## 1167-S2 AMH DUER H1594.2

8

9

10

11

19

2021

2223

24

2526

27

## <u>2SHB 1167</u> - H AMD **216**By Representative Duerr

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
- 5 (1) The department shall develop and administer a grant program 6 to provide direct financial assistance to counties and cities for the 7 adoption of preapproved accessory dwelling unit plans.
  - (2) When a preapproved plan is submitted to a county or city during the process of seeking permit approval for the development of an accessory dwelling unit, the county's or city's review of the preapproved plan may not be more than administrative.
- 12 (3) For the purpose of this section, "preapproved accessory dwelling unit plans" means a selection of architectural plans for accessory dwelling units that have been reviewed by county or city code officials and approved for compliance with applicable building codes within the county or city.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 19.27
  RCW to read as follows:
  - (1) (a) The state building code council shall convene a work group for the purpose of simplifying the production of middle housing by recommending a mechanism in the international residential code that adopts by reference the provisions for multiplex housing in the international building code. The mechanism must include those sections from the international building code necessary to ensure public health, safety, and general welfare in multiplex housing, and may not reduce any requirements for multiplex housing contained in the international building code.
- 28 (b) The work group shall provide its recommendations to the 29 council in time for the council to adopt or amend rules or codes as 30 necessary for implementation in the 2024 international residential 31 code. The council shall take action to adopt additions and amendments

to rules or codes as necessary to apply the new reference mechanism in the international residential code to multiplex housing by July 1, 2026.

4

5

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

1516

24

25

2627

28

29

30 31

32

33

34

- (c) For purposes of this subsection, "multiplex housing" means a building with at least three but no more than six dwelling units in a single structure with common walls and floors and a functional primary street entrance, with no more than three stories above grade plane.
- (2) (a) The state building code council shall convene a work group for the purpose of recommending modifications and limitations to the international building code that would allow a single exit stairway to serve multifamily residential structures up to six stories above grade plane. The recommendations must include considerations for water supply, the presence of a professional fire department, and any other provisions necessary to ensure public health, safety, and general welfare.
- 17 (b) The work group shall provide its recommendations to the 18 council in time for the council to adopt or amend rules or codes as 19 necessary for implementation in the 2024 international building code. 20 The council shall take action to adopt additions and amendments to 21 rules or codes as necessary by July 1, 2026.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:
  - (1) Cities planning under RCW 36.70A.040 must adopt or amend by ordinance and incorporate into their development regulations, zoning regulations, and other official controls the requirements of subsection (3) of this section, to take effect six months after the jurisdiction's next periodic comprehensive plan update required under RCW 36.70A.130, within urban growth areas designated according to RCW 36.70A.110.
    - (2) The requirements of subsection (3) of this section:
  - (a) Apply and take effect in any city that has not adopted or amended ordinances, regulations, or other official controls as required under this section; and
- 35 (b) Supersede, preempt, and invalidate any local development 36 regulations that conflict with this section.
- 37 (3) Within residential zones that allow for middle housing,
  38 cities shall not require through development regulations any
  39 standards for middle housing that are more restrictive than those
  Code Rev/MFW:eab

  2 H-1594.2/23 2nd draft

- 1 required for detached single-family residences, unless otherwise required by state law including, but not limited to, shoreline 2 regulations under chapter 90.58 RCW, building codes under chapter 3 19.27 RCW, energy codes under chapter 19.27A RCW, electrical codes 4 under chapter 19.28 RCW, or critical areas protection, but may apply 5 6 any objective development regulations that are required for detached single-family residences, including setback and tree canopy and 7 retention requirements. 8
  - (4) Beginning July 1, 2026, cities may not require more than a single stairway in residential buildings of six or fewer stories if the conditions in the international building code are met.
    - (5) For the purposes of this section:

10 11

12

13

14

1516

17

18

19

2021

22

23

2425

26

- (a) "Cottage housing" means residential units on a lot with a common open space that either: (i) Is owned in common; or (ii) has units owned as condominium units with property owned in common and a minimum of 20 percent of the lot size as open space.
- (b) "Courtyard apartments" means up to four attached dwelling units arranged on two or three sides of a yard or court.
- (c) "Middle housing" means buildings that are compatible in scale, form, and character with single-family homes and contain two or more attached, stacked, or clustered homes, duplexes, triplexes, fourplexes, fiveplexes, sixplexes, cottage housing, stacked flats, townhouses, or courtyard apartments.
- (d) "Stacked flat" means dwelling units in a residential building of no more than three stories on a residential zoned lot in which each floor may be separately rented or owned.
- (e) "Townhouses" means buildings that contain three or more attached single-family dwelling units that extend from foundation to roof and that have a yard or public way on not less than two sides.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 36.70A RCW to read as follows:

All cities and counties may adopt development regulations that 32 create a simple, low cost, expedited permit process for development 33 of single-family, duplex, triplex, or accessory dwelling housing 34 units with less than 1,801 square feet per unit for property situated 35 within cities or urban growth areas in locations designated for 36 residential housing. This process should make it easy for 37 applicant to submit and receive approval for all permits required to 38 build housing units. The expedited process should lower costs and 39

- 1 simplify the building of housing units tailored to be priced for extremely low-income, low-income, or moderate-income households. 2
  - **Sec. 5.** RCW 36.70B.020 and 1995 c 347 s 402 are each amended to read as follows:

4 5

6 7

8

9

10 11

12

13

14 15

16

17

18

19 20

21 22

23 24

25

26 27

28

29 30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.

- (1) "Closed record appeal" means an administrative appeal on the record to a local government body or officer, including the legislative body, following an open record hearing on a project permit application when the appeal is on the record with no or limited new evidence or information allowed to be submitted and only appeal argument allowed.
  - (2) "Local government" means a county, city, or town.
- (3) "Open record hearing" means a hearing, conducted by a single hearing body or officer authorized by the local government to conduct such hearings, that creates the local government's record through testimony and submission of evidence and information, under procedures prescribed by the local government by ordinance or resolution. An open record hearing may be held prior to a local government's decision on a project permit to be known as an "open record predecision hearing." An open record hearing may be held on an appeal, to be known as an "open record appeal hearing," if no open record predecision hearing has been held on the project permit.
- (4) "Project permit" or "project permit application" means any land use or environmental permit or license required from a local government for a project action, including but not limited to building permits, subdivisions, binding site plans, planned unit developments, conditional uses, shoreline substantial development permits, site plan review, permits or approvals required by critical area ordinances, site-specific rezones authorized by a comprehensive plan or subarea plan, but excluding the adoption or amendment of a comprehensive plan, subarea plan, or development regulations except as otherwise specifically included in this subsection.
- (5) "Public meeting" means an informal meeting, hearing, workshop, or other public gathering of people to obtain comments from the public or other agencies on a proposed project permit prior to the local government's decision. A public meeting may include, but is not limited to, ((a design review or)) an architectural control board meeting, a special review district or community council meeting, or a

- 1 scoping meeting on a draft environmental impact statement. A public
- 2 meeting does not include an open record hearing. The proceedings at a
- 3 public meeting may be recorded and a report or recommendation may be
- 4 included in the local government's project permit application file.

- **Sec. 6.** RCW 36.70B.120 and 1995 c 347 s 416 are each amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Each local government planning under RCW 36.70A.040 shall establish a permit review process that provides for the integrated and consolidated review and decision on two or more project permits relating to a proposed project action, including a single application review and approval process covering all project permits requested by an applicant for all or part of a project action and a designated permit coordinator. If an applicant elects the consolidated permit review process, the determination of completeness, notice of application, and notice of final decision must include all project permits being reviewed through the consolidated permit review process.
  - (2) Consolidated permit review may provide different procedures for different categories of project permits, but if a project action requires project permits from more than one category, the local government shall provide for consolidated permit review with a single open record hearing and no more than one closed record appeal as provided in RCW 36.70B.060. Each local government shall determine which project permits are subject to an open record hearing and a closed record appeal. Examples of categories of project permits include but are not limited to:
  - (a) Proposals that are categorically exempt from chapter 43.21C RCW, such as construction permits, that do not require environmental review or public notice;
- 30 (b) Permits that require environmental review, but no open record 31 predecision hearing; and
  - (c) Permits that require a threshold determination and an open record predecision hearing and may provide for a closed record appeal to a hearing body or officer or to the local government legislative body.
- 36 (3) A local government may provide by ordinance or resolution for 37 the same or a different decision maker or hearing body or officer for 38 different categories of project permits. In the case of consolidated 39 project permit review, the local government shall specify which Code Rev/MFW:eab 5 H-1594.2/23 2nd draft

- 1 decision makers shall make the decision or recommendation, conduct the hearing, or decide the appeal to ensure that consolidated permit 2 3 review occurs as provided in this section. The consolidated permit review may combine an open record predecision hearing on one or more 4 permits with an open record appeal hearing on other permits. In such 5 6 cases, the local government by ordinance or resolution shall specify 7 which project permits, if any, shall be subject to a closed record 8 appeal.
- 9 (4) (a) When reviewing a housing development permit application, a
  10 local government planning under RCW 36.70A.040 may only require
  11 administrative design review to determine compliance with any
  12 applicable design standards.
  - (b) For the purposes of this subsection (4):
  - (i) "Administrative design review" means a development permit process whereby an application is reviewed, approved, or denied by the planning director or the planning director's designee based solely on objective design and development standards without a public meeting or hearing, unless such review is otherwise required by state or federal law, or the structure is a designated landmark or historic district established under a local preservation ordinance.
  - (ii) "Housing development" means a proposed or existing structure that is used as a home, residence, or place to sleep by one or more persons including, but not limited to, single-family residences, manufactured homes, multifamily housing, group homes, and foster care facilities.
- 26 (5) A local government planning under RCW 36.70A.040 must comply
  27 with the requirements of subsection (4) of this section beginning six
  28 months after its next periodic comprehensive plan update required
  29 under RCW 36.70A.130.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. The office of regulatory innovation and 30 31 assistance shall contract with a qualified external consultant or 32 entity to develop a standard plan set demonstrating a prescriptive compliance pathway that will meet or exceed all energy code 33 regulations for residential housing in the state subject to the 34 international residential code. The standard plan set may be used, 35 but is not required, by local governments and building industries. In 36 developing the standard plan set, the consultant shall, at a minimum, 37 38 seek feedback from cities, counties, building industries, and

14

15

1617

18 19

2021

2223

2425

- 1 building officials. The standard plan set must be completed by June
- 2 30, 2024.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** If specific funding for the purposes of
- 4 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not
- 5 provided by June 30, 2023, in the omnibus appropriations act, this
- 6 act is null and void."
- 7 Correct the title.
  - $\underline{\text{EFFECT:}}$  (1) Removes the requirement for counties to adopt regulations for middle housing.
  - (2) Clarifies the date by which cities must adopt the required regulations for middle housing as six months after a jurisdiction's next comprehensive plan update.
    - (3) Removes the term and definition of "community core location."
  - (4) Specifies that all cities and counties may adopt regulations that create a simple, low-cost, expedited permit process for development of single-family, duplex, triplex, or accessory dwelling housing units with less than 1,801 square feet per unit in locations within an urban growth area designated for residential housing.
  - (5) Requires a city or county to conduct any design review of housing development permit applications administratively, beginning six months after the jurisdiction's next comprehensive plan update. Defines "administrative design review" as a review by a planning director or a designee, based solely on objective design and development standards without a public meeting or hearing, unless such review is required by state or federal law or the structure is a designated landmark or historic district established under a local preservation ordinance.
  - (6) Removes the categorical exemption under the state environmental policy act for infill development within a quarter mile of a community core location.

--- END ---