1	H.880
2	Introduced by Representatives Cina of Burlington, Buckholz of Hartford,
3	Burke of Brattleboro, Chesnut-Tangerman of Middletown
4	Springs, Colburn of Burlington, Dunn of Essex, Gonzalez of
5	Winooski, Grad of Moretown, Keenan of St. Albans City,
б	LaLonde of South Burlington, Masland of Thetford,
7	McCormack of Burlington, Stuart of Brattleboro, Till of
8	Jericho, Weed of Enosburgh, and Yantachka of Charlotte
9	Referred to Committee on
10	Date:
11	Subject: Human services; intellectual disabilities; involuntary sterilization
12	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to prohibit the
13	involuntary sterilization of individuals with an intellectual disability.
14 15	An act relating to prohibiting the involuntary sterilization of individuals with an intellectual disability
16	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
17	Sec. 1. LEGISLATIVE INTENT
18	It is the intent of the General Assembly to prohibit the involuntary
19	sterilization of a person with an intellectual disability while simultaneously
20	reaffirming the right of such person to seek voluntary sterilization when the

1	person's physician deems that the person has the ability to give informed
2	consent. To ensure that a person with an intellectual disability is treated with
3	dignity and has the opportunity to exercise self-determination, the General
4	Assembly reaffirms its commitment to allow a person to seek a judicial
5	opinion on his or her competency to provide informed consent to sterilization
6	in the event a physician has refused to perform the procedure on those grounds.
7	Sec. 2. 4 V.S.A. § 33 is amended to read:
8	§ 33. JURISDICTION; FAMILY DIVISION
9	(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the Family
10	Division shall have exclusive jurisdiction to hear and dispose of the following
11	proceedings filed or pending on or after October 1, 1990:
12	* * *
13	(12) All involuntary sterilization proceedings filed pursuant to
14	18 V.S.A. chapter 204.
15	* * *
16	Sec. 3. 4 V.S.A. § 36 is amended to read:
17	§ 36. COMPOSITION OF THE COURT
18	(a) Unless otherwise specified by law, when in session, a Superior Court
19	shall consist of:
20	* * *

1	(2)(A) For cases in the Family Division, except as provided in
2	subdivision (B) of this subdivision (2), one presiding judicial officer and two
3	assistant judges, if available.
4	(B) The Family Division shall consist of one presiding judicial
5	officer sitting alone in the following proceedings:
6	* * *
7	(iv) all involuntary sterilization proceedings filed pursuant to
8	18 V.S.A. chapter 204.
9	* * *
10	Sec. 4. 18 V.S.A. chapter 204 is amended to read:
11	CHAPTER 204. STERILIZATION
12	§ 8705. STERILIZATION; POLICY
13	(a) It is the policy of the State of Vermont to allow voluntary and
14	involuntary sterilizations of adults with an intellectual disability under
15	circumstances which that will ensure that the best interests and rights of such
16	persons are fully protected. In accordance with this policy, a person with an
17	intellectual disability, as defined by subdivision 7101(12) of this title, may not
18	be sterilized without his or her consent unless there is a prior hearing in the
19	Superior Court as provided in this chapter. A person with an intellectual
20	disability under <del>the age of</del> 18 <del>may</del> <u>years of age shall</u> not <del>be sterilized</del> <u>consent</u>
21	to voluntary sterilization.

1	(b) Sterilization is defined to mean a surgical procedure, the purpose of
2	which is to render an individual incapable of procreating.
3	* * *
4	§ 8707. COMPETENCY TO CONSENT; PROCEDURE
5	(a)(1) If the physician from whom the sterilization has been sought refuses
6	to perform the sterilization because he or she is not satisfied that the person
7	with an intellectual disability has the ability to give the informed consent
8	required by section 8706 of this title, the person with an intellectual disability
9	may file a petition in Superior Court for a determination of the person's
10	competency to consent to the sterilization.
11	* * *
11 12	* * * (3) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified
12	(3) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified
12 13	(3) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified developmental disabilities professional <del>as defined in subdivision 8821(8) of</del>
12 13 14	(3) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified developmental disabilities professional <del>as defined in subdivision 8821(8) of this title</del> to examine the person with an intellectual disability and present
12 13 14 15	(3) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified developmental disabilities professional <del>as defined in subdivision 8821(8) of this title</del> to examine the person with an intellectual disability and present evidence to the court as to that person's ability to give informed consent.
12 13 14 15 16	(3) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified developmental disabilities professional as defined in subdivision 8821(8) of this title to examine the person with an intellectual disability and present evidence to the court as to that person's ability to give informed consent. ***
12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(3) Upon filing of the petition, the court shall appoint a qualified developmental disabilities professional as defined in subdivision 8821(8) of this title to examine the person with an intellectual disability and present evidence to the court as to that person's ability to give informed consent.</li> <li>***</li> <li>(b)(1) If, after the hearing, the court determines on the basis of clear and</li> </ul>

1	(2) If the court determines that the person with an intellectual disability
2	is not competent to give consent it shall inform the person that he or she has
3	the right to petition the court for an involuntary sterilization pursuant to the
4	requirements of section 8708 of this title, the sterilization procedure shall not
5	be performed.
6	§ 8708. INVOLUNTARY STERILIZATION
7	(a) Any sterilization sought on behalf of a person with an intellectual
8	disability or requested by any person denied a voluntary sterilization by section
9	8707 of this title shall be considered an involuntary sterilization.
10	(b) Involuntary sterilizations may be performed only after a hearing in the
11	Superior Court pursuant to sections 8709-8712 of this title. For the purposes
12	of involuntary sterilization proceedings under this chapter, the person with an
13	intellectual disability subject to a petition for sterilization shall be defined as
14	the respondent. [Repealed.]
15	§ 8709. PETITION AND NOTICE OF HEARING
16	(a) Any adult with an intellectual disability, his or her parent, private
17	guardian, near relative, as defined in section 8821 of this title, or physician,
18	may file a petition in the Superior Court alleging that the person he or she has
19	an intellectual disability and, is in need of sterilization, and the physician from
20	whom the sterilization has been sought refuses to perform the sterilization

1	because the physician is not satisfied that the person has the ability to give the
2	informed consent required by section 8706 of this title.
3	(b) The petition shall set forth:
4	(1) the name, age, and residence of the person to be sterilized petitioner;
5	(2) the names <u>name</u> and <u>addresses</u> <u>address</u> of the <del>petitioner and parents,</del>
6	guardians, spouse, and nearest relative of said person respondent-physician;
7	(3) the mental condition of said person the petitioner;
8	(4) a statement of said person's the petitioner's ability to give informed
9	consent to the sterilization; and
10	(5) said person's the petitioner's ability to pay for legal counsel;
11	(6) the relation of said person to the petitioner;
12	(7) the reasons and supporting facts why sterilization is in the best
13	interest of said person.
14	(c) Upon <u>the</u> filing of the petition, the court shall fix a time and place for
15	the hearing not more than 45 days from the receipt of the petition. Not less
16	than 20 days prior to the date set for the hearing, the court shall cause the
17	petitioner to serve respondent the respondent-physician with the petition and
18	notice of hearing. The court shall also mail a copy of the petition and notice of
19	the hearing to respondent's the petitioner's counsel, his or her legal guardian,
20	and nearest relative.

1	8 8710	APPOINTMENT OF COUNSEL
1	80/10.	AFFOINTMENT OF COUNSEL

2	The respondent petitioner shall be represented by counsel throughout the
3	proceeding. Upon the filing of the petition, the court shall notify the
4	respondent petitioner that he or she shall be afforded the right to counsel. If
5	the petition states that the respondent petitioner is unable to pay for counsel,
6	the court shall appoint counsel to be paid by the State or set a hearing for a
7	determination of respondent's the petitioner's ability to pay for counsel. The
8	court may also require appointment of a guardian ad litem to represent the
9	interest interests of the respondent petitioner. Counsel shall receive copies of
10	the comprehensive evaluations required by section subsection 8711(d) of this
11	title and such other documents as may be received and issued by the court.
12	§ 8711. CONDUCT OF HEARING
13	(a) The respondent, the petitioner, respondent-physician, and all other
14	persons to whom notice has been sent may attend the hearing, testify, present
15	evidence, and subpoena, present, and cross-examine witnesses, including those
16	who prepared the comprehensive evaluation. The court may exclude any
17	person not necessary for the conduct of the hearing.
18	* * *
19	(c) The court shall determine the following:
20	(1) whether the respondent has an intellectual disability; and

1	(2) whether the respondent is competent to give informed consent as
2	defined in section 8706 of this title; and
3	(3) if the court determines that the respondent is not competent to give
4	informed consent, whether a sterilization is in the best interests of the
5	respondent by considering the following factors:
6	(A) that the respondent is physically capable of conceiving a child;
7	(B) that the respondent is likely to engage in sexual activity at present
8	or in the near future under circumstances which may result in pregnancy;
9	(C) that the nature of the respondent's disability renders the
10	respondent incapable now or in the future of caring for a child;
11	(D) that the respondent's disability is not likely to improve, nor does
12	medical knowledge exist to establish that an advance in treatment of the
13	disability is likely; and
14	(E) that no effective, less drastic alternative to sterilization is
15	medically indicated which will meet the needs of the respondent.
16	(d) The court shall order the Commissioner of Disabilities, Aging, and
17	Independent Living to arrange for the preparation of a comprehensive medical,
18	psychological, and social evaluation of the person through developmental
19	disability agencies affiliated with the Department. The comprehensive
20	evaluation shall be completed within 30 days of the receipt of the petition. The
21	medical report shall be prepared by a physician, other than the physician who

1	refused to perform the sterilization because he or she was not satisfied the
2	petitioner had the ability to give informed consent, and shall describe the
3	physical condition of the respondent petitioner and the availability of the
4	effective alternative contraceptive measures to meet the needs of the person
5	petitioner. The psychological report shall include a diagnosis of the person's
6	intellectual ability and social functioning. The social report shall be prepared
7	by a qualified developmental disabilities professional, and shall describe the
8	respondent's petitioner's developmental and social functioning.
9	(e) The petitioner shall have the burden of proving the elements of the
10	petition by clear and convincing evidence.
11	(f) The evaluation shall be received into evidence, if the persons who
12	prepared the evaluation are available for the hearing or subject to service of
13	subpoena. However, the court shall not be bound by the evidence contained in
14	the evaluation, but shall make its determination upon the entire record.
15	§ 8712. FINDINGS; ORDER
16	(a) The court shall prepare written findings of fact and state separately its
17	conclusions of law in all cases.
18	(b) If, upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the
19	court finds that the person with an intellectual disability is competent to give

1	ordered and has given the required consent, the court shall order that a
2	voluntary sterilization may be performed.
3	(c) If upon completion of the hearing and consideration of the record, the
4	court finds that the person is incompetent to consent and that the sterilization is
5	in the best interests of the person, it shall order that an involuntary sterilization
6	may be performed, the sterilization shall not be performed.
7	§ 8713. CONFIDENTIALITY OF PROCEEDINGS
8	All proceedings under this chapter shall be closed to the public, and the
9	records shall be sealed unless requested to be opened by the respondent
10	petitioner.
11	* * *
12	Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE
13	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2018.