1	S.307
2	Introduced by Senators Hooker and Pollina
3	Referred to Committee on Government Operations
4	Date: January 16, 2020
5	Subject: Executive; State Employees Labor Relations Act; Judiciary
6	Employees Labor Relations Act; binding arbitration
7	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to provide that a
8	bargaining impasse between the Vermont Judiciary or the Vermont State
9	Colleges and the representative of a collective bargaining unit may be resolved
10	through binding arbitration upon the request of either party.
11 12	An act relating to hinding interest arbitration for employees of the Vermont Indicion; and the Vermont State Colleges. An act relating to binding interest arbitration for employees of the Vermont Judiciary
13	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
14	Sec. 1. 3 V S A § 925 is amended to read:
15	§ 925. MEDIATION; FACT FINDING
16	* * *
17	(i)(1) In the case of the Vermont State Colleges or the University of
18	Vermont, if the dispute remains unresolved 20 days after transmittal of
19	findings and recommendations to the parties or within a time frame mutually
20	agreed upon by the parties that may be not more than an additional 30 days,

issues to the Board. Each party's last best offer shall be filed with the Board under scal and shall be unsealed and placed in the public record only when both parties last best offers are filed with the Board. The Board shall hold one or more hearings. Within 30 days of the certifications, the Board shall select between the last best offers of the parties, considered in their entirety without amendment.

(2) In the case of the State of Vermont of, the Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs, or the Vermont State Colleges, if the dispute remains unresolved 20 days after transmittal of findings and recommendations to the parties or within a time frame mutually agreed upon by the parties that may be not more than an additional 30 days, each party shall submit as a single package its last best offer on all disputed issues to the Board, or upon the request of either party, to an arbitrator mutually agreed upon by the parties. If the parties cannot agree on an arbitrator, the American Arbitration Association shall appoint a neutral third party to act as arbitrator. Each party's last best offer shall be filed with the Board or the arbitrator under seal and Shall be unsealed and placed in the public record only when both parties' last best offers are filed with the Board or the arbitrator. The Board or the arbitraton shall incid one or more incarings. Within 30 days of the certifications, the

1	December of the contribution of all reduces the first first free of the most inc
2	considered in their entirety without amendment.
3	(j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (i) of this section:
4	(1) In the case of the Vermont State Colleges or the University of
5	Vermont, should the Board find the last best offers of both parties
6	unreasonable and likely to produce undesirable results, or likely to result in a
7	long-lasting negative impact upon the parties' collective bargaining
8	relationship, then the Board may select the recommendation of the fact finder
9	under subsection (g) of this section as to those disputed issues submitted to the
10	Board in the last best offers.
11	(2) In the case of the State of Vermon or, the Department of State's
12	Attorneys and Sheriffs, or the Vermont State Coheges, should the Board or the
13	arbitrator find the last best offers of both parties unreasonable and likely to
14	produce undesirable results, or likely to result in a long-lasting negative impact
15	upon the parties' collective bargaining relationship, then the Board or the
16	arbitrator may select the recommendation of the fact finder under subsection
17	(g) of this section as to those disputed issues submitted to the Board or the
18	arbitrator in the last best offers.
19	(k)(1)(A) In the case of the University of Vermont or the Vermont State
20	Colleges, the decision of the Board shall be final and binding on each party.

1	(R) In the case of the Vermont State Colleges, the decision of the
2	Board or the arbitrator shall be final and binding on each party.
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	Sec. 1. [Deleted.]
4	Sec. 2. 3 V.S.A. § 1018 is amended to read:
5	§ 1018. MEDIATION; FACT-FINDING; LAST BEST OFFER
6	* * *
7	(i)(1) If the dispute remains unresolved $15 \underline{20}$ days after transmittal of
8	findings and recommendations or within a period of time mutually agreed
9	upon by the parties that may be not more than an additional 30 days, each
10	party shall submit to the Board or, upon the request of either party, to an
11	arbitrator mutually agreed upon by the parties its last best offer on all disputed
12	issues as a single package. If the parties cannot agree on an arbitrator, the
13	American Arbitration Association shall appoint a neutral third party to act as
14	arbitrator.
15	(2) Each party's last best offer shall be:
16	(A) filed with the Board or the arbitrator under seal;
17	(B) certified to the Board or the arbitrator by the fact finder; and
18	(C) unsealed and placed in the public record only when both parties'
19	last best offers are filed with the Board or the arbitrator.
20	(3) The Board may or the arbitrator shall hold one or more hearings and
21	consider the recommendations of the fact finder.

1	(4)(A) Within 30 days of the certifications, the Board or the arbitrator
2	shall select between the last best offers of the parties, considered in their
3	entirety without amendment, and shall determine its cost.
4	(B) If the Board or the arbitrator finds that the last best offers of both
5	parties are unreasonable and likely to produce undesirable results or likely to
6	result in a long-lasting negative impact upon the parties' collective bargaining
7	relationship, then the Board or the arbitrator may select the recommendation of
8	the fact finder under subsection (g) of this section as to those disputed issues
9	submitted to the Board or the arbitrator in the last best offers.
10	(5) The Board or the arbitrator shall not issue an order under this
11	subsection that is in conflict with any law or rule or that relates to an issue that
12	is not bargainable.
13	(6) The decision of the Board or the arbitrator shall be final and binding
14	on the parties.
15	Sec. 3. 3 V.S.A. § 1019 is amended to read:
16	§ 1019. MEDIATION-ARBITRATION
17	(a) Notwithstanding section 1018 of this title or any other law, the parties
18	may agree in advance to a mediation and arbitration procedure.
19	(b) The parties may jointly select a mediator. If they are unable to agree,
20	either party may petition the Board to appoint a mediator who shall be a
21	person of high standing and in no way actively connected with labor or

1 management. The mediator may not be a person who has served as a mediator 2 at an earlier stage of the same proceedings. 3 (c) The mediator shall encourage the parties to reach a voluntary settlement 4 of the dispute, but may, after a reasonable period of mediation, as determined 5 by the mediator, certify to the Board that the impasse continues and end 6 mediation efforts. 7 (d) If the impasse remains unresolved for 15 days after the mediator's 8 certification to the Board, either party may petition the Board to appoint an 9 arbitrator who has been mutually agreed upon by the parties. If the parties fail 10 to agree on an arbitrator within five days, the Board shall appoint an arbitrator 11 who shall be a person of high standing and not actively connected with labor 12 or management. 13 (e) A hearing before an arbitrator shall be informal and the Rules of 14 Evidence for judicial proceedings shall not be binding. The arbitrator may 15 consider any relevant evidence. The arbitrator may administer oaths and may 16 issue subpoenas to persons and documents and other evidence relating to the 17 issues presented. 18 (f) In reaching a decision, the arbitrator shall consider the factors in 19 subsection 1018(f) of this title. 20 (g) The arbitrator shall submit a report, including its costs, to the parties 21

and to the Board no later than 30 days after the termination of the hearing,

unless the time is extended by agreement of both parties. The determination
by the arbitrator on all issues shall be final and binding on the parties and shall
not be appealable to the Board or to any other judicial or administrative quasi-
judicial challenge, except as follows:
(1) A party may request the arbitrator to modify an award if the request
is made within 30 days after delivery of the award to the applicant. An
arbitrator may modify an award if the arbitrator finds one of the following:
(A) There was an evident miscalculation of figures or an evident
mistake in the description of any person, thing or property referred to in the
award.
(B) The award was based on a matter not submitted and the award
may be corrected without affecting the merits of the decision upon the issues
submitted.
(C) The award is imperfect in a matter of form that does not affect
the merits of the controversy.
(2) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, upon application of a party,
a Superior Court shall vacate an arbitration award based on one of the
following:
(A) The award was procured by corruption, fraud, or other undue
means.

1	(B) There was evident partiality or prejudicial misconduct by the
2	arbitrator.
3	(C) The arbitrator exceeded his or her power or rendered an award
4	requiring a person to commit an act or engage in conduct prohibited by law.
5	(D) There is insufficient evidence on the record to support the award.
6	(3) An application to the Superior Court for review pursuant to
7	subdivision (2) of this subsection shall be made within 30 days after delivery
8	of a copy of the award to the applicant, except that in case of a claim of
9	corruption, fraud or other undue means, in which case the petition shall be
10	made within 30 days after such grounds are known or should have been
11	known. [Repealed.]
12	Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE
	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2020 2021.
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