1	H.273
2	Introduced by Representatives Van Wyck of Ferrisburgh, Batchelor of Derby,
3	Beyor of Highgate, Browning of Arlington, Canfield of
4	Fair Haven, Christie of Hartford, Devereux of Mount Holly,
5	Fiske of Enosburgh, Hebert of Vernon, Hubert of Milton,
6	Morrissey of Bennington, Pearce of Richford, Russell of
7	Rutland City, Savage of Swanton, Shaw of Derby, and Willhoit
8	of St. Johnsbury
9	Referred to Committee on
10	Date:
11	Subject: Labor; employer's liability and workers' compensation; drug-free
12	workplace
13	Statement of purpose of bill as introduced: This bill proposes to create a
14	program for employers to voluntarily adopt a drug-free workplace program
15	that will entitle them to a five-percent discount on their workers' compensation
16	premiums.
17 18	An act relating to drug-free workplace workers' compensation premium reductions

1	It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:
2	Sec. 1. 21 V.S.A. § 712 is added to read:
3	§ 712. DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE PROGRAM
4	(a) As used in this section:
5	(1) "Chain of custody" means the methodology of tracking specimens
6	for the purposes of maintaining control and accountability from initial
7	collection to final disposition of the specimens and providing for
8	accountability during handling, testing, and storing specimens and reporting
9	test results.
10	(2) "Confirmation test" means a second analytical procedure used to
11	identify the presence of a specific drug or metabolite in a specimen. The
12	confirmation test must be different in scientific principle from the initial test
13	procedure and must be capable of providing requisite specificity, sensitivity,
14	and quantitative accuracy.
15	(3) "Drug" means a drug listed or classified by the U.S. Drug
16	Enforcement Administration as a Schedule I drug or its metabolites, and
17	alcohol. The term "drug" also means other substances or their metabolites that
18	are likely to cause the impairment or intoxication of an individual on the job,
19	including amitriptyline, amphetamines, barbiturates, benzodiazepines,
20	cannabinoids, cocaine, doxepin, glutethimide, hydromorphone, imipramine,
21	meperidine, methadone, methaqualone, opiates, oxycodone, pentazocine,

1	phenytoin, phencyclidine, phenothiazines, and propoxyphene. As used in this
2	subdivision, "alcohol" has the same meaning as in 7 V.S.A. § 2.
3	(4) "Drug test" means the procedure of taking and analyzing a specimen
4	of body fluids or materials from the body for the purpose of detecting the
5	presence of a drug, including an initial drug test and a confirmation test.
6	(5) "Employee assistance program" means a program capable of
7	providing expert assessment of employee personal concerns; confidential and
8	timely identification services with regard to employee drug or alcohol abuse;
9	referrals of employees for appropriate diagnosis, treatment, and assistance; and
10	follow-up services for employees who participate in the program or require
11	monitoring after returning to work. If, in addition to those activities, an
12	employee assistance program provides diagnostic and treatment services to an
13	employer, these services shall in all cases be provided by the program.
14	(6) "Initial drug test" means a sensitive, rapid, and reliable procedure to
15	identify negative and presumptive positive specimens. All initial tests shall
16	use an immunoassay or equivalent procedure, or shall use a more accurate
17	scientifically accepted method approved by the federal Department of Health
18	and Human Services National Laboratory Certification Program or the College
19	of American Pathologists as more accurate technology becomes available in a
20	cost-effective form.

1	(7) "Job applicant" means an individual seeking or being sought for
2	employment with an employer that has been offered employment conditioned
3	upon successfully passing a drug test or has begun work pending the results of
4	a drug test.
5	(8) "Medical review officer" means a licensed physician trained in the
6	field of drug and alcohol testing who provides medical assessment of positive
7	test results, requesting re-analysis if necessary, and makes an actual
8	determination as to whether alcohol or other drug use has occurred.
9	(9) "Nonprescription medication" means a drug or medication
10	authorized pursuant to federal or State law for general distribution or use
11	without a prescription in the treatment of human disease, illness, or injuries.
12	(10) "Prescription medication" means a drug or medication that is
13	lawfully prescribed by a physician for use by an individual and taken in
14	accordance with that prescription.
15	(11) "Reasonable suspicion drug testing" means drug testing that is
16	conducted based on evidence that an employee is using or has used drugs in
17	violation of an employer's policy drawn from specific objective and articulable
18	facts and reasonable inferences drawn from those facts in light of experience.
19	Among other things, facts and inferences with respect to an employee may be
20	based upon:

1	(A) observable phenomena while at work, including direct
2	observation of drug use or physical symptoms of being under the influence of a
3	drug;
4	(B) abnormal conduct or erratic behavior while at work or a
5	significant deterioration in work performance;
6	(C) a credible report of substance abuse;
7	(D) evidence that an employee has tampered with a drug test during
8	his or her employment with the employer;
9	(E) information that an employee has caused or contributed to an
10	accident while at work; and
11	(F) evidence that an employee has manufactured, sold, distributed,
12	solicited, possessed with intent to sell or distribute, used, or transferred drugs
13	while working or while on the employer's premises or while operating the
14	employer's vehicle, machinery, or equipment.
15	(12) "Specimen" means tissue, breath, hair, urine, or other product of
16	the human body capable of revealing the presence of drugs that the
17	Commissioner of Health has determined to meet the requisite standards for
18	scientific and technical accuracy for drug testing and to afford the opportunity
19	for strict forensic chain of custody procedures.
20	(13) "Threshold detection level" means the level at which the presence
21	of a drug can reasonably be expected to be detected by a drug test performed

1	by a laboratory. A threshold detection level indicates the level at which a
2	laboratory can conclude that a drug is present in an employee's specimen.
3	(b)(1) An employer may elect to implement a drug-free work place
4	program pursuant to this section. Any employer that implements and
5	maintains a drug-free workplace program that complies with this section shall
6	receive a five percent discount on the employer's workers' compensation
7	insurance policy premium for that workplace.
8	(2) An employer is not required maintain a drug-free workplace
9	program pursuant to this section or to request that an employee or job applicant
10	undergo drug testing. An employer that elects not to maintain a drug-free
11	workplace program pursuant to this section shall be ineligible for the discount
12	on the employer's workers' compensation insurance policy premium. Nothing
13	in this section shall prevent an employer from maintaining a drug-free
14	workplace program that is broader in scope than the program provided for by
15	this section.
16	(3) An employer who qualifies for and receives discounts provided
17	under this section must annually certify their compliance with this section to
18	their workers' compensation insurer and the Department of Labor on a form
19	provided by the Commissioner of Labor.

1	(4) The Commissioner of Labor, in consultation with the Commissioner
2	of Financial Regulation and Commissioner of Health, may adopt rules and
3	regulations necessary to implement and enforce this section.
4	(c) An employer that elects to participate in the drug-free workplace
5	program under this section may test an employee or job applicant for any drug.
6	A drug-free workplace program adopted pursuant to this section shall have the
7	following elements:
8	(1) a written policy statement as provided in subsection (d) of this
9	section;
10	(2) an employee assistance program or rehabilitation resources as
11	provided in subsection (e) of this section;
12	(3) drug testing as provided in subsection (f) of this section;
13	(4) an employee education program as provided in subsection (l) of this
14	section; and
15	(5) supervisor training as provided in subsection (m) of this section.
16	(d)(1) An employer that elects to participate in the drug-free workplace
17	program under this section shall provide a written statement detailing its
18	substance abuse and drug testing policy. At least one time prior to testing, and
19	each subsequent year, an employer shall give all employees and job applicants
20	written notice of testing and a copy of the employer's substance abuse and
21	drug testing policy. The policy shall contain the following information:

1	(A) a general statement of the employer's policy on substance abuse
2	and drug testing that:
3	(i) notifies employees that the unlawful manufacture, sale,
4	distribution, solicitation, possession with intent to sell or distribute, or use of
5	alcohol or other drugs is prohibited in the workplace;
6	(ii) identifies the types of testing to which an employee or job
7	applicant may be required to submit and the criteria used to determine when
8	such testing will be required; and
9	(iii) identifies the actions the employer may take against an
10	employee or job applicant on the basis of a positive, confirmed test result;
11	(B) a statement advising an employee or job applicant of his or her
12	rights pursuant to this section;
13	(C) a statement concerning confidentiality;
14	(D) a statement advising the employee or job applicant of the
15	consequences of a refusal to submit to a drug test;
16	(E) a statement advising an employee or job applicant of the
17	employee assistance program, external employee assistance program, or the
18	employer's resource file of employee assistance programs and other persons,
19	entities, or organizations available to assist employees with personal or
20	behavioral problems;

1	(F) a statement that an employee or job applicant who receives a
2	positive, confirmed test result may contest or explain the result to the employer
3	within five working days after written notification of the positive test result;
4	(G) a statement informing an employee of the provisions of the
5	federal Drug-Free Workplace Act, if applicable to the employer;
6	(H) a statement regarding any applicable collective bargaining
7	agreement, including any right to appeal or grieve a positive test result or
8	resulting employment action pursuant to the collective bargaining
9	agreement; and
10	(I) a statement notifying the employee or job applicant of his or her
11	right to consult with a medical review officer for technical information
12	regarding prescription and non-prescription medication that he or she may be
13	taking.
14	(2) An employer that adopts a drug-free workplace program pursuant to
15	this section shall provide its employees with 60 days' notice before it
16	implements the program and commences drug testing.
17	(3) An employer shall provide notice of its drug-free workplace program
18	on all announcements of a vacant position for which drug testing is required.
19	(4) An employer shall post a notice of the employer's drug-testing
20	policy in a conspicuous location on the employer's premises, and copies of the
21	policy must be made available for inspection by the employees or job

1	applicants of the employer during regular business hours in the employer's
2	personnel office or other suitable locations.
3	(e)(1) If an employer has an employee assistance program, the employer
4	must inform the employee of the benefits and services of the employee
5	assistance program. An employer shall post notice of the employee assistance
6	program in conspicuous places in the workplace, including information
7	regarding the employees' rights to access and utilize the program.
8	(2) If an employer does not have an employee assistance program, the
9	employer must maintain a resource file of employee assistance service
10	providers, licensed alcohol and drug abuse programs, mental health providers,
11	and other persons, entities, or organizations available to assist employees with
12	personal or behavioral problems. The employer shall provide all employees
13	information about the existence of the resource file and a summary of the
14	information contained within the resource file. The summary should contain
15	information necessary to access the services listed in the resource file. In
16	addition, the employer shall post a listing of multiple employee assistance
17	providers in the area in conspicuous places throughout the workplace.
18	(f) An employer that elects to participate in the drug-free workplace
19	program under this section shall conduct drug testing as provided by this
20	subsection and any rules or regulations adopted by the Commissioner of Labor

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1	An employer participating in the drug-free workplaces program shall conduct
2	the following types of drug tests:
3	(1) Job applicant drug testing. An employer shall require job applicants
4	to submit to a drug test and may refuse to hire a job applicant because the
5	applicant refuses to submit to a drug test or his or her drug test returns a
6	positive, confirmed test result.
7	(2) Reasonable-suspicion drug testing. An employer shall require all
8	employees to submit to reasonable-suspicion drug testing.
9	(3) Routine fitness-for-duty drug testing. An employer shall require
10	employees to submit to a drug test if the test is conducted as part of a routinely
11	scheduled employee fitness-for-duty medical examination that is part of the
12	employer's established policy or that is scheduled routinely for all members of
13	an employment classification or group.
14	(4) Follow-up drug testing. If an employee in the course of employment
15	with the employer enters an employee assistance program for drug-related
16	problems, or a drug rehabilitation program, the employer shall require the
17	employee to submit to a drug test as a follow-up to the program. However, if
18	an employee voluntarily entered the program, the employer may elect not to
19	require follow-up testing. Follow-up testing must be conducted at least once a
20	year for two years after the employee completes the program. The employee

shall not be provided with advance notice of follow-up testing.

1	(5) Post-Accident testing. If an employee has caused or contributed to
2	an accident during the course of employment, the employer must conduct a
3	post-accident drug test of the employee.
4	(g) All specimen collection and testing under this section shall be
5	performed in accordance with the following procedures:
6	(1) A specimen shall be collected in accordance with the specimen
7	collection procedures established by the Commissioner of Health.
8	(2) A specimen shall be collected in a manner that protects the privacy
9	of the employee or job applicant providing the specimen, and in a manner
10	reasonably calculated to prevent substitution or contamination of the specimen.
11	(3) Specimen collection, storage, and transportation to the testing site
12	shall be performed in a manner that will reasonably preclude specimen
13	contamination or adulteration.
14	(4) An employee or job applicant shall have an opportunity to provide
15	notification of any information that may be relevant to the test, including
16	identification of currently or recently used prescription or non-prescription
17	drugs, or other relevant medical information. This may be accomplished by
18	providing procedures for review by a medical review officer in the case of a
19	specimen that produces a positive, confirmed test result.
20	(5) Each initial drug test and confirmation test conducted under this
21	section, not including the taking or collecting of a specimen to be tested, shall

1	be conducted by a laboratory certified by the federal Department of Health and
2	Human Service's National Laboratory Certification Program or the College of
3	American Pathologists, or, with respect to alcohol, conducted in accordance
4	with U.S. Department of Transportation's regulations relating to alcohol
5	testing.
6	(6) A specimen for a test may be taken or collected by any of the
7	following persons:
8	(A) A physician, a physician's assistant, a registered professional
9	nurse, a licensed practical nurse, a nurse practitioner, or a certified paramedic
10	who is present at the scene of an accident for the purpose of rendering
11	emergency medical service or treatment;
12	(B) A qualified individual certified or employed by a laboratory
13	certified by the federal Department of Health and Human Service's National
14	Laboratory Certification Program or the College of American Pathologists; or
15	(C) A qualified individual certified or employed by a specimen
16	collection company.
17	(7) Within seven working days after receipt of a positive, confirmed test
18	result from a laboratory, an employer shall inform an employee or job
19	applicant in writing of the positive test result, the consequences of the result,
20	and the options available to the employee or job applicant.

1	(8) The employer shall provide the employee or job applicant with a
2	copy of the test results upon request.
3	(9) An initial drug test with a positive result must be verified by a
4	confirmation test, or it shall be certified as a negative result.
5	(10) An employer who performs drug testing or specimen collection
6	shall use chain of custody procedures to ensure proper record keeping,
7	handling, labeling, and identification of all specimens to be tested.
8	(11) An employer shall pay the cost of all initial drug tests and
9	confirmation tests that the employer requires of employees or job applicants;
10	(12) An employee or job applicant shall pay the cost of any additional
11	tests that he or she requests.
12	(13) If testing is conducted based on reasonable suspicion, the employer
13	shall promptly detail in writing the circumstances that formed the basis of the
14	determination that reasonable suspicion existed to warrant the testing. A copy
15	of this documentation shall be given to the employee or job applicant and the
16	original documentation shall be kept confidential by the employer pursuant to
17	subsection (n) of this section and retained by the employer for at least one year
18	or maintained throughout the duration of any legal proceedings resulting from
19	the testing.
20	(h) No laboratory may analyze initial drug test or confirmation test
21	specimens unless:

1	(1) the laboratory is approved by the National Laboratory Certification
2	Program or the College of American Pathologists;
3	(2) the laboratory has written procedures to ensure the chain of
4	custody; and
5	(3) the laboratory follows proper quality control procedures including:
6	(A) the use of internal quality controls, including the use of
7	specimens of known concentrations that are used to check the performance and
8	calibration of testing equipment, and periodic use of blind specimens for
9	overall accuracy;
10	(B) an internal review and certification process for substance abuse
11	test results, conducted by a person qualified to perform that function in the
12	<u>laboratory;</u>
13	(C) security measures implemented by the laboratory to preclude
14	adulteration of specimens and test results; and
15	(D) other actions as necessary to ensure reliable and accurate test
16	<u>results.</u>
17	(i) A laboratory shall disclose to the employer a written test result report
18	within seven working days after receipt of the specimen. All laboratory reports
19	of a substance abuse test result shall, at a minimum, state:
20	(1) The name and address of the laboratory that performed the drug test
21	and the positive identification of the individual tested.

1	(2) Positive or negative results on confirmation tests, as applicable.
2	(3) A list of the drugs for which the drug tests were conducted.
3	(4) The type of tests conducted for both the initial drug test and the
4	confirmation test and the threshold detection levels of the tests. No report shall
5	disclose the presence or absence of any drug other than a specific drug and its
6	metabolites listed pursuant to this section.
7	(j) A medical review officer shall provide technical assistance to the
8	employer, employee, or job applicant for the purpose of interpreting any
9	positive, confirmed test results which could have been caused by prescription
10	or nonprescription medication taken by the employee or job applicant;
11	(k) All positive initial drug tests shall be confirmed using the gas
12	chromatography/mass spectrometry method or an equivalent or more accurate
13	and scientifically accepted method approved by the National Laboratory
14	Certification Program or the College of American Pathologists as such
15	technology becomes available in a cost-effective form.
16	(1) An employer must provide all employees with an education program on
17	alcohol and other drug abuse before instituting a drug-free workplace program
18	under this section, and an annual education program on alcohol and drug abuse
19	and its effects on the workplace. An education program shall include, at a
20	minimum, the following information:
21	(1) an explanation of the disease of alcohol and drug addiction;

1	(2) the effects and dangers of the commonly abused substances in the
2	workplace;
3	(3) the employer's policies and procedures regarding alcohol and drug
4	use in the workplace;
5	(4) and how employees who wish to obtain substance abuse treatment
6	can do so.
7	(m) An employer must provide all supervisory personnel a minimum of
8	two hours of training prior to adopting a drug-free workplace program under
9	this section, and annual training after adoption of the program. The training
10	shall address, at a minimum, the following topics:
11	(1) recognition of evidence of employee alcohol and drug abuse;
12	(2) documentation and corroboration of employee alcohol and drug
13	abuse;
14	(3) referral of alcohol and drug abusing employees to appropriate
15	treatment providers;
16	(4) the benefits for the employer and employees of referring alcohol and
17	other drug abusing employees to treatment programs; and
18	(5) an explanation of any employee health insurance coverage for
19	alcohol and drug abuse treatment.
20	(n)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, all information,
21	interviews, reports, statements, memoranda, and drug test results, written or

1	otherwise, received or produced as a result of a drug-free workplace program
2	are confidential and may not be used, obtained, or disclosed in any proceeding,
3	except in accordance with this section or in determining an employee's right to
4	compensation under this chapter.
5	(2) Employers, laboratories, medical review officers, employee
6	assistance programs, drug rehabilitation programs, and their agents shall keep
7	any information concerning drug test results obtained pursuant to this section
8	confidential. Information concerning an employee or a job applicant's drug
9	test results may only be released with the signed, written consent of the
10	employee or job applicant on a form provided by the Commissioner, or
11	pursuant to an order of the Commissioner or the Superior Court pursuant to
12	this chapter, or by order of a professional licensing board in a related
13	disciplinary proceeding. The consent form must contain, at a minimum:
14	(A) the name of the person who is authorized to obtain the
15	information;
16	(B) the purpose of the disclosure;
17	(C) the specific information to be disclosed;
18	(D) the duration of the consent; and
19	(E) the signature of the individual authorizing release of the
20	information.

1	(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require or permit a
2	violation of federal or State laws governing confidentiality requirements for
3	employee assistance professionals or alcohol and drug abuse counselors or
4	treatment providers.
5	(4) Information from an employee or job applicant's drug test results is
6	inadmissible as evidence in any criminal proceeding against him or her and
7	shall not be used in any manner during the proceeding.
8	(5) This subsection shall not be construed to prohibit an employer or its
9	agent, or a laboratory conducting a drug test from having access to an
10	employee or applicant's drug test information or from sharing such
11	information with legal counsel in relation to an action brought pursuant to this
12	chapter or when the information is relevant to its defense in a civil or
13	administrative matter.
14	(o)(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a collective
15	bargaining agreement from requiring or prohibiting the implementation of a
16	drug-free workplace program pursuant to this section.
17	(2) If a collective bargaining agreement provides for a drug-free
18	workplace program pursuant to this section, the drug-free workplace program
19	requirements shall be a mandatory subject for bargaining.

1	Sec. 2. 21 V.S.A. § 513 is amended to read:
2	§ 513. DRUG TESTING OF EMPLOYEES; PROHIBITIONS;
3	EXCEPTIONS
4	* * *
5	(b) Random or company-wide tests. An employer shall not request, require
6	or conduct random or company-wide drug tests except when such testing is
7	required by federal law or regulation, or when such testing is conducted
8	pursuant to a drug-free work place program under section 712 of this title.
9	(c) Exception. Notwithstanding the prohibition in subsection (a) of this
10	section, an employer may require an individual employee to submit to a drug
11	test if it is administered pursuant to section 712 of this title or if all the
12	following conditions are met:
13	* * *
14	Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE
15	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2015.