1	ENERGY DEVELOPMENT AMENDMENTS
2	2017 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
5	House Sponsor: Francis D. Gibson
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill enacts the Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act or C-PACE Act.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	defines terms;
13	• enacts the Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act or C-PACE Act;
14	 repeals provisions related to energy assessments from the Assessment Area Act;
15	► limits the availability of judicial recourse to challenge or enjoin certain assessments
16	and bonds;
17	creates the C-PACE district;
18	 requires the Office of Energy Development (OED) to administer and direct the
19	actions of the C-PACE district;
20	 allows OED to delegate OED's authority over the C-PACE district to a third party,
21	subject to certain contractual provisions;
22	 provides for a local governing body to adopt an energy assessment resolution or
23	ordinance to designate an energy assessment area and levy an energy assessment
24	upon private property where the property owner consents to the assessment;
25	 allows a local entity to levy an assessment against government land under certain
26	circumstances;
27	 allows a property owner to pay an energy assessment in installments;
28	 provides for the creation of an assessment fund and limits the use and investment of
29	money in the fund;

30	 describes the characteristics of an energy assessment lien;
31	 allows a local entity to assign an energy assessment lien to a third-party lender to
32	provide financing for certain improvements, subject to certain contractual
33	provisions;
34	 provides for the enforcement of an energy assessment lien, including for delinquent
35	assessment payments;
36	 provides for the release and discharge of an assessed property and an energy
37	assessment area;
38	 allows a local entity to issue an energy assessment bond and a refunding assessment
39	bond;
40	► limits the liability and obligation of a local entity issuing an energy assessment
41	bond;
42	 provides for the reduction of assessments after the issuance of a refunding
43	assessment bond;
44	 subjects a refunding assessment bond that a local entity has already issued to the
45	provisions of this bill;
46	 adds funds that OED collects for directing and administering the C-PACE district to
47	the list of nonlapsing funds and accounts in the Budgetary Procedures Act;
48	• enacts a sunset date, subject to review, for the nonlapsing status of OED's funds;
49	 allows OED to charge fees for the performance of OED's duties; and
50	 makes technical and conforming changes.
51	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
52	None
53	Other Special Clauses:
54	This bill provides a special effective date.
55	Utah Code Sections Affected:
56	AMENDS:
57	11-42-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 371

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            11-42-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 371
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            11-42-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 85 and 371
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            11-42-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 371
            11-42-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 371
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            11-42-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 371
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63
            63I-1-263, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 65, 136, 156, 322, and 408
64
            63J-1-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
            63J-1-602.4, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 193 and 240
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            63M-4-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 356 and 378
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     ENACTS:
            11-42a-101. Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            11-42a-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            11-42a-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            11-42a-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            11-42a-105, Utah Code Annotated 1953
73
            11-42a-106, Utah Code Annotated 1953
74
            11-42a-201, Utah Code Annotated 1953
75
            11-42a-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            11-42a-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            11-42a-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
            11-42a-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
78
            11-42a-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953
79
80
            11-42a-301, Utah Code Annotated 1953
81
            11-42a-302, Utah Code Annotated 1953
82
            11-42a-303, Utah Code Annotated 1953
83
            11-42a-304, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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            11-42a-305. Utah Code Annotated 1953
85
            11-42a-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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	S.B. 273 Enrolled Copy
86	11-42a-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
87	11-42a-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
88	11-42a-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953
89	REPEALS:
90	11-42-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 371
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92	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
93	Section 1. Section 11-42-102 is amended to read:
94	11-42-102. Definitions.
95	(1) "Adequate protests" means timely filed, written protests under Section 11-42-203
96	that represent at least 40% of the frontage, area, taxable value, fair market value, lots, number
97	of connections, or equivalent residential units of the property proposed to be assessed,
98	according to the same assessment method by which the assessment is proposed to be levied,
99	after eliminating:
100	(a) protests relating to:
101	(i) property that has been deleted from a proposed assessment area; or
102	(ii) an improvement that has been deleted from the proposed improvements to be
103	provided to property within the proposed assessment area; and
104	(b) protests that have been withdrawn under Subsection 11-42-203(3).
105	(2) "Assessment area" means an area, or, if more than one area is designated, the
106	aggregate of all areas within a local entity's jurisdictional boundaries that is designated by a
107	local entity under Part 2, Designating an Assessment Area, for the purpose of financing the
108	costs of improvements, operation and maintenance, or economic promotion activities that
109	benefit property within the area.
110	(3) "Assessment bonds" means bonds that are:
111	(a) issued under Section 11-42-605; and
112	(b) payable in part or in whole from assessments levied in an assessment area,

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improvement revenues, and a guaranty fund or reserve fund.

114 (4) "Assessment fund" means a special fund that a local entity establishes under 115 Section 11-42-412. 116 (5) "Assessment lien" means a lien on property within an assessment area that arises 117 from the levy of an assessment, as provided in Section 11-42-501. 118 (6) "Assessment method" means the method: 119 (a) by which an assessment is levied against benefitted property, whether by frontage, 120 area, taxable value, fair market value, lot, parcel, number of connections, equivalent residential 121 unit, any combination of these methods, or any other method; and 122 (b) that, when applied to a benefitted property, accounts for an assessment that meets 123 the requirements of Section 11-42-409. (7) "Assessment ordinance" means an ordinance adopted by a local entity under 124 125 Section 11-42-404 that levies an assessment on benefitted property within an assessment area. 126 (8) "Assessment resolution" means a resolution adopted by a local entity under Section 11-42-404 that levies an assessment on benefitted property within an assessment area. 127 128 (9) "Benefitted property" means property within an assessment area that directly or 129 indirectly benefits from improvements, operation and maintenance, or economic promotion 130 activities. (10) "Bond anticipation notes" means notes issued under Section 11-42-602 in 131 132 anticipation of the issuance of assessment bonds. 133 (11) "Bonds" means assessment bonds and refunding assessment bonds. (12) "Commercial area" means an area in which at least 75% of the property is devoted 134 to the interchange of goods or commodities. 135 136 (13) (a) "Commercial or industrial real property" means real property used directly or 137 indirectly or held for one of the following purposes or activities, regardless of whether the 138 purpose or activity is for profit: 139 (i) commercial; 140 (ii) mining; 141 (iii) industrial;

142	(iv) manufacturing;
143	(v) governmental;
144	(vi) trade;
145	(vii) professional;
146	(viii) a private or public club;
147	(ix) a lodge;
148	(x) a business; or
149	(xi) a similar purpose.
150	(b) "Commercial or industrial real property" includes real property that:
151	(i) is used as or held for dwelling purposes; and
152	(ii) contains more than four rental units.
153	(14) "Connection fee" means a fee charged by a local entity to pay for the costs of
154	connecting property to a publicly owned sewer, storm drainage, water, gas, communications, or
155	electrical system, whether or not improvements are installed on the property.
156	(15) "Contract price" means:
157	(a) the cost of acquiring an improvement, if the improvement is acquired; or
158	(b) the amount payable to one or more contractors for the design, engineering,
159	inspection, and construction of an improvement.
160	(16) "Designation ordinance" means an ordinance adopted by a local entity under
161	Section 11-42-206 designating an assessment area.
162	(17) "Designation resolution" means a resolution adopted by a local entity under
163	Section 11-42-206 designating an assessment area.
164	(18) "Economic promotion activities" means activities that promote economic growth
165	in a commercial area of a local entity, including:
166	(a) sponsoring festivals and markets;
167	(b) promoting business investment or activities;
168	(c) helping to coordinate public and private actions; and
169	(d) developing and issuing publications designed to improve the economic well-being

170	of the commercial area.
171	[(19) "Electric vehicle charging infrastructure" means equipment that is:]
172	[(a) permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property; and]
173	[(b) designed to deliver electric energy to a qualifying electric vehicle or a qualifying
174	plug-in hybrid vehicle as those terms are defined in Subsection 59-7-605(1).
175	[(20) "Energy efficiency upgrade" means an improvement that is permanently affixed
176	to commercial or industrial real property that is designed to reduce energy consumption,
177	including:
178	[(a) insulation in:]
179	[(i) a wall, roof, floor, or foundation; or]
180	[(ii) a heating and cooling distribution system;]
181	[(b) a window or door, including:]
182	[(i) a storm window or door;]
183	[(ii) a multiglazed window or door;]
184	[(iii) a heat-absorbing window or door;]
185	[(iv) a heat-reflective glazed and coated window or door;]
186	[(v) additional window or door glazing;]
187	[(vi) a window or door with reduced glass area; or]
188	[(vii) other window or door modifications;]
189	[(c) an automatic energy control system;]
190	[(d) in a building or a central plant, a heating, ventilation, or air conditioning and
191	distribution system;]
192	[(e) caulk or weatherstripping;]
193	[(f) a light fixture that does not increase the overall illumination of a building unless an
194	increase is necessary to conform with the applicable building code;]
195	[(g) an energy recovery system;]
196	[(h) a daylighting system;]
197	(i) measures to reduce the consumption of water, through conservation or more

198	efficient use of water, including:
199	[(i) installation of low-flow toilets and showerheads;]
200	[(ii) installation of timer or timing systems for a hot water heater; or]
201	[(iii) installation of rain catchment systems; or]
202	[(j) a modified, installed, or remodeled fixture that is approved as a utility cost-saving
203	measure by the governing body of a local entity.]
204	[(21)] (19) "Environmental remediation activity" means a surface or subsurface
205	enhancement, effort, cost, initial or ongoing maintenance expense, facility, installation, system,
206	earth movement, or change to grade or elevation [which] that improves the use, function,
207	aesthetics, or environmental condition of [publically or privately] publicly owned property.
208	[(22)] (20) "Equivalent residential unit" means a dwelling, unit, or development that is
209	equal to a single-family residence in terms of the nature of its use or impact on an improvement
210	to be provided in the assessment area.
211	[(23)] (21) "Governing body" means:
212	(a) for a county, city, or town, the legislative body of the county, city, or town;
213	(b) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district;
214	(c) for a special service district:
215	(i) the legislative body of the county, city, or town that established the special service
216	district, if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; or
217	(ii) the administrative control board of the special service district, if an administrative
218	control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301; and
219	(d) for the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201,
220	the authority board, as defined in Section 63H-1-102.
221	[(24)] (22) "Guaranty fund" means the fund established by a local entity under Section
222	11-42-701.
223	[(25)] (23) "Improved property" means property upon which a residential, commercial,
224	or other building has been built.
225	[(26)] <u>(24)</u> "Improvement":

(a) (i) means a publicly owned infrastructure, system, [or other facility, a publicly or
privately owned energy efficiency upgrade, a publicly or privately owned renewable energy
system, or publicly or privately owned] or environmental remediation activity that:
(A) a local entity is authorized to provide;
(B) the governing body of a local entity determines is necessary or convenient to
enable the local entity to provide a service that the local entity is authorized to provide; or
(C) a local entity is requested to provide through an interlocal agreement in accordance
with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act; and
(ii) includes facilities in an assessment area, including a private driveway, an irrigation
ditch, and a water turnout, that:
(A) can be conveniently installed at the same time as an infrastructure, system, or other
facility described in Subsection [(26)] (24)(a)(i); and
(B) are requested by a property owner on whose property or for whose benefit the
infrastructure, system, or other facility is being installed; or
(b) for a local district created to assess groundwater rights in accordance with Section
17B-1-202, means a system or plan to regulate groundwater withdrawals within a specific
groundwater basin in accordance with Sections 17B-1-202 and 73-5-15.
$\left[\frac{(27)}{(25)}\right]$ "Improvement revenues":
(a) means charges, fees, impact fees, or other revenues that a local entity receives from
improvements; and
(b) does not include revenue from assessments.
[(28)] (26) "Incidental refunding costs" means any costs of issuing refunding
assessment bonds and calling, retiring, or paying prior bonds, including:
(a) legal and accounting fees;
(b) charges of financial advisors, escrow agents, certified public accountant verification
entities, and trustees;
(c) underwriting discount costs, printing costs, the costs of giving notice;
(d) any premium necessary in the calling or retiring of prior bonds;

254	(e) fees to be paid to the local entity to issue the refunding assessment bonds and to
255	refund the outstanding prior bonds;
256	(f) any other costs that the governing body determines are necessary and proper to incur
257	in connection with the issuance of refunding assessment bonds; and
258	(g) any interest on the prior bonds that is required to be paid in connection with the
259	issuance of the refunding assessment bonds.
260	[(29)] (27) "Installment payment date" means the date on which an installment
261	payment of an assessment is payable.
262	[(30)] (28) "Interim warrant" means a warrant issued by a local entity under Section
263	11-42-601.
264	[(31)] (29) "Jurisdictional boundaries" means:
265	(a) for a county, the boundaries of the unincorporated area of the county; and
266	(b) for each other local entity, the boundaries of the local entity.
267	[(32)] (30) "Local district" means a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
268	Local Government Entities - Local Districts.
269	[(33)] (31) "Local entity" means a county, city, town, special service district, local
270	district, an interlocal entity as defined in Section 11-13-103, a military installation development
271	authority created in Section 63H-1-201, or other political subdivision of the state.
272	[(34)] (32) "Local entity obligations" means assessment bonds, refunding assessment
273	bonds, interim warrants, and bond anticipation notes issued by a local entity.
274	[(35)] (33) "Mailing address" means:
275	(a) a property owner's last-known address using the name and address appearing on the
276	last completed real property assessment roll of the county in which the property is located; and
277	(b) if the property is improved property:
278	(i) the property's street number; or
279	(ii) the post office box, rural route number, or other mailing address of the property, if
280	a street number has not been assigned.
281	[(36)] (34) "Net improvement revenues" means all improvement revenues that a local

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entity has received since the last installment payment date, less all amounts payable by the local entity from those improvement revenues for operation and maintenance costs. [(37)] (35) "Operation and maintenance costs": (a) means the costs that a local entity incurs in operating and maintaining improvements in an assessment area, whether or not those improvements have been financed under this chapter; and (b) includes service charges, administrative costs, ongoing maintenance charges, and tariffs or other charges for electrical, water, gas, or other utility usage. [(38)] (36) "Overhead costs" means the actual costs incurred or the estimated costs to be incurred by a local entity in connection with an assessment area for appraisals, legal fees, filing fees, financial advisory charges, underwriting fees, placement fees, escrow, trustee, and paying agent fees, publishing and mailing costs, costs of levving an assessment, recording costs, and all other incidental costs. [(39)] (37) "Prior assessment ordinance" means the ordinance levying the assessments from which the prior bonds are payable. $\left[\frac{40}{38}\right]$ (38) "Prior assessment resolution" means the resolution levying the assessments from which the prior bonds are payable. [(41)] (39) "Prior bonds" means the assessment bonds that are refunded in part or in whole by refunding assessment bonds. [(42)] (40) "Project engineer" means the surveyor or engineer employed by or the private consulting engineer engaged by a local entity to perform the necessary engineering services for and to supervise the construction or installation of the improvements. [43] (41) "Property" includes real property and any interest in real property, including water rights and leasehold rights. [(44)] (42) "Property price" means the price at which a local entity purchases or acquires by eminent domain property to make improvements in an assessment area.

[(45)] (43) "Provide" or "providing," with reference to an improvement, includes the

acquisition, construction, reconstruction, renovation, maintenance, repair, operation, and

310	expansion of an improvement.
311	[(46)] <u>(44)</u> "Public agency" means:
312	(a) the state or any agency, department, or division of the state; and
313	(b) a political subdivision of the state.
314	[47] [45] "Reduced payment obligation" means the full obligation of an owner of
315	property within an assessment area to pay an assessment levied on the property after the
316	assessment has been reduced because of the issuance of refunding assessment bonds, as
317	provided in Section 11-42-608.
318	[(48)] (46) "Refunding assessment bonds" means assessment bonds that a local entity
319	issues under Section 11-42-607 to refund, in part or in whole, assessment bonds.
320	[(49) "Renewable energy system" means a product, a system, a device, or an interacting
321	group of devices that is permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property and:]
322	[(a) produces energy from renewable resources, including:]
323	[(i) a photovoltaic system;]
324	[(ii) a solar thermal system;]
325	[(iii) a wind system;]
326	[(iv) a geothermal system, including:]
327	[(A) a generation system;]
328	[(B) a direct-use system; or]
329	[(C) a ground source heat pump system;]
330	[(v) a microhydro system; or]
331	[(vi) any other renewable source system approved by the governing body of a local
332	entity; or]
333	[(b) stores energy, including:]
334	[(i) a battery storage system; or]
335	[(ii) any other energy storing system approved by the governing body of a local entity.]
336	[(50)] (47) "Reserve fund" means a fund established by a local entity under Section
337	11-42-702.

338	$\left[\frac{(51)}{(48)}\right]$ "Service" means:
339	(a) water, sewer, storm drainage, garbage collection, library, recreation,
340	communications, or electric service;
341	(b) economic promotion activities; or
342	(c) any other service that a local entity is required or authorized to provide.
343	[(52)] (49) "Special service district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
344	17D-1-102.
345	[(53)] (50) "Unassessed benefitted government property" means property that a local
346	entity may not assess in accordance with Section 11-42-408 but is benefitted by an
347	improvement, operation and maintenance, or economic promotion activities.
348	[(54)] (51) "Unimproved property" means property upon which no residential,
349	commercial, or other building has been built.
350	[(55)] (52) "Voluntary assessment area" means an assessment area that contains only
351	property whose owners have voluntarily consented to an assessment.
352	Section 2. Section 11-42-103 is amended to read:
353	11-42-103. Limit on effect of this chapter.
354	(1) Nothing in this chapter may be construed to authorize a local entity to provide an
355	improvement or service that the local entity is not otherwise authorized to provide.
356	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a local entity may provide [a renewable energy
357	system, an energy efficiency upgrade, electric vehicle charging infrastructure, or] an
358	environmental remediation activity that the local entity finds or determines to be in the public
359	interest.
360	Section 3. Section 11-42-202 is amended to read:
361	11-42-202. Requirements applicable to a notice of a proposed assessment area
362	designation.
363	(1) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall:
364	(a) state that the local entity proposes to:
365	(i) designate one or more areas within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries as an

assessment area;

- (ii) provide an improvement to property within the proposed assessment area; and
- (iii) finance some or all of the cost of improvements by an assessment on benefitted property within the assessment area;
- (b) describe the proposed assessment area by any reasonable method that allows an owner of property in the proposed assessment area to determine that the owner's property is within the proposed assessment area;
- (c) describe, in a general and reasonably accurate way, the improvements to be provided to the assessment area, including:
 - (i) the nature of the improvements; and
- (ii) the location of the improvements, by reference to streets or portions or extensions of streets or by any other means that the governing body chooses that reasonably describes the general location of the improvements;
 - (d) state the estimated cost of the improvements as determined by a project engineer;
- (e) for the version of notice mailed in accordance with Subsection (4)(b), state the estimated total assessment specific to the benefitted property for which the notice is mailed;
- (f) state that the local entity proposes to levy an assessment on benefitted property within the assessment area to pay some or all of the cost of the improvements according to the estimated benefits to the property from the improvements;
- (g) if applicable, state that an unassessed benefitted government property will receive improvements for which the cost will be allocated proportionately to the remaining benefitted properties within the proposed assessment area and that a description of each unassessed benefitted government property is available for public review at the location or website described in Subsection (6);
- (h) state the assessment method by which the governing body proposes to levy the assessment, including, if the local entity is a municipality or county, whether the assessment will be collected:
 - (i) by directly billing a property owner; or

394 (ii) by inclusion on a property tax notice issued in accordance with Section 59-2-1317 395 and in compliance with Section 11-42-401; 396 (i) state: 397 (i) the date described in Section 11-42-203 and the location at which protests against 398 designation of the proposed assessment area or of the proposed improvements are required to 399 be filed; 400 (ii) the method by which the governing body will determine the number of protests 401 required to defeat the designation of the proposed assessment area or acquisition or 402 construction of the proposed improvements; and 403 (iii) in large, boldface, and conspicuous type that a property owner must protest the 404 designation of the assessment area in writing if the owner objects to the area designation or being assessed for the proposed improvements, operation and maintenance costs, or economic 405 406 promotion activities; 407 (i) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing required in Section 11-42-204; 408 (k) if the governing body elects to create and fund a reserve fund under Section 409 11-42-702, include a description of: 410 (i) how the reserve fund will be funded and replenished; and (ii) how remaining money in the reserve fund is to be disbursed upon full payment of 411 412 the bonds; 413 (1) if the governing body intends to designate a voluntary assessment area, include a property owner consent form that: 414 415 (i) estimates the total assessment to be levied against the particular parcel of property: 416 (ii) describes any additional benefits that the governing body expects the assessed 417 property to receive from the improvements; 418 (iii) designates the date and time by which the fully executed consent form is required 419 to be submitted to the governing body; and 420 (iv) if the governing body intends to enforce an assessment lien on the property in 421 accordance with Subsection 11-42-502.1(2)(c):

422	(A) appoints a trustee that satisfies the requirements described in Section 57-1-21;
423	(B) gives the trustee the power of sale; and
424	(C) explains that if an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when
425	due, the local entity may sell the property owner's property to satisfy the amount due plus
426	interest, penalties, and costs, in the manner described in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances;
427	(m) if the local entity intends to levy an assessment to pay operation and maintenance
428	costs or for economic promotion activities, include:
429	(i) a description of the operation and maintenance costs or economic promotion
430	activities to be paid by assessments and the initial estimated annual assessment to be levied;
431	(ii) a description of how the estimated assessment will be determined;
432	(iii) a description of how and when the governing body will adjust the assessment to
433	reflect the costs of:
434	(A) in accordance with Section 11-42-406, current economic promotion activities; or
435	(B) current operation and maintenance costs;
436	(iv) a description of the method of assessment if different from the method of
437	assessment to be used for financing any improvement; and
438	(v) a statement of the maximum number of years over which the assessment will be
439	levied for:
440	(A) operation and maintenance costs; or
441	(B) economic promotion activities;
442	(n) if the governing body intends to divide the proposed assessment area into
443	classifications under Subsection 11-42-201(1)(b), include a description of the proposed
444	classifications;
445	(o) if applicable, state the portion and value of the improvement that will be increased
446	in size or capacity to serve property outside of the assessment area and how the increases will
447	be financed; and
448	(p) state whether the improvements will be financed with a bond and, if so, the
449	currently estimated interest rate and term of financing, subject to Subsection (2), for which the

benefitted properties within the assessment area may be obligated.

- (2) The estimated interest rate and term of financing in Subsection (1)(p) may not be interpreted as a limitation to the actual interest rate incurred or the actual term of financing as subject to the market rate at the time of the issuance of the bond.
- (3) A notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) may contain other information that the governing body considers to be appropriate, including:
- (a) the amount or proportion of the cost of the improvement to be paid by the local entity or from sources other than an assessment;
- (b) the estimated total amount of each type of assessment for the various improvements to be financed according to the method of assessment that the governing body chooses; and
- (c) provisions for any improvements described in Subsection [11-42-102(26)(a)(ii)] 11-42-102(24)(a)(ii).
 - (4) Each notice required under Subsection 11-42-201(2)(a) shall:
 - (a) (i) (A) be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries, once a week for four consecutive weeks, with the last publication at least five but not more than 20 days before the day of the hearing required in Section 11-42-204; or
 - (B) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries, be posted in at least three public places within the local entity's jurisdictional boundaries at least 20 but not more than 35 days before the day of the hearing required in Section 11-42-204; and
 - (ii) be published on the Utah Public Notice Website described in Section 63F-1-701 for four weeks before the deadline for filing protests specified in the notice under Subsection (1)(i); and
 - (b) be mailed, postage prepaid, within 10 days after the first publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (4)(a) to each owner of property to be assessed within the proposed assessment area at the property owner's mailing address.
- 477 (5) (a) The local entity may record the version of the notice that is published or posted

in accordance with Subsection (4)(a) with the office of the county recorder, by legal description and tax identification number as identified in county records, against the property proposed to be assessed.

- (b) The notice recorded under Subsection (5)(a) expires and is no longer valid one year after the day on which the local entity records the notice if the local entity has failed to adopt the designation ordinance or resolution under Section 11-42-201 designating the assessment area for which the notice was recorded.
- (6) A local entity shall make available on the local entity's website, or, if no website is available, at the local entity's place of business, the address and type of use of each unassessed benefitted government property described in Subsection (1)(g).
- (7) If a governing body fails to provide actual or constructive notice under this section, the local entity may not assess a levy against a benefitted property omitted from the notice unless:
 - (a) the property owner gives written consent;

- (b) the property owner received notice under Subsection 11-42-401(2)(a)(iii) and did not object to the levy of the assessment before the final hearing of the board of equalization; or
- (c) the benefitted property is conveyed to a subsequent purchaser and, before the date of conveyance, the requirements of Subsections 11-42-206(3)(a)(i) and (ii), or, if applicable, Subsection 11-42-207(1)(d)(i) are met.
 - Section 4. Section 11-42-301 is amended to read:
- 11-42-301. Improvements made only under contract let to lowest responsive, responsible bidder -- Publishing notice -- Sealed bids -- Procedure -- Exceptions to contract requirement.
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a local entity may make improvements in an assessment area only under contract let to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder for the kind of service, material, or form of construction that the local entity's governing body determines in compliance with any applicable local entity ordinances.
 - (2) A local entity may:

506	(a) divide improvements into parts;
507	(b) (i) let separate contracts for each part; or
508	(ii) combine multiple parts into the same contract; and
509	(c) let a contract on a unit basis.
510	(3) (a) A local entity may not let a contract until after publishing notice as provided in
511	Subsection (3)(b):
512	(i) at least one time in a newspaper of general circulation within the boundaries of the
513	local entity at least 15 days before the date specified for receipt of bids; and
514	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101, at least 15 days before the date specified for
515	receipt of bids.
516	(b) Each notice under Subsection (3)(a) shall notify contractors that the local entity will
517	receive sealed bids at a specified time and place for the construction of the improvements.
518	(c) Notwithstanding a local entity's failure, through inadvertence or oversight, to
519	publish the notice or to publish the notice within 15 days before the date specified for receipt of
520	bids, the governing body may proceed to let a contract for the improvements if the local entity
521	receives at least three sealed and bona fide bids from contractors by the time specified for the
522	receipt of bids.
523	(d) A local entity may publish a notice required under this Subsection (3) at the same
524	time as a notice under Section 11-42-202.
525	(4) (a) A local entity may accept as a sealed bid a bid that is:
526	(i) manually sealed and submitted; or
527	(ii) electronically sealed and submitted.
528	(b) The governing body or project engineer shall, at the time specified in the notice
529	under Subsection (3), open and examine the bids.
530	(c) In open session, the governing body:
531	(i) shall declare the bids; and
532	(ii) may reject any or all bids if the governing body considers the rejection to be for the
533	nublic good

534	(d) The local entity may award the contract to the lowest responsive, responsible bidder
535	even if the price bid by that bidder exceeds the estimated costs as determined by the project
536	engineer.
537	(e) A local entity may in any case:
538	(i) refuse to award a contract;
539	(ii) obtain new bids after giving a new notice under Subsection (3);
540	(iii) determine to abandon the assessment area; or
541	(iv) not make some of the improvements proposed to be made.
542	(5) A local entity is not required to let a contract as provided in this section for:
543	(a) an improvement or part of an improvement the cost of which or the making of
544	which is donated or contributed;
545	(b) an improvement that consists of furnishing utility service or maintaining
546	improvements;
547	(c) labor, materials, or equipment supplied by the local entity;
548	(d) the local entity's acquisition of completed or partially completed improvements in
549	an assessment area;
550	(e) design, engineering, and inspection costs incurred with respect to the construction
551	of improvements in an assessment area; or
552	(f) additional work performed in accordance with the terms of a contract duly let to the
553	lowest responsive, responsible bidder.
554	(6) A local entity may itself furnish utility service and maintain improvements within
555	an assessment area.
556	(7) (a) A local entity may acquire completed or partially completed improvements in an
557	assessment area, but may not pay an amount for those improvements that exceeds their fair
558	market value.
559	(b) Upon the local entity's payment for completed or partially completed
560	improvements, title to the improvements shall be conveyed to the local entity or another public
561	agency

562	(8) The provisions of Title 11, Chapter 39, Building Improvements and Public Works	
563	Projects, and Section 72-6-108 do not apply to improvements to be constructed in an	
564	assessment area.	
565	[(9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), this section does not apply to a	
566	voluntary assessment area designated for the purpose of levying an assessment for an energy	
567	efficiency upgrade, a renewable energy system, or electric vehicle charging infrastructure.]	
568	[(b) (i) A local entity that designates a voluntary assessment area described in	
569	Subsection (9)(a) shall provide to each owner of property to be assessed a list of service	
570	providers authorized by the local entity to provide the energy efficiency upgrade, renewable	
571	energy system, or electric vehicle charging infrastructure.]	
572	[(ii) A property owner described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) shall select a service provider	
573	from the list to provide the energy efficiency upgrade, renewable energy system, or electric	
574	vehicle charging infrastructure for the owner's property.]	
575	Section 5. Section 11-42-408 is amended to read:	
576	11-42-408. Assessment against government land prohibited Exception.	
576577	11-42-408. Assessment against government land prohibited Exception.(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment	
577	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment	
577578	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property	
577578579	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement.	
577578579580	 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a public agency may contract with a local 	
577578579580581	 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a public agency may contract with a local entity: 	
577 578 579 580 581 582	 (1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a public agency may contract with a local entity: (i) for the local entity to provide an improvement to property owned by the public 	
577 578 579 580 581 582 583	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a public agency may contract with a local entity: (i) for the local entity to provide an improvement to property owned by the public agency; and	
577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a public agency may contract with a local entity: (i) for the local entity to provide an improvement to property owned by the public agency; and (ii) to pay for the improvement provided by the local entity.	
577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a public agency may contract with a local entity: (i) for the local entity to provide an improvement to property owned by the public agency; and (ii) to pay for the improvement provided by the local entity. (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a local entity from imposing on	
577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a local entity may not levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency, even if the property benefits from the improvement. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a public agency may contract with a local entity: (i) for the local entity to provide an improvement to property owned by the public agency; and (ii) to pay for the improvement provided by the local entity. (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a local entity from imposing on and collecting from a public agency, or a public agency from paying, a reasonable charge for a	

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(a) a local entity may continue to levy and enforce an assessment against property acquired by a public agency within an assessment area if the acquisition occurred after the assessment area was designated; and (b) property that is subject to an assessment lien at the time it is acquired by a public agency continues to be subject to the lien and to enforcement of the lien if the assessment and interest on the assessment are not paid when due[; and]. (c) a local entity may levy an assessment against property owned by the federal government or a public agency if the federal government or public agency voluntarily enters into a voluntary assessment area for the purpose of financing an energy efficiency upgrade, a renewable energy system, or electric vehicle charging infrastructure. Section 6. Section 11-42-411 is amended to read: 11-42-411. Installment payment of assessments. (1) (a) In an assessment resolution or ordinance, the governing body may, subject to Subsection (1)(b) and except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), provide that some or all of the assessment be paid in installments over a period not to exceed 20 years from the effective date of the resolution or ordinance. (b) If an assessment resolution or ordinance provides that some or all of the assessment be paid in installments for a period exceeding 10 years from the effective date of the resolution or ordinance, the governing body: (i) shall make a determination that: (A) the improvement for which the assessment is made has a reasonable useful life for the full period during which installments are to be paid; or (B) it would be in the best interests of the local entity and the property owners for installments to be paid for more than 10 years; and

- (ii) may provide in the resolution or ordinance that no assessment is payable during some or all of the period ending three years after the effective date of the resolution or
- some or all of the period ending three years after the effective date of ordinance.
 - (2) An assessment resolution or ordinance that provides for the assessment to be paid

618 in installments may provide that the unpaid balance be paid over the period of time that 619 installments are payable: 620 (a) in substantially equal installments of principal; or 621 (b) in substantially equal installments of principal and interest[; or]. (c) for an assessment levied for an energy efficiency upgrade, a renewable energy 622 623 system, or electric vehicle charging infrastructure: 624 [(i) in accordance with the assessment resolution or ordinance; and] 625 (ii) over a period not to exceed 30 years from the effective date of the resolution or 626 ordinance.] 627 (3) (a) Each assessment resolution or ordinance that provides for the assessment to be 628 paid in installments shall, subject to Subsections (3)(b) and (c), provide that the unpaid balance 629 of the assessment bear interest at a fixed rate, variable rate, or a combination of fixed and 630 variable rates, as determined by the governing body, from the effective date of the resolution or ordinance or another date specified in the resolution or ordinance. 631 (b) If the assessment is for operation and maintenance costs or for the costs of 632 633 economic promotion activities: 634 (i) a local entity may charge interest only from the date each installment is due; and (ii) the first installment of an assessment shall be due 15 days after the effective date of 635 636 the assessment resolution or ordinance. 637 (c) If an assessment resolution or ordinance provides for the unpaid balance of the assessment to bear interest at a variable rate, the assessment resolution or ordinance shall 638 639 specify: 640 (i) the basis upon which the rate is to be determined from time to time; 641 (ii) the manner in which and schedule upon which the rate is to be adjusted; and 642 (iii) a maximum rate that the assessment may bear. (4) Interest payable on assessments may include: 643 644 (a) interest on assessment bonds; 645 (b) ongoing local entity costs incurred for administration of the assessment area; and

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646	(c) any costs incurred with respect to:
647	(i) securing a letter of credit or other instrument to secure payment or repurchase of
648	bonds; or
649	(ii) retaining a marketing agent or an indexing agent.
650	(5) Interest imposed in an assessment resolution or ordinance shall be paid in addition
651	to the amount of each installment annually or at more frequent intervals as provided in the
652	assessment resolution or ordinance.
653	(6) (a) Except for an assessment for operation and maintenance costs or for the costs of
654	economic promotion activities, a property owner may pay some or all of the entire assessment
655	without interest if paid within 25 days after the assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect.
656	(b) After the 25-day period stated in Subsection (6)(a), a property owner may at any
657	time prepay some or all of the assessment levied against the owner's property.
658	(c) A local entity may require a prepayment of an installment to include:
659	(i) an amount equal to the interest that would accrue on the assessment to the next date
660	on which interest is payable on bonds issued in anticipation of the collection of the assessment;
661	and
662	(ii) the amount necessary, in the governing body's opinion or the opinion of the officer
663	designated by the governing body, to assure the availability of money to pay:
664	(A) interest that becomes due and payable on those bonds; and
665	(B) any premiums that become payable on bonds that are called in order to use the
666	money from the prepaid assessment installment.
667	Section 7. Section 11-42a-101 is enacted to read:
668	CHAPTER 42a. COMMERCIAL PROPERTY ASSESSED CLEAN ENERGY ACT
669	Part 1. General Provisions

Section 8. Section 11-42a-102 is enacted to read:

<u>11-42a-101.</u> Title.

"C-PACE Act."

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672

This chapter is known as the "Commercial Property Assessed Clean Energy Act" or

674	11-42a-102. Definitions.
675	(1) (a) "Assessment" means the assessment that a local entity or the C-PACE district
676	levies on private property under this chapter to cover the costs of an energy efficiency upgrade,
677	a renewable energy system, or an electric vehicle charging infrastructure.
678	(b) "Assessment" does not constitute a property tax but shares the same priority lien as
679	a property tax.
680	(2) "Assessment fund" means a special fund that a local entity establishes under
681	Section 11-42a-206.
682	(3) "Benefitted property" means private property within an energy assessment area that
683	directly benefits from improvements.
684	(4) "Bond" means an assessment bond and a refunding assessment bond.
685	(5) (a) "Commercial or industrial real property" means private real property used
686	directly or indirectly or held for one of the following purposes or activities, regardless of
687	whether the purpose or activity is for profit:
688	(i) commercial;
689	(ii) mining;
690	(iii) agricultural;
691	(iv) industrial;
692	(v) manufacturing;
693	(vi) trade;
694	(vii) professional;
695	(viii) a private or public club;
696	(ix) a lodge;
697	(x) a business; or
698	(xi) a similar purpose.
699	(b) "Commercial or industrial real property" includes private real property that:
700	(i) is used as or held for dwelling purposes; and
701	(ii) contains more than four rental units.

702	(6) "Contract price" means:
703	(a) up to 100% of the cost of installing, acquiring, refinancing, or reimbursing for an
704	improvement, as determined by the owner of the property benefitting from the improvement; or
705	(b) the amount payable to one or more contractors for the assessment, design,
706	engineering, inspection, and construction of an improvement.
707	(7) "C-PACE" means commercial property assessed clean energy.
708	(8) "C-PACE district" means the statewide authority established in Section 11-42a-106
709	to implement the C-PACE Act in collaboration with governing bodies, under the direction of
710	OED.
711	(9) "Electric vehicle charging infrastructure" means equipment that is:
712	(a) permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property; and
713	(b) designed to deliver electric energy to a qualifying electric vehicle or a qualifying
714	plug-in hybrid vehicle, as those terms are defined in Section 59-7-605.
715	(10) "Energy assessment area" means an area:
716	(a) within the jurisdictional boundaries of a local entity that approves an energy
717	assessment area or, if the C-PACE district or a state interlocal entity levies the assessment, the
718	C-PACE district or the state interlocal entity;
719	(b) containing only the commercial or industrial real property of owners who have
720	voluntarily consented to an assessment under this chapter for the purpose of financing the costs
721	of improvements that benefit property within the energy assessment area; and
722	(c) in which the proposed benefitted properties in the area are:
723	(i) contiguous; or
724	(ii) located on one or more contiguous or adjacent tracts of land that would be
725	contiguous or adjacent property but for an intervening right-of-way, including a sidewalk,
726	street, road, fixed guideway, or waterway.
727	(11) "Energy assessment bond" means a bond:
728	(a) issued under Section 11-42a-401; and
729	(b) payable in part or in whole from assessments levied in an energy assessment area.

730	(12) "Energy assessment lien" means a lien on property within an energy assessment
731	area that arises from the levy of an assessment in accordance with Section 11-42a-301.
732	(13) "Energy assessment ordinance" means an ordinance that a local entity adopts
733	under Section 11-42a-201 that:
734	(a) designates an energy assessment area;
735	(b) levies an assessment on benefitted property within the energy assessment area; and
736	(c) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of energy assessment bonds.
737	(14) "Energy assessment resolution" means one or more resolutions adopted by a local
738	entity under Section 11-42a-201 that:
739	(a) designates an energy assessment area;
740	(b) levies an assessment on benefitted property within the energy assessment area; and
741	(c) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of energy assessment bonds.
742	(15) "Energy efficiency upgrade" means an improvement that is:
743	(a) permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property; and
744	(b) designed to reduce energy or water consumption, including:
745	(i) insulation in:
746	(A) a wall, roof, floor, or foundation; or
747	(B) a heating and cooling distribution system;
748	(ii) a window or door, including:
749	(A) a storm window or door;
750	(B) a multiglazed window or door;
751	(C) a heat-absorbing window or door;
752	(D) a heat-reflective glazed and coated window or door;
753	(E) additional window or door glazing;
754	(F) a window or door with reduced glass area; or
755	(G) other window or door modifications;
756	(iii) an automatic energy control system;
757	(iv) in a building or a central plant, a heating, ventilation, or air conditioning and

758	distribution system;
759	(v) caulk or weatherstripping;
760	(vi) a light fixture that does not increase the overall illumination of a building, unless
761	an increase is necessary to conform with the applicable building code;
762	(vii) an energy recovery system;
763	(viii) a daylighting system;
764	(ix) measures to reduce the consumption of water, through conservation or more
765	efficient use of water, including installation of:
766	(A) low-flow toilets and showerheads;
767	(B) timer or timing systems for a hot water heater; or
768	(C) rain catchment systems;
769	(x) a modified, installed, or remodeled fixture that is approved as a utility cost-saving
770	measure by the governing body or executive of a local entity;
771	(xi) measures or other improvements to effect seismic upgrades;
772	(xii) structures, measures, or other improvements to provide automated parking or
773	parking that reduces land use;
774	(xiii) the extension of an existing natural gas distribution company line;
775	(xiv) an energy efficient elevator, escalator, or other vertical transport device;
776	(xv) any other improvement that the governing body or executive of a local entity
777	approves as an energy efficiency upgrade; or
778	(xvi) any improvement that relates physically or functionally to any of the
779	improvements listed in Subsections (15)(b)(i) through (xv).
780	(16) "Governing body" means:
781	(a) for a county, city, town, or metro township, the legislative body of the county, city,
782	town, or metro township;
783	(b) for a local district, the board of trustees of the local district;
784	(c) for a special service district:
785	(i) if no administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301, the

786	legislative body of the county, city, town, or metro township that established the special service
787	district; or
788	(ii) if an administrative control board has been appointed under Section 17D-1-301, the
789	administrative control board of the special service district; and
790	(d) for the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201,
791	the board, as that term is defined in Section 63H-1-102.
792	(17) "Improvement" means a publicly or privately owned energy efficiency upgrade,
793	renewable energy system, or electric vehicle charging infrastructure that:
794	(a) a property owner has requested; or
795	(b) has been or is being installed on a property for the benefit of the property owner.
796	(18) "Incidental refunding costs" means any costs of issuing a refunding assessment
797	bond and calling, retiring, or paying prior bonds, including:
798	(a) legal and accounting fees;
799	(b) charges of financial advisors, escrow agents, certified public accountant verification
800	entities, and trustees;
801	(c) underwriting discount costs, printing costs, and the costs of giving notice;
802	(d) any premium necessary in the calling or retiring of prior bonds;
803	(e) fees to be paid to the local entity to issue the refunding assessment bond and to
804	refund the outstanding prior bonds;
805	(f) any other costs that the governing body determines are necessary and proper to incur
806	in connection with the issuance of a refunding assessment bond; and
807	(g) any interest on the prior bonds that is required to be paid in connection with the
808	issuance of the refunding assessment bond.
809	(19) "Installment payment date" means the date on which an installment payment of an
810	assessment is payable.
811	(20) "Jurisdictional boundaries" means:
812	(a) for the C-PACE district or any state interlocal entity, the boundaries of the state;
813	<u>and</u>

814	(b) for each local entity, the boundaries of the local entity.
815	(21) "Local district" means a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
816	Government Entities - Local Districts.
817	(22) (a) "Local entity" means:
818	(i) a county, city, town, or metro township;
819	(ii) a special service district, a local district, or an interlocal entity as that term is
820	defined in Section 11-13-103;
821	(iii) a state interlocal entity;
822	(iv) the military installation development authority created in Section 63H-1-201; or
823	(v) any political subdivision of the state.
824	(b) "Local entity" includes the C-PACE district solely in connection with:
825	(i) the designation of an energy assessment area;
826	(ii) the levying of an assessment; and
827	(iii) the assignment of an energy assessment lien to a third-party lender under Section
828	<u>11-42a-302.</u>
829	(23) "Local entity obligations" means energy assessment bonds and refunding
830	assessment bonds that a local entity issues.
831	(24) "OED" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 63M-4-401.
832	(25) "Overhead costs" means the actual costs incurred or the estimated costs to be
833	incurred in connection with an energy assessment area, including:
834	(a) appraisals, legal fees, filing fees, facilitation fees, and financial advisory charges;
835	(b) underwriting fees, placement fees, escrow fees, trustee fees, and paying agent fees;
836	(c) publishing and mailing costs;
837	(d) costs of levying an assessment;
838	(e) recording costs; and
839	(f) all other incidental costs.
840	(26) "Prior bonds" means the energy assessment bonds refunded in part or in whole by
841	a refunding assessment bond.

842	(27) "Prior energy assessment ordinance" means the ordinance levying the assessments
843	from which the prior bonds are payable.
844	(28) "Prior energy assessment resolution" means the resolution levying the assessments
845	from which the prior bonds are payable.
846	(29) "Property" includes real property and any interest in real property, including water
847	rights and leasehold rights.
848	(30) "Public electrical utility" means a large-scale electric utility as that term is defined
849	<u>in Section 54-2-1.</u>
850	(31) "Reduced payment obligation" means the full obligation of an owner of property
851	within an energy assessment area to pay an assessment levied on the property after the local
852	entity has reduced the assessment because of the issuance of a refunding assessment bond, in
853	accordance with Section 11-42a-403.
854	(32) "Refunding assessment bond" means an assessment bond that a local entity issues
855	under Section 11-42a-403 to refund, in part or in whole, energy assessment bonds.
856	(33) (a) "Renewable energy system" means a product, system, device, or interacting
857	group of devices that is permanently affixed to commercial or industrial real property not
858	located in the certified service area of a distribution electrical cooperative, as that term is
859	defined in Section 54-2-1, and:
860	(i) produces energy from renewable resources, including:
861	(A) a photovoltaic system;
862	(B) a solar thermal system;
863	(C) a wind system;
864	(D) a geothermal system, including a generation system, a direct-use system, or a
865	ground source heat pump system;
866	(E) a microhydro system;
867	(F) a biofuel system; or
868	(G) any other renewable source system that the governing body of the local entity
869	approves;

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870	(ii) stores energy, including:
871	(A) a battery storage system; or
872	(B) any other energy storing system that the governing body or chief executive officer
873	of a local entity approves; or
874	(iii) any improvement that relates physically or functionally to any of the products,
875	systems, or devices listed in Subsection (33)(a)(i) or (ii).
876	(b) "Renewable energy system" does not include a system described in Subsection
877	(33)(a)(i) if the system provides energy to property outside the energy assessment area, unless
878	the system:
879	(i) (A) existed before the creation of the energy assessment area; and
880	(B) beginning before January 1, 2017, provides energy to property outside of the area
881	that became the energy assessment area; or
882	(ii) provides energy to property outside the energy assessment area under an agreement
883	with a public electrical utility that is substantially similar to agreements for other renewable
884	energy systems that are not funded under this chapter.
885	(34) "Special service district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
886	<u>17D-1-102.</u>
887	(35) "State interlocal entity" means:
888	(a) an interlocal entity created under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act,
889	by two or more counties, cities, towns, or metro townships that collectively represent at least a
890	majority of the state's population; or
891	(b) an entity that another state authorized, before January 1, 2017, to issue bonds,
892	notes, or other obligations or refunding obligations to finance or refinance projects in the state.
893	(36) "Third-party lender" means a trust company, savings bank, savings and loan
894	association, bank, credit union, or any other entity that provides loans directly to property
895	owners for improvements authorized under this chapter.
896	Section 9. Section 11-42a-103 is enacted to read:
897	11-42a-103. No limitation on other local entity powers Conflict with other

898	statutory provisions.
899	(1) This chapter does not limit a power that a local entity has under other applicable
900	law to:
901	(a) make an improvement or provide a service;
902	(b) create a district;
903	(c) levy an assessment or tax; or
904	(d) issue a bond or a refunding bond.
905	(2) If there is a conflict between a provision of this chapter and any other statutory
906	provision, the provision of this chapter governs.
907	(3) After January 1, 2017, a local entity or the C-PACE district may create an energy
908	assessment area within the certificated service territory of a public electrical utility for the
909	installation of a renewable energy system with a nameplate rating of:
910	(a) no more than 2.0 megawatts; or
911	(b) more than 2.0 megawatts to serve load that the public electrical utility does not
912	already serve.
913	Section 10. Section 11-42a-104 is enacted to read:
914	11-42a-104. Action to contest assessment or proceeding Requirements
915	Exclusive remedy Bonds and assessment incontestable.
916	(1) (a) A person may commence a civil action against a local entity to contest an
917	assessment, a proceeding to designate an energy assessment area, or a proceeding to levy an
918	assessment.
919	(b) The remedies available in a civil action described in Subsection (1)(a) are:
920	(i) setting aside the proceeding to designate an energy assessment area; or
921	(ii) enjoining the levy or collection of an assessment.
922	(2) (a) A person bringing an action under Subsection (1) shall bring the action in the
923	district court with jurisdiction in the county in which the energy assessment area is located.
924	(b) A person may not begin the action against or serve a summons relating to the action
925	on the local entity more than 30 days after the effective date of the energy assessment

926	resolution, the energy assessment ordinance, or the written agreement between a local entity
927	and a third-party lender, described in Section 11-42a-302.
928	(3) An action under Subsection (1) is the exclusive remedy of a person:
929	(a) claiming an error or irregularity in an assessment, a proceeding to designate an
930	energy assessment area, or a proceeding to levy an assessment; or
931	(b) challenging a bondholder's or third-party lender's right to repayment.
932	(4) A court may not set aside, in part or in whole or declare invalid an assessment, a
933	proceeding to designate an energy assessment area, or a proceeding to levy an assessment
934	because of an error or irregularity that does not relate to the equity or justice of the assessmen
935	or proceeding.
936	(5) Except as provided in Subsection (6), after the expiration of the 30-day period
937	described in Subsection (2)(b):
938	(a) the following become incontestable against any person that has not commenced are
939	action and served a summons as provided in this section:
940	(i) the written agreement entered into or to be entered into under Section 11-42a-302;
941	(ii) the energy assessment bonds and refunding assessment bonds:
942	(A) that a local entity has issued or intends to issue; or
943	(B) with respect to the creation of an energy assessment area; and
944	(iii) assessments levied on property in the energy assessment area; and
945	(b) a court may not inquire into and a person may not bring a suit to enjoin or
946	challenge:
947	(i) the issuance or payment of an energy assessment bond or a refunding assessment
948	bond;
949	(ii) the payment under the written agreement between a local entity and a third-party
950	lender described in Section 11-42a-302;
951	(iii) the levy, collection, or enforcement of an assessment;
952	(iv) the legality of an energy assessment bond, a refunding assessment bond, or a
953	written agreement between a local entity and a third-party lender described in Section

954	<u>11-42a-302; or</u>
955	(v) an assessment.
956	(6) (a) A person may bring a claim of misuse of assessment funds through a mandamus
957	action regardless of the expiration of the 30-day period described in Subsection (2)(b).
958	(b) This section does not prohibit the filing of criminal charges against or the
959	prosecution of a party for the misuse of assessment funds.
960	Section 11. Section 11-42a-105 is enacted to read:
961	<u>11-42a-105.</u> Severability.
962	A court's invalidation of any provision of this chapter does not affect the validity of any
963	other provision of this chapter.
964	Section 12. Section 11-42a-106 is enacted to read:
965	11-42a-106. C-PACE district established OED to direct and administer
966	C-PACE district.
967	(1) There is created the C-PACE district.
968	(2) The C-PACE district may, subject to Subsection (3):
969	(a) designate an energy assessment area;
970	(b) levy an assessment;
971	(c) assign an energy assessment lien to a third-party lender; and
972	(d) collect an assessment within an energy assessment area in accordance with Section
973	<u>11-42a-302.</u>
974	(3) (a) The C-PACE district may only take the actions described in Subsection (2) if a
975	governing body makes a written request of the C-PACE district to, in accordance with this
976	chapter:
977	(i) create an energy assessment area within the jurisdiction of the governing body; and
978	(ii) finance an improvement within that energy assessment area.
979	(b) Before creating an energy assessment area under Subsection (3)(a), the C-PACE
980	district shall enter into an agreement with the relevant public electrical utility to establish the
981	scope of the improvement to be financed.

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982	(4) (a) OED shall administer and direct the operation of the C-PACE district.
983	(b) OED may:
984	(i) adopt a fee schedule and charge fees, in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, to
985	cover the cost of administering and directing the operation of the C-PACE district;
986	(ii) delegate OED's powers under this chapter to a third party to assist in administering
987	and directing the operation of the C-PACE district; and
988	(iii) make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
989	Rulemaking Act, to establish procedures necessary to carry out the actions described in
990	Subsection (2).
991	(c) If OED delegates OED's power under Subsection (4)(b)(ii), OED shall:
992	(i) delegate the authority through a written agreement with the third party; and
993	(ii) ensure that the written agreement includes provisions that:
994	(A) require the third party to be subject to an audit by the state auditor regarding the
995	delegation;
996	(B) require the third party to submit to OED monthly reports, including information
997	regarding the assessments the C-PACE district levies and the payments the C-PACE district
998	receives; and
999	(C) insulate OED from liability for the actions of the third party and the C-PACE
1000	district while under the direction and administration of the third party.
1001	(d) OED is subject to Title 63G, Chapter 7, Governmental Immunity Act of Utah.
1002	(5) The state is not liable for the acts or omissions of the C-PACE district or the
1003	C-PACE district's directors, administrators, officers, agents, employees, third-party directors or
1004	administrators, or third-party lenders, including any obligation, expense, debt, or liability of the
1005	C-PACE district.
1006	Section 13. Section 11-42a-201 is enacted to read:
1007	Part 2. Energy Assessments
1008	11-42a-201. Resolution or ordinance designation an energy assessment area,

1009

levying an assessment, and issuing an energy assessment bond.

1010	(1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, and subject to the requirements of
1011	this part, at the request of a property owner on whose property or for whose benefit an
1012	improvement is being installed or being reimbursed, a governing body of a local entity may
1013	adopt an energy assessment resolution or an energy assessment ordinance that:
1014	(i) designates an energy assessment area;
1015	(ii) levies an assessment within the energy assessment area; and
1016	(iii) if applicable, authorizes the issuance of an energy assessment bond.
1017	(b) The boundaries of a proposed energy assessment area may:
1018	(i) include property that is not intended to be assessed; and
1019	(ii) overlap, be coextensive with, or be substantially coterminous with the boundaries
1020	of any other energy assessment area or an assessment area created under Title 11, Chapter 42,
1021	Assessment Area Act.
1022	(c) The energy assessment resolution or ordinance described in Subsection (1)(a) is
1023	adequate for purposes of identifying the property to be assessed within the energy assessment
1024	area if the resolution or ordinance describes the property to be assessed by legal description and
1025	tax identification number.
1026	(2) (a) A local entity that adopts an energy assessment resolution or ordinance under
1027	Subsection (1)(a) shall give notice of the adoption by:
1028	(i) publishing a copy or a summary of the resolution or ordinance once in a newspaper
1029	of general circulation where the energy assessment area is located; or
1030	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation where the energy assessment area is
1031	located, posting a copy of the resolution or ordinance in at least three public places within the
1032	local entity's jurisdictional boundaries for at least 21 days.
1033	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(a), a local entity is not required to make any
1034	other publication or posting of the resolution or ordinance.
1035	(3) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision regarding the effective date of a
1036	resolution or ordinance, each energy assessment resolution or ordinance takes effect:
1037	(a) on the date of publication or posting of the notice under Subsection (2); or

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1038	(b) at a later date as provided in the resolution or ordinance.
1039	(4) (a) The governing body of each local entity that has adopted an energy assessment
1040	resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) shall, within five days after the effective date of
1041	the resolution or ordinance, file a notice of assessment interest with the recorder of the county
1042	in which the property to be assessed is located.
1043	(b) Each notice of assessment interest under Subsection (4)(a) shall:
1044	(i) state that the local entity has an assessment interest in the property to be assessed;
1045	<u>and</u>
1046	(ii) describe the property to be assessed by legal description and tax identification
1047	number.
1048	(c) A local entity's failure to file a notice of assessment interest under this Subsection
1049	(4) has no effect on the validity of an assessment levied under an energy assessment resolution
1050	or ordinance adopted under Subsection (1).
1051	Section 14. Section 11-42a-202 is enacted to read:
1052	11-42a-202. Designation of energy assessment area Requirements.
1053	A local entity may not include property in an energy assessment area unless the owner
1054	of the property located in the energy assessment area provides to the local entity:
1055	(1) evidence that there are no existing delinquent taxes, special assessments, or water
1056	or sewer charges on the property;
1057	(2) evidence that the property is not subject to a trust deed or other lien on which there
1058	is a recorded notice of default, foreclosure, or delinquency that has not been cured;
1059	(3) evidence that there are no involuntary liens, including a lien on real property or on
1060	the proceeds of a contract relating to real property, for services, labor, or materials furnished in
1061	connection with the construction or improvement of the property; and
1062	(4) the written consent of each person or institution holding a lien on the property.
1063	Section 15. Section 11-42A-203 is enacted to read:
1064	11-42A-203. Levying an assessment within an energy assessment area
1065	Prerequisites.

1066	(1) If a local entity designates an energy assessment area in accordance with this
1067	chapter, the local entity may:
1068	(a) levy an assessment within the energy assessment area; and
1069	(b) collect the assessment by:
1070	(i) directly billing the property owner; or
1071	(ii) inclusion on a property tax notice issued in accordance with this section and
1072	Section 59-2-1317.
1073	(2) If a local entity includes an assessment on a property tax notice as described in
1074	Subsection (1)(b) and bills for the assessment in the same manner as a property tax, the
1075	assessment constitutes a lien, is enforced, and is subject to other penalty provisions, in
1076	accordance with this chapter.
1077	(3) If a local entity includes an assessment on a property tax notice, the county
1078	treasurer shall, on the property tax notice:
1079	(a) clearly state that the assessment is for the improvement provided by the local entity
1080	<u>and</u>
1081	(b) itemize the assessment separately from any other tax, fee, charge, interest, or
1082	penalty that is included on the property tax notice in accordance with Section 59-2-1317.
1083	Section 16. Section 11-42a-204 is enacted to read:
1084	11-42a-204. Limit on amount of assessment.
1085	(1) An assessment levied within an energy assessment area may not, in the aggregate,
1086	exceed the sum of:
1087	(a) the contract price or estimated contract price;
1088	(b) overhead costs not to exceed 15% of the sum of the contract price or estimated
1089	contract price;
1090	(c) an amount for contingencies of not more than 10% of the sum of the contract price
1091	or estimated contract price, if the assessment is levied before the completion of the
1092	construction of the improvements in the energy assessment area;
1093	(d) capitalized interest; or

1094	(e) an amount sufficient to fund a reserve fund.
1095	(2) A local entity may only use the proceeds of an energy assessment bond or any
1096	third-party financing to refinance or reimburse the costs of improvements authorized under this
1097	chapter if the property owner incurred or financed the costs no earlier than three years before
1098	the day on which the local entity issues the energy assessment bond or assigns the energy
1099	assessment lien.
1100	Section 17. Section 11-42a-205 is enacted to read:
1101	11-42a-205. Installment payment of assessments.
1102	(1) (a) In an energy assessment resolution or ordinance that a local entity adopts under
1103	Subsection 11-42a-201(1)(a), the governing body may provide that some or all of the
1104	assessment be paid in installments:
1105	(i) in accordance with the resolution or ordinance; and
1106	(ii) over a period not to exceed 30 years from the effective date of the resolution or
1107	ordinance.
1108	(2) (a) Each governing body that adopts an energy assessment resolution or ordinance
1109	that provides for the assessment to be paid in installments shall ensure that the resolution or
1110	ordinance provides that the unpaid balance of the assessment bears interest at a fixed rate, a
1111	variable rate, or a combination of fixed and variable rates, as determined by the governing
1112	body, from the effective date of the resolution or ordinance or another date that the resolution
1113	or ordinance specifies.
1114	(b) Each governing body that adopts an energy assessment resolution or ordinance that
1115	provides for the unpaid balance of the assessment to bear interest at a variable rate shall ensure
1116	that the resolution or ordinance specifies:
1117	(i) the basis upon which the rate is to be determined from time to time;
1118	(ii) the manner in which and schedule upon which the rate is to be adjusted; and
1119	(iii) a maximum rate that the assessment may bear.
1120	(3) Interest payable on assessments may include:
1121	(a) interest on energy assessment bonds;

1122	(b) ongoing costs that the local entity incurs for administration of the energy
1123	assessment area; and
1124	(c) any costs that the local entity incurs with respect to:
1125	(i) securing a letter of credit or other instrument to secure payment or repurchase of
1126	bonds; or
1127	(ii) retaining a marketing agent or an indexing agent.
1128	(4) A property owner shall pay interest imposed in an energy assessment resolution or
1129	ordinance annually or at more frequent intervals as the resolution or ordinance provides, in
1130	addition to the amount of each installment.
1131	(5) (a) At any time, a property owner may prepay some or all of the assessment levied
1132	against the owner's property.
1133	(b) A local entity may require that a prepayment of an installment include:
1134	(i) an amount equal to the interest that would accrue on the assessment to the next date
1135	on which interest is payable on a bond issued or a loan made in anticipation of the collection of
1136	the assessment; and
1137	(ii) the amount necessary, as determined by the governing body or the officer that the
1138	governing body designates, to ensure the availability of money to pay:
1139	(A) interest that becomes due and payable on a bond or loan described in Subsection
1140	(5)(b)(i); and
1141	(B) any premiums that become payable on a loan that is prepaid or on a bond that is
1142	called for redemption in order to use the money from the prepaid assessment installment.
1143	Section 18. Section 11-42a-206 is enacted to read:
1144	11-42a-206. Assessment fund Uses of money in the fund Treasurer's duties.
1145	(1) Unless a local entity has assigned an energy assessment lien to a third-party lender
1146	under Section 11-42a-302, the governing body of each local entity that levies an assessment
1147	under this part on benefitted property within an energy assessment area, or the local entity's
1148	designee, may establish an assessment fund.
1149	(2) The governing body or the local entity's designee as applicable shall denosit into

1150	the assessment fund all money paid to or for the benefit of the local entity from an assessment
1151	and interest on the assessment.
1152	(3) The local entity may only expend money in an assessment fund for paying:
1153	(a) local entity obligations; and
1154	(b) costs that the local entity or the local entity's designee incurs with respect to the
1155	administration of the energy assessment area.
1156	(4) (a) The treasurer of the local entity or the local entity's designee, as applicable, is
1157	the custodian of the assessment fund, subject to Subsection (4)(c)(i).
1158	(b) The treasurer of the local entity or the local entity's designee, as applicable, shall:
1159	(i) keep the assessment fund intact and separate from all other local entity funds and
1160	money;
1161	(ii) invest money in the assessment fund in accordance with Title 51, Chapter 7, State
1162	Money Management Act; and
1163	(iii) keep on deposit in the assessment fund any interest the local entity receives from
1164	the investment of money in the assessment fund and use the interest exclusively for the
1165	purposes for which the governing body or the local entity's designee established the assessment
1166	<u>fund.</u>
1167	(c) The treasurer of the local entity or the local entity's designee, as applicable, may:
1168	(i) arrange for a trustee bank to hold the assessment fund on behalf of the local entity;
1169	<u>and</u>
1170	(ii) pay money out of the assessment fund subject to Subsection (3).
1171	Section 19. Section 11-42a-301 is enacted to read:
1172	Part 3. Energy Assessment Liens
1173	11-42a-301. Assessment constitutes a lien Characteristics of an energy
1174	assessment lien.
1175	(1) Each assessment levied under this chapter, including any installment of an
1176	assessment, interest, and any penalties and costs of collection, constitutes a lien against the
1177	assessed property, beginning on the effective date of the energy assessment resolution or

1178	ordinance that the local entity adopts under Subsection 11-42a-201(1)(a).
1179	(2) An energy assessment lien under this section:
1180	(a) is superior to the lien of a trust deed, mortgage, mechanic's or materialman's lien, or
1181	other encumbrances;
1182	(b) has the same priority as, but is separate and distinct from:
1183	(i) a lien for general property taxes; or
1184	(ii) any other energy assessment lien levied under this chapter;
1185	(c) applies to any reduced payment obligations without interruption, change in priority,
1186	or alteration in any manner; and
1187	(d) continues until the assessment and any related reduced payment obligations,
1188	interest, penalties, and costs are paid, regardless of:
1189	(i) a sale of the property for or on account of a delinquent general property tax, special
1190	tax, or other assessment; or
1191	(ii) the issuance of a tax deed, an assignment of interest by the county, or a sheriff's
1192	certificate of sale or deed.
1193	Section 20. Section 11-42a-302 is enacted to read:
1194	11-42a-302. Assignment of energy assessment lien.
1195	(1) (a) In lieu of issuing energy assessment bonds to finance the costs of improvements
1196	under this chapter, a third-party lender may provide financing to a property owner to finance,
1197	refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements.
1198	(b) A local entity, through the local entity's executive or administrator, as applicable,
1199	may assign to the third-party lender described in Subsection (1)(a) the local entity's rights in the
1200	energy assessment lien by entering into a written agreement with the third-party lender.
1201	(2) (a) If a local entity assigns the local entity's rights in an energy assessment lien to a
1202	third-party lender under Subsection (1), the local entity's executive or administrator, as
1203	applicable, may authorize the designation of the energy assessment area and the levying of the
1204	assessment in lieu of the adoption of an energy assessment resolution or ordinance by the
1205	governing body of the local entity under Section 11-42a-201

1206	(b) If a local entity assigns the local entity's rights under Subsection (1)(b), the local
1207	entity shall ensure that the written agreement with the third-party lender:
1208	(i) includes the information required to be included within an energy assessment
1209	resolution or ordinance described in Section 11-42a-201;
1210	(ii) complies with Section 11-42a-201;
1211	(iii) requires the third-party lender to be subject to an audit by the state auditor
1212	regarding the assigned energy assessment lien;
1213	(iv) requires the third-party lender to submit to the local entity monthly reports,
1214	including information regarding the payments the third-party lender receives; and
1215	(v) insulates the local entity from liability for the actions of the third-party lender.
1216	(3) If a local entity assigns an energy assessment lien to a third-party lender, in
1217	accordance with Subsection (1), except as provided in Subsection 11-42a-303(2), the
1218	third-party lender has and possesses the same powers and rights at law or in equity to enforce
1219	the lien that the local entity creating the lien would have if the local entity did not assign the
1220	lien, including the rights and powers of the local entity under Sections 11-42a-303 and
1221	<u>11-42a-304.</u>
1222	(4) (a) Any financing in connection with the assignment of an energy assessment lien
1223	to a third-party lender under this section is not:
1224	(i) an obligation of the local entity that assigns the lien; or
1225	(ii) a charge against the general credit or taxing powers of the local entity that assigns
1226	the lien.
1227	(b) A local entity may not obligate itself to pay any assessment levied or bond issued
1228	under this chapter.
1229	(c) The assessments and the property upon which the energy assessment lien is
1230	recorded are the sole securities for the assignment of an energy assessment lien.
1231	Section 21. Section 11-42a-303 is enacted to read:
1232	11-42a-303. Enforcement of an energy assessment lien.
1233	(1) If an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when due, the local

1234	entity may sell the property on which the assessment has been levied for the amount due plus
1235	interest, penalties, and costs:
1236	(a) in the manner provided in Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, for the
1237	sale of property for delinquent general property taxes;
1238	(b) by judicial foreclosure; or
1239	(c) in the manner provided in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances, as though the property
1240	were the subject of a trust deed in favor of the local entity if the owner of record of the property
1241	at the time the local entity initiates the process to sell the property in accordance with Title 57,
1242	Chapter 1, Conveyances, has executed a property owner's consent form that:
1243	(i) estimates the total assessment to be levied against the particular parcel of property;
1244	(ii) describes any additional benefits that the local entity expects the assessed property
1245	to receive from the improvements;
1246	(iii) designates the date and time by which the fully executed consent form is required
1247	to be submitted to the local entity; and
1248	(iv) (A) appoints a trustee that satisfies the requirements described in Section 57-1-21;
1249	(B) gives the trustee the power of sale; and
1250	(C) explains that if an assessment or an installment of an assessment is not paid when
1251	due, the local entity may sell the property owner's property to satisfy the amount due plus
1252	interest, penalties, and costs, in the manner described in Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances.
1253	(2) If the local entity has assigned the local entity's rights to a third-party lender under
1254	Section 11-42a-302, the local entity shall provide written instructions to the third-party lender
1255	as to which method of enforcement the third-party lender shall pursue.
1256	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, each tax sale under Subsection (1)(b)
1257	is governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes, to the same extent as if the
1258	sale were for the sale of property for delinquent general property taxes.
1259	(4) (a) In a foreclosure under Subsection (1)(c):
1260	(i) the local entity may bid at the sale;
1261	(ii) if no one bids at the sale and pays the local entity the amount due on the

1262	assessment, plus interest and costs, the property is considered sold to the local entity for those
1263	amounts; and
1264	(iii) the local entity's chief financial officer may substitute and appoint one or more
1265	successor trustees, as provided in Section 57-1-22.
1266	(b) (i) The local entity shall disclose the designation of a trustee under Subsection
1267	(4)(a)(ii) in the notice of default that the trustee gives to commence the foreclosure.
1268	(ii) The local entity is not required to disclose the designation of a trustee under
1269	Subsection (4)(a)(ii) in an instrument separate from the notice described in Subsection
1270	(4)(b)(i).
1271	(5) (a) The redemption of property that is the subject of a tax sale under Subsection
1272	(1)(b) is governed by Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes.
1273	(b) The redemption of property that is the subject of a foreclosure proceeding under
1274	Subsection (1)(c) is governed by Title 57, Chapter 1, Conveyances.
1275	(6) The remedies described in this part for the collection of an assessment and the
1276	enforcement of an energy assessment lien are cumulative, and the use of one or more of those
1277	remedies does not deprive the local entity of any other available remedy, means of collecting
1278	the assessment, or means of enforcing the energy assessment lien.
1279	Section 22. Section 11-42a-304 is enacted to read:
1280	11-42a-304. Default in the payment of an installment of an assessment Interest
1281	and costs Restoring the property owner to the right to pay installments.
1282	(1) If an assessment is payable in installments and a default occurs in the payment of an
1283	installment when due:
1284	(a) the local entity may:
1285	(i) declare the delinquent amount to be immediately due and subject to collection as
1286	provided in this chapter;
1287	(ii) if the financed improvements are not completed by the completion deadline to
1288	which the property owner agreed in the bond or financing documents, then within 60 days after
1289	the completion deadline, accelerate payment of the total unpaid balance of the assessment and

1290	declare the whole of the unpaid principal and the interest then due to be immediately due and
1291	payable; and
1292	(iii) charge and collect all costs of collection, including attorney fees; and
1293	(b) except as provided in Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the local entity may not accelerate
1294	payment of the total unpaid balance of the assessment.
1295	(2) Delinquency interest accrues from the date of delinquency on all applicable
1296	amounts described in Subsection (1)(a) until the property owner pays the delinquency in full.
1297	(3) A local entity shall ensure that any interest that the local entity assesses under this
1298	section and any collection costs that the local entity charges under this section are the same as
1299	for delinquent real property taxes for the year in which the balance of the fee or charge
1300	becomes delinquent unless the local entity determines otherwise.
1301	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), a property owner may regain the right to pay an
1302	assessment in installments as if no default had occurred if the owner pays the amount of all
1303	unpaid installments that are past due with interest, collection and foreclosure costs, and
1304	administrative, redemption, and other fees, including attorney fees, before:
1305	(a) the final date that payment may be legally made under a final sale or foreclosure of
1306	property to collect delinquent assessment installments, if the governing body enforces
1307	collection under Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 13, Collection of Taxes; or
1308	(b) the end of the three-month reinstatement period provided in Section 57-1-31, if the
1309	governing body enforces collection through the method of foreclosing trust deeds.
1310	Section 23. Section 11-42a-305 is enacted to read:
1311	11-42a-305. Release and discharge of energy assessment lien Notice of
1312	dissolution of energy assessment area.
1313	(1) (a) Upon payment in full of an assessment on a parcel of property, the local entity
1314	or third-party lender, in the event the local entity has assigned the energy assessment lien to the
1315	third-party lender, shall file a release and discharge of the energy assessment lien on the
1316	property in the office of the recorder of the county where the property is located.
1317	(b) The local entity or third-party lender shall ensure that each release and discharge

1318	under Subsection (1)(a):
1319	(i) includes a legal description of the affected property; and
1320	(ii) complies with other applicable requirements for recording a document.
1321	(2) (a) Upon payment in full of all assessments levied within an energy assessment
1322	area, or upon providing for payment in full, the local entity or third-party lender, in the event
1323	the local entity has assigned the energy assessment lien to the third-party lender, shall file a
1324	notice of the dissolution of the energy assessment area in the office of the recorder of the
1325	county where the property within the energy assessment area is located.
1326	(b) The local entity or third-party lender shall ensure that each notice under Subsection
1327	<u>(2)(a):</u>
1328	(i) includes a legal description of the property assessed within the energy assessment
1329	area; and
1330	(ii) complies with all other applicable requirements for recording a document.
1331	Section 24. Section 11-42a-401 is enacted to read:
1332	Part 4. Energy Assessment Bonds and Refunding Assessment Bonds
13321333	Part 4. Energy Assessment Bonds and Refunding Assessment Bonds 11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds
1333	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds
1333 1334	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds.
133313341335	 11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the
1333 1334 1335 1336	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the issuance of a bond to pay, refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements in an energy
1333 1334 1335 1336 1337	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the issuance of a bond to pay, refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, and other related costs, against the funds that the local entity will receive
1333 1334 1335 1336 1337 1338	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the issuance of a bond to pay, refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, and other related costs, against the funds that the local entity will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area.
1333 1334 1335 1336 1337 1338 1339	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the issuance of a bond to pay, refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, and other related costs, against the funds that the local entity will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area. (2) A local entity may, by resolution or ordinance, delegate to one or more officers of
1333 1334 1335 1336 1337 1338 1339 1340	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the issuance of a bond to pay, refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, and other related costs, against the funds that the local entity will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area. (2) A local entity may, by resolution or ordinance, delegate to one or more officers of the issuer the authority to:
1333 1334 1335 1336 1337 1338 1339 1340 1341	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the issuance of a bond to pay, refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, and other related costs, against the funds that the local entity will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area. (2) A local entity may, by resolution or ordinance, delegate to one or more officers of the issuer the authority to: (a) in accordance with the parameters in the resolution or ordinance, approve the final
1333 1334 1335 1336 1337 1338 1339 1340 1341 1342	11-42a-401. Local entity may authorize the issuance of energy assessment bonds Limit on amount of bonds Features of energy assessment bonds. (1) A local entity may, subject to the requirements of this chapter, authorize the issuance of a bond to pay, refinance, or reimburse the costs of improvements in an energy assessment area, and other related costs, against the funds that the local entity will receive because of an assessment in an energy assessment area. (2) A local entity may, by resolution or ordinance, delegate to one or more officers of the issuer the authority to: (a) in accordance with the parameters in the resolution or ordinance, approve the final interest rate or rates, price, principal amount, maturity or maturities, redemption features, and

1346	exceed:
1347	(a) the unpaid balance of assessments at the time the bond is issued; or
1348	(b) if the property owner incurred the costs of improvements to be refinanced or
1349	reimbursed no earlier than three years before the date of issuance of the energy assessment
1350	bond, the total costs of the improvements to be refinanced or reimbursed.
1351	(4) The issuer of an energy assessment bond issued under this section shall ensure that:
1352	(a) the energy assessment bond:
1353	(i) is fully negotiable for all purposes;
1354	(ii) matures at a time that does not exceed the period that installments of assessments
1355	in the assessment area are due and payable, plus one year;
1356	(iii) bears interest at the lowest rate or rates reasonably obtainable;
1357	(iv) is issued in registered form as provided in Title 15, Chapter 7, Registered Public
1358	Obligations Act;
1359	(v) provides that interest be paid semiannually, annually, or at another interval as
1360	specified by the governing body; and
1361	(vi) is not dated earlier than the effective date of the assessment ordinance; and
1362	(b) the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bond defines the place where the bond
1363	is payable, the form of the bond, and the manner in which the bond is sold.
1364	(5) (a) A local entity may:
1365	(i) (A) provide that an energy assessment bond may be called for redemption before
1366	maturity; and
1367	(B) fix the terms and conditions of redemption, including the notice to be given and
1368	any premium to be paid;
1369	(ii) subject to Subsection (5)(b), require an energy assessment bond to bear interest at a
1370	fixed or variable rate, or a combination of fixed and variable rates;
1371	(iii) specify the terms and conditions under which:
1372	(A) an energy assessment bond bearing interest at a variable interest rate may be
1373	converted to hear interest at a fixed interest rate; and

1374	(B) the local entity agrees to repurchase the bonds;
1375	(iv) engage a remarketing agent and indexing agent, subject to the terms and conditions
1376	to which the governing body agrees; and
1377	(v) include all costs associated with an energy assessment bond, including any costs
1378	resulting from any of the actions the local entity is authorized to take under this section, in an
1379	assessment levied under Section 11-42a-203.
1380	(b) If an energy assessment bond carries a variable interest rate, the local entity shall
1381	specify:
1382	(i) the basis upon which the variable rate is to be determined over the life of the bond;
1383	(ii) the manner in which and schedule upon which the rate is to be adjusted; and
1384	(iii) a maximum rate that the bond may carry.
1385	(6) A local entity may only use the proceeds of an energy assessment bond to refinance
1386	or reimburse costs of improvements authorized under this chapter if the property owner
1387	incurred the costs no earlier than three years before the date of issuance of the energy
1388	assessment bond.
1389	Section 25. Section 11-42a-402 is enacted to read:
1390	11-42a-402. Energy assessment bond not a local entity's general obligation
1391	Liability and responsibility of a local entity issuing an energy assessment bond No state
1392	liability.
1393	(1) (a) An energy assessment bond that a local entity issues under this chapter:
1394	(i) is a limited obligation of the local entity; and
1395	(ii) does not constitute nor give rise to:
1396	(A) a general obligation or liability of the local entity or the state; or
1397	(B) a charge against the general credit or taxing powers of the local entity or the state.
1398	(b) The local entity shall ensure that the limitation described in Subsection (1)(a) is
1399	plainly stated upon the face of the bond.
1400	(c) The assessments and the property upon which the energy assessment lien is
1401	recorded are the sole securities for an energy assessment bond.

1402	(2) (a) A local entity that issues an energy assessment bond is not liable and may not
1403	obligate itself for payment of the bond, except for a fund that the local entity creates and
1404	receives from assessments against which the bond is issued.
1405	(b) Unless otherwise provided in this chapter, a local entity that issues an energy
1406	assessment bond is responsible for:
1407	(i) the lawful levy of all assessments; and
1408	(ii) the faithful accounting, collection, settlement, and payment of assessments.
1409	Section 26. Section 11-42a-403 is enacted to read:
1410	11-42a-403. Refunding assessment bonds.
1411	(1) A local entity may, by a resolution adopted by the governing body, authorize the
1412	issuance of a refunding assessment bond as provided in this section, to repay prior bonds in
1413	whole or in part, whether at or before the maturity of the prior bonds, at stated maturity, upon
1414	redemption, or upon declaration of maturity.
1415	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), the issuance of a refunding assessment bond is
1416	governed by Title 11, Chapter 27, Utah Refunding Bond Act.
1417	(b) If there is a conflict between a provision of Title 11, Chapter 27, Utah Refunding
1418	Bond Act, and a provision of this part, the provision of this part governs.
1419	(3) In issuing a refunding assessment bond, the local entity shall require the refunding
1420	assessment bond and interest on the bond to be payable from and secured, to the extent the
1421	prior bonds were payable from and secured, by:
1422	(a) the same assessments; or
1423	(b) the reduced assessments adopted by the governing body under Section 11-42a-404
1424	(4) A refunding assessment bond:
1425	(a) is payable solely from the sources described in Subsection (3);
1426	(b) matures no later than one year after the date of final maturity of the prior bonds;
1427	(c) does not mature at a time or bear interest at a rate that will cause the local entity to
1428	be unable to pay the bond when due from the sources listed in Subsection (3);
1429	(d) bears interest as the governing body determines and subject to the provisions

1430	relating to interest in Section 11-42a-401; and
1431	(e) pays one or more issues of the issuing local entity's prior bonds.
1432	(5) If the bond refunds two or more issues of a local entity's prior bonds, the local
1433	entity may issue the bond in one or more series.
1434	Section 27. Section 11-42a-404 is enacted to read:
1435	11-42a-404. Reducing assessments after issuance of refunding assessment bonds
1436	Retroactive effect.
1437	(1) Each local entity that issues a refunding assessment bond shall adopt a resolution or
1438	ordinance amending the previously adopted energy assessment resolution or ordinance that:
1439	(a) reduces, as determined by the local entity's governing body:
1440	(i) the assessments levied under the previous resolution or ordinance;
1441	(ii) the interest payable on the assessments levied under the previous resolution or
1442	ordinance; or
1443	(iii) both the assessments levied under the previous resolution or ordinance and the
1444	interest payable on those assessments;
1445	(b) allocates the reductions under Subsection (1)(a) so the then unpaid assessments
1446	levied against benefitted property within the assessment area and the unpaid interest on those
1447	assessments receive a proportionate share of the reductions;
1448	(c) states the amounts of the reduced payment obligation for each property assessed in
1449	the prior resolution or ordinance; and
1450	(d) states the effective date of any reduction in the assessment levied in the prior
1451	resolution or ordinance.
1452	(2) In a resolution or ordinance described in Subsection (1), the local entity is not
1453	required to describe each block, lot, part of a block or lot, tract, or parcel of property assessed.
1454	(3) The local entity shall ensure that each reduction under Subsection (1)(a) is equal to
1455	the amount by which the principal, interest, or combined principal and interest payable on the
1456	refunding assessment bond, after accounting for incidental refunding costs associated with the
1457	refunding assessment bond, is less than the amount of principal, interest, or combined principal

1458	and interest payable on the prior bonds.
1459	(4) A reduction under Subsection (1)(a) does not apply to an assessment or interest
1460	paid before the reduction.
1461	(5) A resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) may not become effective before
1462	the date when any principal, interest, redemption premium on the prior bonds, and advances
1463	under Subsection 11-42-607(5)(a) are fully paid or legally considered to be paid.
1464	(6) Except for the amount of reduction to a prior assessment or interest on a prior
1465	assessment, neither the issuance of a refunding assessment bond nor the adoption of a
1466	resolution or ordinance under Subsection (1) affects:
1467	(a) the validity or continued enforceability of a prior assessment or interest on the
1468	assessment; or
1469	(b) the validity, enforceability, or priority of an energy assessment lien.
1470	(7) Each reduction of a prior assessment and the interest on the assessment continues to
1471	exist in favor of the refunding assessment bonds.
1472	(8) Even after payment in full of the prior bonds that a refunding assessment bond
1473	refunds, an energy assessment lien continues to exist to secure payment of:
1474	(a) the reduced payment obligations;
1475	(b) the penalties and costs of collection of those obligations; and
1476	(c) the refunding assessment bond.
1477	(9) A lien securing a reduced payment obligation from which a refunding assessment
1478	bond is payable and by which the bond is secured is subordinate to an energy assessment lien
1479	that secures the original or prior assessment and prior bonds until the prior bonds are paid in
1480	full or legally considered to be paid in full.
1481	(10) Unless prior bonds are paid in full simultaneously with the issuance of a refunding
1482	assessment bond, the local entity shall:
1483	(a) irrevocably set aside the proceeds of the refunding assessment bond in an escrow or
1484	other separate account; and
1485	(b) pledge the account described in Subsection (10)(a) as security for the payment of

1486	the prior bonds, the refunding assessment bond, or both.
1487	(11) This part applies to any refunding assessment bond:
1488	(a) regardless of whether the local entity already issued the bond; and
1489	(b) regardless of whether the local entity issued the prior bonds that the bond refunded
1490	under prior law and regardless of whether that law is currently in effect.
1491	Section 28. Section 63I-1-263 is amended to read:
1492	63I-1-263. Repeal dates, Titles 63A to 63N.
1493	(1) Subsection 63A-5-104(4)(h) is repealed on July 1, 2024.
1494	(2) Section 63A-5-603, State Facility Energy Efficiency Fund, is repealed July 1, 2023.
1495	(3) Title 63C, Chapter 4a, Constitutional and Federalism Defense Act, is repealed July
1496	1, 2018.
1497	(4) Title 63C, Chapter 4b, Commission for the Stewardship of Public Lands, is
1498	repealed November 30, 2019.
1499	(5) Title 63C, Chapter 16, Prison Development Commission Act, is repealed July 1,
1500	2020.
1501	(6) Title 63C, Chapter 17, Point of the Mountain Development Commission Act, is
1502	repealed July 1, 2021.
1503	(7) Title 63H, Chapter 4, Heber Valley Historic Railroad Authority, is repealed July 1,
1504	2020.
1505	(8) Title 63H, Chapter 8, Utah Housing Corporation Act, is repealed July 1, 2026.
1506	(9) On July 1, 2025:
1507	(a) in Subsection 17-27a-404(3)(c)(ii), the language that states "the Resource
1508	Development Coordinating Committee," is repealed;
1509	(b) Subsection 23-14-21(2)(c) is amended to read "(c) provide notification of proposed
1510	sites for the transplant of species to local government officials having jurisdiction over areas
1511	that may be affected by a transplant.";
1512	(c) in Subsection 23-14-21(3), the language that states "and the Resource Development
1513	Coordinating Committee" is repealed;

1514	(d) in Subsection 23-21-2.3(1), the language that states "the Resource Development
1515	Coordinating Committee created in Section 63J-4-501 and" is repealed;
1516	(e) in Subsection 23-21-2.3(2), the language that states "the Resource Development
1517	Coordinating Committee and" is repealed;
1518	(f) Subsection 63J-4-102(1) is repealed and the remaining subsections are renumbered
1519	accordingly;
1520	(g) Subsections 63J-4-401(5)(a) and (c) are repealed;
1521	(h) Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(b) is renumbered to Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(a) and the
1522	word "and" is inserted immediately after the semicolon;
1523	(i) Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(d) is renumbered to Subsection 63J-4-401(5)(b);
1524	(j) Sections 63J-4-501, 63J-4-502, 63J-4-503, 63J-4-504, and 63J-4-505 are repealed;
1525	and
1526	(k) Subsection 63J-4-603(1)(e)(iv) is repealed and the remaining subsections are
1527	renumbered accordingly.
1528	(10) (a) Subsection 63J-1-602.4(15) is repealed July 1, 2022.
1529	(b) When repealing Subsection 63J-1-602.4(15), the Office of Legislative Research and
1530	General Counsel shall, in addition to the office's authority under Subsection 36-12-12(3), make
1531	necessary changes to subsection numbering and cross references.
1532	[(10)] (11) The Crime Victim Reparations and Assistance Board, created in Section
1533	63M-7-504, is repealed July 1, 2017.
1534	[(11)] (12) Title 63M, Chapter 11, Utah Commission on Aging, is repealed July 1,
1535	2017.
1536	[(12)] (13) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act, is repealed July 1, 2018.
1537	[(13)] (14) (a) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 4, Recycling Market Development Zone Act,
1538	is repealed January 1, 2021.
1539	(b) Subject to Subsection [(13)] (14)(c), Sections 59-7-610 and 59-10-1007 regarding
1540	tax credits for certain persons in recycling market development zones, are repealed for taxable
1541	years beginning on or after January 1, 2021.

1542	(c) A person may not claim a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007:
1543	(i) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section 59-7-610 or
1544	59-10-1007, if the machinery or equipment is purchased on or after January 1, 2021; or
1545	(ii) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), if
1546	the expenditure is made on or after January 1, 2021.
1547	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections [(13)] (14)(b) and (c), a person may carry forward a
1548	tax credit in accordance with Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007 if:
1549	(i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-7-610 or 59-10-1007; and
1550	(ii) (A) for the purchase price of machinery or equipment described in Section
1551	59-7-610 or 59-10-1007, the machinery or equipment is purchased on or before December 31,
1552	2020; or
1553	(B) for an expenditure described in Subsection 59-7-610(1)(b) or 59-10-1007(1)(b), the
1554	expenditure is made on or before December 31, 2020.
1555	[(14)] (15) Section 63N-2-512 is repealed on July 1, 2021.
1556	[(15)] (16) (a) Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 6, Utah Small Business Jobs Act, is repealed
1557	January 1, 2021.
1558	(b) Section 59-9-107 regarding tax credits against premium taxes is repealed for
1559	calendar years beginning on or after January 1, 2021.
1560	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection [(15)] (16)(b), an entity may carry forward a tax credit
1561	in accordance with Section 59-9-107 if:
1562	(i) the person is entitled to a tax credit under Section 59-9-107 on or before December
1563	31, 2020; and
1564	(ii) the qualified equity investment that is the basis of the tax credit is certified under
1565	Section 63N-2-603 on or before December 31, 2023.
1566	[(16)] (17) Title 63N, Chapter 12, Part 3, Utah Broadband Outreach Center, is repealed
1567	July 1, 2018.
1568	Section 29. Section 63J-1-505 is amended to read:
1569	63J-1-505. Payment of fees prerequisite to service Exception.

1570	(1) (a) State and county officers required by law to charge fees may not perform any
1571	official service unless the fees prescribed for that service are paid in advance.
1572	(b) When the fee is paid, the officer shall perform the services required.
1573	(c) An officer is liable upon the officer's official bond for every failure or refusal to
1574	perform an official duty when the fees are tendered.
1575	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), no fees may be charged:
1576	(i) to the officer's state, or any county or subdivision of the state;
1577	(ii) to any public officer acting for the state, county, or subdivision;
1578	(iii) in cases of habeas corpus;
1579	(iv) in criminal causes before final judgment;
1580	(v) for administering and certifying the oath of office;
1581	(vi) for swearing pensioners and their witnesses; or
1582	(vii) for filing and recording bonds of public officers.
1583	(b) Fees may be charged for payment:
1584	(i) of recording fees for assessment area recordings in compliance with [Section]
1585	Sections 11-42-205 and 11-42a-302;
1586	(ii) of recording fees for judgments recorded in compliance with Sections 57-3-106 and
1587	78A-7-105; and
1588	(iii) to the state engineer under Section 73-2-14.
1589	Section 30. Section 63J-1-602.4 is amended to read:
1590	63J-1-602.4. List of nonlapsing funds and accounts Title 61 through Title 63N.
1591	(1) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background
1592	check for a mortgage loan license, as provided in Section 61-2c-202.
1593	(2) Funds paid to the Division of Real Estate for the cost of a criminal background
1594	check for principal broker, associate broker, and sales agent licenses, as provided in Section
1595	61-2f-204.
1596	(3) Certain funds donated to the Department of Human Services, as provided in

1597

Section 62A-1-111.

1598	(4) Appropriations from the National Professional Men's Basketball Team Support of
1599	Women and Children Issues Restricted Account created in Section 62A-1-202.
1600	(5) Certain funds donated to the Division of Child and Family Services, as provided in
1601	Section 62A-4a-110.
1602	(6) Appropriations from the Choose Life Adoption Support Restricted Account created
1603	in Section 62A-4a-608.
1604	(7) Appropriations to the Division of Services for People with Disabilities, as provided
1605	in Section 62A-5-102.
1606	(8) Appropriations to the Division of Fleet Operations for the purpose of upgrading
1607	underground storage tanks under Section 63A-9-401.
1608	(9) A portion of the funds appropriated to the Utah Seismic Safety Commission, as
1609	provided in Section 63C-6-104.
1610	(10) Funds appropriated or collected for publishing the Office of Administrative Rules'
1611	publications, as provided in Section 63G-3-402.
1612	(11) The Immigration Act Restricted Account created in Section 63G-12-103.
1613	(12) Money received by the military installation development authority, as provided in
1614	Section 63H-1-504.
1615	(13) Appropriations to the Utah Science Technology and Research Initiative created in
1616	Section 63M-2-301.
1617	(14) Appropriations to fund the Governor's Office of Economic Development's
1618	Enterprise Zone Act, as provided in Title 63N, Chapter 2, Part 2, Enterprise Zone Act.
1619	(15) Funds collected for directing and administering the C-PACE district created in
1620	Section 11-42a-302.
1621	[(15)] (16) The Motion Picture Incentive Account created in Section 63N-8-103.
1622	[(16)] (17) Certain money payable for commission expenses of the Pete Suazo Utah
1623	Athletic Commission, as provided under Section 63N-10-301.
1624	Section 31. Section 63M-4-401 is amended to read:
1625	63M-4-401. Creation of Office of Energy Development Director Purpose

1626	Rulemaking regarding confidential information.
1627	(1) There is created an Office of Energy Development.
1628	(2) (a) The governor's energy advisor shall serve as the director of the office or appoint
1629	a director of the office.
1630	(b) The director:
1631	(i) shall, if the governor's energy advisor appoints a director under Subsection (2)(a),
1632	report to the governor's energy advisor; and
1633	(ii) may appoint staff as funding within existing budgets allows.
1634	(c) The office may consolidate energy staff and functions existing in the state energy
1635	program.
1636	(3) The purposes of the office are to:
1637	(a) serve as the primary resource for advancing energy and mineral development in the
1638	state;
1639	(b) implement:
1640	(i) the state energy policy under Section 63M-4-301; and
1641	(ii) the governor's energy and mineral development goals and objectives;
1642	(c) advance energy education, outreach, and research, including the creation of
1643	elementary, higher education, and technical college energy education programs;
1644	(d) promote energy and mineral development workforce initiatives; and
1645	(e) support collaborative research initiatives targeted at Utah-specific energy and
1646	mineral development.
1647	(4) By following the procedures and requirements of Title 63J, Chapter 5, Federal
1648	Funds Procedures Act, the office may:
1649	(a) seek federal grants or loans;
1650	(b) seek to participate in federal programs; and
1651	(c) in accordance with applicable federal program guidelines, administer federally
1652	funded state energy programs.

(5) The office shall perform the duties required by Sections 11-42a-106, 59-7-614.7,

1653

1654	59-10-1029, Part 5, Alternative Energy Development Tax Credit Act, and Part 6, High Cost
1655	Infrastructure Development Tax Credit Act.
1656	(6) (a) For purposes of administering this section, the office may make rules, by
1657	following the procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
1658	Rulemaking Act, to maintain as confidential, and not as a public record, information that the
1659	office receives from any source.
1660	(b) The office shall maintain information the office receives from any source at the
1661	level of confidentiality assigned by the source.
1662	(7) The office may charge application, filing, and processing fees in amounts
1663	determined by the office in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for performing office duties
1664	described in this part.
1665	Section 32. Repealer.
1666	This bill repeals:
1667	Section 11-42-209, Designation of assessment area for an energy efficiency
1668	upgrade, a renewable energy system, or electric vehicle charging infrastructure
1669	Requirements.
1670	Section 33. Effective date.
1671	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
1672	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
1673	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
1674	the date of veto override.