

28	institution of higher education;
29	<ul> <li>amends requirements of the commissioner of technical education;</li> </ul>
30	<ul> <li>removes the nonvoting members from the Utah System of Technical Colleges</li> </ul>
31	Board of Trustees;
32	<ul> <li>prohibits an individual from serving simultaneously on the Utah System of</li> </ul>
33	Technical Colleges Board of Trustees and a technical college board of directors;
34	<ul> <li>provides that the Utah System of Technical Colleges is a continuation of the Utah</li> </ul>
35	College of Applied Technology and that each technical college is a continuation of
36	an applied technology college;
37	<ul> <li>describes the primary institutional roles for institutions of higher education;</li> </ul>
38	<ul> <li>amends definitions related to the Utah System of Technical Colleges in Title 63G,</li> </ul>
39	Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code; and
40	<ul><li>makes technical and conforming changes.</li></ul>
41	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
42	None
43	Other Special Clauses:
44	This bill provides a special effective date.
45	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
46	AMENDS:
47	35A-1-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 236, 271, and 296
48	35A-5-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
49	35A-5-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 273
50	53A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 415
51	53A-1-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
52	53A-1-403.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144, 188, and 271
53	53A-1a-501.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
54	53A-1a-521, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
55	53A-13-101.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1998, Chapter 297
56	53A-15-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 236 and 415
57	53A-15-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
58	53A-17a-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236

59	53B-1-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 58
60	53B-1-101.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 346
61	53B-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 10
62	53B-1-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
63	53B-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Third Special Session, Chapter 5
64	53B-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 10
65	53B-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 58
66	53B-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
67	53B-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
68	53B-2a-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
69	53B-2a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
70	53B-2a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
71	53B-2a-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
72	53B-2a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
73	53B-2a-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
74	53B-2a-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
75	53B-2a-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
76	53B-2a-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
77	53B-2a-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
78	53B-2a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 346
79	53B-2a-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
80	53B-2a-113, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
81	53B-2a-114, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 181
82	53B-3-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 10
83	53B-6-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
84	53B-7-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 361
85	53B-8-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 10, 23, and 465
86	53B-8d-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
87	<b>53B-16-101</b> , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
88	53B-16-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
89	53B-16-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1988, Chapter 137

90	53B-16-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 188
91	53B-16-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 211
92	53B-16-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 310
93	53B-16-401, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 73
94	53B-17-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 236
95	53B-21-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
96	53B-26-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 338
97	53B-26-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 338
98	58-22-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 367
99	59-12-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Third Special Session, Chapter 6
100	59-12-702, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 344
101	63A-2-402, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 207
102	63A-9-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 144 and 236
103	63F-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 144
104	63G-2-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 147, 283, and 411
105	63G-6a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 176, 237, 355 and last
106	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 355
107	63J-3-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 183
108	63N-12-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 139 and 236
109	63N-12-212, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 139 and 236
110	63N-12-213, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 335
111	67-1-12, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 236
112	ENACTS:
113	<b>53B-1-112</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
114	<b>53B-2a-100.5</b> , Utah Code Annotated 1953
115	53B-2a-115, Utah Code Annotated 1953
116	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
117	53B-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 58
118	REPEALS:
119	53B-6-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 73
120	53B-6-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167

53B-6-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
53B-16-106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 400
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 35A-1-206 is amended to read:
35A-1-206. State Workforce Development Board Appointment Membership
Terms of members Compensation.
(1) There is created within the department the State Workforce Development Board in
accordance with the provisions of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act, 29 U.S.C.
Sec. 3101 et seq.
(2) The board shall consist of the following 39 members:
(a) the governor or the governor's designee;
(b) one member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate;
(c) one representative of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the
House of Representatives;
(d) the executive director or the executive director's designee;
(e) the executive director of the Department of Human Services or the executive
director's designee;
(f) the executive director of the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation or the executive
director's designee;
(g) the state superintendent of [the State Board of Education] public instruction or the
superintendent's designee;
(h) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner's designee;
(i) [the commissioner of technical education of] the Utah [College of Applied
Technology] System of Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education or the
commissioner of technical education's designee;
(j) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or the
executive director's designee;
(k) the executive director of the Department of Veterans' and Military Affairs or the
executive director's designee; and
(l) the following members appointed by the governor:

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152	(i) 20 representatives of business in the state, selected among the following:
153	(A) owners of businesses, chief executive or operating officers of businesses, or other
154	business executives or employers with policymaking or hiring authority;
155	(B) representatives of businesses, including small businesses, that provide employment
156	opportunities that include high-quality, work-relevant training and development in in-demand
157	industry sectors or occupations in the state; and
158	(C) representatives of businesses appointed from among individuals nominated by state
159	business organizations or business trade associations;
160	(ii) six representatives of the workforce within the state, which:
161	(A) shall include at least two representatives of labor organizations who have been
162	nominated by state labor federations;
163	(B) shall include at least one representative from a registered apprentice program;
164	(C) may include one or more representatives from a community-based organization
165	that has demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the employment, training, or
166	educational needs of individuals with barriers to employment; and
167	(D) may include one or more representatives from an organization that has
168	demonstrated experience and expertise in addressing the employment, training, or education
169	needs of eligible youth, including organizations that serve out of school youth; and
170	(iii) two elected officials that represent a city or a county.
171	(3) (a) The governor shall appoint one of the appointed business representatives as
172	chair of the board.
173	(b) The chair shall serve at the pleasure of the governor.
174	(4) (a) The governor shall ensure that members appointed to the board represent
175	diverse geographic areas of the state, including urban, suburban, and rural areas.
176	(b) A member appointed by the governor shall serve a term of four years and may be
177	reappointed to one additional term.
178	(c) A member shall continue to serve until the member's successor has been appointed
179	and qualified.

(e) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (4) (d), the governor shall, at the

(d) Except as provided in Subsection (4) (e), as terms of board members expire, the

governor shall appoint each new member or reappointed member to a four-year term.

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183	time of appointment or reappointment, adjust the length of terms to ensure that the terms of
184	board members are staggered so that approximately one half of the board is appointed every
185	two years.
186	(f) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
187	appointed for the unexpired term.
188	(g) The executive director shall terminate the term of any governor-appointed member
189	of the board if the member leaves the position that qualified the member for the appointment.
190	(5) A majority of members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.

- (5) A majority of members constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business.
- (6) (a) A member of the board who is not a legislator may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses as allowed in:
  - (i) Section 63A-3-106;
- 194 (ii) Section 63A-3-107; and

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- 195 (iii) rules made by the Division of Finance according to Sections 63A-3-106 and 196 63A-3-107.
  - (b) Compensation and expenses of a member who is a legislator are governed by Section 36-2-2 and Legislative Joint Rules, Title 5, Legislative Compensation and Expenses.
  - (7) The department shall provide staff and administrative support to the board at the direction of the executive director.
- 201 (8) The board has the duties, responsibilities, and powers described in 29 U.S.C. Sec. 202 3111, including:
  - (a) identifying opportunities to align initiatives in education, training, workforce development, and economic development;
  - (b) developing and implementing the state workforce services plan described in Section 35A-1-207;
  - (c) utilizing strategic partners to ensure the needs of industry are met, including the development of expanded strategies for partnerships for in-demand occupations and understanding and adapting to economic changes;
    - (d) developing strategies for staff training;
    - (e) developing and improving employment centers; and
- 212 (f) performing other responsibilities within the scope of workforce services as 213 requested by:

214	(i) the Legislature;
215	(ii) the governor; or
216	(iii) the executive director.
217	Section 2. Section <b>35A-5-402</b> is amended to read:
218	35A-5-402. Career and Technical Education Board creation Membership.
219	(1) There is created the Career and Technical Education Board, within the department
220	composed of the following members:
221	(a) the state superintendent of public instruction or the state superintendent of public
222	instruction's designee;
223	(b) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner of higher education's
224	designee;
225	(c) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges
226	commissioner of technical education or the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of
227	Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education's designee;
228	(d) the executive director of the department or the executive director of the
229	department's designee;
230	(e) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or the
231	executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development's designee;
232	(f) one member of the governor's staff, appointed by the governor;
233	(g) five private sector members, representing business or industry that employs
234	individuals who hold certificates issued by a CTE program, appointed by the governor;
235	(h) a member of the Senate, appointed by the president of the Senate; and
236	(i) a member of the House of Representatives, appointed by the speaker of the House
237	of Representatives.
238	(2) The CTE Board shall select a chair and vice chair from among the members of the
239	CTE Board.
240	(3) The CTE Board shall meet at least quarterly.
241	(4) Attendance of a simple majority of the members of the CTE Board constitutes a
242	quorum for the transaction of official CTE Board business.
243	(5) Formal action by the CTE Board requires the majority vote of a quorum.
244	(6) A member of the CTE Board:

245	(a) may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service; and
246	(b) may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
247	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
248	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
249	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
250	63A-3-107.
251	Section 3. Section 35A-5-403 is amended to read:
252	35A-5-403. Career and Technical Education Board Duties.
253	(1) The CTE Board shall conduct a comprehensive study of CTE in Utah that includes
254	(a) an inventory of all CTE programs in Utah, including, for each CTE program:
255	(i) a description of the program;
256	(ii) the number of students the program has the capacity to serve each year;
257	(iii) the number of students the program has served since October 1, 2010, by school
258	year;
259	(iv) the number of certificates the program has issued since October 1, 2010, by school
260	year;
261	(v) a materials and equipment inventory for the program;
262	(vi) the amount of funding dedicated to the program;
263	(vii) the program's geographic location;
264	(viii) employment information for students who have completed the program since
265	October 1, 2010, if practical and feasible; and
266	(ix) the extent to which overlap or duplication exists between the program and other
267	CTE or private programs;
268	(b) a description of CTE funding in the state, including:
269	(i) the total amount of state CTE funding provided to:
270	(A) the public education system;
271	(B) the [higher education system] Utah System of Higher Education; and
272	(C) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges; and
273	(ii) for each CTE program:
274	(A) total CTE funding received; and
275	(B) the cost per student served;

276	(c) an assessment of Utah business and industry needs for employees with skills taught
277	in CTE classes, including:
278	(i) the number of current and anticipated jobs in Utah, by geographic region, and the
279	CTE skills required for the jobs;
280	(ii) the starting and average salary, by geographic region and type of CTE skills, for an
281	individual who has skills taught in a CTE program; and
282	(iii) the extent to which current CTE programs can meet the employment needs of Utah
283	business and industry; and
284	(d) any other information the CTE Board considers relevant to the study.
285	(2) In conducting the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1), the CTE Board
286	shall coordinate with the Office of the Legislative Auditor General and, to the extent possible,
287	use data collected by the Office of the Legislative Auditor General to complete the study.
288	(3) (a) The State Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, and [Utah College of
289	Applied Technology] the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall:
290	(i) provide data that the department requests for the study; and
291	(ii) coordinate with the department to conduct the study.
292	(b) Notwithstanding the requirements in Subsection (3)(a), the board shall have
293	discretion to gather and report information as part of the comprehensive study of CTE that is
294	readily accessible through current financial and data systems.
295	(4) The CTE Board may:
296	(a) contract with a third party, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
297	Procurement Code, to conduct the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1); and
298	(b) as funding allows, hire staff.
299	(5) Based on the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1), the CTE Board
300	shall make recommendations to the Legislature related to:
301	(a) CTE funding;
302	(b) CTE governance and administration;
303	(c) benchmarks or criteria for a CTE program to demonstrate that the CTE program
304	fills:
305	(i) an educational need for a student;
306	(ii) a school's need to offer a particular CTE program; or

307	(iii) an employment need for a Utah business or industry; and
308	(d) any other CTE related recommendations.
309	(6) (a) On or before November 1, 2015, the CTE Board shall report on the progress of
310	the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1).
311	(b) On or before November 1, 2016, the CTE Board shall report on the final results of
312	the comprehensive study described in Subsection (1); and
313	(c) On or before November 1, 2017, the CTE Board shall report on the
314	recommendations described in Subsection (5).
315	(d) The CTE Board shall make the reports described in this Subsection (6) to:
316	(i) the Education Interim Committee;
317	(ii) the Executive Appropriations Committee;
318	(iii) the governor;
319	(iv) the State Board of Education;
320	(v) the State Board of Regents; and
321	(vi) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
322	Trustees.
323	Section 4. Section <b>53A-1-203</b> is amended to read:
324	53A-1-203. State board meetings Quorum requirements.
325	(1) The State Board of Education shall meet at the call of the chairman and at least 11
326	times each year.
327	[(2) The State Board of Education shall, at least quarterly, meet with and receive
328	recommendations from:]
329	[(a) two members of the State Board of Regents, appointed by the chair of the State
330	Board of Regents;]
331	[(b) one member of the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees,
332	appointed by the chair of the board of trustees; and]
333	[(c) one member of the State Charter School Board, appointed by the chair of the State
334	Charter School Board.
335	[(3)] (2) A majority of all members is required to validate an act of the [board] State
336	Board of Education.
337	Section 5 Section 53 A-1-402 is amended to read:

338	53A-1-402. Board to establish minimum standards for public schools.
339	(1) The State Board of Education shall establish rules and minimum standards for the
340	public schools that are consistent with this title, including rules and minimum standards
341	governing the following:
342	(a) (i) the qualification and certification of educators and ancillary personnel who
343	provide direct student services;
344	(ii) required school administrative and supervisory services; and
345	(iii) the evaluation of instructional personnel;
346	(b) (i) access to programs;
347	(ii) attendance;
348	(iii) competency levels;
349	(iv) graduation requirements; and
350	(v) discipline and control;
351	(c) (i) school accreditation;
352	(ii) the academic year;
353	(iii) alternative and pilot programs;
354	(iv) curriculum and instruction requirements;
355	(v) school libraries; and
356	(vi) services to:
357	(A) persons with a disability as defined by and covered under:
358	(I) the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, 42 U.S.C. 12102;
359	(II) the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. 705(20)(A); and
360	(III) the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1401(3); and
361	(B) other special groups;
362	(d) (i) state reimbursed bus routes;
363	(ii) bus safety and operational requirements; and
364	(iii) other transportation needs; and
365	(e) (i) school productivity and cost effectiveness measures;
366	(ii) federal programs;
367	(iii) school budget formats; and
368	(iv) financial, statistical, and student accounting requirements.

369	(2) The [board] State Board of Education shall determine if:
370	(a) the minimum standards have been met; and
371	(b) required reports are properly submitted.
372	(3) The [board] State Board of Education may apply for, receive, administer, and
373	distribute to eligible applicants funds made available through programs of the federal
374	government.
375	(4) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college [within the Utah College of Applied
376	Technology] listed in Section 53B-2a-105 shall provide competency-based career and technical
377	education courses that fulfill high school graduation requirements, as requested and authorized
378	by the State Board of Education.
379	(b) A school district may grant a high school diploma to a student participating in
380	[courses described under] a course described in Subsection (4)(a) that [are] is provided by [an
381	applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology] a technical college
382	listed in Section 53B-2a-105.
383	Section 6. Section <b>53A-1-403.5</b> is amended to read:
384	53A-1-403.5. Education of persons in custody of the Utah Department of
385	Corrections Contracting for services Recidivism reduction plan Collaboration
386	among state agencies.
387	(1) The State Board of Education and the Utah Department of Corrections, subject to
388	legislative appropriation, are responsible for the education of persons in the custody of the Utah
389	Department of Corrections.
390	(2) (a) To fulfill the responsibility under Subsection (1), the State Board of Education
391	and the Utah Department of Corrections shall, where feasible, contract with appropriate private
392	or public agencies to provide educational and related administrative services. Contracts for
393	postsecondary education and training shall be under Subsection (2)(b).
394	(b) (i) The contract under Subsection (2)(a) to provide postsecondary education and
395	training shall be with a community college if the correctional facility is located within the
396	service region of a community college, except under Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
397	(ii) If the community college under Subsection (2)(b)(i) declines to provide the

education and training or cannot meet reasonable contractual terms for providing the education

and training as specified by the Utah Department of Corrections, postsecondary education and

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400	training under Subsection (2)(a) may be procured through other appropriate private or public
401	agencies.
402	(3) (a) As its corrections education program, the State Board of Education and the Utah
403	Department of Corrections shall develop and implement a recidivism reduction plan, including
404	the following components:
405	(i) inmate assessment;
406	(ii) cognitive problem-solving skills;
407	(iii) basic literacy skills;
408	(iv) career skills;
409	(v) job placement;
410	(vi) postrelease tracking and support;
411	(vii) research and evaluation;
412	(viii) family involvement and support; and
413	(ix) multiagency collaboration.
414	(b) The plan shall be developed and implemented through the State Board of Education
415	and the Utah Department of Corrections in collaboration with the following entities:
416	(i) the State Board of Regents;
417	(ii) the [Utah College of Applied Technology] Utah System of Technical Colleges
418	Board of Trustees;
419	(iii) local boards of education;
420	(iv) the Department of Workforce Services;
421	(v) the Department of Human Services;
422	(vi) the Board of Pardons and Parole;
423	(vii) the Utah State Office of Rehabilitation; and
424	(viii) the Governor's Office.
425	(4) By July 1, 2014, and every three years thereafter, the Utah Department of
426	Corrections shall make a report to the State Board of Education and the Law Enforcement and
427	Criminal Justice Interim Committee evaluating the impact of corrections education programs
428	on recidivism.
429	Section 7. Section <b>53A-1a-501.3</b> is amended to read:
430	53A-1a-501.3. Definitions.

431	As used in this part:
432	(1) "Asset" means property of all kinds, real and personal, tangible and intangible, and
433	includes:
434	(a) cash;
435	(b) stock or other investments;
436	(c) real property;
437	(d) equipment and supplies;
438	(e) an ownership interest;
439	(f) a license;
440	(g) a cause of action; and
441	(h) any similar property.
442	(2) "Board of trustees of a higher education institution" or "board of trustees" means:
443	(a) the board of trustees of:
444	(i) the University of Utah;
445	(ii) Utah State University;
446	(iii) Weber State University;
447	(iv) Southern Utah University;
448	(v) Snow College;
449	(vi) Dixie State University;
450	(vii) Utah Valley University; or
451	(viii) Salt Lake Community College; or
452	(b) the board of directors of [an applied technology college within the Utah College of
453	Applied Technology] a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-108.
454	(3) "Charter agreement" or "charter" means an agreement made in accordance with
455	Section 53A-1a-508[-] that authorizes the operation of a charter school.
456	(4) "Charter school authorizer" or "authorizer" means the State Charter School Board, $\underline{a}$
457	local school board, or $\underline{a}$ board of trustees of a higher education institution that authorizes the
458	establishment of a charter school.
459	(5) "Governing board" means the board that operates a charter school.
460	Section 8. Section <b>53A-1a-521</b> is amended to read:
461	53A-1a-521. Charter schools authorized by a board of trustees of a higher

education institution -- Application process -- Board of trustees responsibilities.

(1) Subject to the approval of the State Board of Education and except as provided in Subsection (8), an applicant identified in Section 53A-1a-504 may enter into an agreement with a board of trustees of a higher education institution authorizing the applicant to establish and operate a charter school.

- (2) (a) An applicant applying for authorization from a board of trustees to establish and operate a charter school shall provide a copy of the application to the State Charter School Board and the local school board of the school district in which the proposed charter school [shall] will be located either before or at the same time the applicant files the application with the board of trustees.
- (b) The State Charter School Board and the local school board may review the application and offer suggestions or recommendations to the applicant or the board of trustees before acting on the application.
- (c) The board of trustees shall give due consideration to suggestions or recommendations made by the State Charter School Board or the local school board under Subsection (2)(b).
- (3) (a) If a board of trustees approves an application to establish and operate a charter school, the board of trustees shall submit the application to the State Board of Education.
- (b) The State Board of Education shall, by majority vote, within 60 days of receipt of the application, approve or deny an application approved by a board of trustees.
- (c) The State Board of Education's action under Subsection (3)(b) is final action subject to judicial review.
- (4) The State Board of Education shall make a rule providing a timeline for the opening of a charter school following the approval of a charter school application by a board of trustees.
- (5) After approval of a charter school application, the applicant and the board of trustees shall set forth the terms and conditions for the operation of the charter school in a written charter agreement.
- (6) (a) The school's charter may include a provision that the charter school pay an annual fee for the board of trustees' costs in providing oversight of, and technical support to, the charter school in accordance with Subsection (7).

(b) In the first two years that a charter school is in operation, an annual fee described in Subsection (6)(a) may not exceed the product of 3% of the revenue the charter school receives from the state in the current fiscal year.

- (c) Beginning with the third year that a charter school is in operation, an annual fee described in Subsection (6)(a) may not exceed the product of 1% of the revenue a charter school receives from the state in the current fiscal year.
  - (d) An annual fee described in Subsection (6)(a) shall be:
  - (i) paid to the board of trustees' higher education institution; and
  - (ii) expended as directed by the board of trustees.
  - (7) A board of trustees shall:

- (a) annually review and evaluate the performance of charter schools authorized by the board of trustees and hold the schools accountable for their performance;
- (b) monitor charter schools authorized by the board of trustees for compliance with federal and state laws, rules, and regulations; and
- (c) provide technical support to charter schools authorized by the board of trustees to assist them in understanding and performing their charter obligations.
- (8) (a) In addition to complying with the requirements of this section, a <u>technical</u> <u>college</u> board of directors [of an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology] <u>described in Section 53B-2a-108</u> shall obtain the approval of the Utah [College of Applied Technology] <u>System of Technical Colleges</u> Board of Trustees before entering into an agreement to establish and operate a charter school.
- (b) If a <u>technical college</u> board of directors [of an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology] approves an application to establish and operate a charter school, the [applied technology] <u>technical</u> college board of directors shall submit the application to the [Utah College of Applied Technology] <u>Utah System of Technical Colleges</u> Board of Trustees.
- (c) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall, by majority vote, within 60 days of receipt of [the] an application described in Subsection (8)(b), approve or deny the application [approved by the applied technology college board of directors].
  - (d) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of

524	Trustees may deny an application approved by [an applied technology] a technical college
525	board of directors if the proposed charter school does not accomplish a purpose of charter
526	schools as provided in Section 53A-1a-503.
527	(e) A charter school application may not be denied on the basis that the establishment
528	of the charter school will have any or all of the following impacts on a public school, including
529	another charter school:
530	(i) an enrollment decline;
531	(ii) a decrease in funding; or
532	(iii) a modification of programs or services.
533	(9) (a) Subject to the requirements of this part, [an applied technology] a technical
534	college board of directors may establish:
535	(i) procedures for submitting applications to establish and operate a charter school;
536	[and] or
537	(ii) criteria for approval of an application to establish and operate a charter school.
538	(b) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
539	Trustees may not establish policy governing the procedures or criteria described in Subsection
540	(9)(a).
541	(10) Before [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors accepts a
542	charter school application, the [applied technology] technical college board of directors shall,
543	in accordance with State Board of Education rules, establish and make public:
544	(a) application requirements, in accordance with Section 53A-1a-504;
545	(b) the application process, including timelines, in accordance with this section; and
546	(c) minimum academic, financial, and enrollment standards.
547	Section 9. Section <b>53A-13-101.5</b> is amended to read:
548	53A-13-101.5. Teaching of American sign language.
549	(1) The Legislature recognizes that American sign language is a fully developed,
550	autonomous, natural language with distinct grammar, syntax, and art forms.
551	(2) American sign language shall be accorded equal status with other linguistic systems
552	in the state's public and higher education systems.
553	(3) The State Board of Education, in consultation with the state's school districts and
554	members of the deaf and hard of hearing community, shall develop and implement policies and

procedures for the teaching of American sign language in the state's public education system at least at the middle school or high school level.

- (4) A student may count credit received for completion of a course in American sign language at the middle school or high school level [towards] toward the satisfaction of a foreign language requirement in the public education system under rules made by the State Board of Education.
- (5) The State Board of Regents, in consultation with the state's public institutions of higher education and members of the state's deaf and hard of hearing community, shall develop and implement policies and procedures for offering instruction in American sign language in the state's system of higher education [consistent with the master plan for higher education under Section 53B-6-101].
- (6) The Joint Liaison Committee, in consultation with members of the state's deaf and hard of hearing community, shall review any policies and procedures developed under this section and make recommendations to either or both boards regarding the policies.
  - Section 10. Section **53A-15-102** is amended to read:

## 53A-15-102. Early graduation incentives -- Incentive to school district -- Partial tuition scholarship for student -- Payments.

- (1) Any secondary public school student who has completed all required courses or demonstrated mastery of required skills and competencies may, with the approval of the student, the student's parent or guardian, and an authorized local school official, graduate at any time.
- (2) Each public high school shall receive an amount equal to 1/2 of the scholarship awarded to each student who graduates from the school at or prior to the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11, or a proportionately lesser amount for any student who graduates after the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11 but prior to the conclusion of [the twelfth] grade 12.
- (3) (a) A student who graduates from high school at or prior to the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11 shall receive a centennial scholarship in the lesser amount of full tuition for one year or \$1,000 to be used for full time enrollment at a Utah public college, university, community college, [applied technology] technical college [within the Utah College of Applied Technology] described in Section 53B-2a-105, or any other institution in the state of Utah, accredited by the Northwest Association of Schools and Colleges that offers postsecondary

courses of the student's choice upon verification that the student has registered at the institution during the fiscal year following graduation from high school.

- (b) In the case of a student who graduates after the conclusion of [the eleventh] grade 11 but prior to the conclusion of [the twelfth] grade 12, the student shall receive a centennial scholarship of a proportionately lesser amount.
- (4) (a) The payments authorized in Subsections (2) and (3)(a) shall be made during the fiscal year that follows the student's graduation.
- (b) The payments authorized in Subsection (3)(b) may be made during the fiscal year in which the student graduates or the fiscal year following the student's graduation.
- (5) (a) The State Board of Education shall administer the payment program authorized in Subsections (2), (3), and (4).
- (b) The Legislature shall make an annual appropriation from the Education Fund to the State Board of Education for the costs associated with the Centennial Scholarship Program based on the projected number of students who will graduate before the conclusion of [the twelfth] grade 12 in any given year.
  - Section 11. Section 53A-15-202 is amended to read:
  - 53A-15-202. Powers of the board.

The State Board of Education:

- (1) shall establish minimum standards for career and technical education programs in the public education system;
- (2) may apply for, receive, administer, and distribute funds made available through programs of federal and state governments to promote and aid career and technical education;
- (3) shall cooperate with federal and state governments to administer programs [which] that promote and maintain career and technical education;
- (4) shall cooperate with the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern to ensure that students in the public education system have access to career and technical education at Utah [College of Applied Technology applied technology] System of Technical Colleges technical colleges, Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern;

617	(5) shall require that before a minor student may participate in clinical experiences as
618	part of a health care occupation program at a high school or other institution to which the
619	student has been referred, the student's parent or legal guardian has:
620	(a) been first given written notice through appropriate disclosure when registering and
621	prior to participation that the program contains a clinical experience segment in which the
622	student will observe and perform specific health care procedures that may include personal
623	care, patient bathing, and bathroom assistance; and
624	(b) provided specific written consent for the student's participation in the program and
625	clinical experience; and
626	(6) shall, after consulting with school districts, charter schools, the Utah [College of
627	Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, Salt Lake Community
628	College's School of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern,
629	prepare and submit an annual report to the governor and to the Legislature's Education Interim
630	Committee by October 31 of each year detailing:
631	(a) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being met;
632	and
633	(b) [what] the access secondary students have to programs offered:
634	(i) at [applied technology] technical colleges; and
635	(ii) within the regions served by Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied
636	Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern.
637	Section 12. Section 53A-17a-114 is amended to read:
638	53A-17a-114. Career and technical education program alternatives.
639	(1) A secondary student may attend [an applied technology college within the Utah
640	College of Applied Technology] a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105 if the
641	secondary student's career and technical education goals are better achieved by attending [an
642	applied technology] a technical college as determined by:
643	(a) the secondary student; and
644	(b) if the secondary student is a minor, the secondary student's parent or legal guardian
645	(2) A secondary student served under this section by [an applied technology college
646	within the Utah College of Applied Technology a technical college described in Section

53B-2a-105 shall be counted in the average daily membership of the sending school district or

648	charter school.
649	Section 13. Section <b>53B-1-101</b> is amended to read:
650	53B-1-101. Purpose of title.
651	It is the purpose of this title:
652	(1) to provide a high quality, efficient, and economical public system of higher
653	education and technical education through [centralized] strategic direction and [master]
654	planning [which] that:
655	[(a) avoids unnecessary duplication;]
656	(a) provides for the economic vitality of the state;
657	(b) provides for the systematic and orderly development of facilities and quality
658	programs;
659	(c) provides for coordination and consolidation; and
660	(d) [provides for] establishes systematic development of the role or roles of each
661	institution [within the system of higher education consistent with the historical heritage and
662	tradition of each institution] of higher education;
663	[(2) to vest in the State Board of Regents the power to govern the state system of
664	higher education consistent with state law and delegate certain powers to institutional boards of
665	trustees and institutional presidents, and to vest certain powers in institutional boards of
666	trustees and institutional presidents.]
667	(2) to vest in the State Board of Regents and the Utah System of Technical Colleges
668	Board of Trustees power and authority to govern and coordinate, consistent with state law; and
669	(3) to provide for the delegation of certain powers to:
670	(a) institution of higher education boards of trustees;
671	(b) technical college boards of directors; and
672	(c) presidents of higher education institutions and technical colleges.
673	Section 14. Section <b>53B-1-101.5</b> is amended to read:
674	53B-1-101.5. Definitions.
675	As used in this title:
676	(1) "Board" means the State Board of Regents established in Section 53B-1-103.
677	(2) "Career and technical education" means organized educational programs offering
678	sequences of courses or skill sets directly related to preparing individuals for paid or unpaid

679	employment in current or emerging occupations that generally do not require a baccalaureate or
680	advanced degree.
681	(3) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of higher education appointed in
682	accordance with Section 53B-1-105.
683	(4) "Technical college" means, except as provided in Section 53B-26-102, a member
684	college of the Utah System of Technical Colleges listed in Section 53B-2a-105.
685	Section 15. Section <b>53B-1-102</b> is amended to read:
686	53B-1-102. State system of higher education.
687	(1) The state system of higher education consists of [the following institutions]:
688	(a) the Utah System of Higher Education, which consists of the following institutions:
689	[(a)] (i) the State Board of Regents;
690	[(b)] (ii) the University of Utah;
691	[ <del>(c)</del> ] (iii) Utah State University;
692	[ <del>(d)</del> ] <u>(iv)</u> Weber State University;
693	[(e)] (v) Southern Utah University;
694	[ <del>(f)</del> ] <u>(vi)</u> Snow College;
695	[ <del>(g)</del> ] <u>(vii)</u> Dixie State University;
696	[(h)] (viii) Utah Valley University; and
697	[(i)] (ix) Salt Lake Community College;
698	[(j) the Utah College of Applied Technology; and]
699	(b) the Utah System of Technical Colleges, which consists of the following
700	institutions:
701	(i) the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees;
702	(ii) Bridgerland Technical College;
703	(iii) Davis Technical College;
704	(iv) Dixie Technical College;
705	(v) Mountainland Technical College;
706	(vi) Ogden-Weber Technical College;
707	(vii) Southwest Technical College;
708	(viii) Tooele Technical College; and
709	(ix) Uintah Basin Technical College; and

710	[(k)] (c) other public post-high school educational institutions as the Legislature may
711	designate.
712	(2) A change in the name of an institution within the [system of higher education] Utah
713	System of Higher Education shall not be considered a change in the role or mission of the
714	institution, unless otherwise authorized by the State Board of Regents.
715	(3) It is not the intent of the Legislature to increase the number of research universities
716	in the state beyond the University of Utah and Utah State University.
717	(4) [These institutions are] An institution described in Subsection (1) is empowered to
718	sue and be sued and to contract and be contracted with.
719	Section 16. Section <b>53B-1-103</b> is amended to read:
720	53B-1-103. Establishment of State Board of Regents Powers, duties, and
721	authority.
722	(1) There is established a State Board of Regents.
723	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), the board [is vested with the] shall
724	control, [management] manage, and [supervision of] supervise the institutions of higher
725	education designated in Section 53B-1-102 in a manner consistent with the policy and purpose
726	of this title and the specific powers and responsibilities granted to [it] the board.
727	(b) The board may only exercise powers relating to the [Utah College of Applied
728	Technology and applied technology colleges within the Utah College of Applied Technology]
729	Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, the Utah System of Technical Colleges,
730	or a technical college that are specifically provided in this title.
731	(3) The board shall, for the Utah System of Higher Education:
732	(a) provide strategic leadership and link system capacity to the economy and workforce
733	needs;
734	(b) enhance the impact and efficiency of the system;
735	(c) establish measurable goals and metrics and delineate the expected contributions of
736	individual institutions of higher education toward these goals;
737	(d) evaluate presidents based on institutional performance;
738	(e) delegate to presidents the authority to manage the presidents' institutions of higher
739	education;
740	(f) administer statewide functions including system data collection and reporting;

741	(g) establish unified budget, finance, and capital funding priorities and practices; and
742	(h) provide system leadership on issues that have a system-wide impact, including:
743	(i) statewide college access and college preparedness initiatives;
744	(ii) learning opportunities drawn from multiple campuses or online learning options,
745	including new modes of delivery of content at multiple locations;
746	(iii) degree program requirement guidelines including credit hour limits, articulation
747	agreements, and transfer across institutions;
748	(iv) alignment of general education requirements across institutions of higher
749	education;
750	(v) incorporation of evidence-based practices that increase college completion; and
751	(vi) monitoring of workforce needs, with an emphasis on credentials that build upon
752	one another.
753	[(c)] (4) The board shall coordinate and support articulation agreements between the
754	Utah [College of Applied Technology or applied technology colleges within the Utah College
755	of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges or a technical college and other
756	institutions of higher education.
757	[(d)] (5) The board shall prepare and submit an annual report detailing [its] the board's
758	progress and recommendations on career and technical education issues and addressing
759	workforce needs to the governor and to the Legislature's Education Interim Committee by
760	October 31 of each year, which shall include information detailing:
761	[(i)] (a) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being
762	met by institutions of higher education [other than applied technology colleges within the Utah
763	College of Applied Technology described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(a), including [what] the
764	access secondary students have to programs offered by Salt Lake Community College's School
765	of Applied Technology, Snow College, and Utah State University Eastern;
766	[(ii)] (b) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, and high skill jobs in business
767	and industry is being provided;
768	[(iii)] (c) performance outcomes, including:
769	[(A)] (i) entered employment;
770	[ <del>(B)</del> ] <u>(ii)</u> job retention; and
771	[ <del>(C)</del> ] <u>(iii)</u> earnings; [ <del>and</del> ]

772	(d) an analysis of workforce needs and efforts to meet workforce needs; and
773	[(iv)] (e) student tuition and fees.
774	[(e)] (6) [Except for the Utah College of Applied Technology, the] The board may
775	modify the name of an institution [under its control and management, as designated in Section
776	53B-1-102;] described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(a) to reflect the role and general course of
777	study of the institution.
778	[(f)] (7) The board may not conduct a feasibility study or perform another act relating
779	to merging [any of the following institutions] a technical college with another institution of
780	higher education[:].
781	[(i) Bridgerland Applied Technology College;]
782	[(ii) Ogden-Weber Applied Technology College;]
783	[(iii) Davis Applied Technology College;]
784	[(iv) Tooele Applied Technology College;]
785	[(v) Mountainland Applied Technology College;]
786	[(vi) Uintah Basin Applied Technology College;]
787	[(vii) Southwest Applied Technology College; and]
788	[(viii) Dixie Applied Technology College.]
789	[(3)] (8) This section does not affect the power and authority vested in the State Board
790	of Education to apply for, accept, and manage federal appropriations for the establishment and
791	maintenance of career and technical education.
792	[(4) The board shall conduct a study regarding the feasibility of providing a veterans'
793	walk-in center or services at each state institution of higher education. The study shall include:]
794	[(a) an implementation plan for providing a walk-in center or services at each
795	institution of higher education;]
796	[(b) criteria, based upon the size of the institution, to determine whether the institution
797	should be required to provide a walk-in center or services;]
798	[(c) responsibilities of the walk-in center or services;]
799	[(d) a notification process about the walk-in center or services to veterans upon their
800	application for admission;]
801	[(e) the possibility of staffing a veterans walk-in center or services with veterans,
802	including through work-study positions to be filled by veterans:

803	[(f) annual reports from each walk-in center and services to the board which includes
804	summary information of veterans served; and]
805	[(g) funding requirements for a veterans walk-in center and services.]
806	[(5) Presentation of the study, including the implementation plan with funding and
807	other recommendations, shall be made to a legislative committee, commission, or task force
808	upon request no later than the October 2014 interim meeting.]
809	Section 17. Section <b>53B-1-104</b> is amended to read:
810	53B-1-104. Membership of the board Student appointee Terms Oath
811	Officers Committees Bylaws Meetings Quorum Vacancies Compensation.
812	[(1) (a) The board shall consist of 19 residents of the state.]
813	[(b) (i) Fifteen members shall be appointed by the governor with the consent of the
814	Senate.]
815	[(ii) (A) One additional member shall be appointed by the governor from nominations
816	of the student body presidents council.]
817	[(B) The student body presidents council shall nominate three qualified, matriculated
818	students enrolled in the state institutions of higher education.]
819	[(C) Student body presidents are not eligible for nomination.]
820	[(iii) All appointments to the board shall be made on a nonpartisan basis.]
821	[(iv) In making appointments to the board, the governor shall select:]
822	[(A) at least two individuals who reside within a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth
823	class;]
824	[(B) no more than six individuals who reside within a county of the first class;]
825	[(C) the remaining individuals from the state at large with due consideration for
826	geographical representation and diversity of exposure to the various institutions in the Utah
827	System of Higher Education; and]
828	[(D) at least three individuals with personal experience in career and technical
829	education, which could include service on a campus board of directors.]
830	[(c) (i) In addition to the members designated under Subsection (1)(b), two members of
831	the State Board of Education, appointed by the chair of the State Board of Education, shall
832	serve as nonvoting members of the board.]
833	[(ii) A nonvoting State Board of Education member shall continue to serve as a

834	member without a set term until the member is replaced by the chair of the State Board of
835	Education.]
836	[(d) (i) In addition to the members designated under Subsection (1)(b), one member of
837	the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees, appointed by the chair of the Utah
838	College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees, shall serve as a nonvoting member of the
839	board.]
840	[(ii) A nonvoting Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees member shall
841	continue to serve as a member without a set term until the member is replaced by the chair of
842	the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees.]
843	[(2) (a) Five members of the board, other than the student member, the State Board of
844	Education members, and the Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees member,
845	shall be appointed during each odd-numbered year to six-year staggered terms which
846	commence on July 1 of the year of appointment.]
847	[(b) (i) The student member shall be appointed for a one-year term and may be
848	reappointed for one additional term.]
849	[(ii) The student member has full voting rights and may vote on selection of a board
850	chair or vice chair, but not serve in either office.]
851	[(c) Board members shall hold office until their successors have been appointed and
852	qualified.]
853	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the board consists of 17 residents of the state
854	appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate, as follows:
855	(a) eight at large members;
856	(b) eight members, each of whom is:
857	(i) selected from three nominees presented to the governor by a higher education
858	institution board of trustees; and
859	(ii) a current or former member of the institution of higher education board of trustees
860	that nominates the member; and
861	(c) one member, selected from three nominees presented to the governor by the student
862	body presidents of the institutions of higher education, who:
863	(i) is a fully matriculated student enrolled in an institution of higher education; and
864	(ii) is not serving as a student body president at the time of the nomination.

865	(2) (a) (i) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, may serve on
866	the board, even if the individual does not fulfill a requirement for the composition of the board
867	described in Subsection (1).
868	(ii) The governor may reappoint a member described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) when the
869	member's term expires.
870	(b) An individual appointed to the board on or before May 8, 2017, who is a current or
871	former member of an institution of higher education board of trustees is the board member for
872	the institution of higher education described in Subsection (1)(b).
873	(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(c)(ii), as positions on the board become vacant, the
874	governor shall ensure that newly appointed members move the board toward the composition
875	described in Subsection (1).
876	(ii) In appointing a new member to the board, the governor shall first appoint a member
877	described in Subsection (1)(b) until the eight positions described in Subsection (1)(b) are filled.
878	(3) (a) All appointments to the board shall be made on a nonpartisan basis.
879	(b) In making appointments to the board, the governor shall consider:
880	(i) geographic representation of members;
881	(ii) diversity;
882	(iii) experience in higher education governance;
883	(iv) experience in economic development; and
884	(v) exposure to institutions of higher education.
885	(c) An individual may not serve simultaneously on the State Board of Regents and an
886	institution of higher education board of trustees.
887	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), members of the board shall be
888	appointed to six-year staggered terms, which begin on July 1 of the year of appointment.
889	(b) A student member described in Subsection (1)(c) shall be appointed to a one-year
890	<u>term.</u>
891	$[\frac{(3)}{(5)}]$ (a) $[\frac{Each}{(5)}]$ Member of the board shall take the official oath of office before
892	entering upon the duties of office.
893	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
894	[(4)] (6) The board shall elect a chair and vice chair from [its] among the board's
895	members who shall serve terms of two years and until their successors are chosen and

896	qualified.
897	[(5)] (7) (a) The board shall appoint a secretary from the staff of [its] the board's chief
898	executive to serve at [its] the board's discretion.
899	(b) The secretary [shall be] is a full-time employee who receives a salary set by the
900	board.
901	(c) The secretary shall record and maintain a record of all board meetings and perform
902	other duties as the board directs.
903	[(6) The board shall appoint a treasurer who serves at the discretion of the board.]
904	$\left[\frac{(7)}{8}\right]$ (a) The board may establish advisory committees.
905	(b) The powers and authority of the board are nondelegable, except as specifically
906	provided for in this title.
907	(c) All matters requiring board determination shall be addressed in a properly convened
908	meeting of the board or [its] the board's executive committee.
909	[(8)] (9) The board shall enact bylaws for [its] the board's own government not
910	inconsistent with the constitution or the laws of this state.
911	[(9)] (10) (a) The board shall meet regularly upon $[its]$ the board's own determination.
912	(b) The board may also meet, in full or executive session, at the request of [its] the
913	chair, [its] the executive officer, or five members of the board.
914	[(10)] (11) A quorum of the voting members of the board is required to conduct [its]
915	the board's business and consists of nine members.
916	$[\frac{(11)}{(12)}]$ (a) A vacancy in the board occurring before the expiration of a voting
917	member's full term shall be immediately filled by appointment by the governor with the
918	consent of the Senate.
919	(b) [The appointee] An individual appointed under Subsection (12)(a) serves for the
920	remainder of the unexpired term.
921	[(12)] (13) A board member may not receive compensation or benefits for the
922	member's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
923	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
924	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
925	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

926

63A-3-107.

927	Section 18. Section <b>53B-1-112</b> is enacted to read:
928	53B-1-112. Coordination for education.
929	(1) At least quarterly, in order to coordinate education services, individuals who have
930	responsibilities related to Utah's education system shall meet, including:
931	(a) the state superintendent of public instruction described in Section 53A-1-301;
932	(b) the commissioner;
933	(c) the commissioner of technical education described in Section 53B-2a-102;
934	(d) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services described in
935	Section 35A-1-201;
936	(e) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development
937	described in Section 63N-1-202;
938	(f) the chair of the State Board of Education;
939	(g) the chair of the State Board of Regents;
940	(h) the chair of the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees described in
941	Section 53B-2a-103; and
942	(i) the chairs of the Education Interim Committee.
943	(2) A meeting described in this section is not subject to Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and
944	Public Meetings Act.
945	Section 19. Section <b>53B-2-101</b> is amended to read:
946	53B-2-101. Institutions of higher education Corporate bodies Powers.
947	(1) The following institutions of higher education are bodies politic and corporate with
948	perpetual succession and with all rights, immunities, and franchises necessary to function as
949	such:
950	(a) the University of Utah;
951	(b) Utah State University;
952	(c) Weber State University;
953	(d) Southern Utah University;
954	(e) Snow College;
955	(f) Dixie State University;
956	(g) Utah Valley University;
957	(h) Salt Lake Community College; [and]

958	[(i) the Utah College of Applied Technology.]
959	(i) Bridgerland Technical College;
960	(j) Davis Technical College;
961	(k) Dixie Technical College;
962	(l) Mountainland Technical College;
963	(m) Ogden-Weber Technical College;
964	(n) Southwest Technical College;
965	(o) Tooele Technical College; and
966	(p) Uintah Basin Technical College.
967	(2) (a) [Each] An institution of higher education may have and use a corporate seal and
968	may, subject to Section 53B-20-103, take, hold, lease, sell, and convey real and personal
969	property as the interest of the institution requires.
970	(b) [Each] An institution of higher education is vested with all the property, franchises,
971	and endowments of, and is subject to, all the contracts, obligations, and liabilities of [its] the
972	institution's respective predecessor.
973	(c) (i) [Each] An institution of higher education may enter into business relationships
974	or dealings with private seed or venture capital entities or partnerships consistent with Utah
975	Constitution Article VI, Section 29, Subsection (2).
976	(ii) A business dealing or relationship entered into under Subsection (2)(c)(i) does not
977	preclude the private entity or partnership from participating in or receiving benefits from a
978	venture capital program authorized or sanctioned by the laws of this state, unless otherwise
979	precluded by the specific law that authorizes or sanctions the program.
980	[(iii) Subsections (2)(c)(i) and (ii) also apply to the Utah College of Applied
981	Technology created in Title 53B, Chapter 2a, Utah College of Applied Technology.]
982	Section 20. Section 53B-2-102 is repealed and reenacted to read:
983	53B-2-102. Board to appoint president for each institution.
984	(1) As used in this section:
985	(a) "Institution of higher education" means an institution that is part of the Utah System
986	of Higher Education described in Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(a).
987	(b) "Search committee" means a committee that selects finalists for a position as an
988	institution of higher education president.

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989	(2) The board shall appoint a president for each institution of higher education.
990	(3) An institution of higher education president serves at the pleasure of the board.
991	(4) (a) To appoint an institution of higher education president, the board shall establish
992	a search committee that includes representatives of faculty, staff, students, the institution of
993	higher education board of trustees, alumni, the outgoing institution of higher education
994	president's executive council or cabinet, and the board.
995	(b) A search committee shall be cochaired by a member of the board and the institution
996	of higher education board of trustees.
997	(c) A search committee described in Subsection (4)(a) shall forward three to five
998	finalists to the board to consider for a position as an institution of higher education president.
999	(d) A search committee may not forward an individual to the board as a finalist unless
1000	two-thirds of the search committee members, as verified by the commissioner, find the
1001	individual to be qualified and likely to succeed as an institution of higher education president.
1002	(5) (a) The board shall select an institution of higher education president from among
1003	the finalists presented by a search committee.
1004	(b) If the board is not satisfied with the finalists forwarded by a search committee, the
1005	board may direct the search committee to resume the search process until the search committee
1006	has forwarded three finalists with which the board is satisfied.
1007	(6) The board, through the commissioner, shall create a comprehensive, active
1008	recruiting plan to ensure a strong, diverse pool of potential candidates for institution of higher
1009	education presidents.
1010	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a record or information gathered or
1011	generated during the search process, including a candidate's application and the search
1012	committee's deliberations, is confidential and is a protected record under Section 63G-2-305.
1013	(b) Application materials for a publicly named finalist described in Section (5)(a) are
1014	not protected records under Section 63G-2-305.
1015	Section 21. Section <b>53B-2-103</b> is amended to read:
1016	53B-2-103. Boards of trustees Powers and duties.
1017	(1) Each college [and] or university has a board of trustees [which] that may act [in] on
1018	behalf of [its institution] the college or university in performing duties, responsibilities, and
1019	functions as may be specifically authorized to the board of trustees by the State Board of

1020	Regents.
1021	(2) A board of trustees has the following powers and duties:
1022	(a) [facilitates] to facilitate communication between the institution and the community;
1023	(b) [assists] to assist in planning, implementing, and executing fund raising and
1024	development projects aimed at supplementing institutional appropriations;
1025	(c) [perpetuates and strengthens] to perpetuate and strengthen alumni and community
1026	identification with the [institution's] college or university's tradition and goals; [and]
1027	(d) [selects] to select recipients of honorary degrees[-]; and
1028	(e) to approve changes to the institution of higher education's programs, in accordance
1029	with Section 53B-16-102.
1030	Section 22. Section <b>53B-2-104</b> is amended to read:
1031	53B-2-104. Memberships of board of trustees Terms Vacancies Oath
1032	Officers Bylaws Quorum Committees Compensation Applicability to technical
1033	colleges.
1034	(1) (a) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (10), the board of trustees of an
1035	institution of higher education consists of the following:
1036	(i) except as provided in Subsection 53B-18-1201(3)(b), eight [persons] individuals
1037	appointed by the governor [and approved by] with the consent of the Senate; and
1038	(ii) two ex officio members who are the president of the institution's alumni
1039	association, and the president of the associated students of the institution.
1040	(b) The appointed members of the boards of trustees for Utah Valley University and
1041	Salt Lake Community College shall be representative of the interests of business, industry, and
1042	labor.
1043	(2) (a) The governor shall appoint four members of each board of trustees during each
1044	odd-numbered year to four-year terms commencing on July 1 of the year of appointment.
1045	(b) An appointed member holds office until a successor is appointed and qualified.
1046	(c) The ex officio members serve for the same period as they serve as presidents and
1047	until their successors have qualified.
1048	(3) When a vacancy occurs in the membership of a board of trustees for any reason, the
1049	replacement shall be appointed for the unexpired term.
1050	(4) (a) Each member of a board of trustees shall take the official oath of office prior to

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president.

1051	assuming the office.
1052	(b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
1053	(5) $[Each]$ $\underline{A}$ board of trustees shall elect a chair and vice chair, who serve for two
1054	years and until their successors are elected and qualified.
1055	(6) (a) $[Each] \underline{A}$ board of trustees may enact bylaws for $[its]$ the board of trustees' own
1056	government, including [provision] provisions for regular meetings.
1057	(b) (i) [The] $\underline{A}$ board of trustees may provide for an executive committee in [its] the
1058	board of trustees' bylaws.
1059	(ii) If established, [the] an executive committee shall have full authority of the board of
1060	trustees to act upon routine matters during the interim between board of trustees meetings.
1061	(iii) [The] An executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under
1062	extraordinary and emergency circumstances.
1063	(iv) [The] An executive committee shall report [its] the executive committee's
1064	activities to the board of trustees at [its] the board of trustees' next regular meeting following
1065	the action.
1066	(c) Copies of [the] <u>a</u> board of trustees' bylaws shall be filed with the board.
1067	(7) A quorum is required to conduct business and consists of six members.
1068	(8) A board of trustees may establish advisory committees.
1069	(9) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
1070	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1071	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1072	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1073	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1074	63A-3-107.
1075	(10) This section does not apply to a <u>technical college</u> board of directors [of an applied
1076	technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology] described in Section
1077	<u>53B-2a-108</u> .
1078	Section 23. Section <b>53B-2-106</b> is amended to read:
1079	53B-2-106. Duties and responsibilities of the president of an institution of higher

education -- Approval by board of trustees -- Applicability to a technical college

(1) (a) [The] Except as provided in Subsection (5), the president of each institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 may exercise grants of power and authority as delegated by the board, as well as the necessary and proper exercise of powers and authority not specifically denied to the institution[, its] of higher education or the institution of higher education's administration, faculty, or students by the board or by law, to [assure] ensure the effective and efficient administration and operation of the institution of higher education consistent with the statewide master plan for higher education.

- (b) The president of each institution <u>of higher education</u> may, after consultation with the [institution's] <u>institution of higher education's</u> board of trustees, exercise powers relating to the [institution's] <u>institution of higher education's</u> employees, including faculty and persons under contract with the institution of higher education, by implementing [any of the following]:
  - (i) furloughs;

- (ii) reductions in force;
- (iii) benefit adjustments;
- (iv) program reductions or discontinuance;
- (v) early retirement incentives that provide cost savings to the institution[; and]  $\underline{of}$  higher education; or
  - (vi) other measures that provide cost savings to the institution of higher education.
- (2) Except as provided by the board, the president of each institution <u>of higher</u> <u>education</u>, with the approval of the [institution's] <u>institution of higher education's</u> board of trustees, may:
- (a) (i) appoint a secretary, a treasurer, administrative officers, deans, faculty members, and other professional personnel, prescribe their duties, and determine their salaries;
- (ii) appoint support personnel, prescribe their duties, and determine their salaries from the [institution's] institution of higher education's position classification plan, which may:
- (A) be based upon similarity of duties and responsibilities within the institution  $\underline{of}$  higher education; and
  - (B) as funds permit, provide salary and benefits comparable with private enterprise;
- 1110 (iii) adopt policies for:
- (A) employee sick leave use and accrual; and
- (B) service recognition for employees with more than 15 years of employment with the

institution of higher education; and

- (iv) subject to the authority of, the policy established by, and the approval of the board [of regents], and recognizing the status of the institutions within the state system of higher education as bodies politic and corporate, appoint attorneys to provide legal advice to the [institution's] institution of higher education's administration and to coordinate legal affairs within the institution of higher education. The board [of regents] shall coordinate activities of attorneys at the institutions of higher education. The institutions of higher education shall provide an annual report to the board [of regents] on the activities of appointed attorneys. These appointed attorneys may not conduct litigation, settle claims covered by the State Risk Management Fund, or issue formal legal opinions, but shall, in all respects, cooperate with the Office of the Attorney General in providing legal representation to the institution of higher education;
- (b) provide for the constitution, government, and organization of the faculty and administration, and enact implementing rules, including the establishment of a prescribed system of tenure;
- (c) authorize the faculty to determine the general initiation and direction of instruction and of the examination, admission, and classification of students. In recognition of the diverse nature and traditions of the various institutions governed by the board, the systems of faculty government need not be identical but should be designed to further faculty identification with and involvement in the institution's pursuit of achievement and excellence and in fulfillment of the institution's role as established in the statewide master plan for higher education; and
- (d) enact rules for administration and operation of the institution which are consistent with the prescribed role established by the board, rules enacted by the board, or the laws of the state. The rules may provide for administrative, faculty, student, and joint committees with jurisdiction over specified institutional matters, for student government and student affairs organization, for the establishment of institutional standards in furtherance of the ideals of higher education fostered and subscribed to by the institution[, its] of higher education, the institution of higher education's administration, faculty, and students, and for the holding of classes on legal holidays, other than Sunday.
- (3) Compensation costs and related office expenses for appointed attorneys shall be funded within existing budgets.

1144	(4) The State Board of Regents shall establish guidelines relating to the roles and
1145	relationships between institutional presidents and boards of trustees, including those matters
1146	which must be approved by a board of trustees before implementation by the president.
1147	(5) This section does not apply to a technical college president [of an applied
1148	technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology].
1149	Section 24. Section <b>53B-2a-100.5</b> is enacted to read:
1150	<b>CHAPTER 2a. UTAH SYSTEM OF TECHNICAL COLLEGES</b>
1151	<u>53B-2a-100.5.</u> Title.
1152	This chapter is known as "Utah System of Technical Colleges."
1153	Section 25. Section <b>53B-2a-101</b> is amended to read:
1154	53B-2a-101. Definitions.
1155	As used in this chapter:
1156	[(1) "Applied technology college" means a member college of the Utah College of
1157	Applied Technology.]
1158	[(2)] (1) "Board of trustees" means the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System
1159	of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees.
1160	[(3)] (2) "Commissioner of technical education" means the Utah [College of Applied
1161	Technology] System of Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education.
1162	[(4)] (3) "Competency-based" means mastery of subject matter or skill level, as
1163	demonstrated through business and industry approved standards and assessments, achieved
1164	through participation in a hands-on learning environment, and which is tied to observable,
1165	measurable performance objectives.
1166	[(5)] (4) "Member" means a member of the board of trustees.
1167	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> "Open-entry, open-exit" means:
1168	(a) a method of instructional delivery that allows for flexible scheduling in response to
1169	individual student needs or requirements and demonstrated competency when knowledge and
1170	skills have been mastered;
1171	(b) students have the flexibility to begin or end study at any time, progress through
1172	course material at their own pace, and demonstrate competency when knowledge and skills
1173	have been mastered; and
1174	(c) if competency is demonstrated in a program of study, a credential, certificate, or

1175	diploma may be awarded.
1176	Section 26. Section 53B-2a-102 is amended to read:
1177	53B-2a-102. Commissioner of technical education Appointment Duties.
1178	(1) (a) The board of trustees, upon approval from the governor and with the consent of
1179	the Senate, shall appoint a commissioner of technical education to serve as the board of
1180	trustees' chief executive officer.
1181	(b) The commissioner of technical education shall:
1182	(i) have an appropriate and relevant educational background, including, at a minimum,
1183	a master's degree; and
1184	(ii) have extensive experience in career and technical education.
1185	(c) The commissioner of technical education shall serve at the board of trustees'
1186	discretion and may be terminated by:
1187	(i) the board of trustees; or
1188	(ii) the governor, after consultation with the board of trustees.
1189	(d) If the board of trustees intends to appoint an interim or acting commissioner of
1190	technical education during a leave of absence of the commissioner of technical education, the
1191	board of trustees shall appoint the interim or acting commissioner of technical education with
1192	the consent of the Senate.
1193	(e) The name of each final candidate for commissioner of technical education shall be
1194	publicly disclosed.
1195	(2) The board of trustees shall:
1196	(a) set the salary of the commissioner of technical education;
1197	(b) prescribe the duties and functions of the commissioner of technical education; and
1198	(c) select a commissioner of technical education on the basis of outstanding
1199	professional qualifications.
1200	(3) The commissioner of technical education is responsible to the board of trustees to:
1201	(a) ensure that the policies and programs of the board of trustees are properly executed;
1202	(b) furnish information about the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of
1203	Technical Colleges and make recommendations regarding the information to the board of
1204	trustees;
1205	(c) provide state-level leadership in an activity affecting [an applied technology] a

1206	technical college; and
1207	(d) perform other duties as assigned by the board of trustees in carrying out the board
1208	of trustees' duties and responsibilities.
1209	Section 27. Section <b>53B-2a-103</b> is amended to read:
1210	53B-2a-103. Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees Membership
1211	Terms Vacancies Oath Officers Quorum Committees Compensation.
1212	(1) There is created the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical
1213	Colleges Board of Trustees.
1214	(2) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4), the board of trustees is composed of
1215	the following members:
1216	[(a) one member of the State Board of Education appointed by the chair of the State
1217	Board of Education, to serve as a nonvoting member;]
1218	[(b) one member of the State Board of Regents appointed by the chair of the State
1219	Board of Regents, to serve as a nonvoting member;]
1220	[(c)] (a) one member, representing business and industry employers from each [applied
1221	technology] technical college board of directors, appointed by a majority vote of the business
1222	and industry employer members of the [applied technology] technical college board of
1223	directors;
1224	[(d)] (b) one member representing business and industry employers from the Snow
1225	College Economic Development and Workforce Preparation Advisory Committee appointed by
1226	a majority of the business and industry employer members of the advisory committee;
1227	[(e)] (c) one member representing business and industry employers from the Utah State
1228	University Eastern career and technical education advisory committee appointed by a majority
1229	of the business and industry employer members of the advisory committee;
1230	[(f)] (d) one member representing business and industry employers from the Salt Lake
1231	Community College School of Applied Technology Board of Directors appointed by a majority
1232	of the business and industry employer members of the board of directors;
1233	[(g)] (e) one business or industry employer representative appointed by the governor
1234	with the consent of the Senate from nominations submitted by the speaker of the House of
1235	Representatives and president of the Senate;
1236	[(h)] (f) one representative of union craft, trade, or apprenticeship programs that

123/	prepare workers for employment in career and technical education fields, appointed by the
1238	governor with the consent of the Senate;
1239	[(i)] (g) one representative of non-union craft, trade, or apprenticeship programs that
1240	prepare workers for employment in career and technical education fields, appointed by the
1241	governor with the consent of the Senate; and
1242	[(j)] (h) the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development or
1243	the executive director's designee.
1244	(3) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2019, the board of trustees is composed of 15 [voting]
1245	members appointed by the governor with the consent of the Senate, as follows:
1246	(i) one member [representing each applied technology college,] selected from at least
1247	two nominees presented to the governor by the board of directors of each [applied technology
1248	college] technical college, for a total of eight members; and
1249	(ii) one member [representing] who is employed in and represents each of the
1250	following sectors:
1251	(A) information technology;
1252	(B) manufacturing;
1253	(C) life sciences;
1254	(D) health care;
1255	(E) transportation;
1256	(F) union craft, trade, or apprenticeship; and
1257	(G) non-union craft, trade, or apprenticeship.
1258	(b) The seven members described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall be selected from the
1259	state at large, subject to the following conditions:
1260	(i) at least four members shall reside in a geographic area served by [an applied
1261	technology college described in Section 53B-2a-105] a technical college; and
1262	(ii) no more than two members may reside in a single geographic area served by [an
1263	applied technology college described in Section 53B-2a-105] a technical college.
1264	[(c) (i) In addition to the 15 voting members described in Subsection (3)(a), one
1265	member of the Board of Regents, appointed by the chair of the Board of Regents, shall serve a
1266	a nonvoting member of the board of trustees.]
1267	[(ii) The nonvoting member from the Board of Regents is not subject to the term limit

1268	described in Subsection (5)(b).]
1269	[(d)] (c) The governor shall make appointments to the board of trustees on a
1270	nonpartisan basis.
1271	(d) An individual may not serve on the board of trustees and a technical college board
1272	of directors simultaneously.
1273	(4) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection (4)(d), to] To transition from the composition
1274	of the board of trustees described in Subsection (2) to the composition described in Subsection
1275	(3), for a member who was appointed to the board of trustees on or before May 10, 2016, the
1276	governor shall appoint a replacement:
1277	(i) when the member's current term expires, for a member who, on May 10, 2016, has
1278	served less than two consecutive full terms on the board of trustees; or
1279	(ii) on May 10, 2016, for a member who, on May 10, 2016, has served two or more
1280	consecutive full terms on the board of trustees.
1281	(b) In replacing a member who was appointed under Subsection (2)[(c)](a), the
1282	governor shall appoint a member [to represent the applied technology] for the technical college
1283	represented by the member whose term expires by:
1284	(i) soliciting the [applied technology] technical college's board of directors to nominate
1285	at least two individuals for the position; and
1286	(ii) selecting from the nominees presented.
1287	(c) In replacing a member who was appointed under Subsections (2)[(d)](b) through
1288	(2)[(i)](h), the governor shall appoint a new member at large, ensuring representation from the
1289	sectors described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
1290	[(d) (i) A member appointed under Subsection (2)(a) shall remain on the board of
1291	trustees until June 30, 2019.]
1292	[(ii) A member appointed under Subsection (2)(b) may remain on the board following
1293	the transition to the board composition described in Subsection (3).
1294	[(e)] (d) In making an appointment under this Subsection (4), the governor:
1295	(i) shall appoint a member on a nonpartisan basis; and
1296	(ii) may not reappoint the member who is being replaced if the member has served on
1297	the board of trustees for at least two consecutive full terms.
1298	(5) (a) (i) Except as provided under Subsection (5)(a)(ii), a member shall be appointed

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1299 commencing on July 1 of each odd-numbered year to a four-year	term.
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- (ii) The governor shall ensure that member terms are staggered so that approximately one-half of the members' terms expire in any odd-numbered year.
  - (b) A member may not hold office for more than two consecutive full terms.
- (6) When a vacancy occurs on the board of trustees for any reason, the governor shall appoint a replacement for the unexpired term.
  - (7) (a) Each member shall take the official oath of office prior to assuming the office.
  - (b) The oath shall be filed with the Division of Archives and Records Services.
- (8) (a) The board of trustees shall elect a chair and vice chair, who serve for two years and until their successors are elected and qualified.
- (b) A member may not serve more than two consecutive terms as the chair or vice chair.
- (9) (a) The board of trustees shall enact bylaws for the board of trustees' own government, including provisions for regular meetings.
- (b) (i) The board of trustees shall provide for an executive committee in the board of trustees' bylaws.
- (ii) The executive committee shall have full authority of the board of trustees to act upon routine matters during the interim between board of trustees meetings.
- (iii) The executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under extraordinary and emergency circumstances.
- (iv) The executive committee shall report [its] the executive committee's activities to the board of trustees at the board of trustees' next regular meeting following the executive committee's [action] activities.
- (10) A quorum shall be required to conduct business which shall consist of a majority of [voting] board of trustee members.
  - (11) The board of trustees may establish advisory committees.
- 1325 (12) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but 1326 may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
  - (a) Section 63A-3-106;
- 1328 (b) Section 63A-3-107; and
- (c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and

1330	63A-3-107.
1331	Section 28. Section <b>53B-2a-104</b> is amended to read:
1332	53B-2a-104. Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees Powers and
1333	duties.
1334	(1) The [Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees] board of trustees is
1335	vested with the control, management, and supervision of [applied technology colleges within
1336	the Utah College of Applied Technology] technical colleges in a manner consistent with the
1337	policy and purpose of this title and the specific powers and responsibilities granted to the board
1338	of trustees.
1339	(2) The board of trustees shall:
1340	(a) ensure that [an applied technology] a technical college complies with the
1341	requirements in Section 53B-2a-106;
1342	(b) appoint the commissioner of technical education in accordance with Section
1343	53B-2a-102;
1344	(c) advise the commissioner of technical education and the State Board of Regents on
1345	issues related to career and technical education, including articulation with institutions of
1346	higher education and public education;
1347	(d) ensure that a secondary student in the public education system has access to career
1348	and technical education through [an applied technology] a technical college in the secondary
1349	student's service region;
1350	(e) in consultation with the State Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, and
1351	[applied technology] technical college presidents, develop strategies for providing career and
1352	technical education in rural areas, considering distances between rural career and technical
1353	education providers;
1354	(f) receive budget requests from each [applied technology] technical college, compile
1355	and prioritize the requests, and submit the request to:
1356	(i) the Legislature; and
1357	(ii) the Governor's Office of Management and Budget;
1358	(g) receive funding requests pertaining to capital facilities and land purchases from
1359	each [applied technology] technical college, ensure that the requests comply with Section
1360	53B-2a-112, prioritize the requests, and submit the prioritized requests to the State Building

1361	Board;
1362	(h) in conjunction with the commissioner of technical education, establish benchmarks,
1363	provide oversight, evaluate program performance, and obtain independent audits to ensure that
1364	[an applied technology] a technical college follows the noncredit career and technical education
1365	mission described in this part;
1366	(i) approve programs for the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of
1367	Technical Colleges;
1368	(j) approve the tuition rates for [applied technology] technical colleges [within the Utah
1369	College of Applied Technology];
1370	(k) prepare and submit an annual report detailing the board of trustees' progress and
1371	recommendations on career and technical education issues to the governor and to the
1372	Legislature's Education Interim Committee by October 31 of each year, which shall include
1373	information detailing:
1374	(i) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students are being met,
1375	including what access secondary students have to programs offered at [applied technology]
1376	technical colleges;
1377	(ii) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, and high skill jobs in business and
1378	industry described in Section 53B-2a-106 is being provided;
1379	(iii) performance outcomes, including:
1380	(A) entered employment;
1381	(B) job retention; and
1382	(C) earnings; and
1383	(iv) student tuition and fees; and
1384	(l) collaborate with the State Board of Regents, the State Board of Education, [the state
1385	system of public education, the state system of higher education,] the Department of Workforce
1386	Services, and the Governor's Office of Economic Development on the delivery of career and
1387	technical education.
1388	(3) The board of trustees, the commissioner of technical education, or [an applied
1389	technology] a technical college[;] president[;] or board of directors may not conduct a
1390	feasibility study or perform another act relating to offering a degree or awarding credit.

Section 29. Section **53B-2a-105** is amended to read:

1392	53B-2a-105. Utah System of Technical Colleges Composition.
1393	The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges is composed
1394	of the following [applied technology] technical colleges:
1395	(1) Bridgerland [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic
1396	area encompassing:
1397	(a) the Box Elder School District;
1398	(b) the Cache School District;
1399	(c) the Logan School District; and
1400	(d) the Rich School District;
1401	(2) Ogden-Weber [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the
1402	geographic area encompassing:
1403	(a) the Ogden City School District; and
1404	(b) the Weber School District;
1405	(3) Davis [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic area
1406	encompassing:
1407	(a) the Davis School District; and
1408	(b) the Morgan School District;
1409	(4) Tooele [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic area
1410	encompassing the Tooele County School District;
1411	(5) Mountainland [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the
1412	geographic area encompassing:
1413	(a) the Alpine School District;
1414	(b) the Nebo School District;
1415	(c) the Provo School District;
1416	(d) the South Summit School District;
1417	(e) the North Summit School District;
1418	(f) the Wasatch School District; and
1419	(g) the Park City School District;
1420	(6) Uintah Basin [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the
1421	geographic area encompassing:
1422	(a) the Daggett School District;

1423	(b) the Ducheshe School District, and
1424	(c) the Uintah School District;
1425	(7) Southwest [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic
1426	area encompassing:
1427	(a) the Beaver School District;
1428	(b) the Garfield School District;
1429	(c) the Iron School District; and
1430	(d) the Kane School District; and
1431	(8) Dixie [Applied Technology] Technical College, which serves the geographic area
1432	encompassing the Washington School District.
1433	Section 30. Section <b>53B-2a-106</b> is amended to read:
1434	53B-2a-106. Technical colleges Duties.
1435	(1) Each [applied technology] technical college [within the Utah College of Applied
1436	Technology] shall, within the geographic area served by the [applied technology] technical
1437	college:
1438	(a) offer a noncredit [post-secondary] postsecondary and secondary career and
1439	technical education curriculum;
1440	(b) offer that curriculum at:
1441	(i) low cost to adult students, as approved by the board of trustees; and
1442	(ii) no tuition to secondary students;
1443	(c) provide career and technical education that will result in:
1444	(i) appropriate licensing, certification, or other evidence of completion of training; and
1445	(ii) qualification for specific employment, with an emphasis on high demand, high
1446	wage, and high skill jobs in business and industry;
1447	(d) develop cooperative agreements with school districts, charter schools, other higher
1448	education institutions, businesses, industries, and community and private agencies to maximize
1449	the availability of instructional facilities within the geographic area served by the [applied
1450	technology] technical college; and
1451	(e) after consulting with school districts and charter schools within the geographic area
1452	served by the [applied technology] technical college:
1453	(i) ensure that secondary students in the public education system have access to career

1454	and technical education at the [applied technology] technical college; and
1455	(ii) prepare and submit an annual report to the board of trustees detailing:
1456	(A) how the career and technical education needs of secondary students within the
1457	region are being met;
1458	(B) what access secondary students within the region have to programs offered at the
1459	[applied technology] technical college;
1460	(C) how the emphasis on high demand, high wage, high skill jobs in business and
1461	industry described in Subsection (1)(c)(ii) is being provided; and
1462	(D) student tuition and fees.
1463	(2) [An applied technology] A technical college may offer:
1464	(a) a competency-based high school diploma approved by the State Board of Education
1465	in accordance with Section 53A-1-402;
1466	(b) noncredit, basic instruction in areas such as reading, language arts, and
1467	mathematics that are necessary for student success in a chosen career and technical education
1468	or job-related program;
1469	(c) noncredit courses of interest when similar offerings to the community are limited
1470	and courses are financially self-supporting; and
1471	(d) secondary school level courses through the Statewide Online Education Program in
1472	accordance with Section 53A-15-1205.
1473	(3) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d), [an applied technology] a technical college
1474	may not:
1475	(a) offer courses other than noncredit career and technical education or the noncredit,
1476	basic instruction described in Subsections (2)(b) and (c);
1477	(b) offer a degree;
1478	(c) offer career and technical education or basic instruction outside the geographic area
1479	served by the [applied technology] technical college without a cooperative agreement between
1480	an affected institution, except as provided in Subsection (6);
1481	(d) provide tenure or academic rank for its instructors; or
1482	(e) participate in intercollegiate athletics.
1483	(4) The mission of [an applied technology] a technical college is limited to noncredit
1484	career and technical education and may not expand to include credit-based academic programs

typically offered by community colleges or other institutions of higher education.

- (5) [An applied technology] A technical college shall be recognized as a member [applied technology college] of the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges, and regional affiliation shall be retained and recognized through local designations such as "Bridgerland [Applied Technology] Technical College: A member [applied technology] technical college of the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges."
- (6) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college may offer career and technical education or basic instruction outside the geographic area served by the [applied technology] technical college without a cooperative agreement, as required in Subsection (3)(c), if:
  - (i) the career and technical education or basic instruction is specifically requested by:
  - (A) an employer; or

- (B) a craft, trade, or apprenticeship program;
- (ii) the [applied technology] technical college notifies the affected institution about the request; and
- (iii) the affected institution is given an opportunity to make a proposal, prior to any contract being finalized or training being initiated by the [applied technology] technical college, to the employer, craft, trade, or apprenticeship program about offering the requested career and technical education or basic instruction, provided that the proposal shall be presented no later than one business week from the delivery of the notice described under Subsection (6)(a)(ii).
- (b) The requirements under Subsection (6)(a)(iii) do not apply if there is a prior training relationship.
  - Section 31. Section **53B-2a-107** is amended to read:

### 53B-2a-107. Technical college presidents -- Appointments -- Duties.

- (1) (a) The board of trustees shall, after consultation with [an applied technology] <u>a</u> technical college board of directors, appoint [an applied technology college] <u>a</u> president for [an applied technology] the technical college.
- (b) The board of trustees shall establish a policy for appointing [an applied technology] a technical college president that:
  - (i) requires the board of trustees to create a search committee that:

1516	(A) [shall include] includes an equal number of board of [trustee] trustees members
1517	and members from the [applied technology] technical college board of directors; and
1518	(B) may include [applied technology] technical college faculty, students, or other
1519	individuals;
1520	(ii) requires the search committee to seek nominations, interview candidates, and
1521	forward qualified candidates to the board of trustees for consideration;
1522	(iii) provides for at least two members of the [applied technology] technical college
1523	board of directors to participate in board of trustees' interviews of finalists; and
1524	(iv) provides for the board of trustees to vote to appoint [an applied technology] a
1525	technical college president in a meeting that complies with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and
1526	Public Meetings Act.
1527	(2) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college president shall serve as the chief
1528	[administrative] executive officer of the technical college [campus].
1529	(b) [An applied technology] A technical college president does not need to have a
1530	doctorate degree, but shall have extensive experience in career and technical education.
1531	(c) [An applied technology] A technical college president is subject to regular review
1532	and evaluation administered by the board of trustees, in cooperation with the [applied
1533	technology] technical college board of directors, through a process approved by the board of
1534	trustees.
1535	(d) [An applied technology] A technical college president serves at the discretion of the
1536	board of trustees, in cooperation with the [applied technology] technical college board of
1537	directors.
1538	(e) The board of trustees, in cooperation with [an applied technology] a technical
1539	college board of directors, shall set the compensation for [an applied technology college
1540	president] the technical college president using market survey information.
1541	(3) [An applied technology] A technical college president shall:
1542	(a) serve as the executive officer of the [applied technology] technical college board of
1543	directors;
1544	(b) administer the day-to-day operations of the [applied technology] technical college;
1545	(c) consult with the [applied technology] technical college board of directors; and

(d) administer human resource policies and employee compensation plans in

1547	accordance with the requirements of the board of trustees.
1548	Section 32. Section <b>53B-2a-108</b> is amended to read:
1549	53B-2a-108. Technical college boards of directors Membership
1550	Appointments.
1551	[An applied technology college shall have an applied technology college board of
1552	directors appointed as follows:
1553	(1) The Bridgerland [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall
1554	be] is composed of the following 12 members:
1555	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1556	Box Elder School District;
1557	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1558	Cache School District;
1559	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1560	Logan School District;
1561	(d) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1562	Rich School District;
1563	(e) one member of the Utah State University board of trustees; and
1564	(f) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1565	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (1)(a) through (e)[;].
1566	(2) The Ogden-Weber [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors
1567	[shall be] is composed of the following 10 members:
1568	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1569	Ogden City School District;
1570	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1571	Weber School District;
1572	(c) one member of the Weber State University board of trustees; and
1573	(d) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1574	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (2)(a) through (c)[;].
1575	(3) The Davis [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall be] is
1576	composed of the following 10 members:
1577	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the

15/8	Davis School District;
1579	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1580	Morgan School District;
1581	(c) one member of the Weber State University board of trustees; and
1582	(d) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1583	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (3)(a) through (c)[;].
1584	(4) The Tooele [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall be]
1585	is composed of the following 12 members:
1586	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1587	Tooele County School District;
1588	(b) one member of the Utah State University board of trustees; and
1589	(c) 10 representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1590	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (4)(a) and (b)[;].
1591	(5) The Mountainland [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors
1592	[shall be] is composed of the following 18 members:
1593	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1594	Alpine School District;
1595	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1596	Nebo School District;
1597	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1598	Provo School District;
1599	(d) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1600	South Summit School District;
1601	(e) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1602	North Summit School District;
1603	(f) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1604	Wasatch School District;
1605	(g) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1606	Park City School District;
1607	(h) one member of the Utah Valley University board of trustees; and
1608	(i) 10 representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed

1609	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (5)(a) through (h)[;].
1610	(6) The Uintah Basin [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors
1611	[shall be] is composed of the following 10 members:
1612	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1613	Daggett School District;
1614	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1615	Duchesne School District;
1616	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1617	Uintah School District;
1618	(d) one member of the Utah State University board of trustees; and
1619	(e) six representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1620	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (6)(a) through (d)[;].
1621	(7) The Southwest [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall
1622	be] is composed of the following 12 members:
1623	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1624	Beaver School District;
1625	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1626	Garfield School District;
1627	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1628	Iron School District;
1629	(d) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1630	Kane School District;
1631	(e) one member of the Southern Utah University board of trustees; and
1632	(f) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed
1633	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (7)(a) through (e)[;].
1634	(8) The Dixie [Applied Technology] Technical College Board of Directors [shall be] is
1635	composed of the following 10 members:
1636	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
1637	Washington School District;
1638	(b) one member of the Dixie State University board of trustees; and
1639	(c) eight representatives of business or industry employers within the region appointed

1640	jointly by the members appointed under Subsections (8)(a) and (b)[; and].
1641	(9) The representatives of business or industry employers [shall be] on a technical
1642	college board of directors are:
1643	(a) appointed jointly by the designated members of a technical college board of
1644	directors from a list of names provided by local organizations or associations whose members
1645	employ workers with career and technical education;
1646	(b) individuals recognized for their knowledge and expertise;
1647	(c) individuals who represent current and emerging business and industry sectors of the
1648	state; and
1649	(d) appointed on a nonpartisan basis.
1650	Section 33. Section <b>53B-2a-109</b> is amended to read:
1651	53B-2a-109. Technical college boards of directors Terms Quorum Chair
1652	Compensation.
1653	(1) (a) At the first meeting of [an applied technology] a technical college board of
1654	directors after July 1, 2009:
1655	(i) the representatives from the local school boards shall divide up their positions so
1656	that approximately half of them serve for two-year terms and half serve for four-year terms;
1657	and
1658	(ii) the representatives from business and industry employers shall divide up their
1659	positions so that approximately half of them serve for two-year terms and half serve for
1660	four-year terms.
1661	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(a), individuals appointed to [an applied
1662	technology] a technical college board of directors shall serve four-year terms.
1663	(2) The original appointing authority shall fill any vacancies that occur on [an applied
1664	technology] a technical college board of directors.
1665	(3) A majority of [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors is a
1666	quorum.
1667	(4) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors shall elect a chair
1668	from [its] the technical college board of directors' membership.

(5) A member of [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors may not

receive compensation or benefits for the [member's] member of the technical college board of

1671	director's service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
1672	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
1673	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
1674	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
1675	63A-3-107.
1676	(6) (a) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may enact
1677	bylaws for the [applied technology college's] technical college board of directors' own
1678	government, including [provision] provisions for regular meetings, that are in accordance with
1679	the policies of the board of trustees.
1680	(b) (i) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may provide for
1681	an executive committee in the [applied technology] technical college board of directors'
1682	bylaws.
1683	(ii) If established, an executive committee shall have the full authority of the [applied
1684	technology] technical college board of directors to act upon routine matters during the interim
1685	between board of directors' meetings.
1686	(iii) An executive committee may act on nonroutine matters only under extraordinary
1687	and emergency circumstances.
1688	(iv) An executive committee shall report the executive committee's activities to the
1689	[applied technology] technical college board of directors at the [applied technology] technical
1690	college board of directors' next regular meeting following the [action] activities.
1691	(7) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may establish
1692	advisory committees.
1693	Section 34. Section 53B-2a-110 is amended to read:
1694	53B-2a-110. Technical college board of directors' powers and duties.
1695	(1) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors shall:
1696	(a) assist the [applied technology] technical college president in preparing a budget
1697	request for the [applied technology] technical college's annual operations to the board of
1698	trustees;
1699	(b) after consulting with the board of trustees, other higher education institutions,

school districts, and charter schools within the [applied technology] technical college's region,

prepare a comprehensive strategic plan for delivering career and technical education within the

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- (c) consult with business, industry, the Department of Workforce Services, the Governor's Office of Economic Development, and the Governor's Office of Management and Budget on an ongoing basis to determine what workers and skills are needed for employment in Utah businesses and industries;
  - (d) develop programs based upon the information gathered in accordance with Subsection (1)(c), including expedited program approval and termination procedures to meet market needs:
    - (e) adopt an annual budget and fund balances;
- (f) develop policies for the operation of career and technical education facilities under the [applied technology] technical college board of directors' jurisdiction;
- (g) establish human resources and compensation policies for all employees in accordance with policies of the board of trustees;
- (h) approve credentials for employees and assign employees to duties in accordance with board of trustees policies and accreditation guidelines;
  - (i) conduct annual program evaluations;
- (j) appoint program advisory committees and other advisory groups to provide counsel, support, and recommendations for updating and improving the effectiveness of training programs and services;
- (k) approve regulations, both regular and emergency, to be issued and executed by the [applied technology] technical college president;
- (l) coordinate with local school boards, school districts, and charter schools to meet the career and technical education needs of secondary students; and
- (m) develop policies and procedures for the admission, classification, instruction, and examination of students in accordance with the policies and accreditation guidelines of the board of trustees and the State Board of Education.
- (2) <u>A policy described in Subsection (1)(g) does not apply to [an applied technology</u>] compensation for a technical college president.
- (3) [An applied technology] A technical college board of directors may not exercise jurisdiction over career and technical education provided by a school district or charter school or provided by a higher education institution independently of [an applied technology] the

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1733	technical	col	lege.

- (4) If a program advisory committee or other advisory group submits a printed recommendation to [an applied technology] a technical college board of directors, the [applied technology] technical college board of directors shall acknowledge the recommendation with a printed response that explains the [applied technology] technical college board of directors' action regarding the recommendation and the reasons for the action.
  - Section 35. Section **53B-2a-111** is amended to read:

### 53B-2a-111. Board of Trustees -- Consultation with State Board of Regents.

The [Utah College of Applied Technology Board of Trustees] board of trustees shall consult with the State Board of Regents to coordinate the delivery of career and technical education.

Section 36. Section **53B-2a-112** is amended to read:

## 53B-2a-112. Technical colleges -- Relationships with other public and higher education institutions -- Agreements -- Priorities -- New capital facilities.

- (1) As used in this section, "higher education institution" means, for each [applied technology] technical college, the higher education institution designated in Section 53B-2a-108 that has a representative on the [applied technology] technical college's board of directors.
- (2) [An applied technology] A technical college shall avoid any unnecessary duplication of career and technical education instructional facilities, programs, administration, and staff between the [applied technology] technical college and other public and higher education institutions.
  - (3) [An applied technology] A technical college may enter into agreements:
  - (a) with other higher education institutions to cultivate cooperative relationships;
- (b) with other public and higher education institutions to enhance career and technical education within its region; or
  - (c) to comply with Subsection (2).
- (4) Before [an applied technology] a technical college develops new instructional facilities, the [applied technology] technical college shall give priority to:
- 1762 (a) maintaining the [applied technology] technical college's existing instructional facilities for both secondary and adult students;

(b) coordinating with the president of a higher education institution and entering into any necessary agreements to provide career and technical education to both secondary and adult students that:

- (i) maintain and support existing higher education career and technical education programs; and
  - (ii) maximize the use of existing higher education facilities; and

- (c) developing cooperative agreements with school districts, charter schools, other higher education institutions, businesses, industries, and community and private agencies to maximize the availability of career and technical education instructional facilities for both secondary and adult students.
- (5) (a) Before submitting a funding request pertaining to new capital facilities and land purchases to the board of trustees, [an applied technology] a technical college shall:
- (i) ensure that all available instructional facilities are maximized in accordance with Subsections (4)(a) through (c); and
- (ii) coordinate the request with the president of a higher education institution, if applicable.
- (b) The State Building Board shall make a finding that the requirements of this section are met before the State Building Board may consider a funding request from the board of trustees pertaining to new capital facilities and land purchases.
- (c) [An applied technology] A technical college may not construct, approve the construction of, plan for the design or construction of, or consent to the construction of a career and technical education facility without approval of the Legislature.
- (6) Before acquiring new fiscal and administrative support structures, [an applied technology] a technical college shall:
- (a) review the use of existing public or higher education administrative and accounting systems, financial record systems, and student and financial aid systems for the delivery of career and technical education in the region;
  - (b) determine whether it is feasible to use those existing systems; and
- 1792 (c) with the approval of the [applied technology] technical college board of directors and the board of trustees, use those existing systems.
  - Section 37. Section **53B-2a-113** is amended to read:

1795	53B-2a-113. Technical colleges Leasing authority Lease-purchase agreements
1796	Report.
1797	(1) In accordance with Subsection 53B-2a-112(2), [an applied technology] a technical
1798	college may enter into a lease with other higher education institutions, school districts, charter
1799	schools, state agencies, or business and industry for a term of:
1800	(a) one year or less with the approval of the [applied technology] technical college
1801	board of directors; [and] or
1802	(b) more than one year with the approval of the board of trustees and:
1803	(i) the approval of funding for the lease by the Legislature prior to [an applied
1804	technology] a technical college entering into the lease; or
1805	(ii) the lease agreement includes language that allows termination of the lease without
1806	penalty.
1807	(2) (a) In accordance with Subsection 53B-2a-112(2), [an applied technology] a
1808	technical college may enter into a lease-purchase agreement if:
1809	(i) there is a long-term benefit to the state;
1810	(ii) the project is included in both the [applied technology] technical college and Utah
1811	[College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges master plans;
1812	(iii) the lease-purchase agreement includes language that allows termination of the
1813	lease;
1814	(iv) the lease-purchase agreement is approved by the [applied technology] technical
1815	college board of directors and the board of trustees; and
1816	(v) the lease-purchase agreement is:
1817	(A) reviewed by the Division of Facilities Construction and Management;
1818	(B) reviewed by the State Building Board; and
1819	(C) approved by the Legislature.
1820	(b) An approval under Subsection (2)(a) shall include a recognition of:
1821	(i) all parties, dates, and elements of the agreement;
1822	(ii) the equity or collateral component that creates the benefit; and
1823	(iii) the options dealing with the sale and division of equity.
1824	(3) (a) Each [applied technology] technical college shall provide an annual lease report
1825	to the board of trustees that details each of the [applied technology] technical college's leases,

1826	annual costs, location, square footage, and recommendations for lease continuation.
1827	(b) The board of trustees shall compile and distribute an annual combined lease report
1828	for all [applied technology] technical colleges to the Division of Facilities Construction and
1829	Management and to others upon request.
1830	(4) The board of trustees shall use the annual combined lease report in determining
1831	planning, utilization, and budget requests.
1832	Section 38. Section <b>53B-2a-114</b> is amended to read:
1833	53B-2a-114. Educational program on the use of information technology.
1834	(1) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges shall
1835	offer an educational program on the use of information technology as provided in this section.
1836	(2) An educational program on the use of information technology shall:
1837	(a) provide instruction on skills and competencies essential for the workplace and
1838	requested by employers;
1839	(b) include the following components:
1840	(i) a curriculum;
1841	(ii) online access to the curriculum;
1842	(iii) instructional software for classroom and student use;
1843	(iv) certification of skills and competencies most frequently requested by employers;
1844	(v) professional development for faculty; and
1845	(vi) deployment and program support, including integration with existing curriculum
1846	standards; and
1847	(c) be made available to students, faculty, and staff of [the Utah College of Applied
1848	Technology] technical colleges.
1849	Section 39. Section <b>53B-2a-115</b> is enacted to read:
1850	53B-2a-115. Utah System of Technical Colleges Institutional name changes.
1851	(1) Beginning July 1, 2017:
1852	(a) the Utah College of Applied Technology shall be known as the Utah System of
1853	Technical Colleges;
1854	(b) Bridgerland Applied Technology College shall be known as Bridgerland Technical
1855	<u>College;</u>
1856	(c) Ogden-Weber Applied Technology College shall be known as Ogden-Weber

1857	Technical College;
1858	(d) Davis Applied Technology College shall be known as Davis Technical College;
1859	(e) Tooele Applied Technology College shall be known as Tooele Technical College;
1860	(f) Mountainland Applied Technology College shall be known as Mountainland
1861	Technical College;
1862	(g) Uintah Basin Applied Technology College shall be known as Uintah Basin
1863	Technical College;
1864	(h) Southwest Applied Technology College shall be known as Southwest Technical
1865	College; and
1866	(i) Dixie Applied Technology College shall be known as Dixie Technical College.
1867	(2) (a) As described in Subsection (1), the Utah System of Technical Colleges is a
1868	continuation of the Utah College of Applied Technology and each technical college is a
1869	continuation of the applied technology college that preceded the technical college.
1870	(b) An institution described in Subsection (1):
1871	(i) possess all rights, title, privileges, powers, immunities, franchises, endowments,
1872	property, and claims of the institution that preceded the institution; and
1873	(ii) shall fulfill and perform all obligations of the institution that proceeded the
1874	institution, including obligations relating to outstanding bonds and notes.
1875	Section 40. Section <b>53B-3-102</b> is amended to read:
1876	53B-3-102. State institution of higher education defined.
1877	(1) As used in this chapter, "state institution of higher education" means [the
1878	University of Utah, Utah State University, Southern Utah University, Weber State University,
1879	Snow College, Dixie State University, Utah Valley University, Salt Lake Community College,
1880	and] an institution described in Section 53B-2-101 or any other university or college [which
1881	may be] that is established and maintained by the state.
1882	[(2) It includes any]
1883	(2) A state institution of higher education includes:
1884	(a) a branch or affiliated institution [and any]; or
1885	(b) a campus or facilities owned, operated, or controlled by the governing board of the
1886	[university or college] state institution of higher education.
1887	Section 41. Section <b>53B-6-106</b> is amended to read:

1888	53B-6-106. Jobs Now and Economic Development Initiatives.
1889	(1) (a) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board
1890	of Trustees shall develop, establish, and maintain a Jobs Now Initiative, to promote workforce
1891	preparation programs that meet critical needs and shortages throughout the state.
1892	(b) The State Board of Regents shall develop, establish, and maintain economic
1893	development initiatives within the system of higher education.
1894	(2) The initiatives specified in Subsection (1) shall provide support for technical
1895	training expansion that trains skilled potential employees within a period not to exceed 12
1896	months for technical jobs in critical needs occupations and other innovative economic
1897	development policy initiatives.
1898	(3) (a) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an annual
1899	appropriation to the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges to
1900	fund the Jobs Now Initiative established in Subsection (1)(a).
1901	(b) (i) The Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board
1902	of Trustees shall allocate the appropriation for the Jobs Now Initiative to [applied technology
1903	colleges within the Utah College of Applied Technology] technical colleges.
1904	(ii) [An applied technology] A technical college shall use money received under
1905	Subsection (3)(b)(i) for technical training expansion referred to in Subsection (2).
1906	(c) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an annual
1907	appropriation to the State Board of Regents to fund economic development initiatives
1908	established pursuant Subsection (1)(b).
1909	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
1910	(i) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
1911	Trustees shall make rules to implement the Jobs Now Initiative; and
1912	(ii) the board shall make rules to implement economic development initiatives.
1913	Section 42. Section <b>53B-7-101</b> is amended to read:
1914	53B-7-101. Combined requests for appropriations Board review of operating
1915	budgets Submission of budgets Recommendations Hearing request
1916	Appropriation formulas Allocations Dedicated credits Financial affairs.
1917	(1) As used in this section:

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(a) (i) "Higher education institution" or "institution" means an institution of higher

1919	education listed in Section 33B-1-102.
1920	(ii) "Higher education institution" or "institution" does not include:
1921	(A) the Utah [College of Applied Technology.] System of Technical Colleges Board of
1922	Trustees; or
1923	(B) a technical college.
1924	(b) "Research university" means the University of Utah or Utah State University.
1925	(2) (a) The board shall recommend a combined appropriation for the operating budgets
1926	of higher education institutions for inclusion in a state appropriations act.
1927	(b) The board's combined budget recommendation shall include:
1928	(i) employee compensation;
1929	(ii) mandatory costs, including building operations and maintenance, fuel, and power;
1930	[(iii) mission based funding described in Subsection (3);]
1931	[(iv)] (iii) performance funding described in Subsection [(4)] (3);
1932	[(v)] (iv) statewide and institutional priorities, including scholarships, financial aid,
1933	and technology infrastructure; and
1934	[(vi)] (v) unfunded historic growth.
1935	(c) The board's recommendations shall be available for presentation to the governor
1936	and to the Legislature at least 30 days [prior to] before the convening of the Legislature, and
1937	shall include schedules showing the recommended amounts for each institution, including
1938	separately funded programs or divisions.
1939	(d) The recommended appropriations shall be determined by the board only after it has
1940	reviewed the proposed institutional operating budgets, and has consulted with the various
1941	institutions and board staff in order to make appropriate adjustments.
1942	[(3) (a) The board shall establish mission based funding.]
1943	[(b) Mission based funding shall include:]
1944	[(i) enrollment growth; and]
1945	[(ii) up to three strategic priorities.]
1946	[(c) The strategic priorities described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) shall be:]
1947	[(i) approved by the board; and]
1948	[(ii) designed to improve the availability, effectiveness, or quality of higher education
1949	in the state.

1950	[(d) Concurrent with recommending mission based funding, the board shall also
1951	recommend to the Legislature ways to address funding any inequities for institutions as
1952	compared to institutions with similar missions.]
1953	[4) (a) The board shall establish performance funding.
1954	(b) Performance funding shall include metrics approved by the board, including:
1955	(i) degrees and certificates granted;
1956	(ii) services provided to traditionally underserved populations;
1957	(iii) responsiveness to workforce needs;
1958	(iv) institutional efficiency; and
1959	(v) for a research university, graduate research metrics.
1960	(c) The board shall:
1961	(i) award performance funding appropriated by the Legislature to institutions based on
1962	the institution's success in meeting the metrics described in Subsection [ $\frac{(4)}{(3)}$ ] $\frac{(3)}{(b)}$ ; and
1963	(ii) reallocate funding that is not awarded to an institution under Subsection [(4)]
1964	(3)(c)(i) for distribution to other institutions that meet the metrics described in Subsection [(4)]
1965	<u>(3)(b).</u>
1966	[(5)] (4) (a) Institutional operating budgets shall be submitted to the board at least 90
1967	days [prior to] before the convening of the Legislature in accordance with procedures
1968	established by the board.
1969	(b) Funding requests pertaining to capital facilities and land purchases shall be
1970	submitted in accordance with procedures prescribed by the State Building Board.
1971	[(6)] (5) (a) The budget recommendations of the board shall be accompanied by full
1972	explanations and supporting data.
1973	(b) The appropriations recommended by the board shall be made with the dual
1974	objective of:
1975	(i) justifying for higher educational institutions appropriations consistent with their
1976	needs, and consistent with the financial ability of the state; and
1977	(ii) determining an equitable distribution of funds among the respective institutions in
1978	accordance with the aims and objectives of the statewide master plan for higher education.
1979	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> (a) The board shall request a hearing with the governor on the recommended
1980	appropriations.

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(b) After the governor delivers his budget message to the Legislature, the board shall request hearings on the recommended appropriations with the appropriate committees of the Legislature.

- (c) If either the total amount of the state appropriations or its allocation among the institutions as proposed by the Legislature or [its] the Legislature's committees is substantially different from the recommendations of the board, the board may request further hearings with the Legislature or [its] the Legislature's appropriate committees to reconsider both the total amount and the allocation.
- [<del>(8)</del>] (7) The board may devise, establish, periodically review, and revise formulas for [its] the board's use and for the use of the governor and the committees of the Legislature in making appropriation recommendations.
- [(9)] (8) (a) The board shall recommend to each session of the Legislature the minimum tuitions, resident and nonresident, for each institution which it considers necessary to implement the budget recommendations.
- (b) The board may fix the tuition, fees, and charges for each institution at levels [it] the board finds necessary to meet budget requirements.
- [(10)] (9) (a) Money allocated to each institution by legislative appropriation may be budgeted in accordance with institutional work programs approved by the board, provided that the expenditures funded by appropriations for each institution are kept within the appropriations for the applicable period.
- (b) [A] Each year, a president of an institution of higher education shall[: (i)] establish initiatives for the president's institution [each year] of higher education that are[: (A) aligned with the strategic priorities described in Subsection (3); and (B)] consistent with the [institution's] institution of higher education's mission and role[; and].
  - [(ii) allocate the institution's mission based funding to the initiatives.]
- [(11)] (10) The dedicated credits, including revenues derived from tuitions, fees, federal grants, and proceeds from sales received by the institutions of higher education are appropriated to the respective institutions of higher education and used in accordance with institutional work programs.
- [(12)] (11) [Each] An institution of higher education may do [its] the institution's own purchasing, issue [its] the institution's own payrolls, and handle [its] the institution's own

2012 financial affairs under the general supervision of the board.

[<del>13</del>] (12) (a) If the Legislature appropriates money in accordance with this section, [<del>it</del>] the money shall be distributed to the board and higher education institutions to fund the items described in Subsection (2)(b).

- (b) During each general session of the Legislature following a fiscal year in which the Legislature provides an appropriation for [mission based funding or] performance funding, the board and institutions of higher education shall report to the Legislature's Higher Education Appropriations Subcommittee on the use of the previous year's [mission based funding and] performance funding[, including performance outcomes relating to the strategic initiatives approved by the board].
  - Section 43. Section **53B-8-101** is amended to read:

#### 53B-8-101. Waiver of tuition.

- (1) (a) The president of [each institution] an institution of higher education described in Section 53B-2-101 may waive all or part of the tuition in behalf of meritorious or impecunious resident students to an amount not exceeding 10% of the total amount of tuition which, in the absence of the waivers, would have been collected from all Utah resident students at the institution of higher education.
- (b) Two and a half percent of the waivers designated in Subsection (1)(a) shall be set aside for members of the Utah National Guard. Waivers shall be preserved by the student at least 60 days before the beginning of an academic term.
- (2) (a) A president of an institution of higher education listed in Subsections 53B-2-101(1)(a) through (h) may waive all or part of the nonresident portion of tuition for a meritorious nonresident undergraduate student.
- (b) In determining which students are meritorious for purposes of granting a tuition waiver under Subsection (2)(a), a president shall consider students who are performing above the average at the institution of higher education, including having an admissions index higher than the average for the institution, if an admissions index is used.
- (c) A president may continue to waive the nonresident portion of tuition for a student described in Subsection (2)(a) for as long as the student is enrolled at the institution of higher education.
  - (d) In addition to waiving the nonresident portion of tuition for a meritorious

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2043	nonresident student under Subsection (2)(a), a president may waive the resident portion of
2044	tuition after the meritorious nonresident student completes a year of full-time study at the
2045	institution of higher education.
2046	(3) [Upon recommendation of the board, a president shall grant additional full or
2047	partial tuition waivers to] To encourage students to enroll for instruction in occupations critical
2048	to the state for which trained personnel are in short supply[:], a president of an institution of
2049	higher education shall grant additional full or partial tuition waivers upon recommendation of:
2050	(a) the board, for an institution of higher education described in Subsection (1)(a); or
2051	(b) the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees, for a technical college.
2052	(4) A president may waive all or part of the difference between resident and
2053	nonresident tuition in the case of:
2054	(a) meritorious graduate students; or
2055	(b) nonresident summer school students.
2056	(5) (a) The board shall submit an annual budget appropriation [requests] request for
2057	each institution[ <del>, which</del> ] of higher education described in Subsections 53B-2-101(1)(a) through
2058	<u>(h).</u>
2059	(b) The Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall submit an annual
2060	budget appropriation request for each technical college.
2061	(c) A request described in Subsection (5)(a) or (b) shall include requests for funds
2062	sufficient in amount to equal the estimated loss of dedicated credits that would be realized if all
2063	of the tuition waivers authorized by Subsection (2) were granted.
2064	Section 44. Section <b>53B-8d-102</b> is amended to read:
2065	53B-8d-102. Definitions.
2066	As used in this chapter:
2067	(1) "Division" means the Division of Child and Family Services.
2068	(2) "Long-term foster care" means an individual who remains in the custody of the
2069	division, whether or not the individual resides:
2070	(a) with licensed foster parents; or
2071	(b) in independent living arrangements under the supervision of the division.
2072	(3) "State institution of higher education" means:

(a) an institution designated in Section 53B-1-102; [and] or

2074	(b) a public institution that offers postsecondary education in consideration of the
2075	payment of tuition or fees for the attainment of educational or vocational objectives leading to
2076	a degree or certificate, including:
2077	(i) a business school;
2078	(ii) a technical school;
2079	[(iii) an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology;]
2080	[(iv)] (iii) a trade school; or
2081	[(v)] (iv) an institution offering related apprenticeship programs.
2082	(4) "Tuition" means tuition at the rate for residents of the state.
2083	(5) "Ward of the state" means an individual:
2084	(a) who is:
2085	(i) at least 17 years of age; and
2086	(ii) not older than 26 years of age;
2087	(b) who had a permanency goal in the individual's child and family plan, as described
2088	in Sections 62A-4a-205 and 78A-6-314, of long-term foster care while in the custody of the
2089	division; and
2090	(c) for whom the custody of the division was not terminated as a result of adoption.
2091	Section 45. Section <b>53B-16-101</b> is amended to read:
2092	53B-16-101. Establishment of institutional roles and general courses of study.
2093	(1) Except as institutional roles are specifically assigned by the Legislature, the board:
2094	(a) may establish and define the roles of the various institutions of higher education
2095	under [its] the board's control and management; and
2096	(b) shall, within each institution of higher education's primary role, prescribe the
2097	general course of study to be offered at [each] the institution[-] of higher education, including
2098	<u>for:</u>
2099	(i) research universities, which provide undergraduate, graduate, and research programs
2100	and include:
2101	(A) the University of Utah; and
2102	(B) Utah State University;
2103	(ii) regional universities, which provide career and technical education, undergraduate
2104	associate and baccalaureate programs and select master's degree programs to fill regional

2105	demands and include:
2106	(A) Weber State University;
2107	(B) Southern Utah University;
2108	(C) Dixie State University; and
2109	(D) Utah Valley University; and
2110	(iii) comprehensive community colleges, which provide associate programs and
2111	include:
2112	(A) Salt Lake Community College; and
2113	(B) Snow College.
2114	(2) Except for the University of Utah, each institution of higher education described in
2115	Subsection (1)(b) has career and technical education included in the institution of higher
2116	education's primary role.
2117	[(2) In establishing and defining institutional roles, the board shall consider the
2118	traditional roles of the separate institutions.]
2119	Section 46. Section <b>53B-16-102</b> is amended to read:
2120	53B-16-102. Changes in curriculum Substantial alterations in institutional
2121	operations Periodic review of programs Career and technical education curriculum
2122	changes.
2123	(1) As used in this section, "institution of higher education" means the same as that
2124	term is defined in Section 53B-7-101.
2125	[(1)] (2) Under procedures and policies approved by the board and developed in
2126	consultation with each institution of higher education, each institution of higher education may
2127	make such changes in [its] the institution of higher education curriculum as necessary to better
2128	effectuate the [institutional role previously approved by the board] institution of higher
2129	education's primary role.
2130	[(2)] (3) Notice of a change in the curriculum shall in all cases be promptly submitted
2131	to the board.
2132	(4) (a) Without the approval of the board, an institution of higher education may not:
2133	(i) establish a branch, extension center, college, or professional school; or
2134	(ii) outside of the institution of higher education's primary role described in Section
2135	53B-16-101 establish a new program of instruction or research, a new public service, or a new

degree.	diploma.	or	certificate
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- (b) An institution of higher education may, with the approval of the institution of higher education's board of trustees, establish a new program of instruction or research, a new public service, or a new degree, diploma, or certificate that is within the institution of higher education's primary role described in Section 53B-16-101.
- [(3)] (5) The board shall establish procedures and [policies for considering institutional proposals for substantial alterations in the scope of existing institutional operations] guidelines for institutional boards of trustees to consider an institutional proposal for a change described in Subsection (4)(b).
  - [(4) Alterations shall not be made without prior approval of the state board.]
- [(5) For purposes of this section, "substantial alteration" means the establishment of a branch, extension center, college, professional school, division, institute, department, or a new program in instruction, research, or public services or a new degree, diploma, or certificate.]
- (6) The board [shall] may conduct periodic reviews of all programs of instruction, research, and public service at each institution of higher education, including those funded by gifts, grants, and contracts, and may [require] recommend the modification or termination of [any] a program.
- (7) [Prior to requiring] Before recommending modification or termination of a program, the board shall give the institution of higher education adequate opportunity for a hearing before the board.
- (8) In making decisions related to career and technical education curriculum changes, the board shall [request] coordinate on behalf of the boards of trustees of higher education institutions a review of the proposed changes by the State Board of Education and the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees to ensure an orderly and systematic career and technical education curriculum that eliminates overlap and duplication of course work with [the] high schools [and applied technology colleges within the Utah College of Applied Technology] or technical colleges.
  - Section 47. Section **53B-16-103** is amended to read:
- 53B-16-103. Granting of degrees, diplomas, or certification -- Board approval -Termination of previous approval.
  - (1) (a) An institution of higher education may not issue a degree, diploma, or certificate

- outside of the institution of higher education's primary role, as described in Section

  53B-16-101, unless [it first] the institution of higher education receives approval from the
  board of the adequacy of the study for which the degree, diploma, or certificate is offered.
  - (b) A student shall demonstrate a reasonable understanding of the history, principles, form of government, and economic system of the United States [prior to] before receiving a bachelor's degree or teaching credential.
  - (2) Degrees, diplomas, and certificates issued prior to the effective date of this chapter do not require board approval.
  - (3) The board may terminate the granting of previously approved degrees, diplomas, and certificates if they are inconsistent with the <u>primary</u> role prescribed by the board for the affected institution of higher education.
    - Section 48. Section **53B-16-107** is amended to read:

# 53B-16-107. Credit for military service and training -- Notification -- Transferability -- Reporting.

- (1) As used in this section, "credit" includes proof of equivalent noncredit course completion awarded by [the Utah College of Applied Technology] a technical college.
- (2) An institution of higher education listed in Section 53B-2-101 shall provide written notification to each student applying for admission that the student is required to meet with a college counselor in order to receive credit for military service and training as recommended by a postsecondary accreditation agency or association designated by the [State Board of Regents] board or the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees if:
  - (a) credit for military service and training is requested by the student; and
- (b) the student has met with an advisor at an institution of higher education listed in Section 53B-2-101 at which the student intends to enroll to discuss applicability of credit to program requirements, possible financial aid implications, and other factors that may impact attainment of the student's educational goals.
- (3) Upon transfer within the state system of higher education, a student may present a transcript to the receiving institution <u>of higher education</u> for evaluation and to determine the applicability of credit to the student's program of study, and the receiving institution <u>of higher education</u> shall evaluate the credit to be transferred pursuant to Subsection (2).

2198	(4) The [State Board of Regents] board and the Utah [College of Applied Technology]
2199	System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall annually report the number of credits
2200	awarded under this section by each institution of higher education to the Utah Department of
2201	Veterans' Affairs.
2202	Section 49. Section <b>53B-16-201</b> is amended to read:
2203	53B-16-201. Degrees and certificates that may be conferred.
2204	(1) Utah State University, Snow College, and Salt Lake Community College may
2205	confer certificates of completion and degrees [as determined by the State Board of Regents]
2206	within each institution's primary role, as described in Section 53B-16-101.
2207	(2) The board shall develop evaluative criteria as a means of carefully monitoring the
2208	impact of degree programs on the vocational mission of the [colleges] institutions of higher
2209	education described in Subsection (1).
2210	Section 50. Section <b>53B-16-210</b> is amended to read:
2211	53B-16-210. Salt Lake Community College School of Applied Technology
2212	Board of Directors Membership Duties.
2213	(1) Salt Lake Community College's School of Applied Technology shall have a board
2214	of directors composed of the following 14 members:
2215	(a) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
2216	Salt Lake City School District;
2217	(b) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
2218	Granite School District;
2219	(c) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
2220	Canyons School District;
2221	(d) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
2222	Jordan School District;
2223	(e) one elected local school board member appointed by the board of education for the
2224	Murray School District;
2225	(f) one member of the Salt Lake Community College board of trustees, appointed by
2226	the chair of the board of trustees;
2227	(g) one representative of groups who advocate for or provide services to populations of
2228	disadvantaged students, appointed by the president of Salt Lake Community College, in

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Technology facilities under its jurisdiction;

2229	consultation with the School of Applied Technology's Board of Directors; and
2230	(h) seven representatives of business or industry employers within the region,
2231	appointed by the president of Salt Lake Community College, in consultation with the School of
2232	Applied Technology's Board of Directors, from names provided by business and industry
2233	associations representing sectors that employ workers with career and technical education.
2234	(2) The School of Applied Technology's Board of Directors shall:
2235	(a) consult on an ongoing basis with:
2236	(i) Salt Lake Community College;
2237	(ii) school districts and charter schools within its region;
2238	(iii) business and industry;
2239	(iv) craft, trade, and apprenticeship programs;
2240	(v) the Department of Workforce Services;
2241	(vi) the Governor's Office of Economic Development; and
2242	(vii) the Governor's Office of Management and Budget;
2243	(b) prepare a comprehensive strategic plan for delivering career and technical
2244	education within Salt Lake County;
2245	(c) make recommendations regarding what skills are needed for employment in
2246	businesses and industries;
2247	(d) recommend the development of programs based upon the information gathered in
2248	accordance with Subsection (2)(a), including expedited program approval and termination
2249	procedures to meet market needs;
2250	(e) conduct annual program evaluations;
2251	(f) jointly appoint School of Applied Technology program advisory committees and
2252	other School of Applied Technology program advisory groups with the dean of the School of
2253	Applied Technology to provide counsel, support, and recommendations for updating and
2254	improving the effectiveness of noncredit career and technical education programs and services;
2255	(g) coordinate with local school boards, school districts, and charter schools to protect
2256	and enhance the noncredit career and technical education needs of secondary students;
2257	(h) adopt an annual budget and fund balances for the School of Applied Technology;
2258	(i) develop policies and procedures for the operation of the School of Applied

2260 (i) recommend credentials for employees and the assignment of employees to duties in 2261 accordance with: 2262 (i) State Board of Regents and Salt Lake Community College policies: 2263 (ii) the Council on Occupational Education accreditation guidelines; and 2264 (iii) the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities accreditation guidelines; 2265 (k) develop policies and procedures for the admission, classification, instruction, and 2266 examination of students in accordance with the policies and accreditation guidelines of the 2267 Council on Occupational Education, the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities. the State Board of Regents, Salt Lake Community College Board of Trustees, and the State 2268 2269 Board of Education; and 2270 (l) communicate regularly with the president of Salt Lake Community College 2271 regarding career and technical education issues. 2272 (3) If a program advisory committee or other advisory group submits a written 2273 recommendation to the School of Applied Technology's Board of Directors, the board of 2274 directors shall acknowledge the recommendation with a printed response that explains the 2275 board of directors' action regarding the recommendation and the reasons for the action. 2276 (4) (a) If the School of Applied Technology Board of Directors has specific 2277 recommendations to the Salt Lake Community College president, the recommendations shall 2278 be in a written form. 2279 (b) Recommendations described under Subsection (4)(a) may include: 2280 (i) additions, deletions, or expansions of noncredit career and technical education 2281 programs at Salt Lake Community College; 2282 (ii) updates and improvements in the effectiveness of School of Applied Technology 2283 noncredit career and technical education programs and services, including expedited program 2284 approval and termination of procedures, consistent with State Board of Regents policy; 2285 (iii) responsibilities described under Subsection (2); and 2286 (iv) other recommendations relating to the noncredit career and technical education

2288 (c) If the president of Salt Lake Community College rejects a specific recommendation 2289 of the board of directors, the president shall:

mission of Salt Lake Community College.

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(i) notify the board of directors in writing within 10 working days of the rejection and

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2291	the reasons for the rejection; and
2292	(ii) provide the board of directors an opportunity to modify [its] the board of directors'
2293	specific recommendation and resubmit [it] the recommendation to the president.
2294	(5) The president of Salt Lake Community College and the chair of the School of
2295	Applied Technology's Board of Directors shall annually meet with the Utah [College of
2296	Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees to provide:
2297	(a) the information described in Subsection 53B-16-209(4)(g); and
2298	(b) a report on the implementation of specific recommendations described in
2299	Subsection (4).
2300	(6) The Salt Lake Community College School of Applied Technology shall provide
2301	staff support for the School of Applied Technology's Board of Directors.
2302	Section 51. Section <b>53B-16-401</b> is amended to read:
2303	53B-16-401. Definitions.
2304	As used in this part:
2305	(1) "Cooperating employer" means a public or private entity which, as part of a work
2306	experience and career exploration program offered through an institution of higher education,
2307	provides interns with training and work experience in activities related to the entity's ongoing
2308	business activities.
2309	(2) "Institution of higher education" means any component of the state system of higher
2310	education as defined under Section 53B-1-102 [which] that is authorized by the [State Board of
2311	Regents] board or the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees to offer internship
2312	programs, and any private institution of higher education which offers internship programs
2313	under this part.
2314	(3) "Intern" means a student enrolled in a work experience and career exploration
2315	program under Section 53B-16-402 [which] that is sponsored by an institution of higher

- (3) "Intern" means a student enrolled in a work experience and career exploration program under Section 53B-16-402 [which] that is sponsored by an institution of higher education, involving both classroom instruction and work experience with a cooperating employer, for which the student receives no compensation.
- (4) "Internship" means the work experience segment of an intern's work experience and career exploration program sponsored by an institution of higher education, performed under the direct supervision of a cooperating employer.
  - Section 52. Section **53B-17-105** is amended to read:

2322	53B-17-105. Utah Education and Telehealth Network.
2323	(1) There is created the Utah Education and Telehealth Network, or UETN.
2324	(2) UETN shall:
2325	(a) coordinate and support the telecommunications needs of public and higher
2326	education, public libraries, and entities affiliated with the state systems of public and higher
2327	education as approved by the Utah Education and Telehealth Network Board, including the
2328	statewide development and implementation of a network for education, which utilizes satellite
2329	microwave, fiber-optic, broadcast, and other transmission media;
2330	(b) coordinate the various telecommunications technology initiatives of public and
2331	higher education;
2332	(c) provide high-quality, cost-effective Internet access and appropriate interface
2333	equipment for schools and school systems;
2334	(d) procure, install, and maintain telecommunication services and equipment on behalf
2335	of public and higher education;
2336	(e) develop or implement other programs or services for the delivery of distance
2337	learning and telehealth services as directed by law;
2338	(f) apply for state and federal funding on behalf of:
2339	(i) public and higher education; and
2340	(ii) telehealth services;
2341	(g) in consultation with health care providers from a variety of health care systems,
2342	explore and encourage the development of telehealth services as a means of reducing health
2343	care costs and increasing health care quality and access, with emphasis on assisting rural health
2344	care providers and special populations; and
2345	(h) in consultation with the Utah Department of Health, advise the governor and the
2346	Legislature on:
2347	(i) the role of telehealth in the state;
2348	(ii) the policy issues related to telehealth;
2349	(iii) the changing telehealth needs and resources in the state; and
2350	(iv) state budgetary matters related to telehealth.
2351	(3) In performing the duties under Subsection (2), UETN shall:
2352	(a) provide services to schools, school districts, and the public and higher education

2353	systems through an open and competitive bidding process;
2354	(b) work with the private sector to deliver high-quality, cost-effective services;
2355	(c) avoid duplicating facilities, equipment, or services of private providers or public
2356	telecommunications service, as defined under Section 54-8b-2;
2357	(d) utilize statewide economic development criteria in the design and implementation
2358	of the educational telecommunications infrastructure; and
2359	(e) assure that public service entities, such as educators, public service providers, and
2360	public broadcasters, are provided access to the telecommunications infrastructure developed in
2361	the state.
2362	(4) The University of Utah shall provide administrative support for UETN.
2363	(5) (a) The Utah Education and Telehealth Network Board, which is the governing
2364	board for UETN, is created.
2365	(b) The Utah Education and Telehealth Network Board shall have 13 members as
2366	follows:
2367	(i) four members representing the state system of higher education appointed by the
2368	commissioner of higher education;
2369	(ii) four members representing the state system of public education appointed by the
2370	State Board of Education;
2371	(iii) one member representing [applied technology] technical colleges appointed by the
2372	Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges commissioner of
2373	technical education;
2374	(iv) one member representing the state library appointed by the state librarian;
2375	(v) two members representing hospitals as follows:
2376	(A) the members may not be employed by the same hospital system;
2377	(B) one member shall represent a rural hospital;
2378	(C) one member shall represent an urban hospital; and
2379	(D) the chief administrator or the administrator's designee for each hospital licensed in
2380	this state shall select the two hospital representatives; and
2381	(vi) one member representing the office of the governor, appointed by the governor.
2382	(c) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
2383	appointed for the unexpired term.

2384	(d) (1) The board shall elect a chair.
2385	(ii) The chair shall set the agenda for the board meetings.
2386	(6) A member of the board may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's
2387	service, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
2388	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
2389	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
2390	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance pursuant to Sections 63A-3-106 and
2391	63A-3-107.
2392	(7) The board:
2393	(a) shall hire an executive director for UETN who may hire staff for UETN as
2394	permitted by the budget;
2395	(b) may terminate the executive director's employment or assignment;
2396	(c) shall determine the executive director's salary;
2397	(d) shall annually conduct a performance evaluation of the executive director;
2398	(e) shall establish policies the board determines are necessary for the operation of
2399	UETN and the administration of UETN's duties; and
2400	(f) shall advise UETN in:
2401	(i) the development and operation of a coordinated, statewide, multi-option
2402	telecommunications system to assist in the delivery of educational services and telehealth
2403	services throughout the state; and
2404	(ii) acquiring, producing, and distributing instructional content.
2405	(8) The executive director of UETN shall be an at-will employee.
2406	(9) UETN shall locate and maintain educational and telehealth telecommunication
2407	infrastructure throughout the state.
2408	(10) Educational institutions shall manage site operations under policy established by
2409	UETN.
2410	(11) Subject to future budget constraints, the Legislature shall provide an annual
2411	appropriation to operate UETN.
2412	(12) If the network operated by the Department of Technology Services is not
2413	available, UETN may provide network connections to the central administration of counties

and municipalities for the sole purpose of transferring data to a secure facility for backup and

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2415 disaster recovery.

Section 53. Section **53B-21-101** is amended to read:

## 53B-21-101. Financing of projects or buildings -- Issuance of bonds -- Sale price determined by board -- Payment of bonds -- Bonds exempt from income taxation.

- (1) In order to pay all or part of the cost of the acquisition, purchase, construction, improvement, remodeling, addition to, extension, equipment, and furnishing of any project or building, including the acquisition of all necessary land, the board, on behalf of the institution for which this is to be done, may do the following: (a) borrow money on the credit of the income and revenues to be derived from the operation of the building, the imposition of student building fees, land grant interest, and net profits from proprietary activities, or from sources other than by appropriations by the Legislature to issuing institutions and, in anticipation of the collection of this income and revenues, issue negotiable bonds of the institution in an amount as the board determines is necessary for these purposes; and (b) provide for the payment of these bonds and the rights of their holders as provided in this chapter.
- (2) Bonds may: (a) be issued in one or more series; (b) bear any date or dates; (c) mature at any time or times not exceeding 40 years from their date; (d) be in any denominations; (e) be in any form, either coupon or registered; (f) carry registration and conversion privileges; (g) be executed in any manner; (h) be payable in any medium of payment at any place; (i) be subject to any terms of redemption with or without premium; and (j) bear interest at any rate or rates as provided by resolution adopted by the board at or [prior to] before the sale of the bonds.
- (3) The bonds may be sold in a manner, at the lowest obtainable rate or rates of interest, and at a price or prices as determined by the board. These determinations are conclusive.
- (4) The board may authorize one issue of bonds for the acquisition, purchase, construction, improvement, remodeling, adding to, extending, furnishing, or equipping of more than one building, including the acquisition of all necessary land, and may make the bonds payable from the combined revenues of all the buildings as well as from student building fees, land grant interest, net profits from proprietary activities, and from sources other than those derived from appropriations from the Legislature.
  - (5) The bonds issued under this chapter have all of the qualities and incidents of

2446	negotiable paper and are not subject to state or local income taxation.
2447	(6) This section does not apply to a technical college.
2448	Section 54. Section <b>53B-26-102</b> is amended to read:
2449	53B-26-102. Definitions.
2450	As used in this chapter:
2451	[(1) "College of applied technology" means:]
2452	[(a) a college described in Section 53B-2a-105;]
2453	[(b) the School of Applied Technology at Salt Lake Community College established
2454	under Section 53B-16-209;]
2455	[(c) Utah State University Eastern established under Section 53B-18-1201; or]
2456	[(d) the Snow College Richfield campus established under Section 53B-16-205.]
2457	$[\frac{(2)}{(1)}]$ "CTE" means career and technical education.
2458	[(3)] (2) "CTE region" means an economic service area created in Section 35A-2-101.
2459	[ <del>(4)</del> ] <u>(3)</u> "Eligible partnership" means a partnership:
2460	(a) between at least two of the following:
2461	(i) a [college of applied technology] technical college;
2462	(ii) a school district or charter school; or
2463	(iii) an institution of higher education; and
2464	(b) that provides educational services within the same CTE region.
2465	[(5)] (4) "Employer" means a private employer, public employer, industry association,
2466	the military, or a union.
2467	[ <del>(6)</del> ] <u>(5)</u> "Industry advisory group" means:
2468	(a) a group of at least five employers that represent the strategic industry cluster that a
2469	proposal submitted under Section 53B-26-103 is responsive to; and
2470	(b) a representative of the Governor's Office of Economic Development, appointed by
2471	the executive director of the Governor's Office of Economic Development.
2472	[ <del>(7)</del> ] <u>(6)</u> "Institution of higher education" means the University of Utah, Utah State
2473	University, Southern Utah University, Weber State University, Snow College, Dixie State
2474	University, Utah Valley University, [and] or Salt Lake Community College.
2475	[(8)] (7) "Stackable sequence of credentials" means a sequence of credentials that:
2476	(a) an individual can build upon to access an advanced job or higher wage;

24//	(b) is part of a career pathway system,
2478	(c) provides a pathway culminating in the equivalent of an associate's or bachelor's
2479	degree;
2480	(d) facilitates multiple exit and entry points; and
2481	(e) recognizes sub-goals or momentum points.
2482	(8) "Technical college" means:
2483	(a) a college described in Section 53B-2a-105;
2484	(b) the School of Applied Technology at Salt Lake Community College established
2485	under Section 53B-16-209;
2486	(c) Utah State University Eastern established under Section 53B-18-1201; or
2487	(d) the Snow College Richfield campus established under Section 53B-16-205.
2488	Section 55. Section 53B-26-103 is amended to read:
2489	53B-26-103. GOED reporting requirement Proposals Funding.
2490	(1) The Governor's Office of Economic Development shall publish, on a biannual
2491	basis, a report detailing the high demand technical jobs projected to support economic growth
2492	in high need strategic industry clusters, including:
2493	(a) aerospace and defense;
2494	(b) energy and natural resources;
2495	(c) financial services;
2496	(d) life sciences;
2497	(e) outdoor products;
2498	(f) software development and information technology; or
2499	(g) any other strategic industry cluster designated by the Governor's Office of
2500	Economic Development.
2501	(2) To receive funding under this section, an eligible partnership shall submit a
2502	proposal containing the elements described in Subsection (3) to the Legislature:
2503	(a) on or before July 1, 2016, for fiscal year 2017; or
2504	(b) on or before January 5 for fiscal year 2018 and any succeeding fiscal year.
2505	(3) The proposal shall include:
2506	(a) a program of study that:
2507	(i) is responsive to the workforce needs of the CTE region in a high need strategic

2508	industry cluster as identified by the Governor's Office of Economic Development under
2509	Subsection (1);
2510	(ii) leads to the attainment of a stackable sequence of credentials; and
2511	(iii) includes a non-duplicative progression of courses that include both academic and
2512	CTE content;
2513	(b) expected student enrollment, attainment rates, and job placement rates;
2514	(c) evidence of input and support for the proposal from an industry advisory group;
2515	(d) evidence of an official action in support of the proposal from:
2516	(i) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
2517	Trustees, if the eligible partnership includes a technical college [described in Section
2518	<del>53B-2a-105</del> ]; or
2519	(ii) the Board of Regents, if the eligible partnership includes:
2520	(A) an institution of higher education; or
2521	(B) a college described in Subsection $53B-26-102[(1)](8)(b)$ , (c), or (d); and
2522	(e) a funding request, including justification for the request.
2523	(4) The Legislature shall:
2524	(a) review a proposal submitted under this section using the following criteria:
2525	(i) the proposal contains the elements described in Subsection (3);
2526	(ii) support for the proposal is widespread within the CTE region; and
2527	(iii) the proposal expands the capacity to meet regional workforce needs;
2528	(b) determine the extent to which to fund the proposal; and
2529	(c) fund the proposal through the appropriations process.
2530	Section 56. Section <b>58-22-302</b> is amended to read:
2531	58-22-302. Qualifications for licensure.
2532	(1) Each applicant for licensure as a professional engineer shall:
2533	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
2534	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
2535	(c) provide satisfactory evidence of good moral character;
2536	(d) (i) have graduated and received a bachelors or masters degree from an engineering
2537	program meeting criteria established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board; or
2538	(ii) have completed the Transportation Engineering Technology and Fundamental

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(d) (i) have graduated and received an associates, bachelors, or masters degree from a

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2570	land surveying program, or an equivalent land surveying program, such as a program offered by
2571	[the Utah College of Applied Technology] a technical college described in Section
2572	53B-2a-105, as approved by the State Board of Regents, established by rule by the division in
2573	collaboration with the board, and have successfully completed a program of qualifying
2574	experience in land surveying established by rule by the division in collaboration with the board;
2575	or
2576	(ii) have successfully completed a program of qualifying experience in land surveying
2577	prior to January 1, 2007, in accordance with rules established by the division in collaboration
2578	with the board;
2579	(e) have successfully passed examinations established by rule by the division in
2580	collaboration with the board; and
2581	(f) meet with the board or representative of the division upon request for the purpose of
2582	evaluating the applicant's qualification for licensure.
2583	(4) Each applicant for licensure by endorsement shall:
2584	(a) submit an application in a form prescribed by the division;
2585	(b) pay a fee determined by the department under Section 63J-1-504;
2586	(c) provide satisfactory evidence of good moral character;
2587	(d) submit satisfactory evidence of:
2588	(i) current licensure in good standing in a jurisdiction recognized by rule by the
2589	division in collaboration with the board;
2590	(ii) having successfully passed an examination established by rule by the division in
2591	collaboration with the board; and
2592	(iii) full-time employment as a principal for at least five of the last seven years
2593	immediately preceding the date of the application as a:
2594	(A) licensed professional engineer for licensure as a professional engineer;
2595	(B) licensed professional structural engineer for licensure as a structural engineer; or
2596	(C) licensed professional land surveyor for licensure as a professional land surveyor;
2597	and
2598	(e) meet with the board or representative of the division upon request for the purpose
2599	of evaluating the applicant's qualifications for license.
2600	(5) The rules made to implement this section shall be in accordance with Title 63G,

2601	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2602	Section 57. Section 59-12-102 is amended to read:
2603	59-12-102. Definitions.
2604	As used in this chapter:
2605	(1) "800 service" means a telecommunications service that:
2606	(a) allows a caller to dial a toll-free number without incurring a charge for the call; and
2607	(b) is typically marketed:
2608	(i) under the name 800 toll-free calling;
2609	(ii) under the name 855 toll-free calling;
2610	(iii) under the name 866 toll-free calling;
2611	(iv) under the name 877 toll-free calling;
2612	(v) under the name 888 toll-free calling; or
2613	(vi) under a name similar to Subsections (1)(b)(i) through (v) as designated by the
2614	Federal Communications Commission.
2615	(2) (a) "900 service" means an inbound toll telecommunications service that:
2616	(i) a subscriber purchases;
2617	(ii) allows a customer of the subscriber described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) to call in to
2618	the subscriber's:
2619	(A) prerecorded announcement; or
2620	(B) live service; and
2621	(iii) is typically marketed:
2622	(A) under the name 900 service; or
2623	(B) under a name similar to Subsection (2)(a)(iii)(A) as designated by the Federal
2624	Communications Commission.
2625	(b) "900 service" does not include a charge for:
2626	(i) a collection service a seller of a telecommunications service provides to a
2627	subscriber; or
2628	(ii) the following a subscriber sells to the subscriber's customer:
2629	(A) a product; or
2630	(B) a service.
2631	(3) (a) "Admission or user fees" includes season passes.

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               (b) "Admission or user fees" does not include annual membership dues to private
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        organizations.
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               (4) "Agreement" means the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax Agreement adopted on
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        November 12, 2002, including amendments made to the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax
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        Agreement after November 12, 2002.
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               (5) "Agreement combined tax rate" means the sum of the tax rates:
               (a) listed under Subsection (6); and
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2639
               (b) that are imposed within a local taxing jurisdiction.
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               (6) "Agreement sales and use tax" means a tax imposed under:
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               (a) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(a)(i)(A);
2642
               (b) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(b)(i);
2643
               (c) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(c)(i);
2644
               (d) Subsection 59-12-103(2)(d)(i)(A)(I);
2645
               (e) Section 59-12-204;
2646
               (f) Section 59-12-401;
2647
               (g) Section 59-12-402;
2648
               (h) Section 59-12-402.1;
2649
               (i) Section 59-12-703;
2650
               (i) Section 59-12-802;
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               (k) Section 59-12-804;
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               (1) Section 59-12-1102;
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               (m) Section 59-12-1302;
               (n) Section 59-12-1402;
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               (o) Section 59-12-1802;
               (p) Section 59-12-2003;
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               (g) Section 59-12-2103;
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               (r) Section 59-12-2213;
               (s) Section 59-12-2214:
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               (t) Section 59-12-2215;
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               (u) Section 59-12-2216;
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               (v) Section 59-12-2217; or
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2663	(w) Section 59-12-2218.
2664	(7) "Aircraft" is as defined in Section 72-10-102.
2665	(8) "Aircraft maintenance, repair, and overhaul provider" means a business entity:
2666	(a) except for:
2667	(i) an airline as defined in Section 59-2-102; or
2668	(ii) an affiliated group, as defined in Section 59-7-101, except that "affiliated group"
2669	includes a corporation that is qualified to do business but is not otherwise doing business in the
2670	state, of an airline; and
2671	(b) that has the workers, expertise, and facilities to perform the following, regardless of
2672	whether the business entity performs the following in this state:
2673	(i) check, diagnose, overhaul, and repair:
2674	(A) an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
2675	(B) the parts that comprise an onboard system of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
2676	(ii) assemble, change, dismantle, inspect, and test a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft
2677	engine;
2678	(iii) perform at least the following maintenance on a fixed wing turbine powered
2679	aircraft:
2680	(A) an inspection;
2681	(B) a repair, including a structural repair or modification;
2682	(C) changing landing gear; and
2683	(D) addressing issues related to an aging fixed wing turbine powered aircraft;
2684	(iv) completely remove the existing paint of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft and
2685	completely apply new paint to the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft; and
2686	(v) refurbish the interior of a fixed wing turbine powered aircraft in a manner that
2687	results in a change in the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft's certification requirements by the
2688	authority that certifies the fixed wing turbine powered aircraft.
2689	(9) "Alcoholic beverage" means a beverage that:
2690	(a) is suitable for human consumption; and
2691	(b) contains .5% or more alcohol by volume.
2692	(10) "Alternative energy" means:
2693	(a) biomass energy;

2694	(b) geothermal energy;
2695	(c) hydroelectric energy;
2696	(d) solar energy;
2697	(e) wind energy; or
2698	(f) energy that is derived from:
2699	(i) coal-to-liquids;
2700	(ii) nuclear fuel;
2701	(iii) oil-impregnated diatomaceous earth;
2702	(iv) oil sands;
2703	(v) oil shale;
2704	(vi) petroleum coke; or
2705	(vii) waste heat from:
2706	(A) an industrial facility; or
2707	(B) a power station in which an electric generator is driven through a process in which
2708	water is heated, turns into steam, and spins a steam turbine.
2709	(11) (a) Subject to Subsection (11)(b), "alternative energy electricity production
2710	facility" means a facility that:
2711	(i) uses alternative energy to produce electricity; and
2712	(ii) has a production capacity of two megawatts or greater.
2713	(b) A facility is an alternative energy electricity production facility regardless of
2714	whether the facility is:
2715	(i) connected to an electric grid; or
2716	(ii) located on the premises of an electricity consumer.
2717	(12) (a) "Ancillary service" means a service associated with, or incidental to, the
2718	provision of telecommunications service.
2719	(b) "Ancillary service" includes:
2720	(i) a conference bridging service;
2721	(ii) a detailed communications billing service;
2722	(iii) directory assistance;
2723	(iv) a vertical service; or
2724	(v) a voice mail service.

2725 (13) "Area agency on aging" is as defined in Section 62A-3-101. 2726 (14) "Assisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or ride 2727 device that is started and stopped by an individual: 2728 (a) who is not the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate the amusement 2729 device, skill device, or ride device; and 2730 (b) at the direction of the seller of the right to use the amusement device, skill device, 2731 or ride device. 2732 (15) "Assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property" means cleaning or 2733 washing of tangible personal property if the cleaning or washing labor is primarily performed 2734 by an individual: 2735 (a) who is not the purchaser of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal 2736 property; and 2737 (b) at the direction of the seller of the cleaning or washing of the tangible personal 2738 property. 2739 (16) "Authorized carrier" means: 2740 (a) in the case of vehicles operated over public highways, the holder of credentials indicating that the vehicle is or will be operated pursuant to both the International Registration 2741 2742 Plan and the International Fuel Tax Agreement: 2743 (b) in the case of aircraft, the holder of a Federal Aviation Administration operating 2744 certificate or air carrier's operating certificate; or 2745 (c) in the case of locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling 2746 stock, a person who uses locomotives, freight cars, railroad work equipment, or other rolling 2747 stock in more than one state. 2748 (17) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), "biomass energy" means any of the 2749 following that is used as the primary source of energy to produce fuel or electricity: 2750 (i) material from a plant or tree; or 2751 (ii) other organic matter that is available on a renewable basis, including: 2752 (A) slash and brush from forests and woodlands; 2753 (B) animal waste;

(D) methane or synthetic gas produced at a landfill, as a byproduct of the treatment of

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(C) waste vegetable oil;

2756	wastewater residuals, or through the conversion of a waste material through a nonincineration,
2757	thermal conversion process;
2758	(E) aquatic plants; and
2759	(F) agricultural products.
2760	(b) "Biomass energy" does not include:
2761	(i) black liquor; or
2762	(ii) treated woods.
2763	(18) (a) "Bundled transaction" means the sale of two or more items of tangible personal
2764	property, products, or services if the tangible personal property, products, or services are:
2765	(i) distinct and identifiable; and
2766	(ii) sold for one nonitemized price.
2767	(b) "Bundled transaction" does not include:
2768	(i) the sale of tangible personal property if the sales price varies, or is negotiable, on
2769	the basis of the selection by the purchaser of the items of tangible personal property included in
2770	the transaction;
2771	(ii) the sale of real property;
2772	(iii) the sale of services to real property;
2773	(iv) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service if:
2774	(A) the tangible personal property:
2775	(I) is essential to the use of the service; and
2776	(II) is provided exclusively in connection with the service; and
2777	(B) the service is the true object of the transaction;
2778	(v) the retail sale of two services if:
2779	(A) one service is provided that is essential to the use or receipt of a second service;
2780	(B) the first service is provided exclusively in connection with the second service; and
2781	(C) the second service is the true object of the transaction;
2782	(vi) a transaction that includes tangible personal property or a product subject to
2783	taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property or a product that is not subject to
2784	taxation under this chapter if the:
2785	(A) seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product subject to
2786	taxation under this chapter is de minimis; or

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2787	(B) seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation
2788	under this chapter is de minimis; and
2789	(vii) the retail sale of tangible personal property that is not subject to taxation under
2790	this chapter and tangible personal property that is subject to taxation under this chapter if:
2791	(A) that retail sale includes:
2792	(I) food and food ingredients;
2793	(II) a drug;
2794	(III) durable medical equipment;
2795	(IV) mobility enhancing equipment;
2796	(V) an over-the-counter drug;
2797	(VI) a prosthetic device; or
2798	(VII) a medical supply; and
2799	(B) subject to Subsection (18)(f):
2800	(I) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
2801	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price of that retail sale; or
2802	(II) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property subject to taxation under
2803	this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total sales price of that retail sale.
2804	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(a)(i), tangible personal property, a product, or a
2805	service that is distinct and identifiable does not include:
2806	(A) packaging that:
2807	(I) accompanies the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or service; and
2808	(II) is incidental or immaterial to the sale of the tangible personal property, product, or
2809	service;
2810	(B) tangible personal property, a product, or a service provided free of charge with the
2811	purchase of another item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service; or
2812	(C) an item of tangible personal property, a product, or a service included in the
2813	definition of "purchase price."
2814	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(c)(i)(B), an item of tangible personal property, a
2815	product, or a service is provided free of charge with the purchase of another item of tangible
2816	personal property, a product, or a service if the sales price of the purchased item of tangible
2817	personal property, product, or service does not vary depending on the inclusion of the tangible

2818 personal property, product, or service provided free of charge.

- (d) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(a)(ii), property sold for one nonitemized price does not include a price that is separately identified by tangible personal property, product, or service on the following, regardless of whether the following is in paper format or electronic format:
  - (A) a binding sales document; or
- 2824 (B) another supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser.
- 2825 (ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(d)(i), a binding sales document or another supporting sales-related document that is available to a purchaser includes:
- 2827 (A) a bill of sale;
- 2828 (B) a contract;

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- 2829 (C) an invoice;
- 2830 (D) a lease agreement;
- 2831 (E) a periodic notice of rates and services;
- 2832 (F) a price list;
- 2833 (G) a rate card;
- 2834 (H) a receipt; or
- 2835 (I) a service agreement.
- 2836 (e) (i) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), the sales price of tangible personal property or a product subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis if:
  - (A) the seller's purchase price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or less of the seller's total purchase price of the bundled transaction; or
  - (B) the seller's sales price of the tangible personal property or product is 10% or less of the seller's total sales price of the bundled transaction.
    - (ii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), a seller:
  - (A) shall use the seller's purchase price or the seller's sales price to determine if the purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis; and
- 2846 (B) may not use a combination of the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price 2847 to determine if the purchase price or sales price of the tangible personal property or product 2848 subject to taxation under this chapter is de minimis.

2849 (iii) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vi), a seller shall use the full term of a service 2850 contract to determine if the sales price of tangible personal property or a product is de minimis. 2851 (f) For purposes of Subsection (18)(b)(vii)(B), a seller may not use a combination of 2852 the seller's purchase price and the seller's sales price to determine if tangible personal property 2853 subject to taxation under this chapter is 50% or less of the seller's total purchase price or sales 2854 price of that retail sale. 2855 (19) "Certified automated system" means software certified by the governing board of 2856 the agreement that: 2857 (a) calculates the agreement sales and use tax imposed within a local taxing 2858 jurisdiction: 2859 (i) on a transaction; and 2860 (ii) in the states that are members of the agreement; 2861 (b) determines the amount of agreement sales and use tax to remit to a state that is a 2862 member of the agreement; and 2863 (c) maintains a record of the transaction described in Subsection (19)(a)(i). 2864 (20) "Certified service provider" means an agent certified: 2865 (a) by the governing board of the agreement; and 2866 (b) to perform all of a seller's sales and use tax functions for an agreement sales and 2867 use tax other than the seller's obligation under Section 59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's 2868 own purchases. (21) (a) Subject to Subsection (21)(b), "clothing" means all human wearing apparel 2869 2870 suitable for general use. 2871 (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the 2872 commission shall make rules: 2873 (i) listing the items that constitute "clothing"; and 2874 (ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "clothing" under the 2875 agreement. 2876 (22) "Coal-to-liquid" means the process of converting coal into a liquid synthetic fuel.

(23) "Commercial use" means the use of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other

fuels that does not constitute industrial use under Subsection (56) or residential use under

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Subsection (106).

2880	(24) (a) "Common carrier" means a person engaged in or transacting the business of
2881	transporting passengers, freight, merchandise, or other property for hire within this state.
2882	(b) (i) "Common carrier" does not include a person who, at the time the person is
2883	traveling to or from that person's place of employment, transports a passenger to or from the
2884	passenger's place of employment.
2885	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (24)(b)(i), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2886	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission may make rules defining what
2887	constitutes a person's place of employment.
2888	(c) "Common carrier" does not include a person that provides transportation network
2889	services, as defined in Section 13-51-102.
2890	(25) "Component part" includes:
2891	(a) poultry, dairy, and other livestock feed, and their components;
2892	(b) baling ties and twine used in the baling of hay and straw;
2893	(c) fuel used for providing temperature control of orchards and commercial
2894	greenhouses doing a majority of their business in wholesale sales, and for providing power for
2895	off-highway type farm machinery; and
2896	(d) feed, seeds, and seedlings.
2897	(26) "Computer" means an electronic device that accepts information:
2898	(a) (i) in digital form; or
2899	(ii) in a form similar to digital form; and
2900	(b) manipulates that information for a result based on a sequence of instructions.
2901	(27) "Computer software" means a set of coded instructions designed to cause:
2902	(a) a computer to perform a task; or
2903	(b) automatic data processing equipment to perform a task.
2904	(28) "Computer software maintenance contract" means a contract that obligates a seller
2905	of computer software to provide a customer with:
2906	(a) future updates or upgrades to computer software;
2907	(b) support services with respect to computer software; or
2908	(c) a combination of Subsections (28)(a) and (b).
2909	(29) (a) "Conference bridging service" means an ancillary service that links two or
2910	more participants of an audio conference call or video conference call.

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2911	(b) "Conference bridging service" may include providing a telephone number as part of
2912	the ancillary service described in Subsection (29)(a).
2913	(c) "Conference bridging service" does not include a telecommunications service used
2914	to reach the ancillary service described in Subsection (29)(a).
2915	(30) "Construction materials" means any tangible personal property that will be
2916	converted into real property.
2917	(31) "Delivered electronically" means delivered to a purchaser by means other than
2918	tangible storage media.
2919	(32) (a) "Delivery charge" means a charge:
2920	(i) by a seller of:
2921	(A) tangible personal property;
2922	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
2923	(C) services; and
2924	(ii) for preparation and delivery of the tangible personal property, product transferred
2925	electronically, or services described in Subsection (32)(a)(i) to a location designated by the
2926	purchaser.
2927	(b) "Delivery charge" includes a charge for the following:
2928	(i) transportation;
2929	(ii) shipping;
2930	(iii) postage;
2931	(iv) handling;
2932	(v) crating; or
2933	(vi) packing.
2934	(33) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary service of
2935	separately stating information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.
2936	(34) "Dietary supplement" means a product, other than tobacco, that:
2937	(a) is intended to supplement the diet;
2938	(b) contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients:
2939	(i) a vitamin;
2940	(ii) a mineral;
2941	(iii) an herb or other botanical:

2942	(iv) an amino acid;
2943	(v) a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total
2944	dietary intake; or
2945	(vi) a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of any ingredient
2946	described in Subsections (34)(b)(i) through (v);
2947	(c) (i) except as provided in Subsection (34)(c)(ii), is intended for ingestion in:
2948	(A) tablet form;
2949	(B) capsule form;
2950	(C) powder form;
2951	(D) softgel form;
2952	(E) gelcap form; or
2953	(F) liquid form; or
2954	(ii) if the product is not intended for ingestion in a form described in Subsections
2955	(34)(c)(i)(A) through (F), is not represented:
2956	(A) as conventional food; and
2957	(B) for use as a sole item of:
2958	(I) a meal; or
2959	(II) the diet; and
2960	(d) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement:
2961	(i) identifiable by the "Supplemental Facts" box found on the label; and
2962	(ii) as required by 21 C.F.R. Sec. 101.36.
2963	(35) "Digital audio-visual work" means a series of related images which, when shown
2964	in succession, imparts an impression of motion, together with accompanying sounds, if any.
2965	(36) (a) "Digital audio work" means a work that results from the fixation of a series of
2966	musical, spoken, or other sounds.
2967	(b) "Digital audio work" includes a ringtone.
2968	(37) "Digital book" means a work that is generally recognized in the ordinary and usual
2969	sense as a book.
2970	(38) (a) "Direct mail" means printed material delivered or distributed by United States
2971	mail or other delivery service:
2972	(i) to:

29/3	(A) a mass audience, or
2974	(B) addressees on a mailing list provided:
2975	(I) by a purchaser of the mailing list; or
2976	(II) at the discretion of the purchaser of the mailing list; and
2977	(ii) if the cost of the printed material is not billed directly to the recipients.
2978	(b) "Direct mail" includes tangible personal property supplied directly or indirectly by a
2979	purchaser to a seller of direct mail for inclusion in a package containing the printed material.
2980	(c) "Direct mail" does not include multiple items of printed material delivered to a
2981	single address.
2982	(39) "Directory assistance" means an ancillary service of providing:
2983	(a) address information; or
2984	(b) telephone number information.
2985	(40) (a) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" means medical equipment
2986	or supplies that:
2987	(i) cannot withstand repeated use; and
2988	(ii) are purchased by, for, or on behalf of a person other than:
2989	(A) a health care facility as defined in Section 26-21-2;
2990	(B) a health care provider as defined in Section 78B-3-403;
2991	(C) an office of a health care provider described in Subsection (40)(a)(ii)(B); or
2992	(D) a person similar to a person described in Subsections (40)(a)(ii)(A) through (C).
2993	(b) "Disposable home medical equipment or supplies" does not include:
2994	(i) a drug;
2995	(ii) durable medical equipment;
2996	(iii) a hearing aid;
2997	(iv) a hearing aid accessory;
2998	(v) mobility enhancing equipment; or
2999	(vi) tangible personal property used to correct impaired vision, including:
3000	(A) eyeglasses; or
3001	(B) contact lenses.
3002	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3003	commission may by rule define what constitutes medical equipment or supplies.

3004	(41) "Drilling equipment manufacturer" means a facility:
3005	(a) located in the state;
3006	(b) with respect to which 51% or more of the manufacturing activities of the facility
3007	consist of manufacturing component parts of drilling equipment;
3008	(c) that uses pressure of 800,000 or more pounds per square inch as part of the
3009	manufacturing process; and
3010	(d) that uses a temperature of 2,000 or more degrees Fahrenheit as part of the
3011	manufacturing process.
3012	(42) (a) "Drug" means a compound, substance, or preparation, or a component of a
3013	compound, substance, or preparation that is:
3014	(i) recognized in:
3015	(A) the official United States Pharmacopoeia;
3016	(B) the official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States;
3017	(C) the official National Formulary; or
3018	(D) a supplement to a publication listed in Subsections (42)(a)(i)(A) through (C);
3019	(ii) intended for use in the:
3020	(A) diagnosis of disease;
3021	(B) cure of disease;
3022	(C) mitigation of disease;
3023	(D) treatment of disease; or
3024	(E) prevention of disease; or
3025	(iii) intended to affect:
3026	(A) the structure of the body; or
3027	(B) any function of the body.
3028	(b) "Drug" does not include:
3029	(i) food and food ingredients;
3030	(ii) a dietary supplement;
3031	(iii) an alcoholic beverage; or
3032	(iv) a prosthetic device.
3033	(43) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (43)(c), "durable medical equipment" means
3034	equipment that:

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3035	(i) can withstand repeated use;
3036	(ii) is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
3037	(iii) generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury; and
3038	(iv) is not worn in or on the body.
3039	(b) "Durable medical equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of the
3040	equipment described in Subsection (43)(a).
3041	(c) "Durable medical equipment" does not include mobility enhancing equipment.
3042	(44) "Electronic" means:
3043	(a) relating to technology; and
3044	(b) having:
3045	(i) electrical capabilities;
3046	(ii) digital capabilities;
3047	(iii) magnetic capabilities;
3048	(iv) wireless capabilities;
3049	(v) optical capabilities;
3050	(vi) electromagnetic capabilities; or
3051	(vii) capabilities similar to Subsections (44)(b)(i) through (vi).
3052	(45) "Electronic financial payment service" means an establishment:
3053	(a) within NAICS Code 522320, Financial Transactions Processing, Reserve, and
3054	Clearinghouse Activities, of the 2012 North American Industry Classification System of the
3055	federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget; and
3056	(b) that performs electronic financial payment services.
3057	(46) "Employee" is as defined in Section 59-10-401.
3058	(47) "Fixed guideway" means a public transit facility that uses and occupies:
3059	(a) rail for the use of public transit; or
3060	(b) a separate right-of-way for the use of public transit.
3061	(48) "Fixed wing turbine powered aircraft" means an aircraft that:
3062	(a) is powered by turbine engines;
3063	(b) operates on jet fuel; and
3064	(c) has wings that are permanently attached to the fuselage of the aircraft.
3065	(49) "Fixed wireless service" means a telecommunications service that provides radio

3066	communication between fixed points.
3067	(50) (a) "Food and food ingredients" means substances:
3068	(i) regardless of whether the substances are in:
3069	(A) liquid form;
3070	(B) concentrated form;
3071	(C) solid form;
3072	(D) frozen form;
3073	(E) dried form; or
3074	(F) dehydrated form; and
3075	(ii) that are:
3076	(A) sold for:
3077	(I) ingestion by humans; or
3078	(II) chewing by humans; and
3079	(B) consumed for the substance's:
3080	(I) taste; or
3081	(II) nutritional value.
3082	(b) "Food and food ingredients" includes an item described in Subsection (91)(b)(iii).
3083	(c) "Food and food ingredients" does not include:
3084	(i) an alcoholic beverage;
3085	(ii) tobacco; or
3086	(iii) prepared food.
3087	(51) (a) "Fundraising sales" means sales:
3088	(i) (A) made by a school; or
3089	(B) made by a school student;
3090	(ii) that are for the purpose of raising funds for the school to purchase equipment,
3091	materials, or provide transportation; and
3092	(iii) that are part of an officially sanctioned school activity.
3093	(b) For purposes of Subsection (51)(a)(iii), "officially sanctioned school activity"
3094	means a school activity:
3095	(i) that is conducted in accordance with a formal policy adopted by the school or school
3096	district governing the authorization and supervision of fundraising activities;

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3097	(ii) that does not directly or indirectly compensate an individual teacher or other
3098	educational personnel by direct payment, commissions, or payment in kind; and
3099	(iii) the net or gross revenues from which are deposited in a dedicated account
3100	controlled by the school or school district.
3101	(52) "Geothermal energy" means energy contained in heat that continuously flows
3102	outward from the earth that is used as the sole source of energy to produce electricity.
3103	(53) "Governing board of the agreement" means the governing board of the agreement
3104	that is:
3105	(a) authorized to administer the agreement; and
3106	(b) established in accordance with the agreement.
3107	(54) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "governmental entity" means:
3108	(i) the executive branch of the state, including all departments, institutions, boards,
3109	divisions, bureaus, offices, commissions, and committees;
3110	(ii) the judicial branch of the state, including the courts, the Judicial Council, the
3111	Office of the Court Administrator, and similar administrative units in the judicial branch;
3112	(iii) the legislative branch of the state, including the House of Representatives, the
3113	Senate, the Legislative Printing Office, the Office of Legislative Research and General
3114	Counsel, the Office of the Legislative Auditor General, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal
3115	Analyst;
3116	(iv) the National Guard;
3117	(v) an independent entity as defined in Section 63E-1-102; or
3118	(vi) a political subdivision as defined in Section 17B-1-102.
3119	(b) "Governmental entity" does not include the state systems of public and higher
3120	education, including:
3121	[(i) an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology;]
3122	[(ii)] (i) a school;
3123	[(iii)] (ii) the State Board of Education;
3124	[(iv)] (iii) the State Board of Regents; or
3125	[v) an institution of higher education <u>described in Section 53B-1-102</u> .
3126	(55) "Hydroelectric energy" means water used as the sole source of energy to produce
3127	electricity.

3128	(56) "Industrial use" means the use of natural gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or
3129	other fuels:
3130	(a) in mining or extraction of minerals;
3131	(b) in agricultural operations to produce an agricultural product up to the time of
3132	harvest or placing the agricultural product into a storage facility, including:
3133	(i) commercial greenhouses;
3134	(ii) irrigation pumps;
3135	(iii) farm machinery;
3136	(iv) implements of husbandry as defined in Section 41-1a-102 that are not registered
3137	under Title 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration; and
3138	(v) other farming activities;
3139	(c) in manufacturing tangible personal property at an establishment described in SIC
3140	Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification Manual of the federal
3141	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget;
3142	(d) by a scrap recycler if:
3143	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process
3144	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
3145	products:
3146	(A) iron;
3147	(B) steel;
3148	(C) nonferrous metal;
3149	(D) paper;
3150	(E) glass;
3151	(F) plastic;
3152	(G) textile; or
3153	(H) rubber; and
3154	(ii) the new products under Subsection (56)(d)(i) would otherwise be made with
3155	nonrecycled materials; or
3156	(e) in producing a form of energy or steam described in Subsection 54-2-1(2)(a) by a
3157	cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1.
3158	(57) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (57)(b), "installation charge" means a charge

3159	for installing:
3160	(i) tangible personal property; or
3161	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
3162	(b) "Installation charge" does not include a charge for:
3163	(i) repairs or renovations of:
3164	(A) tangible personal property; or
3165	(B) a product transferred electronically; or
3166	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically:
3167	(A) to other tangible personal property; and
3168	(B) as part of a manufacturing or fabrication process.
3169	(58) "Institution of higher education" means an institution of higher education listed in
3170	Section 53B-2-101.
3171	(59) (a) "Lease" or "rental" means a transfer of possession or control of tangible
3172	personal property or a product transferred electronically for:
3173	(i) (A) a fixed term; or
3174	(B) an indeterminate term; and
3175	(ii) consideration.
3176	(b) "Lease" or "rental" includes an agreement covering a motor vehicle and trailer if the
3177	amount of consideration may be increased or decreased by reference to the amount realized
3178	upon sale or disposition of the property as defined in Section 7701(h)(1), Internal Revenue
3179	Code.
3180	(c) "Lease" or "rental" does not include:
3181	(i) a transfer of possession or control of property under a security agreement or
3182	deferred payment plan that requires the transfer of title upon completion of the required
3183	payments;
3184	(ii) a transfer of possession or control of property under an agreement that requires the
3185	transfer of title:
3186	(A) upon completion of required payments; and
3187	(B) if the payment of an option price does not exceed the greater of:
3188	(I) \$100; or
3189	(II) 1% of the total required payments; or

3190	(iii) providing tangible personal property along with an operator for a fixed period of
3191	time or an indeterminate period of time if the operator is necessary for equipment to perform as
3192	designed.
3193	(d) For purposes of Subsection (59)(c)(iii), an operator is necessary for equipment to
3194	perform as designed if the operator's duties exceed the:
3195	(i) set-up of tangible personal property;
3196	(ii) maintenance of tangible personal property; or
3197	(iii) inspection of tangible personal property.
3198	(60) "Life science establishment" means an establishment in this state that is classified
3199	under the following NAICS codes of the 2007 North American Industry Classification System
3200	of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget:
3201	(a) NAICS Code 33911, Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing;
3202	(b) NAICS Code 334510, Electromedical and Electrotherapeutic Apparatus
3203	Manufacturing; or
3204	(c) NAICS Code 334517, Irradiation Apparatus Manufacturing.
3205	(61) "Life science research and development facility" means a facility owned, leased,
3206	or rented by a life science establishment if research and development is performed in 51% or
3207	more of the total area of the facility.
3208	(62) "Load and leave" means delivery to a purchaser by use of a tangible storage media
3209	if the tangible storage media is not physically transferred to the purchaser.
3210	(63) "Local taxing jurisdiction" means a:
3211	(a) county that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax;
3212	(b) city that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax; or
3213	(c) town that is authorized to impose an agreement sales and use tax.
3214	(64) "Manufactured home" is as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
3215	(65) "Manufacturing facility" means:
3216	(a) an establishment described in SIC Codes 2000 to 3999 of the 1987 Standard
3217	Industrial Classification Manual of the federal Executive Office of the President, Office of
3218	Management and Budget;
3219	(b) a scrap recycler if:
3220	(i) from a fixed location, the scrap recycler utilizes machinery or equipment to process

3221	one or more of the following items into prepared grades of processed materials for use in new
3222	products:
3223	(A) iron;
3224	(B) steel;
3225	(C) nonferrous metal;
3226	(D) paper;
3227	(E) glass;
3228	(F) plastic;
3229	(G) textile; or
3230	(H) rubber; and
3231	(ii) the new products under Subsection (65)(b)(i) would otherwise be made with
3232	nonrecycled materials; or
3233	(c) a cogeneration facility as defined in Section 54-2-1 if the cogeneration facility is
3234	placed in service on or after May 1, 2006.
3235	(66) "Member of the immediate family of the producer" means a person who is related
3236	to a producer described in Subsection 59-12-104(20)(a) as a:
3237	(a) child or stepchild, regardless of whether the child or stepchild is:
3238	(i) an adopted child or adopted stepchild; or
3239	(ii) a foster child or foster stepchild;
3240	(b) grandchild or stepgrandchild;
3241	(c) grandparent or stepgrandparent;
3242	(d) nephew or stepnephew;
3243	(e) niece or stepniece;
3244	(f) parent or stepparent;
3245	(g) sibling or stepsibling;
3246	(h) spouse;
3247	(i) person who is the spouse of a person described in Subsections (66)(a) through (g);
3248	or
3249	(j) person similar to a person described in Subsections (66)(a) through (i) as
3250	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3251	Administrative Rulemaking Act.

3252	(6/) "Mobile home" is as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
3253	(68) "Mobile telecommunications service" is as defined in the Mobile
3254	Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
3255	(69) (a) "Mobile wireless service" means a telecommunications service, regardless of
3256	the technology used, if:
3257	(i) the origination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed;
3258	(ii) the termination point of the conveyance, routing, or transmission is not fixed; or
3259	(iii) the origination point described in Subsection (69)(a)(i) and the termination point
3260	described in Subsection (69)(a)(ii) are not fixed.
3261	(b) "Mobile wireless service" includes a telecommunications service that is provided
3262	by a commercial mobile radio service provider.
3263	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3264	commission may by rule define "commercial mobile radio service provider."
3265	(70) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (70)(c), "mobility enhancing equipment"
3266	means equipment that is:
3267	(i) primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one
3268	place to another;
3269	(ii) appropriate for use in a:
3270	(A) home; or
3271	(B) motor vehicle; and
3272	(iii) not generally used by persons with normal mobility.
3273	(b) "Mobility enhancing equipment" includes parts used in the repair or replacement of
3274	the equipment described in Subsection (70)(a).
3275	(c) "Mobility enhancing equipment" does not include:
3276	(i) a motor vehicle;
3277	(ii) equipment on a motor vehicle if that equipment is normally provided by the motor
3278	vehicle manufacturer;
3279	(iii) durable medical equipment; or
3280	(iv) a prosthetic device.
3281	(71) "Model 1 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that has selected a
3282	certified service provider as the seller's agent to perform all of the seller's sales and use tax

3283	functions for agreement sales and use taxes other than the seller's obligation under Section
3284	59-12-124 to remit a tax on the seller's own purchases.
3285	(72) "Model 2 seller" means a seller registered under the agreement that:
3286	(a) except as provided in Subsection (72)(b), has selected a certified automated system
3287	to perform the seller's sales tax functions for agreement sales and use taxes; and
3288	(b) retains responsibility for remitting all of the sales tax:
3289	(i) collected by the seller; and
3290	(ii) to the appropriate local taxing jurisdiction.
3291	(73) (a) Subject to Subsection (73)(b), "model 3 seller" means a seller registered under
3292	the agreement that has:
3293	(i) sales in at least five states that are members of the agreement;
3294	(ii) total annual sales revenues of at least \$500,000,000;
3295	(iii) a proprietary system that calculates the amount of tax:
3296	(A) for an agreement sales and use tax; and
3297	(B) due to each local taxing jurisdiction; and
3298	(iv) entered into a performance agreement with the governing board of the agreement.
3299	(b) For purposes of Subsection (73)(a), "model 3 seller" includes an affiliated group of
3300	sellers using the same proprietary system.
3301	(74) "Model 4 seller" means a seller that is registered under the agreement and is not a
3302	model 1 seller, model 2 seller, or model 3 seller.
3303	(75) "Modular home" means a modular unit as defined in Section 15A-1-302.
3304	(76) "Motor vehicle" is as defined in Section 41-1a-102.
3305	(77) "Oil sands" means impregnated bituminous sands that:
3306	(a) contain a heavy, thick form of petroleum that is released when heated, mixed with
3307	other hydrocarbons, or otherwise treated;
3308	(b) yield mixtures of liquid hydrocarbon; and
3309	(c) require further processing other than mechanical blending before becoming finished
3310	petroleum products.
3311	(78) "Oil shale" means a group of fine black to dark brown shales containing kerogen
3312	material that yields petroleum upon heating and distillation.
3313	(79) "Optional computer software maintenance contract" means a computer software

3314	maintenance contract that a customer is not obligated to purchase as a condition to the retail
3315	sale of computer software.
3316	(80) (a) "Other fuels" means products that burn independently to produce heat or
3317	energy.
3318	(b) "Other fuels" includes oxygen when it is used in the manufacturing of tangible
3319	personal property.
3320	(81) (a) "Paging service" means a telecommunications service that provides
3321	transmission of a coded radio signal for the purpose of activating a specific pager.
3322	(b) For purposes of Subsection (81)(a), the transmission of a coded radio signal
3323	includes a transmission by message or sound.
3324	(82) "Pawnbroker" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
3325	(83) "Pawn transaction" is as defined in Section 13-32a-102.
3326	(84) (a) "Permanently attached to real property" means that for tangible personal
3327	property attached to real property:
3328	(i) the attachment of the tangible personal property to the real property:
3329	(A) is essential to the use of the tangible personal property; and
3330	(B) suggests that the tangible personal property will remain attached to the real
3331	property in the same place over the useful life of the tangible personal property; or
3332	(ii) if the tangible personal property is detached from the real property, the detachment
3333	would:
3334	(A) cause substantial damage to the tangible personal property; or
3335	(B) require substantial alteration or repair of the real property to which the tangible
3336	personal property is attached.
3337	(b) "Permanently attached to real property" includes:
3338	(i) the attachment of an accessory to the tangible personal property if the accessory is:
3339	(A) essential to the operation of the tangible personal property; and
3340	(B) attached only to facilitate the operation of the tangible personal property;
3341	(ii) a temporary detachment of tangible personal property from real property for a
3342	repair or renovation if the repair or renovation is performed where the tangible personal
3343	property and real property are located; or
3344	(iii) property attached to oil, gas, or water pipelines, except for the property listed in

3345	Subsection (84)(c)(iii) or (iv).
3346	(c) "Permanently attached to real property" does not include:
3347	(i) the attachment of portable or movable tangible personal property to real property if
3348	that portable or movable tangible personal property is attached to real property only for:
3349	(A) convenience;
3350	(B) stability; or
3351	(C) for an obvious temporary purpose;
3352	(ii) the detachment of tangible personal property from real property except for the
3353	detachment described in Subsection (84)(b)(ii);
3354	(iii) an attachment of the following tangible personal property to real property if the
3355	attachment to real property is only through a line that supplies water, electricity, gas,
3356	telecommunications, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the commission by rule
3357	made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act:
3358	(A) a computer;
3359	(B) a telephone;
3360	(C) a television; or
3361	(D) tangible personal property similar to Subsections (84)(c)(iii)(A) through (C) as
3362	determined by the commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
3363	Administrative Rulemaking Act; or
3364	(iv) an item listed in Subsection (125)(c).
3365	(85) "Person" includes any individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association,
3366	corporation, estate, trust, business trust, receiver, syndicate, this state, any county, city,
3367	municipality, district, or other local governmental entity of the state, or any group or
3368	combination acting as a unit.
3369	(86) "Place of primary use":
3370	(a) for telecommunications service other than mobile telecommunications service,
3371	means the street address representative of where the customer's use of the telecommunications
3372	service primarily occurs, which shall be:
3373	(i) the residential street address of the customer; or
3374	(ii) the primary business street address of the customer; or
3375	(b) for mobile telecommunications service is as defined in the Mobile

33/0	refeconfinding ations sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 124.
3377	(87) (a) "Postpaid calling service" means a telecommunications service a person
3378	obtains by making a payment on a call-by-call basis:
3379	(i) through the use of a:
3380	(A) bank card;
3381	(B) credit card;
3382	(C) debit card; or
3383	(D) travel card; or
3384	(ii) by a charge made to a telephone number that is not associated with the origination
3385	or termination of the telecommunications service.
3386	(b) "Postpaid calling service" includes a service, except for a prepaid wireless calling
3387	service, that would be a prepaid wireless calling service if the service were exclusively a
3388	telecommunications service.
3389	(88) "Postproduction" means an activity related to the finishing or duplication of a
3390	medium described in Subsection 59-12-104(54)(a).
3391	(89) "Prepaid calling service" means a telecommunications service:
3392	(a) that allows a purchaser access to telecommunications service that is exclusively
3393	telecommunications service;
3394	(b) that:
3395	(i) is paid for in advance; and
3396	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
3397	(A) access number; or
3398	(B) authorization code;
3399	(c) that is dialed:
3400	(i) manually; or
3401	(ii) electronically; and
3402	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
3403	(i) by a known amount; and
3404	(ii) with use.
3405	(90) "Prepaid wireless calling service" means a telecommunications service:
3406	(a) that provides the right to utilize:

3407	(i) mobile wireless service; and
3408	(ii) other service that is not a telecommunications service, including:
3409	(A) the download of a product transferred electronically;
3410	(B) a content service; or
3410	
	(C) an ancillary service;
3412	(b) that:
3413	(i) is paid for in advance; and
3414	(ii) enables the origination of a call using an:
3415	(A) access number; or
3416	(B) authorization code;
3417	(c) that is dialed:
3418	(i) manually; or
3419	(ii) electronically; and
3420	(d) sold in predetermined units or dollars that decline:
3421	(i) by a known amount; and
3422	(ii) with use.
3423	(91) (a) "Prepared food" means:
3424	(i) food:
3425	(A) sold in a heated state; or
3426	(B) heated by a seller;
3427	(ii) two or more food ingredients mixed or combined by the seller for sale as a single
3428	item; or
3429	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (91)(c), food sold with an eating utensil provided
3430	by the seller, including a:
3431	(A) plate;
3432	(B) knife;
3433	(C) fork;
3434	(D) spoon;
3435	(E) glass;
3436	(F) cup;
3437	(G) napkin; or

3438	(H) straw.
3439	(b) "Prepared food" does not include:
3440	(i) food that a seller only:
3441	(A) cuts;
3442	(B) repackages; or
3443	(C) pasteurizes; or
3444	(ii) (A) the following:
3445	(I) raw egg;
3446	(II) raw fish;
3447	(III) raw meat;
3448	(IV) raw poultry; or
3449	(V) a food containing an item described in Subsections (91)(b)(ii)(A)(I) through (IV);
3450	and
3451	(B) if the Food and Drug Administration recommends in Chapter 3, Part 401.11 of the
3452	Food and Drug Administration's Food Code that a consumer cook the items described in
3453	Subsection (91)(b)(ii)(A) to prevent food borne illness; or
3454	(iii) the following if sold without eating utensils provided by the seller:
3455	(A) food and food ingredients sold by a seller if the seller's proper primary
3456	classification under the 2002 North American Industry Classification System of the federal
3457	Executive Office of the President, Office of Management and Budget, is manufacturing in
3458	Sector 311, Food Manufacturing, except for Subsector 3118, Bakeries and Tortilla
3459	Manufacturing;
3460	(B) food and food ingredients sold in an unheated state:
3461	(I) by weight or volume; and
3462	(II) as a single item; or
3463	(C) a bakery item, including:
3464	(I) a bagel;
3465	(II) a bar;
3466	(III) a biscuit;
3467	(IV) bread;
3468	(V) a bun;

3469	(VI) a cake;
3470	(VII) a cookie;
3471	(VIII) a croissant;
3472	(IX) a danish;
3473	(X) a donut;
3474	(XI) a muffin;
3475	(XII) a pastry;
3476	(XIII) a pie;
3477	(XIV) a roll;
3478	(XV) a tart;
3479	(XVI) a torte; or
3480	(XVII) a tortilla.
3481	(c) An eating utensil provided by the seller does not include the following used to
3482	transport the food:
3483	(i) a container; or
3484	(ii) packaging.
3485	(92) "Prescription" means an order, formula, or recipe that is issued:
3486	(a) (i) orally;
3487	(ii) in writing;
3488	(iii) electronically; or
3489	(iv) by any other manner of transmission; and
3490	(b) by a licensed practitioner authorized by the laws of a state.
3491	(93) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (93)(b)(ii) or (iii), "prewritten computer
3492	software" means computer software that is not designed and developed:
3493	(i) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
3494	(ii) to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
3495	(b) "Prewritten computer software" includes:
3496	(i) a prewritten upgrade to computer software if the prewritten upgrade to the computer
3497	software is not designed and developed:
3498	(A) by the author or other creator of the computer software; and
3499	(B) to the specifications of a specific purchaser;

3500	(ii) computer software designed and developed by the author or other creator of the
3501	computer software to the specifications of a specific purchaser if the computer software is sold
3502	to a person other than the purchaser; or
3503	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (93)(c), prewritten computer software or a
3504	prewritten portion of prewritten computer software:
3505	(A) that is modified or enhanced to any degree; and
3506	(B) if the modification or enhancement described in Subsection (93)(b)(iii)(A) is
3507	designed and developed to the specifications of a specific purchaser.
3508	(c) "Prewritten computer software" does not include a modification or enhancement
3509	described in Subsection (93)(b)(iii) if the charges for the modification or enhancement are:
3510	(i) reasonable; and
3511	(ii) subject to Subsections 59-12-103(2)(e)(ii) and (2)(f)(i), separately stated on the
3512	invoice or other statement of price provided to the purchaser at the time of sale or later, as
3513	demonstrated by:
3514	(A) the books and records the seller keeps at the time of the transaction in the regular
3515	course of business, including books and records the seller keeps at the time of the transaction in
3516	the regular course of business for nontax purposes;
3517	(B) a preponderance of the facts and circumstances at the time of the transaction; and
3518	(C) the understanding of all of the parties to the transaction.
3519	(94) (a) "Private communications service" means a telecommunications service:
3520	(i) that entitles a customer to exclusive or priority use of one or more communications
3521	channels between or among termination points; and
3522	(ii) regardless of the manner in which the one or more communications channels are
3523	connected.
3524	(b) "Private communications service" includes the following provided in connection
3525	with the use of one or more communications channels:
3526	(i) an extension line;
3527	(ii) a station;
3528	(iii) switching capacity; or
3529	(iv) another associated service that is provided in connection with the use of one or
3530	more communications channels as defined in Section 59-12-215

3531	(95) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (95)(b), "product transferred electronically"
3532	means a product transferred electronically that would be subject to a tax under this chapter if
3533	that product was transferred in a manner other than electronically.
3534	(b) "Product transferred electronically" does not include:
3535	(i) an ancillary service;
3536	(ii) computer software; or
3537	(iii) a telecommunications service.
3538	(96) (a) "Prosthetic device" means a device that is worn on or in the body to:
3539	(i) artificially replace a missing portion of the body;
3540	(ii) prevent or correct a physical deformity or physical malfunction; or
3541	(iii) support a weak or deformed portion of the body.
3542	(b) "Prosthetic device" includes:
3543	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovation of a prosthetic device;
3544	(ii) replacement parts for a prosthetic device;
3545	(iii) a dental prosthesis; or
3546	(iv) a hearing aid.
3547	(c) "Prosthetic device" does not include:
3548	(i) corrective eyeglasses; or
3549	(ii) contact lenses.
3550	(97) (a) "Protective equipment" means an item:
3551	(i) for human wear; and
3552	(ii) that is:
3553	(A) designed as protection:
3554	(I) to the wearer against injury or disease; or
3555	(II) against damage or injury of other persons or property; and
3556	(B) not suitable for general use.
3557	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3558	commission shall make rules:
3559	(i) listing the items that constitute "protective equipment"; and
3560	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "protective equipment"
3561	under the agreement.

3562	(98) (a) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(41), "publication" means any written or
3563	printed matter, other than a photocopy:
3564	(i) regardless of:
3565	(A) characteristics;
3566	(B) copyright;
3567	(C) form;
3568	(D) format;
3569	(E) method of reproduction; or
3570	(F) source; and
3571	(ii) made available in printed or electronic format.
3572	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3573	commission may by rule define the term "photocopy."
3574	(99) (a) "Purchase price" and "sales price" mean the total amount of consideration:
3575	(i) valued in money; and
3576	(ii) for which tangible personal property, a product transferred electronically, or
3577	services are:
3578	(A) sold;
3579	(B) leased; or
3580	(C) rented.
3581	(b) "Purchase price" and "sales price" include:
3582	(i) the seller's cost of the tangible personal property, a product transferred
3583	electronically, or services sold;
3584	(ii) expenses of the seller, including:
3585	(A) the cost of materials used;
3586	(B) a labor cost;
3587	(C) a service cost;
3588	(D) interest;
3589	(E) a loss;
3590	(F) the cost of transportation to the seller; or
3591	(G) a tax imposed on the seller;
3592	(iii) a charge by the seller for any service necessary to complete the sale; or

3593	(iv) consideration a seller receives from a person other than the purchaser if:
3594	(A) (I) the seller actually receives consideration from a person other than the purchaser;
3595	and
3596	(II) the consideration described in Subsection (99)(b)(iv)(A)(I) is directly related to a
3597	price reduction or discount on the sale;
3598	(B) the seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to the
3599	purchaser;
3600	(C) the amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable by
3601	the seller at the time of the sale to the purchaser; and
3602	(D) (I) (Aa) the purchaser presents a certificate, coupon, or other documentation to the
3603	seller to claim a price reduction or discount; and
3604	(Bb) a person other than the seller authorizes, distributes, or grants the certificate,
3605	coupon, or other documentation with the understanding that the person other than the seller
3606	will reimburse any seller to whom the certificate, coupon, or other documentation is presented;
3607	(II) the purchaser identifies that purchaser to the seller as a member of a group or
3608	organization allowed a price reduction or discount, except that a preferred customer card that is
3609	available to any patron of a seller does not constitute membership in a group or organization
3610	allowed a price reduction or discount; or
3611	(III) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third party price reduction or
3612	discount on the:
3613	(Aa) invoice the purchaser receives; or
3614	(Bb) certificate, coupon, or other documentation the purchaser presents.
3615	(c) "Purchase price" and "sales price" do not include:
3616	(i) a discount:
3617	(A) in a form including:
3618	(I) cash;
3619	(II) term; or
3620	(III) coupon;
3621	(B) that is allowed by a seller;
3622	(C) taken by a purchaser on a sale; and
3623	(D) that is not reimbursed by a third party; or

3624	(11) subject to Subsections $59-12-103(2)(e)(11)$ and $(2)(1)(1)$ , the following if separately
3625	stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser at the time of
3626	sale or later, as demonstrated by the books and records the seller keeps at the time of the
3627	transaction in the regular course of business, including books and records the seller keeps at the
3628	time of the transaction in the regular course of business for nontax purposes, by a
3629	preponderance of the facts and circumstances at the time of the transaction, and by the
3630	understanding of all of the parties to the transaction:
3631	(A) the following from credit extended on the sale of tangible personal property or
3632	services:
3633	(I) a carrying charge;
3634	(II) a financing charge; or
3635	(III) an interest charge;
3636	(B) a delivery charge;
3637	(C) an installation charge;
3638	(D) a manufacturer rebate on a motor vehicle; or
3639	(E) a tax or fee legally imposed directly on the consumer.
3640	(100) "Purchaser" means a person to whom:
3641	(a) a sale of tangible personal property is made;
3642	(b) a product is transferred electronically; or
3643	(c) a service is furnished.
3644	(101) "Qualifying enterprise data center" means an establishment that will:
3645	(a) own and operate a data center facility that will house a group of networked server
3646	computers in one physical location in order to centralize the dissemination, management, and
3647	storage of data and information;
3648	(b) be located in the state;
3649	(c) be a new operation constructed on or after July 1, 2016;
3650	(d) consist of one or more buildings that total 150,000 or more square feet;
3651	(e) be owned or leased by:
3652	(i) the establishment; or
3653	(ii) a person under common ownership, as defined in Section 59-7-101, of the
3654	establishment; and

3655	(f) be located on one or more parcels of land that are owned or leased by:
3656	(i) the establishment; or
3657	(ii) a person under common ownership, as defined in Section 59-7-101, of the
3658	establishment.
3659	(102) "Regularly rented" means:
3660	(a) rented to a guest for value three or more times during a calendar year; or
3661	(b) advertised or held out to the public as a place that is regularly rented to guests for
3662	value.
3663	(103) "Rental" is as defined in Subsection (59).
3664	(104) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (104)(b), "repairs or renovations of tangible
3665	personal property" means:
3666	(i) a repair or renovation of tangible personal property that is not permanently attached
3667	to real property; or
3668	(ii) attaching tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically to other
3669	tangible personal property or detaching tangible personal property or a product transferred
3670	electronically from other tangible personal property if:
3671	(A) the other tangible personal property to which the tangible personal property or
3672	product transferred electronically is attached or from which the tangible personal property or
3673	product transferred electronically is detached is not permanently attached to real property; and
3674	(B) the attachment of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically
3675	to other tangible personal property or detachment of tangible personal property or a product
3676	transferred electronically from other tangible personal property is made in conjunction with a
3677	repair or replacement of tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically.
3678	(b) "Repairs or renovations of tangible personal property" does not include:
3679	(i) attaching prewritten computer software to other tangible personal property if the
3680	other tangible personal property to which the prewritten computer software is attached is not
3681	permanently attached to real property; or
3682	(ii) detaching prewritten computer software from other tangible personal property if the
3683	other tangible personal property from which the prewritten computer software is detached is
3684	not permanently attached to real property.
3685	(105) "Research and development" means the process of inquiry or experimentation

3686	aimed at the discovery of facts, devices, technologies, or applications and the process of
3687	preparing those devices, technologies, or applications for marketing.
3688	(106) (a) "Residential telecommunications services" means a telecommunications
3689	service or an ancillary service that is provided to an individual for personal use:
3690	(i) at a residential address; or
3691	(ii) at an institution, including a nursing home or a school, if the telecommunications
3692	service or ancillary service is provided to and paid for by the individual residing at the
3693	institution rather than the institution.
3694	(b) For purposes of Subsection (106)(a)(i), a residential address includes an:
3695	(i) apartment; or
3696	(ii) other individual dwelling unit.
3697	(107) "Residential use" means the use in or around a home, apartment building,
3698	sleeping quarters, and similar facilities or accommodations.
3699	(108) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means a sale, lease, or rental for a purpose other
3700	than:
3701	(a) resale;
3702	(b) sublease; or
3703	(c) subrent.
3704	(109) (a) "Retailer" means any person engaged in a regularly organized business in
3705	tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), and
3706	who is selling to the user or consumer and not for resale.
3707	(b) "Retailer" includes commission merchants, auctioneers, and any person regularly
3708	engaged in the business of selling to users or consumers within the state.
3709	(110) (a) "Sale" means any transfer of title, exchange, or barter, conditional or
3710	otherwise, in any manner, of tangible personal property or any other taxable transaction under
3711	Subsection 59-12-103(1), for consideration.
3712	(b) "Sale" includes:
3713	(i) installment and credit sales;
3714	(ii) any closed transaction constituting a sale;
3715	(iii) any sale of electrical energy, gas, services, or entertainment taxable under this

3716

chapter;

3717	(iv) any transaction if the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the
3718	title as security for the payment of the price; and
3719	(v) any transaction under which right to possession, operation, or use of any article of
3720	tangible personal property is granted under a lease or contract and the transfer of possession
3721	would be taxable if an outright sale were made.
3722	(111) "Sale at retail" is as defined in Subsection (108).
3723	(112) "Sale-leaseback transaction" means a transaction by which title to tangible
3724	personal property or a product transferred electronically that is subject to a tax under this
3725	chapter is transferred:
3726	(a) by a purchaser-lessee;
3727	(b) to a lessor;
3728	(c) for consideration; and
3729	(d) if:
3730	(i) the purchaser-lessee paid sales and use tax on the purchaser-lessee's initial purchase
3731	of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically;
3732	(ii) the sale of the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically to the
3733	lessor is intended as a form of financing:
3734	(A) for the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically; and
3735	(B) to the purchaser-lessee; and
3736	(iii) in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the purchaser-lessee
3737	is required to:
3738	(A) capitalize the tangible personal property or product transferred electronically for
3739	financial reporting purposes; and
3740	(B) account for the lease payments as payments made under a financing arrangement.
3741	(113) "Sales price" is as defined in Subsection (99).
3742	(114) (a) "Sales relating to schools" means the following sales by, amounts paid to, or
3743	amounts charged by a school:
3744	(i) sales that are directly related to the school's educational functions or activities
3745	including:
3746	(A) the sale of:
3747	(I) textbooks;

3748	(II) textbook fees;
3749	(III) laboratory fees;
3750	(IV) laboratory supplies; or
3751	(V) safety equipment;
3752	(B) the sale of a uniform, protective equipment, or sports or recreational equipment
3753	that:
3754	(I) a student is specifically required to wear as a condition of participation in a
3755	school-related event or school-related activity; and
3756	(II) is not readily adaptable to general or continued usage to the extent that it takes the
3757	place of ordinary clothing;
3758	(C) sales of the following if the net or gross revenues generated by the sales are
3759	deposited into a school district fund or school fund dedicated to school meals:
3760	(I) food and food ingredients; or
3761	(II) prepared food; or
3762	(D) transportation charges for official school activities; or
3763	(ii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
3764	event or school-related activity.
3765	(b) "Sales relating to schools" does not include:
3766	(i) bookstore sales of items that are not educational materials or supplies;
3767	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (114)(a)(i)(B):
3768	(A) clothing;
3769	(B) clothing accessories or equipment;
3770	(C) protective equipment; or
3771	(D) sports or recreational equipment; or
3772	(iii) amounts paid to or amounts charged by a school for admission to a school-related
3773	event or school-related activity if the amounts paid or charged are passed through to a person:
3774	(A) other than a:
3775	(I) school;
3776	(II) nonprofit organization authorized by a school board or a governing body of a
3777	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; or
3778	(III) nonprofit association authorized by a school board or a governing body of a

3779	private school to organize and direct a competitive secondary school activity; and
3780	(B) that is required to collect sales and use taxes under this chapter.
3781	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3782	commission may make rules defining the term "passed through."
3783	(115) For purposes of this section and Section 59-12-104, "school":
3784	(a) means:
3785	(i) an elementary school or a secondary school that:
3786	(A) is a:
3787	(I) public school; or
3788	(II) private school; and
3789	(B) provides instruction for one or more grades kindergarten through 12; or
3790	(ii) a public school district; and
3791	(b) includes the Electronic High School as defined in Section 53A-15-1002.
3792	(116) "Seller" means a person that makes a sale, lease, or rental of:
3793	(a) tangible personal property;
3794	(b) a product transferred electronically; or
3795	(c) a service.
3796	(117) (a) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
3797	means tangible personal property or a product transferred electronically if the tangible personal
3798	1 44 6 1 1 4 1 11 1
	property or product transferred electronically is:
3799	(i) used primarily in the process of:
3799 3800	
	(i) used primarily in the process of:
3800	<ul><li>(i) used primarily in the process of:</li><li>(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;</li></ul>
3800 3801	<ul><li>(i) used primarily in the process of:</li><li>(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;</li><li>(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or</li></ul>
3800 3801 3802	<ul> <li>(i) used primarily in the process of:</li> <li>(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;</li> <li>(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or</li> <li>(III) research or development of a:</li> </ul>
3800 3801 3802 3803	<ul> <li>(i) used primarily in the process of:</li> <li>(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;</li> <li>(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or</li> <li>(III) research or development of a:</li> <li>(Aa) semiconductor; or</li> </ul>
3800 3801 3802 3803 3804	<ul> <li>(i) used primarily in the process of:</li> <li>(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;</li> <li>(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or</li> <li>(III) research or development of a:</li> <li>(Aa) semiconductor; or</li> <li>(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or</li> </ul>
3800 3801 3802 3803 3804 3805	<ul> <li>(i) used primarily in the process of:</li> <li>(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;</li> <li>(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or</li> <li>(III) research or development of a:</li> <li>(Aa) semiconductor; or</li> <li>(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or</li> <li>(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or</li> </ul>
3800 3801 3802 3803 3804 3805 3806	<ul> <li>(i) used primarily in the process of:</li> <li>(A) (I) manufacturing a semiconductor;</li> <li>(II) fabricating a semiconductor; or</li> <li>(III) research or development of a:</li> <li>(Aa) semiconductor; or</li> <li>(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or</li> <li>(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor; or</li> <li>(ii) consumed primarily in the process of:</li> </ul>

3810	(Aa) semiconductor; or
3811	(Bb) semiconductor manufacturing process; or
3812	(B) maintaining an environment suitable for a semiconductor.
3813	(b) "Semiconductor fabricating, processing, research, or development materials"
3814	includes:
3815	(i) parts used in the repairs or renovations of tangible personal property or a product
3816	transferred electronically described in Subsection (117)(a); or
3817	(ii) a chemical, catalyst, or other material used to:
3818	(A) produce or induce in a semiconductor a:
3819	(I) chemical change; or
3820	(II) physical change;
3821	(B) remove impurities from a semiconductor; or
3822	(C) improve the marketable condition of a semiconductor.
3823	(118) "Senior citizen center" means a facility having the primary purpose of providing
3824	services to the aged as defined in Section 62A-3-101.
3825	(119) (a) Subject to Subsections (119)(b) and (c), "short-term lodging consumable"
3826	means tangible personal property that:
3827	(i) a business that provides accommodations and services described in Subsection
3828	59-12-103(1)(i) purchases as part of a transaction to provide the accommodations and services
3829	to a purchaser;
3830	(ii) is intended to be consumed by the purchaser; and
3831	(iii) is:
3832	(A) included in the purchase price of the accommodations and services; and
3833	(B) not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or other similar document provided
3834	to the purchaser.
3835	(b) "Short-term lodging consumable" includes:
3836	(i) a beverage;
3837	(ii) a brush or comb;
3838	(iii) a cosmetic;
3839	(iv) a hair care product;
3840	(v) lotion;

3841	(vi) a magazine;
3842	(vii) makeup;
3843	(viii) a meal;
3844	(ix) mouthwash;
3845	(x) nail polish remover;
3846	(xi) a newspaper;
3847	(xii) a notepad;
3848	(xiii) a pen;
3849	(xiv) a pencil;
3850	(xv) a razor;
3851	(xvi) saline solution;
3852	(xvii) a sewing kit;
3853	(xviii) shaving cream;
3854	(xix) a shoe shine kit;
3855	(xx) a shower cap;
3856	(xxi) a snack item;
3857	(xxii) soap;
3858	(xxiii) toilet paper;
3859	(xxiv) a toothbrush;
3860	(xxv) toothpaste; or
3861	(xxvi) an item similar to Subsections (119)(b)(i) through (xxv) as the commission may
3862	provide by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3863	Rulemaking Act.
3864	(c) "Short-term lodging consumable" does not include:
3865	(i) tangible personal property that is cleaned or washed to allow the tangible personal
3866	property to be reused; or
3867	(ii) a product transferred electronically.
3868	(120) "Simplified electronic return" means the electronic return:
3869	(a) described in Section 318(C) of the agreement; and
3870	(b) approved by the governing board of the agreement.
3871	(121) "Solar energy" means the sun used as the sole source of energy for producing

38/2	electricity.
3873	(122) (a) "Sports or recreational equipment" means an item:
3874	(i) designed for human use; and
3875	(ii) that is:
3876	(A) worn in conjunction with:
3877	(I) an athletic activity; or
3878	(II) a recreational activity; and
3879	(B) not suitable for general use.
3880	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3881	commission shall make rules:
3882	(i) listing the items that constitute "sports or recreational equipment"; and
3883	(ii) that are consistent with the list of items that constitute "sports or recreational
3884	equipment" under the agreement.
3885	(123) "State" means the state of Utah, its departments, and agencies.
3886	(124) "Storage" means any keeping or retention of tangible personal property or any
3887	other taxable transaction under Subsection 59-12-103(1), in this state for any purpose except
3888	sale in the regular course of business.
3889	(125) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (125)(d) or (e), "tangible personal property"
3890	means personal property that:
3891	(i) may be:
3892	(A) seen;
3893	(B) weighed;
3894	(C) measured;
3895	(D) felt; or
3896	(E) touched; or
3897	(ii) is in any manner perceptible to the senses.
3898	(b) "Tangible personal property" includes:
3899	(i) electricity;
3900	(ii) water;
3901	(iii) gas;
3902	(iv) steam; or

3903	(v) prewritten computer software, regardless of the manner in which the prewritten
3904	computer software is transferred.
3905	(c) "Tangible personal property" includes the following regardless of whether the item
3906	is attached to real property:
3907	(i) a dishwasher;
3908	(ii) a dryer;
3909	(iii) a freezer;
3910	(iv) a microwave;
3911	(v) a refrigerator;
3912	(vi) a stove;
3913	(vii) a washer; or
3914	(viii) an item similar to Subsections (125)(c)(i) through (vii) as determined by the
3915	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3916	Rulemaking Act.
3917	(d) "Tangible personal property" does not include a product that is transferred
3918	electronically.
3919	(e) "Tangible personal property" does not include the following if attached to real
3920	property, regardless of whether the attachment to real property is only through a line that
3921	supplies water, electricity, gas, telephone, cable, or supplies a similar item as determined by the
3922	commission by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
3923	Rulemaking Act:
3924	(i) a hot water heater;
3925	(ii) a water filtration system; or
3926	(iii) a water softener system.
3927	(126) (a) "Telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or
3928	software" means an item listed in Subsection (126)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
3929	primarily to enable or facilitate one or more of the following to function:
3930	(i) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
3931	(ii) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
3932	(b) The following apply to Subsection (126)(a):
3933	(i) a pole;

3934	(ii) software;
3935	(iii) a supplementary power supply;
3936	(iv) temperature or environmental equipment or machinery;
3937	(v) test equipment;
3938	(vi) a tower; or
3939	(vii) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
3940	Subsections (126)(b)(i) through (vi) as determined by the commission by rule made in
3941	accordance with Subsection (126)(c).
3942	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
3943	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
3944	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (126)(b)(i) through (vi).
3945	(127) "Telecommunications equipment, machinery, or software required for 911
3946	service" means equipment, machinery, or software that is required to comply with 47 C.F.R.
3947	Sec. 20.18.
3948	(128) "Telecommunications maintenance or repair equipment, machinery, or software"
3949	means equipment, machinery, or software purchased or leased primarily to maintain or repair
3950	one or more of the following, regardless of whether the equipment, machinery, or software is
3951	purchased or leased as a spare part or as an upgrade or modification to one or more of the
3952	following:
3953	(a) telecommunications enabling or facilitating equipment, machinery, or software;
3954	(b) telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or software; or
3955	(c) telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software.
3956	(129) (a) "Telecommunications service" means the electronic conveyance, routing, or
3957	transmission of audio, data, video, voice, or any other information or signal to a point, or
3958	among or between points.
3959	(b) "Telecommunications service" includes:
3960	(i) an electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission with respect to which a computer
3961	processing application is used to act:
3962	(A) on the code, form, or protocol of the content;
3963	(B) for the purpose of electronic conveyance, routing, or transmission; and
3964	(C) regardless of whether the service:

3965	(I) is referred to as voice over Internet protocol service; or
3966	(II) is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value
3967	added;
3968	(ii) an 800 service;
3969	(iii) a 900 service;
3970	(iv) a fixed wireless service;
3971	(v) a mobile wireless service;
3972	(vi) a postpaid calling service;
3973	(vii) a prepaid calling service;
3974	(viii) a prepaid wireless calling service; or
3975	(ix) a private communications service.
3976	(c) "Telecommunications service" does not include:
3977	(i) advertising, including directory advertising;
3978	(ii) an ancillary service;
3979	(iii) a billing and collection service provided to a third party;
3980	(iv) a data processing and information service if:
3981	(A) the data processing and information service allows data to be:
3982	(I) (Aa) acquired;
3983	(Bb) generated;
3984	(Cc) processed;
3985	(Dd) retrieved; or
3986	(Ee) stored; and
3987	(II) delivered by an electronic transmission to a purchaser; and
3988	(B) the purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the processed data
3989	or information;
3990	(v) installation or maintenance of the following on a customer's premises:
3991	(A) equipment; or
3992	(B) wiring;
3993	(vi) Internet access service;
3994	(vii) a paging service;
3995	(viii) a product transferred electronically, including:

3996	(A) music;
3997	(B) reading material;
3998	(C) a ring tone;
3999	(D) software; or
4000	(E) video;
4001	(ix) a radio and television audio and video programming service:
4002	(A) regardless of the medium; and
4003	(B) including:
4004	(I) furnishing conveyance, routing, or transmission of a television audio and video
4005	programming service by a programming service provider;
4006	(II) cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. Sec. 522(6); or
4007	(III) audio and video programming services delivered by a commercial mobile radio
4008	service provider as defined in 47 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3;
4009	(x) a value-added nonvoice data service; or
4010	(xi) tangible personal property.
4011	(130) (a) "Telecommunications service provider" means a person that:
4012	(i) owns, controls, operates, or manages a telecommunications service; and
4013	(ii) engages in an activity described in Subsection (130)(a)(i) for the shared use with or
4014	resale to any person of the telecommunications service.
4015	(b) A person described in Subsection (130)(a) is a telecommunications service provider
4016	whether or not the Public Service Commission of Utah regulates:
4017	(i) that person; or
4018	(ii) the telecommunications service that the person owns, controls, operates, or
4019	manages.
4020	(131) (a) "Telecommunications switching or routing equipment, machinery, or
4021	software" means an item listed in Subsection (131)(b) if that item is purchased or leased
4022	primarily for switching or routing:
4023	(i) an ancillary service;
4024	(ii) data communications;
4025	(iii) voice communications; or
4026	(iv) telecommunications service.

4027	(b) The following apply to Subsection (131)(a):
4028	(i) a bridge;
4029	(ii) a computer;
4030	(iii) a cross connect;
4031	(iv) a modem;
4032	(v) a multiplexer;
4033	(vi) plug in circuitry;
4034	(vii) a router;
4035	(viii) software;
4036	(ix) a switch; or
4037	(x) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
4038	Subsections (131)(b)(i) through (ix) as determined by the commission by rule made in
4039	accordance with Subsection (131)(c).
4040	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4041	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
4042	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (131)(b)(i) through (ix).
4043	(132) (a) "Telecommunications transmission equipment, machinery, or software"
4044	means an item listed in Subsection (132)(b) if that item is purchased or leased primarily for
4045	sending, receiving, or transporting:
4046	(i) an ancillary service;
4047	(ii) data communications;
4048	(iii) voice communications; or
4049	(iv) telecommunications service.
4050	(b) The following apply to Subsection (132)(a):
4051	(i) an amplifier;
4052	(ii) a cable;
4053	(iii) a closure;
4054	(iv) a conduit;
4055	(v) a controller;
4056	(vi) a duplexer;
4057	(vii) a filter;

4058	(viii) an input device;
4059	(ix) an input/output device;
4060	(x) an insulator;
4061	(xi) microwave machinery or equipment;
4062	(xii) an oscillator;
4063	(xiii) an output device;
4064	(xiv) a pedestal;
4065	(xv) a power converter;
4066	(xvi) a power supply;
4067	(xvii) a radio channel;
4068	(xviii) a radio receiver;
4069	(xix) a radio transmitter;
4070	(xx) a repeater;
4071	(xxi) software;
4072	(xxii) a terminal;
4073	(xxiii) a timing unit;
4074	(xxiv) a transformer;
4075	(xxv) a wire; or
4076	(xxvi) equipment, machinery, or software that functions similarly to an item listed in
4077	Subsections (132)(b)(i) through (xxv) as determined by the commission by rule made in
4078	accordance with Subsection (132)(c).
4079	(c) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
4080	commission may by rule define what constitutes equipment, machinery, or software that
4081	functions similarly to an item listed in Subsections (132)(b)(i) through (xxv).
4082	(133) (a) "Textbook for a higher education course" means a textbook or other printed
4083	material that is required for a course:
4084	(i) offered by an institution of higher education; and
4085	(ii) that the purchaser of the textbook or other printed material attends or will attend.
4086	(b) "Textbook for a higher education course" includes a textbook in electronic format.
4087	(134) "Tobacco" means:
4088	(a) a cigarette;

4089 (b) a cigar; 4090 (c) chewing tobacco; 4091 (d) pipe tobacco; or 4092 (e) any other item that contains tobacco. 4093 (135) "Unassisted amusement device" means an amusement device, skill device, or 4094 ride device that is started and stopped by the purchaser or renter of the right to use or operate 4095 the amusement device, skill device, or ride device. 4096 (136) (a) "Use" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal 4097 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service under Subsection 59-12-103(1), 4098 incident to the ownership or the leasing of that tangible personal property, product transferred 4099 electronically, or service. 4100 (b) "Use" does not include the sale, display, demonstration, or trial of tangible personal 4101 property, a product transferred electronically, or a service in the regular course of business and 4102 held for resale. 4103 (137) "Value-added nonvoice data service" means a service: 4104 (a) that otherwise meets the definition of a telecommunications service except that a 4105 computer processing application is used to act primarily for a purpose other than conveyance, 4106 routing, or transmission; and 4107 (b) with respect to which a computer processing application is used to act on data or 4108 information: 4109 (i) code; 4110 (ii) content; 4111 (iii) form; or 4112 (iv) protocol. 4113 (138) (a) Subject to Subsection (138)(b), "vehicle" means the following that are 4114 required to be titled, registered, or titled and registered: 4115 (i) an aircraft as defined in Section 72-10-102; 4116 (ii) a vehicle as defined in Section 41-1a-102; 4117 (iii) an off-highway vehicle as defined in Section 41-22-2; or 4118 (iv) a vessel as defined in Section 41-1a-102. 4119 (b) For purposes of Subsection 59-12-104(33) only, "vehicle" includes:

4120	(i) a vehicle described in Subsection (138)(a); or
4121	(ii) (A) a locomotive;
4122	(B) a freight car;
4123	(C) railroad work equipment; or
4124	(D) other railroad rolling stock.
4125	(139) "Vehicle dealer" means a person engaged in the business of buying, selling, or
4126	exchanging a vehicle as defined in Subsection (138).
4127	(140) (a) "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that:
4128	(i) is offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services; and
4129	(ii) offers an advanced calling feature that allows a customer to:
4130	(A) identify a caller; and
4131	(B) manage multiple calls and call connections.
4132	(b) "Vertical service" includes an ancillary service that allows a customer to manage a
4133	conference bridging service.
4134	(141) (a) "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that enables a customer to
4135	receive, send, or store a recorded message.
4136	(b) "Voice mail service" does not include a vertical service that a customer is required
4137	to have in order to utilize a voice mail service.
4138	(142) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (142)(b), "waste energy facility" means a
4139	facility that generates electricity:
4140	(i) using as the primary source of energy waste materials that would be placed in a
4141	landfill or refuse pit if it were not used to generate electricity, including:
4142	(A) tires;
4143	(B) waste coal;
4144	(C) oil shale; or
4145	(D) municipal solid waste; and
4146	(ii) in amounts greater than actually required for the operation of the facility.
4147	(b) "Waste energy facility" does not include a facility that incinerates:
4148	(i) hospital waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c; or
4149	(ii) medical/infectious waste as defined in 40 C.F.R. 60.51c.
4150	(143) "Watercraft" means a vessel as defined in Section 73-18-2.

4131	(144) Wind energy means wind used as the sole source of energy to produce
4152	electricity.
4153	(145) "ZIP Code" means a Zoning Improvement Plan Code assigned to a geographic
4154	location by the United States Postal Service.
4155	Section 58. Section <b>59-12-702</b> is amended to read:
4156	59-12-702. Definitions.
4157	As used in this part:
4158	(1) "Administrative unit" means a division of a private nonprofit organization or
4159	institution that:
4160	(a) would, if it were a separate entity, be a botanical organization or cultural
4161	organization; and
4162	(b) consistently maintains books and records separate from those of its parent
4163	organization.
4164	(2) "Aquarium" means a park or building where a collection of water animals and
4165	plants is kept for study, conservation, and public exhibition.
4166	(3) "Aviary" means a park or building where a collection of birds is kept for study,
4167	conservation, and public exhibition.
4168	(4) "Botanical organization" means:
4169	(a) a private nonprofit organization or institution having as its primary purpose the
4170	advancement and preservation of plant science through horticultural display, botanical
4171	research, and community education; or
4172	(b) an administrative unit.
4173	(5) "Cultural facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-12-602.
4174	(6) (a) "Cultural organization":
4175	(i) means:
4176	(A) a private nonprofit organization or institution having as its primary purpose the
4177	advancement and preservation of:
4178	(I) natural history;
4179	(II) art;
4180	(III) music;
4181	(IV) theater;

4182	(V) dance; or
4183	(VI) cultural arts, including literature, a motion picture, or storytelling;
4184	(B) an administrative unit; and
4185	(ii) includes, for purposes of Subsections 59-12-704(1)(d) and (6) only:
4186	(A) a private nonprofit organization or institution having as its primary purpose the
4187	advancement and preservation of history; or
4188	(B) a municipal or county cultural council having as its primary purpose the
4189	advancement and preservation of:
4190	(I) history;
4191	(II) natural history;
4192	(III) art;
4193	(IV) music;
4194	(V) theater; or
4195	(VI) dance.
4196	(b) "Cultural organization" does not include:
4197	(i) an agency of the state;
4198	(ii) except as provided in Subsection (6)(a)(ii)(B), a political subdivision of the state;
4199	(iii) an educational institution whose annual revenues are directly derived more than
4200	50% from state funds; or
4201	(iv) in a county of the first or second class, a radio or television broadcasting network
4202	or station, cable communications system, newspaper, or magazine.
4203	(7) "Institution" means an institution of higher education listed in [Subsections]
4204	Subsection 53B-1-102(1)[ $\frac{(b) \text{ through } (k)}{(a)}$ .
4205	(8) "Recreational facility" means a publicly owned or operated park, campground,
4206	marina, dock, golf course, playground, athletic field, gymnasium, swimming pool, trail system,
4207	or other facility used for recreational purposes.
4208	(9) "Rural radio station" means a nonprofit radio station based in a county of the third,
4209	fourth, fifth, or sixth class.
4210	(10) In a county of the first class, "zoological facility" means a public, public-private
4211	partnership, or private nonprofit building, exhibit, utility and infrastructure, walkway, pathway,
4212	roadway, office, administration facility, public service facility, educational facility, enclosure,

4213	public viewing area, animal barrier, animal housing, animal care facility, and veterinary and
4214	hospital facility related to the advancement, exhibition, or preservation of a mammal, bird,
4215	reptile, fish, or an amphibian.
4216	(11) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (11)(a)(ii), "zoological organization"
4217	means a public, public-private partnership, or private nonprofit organization having as its
4218	primary purpose the advancement and preservation of zoology.
4219	(ii) In a county of the first class, "zoological organization" means a nonprofit
4220	organization having as its primary purpose the advancement and exhibition of a mammal, bird,
4221	reptile, fish, or an amphibian to an audience of 75,000 or more persons annually.
4222	(b) "Zoological organization" does not include an agency of the state, educational
4223	institution, radio or television broadcasting network or station, cable communications system,
4224	newspaper, or magazine.
4225	(12) "Zoological park" means a park or garden where a collection of wild animals is
4226	kept for study, conservation, and public exhibition.
4227	Section 59. Section <b>63A-2-402</b> is amended to read:
4228	63A-2-402. State surplus property program Participation by institutions of
4229	higher education.
4230	[The] (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), the State Board of Regents shall:
4231	[(1)] (a) implement a policy requiring each institution of higher education to submit to
4232	the division a listing of surplus property available for sale outside the institution, at least 15
4233	days prior to the intended sale date;
4234	[(2)] (b) supervise and assist compliance by the institutions of higher education with
4235	the requirement of this part; and
4236	[(3)] (c) encourage institutions of higher education to acquire federal surplus property
4237	from the division to reduce expenditures.
4238	(2) The Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of Trustees shall conduct the
4239	activities described in Subsection (1) for a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105.
4240	Section 60. Section <b>63A-9-101</b> is amended to read:
4241	63A-9-101. Definitions.
4242	(1) (a) "Agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
4243	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,

- 4244 unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state. 4245 (b) "Agency" includes the State Board of Education, an applied technology college 4246 within the Utah College of Applied Technology, the board of regents, the institutional councils 4247 of each higher education institution, and each higher education institution described in Section 4248 53B-1-102. 4249 (c) "Agency" includes the legislative and judicial branches. (2) "Committee" means the Motor Vehicle Review Committee created by this chapter. 4250 4251 (3) "Director" means the director of the division. (4) "Division" means the Division of Fleet Operations created by this chapter. 4252 4253 (5) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of 4254 Administrative Services. 4255 (6) "Local agency" means: 4256 (a) a county; 4257 (b) a municipality; 4258 (c) a school district; 4259 (d) a local district; 4260 (e) a special service district; 4261 (f) an interlocal entity as defined under Section 11-13-103; or 4262 (g) any other political subdivision of the state, including a local commission, board, or 4263 other governmental entity that is vested with the authority to make decisions regarding the 4264 public's business. 4265 (7) (a) "Motor vehicle" means a self-propelled vehicle capable of carrying passengers. (b) "Motor vehicle" includes vehicles used for construction and other nontransportation 4266 4267 purposes. 4268 (8) "State vehicle" means each motor vehicle owned, operated, or in the possession of 4269 an agency. Section 61. Section 63F-2-102 is amended to read: 4270 4271 63F-2-102. Data Security Management Council -- Membership -- Duties. 4272 (1) There is created the Data Security Management Council composed of nine
  - (a) the chief information officer appointed under Section 63F-1-201, or the chief

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members as follows:

4275	information officer's designee;
4276	(b) one individual appointed by the governor;
4277	(c) one individual appointed by the speaker of the House of Representatives and the
4278	president of the Senate from the Legislative Information Technology Steering Committee; and
4279	(d) the highest ranking information technology official, or the highest ranking
4280	information technology official's designee, from each of:
4281	(i) the Judicial Council;
4282	(ii) the State Board of Regents;
4283	(iii) the State Board of Education;
4284	(iv) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges Board of
4285	<u>Trustees</u> ;
4286	(v) the State Tax Commission; and
4287	(vi) the Office of the Attorney General.
4288	(2) The council shall elect a chair of the council by majority vote.
4289	(3) (a) A majority of the members of the council constitutes a quorum.
4290	(b) Action by a majority of a quorum of the council constitutes an action of the council.
4291	(4) The Department of Technology Services shall provide staff to the council.
4292	(5) The council shall meet monthly, or as often as necessary, to:
4293	(a) review existing state government data security policies;
4294	(b) assess ongoing risks to state government information technology;
4295	(c) create a method to notify state and local government entities of new risks;
4296	(d) coordinate data breach simulation exercises with state and local government
4297	entities; and
4298	(e) develop data security best practice recommendations for state government that
4299	include recommendations regarding:
4300	(i) hiring and training a chief information security officer for each government entity;
4301	(ii) continuous risk monitoring;
4302	(iii) password management;
4303	(iv) using the latest technology to identify and respond to vulnerabilities;
4304	(v) protecting data in new and old systems; and
4305	(vi) best procurement practices.

4306	(6) A member who is not a member of the Legislature may not receive compensation
4307	or benefits for the member's service but may receive per diem and travel expenses as provided
4308	in:
4309	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
4310	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
4311	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
4312	Section 62. Section 63G-2-305 is amended to read:
4313	63G-2-305. Protected records.
4314	The following records are protected if properly classified by a governmental entity:
4315	(1) trade secrets as defined in Section 13-24-2 if the person submitting the trade secret
4316	has provided the governmental entity with the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
4317	(2) commercial information or nonindividual financial information obtained from a
4318	person if:
4319	(a) disclosure of the information could reasonably be expected to result in unfair
4320	competitive injury to the person submitting the information or would impair the ability of the
4321	governmental entity to obtain necessary information in the future;
4322	(b) the person submitting the information has a greater interest in prohibiting access
4323	than the public in obtaining access; and
4324	(c) the person submitting the information has provided the governmental entity with
4325	the information specified in Section 63G-2-309;
4326	(3) commercial or financial information acquired or prepared by a governmental entity
4327	to the extent that disclosure would lead to financial speculations in currencies, securities, or
4328	commodities that will interfere with a planned transaction by the governmental entity or cause
4329	substantial financial injury to the governmental entity or state economy;
4330	(4) records, the disclosure of which could cause commercial injury to, or confer a
4331	competitive advantage upon a potential or actual competitor of, a commercial project entity as
4332	defined in Subsection 11-13-103(4);
4333	(5) test questions and answers to be used in future license, certification, registration,
4334	employment, or academic examinations;

(6) records, the disclosure of which would impair governmental procurement

proceedings or give an unfair advantage to any person proposing to enter into a contract or

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of the property; or

4337	agreement with a governmental entity, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this
4338	Subsection (6) does not restrict the right of a person to have access to, after the contract or
4339	grant has been awarded and signed by all parties, a bid, proposal, application, or other
4340	information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to:
4341	(a) an invitation for bids;
4342	(b) a request for proposals;
4343	(c) a request for quotes;
4344	(d) a grant; or
4345	(e) other similar document;
4346	(7) information submitted to or by a governmental entity in response to a request for
4347	information, except, subject to Subsections (1) and (2), that this Subsection (7) does not restrict
4348	the right of a person to have access to the information, after:
4349	(a) a contract directly relating to the subject of the request for information has been
4350	awarded and signed by all parties; or
4351	(b) (i) a final determination is made not to enter into a contract that relates to the
4352	subject of the request for information; and
4353	(ii) at least two years have passed after the day on which the request for information is
4354	issued;
4355	(8) records that would identify real property or the appraisal or estimated value of real
4356	or personal property, including intellectual property, under consideration for public acquisition
4357	before any rights to the property are acquired unless:
4358	(a) public interest in obtaining access to the information is greater than or equal to the
4359	governmental entity's need to acquire the property on the best terms possible;
4360	(b) the information has already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a
4361	duty of confidentiality to the entity;
4362	(c) in the case of records that would identify property, potential sellers of the described
4363	property have already learned of the governmental entity's plans to acquire the property;
4364	(d) in the case of records that would identify the appraisal or estimated value of
4365	property, the potential sellers have already learned of the governmental entity's estimated value

(e) the property under consideration for public acquisition is a single family residence

and the governmental entity seeking to acquire the property has initiated negotiations to acquire the property as required under Section 78B-6-505;

- (9) records prepared in contemplation of sale, exchange, lease, rental, or other compensated transaction of real or personal property including intellectual property, which, if disclosed prior to completion of the transaction, would reveal the appraisal or estimated value of the subject property, unless:
- (a) the public interest in access is greater than or equal to the interests in restricting access, including the governmental entity's interest in maximizing the financial benefit of the transaction; or
- (b) when prepared by or on behalf of a governmental entity, appraisals or estimates of the value of the subject property have already been disclosed to persons not employed by or under a duty of confidentiality to the entity;
- (10) records created or maintained for civil, criminal, or administrative enforcement purposes or audit purposes, or for discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes, if release of the records:
- (a) reasonably could be expected to interfere with investigations undertaken for enforcement, discipline, licensing, certification, or registration purposes;
- (b) reasonably could be expected to interfere with audits, disciplinary, or enforcement proceedings;
- (c) would create a danger of depriving a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial hearing;
- (d) reasonably could be expected to disclose the identity of a source who is not generally known outside of government and, in the case of a record compiled in the course of an investigation, disclose information furnished by a source not generally known outside of government if disclosure would compromise the source; or
- (e) reasonably could be expected to disclose investigative or audit techniques, procedures, policies, or orders not generally known outside of government if disclosure would interfere with enforcement or audit efforts;
- (11) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the life or safety of an individual;
- 4398 (12) records the disclosure of which would jeopardize the security of governmental

property, governmental programs, or governmental recordkeeping systems from damage, theft, or other appropriation or use contrary to law or public policy;

- (13) records that, if disclosed, would jeopardize the security or safety of a correctional facility, or records relating to incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole, that would interfere with the control and supervision of an offender's incarceration, treatment, probation, or parole;
- (14) records that, if disclosed, would reveal recommendations made to the Board of Pardons and Parole by an employee of or contractor for the Department of Corrections, the Board of Pardons and Parole, or the Department of Human Services that are based on the employee's or contractor's supervision, diagnosis, or treatment of any person within the board's jurisdiction;
- (15) records and audit workpapers that identify audit, collection, and operational procedures and methods used by the State Tax Commission, if disclosure would interfere with audits or collections;
- (16) records of a governmental audit agency relating to an ongoing or planned audit until the final audit is released;
  - (17) records that are subject to the attorney client privilege;
- (18) records prepared for or by an attorney, consultant, surety, indemnitor, insurer, employee, or agent of a governmental entity for, or in anticipation of, litigation or a judicial, quasi-judicial, or administrative proceeding;
- (19) (a) (i) personal files of a state legislator, including personal correspondence to or from a member of the Legislature; and
- (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(a)(i), correspondence that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section; and
- (b) (i) an internal communication that is part of the deliberative process in connection with the preparation of legislation between:
  - (A) members of a legislative body;

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- (B) a member of a legislative body and a member of the legislative body's staff; or
- (C) members of a legislative body's staff; and
- 4427 (ii) notwithstanding Subsection (19)(b)(i), a communication that gives notice of legislative action or policy may not be classified as protected under this section;
- 4429 (20) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Research and

4430 General Counsel, that, if disclosed, would reveal a particular legislator's contemplated 4431 legislation or contemplated course of action before the legislator has elected to support the 4432 legislation or course of action, or made the legislation or course of action public; and 4433 (b) notwithstanding Subsection (20)(a), the form to request legislation submitted to the 4434 Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel is a public document unless a legislator 4435 asks that the records requesting the legislation be maintained as protected records until such 4436 time as the legislator elects to make the legislation or course of action public; (21) research requests from legislators to the Office of Legislative Research and 4437 4438 General Counsel or the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and research findings prepared 4439 in response to these requests; (22) drafts, unless otherwise classified as public: 4440 4441 (23) records concerning a governmental entity's strategy about: 4442 (a) collective bargaining; or 4443

(b) imminent or pending litigation;

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- (24) records of investigations of loss occurrences and analyses of loss occurrences that may be covered by the Risk Management Fund, the Employers' Reinsurance Fund, the Uninsured Employers' Fund, or similar divisions in other governmental entities;
- (25) records, other than personnel evaluations, that contain a personal recommendation concerning an individual if disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, or disclosure is not in the public interest;
- (26) records that reveal the location of historic, prehistoric, paleontological, or biological resources that if known would jeopardize the security of those resources or of valuable historic, scientific, educational, or cultural information;
- (27) records of independent state agencies if the disclosure of the records would conflict with the fiduciary obligations of the agency;
- (28) records of an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102 regarding tenure evaluations, appointments, applications for admissions, retention decisions, and promotions, which could be properly discussed in a meeting closed in accordance with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act, provided that records of the final decisions about tenure, appointments, retention, promotions, or those students admitted, may not be classified as protected under this section;

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(29) records of the governor's office, including budget recommendations, legislative proposals, and policy statements, that if disclosed would reveal the governor's contemplated policies or contemplated courses of action before the governor has implemented or rejected those policies or courses of action or made them public;

- (30) records of the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst relating to budget analysis, revenue estimates, and fiscal notes of proposed legislation before issuance of the final recommendations in these areas;
- (31) records provided by the United States or by a government entity outside the state that are given to the governmental entity with a requirement that they be managed as protected records if the providing entity certifies that the record would not be subject to public disclosure if retained by it;
- (32) transcripts, minutes, or reports of the closed portion of a meeting of a public body except as provided in Section 52-4-206;
- (33) records that would reveal the contents of settlement negotiations but not including final settlements or empirical data to the extent that they are not otherwise exempt from disclosure;
- (34) memoranda prepared by staff and used in the decision-making process by an administrative law judge, a member of the Board of Pardons and Parole, or a member of any other body charged by law with performing a quasi-judicial function;
- (35) records that would reveal negotiations regarding assistance or incentives offered by or requested from a governmental entity for the purpose of encouraging a person to expand or locate a business in Utah, but only if disclosure would result in actual economic harm to the person or place the governmental entity at a competitive disadvantage, but this section may not be used to restrict access to a record evidencing a final contract;
- (36) materials to which access must be limited for purposes of securing or maintaining the governmental entity's proprietary protection of intellectual property rights including patents, copyrights, and trade secrets;
- (37) the name of a donor or a prospective donor to a governmental entity, including an institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section 53B-1-102, and other information concerning the donation that could reasonably be expected to reveal the identity of the donor, provided that:

4492	(a) the donor requests anonymity in writing;
4493	(b) any terms, conditions, restrictions, or privileges relating to the donation may not be
4494	classified protected by the governmental entity under this Subsection (37); and
4495	(c) except for an institution within the state system of higher education defined in
4496	Section 53B-1-102, the governmental unit to which the donation is made is primarily engaged
4497	in educational, charitable, or artistic endeavors, and has no regulatory or legislative authority
4498	over the donor, a member of the donor's immediate family, or any entity owned or controlled
4499	by the donor or the donor's immediate family;
4500	(38) accident reports, except as provided in Sections 41-6a-404, 41-12a-202, and
4501	73-18-13;
4502	(39) a notification of workers' compensation insurance coverage described in Section
4503	34A-2-205;
4504	(40) (a) the following records of an institution within the state system of higher
4505	education defined in Section 53B-1-102, which have been developed, discovered, disclosed to,
4506	or received by or on behalf of faculty, staff, employees, or students of the institution:
4507	(i) unpublished lecture notes;
4508	(ii) unpublished notes, data, and information:
4509	(A) relating to research; and
4510	(B) of:
4511	(I) the institution within the state system of higher education defined in Section
4512	53B-1-102; or
4513	(II) a sponsor of sponsored research;
4514	(iii) unpublished manuscripts;
4515	(iv) creative works in process;
4516	(v) scholarly correspondence; and
4517	(vi) confidential information contained in research proposals;
4518	(b) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to prohibit disclosure of public
4519	information required pursuant to Subsection 53B-16-302(2)(a) or (b); and
4520	(c) Subsection (40)(a) may not be construed to affect the ownership of a record;
4521	(41) (a) records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General
4522	that would reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit prior to the

4523	date that audit is completed and made public; and
4524	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (41)(a), a request for a legislative audit submitted to the
4525	Office of the Legislative Auditor General is a public document unless the legislator asks that
4526	the records in the custody or control of the Office of Legislative Auditor General that would
4527	reveal the name of a particular legislator who requests a legislative audit be maintained as
4528	protected records until the audit is completed and made public;
4529	(42) records that provide detail as to the location of an explosive, including a map or
4530	other document that indicates the location of:
4531	(a) a production facility; or
4532	(b) a magazine;
4533	(43) information:
4534	(a) contained in the statewide database of the Division of Aging and Adult Services
4535	created by Section 62A-3-311.1; or
4536	(b) received or maintained in relation to the Identity Theft Reporting Information
4537	System (IRIS) established under Section 67-5-22;
4538	(44) information contained in the Management Information System and Licensing
4539	Information System described in Title 62A, Chapter 4a, Child and Family Services;
4540	(45) information regarding National Guard operations or activities in support of the
4541	National Guard's federal mission;
4542	(46) records provided by any pawn or secondhand business to a law enforcement
4543	agency or to the central database in compliance with Title 13, Chapter 32a, Pawnshop and
4544	Secondhand Merchandise Transaction Information Act;
4545	(47) information regarding food security, risk, and vulnerability assessments performed
4546	by the Department of Agriculture and Food;
4547	(48) except to the extent that the record is exempt from this chapter pursuant to Section
4548	63G-2-106, records related to an emergency plan or program, a copy of which is provided to or
4549	prepared or maintained by the Division of Emergency Management, and the disclosure of
4550	which would jeopardize:
4551	(a) the safety of the general public; or
4552	(b) the security of:

(i) governmental property;

4554	(ii) governmental programs; or
4555	(iii) the property of a private person who provides the Division of Emergency
4556	Management information;
4557	(49) records of the Department of Agriculture and Food that provides for the
4558	identification, tracing, or control of livestock diseases, including any program established under
4559	Title 4, Chapter 24, Utah Livestock Brand and Anti-Theft Act, or Title 4, Chapter 31, Control
4560	of Animal Disease;
4561	(50) as provided in Section 26-39-501:
4562	(a) information or records held by the Department of Health related to a complaint
4563	regarding a child care program or residential child care which the department is unable to
4564	substantiate; and
4565	(b) information or records related to a complaint received by the Department of Health
4566	from an anonymous complainant regarding a child care program or residential child care;
4567	(51) unless otherwise classified as public under Section 63G-2-301 and except as
4568	provided under Section 41-1a-116, an individual's home address, home telephone number, or
4569	personal mobile phone number, if:
4570	(a) the individual is required to provide the information in order to comply with a law,
4571	ordinance, rule, or order of a government entity; and
4572	(b) the subject of the record has a reasonable expectation that this information will be
4573	kept confidential due to:
4574	(i) the nature of the law, ordinance, rule, or order; and
4575	(ii) the individual complying with the law, ordinance, rule, or order;
4576	(52) the name, home address, work addresses, and telephone numbers of an individual
4577	that is engaged in, or that provides goods or services for, medical or scientific research that is:
4578	(a) conducted within the state system of higher education, as defined in Section
4579	53B-1-102; and
4580	(b) conducted using animals;
4581	(53) an initial proposal under Title 63N, Chapter 13, Part 2, Government Procurement
4582	Private Proposal Program, to the extent not made public by rules made under that chapter;
4583	(54) in accordance with Section 78A-12-203, any record of the Judicial Performance
4584	Evaluation Commission concerning an individual commissioner's vote on whether or not to

4585	recommend that the voters	retain a	judge:

- (55) information collected and a report prepared by the Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission concerning a judge, unless Section 20A-7-702 or Title 78A, Chapter 12, Judicial Performance Evaluation Commission Act, requires disclosure of, or makes public, the information or report;
- (56) records contained in the Management Information System created in Section 62A-4a-1003;
  - (57) records provided or received by the Public Lands Policy Coordinating Office in furtherance of any contract or other agreement made in accordance with Section 63J-4-603;
- (58) information requested by and provided to the 911 Division under Section 63H-7a-302;
  - (59) in accordance with Section 73-10-33:
  - (a) a management plan for a water conveyance facility in the possession of the Division of Water Resources or the Board of Water Resources; or
  - (b) an outline of an emergency response plan in possession of the state or a county or municipality;
  - (60) the following records in the custody or control of the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services, created in Section 63A-13-201:
  - (a) records that would disclose information relating to allegations of personal misconduct, gross mismanagement, or illegal activity of a person if the information or allegation cannot be corroborated by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services through other documents or evidence, and the records relating to the allegation are not relied upon by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid Services in preparing a final investigation report or final audit report;
  - (b) records and audit workpapers to the extent they would disclose the identity of a person who, during the course of an investigation or audit, communicated the existence of any Medicaid fraud, waste, or abuse, or a violation or suspected violation of a law, rule, or regulation adopted under the laws of this state, a political subdivision of the state, or any recognized entity of the United States, if the information was disclosed on the condition that the identity of the person be protected;
    - (c) before the time that an investigation or audit is completed and the final

4616	investigation or final audit report is released, records or drafts circulated to a person who is not
4617	an employee or head of a governmental entity for the person's response or information;
4618	(d) records that would disclose an outline or part of any investigation, audit survey
4619	plan, or audit program; or
4620	(e) requests for an investigation or audit, if disclosure would risk circumvention of an
4621	investigation or audit;
4622	(61) records that reveal methods used by the Office of Inspector General of Medicaid
4623	Services, the fraud unit, or the Department of Health, to discover Medicaid fraud, waste, or
4624	abuse;
4625	(62) information provided to the Department of Health or the Division of Occupational
4626	and Professional Licensing under Subsection 58-68-304(3) or (4);
4627	(63) a record described in Section 63G-12-210;
4628	(64) captured plate data that is obtained through an automatic license plate reader
4629	system used by a governmental entity as authorized in Section 41-6a-2003; [and]
4630	(65) any record in the custody of the Utah Office for Victims of Crime relating to a
4631	victim, including:
4632	(a) a victim's application or request for benefits;
4633	(b) a victim's receipt or denial of benefits; and
4634	(c) any administrative notes or records made or created for the purpose of, or used to,
4635	evaluate or communicate a victim's eligibility for or denial of benefits from the Crime Victim
4636	Reparations Fund[-]; and
4637	(66) a record pertaining to the search process for a president of an institution of higher
4638	education described in Section 53B-2-102, except for application materials for a publicly
4639	announced finalist.
4640	Section 63. Section 63G-6a-103 is amended to read:
4641	63G-6a-103. Definitions.
4642	As used in this chapter:
4643	(1) "Administrative law judge" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4644	67-19e-102.
4645	(2) "Administrative law judge service" means service provided by an administrative
4646	law judge.

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4647	(3) "Applicable rulemaking authority" means:
4648	(a) for a legislative procurement unit, the Legislative Management Committee;
4649	(b) for a judicial procurement unit, the Judicial Council;
4650	(c) (i) only to the extent of the procurement authority expressly granted to the
4651	procurement unit by statute:
4652	(A) for the building board or the Division of Facilities Construction and Management,
4653	created in Section 63A-5-201, the building board;
4654	(B) for the Office of the Attorney General, the attorney general; and
4655	(C) for the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201, the executive
4656	director of the Department of Transportation; and
4657	(ii) for each other executive branch procurement unit, the board;
4658	(d) for a local government procurement unit:
4659	(i) the legislative body of the local government procurement unit; or
4660	(ii) an individual or body designated by the legislative body of the local government
4661	procurement unit;
4662	(e) for a school district or a public school, the board, except to the extent of a school
4663	district's own nonadministrative rules that do not conflict with the provisions of this chapter;
4664	(f) for a state institution of higher education described in:
4665	(i) Subsections 53B-1-102(1)(a) and (c), the State Board of Regents; or
4666	(ii) Subsection 53B-1-102(1)(b), the Utah System of Technical Colleges Board of
4667	<u>Trustees;</u>
4668	(g) for a public transit district, the chief executive of the public transit district;
4669	(h) for a local district other than a public transit district or for a special service district:
4670	(i) before January 1, 2015, the board of trustees of the local district or the governing
4671	body of the special service district; or
4672	(ii) on or after January 1, 2015, the board, except to the extent that the board of trustees
4673	of the local district or the governing body of the special service district makes its own rules:
4674	(A) with respect to a subject addressed by board rules; or
4675	(B) that are in addition to board rules; or
4676	(i) for any other procurement unit, the board.
4677	(4) "Approved vendor" means a vendor who has been approved through the approved

4678	vendor list process.
4679	(5) "Approved vendor list" means a list of approved vendors established under Section
4680	63G-6a-507.
4681	(6) "Approved vendor list process" means the procurement process described in
4682	Section 63G-6a-507.
4683	(7) "Bidder" means a person who submits a bid or price quote in response to an
4684	invitation for bids.
4685	(8) "Bidding process" means the procurement process described in Part 6, Bidding.
4686	(9) "Board" means the Utah State Procurement Policy Board, created in Section
4687	63G-6a-202.
4688	(10) "Building board" means the State Building Board, created in Section 63A-5-101.
4689	(11) "Change directive" means a written order signed by the procurement officer that
4690	directs the contractor to suspend work or make changes, as authorized by contract, without the
4691	consent of the contractor.
4692	(12) "Change order" means a written alteration in specifications, delivery point, rate of
4693	delivery, period of performance, price, quantity, or other provisions of a contract, upon mutual
4694	agreement of the parties to the contract.
4695	(13) "Chief procurement officer" means the chief procurement officer appointed under
4696	Subsection 63G-6a-302(1).
4697	(14) "Conducting procurement unit" means a procurement unit that conducts all
4698	aspects of a procurement:
4699	(a) except:
4700	(i) reviewing a solicitation to verify that it is in proper form; and
4701	(ii) causing the publication of a notice of a solicitation; and
4702	(b) including:
4703	(i) preparing any solicitation document;
4704	(ii) appointing an evaluation committee;
4705	(iii) conducting the evaluation process, except as provided in Subsection
4706	63G-6a-707(6)(b) relating to scores calculated for costs of proposals;
4707	(iv) selecting and recommending the person to be awarded a contract;

(v) negotiating the terms and conditions of a contract, subject to the issuing

4709	procurement unit's approval; and
4710	(vi) contract administration.
4711	(15) "Conservation district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4712	17D-3-102.
4713	(16) "Construction":
4714	(a) means services, including work, and supplies for a project for the construction,
4715	renovation, alteration, improvement, or repair of a public facility on real property; and
4716	(b) does not include services and supplies for the routine, day-to-day operation, repair,
4717	or maintenance of an existing public facility.
4718	(17) "Construction manager/general contractor":
4719	(a) means a contractor who enters into a contract:
4720	(i) for the management of a construction project; and
4721	(ii) that allows the contractor to subcontract for additional labor and materials that are
4722	not included in the contractor's cost proposal submitted at the time of the procurement of the
4723	contractor's services; and
4724	(b) does not include a contractor whose only subcontract work not included in the
4725	contractor's cost proposal submitted as part of the procurement of the contractor's services is to
4726	meet subcontracted portions of change orders approved within the scope of the project.
4727	(18) "Contract" means an agreement for a procurement.
4728	(19) "Contract administration" means all functions, duties, and responsibilities
4729	associated with managing, overseeing, and carrying out a contract between a procurement unit
4730	and a contractor, including:
4731	(a) implementing the contract;
4732	(b) ensuring compliance with the contract terms and conditions by the conducting
4733	procurement unit and the contractor;
4734	(c) executing change orders;
4735	(d) processing contract amendments;
4736	(e) resolving, to the extent practicable, contract disputes;
4737	(f) curing contract errors and deficiencies;
4738	(g) terminating a contract;
4739	(h) measuring or evaluating completed work and contractor performance:

4740	(i) computing payments under the contract; and
4741	(j) closing out a contract.
4742	(20) "Contractor" means a person who is awarded a contract with a procurement unit.
4743	(21) "Cooperative procurement" means procurement conducted by, or on behalf of:
4744	(a) more than one procurement unit; or
4745	(b) a procurement unit and a cooperative purchasing organization.
4746	(22) "Cooperative purchasing organization" means an organization, association, or
4747	alliance of purchasers established to combine purchasing power in order to obtain the best
4748	value for the purchasers by engaging in procurements in accordance with Section 63G-6a-2105.
4749	(23) "Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract" means a contract under which the
4750	contractor is paid a percentage of the total actual expenses or costs in addition to the
4751	contractor's actual expenses or costs.
4752	(24) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which a contractor is
4753	reimbursed for costs which are allowed and allocated in accordance with the contract terms and
4754	the provisions of this chapter, and a fee, if any.
4755	(25) "Days" means calendar days, unless expressly provided otherwise.
4756	(26) "Definite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that provides for a
4757	specified amount of supplies over a specified period, with deliveries scheduled according to a
4758	specified schedule.
4759	(27) "Design-build" means the procurement of design professional services and
4760	construction by the use of a single contract.
4761	(28) "Design professional" means:
4762	(a) an individual licensed as an architect under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects
4763	Licensing Act; or
4764	(b) an individual licensed as a professional engineer or professional land surveyor
4765	under Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing
4766	Act.
4767	(29) "Design professional procurement process" means the procurement process
4768	described in Part 15, Design Professional Services.
4769	(30) "Design professional services" means:
4770	(a) professional services within the scope of the practice of architecture as defined in

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source, or formula; and

4771	Section 58-3a-102;
4772	(b) professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102; or
4773	(c) master planning and programming services.
4774	(31) "Director" means the director of the division.
4775	(32) "Division" means the Division of Purchasing and General Services, created in
4776	Section 63A-2-101.
4777	(33) "Educational procurement unit" means:
4778	(a) a school district;
4779	(b) a public school, including a local school board [and] or a charter school;
4780	(c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and Blind;
4781	(d) the Utah Education and Telehealth Network; or
4782	(e) an institution of higher education of the state <u>described in Section 53B-1-102</u> .
4783	(34) "Established catalogue price" means the price included in a catalogue, price list,
4784	schedule, or other form that:
4785	(a) is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor;
4786	(b) is published or otherwise available for inspection by customers; and
4787	(c) states prices at which sales are currently or were last made to a significant number
4788	of any category of buyers or buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or
4789	services involved.
4790	(35) "Executive branch procurement unit" means a department, division, office,
4791	bureau, agency, or other organization within the state executive branch.
4792	(36) "Fixed price contract" means a contract that provides a price, for each
4793	procurement item obtained under the contract, that is not subject to adjustment except to the
4794	extent that:
4795	(a) the contract provides, under circumstances specified in the contract, for an
4796	adjustment in price that is not based on cost to the contractor; or
4797	(b) an adjustment is required by law.
4798	(37) "Fixed price contract with price adjustment" means a fixed price contract that
4799	provides for an upward or downward revision of price, precisely described in the contract, that:
4800	(a) is based on the consumer price index or another commercially acceptable index,

4802	(b) is not based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.
4803	(38) "Grant" means an expenditure of public funds or other assistance, or an agreement
4804	to expend public funds or other assistance, for a public purpose authorized by law, without
4805	acquiring a procurement item in exchange.
4806	(39) "Head of a procurement unit" means:
4807	(a) for a legislative procurement unit, any person designated by rule made by the
4808	applicable rulemaking authority;
4809	(b) for an executive branch procurement unit:
4810	(i) the director of the division; or
4811	(ii) any other person designated by the board, by rule;
4812	(c) for a judicial procurement unit:
4813	(i) the Judicial Council; or
4814	(ii) any other person designated by the Judicial Council, by rule;
4815	(d) for a local government procurement unit:
4816	(i) the legislative body of the local government procurement unit; or
4817	(ii) any other person designated by the local government procurement unit;
4818	(e) for a local district other than a public transit district, the board of trustees of the
4819	local district or a designee of the board of trustees;
4820	(f) for a special service district, the governing body of the special service district or a
4821	designee of the governing body;
4822	(g) for a local building authority, the board of directors of the local building authority or
4823	a designee of the board of directors;
4824	(h) for a conservation district, the board of supervisors of the conservation district or a
4825	designee of the board of supervisors;
4826	(i) for a public corporation, the board of directors of the public corporation or a
4827	designee of the board of directors;
4828	(j) for a school district or any school or entity within a school district, the board of the
4829	school district, or the board's designee;
4830	(k) for a charter school, the individual or body with executive authority over the charter
4831	school, or the individual's or body's designee;
4832	(l) for an institution of higher education [of the state] described in Section 53B-2-101,

4833	the president of the institution of higher education, or the president's designee; or
4834	(m) for a public transit district, the board of trustees or a designee of the board of
4835	trustees.
4836	(40) "Immaterial error":
4837	(a) means an irregularity or abnormality that is:
4838	(i) a matter of form that does not affect substance; or
4839	(ii) an inconsequential variation from a requirement of a solicitation that has no, little,
4840	or a trivial effect on the procurement process and that is not prejudicial to other vendors; and
4841	(b) includes:
4842	(i) a missing signature, missing acknowledgment of an addendum, or missing copy of a
4843	professional license, bond, or insurance certificate;
4844	(ii) a typographical error;
4845	(iii) an error resulting from an inaccuracy or omission in the solicitation; and
4846	(iv) any other error that the chief procurement officer or the head of a procurement unit
4847	with independent procurement authority reasonably considers to be immaterial.
4848	(41) "Indefinite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that:
4849	(a) is for an indefinite amount of procurement items to be supplied as ordered by a
4850	procurement unit; and
4851	(b) (i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or
4852	(ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.
4853	(42) "Independent procurement authority" means authority granted to a procurement
4854	unit under Subsection 63G-6a-106(4)(a).
4855	(43) "Invitation for bids":
4856	(a) means a document used to solicit:
4857	(i) bids to provide a procurement item to a procurement unit; or
4858	(ii) quotes for a price of a procurement item to be provided to a procurement unit; and
4859	(b) includes all documents attached to or incorporated by reference in a document
4860	described in Subsection (43)(a).
4861	(44) "Issuing procurement unit" means a procurement unit that:
4862	(a) reviews a solicitation to verify that it is in proper form;
4863	(b) causes the notice of a solicitation to be published; and

4864	(c) negotiates and approves the terms and conditions of a contract.
4865	(45) "Judicial procurement unit" means:
4866	(a) the Utah Supreme Court;
4867	(b) the Utah Court of Appeals;
4868	(c) the Judicial Council;
4869	(d) a state judicial district; or
4870	(e) an office, committee, subcommittee, or other organization within the state judicial
4871	branch.
4872	(46) "Labor hour contract" is a contract under which:
4873	(a) the supplies and materials are not provided by, or through, the contractor; and
4874	(b) the contractor is paid a fixed rate that includes the cost of labor, overhead, and
4875	profit for a specified number of labor hours or days.
4876	(47) "Legislative procurement unit" means:
4877	(a) the Legislature;
4878	(b) the Senate;
4879	(c) the House of Representatives;
4880	(d) a staff office of the Legislature, the Senate, or the House of Representatives; or
4881	(e) an office, committee, subcommittee, commission, or other organization within the
4882	state legislative branch.
4883	(48) "Local building authority" means the same as that term is defined in Section
4884	17D-2-102.
4885	(49) "Local district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-102.
4886	(50) "Local government procurement unit" means:
4887	(a) a county or municipality, and each office or agency of the county or municipality,
4888	unless the county or municipality adopts its own procurement code by ordinance;
4889	(b) a county or municipality that has adopted this entire chapter by ordinance, and each
4890	office or agency of that county or municipality; or
4891	(c) a county or municipality that has adopted a portion of this chapter by ordinance, to
4892	the extent that a term in the ordinance is used in the adopted portion of this chapter, and each
4893	office or agency of that county or municipality.
4894	(51) "Multiple award contracts" means the award of a contract for an indefinite

4895	quantity of a procurement item to more than one bidder or offeror.
4896	(52) "Multiyear contract" means a contract that extends beyond a one-year period,
4897	including a contract that permits renewal of the contract, without competition, beyond the first
4898	year of the contract.
4899	(53) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township.
4900	(54) "Nonadopting local government procurement unit" means:
4901	(a) a county or municipality that has not adopted Part 16, Protests, Part 17,
4902	Procurement Appeals Board, Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings, and Part 19,
4903	General Provisions Related to Protest or Appeal; and
4904	(b) each office or agency of a county or municipality described in Subsection (54)(a).
4905	(55) "Offeror" means a person who submits a proposal in response to a request for
4906	proposals.
4907	(56) "Person" means the same as that term is defined in Section 68-3-12.5, excluding a
4908	political subdivision and a government office, department, division, bureau, or other body of
4909	government.
4910	(57) "Preferred bidder" means a bidder that is entitled to receive a reciprocal preference
4911	under the requirements of this chapter.
4912	(58) "Procure" means to acquire a procurement item through a procurement.
4913	(59) "Procurement":
4914	(a) means a procurement unit's acquisition of a procurement item through an
4915	expenditure of public funds, or an agreement to expend public funds;
4916	(b) includes all functions that pertain to the acquisition of a procurement item,
4917	including:
4918	(i) preparing and issuing a solicitation; and
4919	(ii) (A) conducting a standard procurement process; or
4920	(B) conducting a procurement process that is an exception to a standard procurement
4921	process under Part 8, Exceptions to Procurement Requirements; and
4922	(c) does not include a grant.
4923	(60) "Procurement item" means a supply, a service, or construction.
4924	(61) "Procurement officer" means:

(a) for a procurement unit with independent procurement authority:

4926	(i) the head of the procurement unit;
4927	(ii) a designee of the head of the procurement unit; or
4928	(iii) a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
4929	(b) for the division or a procurement unit without independent procurement authority,
4930	the chief procurement officer.
4931	(62) "Procurement unit":
4932	(a) means:
4933	(i) a legislative procurement unit;
4934	(ii) an executive branch procurement unit;
4935	(iii) a judicial procurement unit;
4936	(iv) an educational procurement unit;
4937	(v) a local government procurement unit;
4938	(vi) a local district;
4939	(vii) a special service district;
4940	(viii) a local building authority;
4941	(ix) a conservation district;
4942	(x) a public corporation; or
4943	(xi) a public transit district; and
4944	(b) does not include a political subdivision created under Title 11, Chapter 13,
4945	Interlocal Cooperation Act.
4946	(63) "Professional service" means labor, effort, or work that requires an elevated
4947	degree of specialized knowledge and discretion, including labor, effort, or work in the field of:
4948	(a) accounting;
4949	(b) architecture;
4950	(c) construction design and management;
4951	(d) engineering;
4952	(e) financial services;
4953	(f) information technology;
4954	(g) the law;
4955	(h) medicine;
4956	(i) psychiatry; or

495/	(J) underwriting.
4958	(64) "Protest officer" means:
4959	(a) for the division or a procurement unit with independent procurement authority:
4960	(i) the head of the procurement unit;
4961	(ii) a designee of the head of the procurement unit; or
4962	(iii) a person designated by rule made by the applicable rulemaking authority; or
4963	(b) for a procurement unit without independent procurement authority, the chief
4964	procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee.
4965	(65) "Public corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102.
4966	(66) "Public entity" means any government entity of the state or political subdivision of
4967	the state, including:
4968	(a) a procurement unit;
4969	(b) a municipality or county, regardless of whether the municipality or county has
4970	adopted this chapter or any part of this chapter; and
4971	(c) any other government entity located in the state that expends public funds.
4972	(67) "Public facility" means a building, structure, infrastructure, improvement, or other
4973	facility of a public entity.
4974	(68) "Public funds" means money, regardless of its source, including from the federal
4975	government, that is owned or held by a procurement unit.
4976	(69) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title 17B,
4977	Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.
4978	(70) "Qualified vendor" means a vendor who:
4979	(a) is responsible; and
4980	(b) submits a responsive statement of qualifications under Section 63G-6a-410 that
4981	meets the minimum mandatory requirements, evaluation criteria, and any applicable score
4982	thresholds set forth in the request for statement of qualifications.
4983	(71) "Real property" means land and any building, fixture, improvement, appurtenance,
4984	structure, or other development that is permanently affixed to land.
4985	(72) "Request for information" means a nonbinding process through which a
4986	procurement unit requests information relating to a procurement item.
4987	(73) "Request for proposals" means a document used to solicit proposals to provide a

procurement item to a procurement unit, including all other documents that are attached to that document or incorporated in that document by reference.

(74) "Request for proposals process" means the procurement process described in Part

- (74) "Request for proposals process" means the procurement process described in Part 7, Request for Proposals.
- (75) "Request for statement of qualifications" means a document used to solicit information about the qualifications of a person interested in responding to a potential procurement, including all other documents attached to that document or incorporated in that document by reference.
  - (76) "Requirements contract" means a contract:
- (a) under which a contractor agrees to provide a procurement unit's entire requirements for certain procurement items at prices specified in the contract during the contract period; and
  - (b) that:

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- (i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or
- (ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.
- (77) "Responsible" means being capable, in all respects, of:
- (a) meeting all the requirements of a solicitation; and
- (b) fully performing all the requirements of the contract resulting from the solicitation, including being financially solvent with sufficient financial resources to perform the contract.
- (78) "Responsive" means conforming in all material respects to the requirements of a solicitation.
  - (79) "Sealed" means manually or electronically secured to prevent disclosure.
- 5009 (80) "Service":
- 5010 (a) means labor, effort, or work to produce a result that is beneficial to a procurement 5011 unit;
  - (b) includes a professional service; and
  - (c) does not include labor, effort, or work provided under an employment agreement or a collective bargaining agreement.
- 5015 (81) "Small purchase process" means the procurement process described in Section 5016 63G-6a-506.
  - (82) "Sole source contract" means a contract resulting from a sole source procurement.
- 5018 (83) "Sole source procurement" means a procurement without competition pursuant to

5019	a determination under Subsection 63G-6a-802(1)(a) that there is only one source for the
5020	procurement item.
5021	(84) "Solicitation" means an invitation for bids, request for proposals, request for
5022	statement of qualifications, or request for information.
5023	(85) "Solicitation response" means:
5024	(a) a bid submitted in response to an invitation for bids;
5025	(b) a proposal submitted in response to a request for proposals; or
5026	(c) a statement of qualifications submitted in response to a request for statement of
5027	qualifications.
5028	(86) "Special service district" means the same as that term is defined in Section
5029	17D-1-102.
5030	(87) "Specification" means any description of the physical or functional characteristics
5031	or of the nature of a procurement item included in an invitation for bids or a request for
5032	proposals, or otherwise specified or agreed to by a procurement unit, including a description of:
5033	(a) a requirement for inspecting or testing a procurement item; or
5034	(b) preparing a procurement item for delivery.
5035	(88) "Standard procurement process" means:
5036	(a) the bidding process;
5037	(b) the request for proposals process;
5038	(c) the approved vendor list process;
5039	(d) the small purchase process; or
5040	(e) the design professional procurement process.
5041	(89) "State cooperative contract" means a contract awarded by the division for and in
5042	behalf of all public entities.
5043	(90) "Statement of qualifications" means a written statement submitted to a
5044	procurement unit in response to a request for statement of qualifications.
5045	(91) "Subcontractor":
5046	(a) means a person under contract with a contractor or another subcontractor to provide
5047	services or labor for design or construction;
5048	(b) includes a trade contractor or specialty contractor; and
5049	(c) does not include a supplier who provides only materials, equipment, or supplies to a

5050	contractor or subcontractor.
5051	(92) "Supply" means a good, material, technology, piece of equipment, or any other
5052	item of personal property.
5053	(93) "Tie bid" means that the lowest responsive bids of responsible bidders are
5054	identical in price.
5055	(94) "Time and materials contract" means a contract under which the contractor is paid
5056	(a) the actual cost of direct labor at specified hourly rates;
5057	(b) the actual cost of materials and equipment usage; and
5058	(c) an additional amount, expressly described in the contract, to cover overhead and
5059	profit, that is not based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.
5060	(95) "Transitional costs":
5061	(a) means the costs of changing:
5062	(i) from an existing provider of a procurement item to another provider of that
5063	procurement item; or
5064	(ii) from an existing type of procurement item to another type;
5065	(b) includes:
5066	(i) training costs;
5067	(ii) conversion costs;
5068	(iii) compatibility costs;
5069	(iv) costs associated with system downtime;
5070	(v) disruption of service costs;
5071	(vi) staff time necessary to implement the change;
5072	(vii) installation costs; and
5073	(viii) ancillary software, hardware, equipment, or construction costs; and
5074	(c) does not include:
5075	(i) the costs of preparing for or engaging in a procurement process; or
5076	(ii) contract negotiation or drafting costs.
5077	(96) "Trial use contract" means a contract for a procurement item that the procurement
5078	unit acquires for a trial use or testing to determine whether the procurement item will benefit
5079	the procurement unit.
5080	(97) "Vendor":

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5081	(a) means a person who is seeking to enter into a contract with a procurement unit to
5082	provide a procurement item; and
5083	(b) includes:
5084	(i) a bidder;
5085	(ii) an offeror;
5086	(iii) an approved vendor; and
5087	(iv) a design professional.
5088	Section 64. Section 63J-3-103 is amended to read:
5089	63J-3-103. Definitions.
5090	As used in this chapter:
5091	(1) (a) "Appropriations" means actual unrestricted capital and operating appropriations
5092	from unrestricted General Fund and Education Fund sources.
5093	(b) "Appropriations" includes appropriations that are contingent upon available
5094	surpluses in the General Fund and Education Fund.
5095	(c) "Appropriations" does not mean:
5096	(i) public education expenditures;
5097	(ii) Utah Education and Telehealth Network expenditures in support of public
5098	education;
5099	(iii) Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges expenditures
5100	in support of public education;
5101	(iv) State Tax Commission expenditures related to collection of income taxes in
5102	support of public education;
5103	(v) debt service expenditures;
5104	(vi) emergency expenditures;
5105	(vii) expenditures from all other fund or subfund sources;
5106	(viii) transfers or appropriations from the Education Fund to the Uniform School Fund;
5107	(ix) transfers into, or appropriations made to, the General Fund Budget Reserve
5108	Account established in Section 63J-1-312;
5109	(x) transfers into, or appropriations made to, the Education Budget Reserve Account
5110	established in Section 63J-1-313;
5111	(xi) transfers in accordance with Section 63J-1-314 into, or appropriations made to the

5112	Wildland Fire Suppression Fund created in Section 65A-8-204 or the State Disaster Recovery
5113	Restricted Account created in Section 53-2a-603;
5114	(xii) money appropriated to fund the total one-time project costs for the construction of
5115	capital developments as defined in Section 63A-5-104;
5116	(xiii) transfers or deposits into or appropriations made to the Centennial Highway Fund
5117	created by Section 72-2-118;
5118	(xiv) transfers or deposits into or appropriations made to the Transportation Investment
5119	Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124;
5120	(xv) transfers or deposits into or appropriations made to:
5121	(A) the Department of Transportation from any source; or
5122	(B) any transportation-related account or fund from any source; or
5123	(xvi) supplemental appropriations from the General Fund to the Division of Forestry,
5124	Fire, and State Lands to provide money for wildland fire control expenses incurred during the
5125	current or previous fire years.
5126	(2) "Base year real per capita appropriations" means the result obtained for the state by
5127	dividing the fiscal year 1985 actual appropriations of the state less debt money by:
5128	(a) the state's July 1, 1983 population; and
5129	(b) the fiscal year 1983 inflation index divided by 100.
5130	(3) "Calendar year" means the time period beginning on January 1 of any given year
5131	and ending on December 31 of the same year.
5132	(4) "Fiscal emergency" means an extraordinary occurrence requiring immediate
5133	expenditures and includes the settlement under Laws of Utah 1988, Fourth Special Session,
5134	Chapter 4.
5135	(5) "Fiscal year" means the time period beginning on July 1 of any given year and
5136	ending on June 30 of the subsequent year.
5137	(6) "Fiscal year 1985 actual base year appropriations" means fiscal year 1985 actual
5138	capital and operations appropriations from General Fund and non-Uniform School Fund
5139	income tax revenue sources, less debt money.
5140	(7) "Inflation index" means the change in the general price level of goods and services
5141	as measured by the Gross National Product Implicit Price Deflator of the Bureau of Economic
5142	Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce calculated as provided in Section 63J-3-202.

5143 (8) (a) "Maximum allowable appropriations limit" means the appropriations that could be, or could have been, spent in any given year under the limitations of this chapter.

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- (b) "Maximum allowable appropriations limit" does not mean actual appropriations spent or actual expenditures.
- (9) "Most recent fiscal year's inflation index" means the fiscal year inflation index two fiscal years previous to the fiscal year for which the maximum allowable inflation and population appropriations limit is being computed under this chapter.
- (10) "Most recent fiscal year's population" means the fiscal year population two fiscal years previous to the fiscal year for which the maximum allowable inflation and population appropriations limit is being computed under this chapter.
- (11) "Population" means the number of residents of the state as of July 1 of each year as calculated by the Governor's Office of Management and Budget according to the procedures and requirements of Section 63J-3-202.
- (12) "Revenues" means the revenues of the state from every tax, penalty, receipt, and other monetary exaction and interest connected with it that are recorded as unrestricted revenue of the General Fund and from non-Uniform School Fund income tax revenues, except as specifically exempted by this chapter.
- (13) "Security" means any bond, note, warrant, or other evidence of indebtedness, whether or not the bond, note, warrant, or other evidence of indebtedness is or constitutes an "indebtedness" within the meaning of any provision of the constitution or laws of this state.
  - Section 65. Section 63N-12-203 is amended to read:

## 63N-12-203. STEM Action Center Board creation -- Membership.

- (1) There is created the STEM Action Center Board within the office, composed of the following members:
  - (a) six private sector members who represent business, appointed by the governor;
- (b) the state superintendent of public instruction or the state superintendent of public instruction's designee;
- (c) the commissioner of higher education or the commissioner of higher education's designee;
- (d) one member appointed by the governor;
- (e) a member of the State Board of Education, chosen by the chair of the State Board of

5174	Education;
5175	(f) the executive director of the office or the executive director's designee;
5176	(g) the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of Technical Colleges
5177	commissioner of technical education or the Utah [College of Applied Technology] System of
5178	Technical Colleges commissioner of technical education's designee;
5179	(h) the executive director of the Department of Workforce Services or the executive
5180	director of the Department of Workforce Services' designee; and
5181	(i) one member who has a degree in engineering and experience working in a
5182	government military installation, appointed by the governor.
5183	(2) (a) The private sector members appointed by the governor in Subsection (1)(a) shall
5184	represent a business or trade association whose primary focus is science, technology, or
5185	engineering.
5186	(b) Except as required by Subsection (2)(c), members appointed by the governor shall
5187	be appointed to four-year terms.
5188	(c) The length of terms of the members shall be staggered so that approximately half of
5189	the committee is appointed every two years.
5190	(d) The members may not serve more than two full consecutive terms except where the
5191	governor determines that an additional term is in the best interest of the state.
5192	(e) When a vacancy occurs in the membership for any reason, the replacement shall be
5193	appointed for the unexpired term.
5194	(3) Attendance of a simple majority of the members constitutes a quorum for the
5195	transaction of official committee business.
5196	(4) Formal action by the committee requires a majority vote of a quorum.
5197	(5) A member may not receive compensation or benefits for the member's service, but
5198	may receive per diem and travel expenses in accordance with:
5199	(a) Section 63A-3-106;
5200	(b) Section 63A-3-107; and
5201	(c) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
5202	(6) The governor shall select the chair of the board to serve a two-year term.

(7) The executive director of the office or the executive director's designee shall serve

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as the vice chair of the board.

5205	Section 66. Section 63N-12-212 is amended to read:
5206	63N-12-212. High school STEM education initiative.
5207	(1) Subject to legislative appropriations, after consulting with State Board of Education
5208	staff, the STEM Action Center shall award grants to school districts and charter schools to fund
5209	STEM related certification for high school students.
5210	(2) (a) A school district or charter school may apply for a grant from the STEM Action
5211	Center, through a competitive process, to fund the school district's or charter school's STEM
5212	related certification training program.
5213	(b) A school district's or charter school's STEM related certification training program
5214	shall:
5215	(i) prepare high school students to be job ready for available STEM related positions of
5216	employment; and
5217	(ii) when a student completes the program, result in the student gaining an
5218	industry-recognized employer STEM related certification.
5219	(3) A school district or charter school may partner with one or more of the following to
5220	provide a STEM related certification program:
5221	[(a) an applied technology college within the Utah College of Applied Technology;]
5222	(a) a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105;
5223	(b) Salt Lake Community College;
5224	(c) Snow College;
5225	(d) Utah State University Eastern; or
5226	(e) a private sector employer.
5227	Section 67. Section <b>63N-12-213</b> is amended to read:
5228	63N-12-213. Computer science initiative for public schools.
5229	(1) As used in this section:
5230	(a) "Computational thinking" means the set of problem-solving skills and techniques
5231	that software engineers use to write programs that underlie computer applications, including
5232	decomposition, pattern recognition, pattern generalization, and algorithm design.
5233	(b) "Computer coding" means the process of writing script for a computer program or
5234	mobile device.
5235	(c) "Educator" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53A-6-103.

3230	(a) Endorsement means a supulation, authorized by the State Board of Education and
5237	appended to a license, that specifies the areas of practice to which the license applies.
5238	(e) (i) "Institution of higher education" means the same as that term is defined in
5239	Section 53B-3-102.
5240	(ii) "Institution of higher education" includes [the Utah College of Applied
5241	Technology] a technical college described in Section 53B-2a-105.
5242	(f) "Employer" means a private employer, public employer, industry association, union,
5243	or the military.
5244	(g) "License" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53A-6-103.
5245	(2) Subject to legislative appropriations, on behalf of the board, the staff of the board
5246	and the staff of the State Board of Education shall collaborate to develop and implement a
5247	computer science initiative for public schools by:
5248	(a) creating an online repository that:
5249	(i) is available for school districts and charter schools to use as a resource; and
5250	(ii) includes high quality computer science instructional resources that are designed to
5251	teach students in all grade levels:
5252	(A) computational thinking skills; and
5253	(B) computer coding skills;
5254	(b) providing for professional development on teaching computer science by:
5255	(i) including resources for educators related to teaching computational thinking and
5256	computer coding in the STEM education high quality professional development application
5257	described in Section 63N-12-210; and
5258	(ii) providing statewide or regional professional development institutes; and
5259	(c) awarding grants to a school district or charter school, on a competitive basis, that
5260	may be used to provide incentives for an educator to earn a computer science endorsement.
5261	(3) A school district or charter school may enter into an agreement with one or more of
5262	the following entities to jointly apply for a grant under Subsection (2)(c):
5263	(a) a school district;
5264	(b) a charter school;
5265	(c) an employer;
5266	(d) an institution of higher education; or

- (e) a non-profit organization.

  (4) To apply for a grant described in Subsection (2)(c), a school district or charter school shall submit a plan to the State Board of Education for the use of the grant, including a statement of purpose that describes the methods the school district or charter school proposes to use to incentivize an educator to earn a computer science endorsement.
  - (5) The board and the State Board of Education shall encourage schools to independently pursue computer science and coding initiatives, subject to local school board or charter school governing board approval, based on the unique needs of the school's students.
  - (6) The board shall include information on the status of the computer science initiative in the annual report described in Section 63N-12-208.

Section 68. Section 67-1-12 is amended to read:

## 67-1-12. Displaced defense workers.

- (1) The governor, through the Department of Workforce Services, may use funds specifically appropriated by the Legislature to benefit, in a manner prescribed by Subsection (2):
- (a) Department of Defense employees within the state who lose their employment because of reductions in defense spending by the federal government;
- (b) persons dismissed by a defense-related industry employer because of reductions in federal government defense contracts received by the employer; and
- (c) defense-related businesses in the state that have been severely and adversely impacted because of reductions in defense spending.
- (2) Funds appropriated under this section before fiscal year 1999-2000 but not expended shall remain with the agency that possesses the funds and shall be used in a manner consistent with this section. Any amount appropriated under this section in fiscal year 1999-2000 or thereafter may be used to:
- (a) provide matching or enhancement funds for grants, loans, or other assistance received by the state from the United States Department of Labor, Department of Defense, or other federal agency to assist in retraining, community assistance, or technology transfer activities;
- (b) fund or match available private or public funds from the state or local level to be used for retraining, community assistance, technology transfer, or educational projects

5298 coordinated by state or federal agencies;

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- (c) provide for retraining, upgraded services, and programs at [applied technology] technical colleges, public schools, higher education institutions, or any other appropriate public or private entity that are designed to teach specific job skills requested by a private employer in the state or required for occupations that are in demand in the state;
  - (d) aid public or private entities that provide assistance in locating new employment;
- (e) inform the public of assistance programs available for persons who have lost their employment;
  - (f) increase funding for assistance and retraining programs;
- (g) provide assistance for small start-up companies owned or operated by persons who have lost their employment;
- (h) enhance the implementation of dual-use technologies programs, community adjustment assistance programs, or other relevant programs under Pub. L. No. 102-484; and
- (i) coordinate local and national resources to protect and enhance current Utah defense installations and related operations and to facilitate conversion or enhancement efforts by:
- (i) creating and operating state information clearinghouse operations that monitor relevant activities on the federal, state, and local level;
- (ii) identifying, seeking, and matching funds from federal and other public agencies and private donors;
  - (iii) identifying and coordinating needs in different geographic areas;
  - (iv) coordinating training and retraining centers;
- (v) coordinating technology transfer efforts between public entities, private entities, and institutions of higher education;
- (vi) facilitating the development of local and national awareness and support for Utah defense installations;
- (vii) studying the creation of strategic alliances, tax incentives, and relocation and consolidation assistance; and
- (viii) exploring feasible alternative uses for the physical and human resources at defense installations and in related industries should reductions in mission occur.
- 5327 (3) The governor, through the Department of Workforce Services, may coordinate and administer the expenditure of money under this section and collaborate with applied technology

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5329	centers, public institutions of higher learning, or other appropriate public or private entities to
5330	provide retraining and other services described in Subsection (2).
5331	Section 69. Effective date.
5332	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2017, except that the amendments to Section 53B-1-104
5333	take effect on May 9, 2017.
5334	Section 70. Repealer.
5335	This bill repeals:
5336	Section 53B-6-101, Additional responsibilities of the board Studies and
5337	evaluations Master plan for higher education Productivity Institutional student
5338	assessment Biennial accountability report to the Legislature.
5339	Section 53B-6-102, Standardized systems prescribed by the board.
5340	Section 53B-6-103, Cooperation with nonmember institutions within the state.
5341	Section 53B-16-106, Board to establish electronics engineering program at Weber
5342	State University.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel