#### S.136

An act relating to reducing the drop-out rate in Vermont secondary schools to zero by the year 2020

The House proposes to the Senate to amend the bill by striking all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

\* \* \* Policy \* \* \*

# Sec. 1. ONE HUNDRED PERCENT BY 2020 INITIATIVE; POLICY

It is a priority of the general assembly and the department of education to take all necessary measures to increase the Vermont secondary school completion rate to 100 percent by the year 2020.

\* \* \* Early Identification of Students Who Require Additional Assistance to

Successfully Complete Secondary School \* \* \*

Sec. 2. 16 V.S.A. chapter 99 is amended to read:

# CHAPTER 99. GENERAL POLICY

# § 2901. SUCCESS FOR ALL STUDENTS IN THE GENERAL

# **EDUCATION ENVIRONMENT**

(a) It is the policy of the state that each local school district develop and maintain, in consultation with parents, a comprehensive system of education that will result, to the extent appropriate, in all students succeeding in the general education environment. A comprehensive system of education includes a full range of services and accommodations which that are needed by

students in the district. These services could include a separate alternative program if the district finds that some of its students could be better served in an environment outside the classroom, or if the district finds that separate placement is the best way to provide services to a student who is disrupting the class or having difficulty learning in a traditional school setting for educational, emotional, or personal reasons and thereby impairing the ability of the classroom teacher to provide quality services to that student or to the other pupils students. This chapter does not replace or expand entitlements created by federal law, nor is it the intent of this chapter to create a higher standard for maintaining a student in the general classroom than the standard created in the following federal laws: 20 U.S.C. § 1401 et seq., Individuals with Disabilities Act; 29 U.S.C. § 794, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act; and 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq., Americans with Disabilities Act.

- (b) [Repealed.]
- (c) No individual entitlement or private right of action is created by this section.

# § 2902. EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT SYSTEM AND EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT TEAM

(a) Within each school district's comprehensive system of educational services, each public school shall develop and maintain an educational support system for <u>children students</u> who require additional assistance in order to

succeed or <u>to</u> be challenged in the general education environment. For each school it maintains, a school district board shall assign responsibility for developing and maintaining the educational support system <u>either</u> to the superintendent pursuant to a contract entered into under section 267 of this title, or to the principal. The educational support system shall, at a minimum, include an educational support team and a range of support and remedial services, including instructional and behavioral interventions and accommodations.

- (b) The educational support system shall:
- (1) Be integrated to the extent appropriate with the general education curriculum.
- (2) Be designed to increase the ability of the general education system to meet the needs of all students.
- (3) Be designed to provide students the support needed regardless of eligibility for categorical programs.
- (4) Provide clear procedures and methods for handling a student who addressing student behavior that is disruptive to the learning environment and shall include provision of educational options, support services, and consultation or training for staff where appropriate. Procedures may include provision for removal of the a student from the classroom or the school building for as long as appropriate, consistent with state and federal law and

the school's policy on student discipline, and after reasonable effort has been made to support the student in the regular classroom environment.

- (5) Ensure collaboration with families, community supports, and the system of health and human services.
- (c) Each educational support system shall include an The educational support team which for each public school in the district shall be composed of staff from a variety of teaching and support positions and shall:
- (1) Provide a procedure for timely referral for evaluation for special education eligibility when warranted Determine which enrolled students require additional assistance to be successful in school or to complete secondary school based on indicators set forth in guidelines developed by the commissioner, such as academic progress, attendance, behavior, or poverty. The educational support team shall pay particular attention to students during times of academic or personal transition.
- (2) Be composed of staff from a variety of teaching and support services positions Identify the classroom accommodations, remedial services, and other supports that have been provided to the identified student.
- (3) Screen referrals to determine what classroom accommodations and, remedial services have been tried.

- (4) Assist teachers in planning and providing to plan for and provide services and accommodations to students in need of classroom supports or enrichment activities.
- (4) Develop an individualized strategy, in collaboration with the student's parents or legal guardian whenever possible, to assist the identified student to succeed in school and to complete his or her secondary education.
  - (5) Maintain a written record of its actions.
- (6) Report no less than annually to the commissioner, in a form the commissioner prescribes, on the ways in which the educational support system has addressed the needs of students who require additional assistance in order to succeed in school or to complete secondary school and on the additional financial costs of complying with this subsection (c).
- (d) No individual entitlement or private right of action is created by this section.
- (e) The commissioner shall establish guidelines for teachers and administrators in following federal laws relating to provision of services for children with disabilities and the implementation of this section.
- (f) It is the intent of the general assembly that a gifted and talented student shall be able to take advantage of services that an educational support team can provide. It is not the intent of the general assembly that funding under chapter 101 of this title shall be available for a gifted and talented student unless the

student has been otherwise determined to be a student for whom funding under that chapter is available.

# § 2903. PREVENTING EARLY SCHOOL FAILURE; READING INSTRUCTION

- (a) Statement of policy. The ability to read is critical to success in learning. Children who fail to read by the end of the first grade will likely fall further behind in school. The personal and economic costs of reading failure are enormous both while the student remains in school and long afterward. All students need to receive systematic reading instruction in the early grades from a teacher who is skilled in teaching reading through a variety of instructional strategies that take into account the different learning styles and language backgrounds of the students. Some students may require intensive supplemental instruction tailored to the unique difficulties encountered.
- (b) Foundation for literacy. The state board of education, in collaboration with the agency of human services, higher education, literacy organizations, and others, shall develop a plan for establishing a comprehensive system of services for early education in the first three grades to ensure that all students learn to read by the end of the third grade. The plan shall be submitted to the general assembly by January 15, 1998 and shall be updated at least once every five years following its initial submission in 1998.

- (c) Reading instruction. A public school which that offers instruction in grades one, two, or three shall provide highly effective, research-based reading instruction to all students. In addition, for a school shall provide:
- (1) Supplemental reading instruction to any enrolled student in grade four whose reading performance falls below the level expected in order to achieve third grade reading proficiency falls below third grade reading expectations, as defined under subdivision 164(9) of this title, the school shall work to improve the student's reading skills by providing additional research-based reading instruction to the student, and by providing support.
- (2) Supplemental reading instruction to any enrolled student in grades 5–12 whose reading proficiency creates a barrier to the student's success in school.
- (3) Support and information to parents and other family members <u>legal</u> <u>guardians</u>.

# § 2904. REPORTS

Annually, each superintendent shall report to the commissioner in a form prescribed by the commissioner, on the status of the educational support systems in each school in the supervisory union. The report shall describe the services and supports that are a part of the education support system, how they are funded, and how building the capacity of the educational support system has been addressed in the school action plans, and shall be in addition to the

report required of the educational support team in subdivision 2902(c)(6) of this chapter. The superintendent's report shall include a description and justification of how funds received due to Medicaid reimbursement under section 2959a of this title were used.

\* \* \* High School Completion Program \* \* \*

Sec. 3. 16 V.S.A. § 1049a is amended to read:

# § 1049a. HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION PROGRAM

- (a) In this section:
- (1) "Graduation education plan" means a written plan leading to a high school diploma for a person who is 16 to 22 years of age, and has not received a high school diploma, and is not who may or may not be enrolled in a public or approved independent school. The plan shall define the scope and rigor of services necessary for the student to attain a high school diploma, and may describe educational services to be provided by a public high school, an approved independent high school, an approved provider, or a combination of these.
- (2) "Approved provider" means an agency entity approved by the commissioner to provide educational services which may be counted for credit toward a high school diploma.

- (3) "Contracting agency" means an agency that has entered into a contract with the department of education to provide adult education services in Vermont.
- (b) The commissioner shall assign If a student person who wishes to work on a graduation education plan is not enrolled in a public or approved independent school, then the commissioner shall assign the prospective student to a high school district, which shall be the district of residence whenever possible. Upon assignment, the The school district in which a student is enrolled or to which an non-enrolled student is assigned shall work with an agency which has entered into contract with the department of education to provide adult education services in Vermont the contracting agency and the student to develop a graduation education plan. The school district shall award a high school diploma upon successful completion of the plan.
- (c) The commissioner shall reimburse, and net cash payments where possible, a town school district, city school district, union school district, union school district, unified union school district, incorporated school district, or member school district of an interstate school district which that has agreed to a graduation education plan in an amount:
- (1) established by the commissioner for development of the graduation education plan and for other educational services typically provided by the <a href="mailto:assigned">assigned</a> district or an approved independent school pursuant to the plan, such

as counseling, health services, participation in eo-curricular cocurricular activities, and participation in academic or other courses, provided this amount shall not be available to a district that provides services under this section to an enrolled student; and

- (2) negotiated by the commissioner and the <u>contracting</u> agency <del>which</del> has entered into contract with the department of education to provide adult education services in Vermont, with the approved provider, for services and outcomes purchased from the approved provider on behalf of the student pursuant to the graduation education plan.
- (d) On or before January 30 of each year, beginning in 2008, the commissioner shall report to the senate and house committees on education on the number of students participating in a graduation education plan, the number completing a plan, and the amount paid. The commissioner shall present the information <u>organized</u> by school district, approved independent school, and approved provider.
- Sec. 4. HIGH SCHOOL COMPLETION PROGRAM; GRADUATION EDUCATION PLAN; GUIDELINES
- (a) The graduation education plan for each 16- and 17-year-old student shall include services relevant to the student's goals, such as:
  - (1) Career exploration.
  - (2) Workforce training.

- (3) Workplace readiness training.
- (4) Preparation for postsecondary training or education and transitioning assistance.
- (b) The graduation education plan for each student who is 18 years of age or older should include services relevant to the student's goals, such as those listed in subsection (a) of this section.
- (c) The commissioner shall develop and publish guidelines to assist in the implementation of this section.
  - \* \* \* Commissioner of Education \* \* \*

#### Sec. 5. MEASURING SECONDARY SCHOOL COMPLETION RATES

- (a) On or before December 31, 2009, the commissioner of education shall develop an accurate, uniform, and reliable method for defining and measuring secondary school completion rates on a school-by-school basis, including appropriate cohort identification, and shall set benchmarks for assessing individual school performance relative to the goal of increasing the secondary school completion rate to 100 percent by the year 2020.
- (b) On or before January 15 of each year through January 2020, the commissioner shall report to the senate and house committees on education regarding the state's progress in achieving the goal of a 100 percent secondary school completion rate. At the time of the report, the commissioner shall also

recommend other initiatives, if any, to improve both graduation rates and secondary school success for all Vermont students.

- (c) Annually through 2020, each school district operating one or more secondary schools shall report to the taxpayers at the time school budgets are presented for approval regarding the district's progress in achieving the goal of a 100 percent secondary school completion rate.
- Sec. 6. FLEXIBLE PATHWAYS TO GRADUATION

  On or before January 15, 2010,
- (1) The commissioner of education shall evaluate the prevalence and efficacy of flexible practices and programs currently used by Vermont schools to identify and support students who require additional assistance or alternative methods to be successful in school or to complete secondary school and shall identify schools that need assistance to begin or enhance their practices.
- (2) The commissioner of education shall develop and publish guidelines to assist school districts to identify and support elementary and secondary students who require additional assistance to succeed in school or who would benefit from flexible pathways to graduation. Such guidelines may include strategies such as:
- (A) Targeted assistance, including individual tutoring,
  evidence-based literacy instruction, alternative and extended scheduling, and

opportunities to earn necessary credits necessary to obtain a high school diploma.

- (B) Flexible programs designed to provide each student identified under 16 V.S.A. § 2902(c) in Sec. 2 of this act with the supports and accommodations necessary to succeed in school and to complete secondary school with the education and skills critical for success after graduation.

  Examples of flexible program components include:
- (i) The assignment of one or more adults from within the school community to provide continuity to the student.
- (ii) The development of a personalized education plan or strategy

  by the student, the assigned adult or adults or another representative of the

  district, and the student's parents or legal guardian.
- (iii) The opportunity to acquire knowledge and skills through applied or work-based learning opportunities.
- (iv) The opportunity to participate in dual enrollment courses with tutorial support provided as needed.
- (v) Assessments that allow the student to demonstrate proficiency by applying his or her knowledge and skills to tasks that are of interest to that student.
- (3) The commissioner of education shall report to the senate and house committees on education regarding implementation of this section and

recommend additional legislation, if any, necessary to ensure effective implementation by all school districts in Vermont.

\* \* \* Truancy \* \* \*

# Sec. 7. TRUANCY

- (a) On or before September 30, 2009, and in consultation and coordination with the executive director of the department of state's attorneys and sheriffs, interested judges of the Vermont district courts, and school district personnel, the commissioner of education shall develop and publish on the department of education's website comprehensive model truancy protocols consistent with the provisions of 16 V.S.A. chapter 25, subchapter 3, that confront truancy on a statewide, countywide, and supervisory unionwide basis and include the post-complaint involvement of both state's attorneys and the court system under 16 V.S.A. § 1127.
- (b) On or before December 15, 2009, the commissioner shall propose to the house and senate committees on education any legislative amendments or additions necessary to implement the purposes of this section.
- (c) The commissioner shall ensure that, on or before July 1, 2010, the supervisory unions in each county adopt truancy policies that are consistent with and carry forward the purposes of this section.

- (d) On or before January 15, 2011, the commissioner shall report to the house and senate committees on education regarding implementation of this section.
- Sec. 8. 16 V.S.A. § 261a is amended to read:
- § 261a. DUTIES OF SUPERVISORY UNION BOARD

The board of each supervisory union shall:

\* \* \*

- (11) on or before June 30 of each year, adopt a budget for the ensuing school year; and
- (12) adopt supervisory unionwide truancy policies consistent with the model protocols developed by the commissioner.
  - \* \* \* Teen Parent Education Programs \* \* \*
- Sec. 9. 16 V.S.A. § 11(a)(28)(C) is amended to read:
- (C) a pregnant or postpartum pupil attending school at an approved education program in a residential facility or outside the school district of residence pursuant to subsection 1073(b) of this title.
- Sec. 10. 16 V.S.A. § 11(a)(33), (34), and (35) are added to read:
- (33)(A) "Pregnant or parenting pupil" means a legal pupil of any age who is not a high school graduate and who:
  - (i) is pregnant; or

- (ii) has given birth, has placed a child for adoption, or has experienced a miscarriage, if any of these has occurred within one year before the public or approved independent school or the approved education program receives a request for enrollment or attendance; or
  - (iii) is the parent of a child.
- (B) "Pregnant or parenting pupil" does not include a person whose parental rights have been terminated, except if the pupil has placed the child for adoption or has voluntarily relinquished parental rights, within one year before the public or approved independent school or the approved education program receives a request for enrollment or attendance.
- (34) "Approved education program" means a program that is evaluated and approved by the state board pursuant to written standards, that is neither an approved independent school nor a public school, and that provides educational services to one or more pupils in collaboration with the pupil's or pupils' school district of residence. An "approved education program" includes an "approved teen parent education program."
- (35) "Teen parent education program" means a program designed to provide educational and other services to pregnant pupils or parenting pupils or both.

Sec. 11. 16 V.S.A. § 828 is amended to read:

§ 828. TUITION TO APPROVED SCHOOLS, AGE, APPEAL

A school district shall not pay the tuition of a pupil except to a public of school, an approved independent school of, an independent school meeting school quality standards, a tutorial program approved by the state board, an approved education program, or an independent school in another state or country approved under the laws of that state or country, nor shall payment of tuition on behalf of a person be denied on account of age. Unless otherwise provided, a person who is aggrieved by a decision of a school board relating to eligibility for tuition payments, the amount of tuition payable, or the school he or she may attend, may appeal to the state board and its decision shall be final.

Sec. 12. 16 V.S.A. § 1073(b) is amended to read:

# (b) Access to school.

- (1) Right to a public education. No legal pupil attending school at public expense, including a married, pregnant, or postpartum parenting pupil, shall be deprived of or denied the opportunity to participate in or complete an elementary and secondary a public school education.
- (2) Right to enroll in a public or independent school. Notwithstanding the provisions of sections 822 and 1075 of this title, for reasons related to the pregnancy or birth, a pregnant or postpartum parenting pupil may attend enroll in any approved public school in Vermont or an adjacent state, any approved

independent school in Vermont, or <u>any</u> other educational program approved by the state board in which any other legal pupil in Vermont may enroll.

# (3) Teen parent education program.

(A) Residential teen parent education programs. The commissioner shall pay the educational costs for a pregnant or postpartum parenting pupil attending a state board approved educational teen parent education program in a 24-hour residential facility for up to eight months after the birth of the child. The commissioner may approve extension of payment of educational costs based on a plan for reintegration of the student into the community or for exceptional circumstances as determined by the commissioner. The district of residence of a pupil in a 24-hour residential facility shall remain responsible for coordination of the pupil's educational program and for planning and facilitating her subsequent educational program.

# (B) Nonresidential teen parent education programs.

(i) The pregnant or parenting pupil's district of residence or the approved independent or public school to which that district pays tuition for its students ("the enrolling school") shall be responsible for planning, coordinating, and assessing the enrolled pupil's education plan while attending a teen parent education program and for planning, assessing, and facilitating the pupil's subsequent education plan, including the pupil's transition back to the public or approved independent school. As determined by the district of

residence or the enrolling school, as appropriate, the pupil's educational plan while attending a teen parent education program shall include learning experiences that are the substantial equivalent of the learning experiences required by the district of residence or the enrolling school to obtain a high school diploma.

(ii) A pregnant or parenting pupil may attend a nonresidential teen parent education program for a length of time to be determined by agreement of the pupil's district of residence, the enrolling school, the teen parent education program, and the pupil.

(iii) In the event of a dispute regarding any aspect of this subdivision (B), the district of residence, the enrolling school, the teen parent education program, or the pupil or any combination of these may request a determination from the commissioner whose decision shall be final; any determination by the commissioner regarding "substantial equivalency" pursuant to subdivision (i) of this subdivision (b)(3)(B) shall be based on the commissioner's analysis of the course syllabus or the course description provided by the district of residence or enrolling school.

Sec. 13. 16 V.S.A. § 1121 is amended to read:

§ 1121. ATTENDANCE BY CHILDREN OF SCHOOL AGE REQUIRED

A person having the control of a child between the ages of six and 16 years shall cause the child to attend a public school, an approved or recognized

independent school, an approved education program, or a home study program for the full number of days for which that school is held, unless the child:

\* \* \*

# Sec. 14. CONFORMING LANGUAGE

To ensure consistency of No. 192 of the Acts of the 2007 Adj. Sess. (2008) with Secs. 9 through 13 of this act, the following amendments shall be made to Sec. 5.304.1 of that act:

- (1) In subdivision (a)(2), by striking the word "coordinating" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "planning, coordinating, and assessing".
- (2) In subdivision (a)(2), after the word "planning" and before the words "and facilitating" by adding the following: ", assessing,".
  - (3) In subdivision (b)(3), by striking the final sentence.

# Sec. 15. TRANSITIONAL PROVISION

It is the intent of the general assembly that until July 1, 2010, a teen parent education program that has been recognized by the department for children and families shall be considered "an approved education program" for the purposes of Secs. 9 through 13 of this act.

\* \* \* Prekindergarten Education Programs \* \* \*

Sec. 16. 16 V.S.A. § 829 is amended to read:

# § 829. PREKINDERGARTEN EDUCATION; RULES

(a) The commissioner of education and the commissioner for children and families shall jointly develop and agree to rules and present them to the state board of education for adoption under chapter 25 of Title 3 as follows:

\* \* \*

- (b) Each component of a prekindergarten education program, whether operated by a school district or by a licensed center through a school district, shall be supervised by an early education teacher licensed and endorsed pursuant to chapter 51 of this title; provided a superintendent of a school district that either has contracted with a licensed center to provide a prekindergarten education program or is in the process of entering into such a contract may request an emergency license or endorsement or both on behalf of the licensed center in accordance with rules 5360–5364 adopted by the Vermont standards board for professional educators.
- Sec. 17. 16 V.S.A. § 4001(1)(C) is amended to read:
- (C) The full-time equivalent enrollment for each prekindergarten child as follows: If a child is enrolled in 10 or more hours of prekindergarten education per week or receives 10 or more hours of essential early education services per week, the child shall be counted as one full-time equivalent pupil.

If a child is enrolled in six or more but fewer than 10 hours of prekindergarten education per week or if a child receives fewer than 10 hours of essential early education services per week, the child shall be counted as a percentage of one full-time equivalent pupil, calculated as one multiplied by the number of hours per week divided by ten. A child enrolled in prekindergarten education for fewer than six hours per week shall not be included in the district's average daily membership. Although there is no limit on the total number of children who may be enrolled in prekindergarten education or who receive essential early education services, the total number of prekindergarten children that a district may include within its average daily membership shall be limited as follows:

- (i) All children receiving essential early education services may be included.
- (ii) Of the children enrolled in prekindergarten education offered by or through a school district who are not receiving essential early education services, the greater of the following may be included:
  - (I) ten children; or
- (II) the number resulting from: (aa) one plus the average annual percentage increase or decrease in the district's first grade average daily membership as counted in the census period of the previous five years;

multiplied by (bb) the most immediately previous year's first grade average daily membership; or

(III) the total number of children residing in the district who are enrolled in the prekindergarten program or programs and who are eligible to enter kindergarten in the district in the following academic year; or

(IV) one fifth of the total number of children in grades 1–5 who were included in the district's average daily membership for the previous year. and that after passage the title of the bill be amended to read "An act relating to increasing the graduation rate in Vermont secondary schools to 100 percent by the year 2020"