Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 1329 E S HB Title: Utility shutoffs/heat

Estimated Cash Receipts

NONE

Agency Name	2023-25		2025	-27	2027-29	
	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total	GF- State	Total
Local Gov. Courts						
Loc School dist-SPI						
Local Gov. Other	Non-zero but in	determinate cos	t and/or savings. l	Please see discu	ssion.	
Local Gov. Total						

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	ne 2023-25				2025-27				2027-29			
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Department of	.2	49,641	49,641	49,641	.1	33,794	33,794	33,794	.1	33,794	33,794	33,794
Commerce												
Utilities and	.2	0	0	57,438	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Transportation												
Commission												
		10.011	10.011	10-0-0								
Total \$	0.4	49,641	49,641	107,079	0.1	33,794	33,794	33,794	0.1	33,794	33,794	33,794

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	
Department of Commerce	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Utilities and	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	
Transportation										
Commission										
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	

Agency Name	2023-25				2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	FTEs	GF-State	Total	
Local Gov. Courts										
Loc School dist-SPI										
Local Gov. Other	Non-z	ero but indeterm	ninate cost and	d/or savi	ings. Please see	discussion.				
Local Gov. Total										

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

NONE

Prepared by: Gwen Stamey, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 790-1166	Final 3/9/2023

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number:	1329 E S HB	Title:	Utility shutoffs/hea	t		Agency:	103-Depart	tment of Commerc
Da4 I. E43								
Part I: Esti								
No Fisca	l Impact							
Estimated Cash	Receipts to:							
NONE								
Estimated Ope	rating Expenditure	es from:			_			
ETTE G. CCM			FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-2		2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Yea	rs		0.2	0.1		0.2	0.1	0.1
General Fund-	State 001-1		32,744	16,897	49	641	33,794	33,794
		Total \$	32,744	16,897		641	33,794	
	ipts and expenditure es ranges (if appropriate		this page represent the nined in Part II.	most likely fiscal	impact. Factor	s impacting t	the precision o	of these estimates,
Check application	able boxes and follo	w correspo	onding instructions:					
If fiscal in form Part		s \$50,000 j	per fiscal year in the	current bienniun	n or in subsequ	ıent biennia	n, complete e	entire fiscal note
X If fiscal i	mpact is less than \$5	50,000 per	fiscal year in the cur	rrent biennium o	r in subsequer	t biennia, c	omplete this	page only (Part I)
Capital b	udget impact, compl	lete Part I	V.					
Requires	new rule making, co	omplete Pa	art V.					
Legislative C	Contact: Kim Cusl	hing			Phone: (360)	786-7421	Date: 0	3/06/2023
Agency Prep	aration: Dan Ngu	yen			Phone: (206)	454-2207	Date: 0	03/09/2023
Agency Appr	roval: Jason Da	vidson			Phone: 360-7	25-5080	Date: 0	03/09/2023
OFM Review	: Gwen Sta	amey			Phone: (360)	790-1166	Date: 0	03/09/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

The difference between ESHB 1329 and the original bill:

Section 6(8) makes the terms and processes of heat moratoriums for electric companies and water companies the subject of utility tariffs at the Utilities and Transportation Commission.

There are no differences between the ESHB 1329 and the original bill that affect the fiscal impact to the Department of Commerce (department).

Summary of the ESHB 1329:

The bill relates to preventing utility shutoffs for nonpayment during extreme heat.

The bill would prohibit electric or water utilities from involuntarily terminating service for nonpayment to residential users during extreme heat; prohibits landlords from involuntarily terminating electric utility or water service due to lack of payment to residential tenants during extreme heat; and creates a civil cause of action for involuntary termination of water service for nonpayment to residential users during extreme heat.

Section 1(4) is a new section added to chapter 23.86 RCW that any locally regulated utility as defined by RCW 23.86.400 with more than 25,000 customers in Washington must submit an annual report to the department of the total number of disconnects that occurred on each day that exceeded 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, or on any day preceding a holiday or weekend when the forecasted temperature will be 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Utilities with less than 25,000 customers in Washington must provide similar information upon request by the department.

Section 2(4) is a new section added to chapter 24.06 RCW that any locally regulated utility as defined by RCW 24.06.600 with more than 25,000 customers in Washington must submit an annual report to the department of the total number of disconnects that occurred on each day that exceeded 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, or on any day preceding a holiday or weekend when the forecasted temperature will be 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Utilities with less than 25,000 customers in Washington must provide similar information upon request by the department.

Section 3(4) is a new section added to chapter 35.21 RCW that utility companies with more than 25,000 electric customers or 2,500 water customers in Washington must submit an annual report to the department of the total number of disconnects that occurred on each day that exceeded 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, or on any day preceding a holiday or weekend when the forecasted temperature will be 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Utilities with less than 25,000 electric customers or 2,500 water customers in Washington must provide similar information upon request by the department.

Section 4 amending RCW 54.16.285 that a district providing utility service for residential heat cannot terminate the service between November 15 through March 15 if the customer provides self-certification of household income for the prior 12 month to a grantee of the department which administers federally funded energy assistance programs, has applied for heating assistance, has applied for low-income weatherization assistance, agrees to a payment plan and agrees to pay the moneys owed. Each district with more than 25,000 electric customers or 2,500 water customers in Washington must submit an annual report to the department of the total number of disconnects that occurred on each day that exceeded 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, or on any day preceding a holiday or weekend when the forecasted temperature will be 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Utilities with less than 25,000 electric customers or 2,500 water customers in Washington must provide similar information upon request by the department.

Section 5(11) amending RCW 57.08.081 that a district with more than 2,500 water customers in Washington must submit an annual report to the department of the total number of disconnects that occurred on each day that exceeded 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, or on any day preceding a holiday or weekend when the forecasted temperature will be 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Utilities with less than 2,500 water customers in Washington must provide similar information upon request by the department.

Section 6(4) amending RCW 80.28.010 that any gas company, electrical company, wastewater company, or water company for gas, electricity or water providing utility service for residential heat cannot terminate the service between November 15 through March 15 if the customer provides self-certification of household income for the prior 12 month to a grantee of the department which administers federally funded energy assistance programs, has applied for heating assistance, has applied for low-income weatherization assistance, agrees to a payment plan and agrees to pay the moneys owed.

Section 7(13) amending RCW 87.03.015 that any irrigation district with more than 25,000 electric customers or 2,500 water customers in Washington must submit an annual report to the department of the total number of disconnects that occurred on each day that exceeded 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher, or on any day preceding a holiday or weekend when the forecasted temperature will be 90 degrees Fahrenheit or higher. Utilities with less than 25,000 electric customers or 2,500 water customers in Washington must provide similar information upon request by the department.

Effective date is assumed to be 90 days after adjournment of the session in which this bill is passed.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

General Assumptions

The bill requires the department to collect data on utility disconnections under the statute with exception to electric investor-owned utilities. The department assumes it would administer a survey. The data would be cleaned and aggregated before it would be posted on the department webpage. The department also assumes it will need to establish a survey, reporting procedures and a utility contact list of utilities in the first year of implementation, with minimal maintenance of the survey, reporting procedures, and contact list in later years.

To accomplish this work the department estimates:

0.20 FTE Management Analyst 4 (418 hours) in FY24 and 0.10 (209 hours) in FY25-FY29 for reporting to establish the annual survey, reporting procedures, utility contact list, and to clean, aggregate, and post data.

Salaries and Benefits:

FY24: \$23,195

FY25-FY26: \$11,992 per fiscal year

Goods and Services:

FY24: \$1,918

FY25-FY26: \$960 per fiscal year

Intra-Agency Reimbursements:

Utility shutoffs/heat Form FN (Rev 1/00) 185,970.00 FNS063 Individual State Agency Fiscal Note FY24: \$7,631

FY25-FY26: \$3,945 per fiscal year

Note: Standard goods and services costs include supplies and materials, employee development and training, Attorney General costs, central services charges and agency administration. Agency administration costs (e.g., payroll, HR, IT) are funded under a federally approved cost allocation plan.

Total Costs: FY24: \$32,744

FY25-FY29: \$16,897 per fiscal year

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	32,744	16,897	49,641	33,794	33,794
		Total \$	32,744	16,897	49,641	33,794	33,794

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
A-Salaries and Wages	17,242	8,880	26,122	17,760	17,760
B-Employee Benefits	5,953	3,112	9,065	6,224	6,224
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services	1,918	960	2,878	1,920	1,920
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements	7,631	3,945	11,576	7,890	7,890
9-					
Total \$	32,744	16,897	49,641	33,794	33,794

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Services - Indirect	111,168	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Management Analyst 4	86,212	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Total FTEs		0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1329 E S HB	Title: U	tility shutoffs/hea	nt		Agency: 215- Tran		and n Commission
Part I: Estimates							
No Fiscal Impact							
Estimated Cash Receipts to:							
NONE							
NONE							
Estimated Operating Expenditures	s from:						
		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025		2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.4	0.0	0	.2	0.0	0.0
Account		57.400		F7.41	20		
Public Service Revolving Account-State 111-1		57,438	0	57,43	38	0	0
	Total \$	57,438	0	57,43	38	0	0
The cash receipts and expenditure est and alternate ranges (if appropriate),			e most likely fiscal i	mpact. Factors i	mpacting the pre	ecision of ti	hese estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follow	v correspond	ling instructions:					
If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 per	fiscal year in the	current biennium	or in subseque	nt biennia, com	iplete enti	ire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than \$50	0,000 per fis	scal year in the cu	rrent biennium or	in subsequent	biennia, compl	ete this pa	age only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, comple	ete Part IV.						
X Requires new rule making, con	mplete Part	V.					
Legislative Contact: Kim Cush	ing			Phone: (360) 78	36-7421 D	Date: 03/0)6/2023
Agency Preparation: Amy Andr	rews			Phone: 360-481	-1335 D	Date: 03/0	08/2023
Agency Approval: Amy Andr	rews			Phone: 360-481	-1335 D	Date: 03/0	08/2023
OFM Review: Tiffany W	est			Phone: (360) 89	90-2653 Д	Date: 03/0	08/2023

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 6 applies to commission statute (RCW 80) and removes requirement for customers to pay security deposit and reconnection charges when customer is unable to pay utility bill between Nov. 15 through March 15. Be permitted to disconnect service if the customer fails to honor the payment program except between Nov. 15 through March 15.

Section 6 also adds language preventing electric, gas, or water shutoffs for nonpayment for residential customers when national weather service has issued or has announced that it intends to issue a heat-related alert, such as an excessive heat warning, a heat advisory, an excessive heat watch, or a similar alert for area of residential user's address. Nothing prohibits the commission to prohibit disconnections in circumstances independent of the weather.

If a customer has been disconnected for nonpayment and would be without service when the national weather service has issued or has announced that it intends to issue a heat-related alert, the customer may request reconnection. Utilities shall, through UTC approved process, include in disconnection notices language that the customer may request reconnection and include information on how to make the requestion and contact the company. Upon reconnection request, the utility shall promptly make a reasonable effort to reconnect service. The utility may require the residential user to enter into a payment plan prior to reconnecting service.

A repayment plan required by a utility will be designed both to pay the past due bill by the following May 15th, or as soon as possible after May 15th if needed to maintain monthly payments that are no greater than six percent of the customer's monthly income, and to pay for continued utility service.

Section 6 also required each utility, on an annual basis, to submit a report to the commission that includes the total number of energy or water disconnections that occurred on each day for which the national weather service issued a heat-related alert.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

No cash receipt impact.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

Expenditures necessary to implement ESHB 1329 remain the same as the original bill HB 1329. To implement the provisions of section 6 of the bill, the UTC will conduct three simple rulemakings to revise WAC 480-90, WAC 480-100, and WAC 480-110.

Rulemaking to revise gas disconnect rules for WAC 480-90 FY2024 - total cost \$19,146

(Administrative Law Judge, 0.030 FTEs; Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Deputy Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Policy Advisor, 0.010 FTEs; Deputy Asst. Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Regulatory Analyst 2, 0.015 FTEs; Regulatory Analyst 3, 0.020 FTEs; Asst. Director/Policy, 0.010 FTEs)

Rulemaking to revise electric disconnect rules for WAC 480-100 FY2024 - total cost \$19,146

(Administrative Law Judge, 0.030 FTEs; Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Deputy Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Policy Advisor, 0.010 FTEs; Deputy Asst. Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Regulatory Analyst 2, 0.015 FTEs; Regulatory Analyst 3, 0.020 FTEs; Asst. Director/Policy, 0.010 FTEs)

Rulemaking to revise water disconnect rules for WAC 480-110 FY2024 - total cost \$19,146

(Administrative Law Judge, 0.030 FTEs; Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Deputy Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Policy Advisor, 0.010 FTEs; Deputy Asst. Director/Regulatory Services, 0.010 FTEs; Regulatory Analyst 2, 0.015 FTEs; Regulatory Analyst 3, 0.020 FTEs; Asst. Director/Policy, 0.010 FTEs)

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
111-1	Public Service	State	57,438	0	57,438	0	0
	Revolving Account						
		Total \$	57,438	0	57,438	0	0

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years	0.4		0.2		
A-Salaries and Wages	36,992		36,992		
B-Employee Benefits	12,947		12,947		
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services	7,499		7,499		
G-Travel					
J-Capital Outlays					
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	57,438	0	57,438	0	0

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Administrative Law Judge	119,088	0.1		0.1		
Asst. Director, Policy	110,064	0.0		0.0		
Deputy Asst. Director Regulatory	101,136	0.0		0.0		
Services						
Deputy Director Regulatory	117,996	0.0		0.0		
Services						
Director, Regulatory Services	134,532	0.0		0.0		
Policy Advisor	100,008	0.0		0.0		
Regulatory Analyst 2	82,896	0.1		0.0		
Regulatory Analyst 3	93,840	0.1		0.0		
Total FTEs		0.4		0.2		0.0

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

 $Acquisition\ and\ construction\ costs\ not\ reflected\ elsewhere\ on\ the\ fiscal\ note\ and\ description\ of\ potential\ financing\ methods.$

NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.

To implement the provisions of section 6 of the bill, the UTC will need to conduct three simple rulemakings to revise WAC 480-90, WAC 480-100, and WAC 480-110 which should occur the beginning of FY2024.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT FISCAL NOTE

Department of Commerce

Bill Number	: 1329 E S HB	Title:	Utility shutoffs/ho	eat					
Part I: Ju	risdiction-Location	on, type or	status of politic	al subdivision defines range of fiscal impacts.					
Legislation	Impacts:								
X Cities: 0									
X Counties:	Counties: Counties that provide electric and water services to the public.								
X Special D	Special Districts: Municipal Electric Companies and Public Utility Districts, Irrigation Districts								
Specific ju	Specific jurisdictions only:								
Variance of	Variance occurs due to:								
Part II: I	Estimates								
No fiscal	impacts.								
Expendit	ares represent one-time	costs:							
Legislation	on provides local option	:							
X Key varia	bles cannot be estimate	d with certain	•	The number of customers impacted and the number of days per year with a heat warning in each jurisdiction will vary.					
Estimated re	venue impacts to:								
	Non-zero	but indeter	minate cost and/o	r savings. Please see discussion.					
Estimated ex	penditure impacts to:								
	Non-zero	but indeter	minate cost and/o	r savings. Please see discussion.					

Part III: Preparation and Approval

Fiscal Note Analyst: Chelsea Mickel	Phone: 518	8-727-3478	Date:	03/06/2023
Leg. Committee Contact: Kim Cushing	Phone: (36	60) 786-7421	Date:	03/06/2023
Agency Approval: Alice Zillah	Phone: 360	0-725-5035	Date:	03/06/2023
OFM Review: Gwen Stamey	Phone: (36	60) 790-1166	Date:	03/07/2023

Page 1 of 4 Bill Number: 1329 E S HB

FNS060 Local Government Fiscal Note

Part IV: Analysis

A. SUMMARY OF BILL

Description of the bill with an emphasis on how it impacts local government.

This bill prohibits utilities from imposing involuntarily shutoffs of water or electric services on residential customers during extreme heat.

CHANGES BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PREVIOUS BILL VERSION:

- --Prohibits electric and water utilities and landlords from involuntarily terminating service for nonpayment to residential users on any day for which the National Weather Station (NWS) has issued or has announced that it intends to issue a heat related alert, such as an excessive heat warning, a heat advisory, an excessive heat watch, or a similar alert, for the area where the residential user's address is located:
- --Removes all language referencing a forecast or actual temperature exceeding 90 degrees Fahrenheit;
- --Every electrical company and water company regulated by the Utilities and Transportation Commission (UTC) must have and must abide by the terms of a tariff approved by UTC that prohibits the electrical company or water company from involuntarily terminating service for nonpayment to residential users on any day for which the NWS has issued or announced an excessive heat warning;
- --States that a residential user whose electric or water utility service has been disconnected at their dwelling for lack of payment may request that the utility or landlord reconnect service on any day a heat related alert has been issued for an area where the residential user's address is located. Removes the requirement that the electric or water utility or landlord must contact affected customers during extreme heat to reconnect service that has been disconnected for lack of payment;
- --Requires electric and water utilities and landlords, through a process approved by the UTC, to inform all customers in the notice of disconnection how to seek reconnection and provide clear and specific information on how to make that request, including how to contact the utility or landlord;
- --Requires electric and water utilities and landlords to promptly to make a reasonable attempt to reconnect service to the dwelling only upon request to reconnect service for a day for which a heat alert has been issued;
- --Authorizes electric and water utilities and landlords, in connection with a request to reconnect service for a day for which a heat alert has been issued, to require the residential user to enter into a payment plan prior to reconnecting service to the dwelling. A repayment plan must not require monthly payments over 7% of the customer's monthly income.
- --Amends current law to require repayment plans in connection with shut-offs during November 15 through March 15 be no more than 7%, rather than 6%, of household income for public utility districts and investor-owned utilities;
- --Removes the civil cause of action for involuntary termination of water service for nonpayment to residential users during extreme heat:
- --States that this bill does not limit the UTC's authority to prohibit an electrical company or water company from terminating electric or water utility service in accordance with an approved tariff, rule, or order, in circumstances independent of the weather.

SUMMARY OF CURRENT BILL

- --Prohibits utilities and landlords from involuntarily terminating water or electric service to any residential user during days for which the National Weather Service has issued certain heat-related alerts.
- --Requires electric and water utilities and landlords to promptly make a reasonable attempt to reconnect service to a dwelling upon receipt of a request to reconnect utility service for a day in which the National Weather Service has issued certain heat-related alerts.
- --Authorizes electric and water utilities and landlords, in connection with a request to reconnect service for a day for which a heat alert has been issued, to require the residential user to enter into a payment plan prior to reconnecting service to the dwelling.

B. SUMMARY OF EXPENDITURE IMPACTS

Expenditure impacts of the legislation on local governments with the expenditure provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of expenditures. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

Page 2 of 4 Bill Number: 1329 E S HB

CHANGES IN EXPENDITURE IMPACTS BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PREVIOUS BILL VERSION:

This version of the bill requires electric and water utilities and landlords, through a process approved by the UTC, to inform all customers in the notice of disconnection how to seek reconnection, and provide clear and specific information on how to make that request, including how to contact the utility or landlord. Developing a streamlined customer notification process may increase costs in terms of staff time required to collaborate with and gain process approval from the UTC. However, since it is unknown how much additional staff time would be required, increased expenditures as a result of this bill are indeterminate.

EXPENDITURE IMPACTS OF CURRENT BILL:

This bill has an indeterminate, but likely de minimis, expenditure impact on local governments. It is unknown how many days would warrant an excessive heat alert, and how many customers would be impacted. Municipal Electric Companies and Public Utility Districts would incur de minimis costs when restarting and disconnecting residents to their services due to extreme heat.

The number of days per year where the NWS would release an excessive heat alert is unknown and would vary by location. Residents living on the Eastern side of the state tend to experience hotter weather during the summer than jurisdictions on the Western side of the state, meaning that some jurisdictions may be more likely to experience extreme heat than others. The variability in temperature across the state makes it difficult to determine how many days per year utilities would be subject to utility shutoff moratoriums due to extreme heat.

Utilities that provide electric services would incur costs for reconnecting residents to their services. In Snohomish County, the reconnection fee for electric services is \$80 for same-day services, and \$40 for next day services. In Lewis County, meter disconnect charges are \$100, whereas a reconnect charge outside of business hours is \$200. Since utilities would not accrue revenue from customers if they were disconnected, reconnecting them, but not receiving payment for services would not alter their expected revenue.

Utilities that provide water services would incur fees every time that they turn off or restart service, since there is no remote automated option to alter services, it requires on-site presence. The disconnect fee for water services in Snohomish County is \$40. Same-day reconnect fees are \$80, and next day reconnection fees are \$40. Since terminating and reconnecting services to customer's falls within the current scope of utility employees, the bill would be unlikely to substantially increase staff time. Jurisdictions that do not comply with the actions outlined in this bill would incur indeterminate costs. If courts find utilities in violation of shutoff moratoriums, they could be liable for damages and attorney fees for customers that filed civil actions.

Utility districts with more than 25,000 electric customers or 2,500 water customers are required to submit an annual report to Commerce detailing their compliance with the shutoff moratorium. Utility districts with fewer customers must furnish similar information when requested by Commerce. There may be increased staff time associated with gathering the required data and reporting it to Commerce, but reporting requirements would likely be part of an annual survey, and thus increased costs would be minimal.

C. SUMMARY OF REVENUE IMPACTS

Revenue impacts of the legislation on local governments, with the revenue provisions identified by section number, and when appropriate, the detail of revenue sources. Delineated between city, county and special district impacts.

CHANGES IN REVENUE IMPACTS BETWEEN THIS VERSION AND PREVIOUS BILL VERSION:

In comparison to the original version of the bill, the substitute bill may have revenue impacts.

The substitute bill authorizes electric and water utilities and landlords, when a request to reconnect service for a day for which a heat alert has been issued, to require the residential user to enter into a payment plan prior to reconnecting service to the dwelling. Since repayment plans were not presented in the original version of the bill, this provision may increase the revenue of public utilities, if customers who were disconnected from services now entered into payment plans in order to reconnect services. However, it is unknown how many customers would enter in repayment plans as a

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result of the substitute bill, which makes subsequent revenue impacts indeterminate.

REVENUE IMPACTS OF CURRENT BILL:

This bill has an indeterminate, but likely de minimis, revenue impact on local governments.

Since utilities would not be collecting revenue from customers disconnected from their services, the revenue impacts of keeping customers connected would likely be minimal. During past moratoriums, utilities have received federal and state grants for residential customer arrearages, which helped to offset lost or delayed revenue due to nonpayment. For example, in 2022, the legislature allocated \$100 million for public and private utilities to reduce residential customer arrearages accrued between March 1, 2020, and Dec. 31, 2021. The legislature could elect to allocate fund for accrued arrearages in the future, if loss of revenue is significant. At least 19 states have imposed similar moratoriums on utility shutoffs during extreme heat. These include; Arizona, Arkansas, California, Colorado, Delaware, Georgia, Illinois, Louisiana, Maryland, Minnesota, Mississippi, New Jersey, Oklahoma, Oregon, Rhode Island, Texas and Wisconsin. Washington, D.C. also has protections.

SOURCES:

Department of Commerce
House Bill Report, ESHB 1329, Environment & Energy Committee (2023)
House Bill Analysis, HB 1329, Environment & Energy Committee (2023)
Lewis County Public Utility District
Local Government Fiscal Note, SSB 5366, (2023)
Local Government Fiscal Note, HB 1329, (2023)
National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
Oregon Public Utility Commission
Snohomish County Public Utility District
Washington Association of Public Utilities Districts

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