4 (209 hours) in FY24-FY25, each year, for update to technical assistance guidance and rulemaking to implement the changes under Section 4 of the bill.

Salary & Benefits:

FY24: \$11,597

FY25: \$11,992

Goods & Services:

Attorney General costs: \$5,000 in FY24-FY25 for 23.8 hours at \$210 per hour each fiscal year, for legal review of draft guidelines adopted by rule for the new Section 4 guidance through rulemaking.

FY24-FY25: \$5,960 per fiscal year

Intra-agency Reimbursements:

FY24: \$3,815 FY25: \$3,945 Note: Standard goods and services costs include supplies and materials, employee development and training, Attorney General costs, central services charges and agency administration. Intra-agency-agency administration costs (e.g., payroll, HR, IT) are funded under a federally approved cost allocation plan.

Total Costs: FY24: \$21,372 FY25: \$21,897

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

| Account | Account Title | Type | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|---------|---------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 001-1 | General Fund | State | 21,372 | 21,897 | 43,269 | 0 | 0 |
| | | Total \$ | 21,372 | 21,897 | 43,269 | 0 | 0 |

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

| | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| FTE Staff Years | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | | |
| A-Salaries and Wages | 8,621 | 8,880 | 17,501 | | |
| B-Employee Benefits | 2,976 | 3,112 | 6,088 | | |
| C-Professional Service Contracts | | | | | |
| E-Goods and Other Services | 5,960 | 5,960 | 11,920 | | |
| G-Travel | | | | | |
| J-Capital Outlays | | | | | |
| M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers | | | | | |
| N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services | | | | | |
| P-Debt Service | | | | | |
| S-Interagency Reimbursements | | | | | |
| T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements | 3,815 | 3,945 | 7,760 | | |
| 9- | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 21,372 | 21,897 | 43,269 | 0 | 0 |

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

| Job Classification | Salary | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Administrative Services - Indirect | 111,168 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Management Analyst 4 | 86,212 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | | |
| Total FTEs | | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | | 0.0 |

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures
NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

The department will need to update its guidance under chapter 365-196 WAC to implement the new requirements under Sections 1-7 of the bill.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

| Bill Number: 5235 SB | Title: Accessory dwo | elling units | Ag | Agency: 468-Environmental and Use Hearings Office | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|--|--|
| | | | | Use Hearing | s Office | | |
| Part I: Estimates | | | | | | | |
| No Fiscal Impact | | | | | | | |
| Estimated Cash Receipts to: | | | | | | | |
| NONE | | | | | | | |
| Estimated Operating Expenditure | res from: | | | | | | |
| | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 | | |
| FTE Staff Years | 0. | .0 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 | | |
| Account | | | | | | | |
| General Fund-State 001-1 | | 0 40,850 | 40,850 | 70,346 | 70,346 | | |
| | Total \$ | 0 40,850 | 40,850 | 70,346 | 70,346 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| The cash receipts and expenditure and alternate ranges (if appropriate Check applicable boxes and follows) | e), are explained in Part II. | | mpact. Factors impo | acting the precision of | these estimates, | | |
| If fiscal impact is greater that form Parts I-V. | | | or in subsequent b | piennia, complete en | tire fiscal note | | |
| X If fiscal impact is less than S | 550,000 per fiscal year in th | e current biennium or | in subsequent bies | nnia, complete this p | page only (Part I) | | |
| Capital budget impact, comp | olete Part IV. | | | | | | |
| Requires new rule making, o | complete Part V. | | | | | | |
| Legislative Contact: Maggie | Douglas | I | Phone: 360786727 | 9 Date: 01 | /15/2023 | | |
| Agency Preparation: Doming | a Soliz | I | Phone: 360664917 | 3 Date: 01 | /18/2023 | | |
| Agency Approval: Doming | a Soliz | I | Phone: 360664917 | 3 Date: 01 | /18/2023 | | |
| OFM Review: Lisa Box | kowski | I | Phone: (360) 742-2 | 2239 Date: 01 | /22/2023 | | |

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1. Shows the legislative intent to limit the restrictions imposed on the development and use of accessory dwelling units. (ADUs)

Section 2. Amends 36.70A. Adoption of ordinances, development regulations and amendments to such regulations and other nonproject actions that increase housing capacity, increase housing affordability, and mitigate displacement as required under this subsection (2) and that apply outside of critical areas are not subject to administrative or judicial appeal under chapter 43.21C unless such actions create a probable significant adverse impact on fish habitat.

Any additional demand on public facilities and public services from the new development of redevelopment must be assured.

Any commercial development of redevelopment within a mixed-use area must be principally designed to serve the existing and projected rural population and must meet certain requirements that restrict the size of the footprint of such development.

Section 5. Cities or counties may not prohibit the constriction of accessory dwelling units on residentially zoned lots within urban growth areas. Further prohibitions are described with regulating ADU's, including number allowed and requirements for parking.

Section 6. Cities and counties may waive or defer: fees including impact fees, taxes and specific regulations to incentivize the development of construction of ADUs.

Prohibiting cities and counties under the Growth Management Act (GMA) from prohibiting ADUs within urban growth areas (UGAs) will generate appeals to the GMHB. Although Section 2 limits appeals under the state environmental policy act (SEPA), the legislation does not prohibit all appeals.

In addition, the application to homeowners' associations, condominiums and restrictive covenants is likely to generate appeals. Petitioners will want to legally test the bill's new requirements on local land use planning.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

NONE

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

ELUHO estimates 6 GMHB petitions per year resulting from this bill.

ELUHO assumes ELUHO's work on these appeals begins in FY 25, following updates to local jurisdictions' comprehensive plans according to the schedule set forth in the GMA.

ELUHO estimates each appeal resulting from this bill will require approximately 60 hours of Hearing Examiner work to

complete.

60 hours/appeal x 6 appeals = 360 Hearing Examiner hours per FY, ongoing.

Assume new Hearing Examiner FTE: The GMHB will need approximately 0.25 FTE for a Hearing Examiner with demonstrated knowledge in land use planning and law to assist with the new petitions. RCW 43.21B.005(2) authorizes the ELUHO director to appoint such Hearing Examiners to assist the GMHB. The Hearing Examiner FTE will not serve as a member of the Board, but will assist the board in its hearing function, make conclusions of law and findings of fact, and perform other legal duties to assist the Board.

A Hearing Examiner makes \$100,000 per year, plus related benefits estimated at \$32,021 per year, at current benefits rates. The agency needs a 0.25 FTE Hearing Examiner, so the salary would be \$100,000 x 0.25 FTE = \$25,000, per FY, ongoing. Related benefits would total \$8,005, per FY, ongoing.

Goods and services are estimated at \$1,817 per year, ongoing, and include communications, payroll processing, training, and other staff costs. Estimates include some travel at the low cost per diem rates totaling \$349 per year, ongoing. Also included is one time equipment costs for furniture and computers totaling \$5,557 in fiscal year 2025 (FY25).

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

| Account | Account Title | Type | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|---------|---------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 001-1 | General Fund | State | 0 | 40,850 | 40,850 | 70,346 | 70,346 |
| | | Total \$ | 0 | 40,850 | 40,850 | 70,346 | 70,346 |

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

| | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| FTE Staff Years | | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| A-Salaries and Wages | | 25,002 | 25,002 | 50,004 | 50,004 |
| B-Employee Benefits | | 8,005 | 8,005 | 16,010 | 16,010 |
| C-Professional Service Contracts | | | | | |
| E-Goods and Other Services | | 1,937 | 1,937 | 3,634 | 3,634 |
| G-Travel | | 349 | 349 | 698 | 698 |
| J-Capital Outlays | | 5,557 | 5,557 | | |
| M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers | | | | | |
| N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services | | | | | |
| P-Debt Service | | | | | |
| S-Interagency Reimbursements | | | | | |
| T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements | | | | | |
| 9- | | | | | |
| Total \$ | 0 | 40,850 | 40,850 | 70,346 | 70,346 |

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

| Job Classification | Salary | FY 2024 | FY 2025 | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | 2027-29 |
|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Hearing Examiner | 100,000 | | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Total FTEs | | | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.3 |

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

| Bill Number: | 5235 SB | Title: Accessory dwelling units | | | |
|--|---|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Part I: Juri | sdiction-Location | on, type or | status of polit | ical subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts. | |
| X Counties: Special Dist Specific juri | ies needing to amend Same as above ricts: sdictions only: | zoning provi | sions will experi | ence indeterminate expenditure and revenue impacts | |
| Part II: Es | timates | | | | |
| | es represent one-time provides local option | | s to adopt code of | hanges | |
| X Key variabl | es cannot be estimate | d with certain | nty at this time: | Number of jurisdictions required to amend code provisions; number of jurisdictions electing not to amend codes; scope of code changes by jurisdiction; change in ADU development rates | |
| Estimated reve | enue impacts to: | | | | |
| | Non-zero | but indeter | minate cost and | or savings. Please see discussion. | |
| Estimated exp | enditure impacts to: | | | | |
| | Non-zero | but indeter | minate cost and | /or savings. Please see discussion. | |

Part III: Preparation and Approval

| Fiscal Note Analyst: Chelsea Mickel | Phone: | 518-727-3478 | Date: | 01/18/2023 |
|--|--------|----------------|-------|------------|
| Leg. Committee Contact: Maggie Douglas | Phone: | 3607867279 | Date: | 01/15/2023 |
| Agency Approval: Allan Johnson | Phone: | 360-725-5033 | Date: | 01/18/2023 |
| OFM Review: Gwen Stamey | Phone: | (360) 790-1166 | Date: | 01/23/2023 |

Page 1 of 3 Bill Number: 5235 SB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

This bill adds and amends language to the revised code regarding the construction and regulation of accessory dwelling units.

Section 2 adds language to the revised code regarding the adoption of ordinances, development regulations and amendments made by cities planning under the Growth Management Act (GMA). This section states that cities and counties that plan under the GMA must allow accessory dwelling units (ADUs) to be constructed within urban growth areas (UGAs), and prohibits these jurisdictions from imposing certain ADU regulations, by the time of their next comprehensive plan update. Permitting of such development is contingent upon the ability of existing service providers and public facilities to serve additional demand imposed by the new development or redevelopment.

Under section 5, cities and counties may apply the regulations listed below to ADUs;

- -Generally applicable development regulations;
- -Public health, building code, safety, and environmental permitting requirements applicable to a principal unit;
- -Prohibit ADUs that are not connected to or served by public sewers;
- -Prohibit or restrict the construction of ADUs in residential zones with a density of one unit per square acre or less and that are in designated wetlands, protected habitats or hazardous areas.

Section 6 authorizes cities and counties to adopt ordinances, development regulations, or other measures that waive, defer, or reduce fees and taxes or offer other incentives for the construction or development of ADUs that are subject to certain binding commitments or covenants.

Section 7 Prohibits restrictive covenants or deed restrictions created after the effective date of the bill from prohibiting the construction, development or use of ADUs within UGAs.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This legislation will result in indeterminate expenditure impacts for local governments. Cities and counties that need to make amendments to their code provisions for ADUs to conform to the requirements of this legislation will incur costs. This makes it more likely that jurisdictions will need to adopt a complex ordinance. In addition, increases in permit reviews, changes in permit fees programs and added legal costs are also possible. The number of local governments that will need to make these changes, and the scope of those changes, is not known. As result, the expenditure impacts of this legislation are indeterminate.

DISCUSSION:

Depending on the variation between a jurisdictions existing code provisions, and the requirements established through this legislation, the cost to bring local zoning and development regulations into conformation may range from a simple ordinance to a complex ordinance with hearing. For discussion purposes, the Local Government Fiscal Note Program's cost models put the cost of adopting a simple ordinance with a public hearing is \$2,958 while adoption of a complex ordinance with hearing is estimated to be approximately \$9,492. It is anticipated that jurisdictions that experience an increase in the development of ADUs would realize an increase in permit applications and associated expenditures to complete reviews of those applications. Many municipal planning departments recover costs for permit review through permit fee revenue although an indeterminate amount of these expenditures would likely be paid through general funds. The change in the number of new ADUs that would be constructed as a result of this legislation cannot be predicted and is indeterminate. Some jurisdictions may elect not to bring their codes into conformance with the requirements of this legislations prior to the applicable deadline. In these jurisdictions, the provision will automatically apply and take effect. It is unclear if these jurisdictions would incur any legal costs based upon codes that do not conform to the required code

Page 2 of 3 Bill Number: 5235 SB

measures. Such costs cannot be anticipated in advance and are indeterminate.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

This legislation would result in indeterminate impacts to local government revenue related to provisions authorizing local governments to develop mechanisms to waive, defer or reduce fees in order to incentivize the construction of ADUs. However, jurisdictions are not required to adopt these regulations, as it presents a local option. In jurisdictions expanding the capacity for ADU development, the number of permit applications and resulting fees may increase, but revenues may decrease overall depending upon how much the jurisdiction lowers the price of permit fees. If jurisdictions choose to not adopt regulations to lower permit fees, their revenues would have an indeterminate increase in revenue. The impact will vary by jurisdiction, the fee rates of those jurisdictions and the net increase in ADU development. The magnitude of increase in ADU construction resulting from implementation of these provisions is not known. The impact on local government revenue is therefore indeterminate. In addition, because this legislation may result in an increase in ADU development, this analysis incorporates assumptions regarding permit and development fee revenue. The magnitude of increase in ADU construction resulting from implementation of these provisions is not known. The impact on local government revenue is indeterminate.

DISCUSSION:

Jurisdictions may experience an increase or decrease in permit revenues from new ADU construction, depending on if and to what extent fees are reduced in order to incentivize construction. In addition, jurisdictions may experience an indeterminate increase in revenue from connection fees and utility capacity charges associated with new ADU development. Jurisdictions that have enacted impact fees may incur a reduction of impact fee revenue if their current rate exceed 50 percent of that charged for a single family unit unless they see a doubling of ADU development. The number of jurisdictions where these impacts would occur is not known. The magnitude of change in impact fee revenue these locations is also not known.

SOURCES

Association of Washington Cities

Local Government Fiscal Note Program Unit Cost Model (2023)

Local Government Fiscal Note Program, FN ESSB 5648 (2022)

Local Government Fiscal Note Program, FN ESSB 1660 (2022)

Local Government Fiscal Note Program, FN ESSB 5235 (2021)

Local Government Fiscal Note Program, FN ESSB 2570 (2020)

Local Government Fiscal Note Program, FN ESSB 6617 (2020)

Local Government Fiscal Note Program, FN ESSB 1797 (2019)

Municipal Research Services Center

Senate Bill Report, SB 5235, Committee on Local Government, Land Use & Tribal Affairs (2023)

Washington State Association of Counties

Page 3 of 3 Bill Number: 5235 SB