1	CONGREGATE CARE PROGRAM AMENDMENTS
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Michael K. McKell
5	House Sponsor:
6 7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to congregate care programs.
10	Highlighted Provisions:
11	This bill:
12	► defines terms;
13	 modifies the definition of "congregate care program";
14	 removes the requirement that restraint and seclusion procedures align with industry
15	standards;
16	 requires a congregate care program to allow confidential voice-to-voice
17	communication unless certain circumstances are met;
18	 requires a youth transportation company to register with the office;
19	 requires individuals who transport a child for a youth transportation company to
20	submit to a background check;
21	 imposes a criminal penalty for referring individuals to youth transportation
22	companies in exchange for renumeration, or fee sharing;
23	 creates a fee for registration of a youth transportation company; and
24	 makes technical changes.
25	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
26	None
27	Other Special Clauses:

28	None
29	Utah Code Sections Affected:
30	AMENDS:
31	62A-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 117 and 400
32	62A-2-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 316 and 439
33	62A-2-120, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 117, 262, and 400
34	62A-2-123, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 400
35	ENACTS:
36	62A-2-126, Utah Code Annotated 1953
37	
38	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
39	Section 1. Section 62A-2-101 is amended to read:
40	62A-2-101. Definitions.
41	As used in this chapter:
42	(1) "Adult day care" means nonresidential care and supervision:
43	(a) for three or more adults for at least four but less than 24 hours a day; and
44	(b) that meets the needs of functionally impaired adults through a comprehensive
45	program that provides a variety of health, social, recreational, and related support services in a
46	protective setting.
47	(2) "Applicant" means a person [who] that applies for an initial license or a license
48	renewal under this chapter.
49	(3) (a) "Associated with the licensee" means that an individual is:
50	(i) affiliated with a licensee as an owner, director, member of the governing body,
51	employee, agent, provider of care, department contractor, or volunteer; or
52	(ii) applying to become affiliated with a licensee in a capacity described in Subsection
53	(3)(a)(i).
54	(b) "Associated with the licensee" does not include:
55	(i) service on the following bodies, unless that service includes direct access to a child
56	or a vulnerable adult:
57	(A) a local mental health authority described in Section 17-43-301;
58	(B) a local substance abuse authority described in Section 17-43-201; or

59	(C) a board of an organization operating under a contract to provide mental health or
60	substance abuse programs, or services for the local mental health authority or substance abuse
61	authority; or
62	(ii) a guest or visitor whose access to a child or a vulnerable adult is directly supervised
63	at all times.
64	(4) (a) "Boarding school" means a private school that:
65	(i) uses a regionally accredited education program;
66	(ii) provides a residence to the school's students:
67	(A) for the purpose of enabling the school's students to attend classes at the school; and
68	(B) as an ancillary service to educating the students at the school;
69	(iii) has the primary purpose of providing the school's students with an education, as
70	defined in Subsection (4)(b)(i); and
71	(iv) (A) does not provide the treatment or services described in Subsection (37)(a); or
72	(B) provides the treatment or services described in Subsection (37)(a) on a limited
73	basis, as described in Subsection (4)(b)(ii).
74	(b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iii), "education" means a course of study for
75	one or more of grades kindergarten through 12th grade.
76	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iv)(B), a private school provides the treatment or
77	services described in Subsection (37)(a) on a limited basis if:
78	(A) the treatment or services described in Subsection (37)(a) are provided only as an
79	incidental service to a student; and
80	(B) the school does not:
81	(I) specifically solicit a student for the purpose of providing the treatment or services
82	described in Subsection (37)(a); or
83	(II) have a primary purpose of providing the treatment or services described in
84	Subsection (37)(a).
85	(c) "Boarding school" does not include a therapeutic school.
86	(5) "Child" means an individual under 18 years old.
87	(6) "Child placing" means receiving, accepting, or providing custody or care for any
88	child, temporarily or permanently, for the purpose of:
89	(a) finding a person to adopt the child;

90	(b) placing the child in a home for adoption; or
91	(c) foster home placement.
92	(7) "Child-placing agency" means a person that engages in child placing.
93	(8) "Client" means an individual who receives or has received services from a licensee.
94	(9) (a) "Congregate care program" means any of the following that provide services to
95	a child:
96	[(a)] <u>(i)</u> an outdoor youth program;
97	[(b)] (ii) a residential support program;
98	[(c)] (iii) a residential treatment program; or
99	[(d)] <u>(iv)</u> a therapeutic school.
100	(b) "Congregate care program" does not include a human services program that:
101	(i) is licensed to serve adults; and
102	(ii) is approved by the office to serve a child for a limited time.
103	(10) "Day treatment" means specialized treatment that is provided to:
104	(a) a client less than 24 hours a day; and
105	(b) four or more persons who:
106	(i) are unrelated to the owner or provider; and
107	(ii) have emotional, psychological, developmental, physical, or behavioral
108	dysfunctions, impairments, or chemical dependencies.
109	(11) "Department" means the Department of Human Services.
110	(12) "Department contractor" means an individual who:
111	(a) provides services under a contract with the department; and
112	(b) due to the contract with the department, has or will likely have direct access to a
113	child or vulnerable adult.
114	(13) "Direct access" means that an individual has, or likely will have:
115	(a) contact with or access to a child or vulnerable adult that provides the individual
116	with an opportunity for personal communication or touch; or
117	(b) an opportunity to view medical, financial, or other confidential personal identifying
118	information of the child, the child's parents or legal guardians, or the vulnerable adult.
119	(14) "Directly supervised" means that an individual is being supervised under the
120	uninterrupted visual and auditory surveillance of another individual who has a current

121	background screening approval issued by the office.
122	(15) "Director" means the director of the Office of Licensing.
123	(16) "Domestic violence" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-36-1.
124	(17) "Domestic violence treatment program" means a nonresidential program designed
125	to provide psychological treatment and educational services to perpetrators and victims of
126	domestic violence.
127	(18) "Elder adult" means a person 65 years old or older.
128	(19) "Executive director" means the executive director of the department.
129	(20) "Foster home" means a residence that is licensed or certified by the Office of
130	Licensing for the full-time substitute care of a child.
131	(21) "Health benefit plan" means the same as that term is defined in Section
132	31A-1-301.
133	(22) "Health care provider" means the same as that term is defined in Section
134	78B-3-403.
135	(23) "Health insurer" means the same as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-615.5.
136	(24) (a) "Human services program" means:
137	(i) a foster home;
138	(ii) a therapeutic school;
139	(iii) a youth program;
140	(iv) an outdoor youth program;
141	(v) a residential treatment program;
142	(vi) a residential support program;
143	(vii) a resource family home;
144	(viii) a recovery residence; or
145	(ix) a facility or program that provides:
146	(A) adult day care;
147	(B) day treatment;
148	(C) outpatient treatment;
149	(D) domestic violence treatment;
150	(E) child-placing services;
151	(F) social detoxification; or

S.B. 239

152	(G) any other human services that are required by contract with the department to be
153	licensed with the department.
154	(b) "Human services program" does not include:
155	(i) a boarding school; or
156	(ii) a residential, vocational and life skills program, as defined in Section 13-53-102.
157	(25) "Indian child" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
158	(26) "Indian country" means the same as that term is defined in 18 U.S.C. Sec. 1151.
159	(27) "Indian tribe" means the same as that term is defined in 25 U.S.C. Sec. 1903.
160	(28) "Intermediate secure treatment" means 24-hour specialized residential treatment or
161	care for an individual who:
162	(a) cannot live independently or in a less restrictive environment; and
163	(b) requires, without the individual's consent or control, the use of locked doors to care
164	for the individual.
165	(29) "Licensee" means an individual or a human services program licensed by the
166	office.
167	(30) "Local government" means a city, town, metro township, or county.
168	(31) "Minor" has the same meaning as "child."
169	(32) "Office" means the Office of Licensing within the Department of Human Services.
170	(33) "Outdoor youth program" means a program that provides:
171	(a) services to a child that has:
172	(i) a chemical dependency; or
173	(ii) a dysfunction or impairment that is emotional, psychological, developmental,
174	physical, or behavioral;
175	(b) a 24-hour outdoor group living environment; and
176	(c) (i) regular therapy, including group, individual, or supportive family therapy; or
177	(ii) informal therapy or similar services, including wilderness therapy, adventure
178	therapy, or outdoor behavioral healthcare.
179	(34) "Outpatient treatment" means individual, family, or group therapy or counseling
180	designed to improve and enhance social or psychological functioning for those whose physical
181	and emotional status allows them to continue functioning in their usual living environment.
182	(35) "Practice group" or "group practice" means two or more health care providers

- 6 -

183	legally organized as a partnership, professional corporation, or similar association, for which:
184	(a) substantially all of the services of the health care providers who are members of the
185	group are provided through the group and are billed in the name of the group and amounts
186	received are treated as receipts of the group; and
187	(b) the overhead expenses of and the income from the practice are distributed in
188	accordance with methods previously determined by members of the group.
189	(36) "Private-placement child" means a child whose parent or guardian enters into a
190	contract with a congregate care program for the child to receive services.
191	(37) (a) "Recovery residence" means a home, residence, or facility that meets at least
192	two of the following requirements:
193	(i) provides a supervised living environment for individuals recovering from a
194	substance use disorder;
195	(ii) provides a living environment in which more than half of the individuals in the
196	residence are recovering from a substance use disorder;
197	(iii) provides or arranges for residents to receive services related to their recovery from
198	a substance use disorder, either on or off site;
199	(iv) is held out as a living environment in which individuals recovering from substance
200	abuse disorders live together to encourage continued sobriety; or
201	(v) (A) receives public funding; or
202	(B) is run as a business venture, either for-profit or not-for-profit.
203	(b) "Recovery residence" does not mean:
204	(i) a residential treatment program;
205	(ii) residential support program; or
206	(iii) a home, residence, or facility, in which:
207	(A) residents, by their majority vote, establish, implement, and enforce policies
208	governing the living environment, including the manner in which applications for residence are
209	approved and the manner in which residents are expelled;
210	(B) residents equitably share rent and housing-related expenses; and
211	(C) a landlord, owner, or operator does not receive compensation, other than fair
212	market rental income, for establishing, implementing, or enforcing policies governing the
213	living environment.

214	(38) "Regular business hours" means:
215	(a) the hours during which services of any kind are provided to a client; or
216	(b) the hours during which a client is present at the facility of a licensee.
217	(39) (a) "Residential support program" means a program that arranges for or provides
218	the necessities of life as a protective service to individuals or families who have a disability or
219	who are experiencing a dislocation or emergency that prevents them from providing these
220	services for themselves or their families.
221	(b) "Residential support program" includes a program that provides a supervised living
222	environment for individuals with dysfunctions or impairments that are:
223	(i) emotional;
224	(ii) psychological;
225	(iii) developmental; or
226	(iv) behavioral.
227	(c) Treatment is not a necessary component of a residential support program.
228	(d) "Residential support program" does not include:
229	(i) a recovery residence; or
230	(ii) a program that provides residential services that are performed:
231	(A) exclusively under contract with the department and provided to individuals through
232	the Division of Services for People with Disabilities; or
233	(B) in a facility that serves fewer than four individuals.
234	(40) (a) "Residential treatment" means a 24-hour group living environment for four or
235	more individuals unrelated to the owner or provider that offers room or board and specialized
236	treatment, behavior modification, rehabilitation, discipline, emotional growth, or habilitation
237	services for persons with emotional, psychological, developmental, or behavioral dysfunctions,
238	impairments, or chemical dependencies.
239	(b) "Residential treatment" does not include a:
240	(i) boarding school;
241	(ii) foster home; or
242	(iii) recovery residence.
243	(41) "Residential treatment program" means a program or facility that provides:
244	(a) residential treatment; or

S.B. 239

245	(b) intermediate secure treatment.
245	(42) "Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of an individual in a room or an
240	area:
247	(a) away from the individual's peers; and
248 249	(a) away from the individual's peers, and(b) in a manner that physically prevents the individual from leaving the room or area.
250	(b) If a manuel that physically prevents the individual from leaving the room of area.(43) "Social detoxification" means short-term residential services for persons who are
250 251	
	experiencing or have recently experienced drug or alcohol intoxication, that are provided
252	outside of a health care facility licensed under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility
253	Licensing and Inspection Act, and that include:
254	(a) room and board for persons who are unrelated to the owner or manager of the
255	facility;
256	(b) specialized rehabilitation to acquire sobriety; and
257	(c) aftercare services.
258	(44) "Substance abuse disorder" or "substance use disorder" mean the same as
259	"substance use disorder" is defined in Section 62A-15-1202.
260	(45) "Substance abuse treatment program" or "substance use disorder treatment
261	program" means a program:
262	(a) designed to provide:
263	(i) specialized drug or alcohol treatment;
264	(ii) rehabilitation; or
265	(iii) habilitation services; and
266	(b) that provides the treatment or services described in Subsection (45)(a) to persons
267	with:
268	(i) a diagnosed substance use disorder; or
269	(ii) chemical dependency disorder.
270	(46) "Therapeutic school" means a residential group living facility:
271	(a) for four or more individuals that are not related to:
272	(i) the owner of the facility; or
273	(ii) the primary service provider of the facility;
274	(b) that serves students who have a history of failing to function:
275	(i) at home;

S.B. 239

276	(ii) in a public school; or
277	(iii) in a nonresidential private school; and
278	(c) that offers:
279	(i) room and board; and
280	(ii) an academic education integrated with:
281	(A) specialized structure and supervision; or
282	(B) services or treatment related to:
283	(I) a disability;
284	(II) emotional development;
285	(III) behavioral development;
286	(IV) familial development; or
287	(V) social development.
288	(47) "Unrelated persons" means persons other than parents, legal guardians,
289	grandparents, brothers, sisters, uncles, or aunts.
290	(48) "Vulnerable adult" means an elder adult or an adult who has a temporary or
291	permanent mental or physical impairment that substantially affects the person's ability to:
292	(a) provide personal protection;
293	(b) provide necessities such as food, shelter, clothing, or mental or other health care;
294	(c) obtain services necessary for health, safety, or welfare;
295	(d) carry out the activities of daily living;
296	(e) manage the adult's own resources; or
297	(f) comprehend the nature and consequences of remaining in a situation of abuse,
298	neglect, or exploitation.
299	(49) (a) "Youth program" means a program designed to provide behavioral, substance
300	abuse, or mental health services to minors that:
301	(i) serves adjudicated or nonadjudicated youth;
302	(ii) charges a fee for its services;
303	(iii) may provide host homes or other arrangements for overnight accommodation of
304	the youth;
305	(iv) may provide all or part of its services in the outdoors;
306	(v) may limit or censor access to parents or guardians; and

307	(vi) prohibits or restricts a minor's ability to leave the program at any time of the
308	minor's own free will.
309	(b) "Youth program" does not include recreational programs such as Boy Scouts, Girl
310	Scouts, 4-H, and other such organizations.
311	(50) (a) "Youth transportation company" means any person that transports a child for
312	payment to or from a congregate care program in Utah.
313	(b) "Youth transportation company" does not include:
314	(i) a relative of the child;
315	(ii) a state agency; or
316	(iii) a person that transports the child from a congregate care program and returns the
317	child to the same congregate care program within 48 hours.
318	Section 2. Section 62A-2-116 is amended to read:
319	62A-2-116. Violation Criminal penalties.
320	(1) (a) A person who owns, establishes, conducts, maintains, manages, or operates a
321	human services program in violation of this chapter is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the
322	violation endangers or harms the health, welfare, or safety of persons participating in that
323	program.
324	(b) Conviction in a criminal proceeding does not preclude the office from:
325	(i) assessing a civil penalty or an administrative penalty;
326	(ii) denying, placing conditions on, suspending, or revoking a license; or
327	(iii) seeking injunctive or equitable relief.
328	(2) Any person that violates a provision of this chapter, lawful orders of the office, or
329	rules adopted under this chapter may be assessed a penalty not to exceed the sum of \$10,000
330	per violation, in:
331	(a) a judicial civil proceeding; or
332	(b) an administrative action in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative
333	Procedures Act.
334	(3) Assessment of a judicial penalty or an administrative penalty does not preclude the
335	office from:
336	(a) seeking criminal penalties;
337	(b) denying, placing conditions on, suspending, or revoking a license; or

338 (c) seeking injunctive or equitable relief. 339 (4) The office may assess the human services program the cost incurred by the office in 340 placing a monitor. 341 (5) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject to Subsections (1)(b) and (2), an 342 individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor if the individual knowingly and willfully offers, 343 pays, promises to pay, solicits, or receives any remuneration, including any commission, bonus, 344 kickback, bribe, or rebate, directly or indirectly, overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind, or 345 engages in any split-fee arrangement in return for: 346 (a) referring an individual to a person for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing 347 of any item or service for the treatment of a substance use disorder; 348 (b) receiving a referred individual for the furnishing or arranging for the furnishing of 349 any item or service for the treatment of a substance use disorder; or 350 (c) referring a clinical sample to a person, including a laboratory, for testing that is used toward the furnishing of any item or service for the treatment of a substance use disorder. 351 352 (6) Subsection (5) does not prohibit: 353 (a) any discount, payment, waiver of payment, or payment practice not prohibited by 354 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320a-7(b) or regulations made under 42 U.S.C. Sec. 1320a-7(b); 355 (b) patient referrals within a practice group: 356 (c) payments by a health insurer who reimburses, provides, offers to provide, or 357 administers health, mental health, or substance use disorder goods or services under a health 358 benefit plan; 359 (d) payments to or by a health care provider, practice group, or substance use disorder 360 treatment program that has contracted with a local mental health authority, a local substance 361 abuse authority, a health insurer, a health care purchasing group, or the Medicare or Medicaid 362 program to provide health, mental health, or substance use disorder services; 363 (e) payments by a health care provider, practice group, or substance use disorder 364 treatment program to a health, mental health, or substance use disorder information service that 365 provides information upon request and without charge to consumers about providers of health 366 care goods or services to enable consumers to select appropriate providers or facilities, if the 367 information service: 368 (i) does not attempt, through standard questions for solicitation of consumer criteria or

369 through any other means, to steer or lead a consumer to select or consider selection of a 370 particular health care provider, practice group, or substance use disorder treatment program; 371 (ii) does not provide or represent that the information service provides diagnostic or 372 counseling services or assessments of illness or injury and does not make any promises of cure 373 or guarantees of treatment; and 374 (iii) charges and collects fees from a health care provider, practice group, or substance 375 use disorder treatment program participating in information services that: 376 (A) are set in advance: 377 (B) are consistent with the fair market value for those information services; and 378 (C) are not based on the potential value of the goods or services that a health care 379 provider, practice group, or substance use disorder treatment program may provide to a patient; 380 or 381 (f) payments by a laboratory to a person that: 382 (i) does not have a financial interest in or with a facility or person who refers a clinical 383 sample to the laboratory; 384 (ii) is not related to an owner of a facility or a person who refers a clinical sample to the laboratory; 385 386 (iii) is not related to and does not have a financial relationship with a health care 387 provider who orders the laboratory to conduct a test that is used toward the furnishing of an 388 item or service for the treatment of a substance use disorder; 389 (iv) identifies, in advance of providing marketing or sales services, the types of clinical 390 samples that each laboratory will receive, if the person provides marketing or sales services to 391 more than one laboratory; 392 (v) the person does not identify as or hold itself out to be a laboratory or part of a 393 network with an insurance payor, if the person provides marketing or sales services under a 394 contract with a laboratory, as described in Subsection (6)(f)(vii)(B); 395 (vi) the person identifies itself in all marketing materials as a salesperson for a licensed 396 laboratory and identifies each laboratory that the person represents, if the person provides 397 marketing or sales services under a contract with a laboratory, as described in Subsection 398 (6)(f)(vii)(B); and 399 (vii) (A) is a sales person employed by the laboratory to market or sell the laboratory's

400	services to a person who provides substance use disorder treatment; or
401	(B) is a person under contract with the laboratory to market or sell the laboratory's
402	services to a person who provides substance use disorder treatment, if the total compensation
403	paid by the laboratory does not exceed the total compensation that the laboratory pays to
404	employees of the laboratory for similar marketing or sales services.
405	(7) (a) A person may not knowingly or willfully, in exchange for referring an
406	individual to a youth transportation company:
407	(i) offer, pay, promise to pay, solicit, or receive any remuneration directly or indirectly,
408	overtly or covertly, in cash or in kind, including:
409	(A) a commission;
410	(B) a bonus;
411	(C) a kickback;
412	(D) a bribe; or
413	(E) a rebate; or
414	(ii) engage in any split-fee arrangement.
415	(b) A person who violates Subsection (7)(a) is guilty of a class A misdemeanor and
416	shall be assessed a penalty in accordance with Subsection (2).
417	Section 3. Section 62A-2-120 is amended to read:
418	62A-2-120. Background check Direct access to children or vulnerable adults.
419	(1) As used in this section:
420	(a) (i) "Applicant" means:
421	(A) the same as that term is defined in Section 62A-2-101;
422	(B) an individual who is associated with a licensee and has or will likely have direct
423	access to a child or a vulnerable adult;
424	(C) an individual who provides respite care to a foster parent or an adoptive parent on
425	more than one occasion;
426	(D) a department contractor;
427	(E) an individual who transports a child for a youth transportation company;
428	[(E)] (F) a guardian submitting an application on behalf of an individual, other than the
429	child or vulnerable adult who is receiving the service, if the individual is 12 years old or older
430	and resides in a home, that is licensed or certified by the office, with the child or vulnerable

431	adult who is receiving services; or
432	[(F)] (G) a guardian submitting an application on behalf of an individual, other than the
433	child or vulnerable adult who is receiving the service, if the individual is 12 years old or older
434	and is a person described in Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A), (B), (C), or (D).
435	(ii) "Applicant" does not mean an individual, including an adult, who is in the custody
436	of the Division of Child and Family Services or the Division of Juvenile Justice Services.
437	(b) "Application" means a background screening application to the office.
438	(c) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Identification within the Department of
439	Public Safety, created in Section 53-10-201.
440	(d) "Incidental care" means occasional care, not in excess of five hours per week and
441	never overnight, for a foster child.
442	(e) "Personal identifying information" means:
443	(i) current name, former names, nicknames, and aliases;
444	(ii) date of birth;
445	(iii) physical address and email address;
446	(iv) telephone number;
447	(v) driver license or other government-issued identification;
448	(vi) social security number;
449	(vii) only for applicants who are 18 years old or older, fingerprints, in a form specified
450	by the office; and
451	(viii) other information specified by the office by rule made in accordance with Title
452	63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
453	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (13), an applicant or a representative shall
454	submit the following to the office:
455	(i) personal identifying information;
456	(ii) a fee established by the office under Section $63J-1-504$; and
457	(iii) a disclosure form, specified by the office, for consent for:
458	(A) an initial background check upon submission of the information described under
459	this Subsection (2)(a);
460	(B) ongoing monitoring of fingerprints and registries until no longer associated with a

461 licensee for 90 days;

462 (C) a background check when the office determines that reasonable cause exists; and 463 (D) retention of personal identifying information, including fingerprints, for 464 monitoring and notification as described in Subsections (3)(d) and (4). 465 (b) In addition to the requirements described in Subsection (2)(a), if an applicant 466 resided outside of the United States and its territories during the five years immediately 467 preceding the day on which the information described in Subsection (2)(a) is submitted to the 468 office, the office may require the applicant to submit documentation establishing whether the 469 applicant was convicted of a crime during the time that the applicant resided outside of the 470 United States or its territories. 471 (3) The office: 472 (a) shall perform the following duties as part of a background check of an applicant: 473 (i) check state and regional criminal background databases for the applicant's criminal 474 history by: 475 (A) submitting personal identifying information to the bureau for a search; or 476 (B) using the applicant's personal identifying information to search state and regional 477 criminal background databases as authorized under Section 53-10-108; 478 (ii) submit the applicant's personal identifying information and fingerprints to the 479 bureau for a criminal history search of applicable national criminal background databases: 480 (iii) search the Department of Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services' 481 Licensing Information System described in Section 62A-4a-1006; 482 (iv) search the Department of Human Services, Division of Aging and Adult Services' 483 vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation database described in Section 62A-3-311.1; 484 (v) search the juvenile court records for substantiated findings of severe child abuse or 485 neglect described in Section 80-3-404; and 486 (vi) search the juvenile court arrest, adjudication, and disposition records, as provided 487 under Section 78A-6-209; 488 (b) shall conduct a background check of an applicant for an initial background check 489 upon submission of the information described under Subsection (2)(a): 490 (c) may conduct all or portions of a background check of an applicant, as provided by 491 rule, made by the office in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 492 Rulemaking Act:

S.B. 239

493 (i) for an annual renewal; or 494 (ii) when the office determines that reasonable cause exists: 495 (d) may submit an applicant's personal identifying information, including fingerprints. 496 to the bureau for checking, retaining, and monitoring of state and national criminal background 497 databases and for notifying the office of new criminal activity associated with the applicant; 498 (e) shall track the status of an approved applicant under this section to ensure that an 499 approved applicant is not required to duplicate the submission of the applicant's fingerprints if 500 the applicant applies for: 501 (i) more than one license; 502 (ii) direct access to a child or a vulnerable adult in more than one human services 503 program; or 504 (iii) direct access to a child or a vulnerable adult under a contract with the department; 505 (f) shall track the status of each license and each individual with direct access to a child 506 or a vulnerable adult and notify the bureau within 90 days after the day on which the license 507 expires or the individual's direct access to a child or a vulnerable adult ceases; 508 (g) shall adopt measures to strictly limit access to personal identifying information 509 solely to the individuals responsible for processing and entering the applications for 510 background checks and to protect the security of the personal identifying information the office 511 reviews under this Subsection (3); 512 (h) as necessary to comply with the federal requirement to check a state's child abuse 513 and neglect registry regarding any individual working in a congregate care program, shall: 514 (i) search the Department of Human Services, Division of Child and Family Services' 515 Licensing Information System described in Section 62A-4a-1006; and 516 (ii) require the child abuse and neglect registry be checked in each state where an 517 applicant resided at any time during the five years immediately preceding the day on which the 518 applicant submits the information described in Subsection (2)(a) to the office; and 519 (i) shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative 520 Rulemaking Act, to implement the provisions of this Subsection (3) relating to background 521 checks. 522 (4) (a) With the personal identifying information the office submits to the bureau under 523 Subsection (3), the bureau shall check against state and regional criminal background databases

02-22-22 8:41 AM

524 for the applicant's criminal history. 525 (b) With the personal identifying information and fingerprints the office submits to the 526 bureau under Subsection (3), the bureau shall check against national criminal background 527 databases for the applicant's criminal history. 528 (c) Upon direction from the office, and with the personal identifying information and fingerprints the office submits to the bureau under Subsection (3)(d), the bureau shall: 529 530 (i) maintain a separate file of the fingerprints for search by future submissions to the 531 local and regional criminal records databases, including latent prints; and 532 (ii) monitor state and regional criminal background databases and identify criminal 533 activity associated with the applicant. 534 (d) The bureau is authorized to submit the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of 535 Investigation Next Generation Identification System, to be retained in the Federal Bureau of 536 Investigation Next Generation Identification System for the purpose of: 537 (i) being searched by future submissions to the national criminal records databases, 538 including the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System and latent 539 prints; and 540 (ii) monitoring national criminal background databases and identifying criminal 541 activity associated with the applicant. 542 (e) The Bureau shall notify and release to the office all information of criminal activity 543 associated with the applicant. 544 (f) Upon notice from the office that a license has expired or an individual's direct 545 access to a child or a vulnerable adult has ceased for 90 days, the bureau shall: 546 (i) discard and destroy any retained fingerprints; and (ii) notify the Federal Bureau of Investigation when the license has expired or an 547 548 individual's direct access to a child or a vulnerable adult has ceased, so that the Federal Bureau 549 of Investigation will discard and destroy the retained fingerprints from the Federal Bureau of 550 Investigation Next Generation Identification System. 551 (5) (a) After conducting the background check described in Subsections (3) and (4), the 552 office shall deny an application to an applicant who, within three years before the day on which the applicant submits information to the office under Subsection (2) for a background check, 553 554 has been convicted of any of the following, regardless of whether the offense is a felony, a

555 misdemeanor, or an infraction: 556 (i) an offense identified as domestic violence, lewdness, voyeurism, battery, cruelty to 557 animals, or bestiality; 558 (ii) a violation of any pornography law, including sexual exploitation of a minor; 559 (iii) prostitution; 560 (iv) an offense included in: 561 (A) Title 76, Chapter 5, Offenses Against the Person; 562 (B) Section 76-5b-201, Sexual Exploitation of a Minor; or 563 (C) Title 76, Chapter 7, Offenses Against the Family; 564 (v) aggravated arson, as described in Section 76-6-103; 565 (vi) aggravated burglary, as described in Section 76-6-203; (vii) aggravated robbery, as described in Section 76-6-302; 566 567 (viii) identity fraud crime, as described in Section 76-6-1102; or 568 (ix) a felony or misdemeanor offense committed outside of the state that, if committed 569 in the state, would constitute a violation of an offense described in Subsections (5)(a)(i)570 through (viii). 571 (b) If the office denies an application to an applicant based on a conviction described in 572 Subsection (5)(a), the applicant is not entitled to a comprehensive review described in 573 Subsection (6). 574 (c) If the applicant will be working in a program serving only adults whose only 575 impairment is a mental health diagnosis, including that of a serious mental health disorder, 576 with or without co-occurring substance use disorder, the denial provisions of Subsection (5)(a) 577 do not apply, and the office shall conduct a comprehensive review as described in Subsection 578 (6). 579 (6) (a) The office shall conduct a comprehensive review of an applicant's background 580 check if the applicant: 581 (i) has an open court case or a conviction for any felony offense, not described in 582 Subsection (5)(a), with a date of conviction that is no more than 10 years before the date on 583 which the applicant submits the application; 584 (ii) has an open court case or a conviction for a misdemeanor offense, not described in 585 Subsection (5)(a), and designated by the office, by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter

	S.B. 239 02-22-22 8:41 AI
586	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, if the conviction is within three years before the day
587	on which the applicant submits information to the office under Subsection (2) for a background
588	check;
589	(iii) has a conviction for any offense described in Subsection (5)(a) that occurred more
590	than three years before the day on which the applicant submitted information under Subsection
591	(2)(a);
592	(iv) is currently subject to a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement for any offense
593	described in Subsection (5)(a);
594	(v) has a listing in the Department of Human Services, Division of Child and Family
595	Services' Licensing Information System described in Section 62A-4a-1006;
596	(vi) has a listing in the Department of Human Services, Division of Aging and Adult
597	Services' vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation database described in Section
598	62A-3-311.1;
599	(vii) has a record in the juvenile court of a substantiated finding of severe child abuse
600	or neglect described in Section 80-3-404;
601	(viii) has a record of an adjudication in juvenile court for an act that, if committed by
602	an adult, would be a felony or misdemeanor, if the applicant is:
603	(A) under 28 years old; or
604	(B) 28 years old or older and has been convicted of, has pleaded no contest to, or is
605	currently subject to a plea in abeyance or diversion agreement for a felony or a misdemeanor
606	offense described in Subsection (5)(a);
607	(ix) has a pending charge for an offense described in Subsection (5)(a); or
608	(x) is an applicant described in Subsection (5)(c).
609	(b) The comprehensive review described in Subsection (6)(a) shall include an
610	examination of:
611	(i) the date of the offense or incident;
612	(ii) the nature and seriousness of the offense or incident;
613	(iii) the circumstances under which the offense or incident occurred;
614	(iv) the age of the perpetrator when the offense or incident occurred;
615	(v) whether the offense or incident was an isolated or repeated incident;
616	(vi) whether the offense or incident directly relates to abuse of a child or vulnerable

S.B. 239

617	adult, including:
618	(A) actual or threatened, nonaccidental physical, mental, or financial harm;
619	(B) sexual abuse;
620	(C) sexual exploitation; or
621	(D) negligent treatment;
622	(vii) any evidence provided by the applicant of rehabilitation, counseling, psychiatric
623	treatment received, or additional academic or vocational schooling completed;
624	(viii) the applicant's risk of harm to clientele in the program or in the capacity for
625	which the applicant is applying; and
626	(ix) any other pertinent information presented to or publicly available to the committee
627	members.
628	(c) At the conclusion of the comprehensive review described in Subsection (6)(a), the
629	office shall deny an application to an applicant if the office finds that approval would likely
630	create a risk of harm to a child or a vulnerable adult.
631	(d) At the conclusion of the comprehensive review described in Subsection (6)(a), the
632	office may not deny an application to an applicant solely because the applicant was convicted
633	of an offense that occurred 10 or more years before the day on which the applicant submitted
634	the information required under Subsection (2)(a) if:
635	(i) the applicant has not committed another misdemeanor or felony offense after the
636	day on which the conviction occurred; and
637	(ii) the applicant has never been convicted of an offense described in Subsection
638	(14)(c).
639	(e) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
640	office may make rules, consistent with this chapter, to establish procedures for the
641	comprehensive review described in this Subsection (6).
642	(7) Subject to Subsection (10), the office shall approve an application to an applicant
643	who is not denied under Subsection (5), (6), or (14).
644	(8) (a) The office may conditionally approve an application of an applicant, for a
645	maximum of 60 days after the day on which the office sends written notice to the applicant
646	under Subsection (12), without requiring that the applicant be directly supervised, if the office:
647	(i) is awaiting the results of the criminal history search of national criminal background

648	databases; and
649	(ii) would otherwise approve an application of the applicant under Subsection (7).
650	(b) The office may conditionally approve an application of an applicant, for a
651	maximum of one year after the day on which the office sends written notice to the applicant
652	under Subsection (12), without requiring that the applicant be directly supervised if the office:
653	(i) is awaiting the results of an out-of-state registry for providers other than foster and
654	adoptive parents; and
655	(ii) would otherwise approve an application of the applicant under Subsection (7).
656	(c) Upon receiving the results of the criminal history search of a national criminal
657	background database, the office shall approve or deny the application of the applicant in
658	accordance with Subsections (5) through (7).
659	(9) A licensee or department contractor may not permit an individual to have direct
660	access to a child or a vulnerable adult unless, subject to Subsection (10):
661	(a) the individual is associated with the licensee or department contractor and:
662	(i) the individual's application is approved by the office under this section;
663	(ii) the individual's application is conditionally approved by the office under
664	Subsection (8); or
665	(iii) (A) the individual has submitted the background check information described in
666	Subsection (2) to the office;
667	(B) the office has not determined whether to approve the applicant's application; and
668	(C) the individual is directly supervised by an individual who has a current background
669	screening approval issued by the office under this section and is associated with the licensee or
670	department contractor;
671	(b) (i) the individual is associated with the licensee or department contractor;
672	(ii) the individual has a current background screening approval issued by the office
673	under this section;
674	(iii) one of the following circumstances, that the office has not yet reviewed under
675	Subsection (6), applies to the individual:
676	(A) the individual was charged with an offense described in Subsection (5)(a);
677	(B) the individual is listed in the Licensing Information System, described in Section
678	62A-4a-1006;

679	(C) the individual is listed in the vulnerable adult abuse, neglect, or exploitation
680	database, described in Section 62A-3-311.1;
681	(D) the individual has a record in the juvenile court of a substantiated finding of severe
682	child abuse or neglect, described in Section 80-3-404; or
683	(E) the individual has a record of an adjudication in juvenile court for an act that, if
684	committed by an adult, would be a felony or a misdemeanor as described in Subsection (5)(a)
685	or (6); and
686	(iv) the individual is directly supervised by an individual who:
687	(A) has a current background screening approval issued by the office under this
688	section; and
689	(B) is associated with the licensee or department contractor;
690	(c) the individual:
691	(i) is not associated with the licensee or department contractor; and
692	(ii) is directly supervised by an individual who:
693	(A) has a current background screening approval issued by the office under this
694	section; and
695	(B) is associated with the licensee or department contractor;
696	(d) the individual is the parent or guardian of the child, or the guardian of the
697	vulnerable adult;
698	(e) the individual is approved by the parent or guardian of the child, or the guardian of
699	the vulnerable adult, to have direct access to the child or the vulnerable adult;
700	(f) the individual is only permitted to have direct access to a vulnerable adult who
701	voluntarily invites the individual to visit; or
702	(g) the individual only provides incidental care for a foster child on behalf of a foster
703	parent who has used reasonable and prudent judgment to select the individual to provide the
704	incidental care for the foster child.
705	(10) An individual may not have direct access to a child or a vulnerable adult if the
706	individual is prohibited by court order from having that access.
707	(11) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an individual for whom the
708	office denies an application may not have direct access to a child or vulnerable adult unless the
709	office approves a subsequent application by the individual.

710	(12) (a) Within 30 days after the day on which the office receives the background
711	check information for an applicant, the office shall give notice of the clearance status to:
712	(i) the applicant, and the licensee or department contractor, of the office's decision
713	regarding the background check and findings; and
714	(ii) the applicant of any convictions and potentially disqualifying charges and
715	adjudications found in the search.
716	(b) With the notice described in Subsection (12)(a), the office shall also give the
717	applicant the details of any comprehensive review conducted under Subsection (6).
718	(c) If the notice under Subsection (12)(a) states that the applicant's application is
719	denied, the notice shall further advise the applicant that the applicant may, under Subsection
720	62A-2-111(2), request a hearing in the department's Office of Administrative Hearings, to
721	challenge the office's decision.
722	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
723	office shall make rules, consistent with this chapter:
724	(i) defining procedures for the challenge of the office's background check decision
725	described in Subsection (12)(c); and
726	(ii) expediting the process for renewal of a license under the requirements of this
727	section and other applicable sections.
728	(13) An individual or a department contractor who provides services in an adults only
729	substance use disorder program, as defined by rule, is exempt from this section. This
730	exemption does not extend to a program director or a member, as defined by Section
731	62A-2-108, of the program.
732	(14) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (14)(b), in addition to the other requirements
733	of this section, if the background check of an applicant is being conducted for the purpose of
734	giving clearance status to an applicant seeking a position in a congregate care program, an
735	applicant for a one-time adoption, an applicant seeking to provide a prospective foster home, or
736	an applicant seeking to provide a prospective adoptive home, the office shall:
737	(i) check the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where each applicant resided
738	in the five years immediately preceding the day on which the applicant applied to be a foster
739	parent or adoptive parent, to determine whether the prospective foster parent or prospective
740	adoptive parent is listed in the registry as having a substantiated or supported finding of child

741	abuse or neglect; and
742	(ii) check the child abuse and neglect registry in each state where each adult living in
743	the home of the applicant described in Subsection (14)(a)(i) resided in the five years
744	immediately preceding the day on which the applicant applied to be a foster parent or adoptive
745	parent, to determine whether the adult is listed in the registry as having a substantiated or
746	supported finding of child abuse or neglect.
747	(b) The requirements described in Subsection (14)(a) do not apply to the extent that:
748	(i) federal law or rule permits otherwise; or
749	(ii) the requirements would prohibit the Division of Child and Family Services or a
750	court from placing a child with:
751	(A) a noncustodial parent under Section 62A-4a-209, 80-3-302, or 80-3-303; or
752	(B) a relative, other than a noncustodial parent, under Section 62A-4a-209, 80-3-302,
753	or 80-3-303, pending completion of the background check described in Subsection (5).
754	(c) Notwithstanding Subsections (5) through (9), the office shall deny a clearance to an
755	applicant seeking a position in a congregate care program, an applicant for a one-time adoption,
756	an applicant to become a prospective foster parent, or an applicant to become a prospective
757	adoptive parent if the applicant has been convicted of:
758	(i) a felony involving conduct that constitutes any of the following:
759	(A) child abuse, as described in Section 76-5-109;
760	(B) commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child, as described in Section
761	76-5-109.1;
762	(C) abuse or neglect of a child with a disability, as described in Section 76-5-110;
763	(D) endangerment of a child or vulnerable adult, as described in Section 76-5-112.5;
764	(E) aggravated murder, as described in Section 76-5-202;
765	(F) murder, as described in Section 76-5-203;
766	(G) manslaughter, as described in Section 76-5-205;
767	(H) child abuse homicide, as described in Section 76-5-208;
768	(I) homicide by assault, as described in Section 76-5-209;
769	(J) kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301;
770	(K) child kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-301.1;
771	(L) aggravated kidnapping, as described in Section 76-5-302;

772	(M) human trafficking of a child, as described in Section 76-5-308.5;
773	(N) an offense described in Title 76, Chapter 5, Part 4, Sexual Offenses;
774	(O) sexual exploitation of a minor, as described in Section 76-5b-201;
775	(P) aggravated arson, as described in Section 76-6-103;
776	(Q) aggravated burglary, as described in Section 76-6-203;
777	(R) aggravated robbery, as described in Section 76-6-302; or
778	(S) domestic violence, as described in Section 77-36-1; or
779	(ii) an offense committed outside the state that, if committed in the state, would
780	constitute a violation of an offense described in Subsection (14)(c)(i).
781	(d) Notwithstanding Subsections (5) through (9), the office shall deny a license or
782	license renewal to a prospective foster parent or a prospective adoptive parent if, within the
783	five years immediately preceding the day on which the individual's application or license would
784	otherwise be approved, the applicant was convicted of a felony involving conduct that
785	constitutes a violation of any of the following:
786	(i) aggravated assault, as described in Section 76-5-103;
787	(ii) aggravated assault by a prisoner, as described in Section 76-5-103.5;
788	(iii) mayhem, as described in Section 76-5-105;
789	(iv) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act;
790	(v) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37a, Utah Drug Paraphernalia Act;
791	(vi) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37b, Imitation Controlled Substances
792	Act;
793	(vii) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37c, Utah Controlled Substance
794	Precursor Act; or
795	(viii) an offense described in Title 58, Chapter 37d, Clandestine Drug Lab Act.
796	(e) In addition to the circumstances described in Subsection (6)(a), the office shall
797	conduct the comprehensive review of an applicant's background check pursuant to this section
798	if the registry check described in Subsection (14)(a) indicates that the individual is listed in a
799	child abuse and neglect registry of another state as having a substantiated or supported finding
800	of a severe type of child abuse or neglect as defined in Section 62A-4a-1002.
801	Section 4. Section 62A-2-123 is amended to read:
802	62A-2-123. Congregate care program regulation.

803	(1) A congregate care program may not use a cruel, severe, unusual, or unnecessary
804	practice on a child, including:
805	(a) a strip search unless the congregate care program determines and documents that a
806	strip search is necessary to protect an individual's health or safety;
807	(b) a body cavity search unless the congregate care program determines and documents
808	that a body cavity search is necessary to protect an individual's health or safety;
809	(c) inducing pain to obtain compliance;
810	(d) hyperextending joints;
811	(e) peer restraints;
812	(f) discipline or punishment that is intended to frighten or humiliate;
813	(g) requiring or forcing the child to take an uncomfortable position, including squatting
814	or bending;
815	(h) for the purpose of punishing or humiliating, requiring or forcing the child to repeat
816	physical movements or physical exercises such as running laps or performing push-ups;
817	(i) spanking, hitting, shaking, or otherwise engaging in aggressive physical contact;
818	(j) denying an essential program service;
819	(k) depriving the child of a meal, water, rest, or opportunity for toileting;
820	(l) denying shelter, clothing, or bedding;
821	(m) withholding personal interaction, emotional response, or stimulation;
822	(n) prohibiting the child from entering the residence;
823	(o) abuse as defined in Section 80-1-102; and
824	(p) neglect as defined in Section 80-1-102.
825	(2) Before a congregate care program may use a restraint or seclusion, the congregate
826	care program shall:
827	(a) develop and implement written policies and procedures that:
828	(i) describe the circumstances under which a staff member may use a restraint or
829	seclusion;
830	(ii) describe which staff members are authorized to use a restraint or seclusion;
831	(iii) describe procedures for monitoring a child that is restrained or in seclusion;
832	(iv) describe time limitations on the use of a restraint or seclusion;
833	(v) require immediate and continuous review of the decision to use a restraint or

834	seclusion;
835	(vi) require documenting the use of a restraint or seclusion;
836	(vii) describe record keeping requirements for records related to the use of a restraint or
837	seclusion;
838	(viii) to the extent practicable, require debriefing the following individuals if
839	debriefing would not interfere with an ongoing investigation, violate any law or regulation, or
840	conflict with a child's treatment plan:
841	(A) each witness to the event;
842	(B) each staff member involved; and
843	(C) the child who was restrained or in seclusion[.];
844	(ix) include a procedure for complying with Subsection (5); and
845	(x) provide an administrative review process and required follow up actions after a
846	child is restrained or put in seclusion; and
847	(b) consult with the office to ensure that the congregate care program's written policies
848	and procedures align with [industry standards and] applicable law.
849	(3) A congregate care program:
850	(a) may use a passive physical restraint only if the passive physical restraint is
851	supported by a nationally or regionally recognized curriculum focused on non-violent
852	interventions and de-escalation techniques;
853	(b) may not use a chemical or mechanical restraint unless the office has authorized the
854	congregate care program to use a chemical or mechanical restraint;
855	(c) shall ensure that a staff member that uses a restraint on a child is:
856	(i) properly trained to use the restraint; and
857	(ii) familiar with the child and if the child has a treatment plan, the child's treatment
858	plan; and
859	(d) shall train each staff member on how to intervene if another staff member fails to
860	follow correct procedures when using a restraint.
861	(4) (a) A congregate care program:
862	(i) may use seclusion if:
863	(A) the purpose for the seclusion is to ensure the immediate safety of the child or
864	others; and

865	(B) no less restrictive intervention is likely to ensure the safety of the child or others;
866	and
867	(ii) may not use seclusion:
868	(A) for coercion, retaliation, or humiliation; or
869	(B) due to inadequate staffing or for the staff's convenience.
870	(b) While a child is in seclusion, a staff member who is familiar to the child shall
871	actively supervise the child for the duration of the seclusion.
872	(5) Subject to the office's review and approval, a congregate care program shall
873	develop:
874	(a) suicide prevention policies and procedures that describe:
875	(i) how the congregate care program will respond in the event a child exhibits
876	self-injurious, self-harm, or suicidal behavior;
877	(ii) warning signs of suicide;
878	(iii) emergency protocol and contacts;
879	(iv) training requirements for staff, including suicide prevention training;
880	(v) procedures for implementing additional supervision precautions and for removing
881	any additional supervision precautions;
882	(vi) suicide risk assessment procedures;
883	(vii) documentation requirements for a child's suicide ideation and self-harm;
884	(viii) special observation precautions for a child exhibiting warning signs of suicide;
885	(ix) communication procedures to ensure all staff are aware of a child who exhibits
886	warning signs of suicide;
887	(x) a process for tracking suicide behavioral patterns; and
888	(xi) a post-intervention plan with identified resources; and
889	(b) based on state law and industry best practices, policies and procedures for
890	managing a child's behavior during the child's participation in the congregate care program.
891	(6) (a) A congregate care program:
892	[(a)] (i) [when not otherwise prohibited by law] subject to Subsection (6)(b), shall
893	facilitate weekly confidential [communication] voice-to-voice communication between a child
894	and the child's parents, guardian, foster parents, and siblings, as applicable;
895	[(b)] (ii) shall ensure that the communication described in Subsection (6)(a)(i)

02-22-22 8:41 AM

896 complies with the child's treatment plan, if any; and 897 [(c)] (iii) may not use family contact as an incentive for proper behavior or withhold 898 family contact as a punishment. 899 (b) A congregate care program may deny the communication, or modify the frequency or the form of the communication described in Subsection (6)(a)(i) if: 900 901 (i) the office approves the denial or modification; or 902 (ii) state law or a court order prohibits the communication, the frequency, or the form 903 of the communication. 904 Section 5. Section 62A-2-126 is enacted to read: 905 62A-2-126. Youth transportation company registration. 906 (1) The office shall establish a registration system for youth transportation companies. 907 (2) The office shall establish a fee: (a) under Section 63J-1-504 that does not exceed \$500; and 908 909 (b) that when paid by all registrants generates sufficient revenue to cover or substantially cover the costs for the creation and maintenance of the registration system. 910 911 (3) A vouth transportation company shall: 912 (a) register with the office; and 913 (b) provide the office: (i) proof of a business insurance policy that provides at least \$1,000,000 in coverage: 914 915 and 916 (ii) a valid business license from the state where the youth transportation company is 917 headquartered. 918 (4) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 919 office shall make rules to implement this section.