## 1554-S AMH DENT H1624.2

## SHB 1554 - H AMD 280 By Representative Dent

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that even 3 though lead is a widely recognized hazard to human health and to the 4 environment, and leaded motor vehicle gasoline was phased out across 5 the United States decades ago, leaded gasoline remains in widespread 6 7 use at general aviation airports by piston engine noncommercial aircraft. Recent studies have found elevated levels of lead in the 8 9 blood of residents, and particularly worryingly in the blood of children residing in general aviation airport communities, for whom 10 11 lead is especially harmful to their development. There is consensus 12 among the medical and scientific communities that the levels detected 13 in children living around general airports similar to those in Washington are hazardous. The national academies of 14 sciences, engineering, and medicine in 2015 concluded that lead "is a well-15 known air pollutant that can lead to a variety of adverse health 16 17 impacts, including neurological effects in children that lead to behavioral problems, learning deficits, and lowered IQ." 18
  - (2) The United States environmental protection agency has recently taken steps towards making an endangerment finding that may eventually lead, through a complex federal regulatory process involving the United States federal aviation administration, to the elimination of lead from aviation gasoline. That unfolding federal process is too slow to adequately protect those currently living near general aviation airports from the harms of lead.
  - (3) Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to take steps to mitigate public health and environmental concerns caused by the use of leaded gasoline at airports, and to encourage the federal aviation administration to expedite the transition to the use of unleaded aviation gasoline.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 47.68
  RCW to read as follows:
  - (1) The department must carry out an education and outreach campaign targeted to airport operators and pilots of piston-engine aircraft on the topic of lead emissions from piston-engine aircraft and the disposal of fuel samples from sumping aircraft fuel tanks.
  - (2) The department, in coordination with the federal aviation administration and an association representing managers of airports in Washington, must develop a bulletin to send to airport operators. The bulletin must offer best practices to build awareness with airport employees, airport-based pilots, transient pilots, fixed base operators, and other on-airport tenants related to the issue of lead emissions from piston-engine aircraft and the handling of leaded aviation fuel.
  - (3) For purposes of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the department may rely upon primers, guides, tools, and resources developed for airports or aircraft operators under the eliminate aviation gasoline lead emissions initiative.
  - (4) The department must develop and communicate to the federal aviation administration a written recommendation to amend their advisory circular on airport master plans to include evaluation of aircraft runup area locations to limit exposure to the public from piston-engine aircraft, with consideration of the 2021 consensus study report from the national academies of sciences, engineering, and medicine entitled "Options for Removing Lead Emissions from Piston-Engine Aircraft."
  - (5) (a) The department must submit a formal request to the federal aviation administration for the prioritization of efforts to accelerate the work of the initiative to eliminate aviation gasoline lead emissions as part of the federal aviation administration's request in the congressional reauthorization act process pertaining to the federal aviation administration.
  - (b) The department must cooperate with and participate in aviation trade associations, including trade associations for state aviation officials and airport executive associations, for the purpose of advocating for the acceleration of the initiative to eliminate aviation gasoline lead emissions as part of those organizations' respective legislative priorities for congressional reauthorization acts pertaining to the federal aviation administration.

(6) The department, in consultation with representatives of airport operators, fixed-base operators, and at least one national association representing general aviation pilots, one national association representing business aviation, and the Washington aviation and aerospace advisory committee must submit recommendations to the appropriate committees of the legislature by December 8, 2023, on:

- (a) Financial incentives including, but not limited to, grants, taxes, aircraft registration fees, other fees, and leasehold excise tax reductions, to be provided by the state for leaded aviation fuel reduction; and
- (b) Management strategies for airport operators and fixed-base operators, limited fixed-base operators, and businesses operating piston-engine aircraft to pursue programs and projects to acquire equipment, build facilities, or implement operational programs with the goal of reducing emissions from piston-engine aircraft that use leaded aviation fuels.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 43.70 RCW to read as follows:

The department must update its blood lead testing guidance for health care providers related to children living near airports at which aviation gasoline is used. The update must include children at risk of lead exposure due to airport operations among the high-risk populations broadly recommended for a blood lead test, without respect to the clinical judgment of the health care provider. For purposes of determining which children are at highest risk of lead exposure due to airport operations, the department must consider including children living, attending day care, preschool, or school within one kilometer of a general aviation airport, among other populations. The department must conduct outreach with and provide information to health care providers about the guidance.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of Code Rev/ML:akl

  3 H-1624.2/23 2nd draft

- 1 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes
- 2 effect immediately."
- 3 Correct the title.

EFFECT: Eliminates the directive to the department of transportation to develop lead exposure minimization guidance, for airport operators to implement plans based on that guidance, and for the department of ecology to approve and enforce airport plans. Directs the department of transportation to develop a lead emissions education and outreach campaign for airport operators and pilots, a lead emissions bulletin to send to airport operators, and to take actions to coordinate with and request action from the federal aviation administration with respect to eliminating leaded aviation gasoline. Directs the department of transportation to submit a report to the legislature in December 2023 on financial incentives and management strategies related to reducing lead emissions and reducing use of leaded aviation gas.

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