## 5180-S.E AMH KLIP H1424.1

ESSB 5180 - H AMD TO PS COMM AMD (H-1362.1/21) 524 By Representative Klippert

Beginning on page 1, line 3, strike all material through repealed." on page 25, line 35 and insert the following:

3 "Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.030 and 2020 c 296 s 2, 2020 c 252 s 4, and 4 2020 c 137 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

5 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 6 this section apply throughout this chapter.

7 (1) "Board" means the indeterminate sentence review board created8 under chapter 9.95 RCW.

9 (2) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department, 10 means that the department, either directly or through a collection 11 12 agreement authorized by RCW 9.94A.760, is responsible for monitoring 13 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal 14 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment 15 16 to the superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental 17 account.

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(3) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

19 (4) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 20 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 21 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 22 conditions.

(5) "Community custody" means that portion of an offender's sentence of confinement in lieu of earned release time or imposed as part of a sentence under this chapter and served in the community subject to controls placed on the offender's movement and activities by the department.

(6) "Community protection zone" means the area within eight hundred eighty feet of the facilities and grounds of a public or private school.

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1 (7) "Community restitution" means compulsory service, without 2 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 3 offender.

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(8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement.

5 (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Title 6 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, 7 and acceptance of a plea of guilty.

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(10) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 8 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 9 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 10 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to 11 12 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform affirmative conduct. However, affirmative acts necessary to monitor 13 14 compliance with the order of a court may be required by the 15 department.

16 (11) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior 17 convictions and juvenile adjudications, whether in this state, in 18 federal court, or elsewhere, and any issued certificates of 19 restoration of opportunity pursuant to RCW 9.97.020.

(a) The history shall include, where known, for each conviction
(i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length
and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been
incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

(b) A conviction may be removed from a defendant's criminal 24 25 history only if it is vacated pursuant to RCW 9.96.060, 9.94A.640, 9.95.240, or a similar out-of-state statute, or if the conviction has 26 been vacated pursuant to a governor's pardon. However, when a 27 defendant is charged with a recidivist offense, "criminal history" 28 29 includes a vacated prior conviction for the sole purpose of establishing that such vacated prior conviction constitutes an 30 31 element of the present recidivist offense as provided in RCW 32 9.94A.640(((+3))) (4) (b) and 9.96.060((+6))) (7) (c).

33 (c) The determination of a defendant's criminal history is 34 distinct from the determination of an offender score. A prior 35 conviction that was not included in an offender score calculated 36 pursuant to a former version of the sentencing reform act remains 37 part of the defendant's criminal history.

38 (12) "Criminal street gang" means any ongoing organization, 39 association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or 40 informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, Code Rev/ES:jlb 2 H-1424.1/21 having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the activities of labor and bona fide nonprofit organizations or their members or agents.

8 (13) "Criminal street gang associate or member" means any person 9 who actively participates in any criminal street gang and who 10 intentionally promotes, furthers, or assists in any criminal act by 11 the criminal street gang.

12 (14) "Criminal street gang-related offense" means any felony or 13 misdemeanor offense, whether in this state or elsewhere, that is 14 committed for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association 15 with any criminal street gang, or is committed with the intent to 16 promote, further, or assist in any criminal conduct by the gang, or 17 is committed for one or more of the following reasons:

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(a) To gain admission, prestige, or promotion within the gang;

19 (b) To increase or maintain the gang's size, membership, 20 prestige, dominance, or control in any geographical area;

21 (c) To exact revenge or retribution for the gang or any member of 22 the gang;

(d) To obstruct justice, or intimidate or eliminate any witnessagainst the gang or any member of the gang;

(e) To directly or indirectly cause any benefit, aggrandizement,
gain, profit, or other advantage for the gang, its reputation,
influence, or membership; or

(f) To provide the gang with any advantage in, or any control or 28 29 dominance over any criminal market sector, including, but not limited to, manufacturing, delivering, or selling any controlled substance 30 31 (chapter 69.50 RCW); arson (chapter 9A.48 RCW); trafficking in stolen property (chapter 9A.82 RCW); promoting prostitution (chapter 9A.88 32 RCW); human trafficking (RCW 9A.40.100); promoting commercial sexual 33 abuse of a minor (RCW 9.68A.101); or promoting pornography (chapter 34 35 9.68 RCW).

36 (15) "Day fine" means a fine imposed by the sentencing court that 37 equals the difference between the offender's net daily income and the 38 reasonable obligations that the offender has for the support of the 39 offender and any dependents.

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1 (16) "Day reporting" means a program of enhanced supervision 2 designed to monitor the offender's daily activities and compliance 3 with sentence conditions, and in which the offender is required to 4 report daily to a specific location designated by the department or 5 the sentencing court.

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(17) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(18) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with 7 exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 8 confinement, of partial confinement, of community custody, the number 9 of actual hours or days of community restitution work, or dollars or 10 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 11 12 through earned release can reduce the actual period of confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a determinate 13 14 sentence.

(19) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 15 16 offender remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 17 18 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, 19 bonuses, or otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of 20 21 law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other 22 process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or 23 retirement programs, or insurance policies of any type, but does not 24 25 include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW. 26

(20) "Domestic violence" has the same meaning as defined in RCW10.99.020 and 26.50.010.

(21) "Drug offender sentencing alternative" is a sentencing
 option available to persons convicted of a felony offense who are
 eligible for the option under RCW 9.94A.660.

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(22) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession
 of a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.4013) or forged prescription for
 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

36 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that 37 relates to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or 38 transportation of a controlled substance; or

1 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the 2 laws of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense 3 under (a) of this subsection.

4 (23) "Earned release" means earned release from confinement as 5 provided in RCW 9.94A.728.

6 (24) "Electronic monitoring" means tracking the location of an 7 individual through the use of technology that is capable of 8 determining or identifying the monitored individual's presence or 9 absence at a particular location including, but not limited to:

10 (a) Radio frequency signaling technology, which detects if the 11 monitored individual is or is not at an approved location and 12 notifies the monitoring agency of the time that the monitored 13 individual either leaves the approved location or tampers with or 14 removes the monitoring device; or

(b) Active or passive global positioning system technology, which 15 16 detects the location of the monitored individual and notifies the 17 monitoring agency of the monitored individual's location and which 18 may also include electronic monitoring with victim notification 19 technology that is capable of notifying a victim or protected party, either directly or through a monitoring agency, if the monitored 20 21 individual enters within the restricted distance of a victim or 22 protected party, or within the restricted distance of a designated 23 location.

24 (25)

## (25) "Escape" means:

(a) Sexually violent predator escape (RCW 9A.76.115), escape in
the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW
9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060),
willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or
willful failure to be available for supervision by the department
while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

31 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 32 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an 33 escape under (a) of this subsection.

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(26) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), felony hit-andrun injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)), felony driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502(6)), or felony physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504(6)); or

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1 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 2 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 3 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

4 (27) "Fine" means a specific sum of money ordered by the 5 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a 6 specific period of time.

7 (28) "First-time offender" means any person who has no prior
8 convictions for a felony and is eligible for the first-time offender
9 waiver under RCW 9.94A.650.

10 (29) "Home detention" is a subset of electronic monitoring and 11 means a program of partial confinement available to offenders wherein 12 the offender is confined in a private residence twenty-four hours a 13 day, unless an absence from the residence is approved, authorized, or 14 otherwise permitted in the order by the court or other supervising 15 agency that ordered home detention, and the offender is subject to 16 electronic monitoring.

17 (30) "Homelessness" or "homeless" means a condition where an 18 individual lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence 19 and who has a primary nighttime residence that is:

(a) A supervised, publicly or privately operated shelter designedto provide temporary living accommodations;

(b) A public or private place not designed for, or ordinarilyused as, a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings; or

24 (c) A private residence where the individual stays as a transient 25 invitee.

26 (31) "Legal financial obligation" means a sum of money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington for legal 27 financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, 28 statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed 29 pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal drug 30 31 funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the offender 32 as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for vehicular 33 assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, 34 RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence 35 36 of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency of 37 38 the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the 39 conviction, subject to RCW 38.52.430.

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1 (32) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies 2 or a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies:

3 (a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or 4 criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A 5 felony;

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6	(b) Assault in the second degree;
7	(c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
8	(d) Child molestation in the second degree;
9	(e) Controlled substance homicide;
10	(f) Extortion in the first degree;
11	(g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
12	(h) Indecent liberties;
13	(i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
14	(j) Leading organized crime;
15	(k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
16	(1) Manslaughter in the second degree;
17	(m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;
18	(n) Rape in the third degree;
19	(o) Sexual exploitation;
20	(p) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving of
21	a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating
22	liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a
23	reckless manner;
24	(q) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of
25	any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating
26	liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation
27	of any vehicle in a reckless manner;
28	(r) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual
29	motivation;
30	(s) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW
31	9.94A.825;
32	(t) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2,
33	1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this
34	subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense
35	that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a
36	most serious offense under this subsection;
37	(u)(i) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW
38	9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (c), chapter 260, Laws of 1975 1st ex.
39	sess. as it existed until July 1, 1979, RCW 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b),
40	and (c) as it existed from July 1, 1979, until June 11, 1986, and RCW

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1 9A.44.100(1) (a), (b), and (d) as it existed from June 11, 1986, 2 until July 1, 1988;

(ii) A prior conviction for indecent liberties under RCW 3 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from June 11, 1986, until July 1, 1988, 4 if: (A) The crime was committed against a child under the age of 5 6 fourteen; or (B) the relationship between the victim and perpetrator is included in the definition of indecent liberties under RCW 7 9A.44.100(1)(c) as it existed from July 1, 1988, through July 27, 8 1997, or RCW 9A.44.100(1) (d) or (e) as it existed from July 25, 9 1993, through July 27, 1997; 10

(v) Any out-of-state conviction for a felony offense with a finding of sexual motivation if the minimum sentence imposed was ten years or more; provided that the out-of-state felony offense must be comparable to a felony offense under this title and Title 9A RCW and the out-of-state definition of sexual motivation must be comparable to the definition of sexual motivation contained in this section.

17 (33) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 18 offense.

19 (34) "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is 20 21 less than eighteen years of age but whose case is under superior court jurisdiction under RCW 13.04.030 or has been transferred by the 22 appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 23 13.40.110. In addition, for the purpose of community custody 24 requirements under this chapter, "offender" also means a misdemeanant 25 26 or gross misdemeanant probationer ordered by a superior court to probation pursuant to RCW 9.92.060, 9.95.204, or 9.95.210 and 27 28 supervised by the department pursuant to RCW 9.94A.501 and 29 9.94A.5011. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and "defendant" are used interchangeably. 30

31 (35) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one 32 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 33 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention, electronic monitoring, or work crew has been ordered by the court or 34 home detention has been ordered by the department as part of the 35 36 parenting program or the graduated reentry program, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of 37 the day spent in the community. Partial confinement includes work 38 39 release, home detention, work crew, electronic monitoring, and a 40 combination of work crew, electronic monitoring, and home detention.

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(36) "

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(36) "Pattern of criminal street gang activity" means:

(a) The commission, attempt, conspiracy, or solicitation of, or
any prior juvenile adjudication of or adult conviction of, two or
more of the following criminal street gang-related offenses:

5 (i) Any "serious violent" felony offense as defined in this 6 section, excluding Homicide by Abuse (RCW 9A.32.055) and Assault of a 7 Child 1 (RCW 9A.36.120);

8 (ii) Any "violent" offense as defined by this section, excluding 9 Assault of a Child 2 (RCW 9A.36.130);

10 (iii) Deliver or Possession with Intent to Deliver a Controlled 11 Substance (chapter 69.50 RCW);

12 (iv) Any violation of the firearms and dangerous weapon act 13 (chapter 9.41 RCW);

14 (v) Theft of a Firearm (RCW 9A.56.300);

15 (vi) Possession of a Stolen Firearm (RCW 9A.56.310);

16 (vii) Hate Crime (RCW 9A.36.080);

17 (viii) Harassment where a subsequent violation or deadly threat 18 is made (RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b));

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(ix) Criminal Gang Intimidation (RCW 9A.46.120);

20 (x) Any felony conviction by a person eighteen years of age or 21 older with a special finding of involving a juvenile in a felony 22 offense under RCW 9.94A.833;

23 (xi) Residential Burglary (RCW 9A.52.025);

24 (xii) Burglary 2 (RCW 9A.52.030);

25 (xiii) Malicious Mischief 1 (RCW 9A.48.070);

26 (xiv) Malicious Mischief 2 (RCW 9A.48.080);

27 (xv) Theft of a Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.065);

28 (xvi) Possession of a Stolen Motor Vehicle (RCW 9A.56.068);

29 (xvii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 1 (RCW 30 9A.56.070);

31 (xviii) Taking a Motor Vehicle Without Permission 2 (RCW 32 9A.56.075);

- 33 (xix) Extortion 1 (RCW 9A.56.120);
- 34 (xx) Extortion 2 (RCW 9A.56.130);
- 35 (xxi) Intimidating a Witness (RCW 9A.72.110);

36 (xxii) Tampering with a Witness (RCW 9A.72.120);

37 (xxiii) Reckless Endangerment (RCW 9A.36.050);

- 38 (xxiv) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
- 39 (xxv) Harassment (RCW 9A.46.020); or
- 40 (xxvi) Malicious Mischief 3 (RCW 9A.48.090);

1 (b) That at least one of the offenses listed in (a) of this 2 subsection shall have occurred after July 1, 2008;

3 (c) That the most recent committed offense listed in (a) of this 4 subsection occurred within three years of a prior offense listed in 5 (a) of this subsection; and

6 (d) Of the offenses that were committed in (a) of this 7 subsection, the offenses occurred on separate occasions or were 8 committed by two or more persons.

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(37) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

10 (a) (i) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered 11 a most serious offense; and

(ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of this 12 subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate 13 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under 14 the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and 15 16 would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.525; provided 17 that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most 18 serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted; or 19

(b) (i) Has been convicted of: (A) Rape in the first degree, rape 20 of a child in the first degree, child molestation in the first 21 22 degree, rape in the second degree, rape of a child in the second degree, or indecent liberties by forcible compulsion; (B) any of the 23 following offenses with a finding of sexual motivation: Murder in the 24 25 first degree, murder in the second degree, homicide by abuse, kidnapping in the first degree, kidnapping in the second degree, 26 assault in the first degree, assault in the second degree, assault of 27 28 a child in the first degree, assault of a child in the second degree, 29 or burglary in the first degree; or (C) an attempt to commit any crime listed in this subsection (37)(b)(i); and 30

31 (ii) Has, before the commission of the offense under (b)(i) of 32 this subsection, been convicted as an offender on at least one occasion, whether in this state or elsewhere, of an offense listed in 33 (b) (i) of this subsection or any federal or out-of-state offense or 34 offense under prior Washington law that is comparable to the offenses 35 listed in (b)(i) of this subsection. A conviction for rape of a child 36 in the first degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of this 37 subsection only when the offender was sixteen years of age or older 38 39 when the offender committed the offense. A conviction for rape of a 40 child in the second degree constitutes a conviction under (b)(i) of Code Rev/ES:jlb 10 H-1424.1/21 1 this subsection only when the offender was eighteen years of age or 2 older when the offender committed the offense.

(38) "Predatory" means: (a) The perpetrator of the crime was a 3 stranger to the victim, as defined in this section; (b) the 4 perpetrator established or promoted a relationship with the victim 5 6 prior to the offense and the victimization of the victim was a significant reason the perpetrator established or promoted the 7 relationship; or (c) the perpetrator was: (i) A teacher, counselor, 8 volunteer, or other person in authority in any public or private 9 school and the victim was a student of the school under his or her 10 authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection, "school" 11 12 does not include home-based instruction as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; (ii) a coach, trainer, volunteer, or other person in 13 authority in any recreational activity and the victim 14 was a participant in the activity under his or her authority 15 or 16 supervision; (iii) a pastor, elder, volunteer, or other person in 17 authority in any church or religious organization, and the victim was 18 a member or participant of the organization under his or her authority; or (iv) a teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 19 in authority providing home-based instruction and the victim was a 20 21 student receiving home-based instruction while under his or her 22 authority or supervision. For purposes of this subsection: (A) "Home-23 based instruction" has the same meaning as defined in RCW 28A.225.010; and (B) "teacher, counselor, volunteer, or other person 24 25 in authority" does not include the parent or legal guardian of the victim. 26

(39) "Private school" means a school regulated under chapter28 28A.195 or 28A.205 RCW.

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(40) "Public school" has the same meaning as in RCW 28A.150.010.

30 (41) "Recidivist offense" means a felony offense where a prior 31 conviction of the same offense or other specified offense is an 32 element of the crime including, but not limited to:

33 (a) Assault in the fourth degree where domestic violence is 34 pleaded and proven, RCW 9A.36.041(3);

- 35 (b) Cyberstalking, RCW 9.61.260(3)(a);
- 36 (c) Harassment, RCW 9A.46.020(2)(b)(i);
- 37 (d) Indecent exposure, RCW 9A.88.010(2)(c);
- 38 (e) Stalking, RCW 9A.46.110(5)(b) (i) and (iii);

39 (f) Telephone harassment, RCW 9.61.230(2)(a); and

1 (g) Violation of a no-contact or protection order, RCW 2 26.50.110(5).

3 (42) "Repetitive domestic violence offense" means any:

4 (a)(i) Domestic violence assault that is not a felony offense 5 under RCW 9A.36.041;

6 (ii) Domestic violence violation of a no-contact order under 7 chapter 10.99 RCW that is not a felony offense;

8 (iii) Domestic violence violation of a protection order under 9 chapter 26.09, ((<del>26.10,</del>)) 26.26A, 26.26B, or 26.50 RCW that is not a 10 felony offense;

(iv) Domestic violence harassment offense under RCW 9A.46.020 that is not a felony offense; or

13 (v) Domestic violence stalking offense under RCW 9A.46.110 that 14 is not a felony offense; or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, tribal court, military, county, or municipal conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a repetitive domestic violence offense under (a) of this subsection.

19 (43) "Restitution" means a specific sum of money ordered by the 20 sentencing court to be paid by the offender to the court over a 21 specified period of time as payment of damages. The sum may include 22 both public and private costs.

(44) "Risk assessment" means the application of the risk instrument recommended to the department by the Washington state institute for public policy as having the highest degree of predictive accuracy for assessing an offender's risk of reoffense.

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(45) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Nonfelony driving while under the influence of intoxicating
liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), nonfelony actual physical control
while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW
46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an
attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

33 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction 34 for an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified 35 as a serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

36 (46) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent 37 offense and means:

38 (a)(i) Murder in the first degree;

- 39 (ii) Homicide by abuse;
- 40 (iii) Murder in the second degree;

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(iv) Manslaughter in the first degree;
 (v) Assault in the first degree;

3 (vi) Kidnapping in the first degree;

4 (vii) Rape in the first degree;

5 (viii) Assault of a child in the first degree; or

6 (ix) An attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 7 commit one of these felonies; or

8 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 9 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a 10 serious violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

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(47) "Sex offense" means:

12 (a) (i) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW other 13 than RCW 9A.44.132;

14 (ii) A violation of RCW 9A.64.020;

15 (iii) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9.68A RCW other 16 than RCW 9.68A.080;

(iv) A felony that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes; or

(v) A felony violation of RCW 9A.44.132(1) (failure to register
as a sex offender) if the person has been convicted of violating RCW
9A.44.132(1) (failure to register as a sex offender) or 9A.44.130
prior to June 10, 2010, on at least one prior occasion;

(b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time
prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a
sex offense in (a) of this subsection;

27 (c) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW
28 9.94A.835 or 13.40.135; or

(d) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex
offense under (a) of this subsection.

32 (48) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 33 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 34 sexual gratification.

35 (49) "Standard sentence range" means the sentencing court's 36 discretionary range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

37 (50) "Statutory maximum sentence" means the maximum length of 38 time for which an offender may be confined as punishment for a crime 39 as prescribed in chapter 9A.20 RCW, RCW 9.92.010, the statute

1 defining the crime, or other statute defining the maximum penalty for 2 a crime.

3 (51) "Stranger" means that the victim did not know the offender 4 twenty-four hours before the offense.

5 (52) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 6 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 7 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 8 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

9 (53) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions 10 and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the 11 two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work 12 ethic camp program. The transition training shall include 13 instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during 14 the offender's period of community custody.

15 (54) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 16 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 17 a direct result of the crime charged.

(55) "Victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, or commercial 18 sexual abuse of a minor" means a person who has been forced or 19 coerced to perform a commercial sex act including, but not limited 20 21 to, being a victim of offenses defined in RCW 9A.40.100, 9A.88.070, 9.68A.101, and the trafficking victims protection act of 2000, 22 22 U.S.C. Sec. 7101 et seq.; or a person who was induced to perform a 23 commercial sex act when they were less than 18 years of age including 24 25 but not limited to the offenses defined in chapter 9.68A RCW.

26 (56) "Victim of sexual assault" means any person who is a victim 27 of a sexual assault offense, nonconsensual sexual conduct, or 28 nonconsensual sexual penetration and as a result suffers physical, 29 emotional, financial, or psychological impacts. Sexual assault 30 offenses include, but are not limited to, the offenses defined in 31 chapter 9A.44 RCW.

32 33 (57) "Violent offense" means:

(a) Any of the following felonies:

34 (i) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 35 attempt to commit a class A felony;

36 (ii) Criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a 37 class A felony;

38 (iii) Manslaughter in the first degree;

39 (iv) Manslaughter in the second degree;

40 (v) Indecent liberties if committed by forcible compulsion;

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- 1 (vi) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 2 (vii) Arson in the second degree;
- 3 (viii) Assault in the second degree;
- 4 (ix) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 5 (x) Extortion in the first degree;
- 6 (xi) Robbery in the second degree;
- 7 (xii) Drive-by shooting;

8 (xiii) Vehicular assault, when caused by the operation or driving 9 of a vehicle by a person while under the influence of intoxicating 10 liquor or any drug or by the operation or driving of a vehicle in a 11 reckless manner; and

12 (xiv) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving 13 of any vehicle by any person while under the influence of 14 intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by 15 the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

16 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time 17 prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a 18 violent offense in (a) of this subsection; and

(c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

((<del>(56)</del>)) <u>(58)</u> "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community that complies with RCW 9.94A.725.

25 ((<del>(57)</del>)) (59) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program as provided in RCW 9.94A.690 designed to reduce 26 recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by requiring offenders 27 to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job and vocational 28 experiences, character-building work ethics training, life management 29 skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, counseling, 30 31 literacy training, and basic adult education.

32 ((<del>(58)</del>)) <u>(60)</u> "Work release" means a program of partial 33 confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a 34 student in a regular course of study at school.

35 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.640 and 2019 c 331 s 3 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 (1) Every offender who has been discharged under RCW 9.94A.637
 38 may apply to the sentencing court for a vacation of the offender's
 39 record of conviction. If the court finds the offender meets the tests
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1 prescribed in subsection (2) of this section, the court may clear the 2 record of conviction by: (a) Permitting the offender to withdraw the 3 offender's plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty; or (b) 4 if the offender has been convicted after a plea of not guilty, by the 5 court setting aside the verdict of guilty; and (c) by the court 6 dismissing the information or indictment against the offender.

7

(2) An offender may not have the record of conviction cleared if:

8 9 (a) There are any criminal charges against the offender pending in any court of this state or another state, or in any federal court;

(b) The offense was a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 10 11 or crime against persons as defined in RCW 43.43.830, except the 12 following offenses may be vacated if the conviction did not include a firearm, deadly weapon, or sexual motivation enhancement: (i) Assault 13 in the second degree under RCW 9A.36.021; (ii) assault in the third 14 degree under RCW 9A.36.031 when not committed against a law 15 enforcement officer or peace officer; and (iii) robbery in the second 16 degree under RCW 9A.56.210; 17

(c) The offense is a class B felony and the offender has been convicted of a new crime in this state, another state, or federal court in the ten years prior to the application for vacation;

(d) The offense is a class C felony and the offender has been
convicted of a new crime in this state, another state, or federal
court in the five years prior to the application for vacation;

(e) The offense is a class B felony and less than ten years have
passed since the later of: (i) The applicant's release from community
custody; (ii) the applicant's release from full and partial
confinement; or (iii) the applicant's sentencing date;

(f) The offense was a class C felony, other than a class C felony described in RCW 46.61.502(6) or 46.61.504(6), and less than five years have passed since the later of: (i) The applicant's release from community custody; (ii) the applicant's release from full and partial confinement; or (iii) the applicant's sentencing date; or

33 (g) The offense was a felony described in RCW 46.61.502 or 34 46.61.504.

(3) If the applicant is a victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a minor, or sexual assault, the victim or the prosecutor of the county in which the victim was sentenced may apply to the sentencing court or the sentencing court's successor to vacate the victim's record of conviction for a class B or class C felony offense using the process in section 3 of this act. 1 When preparing or filing the petition, the prosecutor is not deemed 2 to be providing legal advice or legal assistance on behalf of the 3 victim, but is fulfilling an administrative function on behalf of the 4 state in order to further their responsibility to seek to reform and 5 improve the administration of criminal justice. A record of 6 conviction vacated using the process in section 3 of this act is 7 subject to subsection (4) of this section.

(4) (a) Except as otherwise provided, once the court vacates a 8 record of conviction under subsection (1) of this section, the fact 9 that the offender has been convicted of the offense shall not be 10 included in the offender's criminal history for purposes 11 of 12 determining a sentence in any subsequent conviction, and the offender shall be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from 13 the offense. For all purposes, including responding to questions on 14 employment applications, an offender whose conviction has been 15 16 vacated may state that the offender has never been convicted of that 17 crime. A conviction that has been vacated under this section may not be disseminated or disclosed by the state patrol or local law 18 enforcement agency to any person, except other criminal justice 19 enforcement agencies. Nothing in this section affects or prevents the 20 21 use of an offender's prior conviction in a later criminal prosecution, and nothing in this section affects the requirements for 22 restoring a right to possess a firearm under RCW 9.41.040. 23

(b) A conviction vacated on or after July 28, 2019, qualifies as a prior conviction for the purpose of charging a present recidivist offense occurring on or after July 28, 2019, and may be used to establish an ongoing pattern of abuse for purposes of RCW 9.94A.535.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 9.94A
29 RCW to read as follows:

30 (1)(a) A victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial 31 sexual abuse of a minor, or sexual assault may apply to the 32 sentencing court or the sentencing court's successor to vacate the 33 victim's record of conviction for a class B or class C felony 34 offense.

(b) The prosecutor of a county in which a victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a minor, or sexual assault was sentenced for a class B or class C felony offense may exercise discretion to apply to the court on behalf of the state recommending that the court vacate the victim's record of conviction Code Rev/ES:jlb 17 H-1424.1/21 by submitting the information required in subsection (2) of this section. If the court finds the application meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, the court may decide whether to grant the application to vacate the record.

5 (2) In order to vacate a record of conviction for a class B or 6 class C felony offense committed as a result of being a victim of sex 7 trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a minor, or 8 sexual assault, the applicant must meet the following requirements:

9 (a) Provide an affidavit under penalty of perjury stating the 10 specific facts and circumstances proving, by a preponderance of 11 evidence, that the offense was committed as a result of being a 12 victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a 13 minor, or sexual assault;

(b) There are no criminal charges against the applicant pending in any court of this state or another state, or in any federal court for any offense other than prostitution;

(c) If the victim's offense is a class C felony, the offender has not been convicted of a new offense in this state, another state, or federal or tribal court in the five years prior to the vacation application;

(d) If the victim's offense is a class B felony, the offender has not been convicted of a new offense in this state, another state, or federal or tribal court in the 10 years prior to the vacation application;

(e) Provide proof that the crime victim penalty assessment, RCW
7.68.035, has been paid in full; and

(f) If applicable, restitution owed to any victim, excluding restitution owed to any insurance provider under Title 48 RCW, has been paid in full.

30 (3) An applicant may not have a record of conviction for a class31 B or class C felony offense vacated if:

(a) The offense was a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 32 or crime against persons as defined in RCW 43.43.830, except the 33 following offenses may be vacated if the conviction did not include a 34 firearm, deadly weapon, or sexual motivation enhancement: (i) Assault 35 in the second degree under RCW 9A.36.021; (ii) assault in the third 36 degree under RCW 9A.36.031 when not committed against a law 37 enforcement officer or peace officer; and (iii) robbery in the second 38 39 degree under RCW 9A.56.210;

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1 (b) The offense was a felony described in RCW 46.61.502, 2 46.61.504, or 46.61.5055; or

3 (c) The offense was promoting prostitution in the first or second
4 degree as described in RCW 9A.88.070 and 9A.88.080.

5 Sec. 4. RCW 9.96.060 and 2020 c 29 s 18 are each amended to read 6 as follows:

7 (1) When vacating a conviction under this section, the court effectuates the vacation by: (a) (i) Permitting the applicant to 8 withdraw the applicant's plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not 9 10 guilty; or (ii) if the applicant has been convicted after a plea of 11 not guilty, the court setting aside the verdict of guilty; and (b) the court dismissing the information, indictment, complaint, or 12 13 citation against the applicant and vacating the judgment and 14 sentence.

15 (2) Every person convicted of a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor 16 offense may apply to the sentencing court for a vacation of the applicant's record of conviction for the offense. If the court finds 17 18 the applicant meets the requirements of this subsection, the court may in its discretion vacate the record of conviction. Except as 19 provided in subsections (3), (4), and (5) of this section, 20 an applicant may not have the record of conviction for a misdemeanor or 21 22 gross misdemeanor offense vacated if any one of the following is 23 present:

24 (a) The applicant has not completed all of the terms of the25 sentence for the offense;

26 (b) There are any criminal charges against the applicant pending 27 in any court of this state or another state, or in any federal or 28 tribal court, at the time of application;

(c) The offense was a violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030
or an attempt to commit a violent offense;

(d) The offense was a violation of RCW 46.61.502 (driving while 31 32 under the influence), 46.61.504 (actual physical control while under the influence), 9.91.020 (operating a railroad, etc. while 33 intoxicated), or the offense is considered a "prior offense" under 34 35 RCW 46.61.5055 and the applicant has had a subsequent alcohol or drug violation within ten years of the date of arrest for the prior 36 offense or less than ten years has elapsed since the date of the 37 38 arrest for the prior offense;

1 (e) The offense was any misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor 2 violation, including attempt, of chapter 9.68 RCW (obscenity and 3 pornography), chapter 9.68A RCW (sexual exploitation of children), or 4 chapter 9A.44 RCW (sex offenses), except for failure to register as a 5 sex offender under RCW 9A.44.132;

6 (f) The applicant was convicted of a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offense as defined in RCW 10.99.020, or the court 7 determines after a review of the court file that the offense was 8 committed by one family or household member against another or by one 9 intimate partner against another, or the court, after considering the 10 damage to person or property that resulted in the conviction, any 11 12 prior convictions for crimes defined in RCW 10.99.020, or for comparable offenses in another state or in federal court, and the 13 totality of the records under review by the court regarding the 14 conviction being considered for vacation, determines that the offense 15 16 involved domestic violence, and any one of the following factors 17 exist:

(i) The applicant has not provided written notification of the vacation petition to the prosecuting attorney's office that prosecuted the offense for which vacation is sought, or has not provided that notification to the court;

(ii) The applicant has two or more domestic violence convictions stemming from different incidents. For purposes of this subsection, however, if the current application is for more than one conviction that arose out of a single incident, none of those convictions counts as a previous conviction;

(iii) The applicant has signed an affidavit under penalty of perjury affirming that the applicant has not previously had a conviction for a domestic violence offense, and a criminal history check reveals that the applicant has had such a conviction; or

31 (iv) Less than five years have elapsed since the person completed 32 the terms of the original conditions of the sentence, including any 33 financial obligations and successful completion of any treatment 34 ordered as a condition of sentencing;

35 (g) For any offense other than those described in (f) of this 36 subsection, less than three years have passed since the person 37 completed the terms of the sentence, including any financial 38 obligations;

(h) The offender has been convicted of a new crime in this state,
 another state, or federal or tribal court in the three years prior to
 the vacation application; or

4 (i) The applicant is currently restrained by a domestic violence 5 protection order, a no-contact order, an antiharassment order, or a 6 civil restraining order which restrains one party from contacting the 7 other party or was previously restrained by such an order and was 8 found to have committed one or more violations of the order in the 9 five years prior to the vacation application.

((Subject to RCW 9.96.070, every person convicted of 10 (3) prostitution under RCW 9A.88.030 who committed the offense as a 11 result of being a victim of trafficking, RCW 9A.40.100, promoting 12 prostitution in the first degree, RCW 9A.88.070, promoting commercial 13 sexual abuse of a minor, RCW 9.68A.101, or trafficking in persons 14 15 under the trafficking victims protection act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. Sec. 16 7101 et seq. may apply to the sentencing court for vacation of the 17 applicant's record of conviction for the prostitution offense. An applicant may not have the record of conviction for prostitution 18 19 vacated if any one of the following is present:

20 (a) There are any criminal charges against the applicant pending 21 in any court of this state or another state, or in any federal court, 22 for any crime other than prostitution; or

23 (b) The offender has been convicted of another crime, except prostitution, in this state, another state, or federal court since 24 25 the date of conviction. The limitation in this subsection (3) (b) does 26 not apply to convictions where the offender proves by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she committed the crime as a result of 27 being a victim of trafficking, RCW 9A.40.100, promoting prostitution 28 in the first degree, RCW 9A.88.070, promoting commercial sexual abuse 29 of a minor, RCW 9.68A.101, or trafficking in persons under the 30 31 trafficking victims protection act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. Sec. 7101 et 32 seq., according to the requirements provided in RCW 9.96.070 for each respective conviction)) If the applicant is a victim of sex 33 trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a minor, or 34 sexual assault, or the prosecutor applies on behalf of the state, the 35 sentencing court may vacate the record of conviction if the 36 application satisfies the requirements of section 5 of this act. When 37 preparing or filing the petition, the prosecutor is not deemed to be 38 39 providing legal advice or legal assistance on behalf of the victim, 40 but is fulfilling an administrative function on behalf of the state 1 <u>in order to further their responsibility to seek to reform and</u> 2 <u>improve the administration of criminal justice. A record of</u> 3 <u>conviction vacated using the process in section 5 of this act is</u> 4 <u>subject to subsections (6) and (7) of this section</u>.

(4) Every person convicted prior to January 1, 1975, of violating 5 6 any statute or rule regarding the regulation of fishing activities, including, but not limited to, RCW 75.08.260, 75.12.060, 75.12.070, 7 75.12.160, 77.16.020, 77.16.030, 77.16.040, 77.16.060, and 77.16.240 8 who claimed to be exercising a treaty Indian fishing right, may apply 9 to the sentencing court for vacation of the applicant's record of the 10 misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor, or felony conviction for the offense. 11 12 If the person is deceased, a member of the person's family or an official representative of the tribe of which the person was a member 13 apply to the court on behalf of the deceased person. 14 may Notwithstanding the requirements of RCW 9.94A.640, the court shall 15 16 vacate the record of conviction if:

17 (a) The applicant is a member of a tribe that may exercise treaty18 Indian fishing rights at the location where the offense occurred; and

(b) The state has been enjoined from taking enforcement action of the statute or rule to the extent that it interferes with a treaty Indian fishing right as determined under United States v. Washington, 384 F. Supp. 312 (W.D. Wash. 1974), or Sohappy v. Smith, 302 F. Supp. 899 (D. Oregon 1969), and any posttrial orders of those courts, or any other state supreme court or federal court decision.

25 (5) Every person convicted of a misdemeanor marijuana offense, who was twenty-one years of age or older at the time of the offense, 26 may apply to the sentencing court for a vacation of the applicant's 27 28 record of conviction for the offense. A misdemeanor marijuana offense includes, but is not limited to: Any offense under RCW 69.50.4014, 29 from July 1, 2004, onward, and its predecessor statutes, including 30 31 RCW 69.50.401(e), from March 21, 1979, to July 1, 2004, and RCW 32 69.50.401(d), from May 21, 1971, to March 21, 1979, and any offense 33 under an equivalent municipal ordinance. If an applicant qualifies 34 under this subsection, the court shall vacate the record of conviction. 35

36 (6) <u>A person who is a family member of a homicide victim may</u> 37 <u>apply to the sentencing court on the behalf of the victim for</u> 38 <u>vacation of the victim's record of conviction for prostitution under</u> 39 <u>RCW 9A.88.030. If an applicant qualifies under this subsection, the</u> 40 court shall vacate the victim's record of conviction.

1 (7) (a) Except as provided in (c) of this subsection, once the court vacates a record of conviction under this section, the person 2 shall be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from 3 the offense and the fact that the person has been convicted of the 4 offense shall not be included in the person's criminal history for 5 6 purposes of determining a sentence in any subsequent conviction. For all purposes, including responding to questions on employment or 7 housing applications, a person whose conviction has been vacated 8 under this section may state that he or she has never been convicted 9 of that crime. However, nothing in this section affects the 10 requirements for restoring a right to possess a firearm under RCW 11 12 9.41.040. Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, nothing in this section affects or prevents the use of an offender's prior 13 conviction in a later criminal prosecution. 14

(b) When a court vacates a record of domestic violence as defined 15 in RCW 10.99.020 under this section, the state may not use the 16 vacated conviction in a later criminal prosecution unless the 17 conviction was for: (i) Violating the provisions of a restraining 18 order, no-contact order, or protection order restraining or enjoining 19 the person or restraining the person from going on to the grounds of 20 21 or entering a residence, workplace, school, or day care, or prohibiting the person from knowingly coming within, or knowingly 22 remaining within, a specified distance of a location (RCW 10.99.040, 23 26.09.300, ((<del>26.10.220,</del>)) 26.26B.050, 24 10.99.050, 26.44.063, 25 26.44.150, 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.130, 26.52.070, or 74.34.145); or (ii) stalking (RCW 9A.46.110). A vacated conviction under this 26 section is not considered a conviction of such an offense for the 27 28 purposes of 27 C.F.R. 478.11.

(c) A conviction vacated on or after July 28, 2019, qualifies as a prior conviction for the purpose of charging a present recidivist offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030 occurring on or after July 28, 2019.

33 (((-7))) (8) The clerk of the court in which the vacation order is entered shall immediately transmit the order vacating the conviction 34 to the Washington state patrol identification section and to the 35 local police agency, if any, which holds criminal history information 36 for the person who is the subject of the conviction. The Washington 37 state patrol and any such local police agency shall immediately 38 39 update their records to reflect the vacation of the conviction, and 40 shall transmit the order vacating the conviction to the federal H-1424.1/21 Code Rev/ES:jlb 23

bureau of investigation. A conviction that has been vacated under this section may not be disseminated or disclosed by the state patrol or local law enforcement agency to any person, except other criminal justice enforcement agencies.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 9.96 RCW 6 to read as follows:

7 (1)(a) A victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial 8 sexual abuse of a minor, or sexual assault may apply to the 9 sentencing court or the sentencing court's successor to vacate the 10 applicant's record of conviction for the offense; or

(b) The prosecutor of a county or municipality in which a victim 11 of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a minor, 12 13 or sexual assault was sentenced for a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offense may exercise discretion to apply to the court on 14 15 behalf of the state recommending that the court vacate the victim's 16 record of conviction by submitting the information required in 17 subsection (2) of this section. If the court finds the application meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this section, the court 18 may decide whether to grant the application to vacate the record. 19

20 (2) In order to vacate a record of conviction for a gross 21 misdemeanor or misdemeanor offense committed as a result of being a 22 victim of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a 23 minor, or sexual assault, the applicant must meet the following 24 requirements:

(a) Provide an affidavit, under penalty of perjury, stating the
specific facts and circumstances proving, by a preponderance of
evidence that the offense was committed as a result of being a victim
of sex trafficking, prostitution, commercial sexual abuse of a minor,
or sexual assault;

30 (b) There are no criminal charges against the applicant pending 31 in any court of this state or another state, or in any federal court 32 for any crime other than prostitution;

33 (c) If the offense is a misdemeanor, the offender has not been 34 convicted of a new crime in this state, another state, or federal or 35 tribal court in the three years prior to the vacation application;

36 (d) Except where the conviction to be vacated is for the crime of 37 prostitution, prostitution loitering, or stay out of area of 38 prostitution, provide proof that the crime victim penalty assessment, 39 RCW 7.68.035, has been paid in full;

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1 (e) If applicable, restitution owed to any victim, excluding 2 restitution owed to any insurance provider under Title 48 RCW, has 3 been paid in full.

4 (3) An applicant may not have a record of conviction for a gross 5 misdemeanor or misdemeanor offense vacated if:

6 (a) The offense was any misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor 7 violation, including attempt, of chapter 9.68 RCW (obscenity and 8 pornography), chapter 9.68A RCW (sexual exploitation of children), or 9 chapter 9A.44 RCW (sex offenses), except for failure to register as a 10 sex offender under RCW 9A.44.132;

11 (b) The offense was a conviction as described in RCW 46.61.5055; 12 or

13 (c) The offense was patronizing a prostitute as described in RCW 14 9A.88.110.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. RCW 9.96.070 (Vacating records of 16 conviction—Prostitution offenses) and 2017 c 128 s 2 & 2014 c 109 s 2 17 are each repealed."

18 Correct the title.

EFFECT: Eliminates the provisions allowing a person, or a prosecutor applying on the person's behalf, to apply to vacate a record of conviction for an eligible misdemeanor, gross misdemeanor, or class B or C felony where the underlying offense was committed as a result of the person being a victim of domestic violence.

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