1	LOCAL GOVERNMENT REVISIONS			
2	2015 GENERAL SESSION			
3	STATE OF UTAH			
4	Chief Sponsor: Karen Mayne			
5	House Sponsor: Eric K. Hutchings			
6				
7	LONG TITLE			
8	General Description:			
9	This bill enacts provisions related to local government.			
10	Highlighted Provisions:			
11	This bill:			
12	defines terms;			
13	provides population classification for a metro township;			
14	amends municipal annexation provisions;			
15	• enacts "Municipal Incorporation," including:			
16	• general provisions;			
17	 incorporation provisions of a city; 			
18	 incorporation provisions of a town; and 			
19	 incorporation provisions of metro townships and unincorporated islands in a 			
20	county of the first class on and after May 12, 2015;			
21	 requires a county of the first class to hold a special election on November 3, 2015, 			
22	for the following ballot propositions:			
23	• the incorporation of a planning township as a city, town, metro township; and			
24	• whether unincorporated islands should be annexed by an eligible city or remain			
25	unincorporated;			
26	 provides notice and hearing requirements; 			
27	 provides for the determination of metro township council districts and election of 			
28	officers;			
29	 authorizes a five-member council form of government for a metro township; 			

30	•	provides the powers and duties of the metro township council chair and council			
31	members;				
32	•	repeals and reenacts provisions authorizing a change in form of municipal			
33	government;				
34	•	enacts provisions related to the administration of a metro township;			
35	•	authorizes a metro township council to, in certain circumstances, prohibit an			
36	ignition source;				
37	•	requires a township located outside of a county of the first class to change its name			
38	to "planning advisory area";				
39	•	requires the withdrawal or dissolution of a planning advisory area that is annexed;			
40	•	prohibits a county other than a county of the first class from adopting certain land			
41	use ordinances requiring revegetation or landscaping;				
42	•	amends definitions for local district provisions;			
43	•	enacts provisions related to the levy of a municipal services district property tax;			
44	•	enacts provisions related to a general obligation bond issued by a municipal services			
45	district;				
46	•	amends provisions related to a municipal services district board of trustees;			
47	•	enacts language requiring the withdrawal of rural real property from a metro			
48	township	or municipal services district;			
49	•	amends and enacts provisions related to the withdrawal of an area from a local			
50	district;				
51	•	enacts provisions related to an audit of a municipal services district;			
52	•	authorizes a metro township to levy a 911 charge and impose a sales and use tax;			
53	and				
54	•	makes technical and conforming amendments.			
55	Money A	ppropriated in this Bill:			
56	No	one			
57	Other Special Clauses:				

58 This bill provides revisor instructions. 59 This bill provides a coordination clause to reconcile conflicts between this bill and 60 other legislation. 61 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 62 AMENDS: 63 10-1-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 292 10-1-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189 64 65 10-2-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 350 66 10-2-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 92, 205, and 230 10-2-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 234 67 10-2-403, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378 68 10-2-405, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 205 69 70 10-2-407, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 90 and 218 10-2-408, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 205 71 72 10-2-411, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapters 90 and 202 73 10-2-413, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 230 10-2-414, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 205 74 75 10-2-415, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90 76 10-2-416, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 206 77 10-2-418, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 90 78 10-2-425, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 350 79 10-3-205.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 292 80 10-3-1302, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1981, Chapter 57 81 10-3b-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19 82 10-3b-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 209 83 10-3b-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 209 84 **10-5-102**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1983, Chapter 34 85 **10-6-103**, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1979, Chapter 26

86	10-6-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 378
87	15A-5-202.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 243
88	17-23-17, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
89	17-23-17.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
90	17-27a-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 136 and 363
91	17-27a-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189
92	17-27a-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 359
93	17-27a-306, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 90 and 218
94	17-27a-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 476
95	17-34-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 371
96	17-41-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 65
97	17B-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapters 107 and 205
98	17B-1-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
99	17B-1-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 68
100	17B-1-1002, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 282
101	17B-1-1102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
102	17B-2a-1102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
103	17B-2a-1103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
104	17B-2a-1104, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
105	17B-2a-1106, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
106	17B-2a-1107, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
107	20A-1-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 17, 31, 231, 362, and 391
108	20A-1-201.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 320
109	20A-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 158
110	20A-1-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 295 and 415
111	20A-11-101 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapters 18, 158, and 337
112	53-2a-208, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 295
113	53-2a-802, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 295

114	53A-2-402, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2006, Chapter 339
115	53B-21-107 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 167
116	59-12-203, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 1987, Chapter 5
117	63I-2-210, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 405
118	67-1a-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapters 182, 219, 278 and last
119	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 182
120	69-2-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 320
121	69-2-5.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 320
122	69-2-5.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 320
123	69-2-5.7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 320
124	78A-7-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 205
125	ENACTS:
126	10-2-301.5, Utah Code Annotated 1953
127	10-2a-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
128	10-2a-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
129	10-2a-301 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
130	10-2a-401, Utah Code Annotated 1953
131	10-2a-402, Utah Code Annotated 1953
132	10-2a-403, Utah Code Annotated 1953
133	10-2a-404, Utah Code Annotated 1953
134	10-2a-405, Utah Code Annotated 1953
135	10-2a-406, Utah Code Annotated 1953
136	10-2a-407, Utah Code Annotated 1953
137	10-2a-408, Utah Code Annotated 1953
138	10-2a-409, Utah Code Annotated 1953
139	10-2a-410, Utah Code Annotated 1953
140	10-2a-411, Utah Code Annotated 1953
141	10-2a-412 , Utah Code Annotated 1953

142	10-2a-413, Utah Code Annotated 1953
143	10-3b-601, Utah Code Annotated 1953
144	10-3b-602, Utah Code Annotated 1953
145	10-3b-603 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
146	10-3b-604, Utah Code Annotated 1953
147	10-3b-605 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
148	10-3b-606 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
149	10-3b-607, Utah Code Annotated 1953
150	10-3c-101 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
151	10-3c-102, Utah Code Annotated 1953
152	10-3c-103, Utah Code Annotated 1953
153	10-3c-201 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
154	10-3c-202, Utah Code Annotated 1953
155	10-3c-203, Utah Code Annotated 1953
156	10-3c-204, Utah Code Annotated 1953
157	10-3c-205, Utah Code Annotated 1953
158	17B-2a-1110, Utah Code Annotated 1953
159	17B-2a-1111, Utah Code Annotated 1953
160	17B-2a-1112, Utah Code Annotated 1953
161	REPEALS AND REENACTS:
162	10-3b-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
163	10-3b-502, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
164	10-3b-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 209
165	10-3b-504, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
166	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
167	10-2a-102, (Renumbered from 10-2-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
168	Chapter 359)
169	10-2a-103, (Renumbered from 10-2-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012.

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170
      Chapter 359)
171
              10-2a-104, (Renumbered from 10-2-118, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter
172
      389)
             10-2a-105, (Renumbered from 10-2-130, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter
173
174
      405)
175
             10-2a-202, (Renumbered from 10-2-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
176
      Chapter 184)
              10-2a-203, (Renumbered from 10-2-104, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012.
177
178
      Chapter 359)
179
             10-2a-204, (Renumbered from 10-2-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
180
      Chapter 359)
181
             10-2a-205, (Renumbered from 10-2-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
182
      Chapter 359)
183
             10-2a-206, (Renumbered from 10-2-107, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000,
184
      Chapter 184)
185
             10-2a-207, (Renumbered from 10-2-108, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
186
      Chapter 359)
187
             10-2a-208, (Renumbered from 10-2-109, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
188
      Chapter 359)
189
              10-2a-209, (Renumbered from 10-2-110, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997,
190
      Second Special Session, Chapter 3)
191
              10-2a-210, (Renumbered from 10-2-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014,
192
      Chapter 158)
193
             10-2a-211, (Renumbered from 10-2-112, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008,
194
      Chapter 19)
195
              10-2a-212, (Renumbered from 10-2-113, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
196
       1997, Chapter 389)
197
              10-2a-213, (Renumbered from 10-2-114, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010,
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198	Chapter 90)
199	10-2a-214, (Renumbered from 10-2-115, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
200	Chapter 388)
201	10-2a-215, (Renumbered from 10-2-116, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012,
202	Chapter 359)
203	10-2a-216, (Renumbered from 10-2-117, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter
204	389)
205	10-2a-217, (Renumbered from 10-2-119, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
206	Chapter 350)
207	10-2a-218, (Renumbered from 10-2-120, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
208	Chapter 350)
209	10-2a-219, (Renumbered from 10-2-121, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009,
210	Chapter 350)
211	10-2a-220, (Renumbered from 10-2-123, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter
212	389)
213	10-2a-221, (Renumbered from 10-2-124, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah
214	2012, Chapter 359)
215	10-2a-302, (Renumbered from 10-2-125, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014,
216	Chapter 189)
217	10-2a-303, (Renumbered from 10-2-126, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014,
218	Chapter 189)
219	10-2a-304, (Renumbered from 10-2-127, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014,
220	Chapter 158)
221	10-2a-305, (Renumbered from 10-2-128, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter
222	359)
223	10-2a-306, (Renumbered from 10-2-129, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter
224	359)
225	REPEALS:

Enrolled Copy S.B. 199 226 10-2-408.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 205 227 10-3b-505, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19 228 10-3b-506, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19 229 10-3b-507, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19 230 17-27a-307, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 250 231 **Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:** 232 **10-2-102.13**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 233 10-2-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 158 234 **10-2-116**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 359 235 10-2-127, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 158 236 10-2-128.1, Utah Code Annotated 1953 237 **10-2-128.2**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 238 **10-2-131**, Utah Code Annotated 1953 239 240 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:* 241 Section 1. Section 10-1-104 is amended to read: 242 **10-1-104. Definitions.** 243 As used in this title: 244 (1) "City" means a municipality that is classified by population as a city of the first 245 class, a city of the second class, a city of the third class, a city of the fourth class, or a city of 246 the fifth class, under Section 10-2-301.

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boundary.

(2) "Contiguous" means:

territory not included as part of the area; and

municipality. Unless otherwise provided:

(a) if used to described an area, continuous, uninterrupted, and without an island of

(3) "Governing body" means collectively the legislative body and the executive of any

(b) if used to describe an area's relationship to another area, sharing a common

254	(a) in a city of the first or second class, the governing body is the city commission;
255	(b) in a city of the third, fourth, or fifth class, the governing body is the city council;
256	[and]
257	(c) in a town, the governing body is the town council[-]; and
258	(d) in a metro township, the governing body is the metro township council.
259	(4) "Municipal" means of or relating to a municipality.
260	(5) (a) "Municipality" means:
261	(i) a city of the first class, city of the second class, city of the third class, city of the
262	fourth class, city of the fifth class[, or];
263	(ii) a town, as classified in Section 10-2-301[-]; or
264	(iii) a metro township as that term is defined in Section 10-2a-403 unless the term is
265	used in the context of authorizing, governing, or otherwise regulating the provision of
266	municipal services.
267	(6) "Peninsula," when used to describe an unincorporated area, means an area
268	surrounded on more than 1/2 of its boundary distance, but not completely, by incorporated
269	territory and situated so that the length of a line drawn across the unincorporated area from an
270	incorporated area to an incorporated area on the opposite side shall be less than 25% of the
271	total aggregate boundaries of the unincorporated area.
272	(7) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association,
273	trust, governmental agency, or any other legal entity.
274	(8) "Provisions of law" shall include other statutes of the state of Utah and ordinances,
275	rules, and regulations properly adopted by any municipality unless the construction is clearly
276	contrary to the intent of state law.
277	(9) "Recorder," unless clearly inapplicable, includes and applies to a town clerk.
278	(10) "Town" means a municipality classified by population as a town under Section
279	10-2-301.
280	(11) "Unincorporated" means not within a municipality.
281	Section 2. Section 10-1-114 is amended to read:

282	10-1-114. Repealer.
283	Title 10, Chapter 1, General Provisions; Chapter 2, [Incorporation,] Classification,
284	Boundaries, Consolidation, and Dissolution of Municipalities; Chapter 3, Municipal
285	Government; Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns; and Chapter 6,
286	Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities, are repealed, except as provided in Section
287	10-1-115.
288	Section 3. Section 10-2-301.5 is enacted to read:
289	CHAPTER 2. CLASSIFICATION, BOUNDARIES, CONSOLIDATION, AND
290	DISSOLUTION OF MUNICIPALITIES
291	10-2-301.5. Classification of metro townships according to population.
292	(1) Each metro township, as defined in Section 10-2a-403, shall be classified according
293	to its population, as provided in this section.
294	(2) A metro township with a population of:
295	(a) 1,000 or more is a metro township of the first class; and
296	(b) fewer than 1,000 is a metro township of the second class.
297	Section 4. Section 10-2-302 is amended to read:
298	10-2-302. Change of class of municipality.
299	(1) Each municipality shall retain its classification under Section 10-2-301 until
300	changed as provided in this section or Subsection 67-1a-2(3).
301	(2) (a) If a municipality's population, as determined by the lieutenant governor under
302	Subsection 67-1a-2(3), indicates that the municipality's population has decreased below the
303	limit for its current class, the legislative body of the municipality may petition the lieutenant
304	governor to prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based
305	on the decreased population figure.
306	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the legislative body of a metro township may
307	not petition under this section to change from a metro township to a city or town.
308	(3) A municipality's change in class is effective on the date of the lieutenant governor's
309	certificate under Subsection 67-1a-2(3).

310	Section 5. Section 10-2-401 is amended to read:
311	10-2-401. Definitions Property owner provisions.
312	(1) As used in this part:
313	(a) "Affected entity" means:
314	(i) a county of the first or second class in whose unincorporated area the area proposed
315	for annexation is located;
316	(ii) a county of the third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class in whose unincorporated area the
317	area proposed for annexation is located, if the area includes residents or commercial or
318	industrial development;
319	(iii) a local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities -
320	Local Districts, or special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District
321	Act, whose boundary includes any part of an area proposed for annexation;
322	(iv) a school district whose boundary includes any part of an area proposed for
323	annexation, if the boundary is proposed to be adjusted as a result of the annexation; and
324	(v) a municipality whose boundaries are within 1/2 mile of an area proposed for
325	annexation.
326	(b) "Annexation petition" means a petition under Section 10-2-403 proposing the
327	annexation to a municipality of a contiguous, unincorporated area that is contiguous to the
328	municipality.
329	(c) "Commission" means a boundary commission established under Section 10-2-409
330	for the county in which the property that is proposed for annexation is located.
331	(d) "Expansion area" means the unincorporated area that is identified in an annexation
332	policy plan under Section 10-2-401.5 as the area that the municipality anticipates annexing in
333	the future.
334	(e) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm with expertise in the processes and
335	economics of local government.
336	(f) "Municipal selection committee" means a committee in each county composed of
337	the mayor of each municipality within that county.

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338	(g) "Planning advisory area" means the same as that term is defined in Section
339	<u>17-27a-306.</u>
340	[(g)] (h) "Private," with respect to real property, means not owned by the United States
341	or any agency of the federal government, the state, a county, a municipality, a school district, a
342	local district under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Local Districts, a
343	special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, or any other
344	political subdivision or governmental entity of the state.
345	[(h)] (i) "Specified county" means a county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth
346	class.
347	[(i) "Township" has the same meaning as defined in Section 17-27a-103.]
348	(j) "Unincorporated peninsula" means an unincorporated area:
349	(i) that is part of a larger unincorporated area;
350	(ii) that extends from the rest of the unincorporated area of which it is a part;
351	(iii) that is surrounded by land that is within a municipality, except where the area
352	connects to and extends from the rest of the unincorporated area of which it is a part; and
353	(iv) whose width, at any point where a straight line may be drawn from a place where i
354	borders a municipality to another place where it borders a municipality, is no more than 25% of
355	the boundary of the area where it borders a municipality.
356	(k) "Urban development" means:
357	(i) a housing development with more than 15 residential units and an average density
358	greater than one residential unit per acre; or
359	(ii) a commercial or industrial development for which cost projections exceed
360	\$750,000 for all phases.
361	(2) For purposes of this part:
362	(a) the owner of real property shall be:
363	(i) except as provided in Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the record title owner according to the
364	records of the county recorder on the date of the filing of the petition or protest; or
365	(ii) the lessee of military land, as defined in Section 63H-1-102, if the area proposed

for annexation includes military land that is within a project area described in a project area
plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1,
Military Installation Development Authority Act; and
(b) the value of private real property shall be determined according to the last
assessment roll for county taxes before the filing of the petition or protest.
(3) For purposes of each provision of this part that requires the owners of private real
property covering a percentage or majority of the total private land area within an area to sign a
petition or protest:
(a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required
percentage or majority unless the petition or protest is signed by:
(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority
ownership interest in that parcel; or
(ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number
of owners of that parcel;
(b) the signature of a person signing a petition or protest in a representative capacity or
behalf of an owner is invalid unless:
(i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents
are indicated on the petition or protest with the person's signature; and
(ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the petition or protest that
substantiates the person's representative capacity; and
(c) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
petition or protest on behalf of a deceased owner.
Section 6. Section 10-2-402 is amended to read:
10-2-402. Annexation Limitations.
(1) (a) A contiguous, unincorporated area that is contiguous to a municipality may be
annexed to the municipality as provided in this part.
(b) An unincorporated area may not be annexed to a municipality unless:
(i) it is a contiguous area;

(ii) it is contiguous to the municipality;

- (iii) except as provided in Subsection 10-2-418[(1)(b)](2)(c), annexation will not leave or create an unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula; and
- (iv) for an area located in a specified county with respect to an annexation that occurs after December 31, 2002, the area is within the proposed annexing municipality's expansion area.
- (2) Except as provided in Section 10-2-418, a municipality may not annex an unincorporated area unless a petition under Section 10-2-403 is filed requesting annexation.
- (3) (a) An annexation under this part may not include part of a parcel of real property and exclude part of that same parcel unless the owner of that parcel has signed the annexation petition under Section 10-2-403.
- (b) A piece of real property that has more than one parcel number is considered to be a single parcel for purposes of Subsection (3)(a) if owned by the same owner.
- (4) A municipality may not annex an unincorporated area in a specified county for the sole purpose of acquiring municipal revenue or to retard the capacity of another municipality to annex the same or a related area unless the municipality has the ability and intent to benefit the annexed area by providing municipal services to the annexed area.
- (5) The legislative body of a specified county may not approve urban development within a municipality's expansion area unless:
 - (a) the county notifies the municipality of the proposed development; and
 - (b) (i) the municipality consents in writing to the development; or
- (ii) (A) within 90 days after the county's notification of the proposed development, the municipality submits to the county a written objection to the county's approval of the proposed development; and
 - (B) the county responds in writing to the municipality's objections.
- (6) (a) An annexation petition may not be filed under this part proposing the annexation of an area located in a county that is not the county in which the proposed annexing municipality is located unless the legislative body of the county in which the area is located has

adopted a resolution approving the proposed annexation.

(b) Each county legislative body that declines to adopt a resolution approving a proposed annexation described in Subsection (6)(a) shall provide a written explanation of its reasons for declining to approve the proposed annexation.

- (7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "airport" means an area that the Federal Aviation Administration has, by a record of decision, approved for the construction or operation of a Class I, II, or III commercial service airport, as designated by the Federal Aviation Administration in 14 C.F.R. Part 139.
- (b) A municipality may not annex an unincorporated area within 5,000 feet of the center line of any runway of an airport operated or to be constructed and operated by another municipality unless the legislative body of the other municipality adopts a resolution consenting to the annexation.
- (c) A municipality that operates or intends to construct and operate an airport and does not adopt a resolution consenting to the annexation of an area described in Subsection (7)(b) may not deny an annexation petition proposing the annexation of that same area to that municipality.
- [(8) An annexation petition may not be filed if it proposes the annexation of an area that is within a proposed township in a petition to establish a township under Subsection 17-27a-306(1)(c) that has been certified under Subsection 17-27a-306(1)(f), until after the canvass of an election on the proposed township under Subsection 17-27a-306(1)(h).]
- [(9)] (8) (a) A municipality may not annex an unincorporated area located within a project area described in a project area plan adopted by the military installation development authority under Title 63H, Chapter 1, Military Installation Development Authority Act, without the authority's approval.
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(9)] (8)(b)(ii), the Military Installation Development Authority may petition for annexation of a project area and contiguous surrounding land to a municipality as if it was the sole private property owner of the project area and surrounding land, if the area to be annexed is entirely contained within the boundaries

450	of a	military	instal	lation.
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- (ii) Before petitioning for annexation under Subsection [(9)] (8)(b)(i), the Military Installation Development Authority shall provide the military installation with a copy of the petition for annexation. The military installation may object to the petition for annexation within 14 days of receipt of the copy of the annexation petition. If the military installation objects under this Subsection [(9)] (8)(b)(ii), the Military Installation Development Authority may not petition for the annexation as if it was the sole private property owner.
- (iii) If any portion of an area annexed under a petition for annexation filed by a Military Installation Development Authority is located in a specified county:
 - (A) the annexation process shall follow the requirements for a specified county; and
 - (B) the provisions of Subsection 10-2-402(6) do not apply.
- Section 7. Section **10-2-403** is amended to read:

10-2-403. Annexation petition -- Requirements -- Notice required before filing.

- (1) Except as provided in Section 10-2-418, the process to annex an unincorporated area to a municipality is initiated by a petition as provided in this section.
- (2) (a) (i) Before filing a petition under Subsection (1) with respect to the proposed annexation of an area located in a county of the first class, the person or persons intending to file a petition shall:
- (A) file with the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality a notice of intent to file a petition; and
 - (B) send a copy of the notice of intent to each affected entity.
- (ii) Each notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i) shall include an accurate map of the area that is proposed to be annexed.
- (b) (i) Subject to Subsection (2)(b)(ii), the county in which the area proposed to be annexed is located shall:
 - (A) mail the notice described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii) to:
- (I) each owner of real property located within the area proposed to be annexed; and
- 477 (II) each owner of real property located within 300 feet of the area proposed to be

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478	annexed;	and

(B) send to the proposed annexing municipality a copy of the notice and a certificate indicating that the notice has been mailed as required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A).

- (ii) The county shall mail the notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) within 20 days after receiving from the person or persons who filed the notice of intent:
 - (A) a written request to mail the required notice; and
- (B) payment of an amount equal to the county's expected actual cost of mailing the notice.
 - (iii) Each notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) shall:
- 487 (A) be in writing;
 - (B) state, in bold and conspicuous terms, substantially the following:
- "Attention: Your property may be affected by a proposed annexation.

Records show that you own property within an area that is intended to be included in a proposed annexation to (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) or that is within 300 feet of that area. If your property is within the area proposed for annexation, you may be asked to sign a petition supporting the annexation. You may choose whether or not to sign the petition. By signing the petition, you indicate your support of the proposed annexation. If you sign the petition but later change your mind about supporting the annexation, you may withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) within 30 days after (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) receives notice that the petition has been certified.

There will be no public election on the proposed annexation because Utah law does not provide for an annexation to be approved by voters at a public election. Signing or not signing the annexation petition is the method under Utah law for the owners of property within the area proposed for annexation to demonstrate their support of or opposition to the proposed annexation.

You may obtain more information on the proposed annexation by contacting (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the official or employee of the

proposed annexing municipality designated to respond to questions about the proposed annexation), (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the county official or employee designated to respond to questions about the proposed annexation), or (state the name, mailing address, telephone number, and email address of the person who filed the notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), or, if more than one person filed the notice of intent, one of those persons). Once filed, the annexation petition will be available for inspection and copying at the office of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality) located at (state the address of the municipal offices of the proposed annexing municipality)."; and

- (C) be accompanied by an accurate map identifying the area proposed for annexation.
- (iv) A county may not mail with the notice required under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) any other information or materials related or unrelated to the proposed annexation.
- (c) (i) After receiving the certificate from the county as provided in Subsection (2)(b)(i)(B), the proposed annexing municipality shall, upon request from the person or persons who filed the notice of intent under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), provide an annexation petition for the annexation proposed in the notice of intent.
- (ii) An annexation petition provided by the proposed annexing municipality may be duplicated for circulation for signatures.
 - (3) Each petition under Subsection (1) shall:

- (a) be filed with the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, of the proposed annexing municipality;
- (b) contain the signatures of [: (i)], if all the real property within the area proposed for annexation is owned by a public entity other than the federal government, the owners of all the publicly owned real property, or the owners of private real property that:
 - [(A)] (i) is located within the area proposed for annexation;
- [(B) (I)] (ii) (A) subject to Subsection (3)(b)[(i)(B)(II)](ii)(C), covers a majority of the private land area within the area proposed for annexation; [and]
- (B) covers 100% of rural real property as that term is defined in Section 17B-2a-1107

534	within the area proposed for annexation; and
535	[(H)] (C) covers 100% of the private land area within the area proposed for annexation,
536	if the area is within[: (Aa)] an agriculture protection area created under Title 17, Chapter 41,
537	Agriculture and Industrial Protection Areas[; or (Bb)], or a migratory bird production area
538	created under Title 23, Chapter 28, Migratory Bird Production Area; and
539	[(C)] (iii) is equal in value to at least 1/3 of the value of all private real property within
540	the area proposed for annexation; [or]
541	[(ii) if all the real property within the area proposed for annexation is owned by a
542	public entity other than the federal government, the owner of all the publicly owned real
543	property;]
544	[(c) if the petition proposes the annexation of an area located within a township,
545	explain that if the annexation petition is granted, the area will also be withdrawn from the
546	township;]
547	[(d)] (c) be accompanied by:
548	(i) an accurate and recordable map, prepared by a licensed surveyor, of the area
549	proposed for annexation; and
550	(ii) a copy of the notice sent to affected entities as required under Subsection
551	(2)(a)(i)(B) and a list of the affected entities to which notice was sent;
552	[(e)] (d) if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a county of the first class,
553	contain on each signature page a notice in bold and conspicuous terms that states substantially
554	the following:
555	"Notice:
556	• There will be no public election on the annexation proposed by this petition because
557	Utah law does not provide for an annexation to be approved by voters at a public election.
558	• If you sign this petition and later decide that you do not support the petition, you may
559	withdraw your signature by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk
560	of (state the name of the proposed annexing municipality). If you choose to withdraw your
561	signature, you shall do so no later than 30 days after (state the name of the proposed annexing

municipality) receives notice that the petition has been certified.";

[(f)] (e) if the petition proposes the annexation of an area located in a county that is not the county in which the proposed annexing municipality is located, be accompanied by a copy of the resolution, required under Subsection 10-2-402(6), of the legislative body of the county in which the area is located; and

- [(g)] (f) designate up to five of the signers of the petition as sponsors, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, and indicate the mailing address of each sponsor.
- (4) A petition under Subsection (1) may not propose the annexation of all or part of an area proposed for annexation to a municipality in a previously filed petition that has not been denied, rejected, or granted.
- (5) A petition under Subsection (1) proposing the annexation of an area located in a county of the first class may not propose the annexation of an area that includes some or all of an area proposed to be incorporated in a request for a feasibility study under Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> or a petition under Section [10-2-125] <u>10-2a-302</u> if:
 - (a) the request or petition was filed before the filing of the annexation petition; and
- (b) the request, a petition under Section [10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208</u> based on that request, or a petition under Section [10-2-125] <u>10-2a-302</u> is still pending on the date the annexation petition is filed.
- (6) If practicable and feasible, the boundaries of an area proposed for annexation shall be drawn:
- (a) along the boundaries of existing local districts and special service districts for sewer, water, and other services, along the boundaries of school districts whose boundaries follow city boundaries or school districts adjacent to school districts whose boundaries follow city boundaries, and along the boundaries of other taxing entities;
- (b) to eliminate islands and peninsulas of territory that is not receiving municipal-type services;
 - (c) to facilitate the consolidation of overlapping functions of local government;
- (d) to promote the efficient delivery of services; and

590	(e) to encourage the equitable distribution of community resources and obligations.
591	(7) On the date of filing, the petition sponsors shall deliver or mail a copy of the
592	petition to[: (a)] the clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located[;
593	and].
594	[(b) if any of the area proposed for annexation is within a township:]
595	[(i) the legislative body of the county in which the township is located; and]
596	[(ii) the chair of the township planning commission.]
597	(8) A property owner who signs an annexation petition proposing to annex an area
598	located in a county of the first class may withdraw the owner's signature by filing a written
599	withdrawal, signed by the property owner, with the city recorder or town clerk no later than 30
600	days after the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of certification under
601	Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i).
602	Section 8. Section 10-2-405 is amended to read:
603	10-2-405. Acceptance or denial of an annexation petition Petition certification
604	process Modified petition.
605	(1) (a) (i) A municipal legislative body may:
606	(A) subject to Subsection (1)(a)(ii), deny a petition filed under Section 10-2-403; or
607	(B) accept the petition for further consideration under this part.
608	(ii) A petition shall be considered to have been accepted for further consideration under
609	this part if a municipal legislative body fails to act to deny or accept the petition under
610	Subsection (1)(a)(i):
611	(A) in the case of a city of the first or second class, within 14 days after the filing of the
612	petition; or
613	(B) in the case of a city of the third, fourth, or fifth class [or], a town, or a metro
614	township, at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the municipal legislative body that is at
615	least 14 days after the date the petition was filed.
616	(b) If a municipal legislative body denies a petition under Subsection (1)(a)(i), it shall,
617	within five days after the denial, mail written notice of the denial to:

618	(i) the contact sponsor; <u>and</u>
619	(ii) the clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located[; and].
620	[(iii) if any of the area proposed for annexation is within a township:]
621	[(A) the legislative body of the county in which the township is located; and]
622	[(B) the chair of the planning commission.]
623	(2) If the municipal legislative body accepts a petition under Subsection (1)(a)(i) or is
624	considered to have accepted the petition under Subsection (1)(a)(ii), the city recorder or town
625	clerk, as the case may be, shall, within 30 days after that acceptance:
626	(a) obtain from the assessor, clerk, surveyor, and recorder of the county in which the
627	area proposed for annexation is located the records the city recorder or town clerk needs to
628	determine whether the petition meets the requirements of Subsections 10-2-403(3), (4), and (5)
629	(b) with the assistance of the municipal attorney, determine whether the petition meets
630	the requirements of Subsections 10-2-403(3), (4), and (5); and
631	(c) (i) if the city recorder or town clerk determines that the petition meets those
632	requirements, certify the petition and mail or deliver written notification of the certification to
633	the municipal legislative body, the contact sponsor, and the county legislative body[, and the
634	chair of the planning commission of each township in which any part of the area proposed for
635	annexation is located]; or
636	(ii) if the city recorder or town clerk determines that the petition fails to meet any of
637	those requirements, reject the petition and mail or deliver written notification of the rejection
638	and the reasons for the rejection to the municipal legislative body, the contact sponsor, and the
639	county legislative body[, and the chair of the planning commission of each township in which
640	any part of the area proposed for annexation is located].
641	(3) (a) (i) If the city recorder or town clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (2)(c)(ii)
642	the petition may be modified to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then
643	refiled with the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be.
644	(ii) A signature on an annexation petition filed under Section 10-2-403 may be used
645	toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection 10-2-403(2)(b) for the petition as

646	modified under Subsection (3)(a)(1).
647	(b) If a petition is refiled under Subsection (3)(a) after having been rejected by the city
648	recorder or town clerk under Subsection (2)(c)(ii), the refiled petition shall be treated as a
649	newly filed petition under Subsection 10-2-403(1).
650	(4) Each county assessor, clerk, surveyor, and recorder shall provide copies of records
651	that a city recorder or town clerk requests under Subsection (2)(a).
652	Section 9. Section 10-2-407 is amended to read:
653	10-2-407. Protest to annexation petition Planning advisory area planning
654	commission recommendation Petition requirements Disposition of petition if no
655	protest filed.
656	(1) [(a)] A protest to an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 may be filed by:
657	[(i)] (a) the legislative body or governing board of an affected entity; [or]
658	(b) the owner of rural real property as defined in Section 17B-2a-1107; or
659	[(ii)] (c) for a proposed annexation of an area within a county of the first class, the
660	owners of private real property that:
661	[(A)] (i) is located in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for
662	annexation;
663	[(B)] (ii) covers at least 25% of the private land area located in the unincorporated area
664	within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation; and
665	[(C)] <u>(iii)</u> is equal in value to at least 15% of all real property located in the
666	unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation.
667	[(b) (i) A planning commission of a township located in a county of the first class may
668	recommend to the legislative body of the county in which the township is located that the
669	county legislative body file a protest against a proposed annexation under this part of an area
670	located within the township.]
671	[(ii) (A) The township planning commission shall communicate each recommendation
672	under Subsection (1)(b)(i) in writing to the county legislative body within 30 days after the city
673	recorder or town clerk's certification of the annexation petition under Subsection 10-2-405(2)

674	(c)(i).]
675	[(B) At the time the recommendation is communicated to the county legislative body
676	under Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A), the township planning commission shall mail or deliver a copy
677	of the recommendation to the legislative body of the proposed annexing municipality and to the
678	contact sponsor.]
679	(2) (a) Each protest under Subsection (1)[(a)] shall:
680	(i) be filed:
681	(A) no later than 30 days after the municipal legislative body's receipt of the notice of
682	certification under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i); and
683	(B) (I) in a county that has already created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with
684	the commission; or
685	(II) in a county that has not yet created a commission under Section 10-2-409, with the
686	clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located;
687	(ii) state each reason for the protest of the annexation petition and, if the area proposed
688	to be annexed is located in a specified county, justification for the protest under the standards
689	established in this chapter;
690	(iii) if the area proposed to be annexed is located in a specified county, contain other
691	information that the commission by rule requires or that the party filing the protest considers
692	pertinent; and
693	(iv) contain the name and address of a contact person who is to receive notices sent by
694	the commission with respect to the protest proceedings.
695	(b) The party filing a protest under this section shall on the same date deliver or mail a
696	copy of the protest to the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality.
697	(c) Each clerk who receives a protest under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B)(II) shall:
698	(i) immediately notify the county legislative body of the protest; and
699	(ii) deliver the protest to the boundary commission within five days after:

(A) receipt of the protest, if the boundary commission has previously been created; or

(B) creation of the boundary commission under Subsection 10-2-409(1)(b), if the

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702	boundary commission has not previously been created.
703	[(d) Each protest of a proposed annexation of an area located in a county of the first
704	class under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) shall, in addition to the requirements of Subsections (2)(a) and
705	(b):]
706	[(i) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
707	signing the protest; and]
708	[(ii) designate one of the signers of the protest as the contact person and state the
709	mailing address of the contact person.]
710	(3) (a) (i) If a protest is filed under this section:
711	(A) the municipal legislative body may, at its next regular meeting after expiration of
712	the deadline under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A), deny the annexation petition; or
713	(B) if the municipal legislative body does not deny the annexation petition under
714	Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), the municipal legislative body may take no further action on the
715	annexation petition until after receipt of the commission's notice of its decision on the protest
716	under Section 10-2-416.
717	(ii) If a municipal legislative body denies an annexation petition under Subsection
718	(3)(a)(i)(A), the municipal legislative body shall, within five days after the denial, send notice
719	of the denial in writing to:
720	(A) the contact sponsor of the annexation petition;
721	(B) the commission; and
722	(C) each entity that filed a protest[;].
723	[(D) if a protest was filed under Subsection (1)(a)(ii) for a proposed annexation of an
724	area located in a county of the first class, the contact person; and]
725	[(E) if any of the area proposed for annexation is within a township, the legislative
726	body of the county in which the township is located.]
727	(b) (i) If no timely protest is filed under this section, the municipal legislative body
728	may, subject to Subsection (3)(b)(ii), approve the petition.

(ii) Before approving an annexation petition under Subsection (3)(b)(i), the municipal

730	legislative body shall:
731	(A) hold a public hearing; and
732	(B) at least seven days before the public hearing under Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(A):
733	(I) (Aa) publish notice of the hearing in a newspaper of general circulation within the
734	municipality and the area proposed for annexation; or
735	(Bb) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in those areas, post written notices
736	of the hearing in conspicuous places within those areas that are most likely to give notice to
737	residents within those areas; and
738	(II) publish notice of the hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section
739	63F-1-701.
740	[(iii) Within 10 days after approving an annexation under Subsection (3)(b)(i) of an
741	area that is partly or entirely within a township, the municipal legislative body shall send notice
742	of the approval to the legislative body of the county in which the township is located.]
743	Section 10. Section 10-2-408 is amended to read:
744	10-2-408. Denying or approving the annexation petition Notice of approval.
745	(1) After receipt of the commission's decision on a protest under Subsection
746	10-2-416(2), a municipal legislative body may:
747	(a) deny the annexation petition; or
748	(b) <u>subject to Subsection (2)</u> , if the commission approves the annexation, approve the
749	annexation petition consistent with the commission's decision.
750	(2) A municipal legislative body shall exclude rural real property, as that term is
751	defined in Section 17B-2a-1107, unless the owner of the rural real property gives written
752	consent to include the rural real property.
753	[(2) Within 10 days after approving an annexation under Subsection (1)(b) of an area
754	that is partly or entirely within a township, the municipal legislative body shall send notice of
755	the approval to the legislative body of the county in which the township is located.]
756	Section 11 Section 10.2 411 is amonded to made
	Section 11. Section 10-2-411 is amended to read:

758 (1) A member of the boundary commission is disqualified with respect to a protest 759 before the commission if that member owns property: 760 (a) for a proposed annexation of an area located within a county of the first class: 761 (i) within the area proposed for annexation in a petition that is the subject of the 762 protest; or 763 (ii) that is in the unincorporated area within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for 764 annexation in a petition that is the subject of a protest under Subsection $10-2-407(1)[\frac{(a)(ii)}{(a)}](c)$; 765 or 766 (b) for a proposed annexation of an area located in a specified county, within the area 767 proposed for annexation. 768 (2) If a member is disgualified under Subsection (1), the body that appointed the 769 disqualified member shall appoint an alternate member to serve on the commission for 770 purposes of the protest as to which the member is disqualified. 771 Section 12. Section **10-2-413** is amended to read: 772 10-2-413. Feasibility consultant -- Feasibility study -- Modifications to feasibility 773 study. 774 (1) (a) For a proposed annexation of an area located in a county of the first class, unless a proposed annexing municipality denies an annexation petition under Subsection 775 10-2-407(3)(a)(i)(A) and except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), the commission shall choose 776 777 and engage a feasibility consultant within 45 days of: 778 (i) the commission's receipt of a protest under Section 10-2-407, if the commission had 779 been created before the filing of the protest; or 780 (ii) the commission's creation, if the commission is created after the filing of a protest. 781 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), the commission may not require a feasibility 782 study with respect to a petition that proposes the annexation of an area that: 783 (i) is undeveloped; and 784 (ii) covers an area that is equivalent to less than 5% of the total land mass of all private

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real property within the municipality.

(2) The commission shall require the feasibility consultant to:

- (a) complete a feasibility study on the proposed annexation and submit written results of the study to the commission no later than 75 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the study;
- (b) submit with the full written results of the feasibility study a summary of the results no longer than a page in length; and
- (c) attend the public hearing under Subsection 10-2-415(1) and present the feasibility study results and respond to questions at that hearing.
 - (3) (a) Subject to Subsection (4), the feasibility study shall consider:
- (i) the population and population density within the area proposed for annexation, the surrounding unincorporated area, and, if a protest was filed by a municipality with boundaries within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation, that municipality;
- (ii) the geography, geology, and topography of and natural boundaries within the area proposed for annexation, the surrounding unincorporated area, and, if a protest was filed by a municipality with boundaries within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation, that municipality;
- (iii) whether the proposed annexation eliminates, leaves, or creates an unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula;
- (iv) whether the proposed annexation will hinder or prevent a future and more logical and beneficial annexation or a future logical and beneficial incorporation;
- (v) the fiscal impact of the proposed annexation on the remaining unincorporated area, other municipalities, local districts, special service districts, school districts, and other governmental entities;
- (vi) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the area proposed for annexation and surrounding unincorporated area, including household size and income, commercial and industrial development, and public facilities;
- (vii) projected growth in the area proposed for annexation and the surrounding unincorporated area during the next five years;

(viii) the present and five-year projections of the cost of governmental services in the area proposed for annexation;

- (ix) the present and five-year projected revenue to the proposed annexing municipality from the area proposed for annexation;
- (x) the projected impact the annexation will have over the following five years on the amount of taxes that property owners within the area proposed for annexation, the proposed annexing municipality, and the remaining unincorporated county will pay;
- (xi) past expansion in terms of population and construction in the area proposed for annexation and the surrounding unincorporated area;
- (xii) the extension during the past 10 years of the boundaries of each other municipality near the area proposed for annexation, the willingness of the other municipality to annex the area proposed for annexation, and the probability that another municipality would annex some or all of the area proposed for annexation during the next five years if the annexation did not occur;
- (xiii) the history, culture, and social aspects of the area proposed for annexation and surrounding area;
- (xiv) the method of providing and the entity that has provided municipal-type services in the past to the area proposed for incorporation and the feasibility of municipal-type services being provided by the proposed annexing municipality; and
- (xv) the effect on each school district whose boundaries include part or all of the area proposed for annexation or the proposed annexing municipality.
- (b) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(ix), the feasibility consultant shall assume ad valorem property tax rates on residential property within the area proposed for annexation at the same level that residential property within the proposed annexing municipality would be without the annexation.
- (c) For purposes of Subsection (3)(a)(viii), the feasibility consultant shall assume that the level and quality of governmental services that will be provided to the area proposed for annexation in the future is essentially comparable to the level and quality of governmental

842 services being provided within the proposed annexing municipality at the time of the feasibility 843 study. 844 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the commission may modify the depth 845 of study of and detail given to the items listed in Subsection (3)(a) by the feasibility consultant in conducting the feasibility study depending upon: 846 847 (i) the size of the area proposed for annexation; 848 (ii) the size of the proposed annexing municipality; 849 (iii) the extent to which the area proposed for annexation is developed; 850 (iv) the degree to which the area proposed for annexation is expected to develop and 851 the type of development expected; and (v) the number and type of protests filed against the proposed annexation. 852 853 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), the commission may not modify the 854 requirement that the feasibility consultant provide a full and complete analysis of the items 855 listed in Subsections (3)(a)(viii), (ix), and (xv). 856 (5) If the results of the feasibility study do not meet the requirements of Subsection 857 10-2-416(3), the feasibility consultant may, as part of the feasibility study, make 858 recommendations as to how the boundaries of the area proposed for annexation may be altered 859 so that the requirements of Subsection 10-2-416(3) may be met. 860 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the feasibility consultant fees and

- (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the feasibility consultant fees and expenses shall be shared equally by the proposed annexing municipality and each entity or group under Subsection 10-2-407(1) that files a protest.
- (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), if a protest is filed by property owners under Subsection 10-2-407(1)[(a)(ii)](c), the county in which the area proposed for annexation shall pay the owners' share of the feasibility consultant's fees and expenses.
- (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b)(i), if both the county and the property owners file a protest, the county and the proposed annexing municipality shall equally share the property owners' share of the feasibility consultant's fees and expenses.
 - Section 13. Section 10-2-414 is amended to read:

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10-2-414. Modified annexation petition -- Supplemental feasibility study.

(1) (a) (i) If the results of the feasibility study with respect to a proposed annexation of an area located in a county of the first class do not meet the requirements of Subsection 10-2-416(3), the sponsors of the annexation petition may, within 45 days of the feasibility consultant's submission of the results of the study, file with the city recorder or town clerk of the proposed annexing municipality a modified annexation petition altering the boundaries of the proposed annexation.

- (ii) On the date of filing a modified annexation petition under Subsection (1)(a)(i), the sponsors of the annexation petition shall deliver or mail a copy of the modified annexation petition to the clerk of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located.
- (b) Each modified annexation petition under Subsection (1)(a) shall comply with the requirements of Subsections 10-2-403(3), (4), and (5).
- (2) (a) Within 20 days of the city recorder or town clerk's receipt of the modified annexation petition, the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, shall follow the same procedure for the modified annexation petition as provided under Subsections 10-2-405(2) and (3)(a) for an original annexation petition.
- (b) If the city recorder or town clerk certifies the modified annexation petition under Subsection 10-2-405(2)(c)(i), the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, shall send written notice of the certification to:
 - (i) the commission;

- (ii) each entity that filed a protest to the annexation petition; and
- (iii) if a protest was filed under Subsection 10-2-407(1)[(a)(ii)](c), the contact person.
- (c) (i) If the modified annexation petition proposes the annexation of an area that includes part or all of a local district, special service district, or school district that was not included in the area proposed for annexation in the original petition, the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, shall also send notice of the certification of the modified annexation petition to the board of the local district, special service district, or school district.
 - (ii) If the area proposed for annexation in the modified annexation petition is within

1/2 mile of the boundaries of a municipality whose boundaries were not within 1/2 mile of the area proposed for annexation in the original annexation petition, the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, shall also send notice of the certification of the modified annexation petition to the legislative body of that municipality.

- (3) Within 10 days of the commission's receipt of the notice under Subsection (2)(b), the commission shall engage the feasibility consultant that conducted the feasibility study to supplement the feasibility study to take into account the information in the modified annexation petition that was not included in the original annexation petition.
- (4) The commission shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the supplemental feasibility study and to submit written results of the supplemental study to the commission no later than 30 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the supplemental feasibility study.
 - Section 14. Section 10-2-415 is amended to read:
- **10-2-415. Public hearing -- Notice.**

- (1) (a) (i) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet the requirements of Subsection 10-2-416(3) with respect to a proposed annexation of an area located in a county of the first class, the commission shall hold a public hearing within 30 days of receipt of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study results.
 - (ii) At the hearing under Subsection (1)(a)(i), the commission shall:
- (A) require the feasibility consultant to present the results of the feasibility study and, if applicable, the supplemental feasibility study;
- (B) allow those present to ask questions of the feasibility consultant regarding the study results; and
 - (C) allow those present to speak to the issue of annexation.
- 922 (iii) (A) The commission shall:
 - (I) publish notice of each hearing under Subsection (1)(a)(i):
- 924 (Aa) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general 925 circulation within the area proposed for annexation, the surrounding 1/2 mile of unincorporated

area, and the proposed annexing municipality; and

(Bb) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for two weeks; and

- (II) send written notice of the hearing to the municipal legislative body of the proposed annexing municipality, the contact sponsor on the annexation petition, each entity that filed a protest, and, if a protest was filed under Subsection 10-2-407(1)[(a)(ii)](c), the contact person.
- (B) In accordance with Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A)(I)(Aa), if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the areas described in Subsection (1)(a)(iii)(A)(I)(Aa), the commission shall give the notice required under that subsection by posting notices, at least seven days before the hearing, in conspicuous places within those areas that are most likely to give notice of the hearing to the residents of those areas.
- (C) The notice under Subsections (1)(a)(iii)(A) and (B) shall include the feasibility study summary under Subsection 10-2-413(2)(b) and shall indicate that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the office of the commission.
- (b) (i) Within 30 days after the time under Subsection 10-2-407(2) for filing a protest has expired with respect to a proposed annexation of an area located in a specified county, the boundary commission shall hold a hearing on all protests that were filed with respect to the proposed annexation.
- (ii) (A) At least 14 days before the date of each hearing under Subsection (1)(b)(i), the commission chair shall cause notice of the hearing to be published in a newspaper of general circulation within the area proposed for annexation.
 - (B) Each notice under Subsection (1)(b)(ii)(A) shall:
 - (I) state the date, time, and place of the hearing;
 - (II) briefly summarize the nature of the protest; and
 - (III) state that a copy of the protest is on file at the commission's office.
- (iii) The commission may continue a hearing under Subsection (1)(b)(i) from time to time, but no continued hearing may be held later than 60 days after the original hearing date.
- (iv) In considering protests, the commission shall consider whether the proposed

954	annexation:
955	(A) complies with the requirements of Sections 10-2-402 and 10-2-403 and the
956	annexation policy plan of the proposed annexing municipality;
957	(B) conflicts with the annexation policy plan of another municipality; and
958	(C) if the proposed annexation includes urban development, will have an adverse tax
959	consequence on the remaining unincorporated area of the county.
960	(2) (a) The commission shall record each hearing under this section by electronic
961	means.
962	(b) A transcription of the recording under Subsection (2)(a), the feasibility study, if
963	applicable, information received at the hearing, and the written decision of the commission
964	shall constitute the record of the hearing.
965	Section 15. Section 10-2-416 is amended to read:
966	10-2-416. Commission decision Time limit Limitation on approval of
967	annexation.
968	(1) Subject to Subsection (3), after the public hearing under Subsection 10-2-415(1) the
969	boundary commission may:
970	(a) approve the proposed annexation, either with or without conditions;
971	(b) make minor modifications to the proposed annexation and approve it, either with or
972	without conditions; or
973	(c) disapprove the proposed annexation.
974	(2) The commission shall issue a written decision on the proposed annexation within
975	30 days after the conclusion of the hearing under Section 10-2-415 and shall send a copy of the
976	decision to:
977	(a) the legislative body of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is
978	located;
979	(b) the legislative body of the proposed annexing municipality;
980	(c) the contact person on the annexation petition;

(d) the contact person of each entity that filed a protest; and

982	(e) if a protest was filed under Subsection 10-2-407(1)[(a)(ii)](c) with respect to a
983	proposed annexation of an area located in a county of the first class, the contact person
984	designated in the protest.
985	(3) Except for an annexation for which a feasibility study may not be required under
986	Subsection 10-2-413(1)(b), the commission may not approve a proposed annexation of an area
987	located within a county of the first class unless the results of the feasibility study under Section
988	10-2-413 show that the average annual amount under Subsection 10-2-413(3)(a)(ix) does not
989	exceed the average annual amount under Subsection 10-2-413(3)(a)(viii) by more than 5%.
990	Section 16. Section 10-2-418 is amended to read:
991	10-2-418. Annexation of an island or peninsula without a petition Notice
992	Hearing.
993	(1) For purposes of an annexation conducted in accordance with this section of an area
994	located within a county of the first class, "municipal-type services" for purposes of Subsection
995	(2)(a)(ii)(B) does not include a service provided by a municipality pursuant to a contract that
996	the municipality has with another political subdivision as "political subdivision" is defined in
997	Section 17B-1-102.
998	$[\frac{(1)}{2}]$ (a) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(2), a municipality may annex an
999	unincorporated area under this section without an annexation petition if:
1000	(i) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within or
1001	unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality;
1002	(B) the majority of each island or peninsula consists of residential or commercial
1003	development;
1004	(C) the area proposed for annexation requires the delivery of municipal-type services;
1005	and
1006	(D) the municipality has provided most or all of the municipal-type services to the area
1007	for more than one year;
1008	(ii) (A) the area to be annexed consists of one or more unincorporated islands within or
1009	unincorporated peninsulas contiguous to the municipality, each of which has fewer than 800

1010	residents; and
1011	(B) the municipality has provided one or more municipal-type services to the area for
1012	at least one year; or
1013	(iii) (A) the area consists of:
1014	(I) an unincorporated island within or an unincorporated peninsula contiguous to the
1015	municipality; and
1016	(II) for an area outside of the county of the first class proposed for annexation, no more
1017	than 50 acres; and
1018	(B) the county in which the area is located, subject to Subsection (3)(b), and the
1019	municipality agree that the area should be included within the municipality.
1020	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection 10-2-402(1)(b)(iii), a municipality may annex a
1021	portion of an unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula under this section, leaving
1022	unincorporated the remainder of the unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula, if:
1023	(i) in adopting the resolution under Subsection $[(2)]$ (4) (a)(i), the municipal legislative
1024	body determines that not annexing the entire unincorporated island or unincorporated peninsula
1025	is in the municipality's best interest; and
1026	(ii) for an annexation of one or more unincorporated islands under Subsection $[\frac{1}{2}]$
1027	(2)(a)(ii), the entire island of unincorporated area, of which a portion is being annexed,
1028	complies with the requirement of Subsection $[(1)]$ (2) (a)(ii)(A) relating to the number of
1029	residents.
1030	(3) (a) This Subsection (3) applies only to an annexation within a county of the first
1031	<u>class.</u>
1032	(b) A county of the first class shall agree to the annexation if the majority of private
1033	property owners within the area to be annexed has indicated in writing, subject to Subsection
1034	(3)(d), to the city or town recorder of the annexing city or town the private property owners'
1035	consent to be annexed into the municipality.
1036	(c) For purposes of Subsection (3)(b), the majority of private property owners is

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property owners who own:

1038	(i) the majority of the total private land area within the area proposed for annexation;
1039	<u>and</u>
1040	(ii) private real property equal to at least one half the value of private real property
1041	within the area proposed for annexation.
1042	(d) (i) A property owner consenting to annexation shall indicate the property owner's
1043	consent on a form which includes language in substantially the following form:
1044	"Notice: If this written consent is used to proceed with an annexation of your property
1045	in accordance with Utah Code Section 10-2-418, no public election is required by law to
1046	approve the annexation. If you sign this consent and later decide you do not want to support
1047	the annexation of your property, you may withdraw your signature by submitting a signed,
1048	written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk of [name of annexing municipality]. If you
1049	choose to withdraw your signature, you must do so no later than the close of the public hearing
1050	on the annexation conducted in accordance with Utah Code Subsection 10-2-418(4)(a)(iv).".
1051	(e) A private property owner may withdraw the property owner's signature indicating
1052	consent by submitting a signed, written withdrawal with the recorder or clerk no later than the
1053	close of the public hearing held in accordance with Subsection (4)(a)(iv).
1054	[(2)] (4) (a) The legislative body of each municipality intending to annex an area under
1055	this section shall:
1056	(i) adopt a resolution indicating the municipal legislative body's intent to annex the
1057	area, describing the area proposed to be annexed;
1058	(ii) publish notice:
1059	(A) (I) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
1060	circulation within the municipality and the area proposed for annexation; or
1061	(II) if there is no newspaper of general circulation in the areas described in Subsection
1062	[(2)] (4)(a)(ii)(A), post at least one notice per 1,000 population in places within those areas that
1063	are most likely to give notice to the residents of those areas; and
1064	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three weeks;
1065	(iii) send written notice to the board of each local district and special service district

whose boundaries contain some or all of the area proposed for annexation and to the legislative body of the county in which the area proposed for annexation is located; and

- (iv) hold a public hearing on the proposed annexation no earlier than 30 days after the adoption of the resolution under Subsection [(2)] (4)(a)(i).
 - (b) Each notice under Subsections [(2)] (4)(a)(ii) and (iii) shall:
- (i) state that the municipal legislative body has adopted a resolution indicating its intent to annex the area proposed for annexation;
- 1073 (ii) state the date, time, and place of the public hearing under Subsection [(2)] 1074 (4)(a)(iv);
 - (iii) describe the area proposed for annexation; and

- (iv) except for an annexation that meets the property owner consent requirements of Subsection [(3)] (5)(b), state in conspicuous and plain terms that the municipal legislative body will annex the area unless, at or before the public hearing under Subsection [(2)] (4)(a)(iv), written protests to the annexation are filed by the owners of private real property that:
 - (A) is located within the area proposed for annexation;
- (B) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for annexation; and
- (C) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the entire area proposed for annexation.
- (c) The first publication of the notice required under Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{4}]$ (4)(a)(ii)(A) shall be within 14 days of the municipal legislative body's adoption of a resolution under Subsection $[\frac{(2)}{4}]$ (4)(a)(i).
- [(3)] (5) (a) Upon conclusion of the public hearing under Subsection [(2)] (4)(a)(iv), the municipal legislative body may adopt an ordinance approving the annexation of the area proposed for annexation under this section unless, at or before the hearing, written protests to the annexation have been filed with the city recorder or town clerk, as the case may be, by the owners of private real property that:
 - (i) is located within the area proposed for annexation;

1094 (ii) covers a majority of the total private land area within the entire area proposed for 1095 annexation; and 1096 (iii) is equal in value to at least 1/2 the value of all private real property within the 1097 entire area proposed for annexation. (b) (i) Upon conclusion of the public hearing under Subsection [(2)] (4)(a)(iv), a 1098 municipality may adopt an ordinance approving the annexation of the area proposed for 1099 1100 annexation under this section without allowing or considering protests under Subsection [(3)] 1101 (5)(a) if the owners of at least 75% of the total private land area within the entire area proposed 1102 for annexation, representing at least 75% of the value of the private real property within the 1103 entire area proposed for annexation, have consented in writing to the annexation. 1104 (ii) Upon the effective date under Section 10-2-425 of an annexation approved by an 1105 ordinance adopted under Subsection [(3)] (5)(b)(i), the area annexed shall be conclusively 1106 presumed to be validly annexed. 1107 $\left[\frac{(4)}{(4)}\right]$ (6) (a) If protests are timely filed that comply with Subsection $\left[\frac{(3)}{(3)}\right]$ (5), the 1108 municipal legislative body may not adopt an ordinance approving the annexation of the area 1109 proposed for annexation, and the annexation proceedings under this section shall be considered terminated. 1110 1111 (b) Subsection [(4)] (6)(a) may not be construed to prohibit the municipal legislative 1112 body from excluding from a proposed annexation under Subsection [(1)] (2)(a)(ii) the property 1113 within an unincorporated island regarding which protests have been filed and proceeding under Subsection [(1)] (2)(b) to annex some or all of the remaining portion of the unincorporated 1114 1115 island. 1116 Section 17. Section 10-2-425 is amended to read: 1117 10-2-425. Filing of notice and plat -- Recording and notice requirements --

Effective date of annexation or boundary adjustment.

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(1) The legislative body of each municipality that enacts an ordinance under this part approving the annexation of an unincorporated area or the adjustment of a boundary, or the legislative body of an eligible city, as defined in Section 10-2a-403, that annexes an

1122	unincorporated island upon the results of an election held in accordance with Section
1123	<u>10-2a-404</u> , shall:
1124	(a) within 30 days after enacting the ordinance or the day of the election or, in the case
1125	of a boundary adjustment, within 30 days after each of the municipalities involved in the
1126	boundary adjustment has enacted an ordinance, file with the lieutenant governor:
1127	(i) a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5, that
1128	meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
1129	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
1130	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of annexation or boundary
1131	adjustment, as the case may be, under Section 67-1a-6.5:
1132	(i) (A) if the annexed area or area subject to the boundary adjustment is located within
1133	the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder of that county:
1134	(I) the original:
1135	(Aa) notice of an impending boundary action;
1136	(Bb) certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment; and
1137	(Cc) approved final local entity plat; and
1138	(II) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation or boundary adjustment
1139	or
1140	(B) if the annexed area or area subject to the boundary adjustment is located within the
1141	boundaries of more than a single county:
1142	(I) submit to the recorder of one of those counties:
1143	(Aa) the original of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb), and
1144	(Cc); and
1145	(Bb) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation or boundary
1146	adjustment; and
1147	(II) submit to the recorder of each other county:
1148	(Aa) a certified copy of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A)(I)(Aa), (Bb),
1149	and (Cc); and

1150	(Bb) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation or boundary
1151	adjustment;
1152	(ii) send notice of the annexation or boundary adjustment to each affected entity; and
1153	(iii) in accordance with Section 26-8a-414, file with the Department of Health:
1154	(A) a certified copy of the ordinance approving the annexation of an unincorporated
1155	area or the adjustment of a boundary; and
1156	(B) a copy of the approved final local entity plat.
1157	(2) If an annexation or boundary adjustment under this part or Part 4, Incorporation of
1158	Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May
1159	12, 2015, also causes an automatic annexation to a local district under Section 17B-1-416 or ar
1160	automatic withdrawal from a local district under Subsection 17B-1-502(2), the municipal
1161	legislative body shall, as soon as practicable after the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
1162	annexation or boundary adjustment under Section 67-1a-6.5, send notice of the annexation or
1163	boundary adjustment to the local district to which the annexed area is automatically annexed or
1164	from which the annexed area is automatically withdrawn.
1165	(3) Each notice required under Subsection (1) relating to an annexation or boundary
1166	adjustment shall state the effective date of the annexation or boundary adjustment, as
1167	determined under Subsection (4).
1168	(4) An annexation or boundary adjustment under this part is completed and takes
1169	effect:
1170	(a) for the annexation of or boundary adjustment affecting an area located in a county
1171	of the first class, except for an annexation under Section 10-2-418:
1172	(i) July 1 following the lieutenant governor's issuance under Section 67-1a-6.5 of a
1173	certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment if:
1174	(A) the certificate is issued during the preceding November 1 through April 30; and
1175	(B) the requirements of Subsection (1) are met before that July 1; or
1176	(ii) January 1 following the lieutenant governor's issuance under Section 67-1a-6.5 of a
1177	certificate of annexation or boundary adjustment if:

1178	(A) the certificate is issued during the preceding May 1 through October 31; and
1179	(B) the requirements of Subsection (1) are met before that January 1; and
1180	(b) <u>subject to Subsection (5)</u> , for all other annexations and boundary adjustments, the
1181	date of the lieutenant governor's issuance, under Section 67-1a-6.5, of a certificate of
1182	annexation or boundary adjustment.
1183	(5) If an annexation of an unincorporated island is based upon the results of an election
1184	held in accordance with Section 10-2a-404:
1185	(a) the county and the annexing municipality may agree to a date on which the
1186	annexation is complete and takes effect; and
1187	(b) the lieutenant governor shall issue, under Section 67-1a-6.5, a certification of
1188	annexation on the date agreed to under Subsection (5)(a).
1189	$\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ (a) As used in this Subsection $\left[\frac{(5)}{(6)}\right]$ (6):
1190	(i) "Affected area" means:
1191	(A) in the case of an annexation, the annexed area; and
1192	(B) in the case of a boundary adjustment, any area that, as a result of the boundary
1193	adjustment, is moved from within the boundary of one municipality to within the boundary of
1194	another municipality.
1195	(ii) "Annexing municipality" means:
1196	(A) in the case of an annexation, the municipality that annexes an unincorporated area;
1197	and
1198	(B) in the case of a boundary adjustment, a municipality whose boundary includes an
1199	affected area as a result of a boundary adjustment.
1200	(b) The effective date of an annexation or boundary adjustment for purposes of
1201	assessing property within an affected area is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
1202	(c) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) are recorded in the office of the
1203	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a municipality may not:
1204	(i) levy or collect a property tax on property within an affected area;
1205	(ii) levy or collect an assessment on property within an affected area; or

1206	(iii) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within an affected area,
1207	unless the municipality was charging and collecting the fee within that area immediately before
1208	annexation.
1209	Section 18. Section 10-2a-101 is enacted to read:
1210	CHAPTER 2a. MUNICIPAL INCORPORATION
1211	Part 1. General Provisions
1212	<u>10-2a-101.</u> Title.
1213	(1) This chapter is known as "Municipal Incorporation."
1214	(2) This part is known as "General Provisions."
1215	Section 19. Section 10-2a-102, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-101 is
1216	renumbered and amended to read:
1217	[10-2-101]. <u>10-2a-102.</u> Definitions.
1218	(1) As used in this part:
1219	(a) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:
1220	(i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government; and
1221	(ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to
1222	incorporate.
1223	(b) "Private," with respect to real property, means taxable property.
1224	(2) For purposes of this part:
1225	(a) the owner of real property shall be the record title owner according to the records of
1226	the county recorder on the date of the filing of the request or petition; and
1227	(b) the value of private real property shall be determined according to the last
1228	assessment roll for county taxes before the filing of the request or petition.
1229	(3) For purposes of each provision of this part that requires the owners of private real
1230	property covering a percentage or fraction of the total private land area within an area to sign a
1231	request or petition:
1232	(a) a parcel of real property may not be included in the calculation of the required
1233	percentage or fraction unless the request or petition is signed by:

1234	(i) except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), owners representing a majority
1235	ownership interest in that parcel; or
1236	(ii) if the parcel is owned by joint tenants or tenants by the entirety, 50% of the number
1237	of owners of that parcel;
1238	(b) the signature of a person signing a request or petition in a representative capacity on
1239	behalf of an owner is invalid unless:
1240	(i) the person's representative capacity and the name of the owner the person represents
1241	are indicated on the request or petition with the person's signature; and
1242	(ii) the person provides documentation accompanying the request or petition that
1243	substantiates the person's representative capacity; and
1244	(c) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a duly appointed personal representative may sign a
1245	request or petition on behalf of a deceased owner.
1246	Section 20. Section 10-2a-103, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-102 is
1247	renumbered and amended to read:
1248	$[\frac{10-2-102}{2}]$. <u>10-2a-103</u> . Incorporation of a contiguous area.
1249	[(1)] A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality may incorporate as a
1250	municipality as provided in this [part] chapter.
1251	[(2) (a) Incorporation as a city is governed by Sections 10-2-103 through 10-2-124.]
1252	[(b) Incorporation as a town is governed by Sections 10-2-125 through 10-2-129.]
1253	Section 21. Section 10-2a-104, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-118 is
1254	renumbered and amended to read:
1255	[10-2-118]. <u>10-2a-104.</u> Elections governed by the Election Code.
1256	Except as otherwise provided in this [part] chapter, each election under this [part]
1257	chapter shall be governed by the provisions of Title 20A, Election Code.
1258	Section 22. Section 10-2a-105, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-130 is
1259	renumbered and amended to read:
1260	[10-2-130]. <u>10-2a-105.</u> Suspension of township incorporation and annexation
1261	procedures on or after January 1, 2014 Exceptions.

1262	(1) As used in this section:
1263	(a) "Township incorporation procedure" means the following actions, the subject of
1264	which includes an area located in whole or in part in a township:
1265	(i) a request for incorporation described in Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> ;
1266	(ii) a feasibility study described in Section [10-2-106] <u>10-2a-205</u> ;
1267	(iii) a modified request and a supplemental feasibility study described in Section
1268	[10-2-107] <u>10-2a-206</u> ; or
1269	(iv) an incorporation petition described in Section $[\frac{10-2-109}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-208}$ that is not
1270	certified under Section [10-2-110] <u>10-2a-109</u> .
1271	(b) "Township annexation procedure" means one or more of the following actions, the
1272	subject of which includes an area located in whole or in part in a township:
1273	(i) a petition to annex described in Section 10-2-403;
1274	(ii) a feasibility study described in Section 10-2-413;
1275	(iii) a modified annexation petition or supplemental feasibility study described in
1276	Section 10-2-414;
1277	(iv) a boundary commission decision described in Section 10-2-416; or
1278	(v) any action described in Section 10-2-418 before the adoption of an ordinance to
1279	approve annexation under Subsection $10-2-418[\frac{(3)}{(3)}](5)(b)$.
1280	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4):
1281	(i) if a request for incorporation described in Section $[\frac{10-2-103}{2}]$ is filed
1282	with the clerk of the county on or after January 1, 2014, a township incorporation procedure
1283	that is the subject of or otherwise relates to that request is suspended until November 15, 2015;
1284	and
1285	(ii) if a petition to annex described in Section 10-2-403 is filed with the city recorder or
1286	town clerk on or after January 1, 2014, a township annexation procedure that is the subject of
1287	or otherwise relates to that petition is suspended until November 15, 2015.
1288	(b) (i) If a township incorporation procedure or township annexation procedure is

suspended under Subsection (2)(a), any applicable deadline or timeline is suspended before and

1290	on November 15, 2015.
1291	(ii) On November 16, 2015, the applicable deadline or timeline described in Subsection
1292	(2)(b)(i):
1293	(A) may proceed and the period of time during the suspension does not toll against that
1294	deadline or timeline; and
1295	(B) does not start over.
1296	(3) Subsection (2) does not apply to a township annexation procedure that:
1297	(a) includes any land area located in whole or in part in a township that is:
1298	(i) 50 acres or more; and
1299	(ii) primarily owned or controlled by a government entity; or
1300	(b) is the subject of or otherwise relates to a petition to annex that is filed in accordance
1301	with Subsection 10-2-403(3) before January 1, 2014.
1302	(4) (a) For an incorporation petition suspended in accordance with Subsection (2), the
1303	petition sponsors may continue to gather petition signatures and file them with the county clerk
1304	as provided in Section $[\frac{10-2-103}{2}]$ $\frac{10-2a-202}{2}$.
1305	(b) The county clerk shall process the petition in accordance with Section [10-2-105]
1306	10-2a-204 and may issue a certification or rejection of the petition as provided in Section
1307	$[\frac{10-2-105}{2}]$ $\frac{10-2a-204}{2}$.
1308	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of [Chapter 2, Incorporation, Classification,
1309	Boundaries, Consolidation, and Dissolution of Municipalities] this chapter, any further
1310	processing, including a feasibility study, public hearing, or an incorporation election, is
1311	suspended until November 15, 2015.
1312	Section 23. Section 10-2a-201 is enacted to read:
1313	Part 2. Incorporation of a City
1314	<u>10-2a-201.</u> Title.
1315	This part is known as "Incorporation of a City."
1316	Section 24. Section 10-2a-202, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-103 is
1317	renumbered and amended to read:

1318	[10-2-103]. <u>10-2a-202.</u> Request for feasibility study Requirements
1319	Limitations.
1320	(1) The process to incorporate a contiguous area of a county as a city is initiated by a
1321	request for a feasibility study filed with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
1322	(2) Each request under Subsection (1) shall:
1323	(a) be signed by the owners of private real property that:
1324	(i) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated;
1325	(ii) covers at least 10% of the total private land area within the area; and
1326	(iii) is equal in value to at least 7% of the value of all private real property within the
1327	area;
1328	(b) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
1329	signing the request;
1330	(c) describe the contiguous area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
1331	(d) designate up to five signers of the request as sponsors, one of whom shall be
1332	designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each;
1333	(e) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a
1334	licensed surveyor, showing the boundaries of the proposed city; and
1335	(f) request the county legislative body to commission a study to determine the
1336	feasibility of incorporating the area as a city.
1337	(3) A request for a feasibility study under this section may not propose for
1338	incorporation an area that includes some or all of an area that is the subject of a completed
1339	feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study whose results comply with Subsection
1340	[10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208</u> (3) unless:
1341	(a) the proposed incorporation that is the subject of the completed feasibility study or
1342	supplemental feasibility study has been defeated by the voters at an election under Section
1343	$\left[\frac{10-2-111}{10-2a-210}\right]$; or
1344	(b) the time provided under Subsection $[\frac{10-2-109}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-208}(1)$ for filing an
1345	incorporation petition based on the completed feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study

1346	has elapsed without the filing of a petition.
1347	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a request under this section may not
1348	propose for incorporation an area that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation
1349	in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that:
1350	(i) was filed before the filing of the request; and
1351	(ii) is still pending on the date the request is filed.
1352	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a request may propose for incorporation an area
1353	that includes some or all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition described
1354	in Subsection (4)(a) if:
1355	(i) the proposed annexation area that is part of the area proposed for incorporation does
1356	not exceed 20% of the area proposed for incorporation;
1357	(ii) the request complies with Subsections (2) and (3) with respect to the area proposed
1358	for incorporation excluding the proposed annexation area; and
1359	(iii) excluding the area proposed for annexation from the area proposed for
1360	incorporation would not cause the area proposed for incorporation to lose its contiguousness.
1361	(c) Except as provided in Section $[\frac{10-2-107}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-206}$, each request to which
1362	Subsection (4)(b) applies shall be considered as not proposing the incorporation of the area
1363	proposed for annexation.
1364	[(5) At the time of filing the request for a feasibility study with the county clerk, the
1365	sponsors of the request shall mail or deliver a copy of the request to the chair of the planning
1366	commission of each township in which any part of the area proposed for incorporation is
1367	located.]
1368	Section 25. Section 10-2a-203, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-104 is
1369	renumbered and amended to read:
1370	[10-2-104]. <u>10-2a-203.</u> Notice to owner of property Exclusion of property
1371	from proposed boundaries.

(1) As used in this section:

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(a) "Assessed value" with respect to property means the value at which the property

1374 would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section 59-2-503. 1375 (b) "Owner" means a person having an interest in real property, including an affiliate, subsidiary, or parent company. 1376 1377 (c) "Urban" means an area with a residential density of greater than one unit per acre. (2) Within seven calendar days of the date on which a request under Section $[\frac{10-2-103}{2}]$ 1378 1379 10-2a-202 is filed, the county clerk shall send written notice of the proposed incorporation to 1380 each record owner of real property owning more than: (a) 1% of the assessed value of all property in the proposed incorporation boundaries: 1381 1382 or 1383 (b) 10% of the total private land area within the proposed incorporation boundaries. 1384 (3) If an owner owns, controls, or manages more than 1% of the assessed value of all 1385 property in the proposed incorporation boundaries, or owns, controls, or manages 10% or more 1386 of the total private land area in the proposed incorporation boundaries, the owner may exclude 1387 all or part of the property owned, controlled, or managed by the owner from the proposed 1388 boundaries by filing a Notice of Exclusion with the county legislative body within 15 calendar 1389 days of receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection (2). (4) The county legislative body shall exclude the property identified by an owner in the 1390 1391 Notice of Exclusion from the proposed incorporation boundaries unless the county legislative 1392 body finds by clear and convincing evidence in the record that: 1393 (a) the exclusion will leave an unincorporated island within the proposed municipality; and 1394 (b) the property to be excluded: 1395 1396 (i) is urban; and 1397 (ii) currently receives from the county a majority of municipal-type services including:

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(A) culinary or irrigation water;

(B) sewage collection or treatment;

(C) storm drainage or flood control;

(D) recreational facilities or parks;

1402	(E) electric generation or transportation;
1403	(F) construction or maintenance of local streets and roads;
1404	(G) curb and gutter or sidewalk maintenance;
1405	(H) garbage and refuse collection; and
1406	(I) street lighting.
1407	(5) This section applies only to counties of the first or second class.
1408	(6) If the county legislative body excludes property from the proposed boundaries
1409	under Subsection (4), the county legislative body shall, within five days of the exclusion, send
1410	written notice of the exclusion to the contact sponsor.
1411	Section 26. Section 10-2a-204, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-105 is
1412	renumbered and amended to read:
1413	[10-2-105]. <u>10-2a-204.</u> Processing a request for incorporation Certification or
1414	rejection by county clerk Processing priority Limitations Planning advisory area
1415	planning commission recommendation.
1416	(1) Within 45 days of the filing of a request under Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> , the
1417	county clerk shall:
1418	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
1419	assistance, determine whether the request complies with Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> ; and
1420	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the request complies with Section [10-2-103]
1421	<u>10-2a-202</u> :
1422	(A) certify the request and deliver the certified request to the county legislative body;
1423	and
1424	(B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to $[:(I)]$ the contact sponsor;
1425	[and] or
1426	[(II) the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any part of the
1427	area proposed for incorporation is located; or]
1428	(ii) if the clerk determines that the request fails to comply with Section [10-2-103]
1429	10-2a-202 requirements, reject the request and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the

1430	rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
1431	(2) The county clerk shall certify or reject requests under Subsection (1) in the order in
1432	which they are filed.
1433	(3) (a) (i) If the county clerk rejects a request under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the request
1434	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
1435	county clerk.
1436	(ii) A signature on a request under Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> may be used toward
1437	fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection [10-2-103] 10-2a-202(2)(a) for the request as
1438	modified under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
1439	(b) If a request is amended and refiled under Subsection (3)(a) after having been
1440	rejected by the county clerk under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), it shall be considered as a newly filed
1441	request, and its processing priority is determined by the date on which it is refiled.
1442	Section 27. Section 10-2a-205, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-106 is
1443	renumbered and amended to read:
1444	[10-2-106]. <u>10-2a-205.</u> Feasibility study Feasibility study consultant.
1445	(1) Within 60 days of receipt of a certified request under Subsection [10-2-105]
1446	$\underline{10-2a-204}(1)(b)(i)$, the county legislative body shall engage the feasibility consultant chosen
1447	under Subsection (2) to conduct a feasibility study.
1448	(2) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
1449	(a) (i) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition with the consent of the
1450	county; or
1451	(ii) by the county if the designated sponsors state, in writing, that the contact sponsor
1452	defers selection of the feasibility consultant to the county; and
1453	(b) in accordance with applicable county procurement procedures.
1454	(3) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to:
1455	(a) complete the feasibility study and submit the written results to the county legislative
1456	body and the contact sponsor no later than 90 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to

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conduct the study;

1458	(b) submit with the full written results of the feasibility study a summary of the results
1459	no longer than one page in length; and
1460	(c) attend the public hearings under Subsection [10-2-108] <u>10-2a-207</u> (1) and present
1461	the feasibility study results and respond to questions from the public at those hearings.
1462	(4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider:
1463	(i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and
1464	the surrounding area;
1465	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
1466	proposed city and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
1467	industrial development, and public facilities;
1468	(iii) projected growth in the proposed city and in adjacent areas during the next five
1469	years;
1470	(iv) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
1471	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed city, including:
1472	(A) culinary water;
1473	(B) secondary water;
1474	(C) sewer;
1475	(D) law enforcement;
1476	(E) fire protection;
1477	(F) roads and public works;
1478	(G) garbage;
1479	(H) weeds; and
1480	(I) government offices;
1481	(v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county
1482	and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the
1483	proposed city;
1484	(vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the
1485	incorporated area within five years of incorporation; and

(vii) the fiscal impact on unincorporated areas, other municipalities, local districts, special service districts, and other governmental entities in the county.

- (b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed city in the future that fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being provided to the proposed city at the time of the feasibility study.
- (ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant shall consider:
- (A) the amount it would cost the proposed city to provide governmental service for the first five years after incorporation; and
- (B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental service.
- (iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (4)(a)(iv), shall take into account inflation and anticipated growth.
- (5) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (4)(a)(v) exceed the five year projected costs under Subsection (4)(a)(iv) by more than 5%, the feasibility consultant shall project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenant governor.
- (6) If the results of the feasibility study or revised feasibility study do not meet the requirements of Subsection [10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208</u>(3), the feasibility consultant shall, as part of the feasibility study or revised feasibility study and if requested by the sponsors of the request, make recommendations as to how the boundaries of the proposed city may be altered so that the requirements of Subsection [10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208</u>(3) may be met.
- (7) (a) For purposes of this Subsection (7), "pending" means that the process to incorporate an unincorporated area has been initiated by the filing of a request for feasibility study under Section [10-2-103] 10-2a-202 but that, as of May 8, 2012, a petition under Section [10-2-109] 10-2a-208 has not yet been filed.
 - (b) The amendments to Subsection (4) that become effective upon the effective date of

1314 uns Subsection (/	514	this	Subsection	(7)
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(i) apply to each pending proceeding proposing the incorporation of an unincorporated area; and

- (ii) do not apply to a municipal incorporation proceeding under this part in which a petition under Section [10-2-109] 10-2a-208 has been filed.
- (c) (i) If, in a pending incorporation proceeding, the feasibility consultant has, as of May 8, 2012, already completed the feasibility study, the county legislative body shall, within 20 days after the effective date of this Subsection (7) and except as provided in Subsection (7)(c)(iii), engage the feasibility consultant to revise the feasibility study to take into account the amendments to Subsection (4) that became effective on the effective date of this Subsection (7).
- (ii) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(c)(iii), the county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the revised feasibility study under Subsection (7)(c)(i) within 20 days after being engaged to do so.
- (iii) Notwithstanding Subsections (7)(c)(i) and (ii), a county legislative body is not required to engage the feasibility consultant to revise the feasibility study if, within 15 days after the effective date of this Subsection (7), the request sponsors file with the county clerk a written withdrawal of the request signed by all the request sponsors.
- (d) All provisions of this part that set forth the incorporation process following the completion of a feasibility study shall apply with equal force following the completion of a revised feasibility study under this Subsection (7), except that, if a petition under Section [10-2-109] 10-2a-208 has already been filed based on the feasibility study that is revised under this Subsection (7):
- (i) the notice required by Section [10-2-108] <u>10-2a-207</u> for the revised feasibility study shall include a statement informing signers of the petition of their right to withdraw their signatures from the petition and of the process and deadline for withdrawing a signature from the petition;
 - (ii) a signer of the petition may withdraw the signer's signature by filing with the

1542	county clerk a written withdrawal within 30 days after the final notice under Subsection
1543	$[\frac{10-2-108}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-207}(3)$ has been given with respect to the revised feasibility study; and
1544	(iii) unless withdrawn, a signature on the petition may be used toward fulfilling the
1545	signature requirements under Subsection $[\frac{10-2-109}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-208}(2)(a)$ for a petition based on the
1546	revised feasibility study.
1547	Section 28. Section 10-2a-206, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-107 is
1548	renumbered and amended to read:
1549	[10-2-107]. <u>10-2a-206.</u> Modified request for feasibility study Supplemental
1550	feasibility study.
1551	(1) (a) (i) The sponsors of a request may modify the request to alter the boundaries of
1552	the proposed city and then refile the request, as modified, with the county clerk if:
1553	(A) the results of the feasibility study do not meet the requirements of Subsection
1554	$\left[\frac{10-2-109}{10-2a-208}\right]$ 10-2a-208(3); or
1555	(B) (I) the request meets the conditions of Subsection [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202(4)(b)</u> ;
1556	(II) the annexation petition that proposed the annexation of an area that is part of the
1557	area proposed for incorporation has been denied; and
1558	(III) an incorporation petition based on the request has not been filed.
1559	(ii) (A) A modified request under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) may not be filed more than
1560	90 days after the feasibility consultant's submission of the results of the study.
1561	(B) A modified request under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) may not be filed more than 18
1562	months after the filing of the original request under Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> .
1563	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (1)(b)(ii), each modified request under Subsection (1)(a)
1564	shall comply with the requirements of Subsections [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202(2)</u> , (3), <u>and</u> (4)[, and
1565	(5)].
1566	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b)(i), a signature on a request filed under Section
1567	[10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection
1568	$[\frac{10-2-103}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-202}$ (2)(a) for the request as modified under Subsection (1)(a), unless the
1569	modified request proposes the incorporation of an area that is more than 20% greater or smaller

than the area described by the original request in terms of:

(A) private land area; or

- (B) value of private real property.
- (2) Within 20 days after the county clerk's receipt of the modified request, the county clerk shall follow the same procedure for the modified request as provided under Subsection [10-2-105] 10-2a-204(1) for an original request.
- (3) The timely filing of a modified request under Subsection (1) gives the modified request the same processing priority under Subsection [10-2-105] <u>10-2a-204</u>(2) as the original request.
- (4) Within 10 days after the county legislative body's receipt of a certified modified request under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(A) or a certified modified request under Subsection (1)(a)(i)(B) that was filed after the completion of a feasibility study on the original request, the county legislative body shall commission the feasibility consultant who conducted the feasibility study to supplement the feasibility study to take into account the information in the modified request that was not included in the original request.
- (5) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the supplemental feasibility study and to submit written results of the supplemental study to the county legislative body and to the contact sponsor no later than 30 days after the feasibility consultant is commissioned to conduct the supplemental feasibility study.
- (6) (a) Subject to Subsection (6)(b), if the results of the supplemental feasibility study do not meet the requirements of Subsection [10-2-109] 10-2a-208(3):
 - (i) the sponsors may file a further modified request as provided in Subsection (1); and
- (ii) Subsections (2), (4), and (5) apply to a further modified request under Subsection (6)(a)(i).
- (b) A further modified request under Subsection (6)(a) shall, for purposes of its processing priority, be considered as an original request for a feasibility study under Section [10-2-103] 10-2a-202.
- Section 29. Section **10-2a-207**, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-108 is

1398	renumbered and amended to read:
1599	[10-2-108]. <u>10-2a-207.</u> Public hearings on feasibility study results Notice of
1600	hearings.
1601	(1) If the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study meet the
1602	requirements of Subsection [10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208</u> (3), the county legislative body shall, at its
1603	next regular meeting after receipt of the results of the feasibility study or supplemental
1604	feasibility study, schedule at least two public hearings to be held:
1605	(a) within the following 60 days;
1606	(b) at least seven days apart;
1607	(c) in geographically diverse locations within the proposed city; and
1608	(d) for the purpose of allowing:
1609	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the study; and
1610	(ii) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results and to ask
1611	questions about those results of the feasibility consultant.
1612	(2) At a public hearing described in Subsection (1), the county legislative body shall:
1613	(a) provide a map or plat of the boundary of the proposed city;
1614	(b) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and
1615	(c) allow the public to express its views about the proposed incorporation, including its
1616	view about the proposed boundary.
1617	(3) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of the public hearings required under
1618	Subsection (1):
1619	(A) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
1620	circulation within the proposed city; and
1621	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three weeks.
1622	(ii) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A) shall be at
1623	least three days before the first public hearing required under Subsection (1).
1624	(b) (i) If, under Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), there is no newspaper of general circulation
1625	within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the hearings per

1626 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most likely to give 1627 notice of the hearings to the residents of the proposed city. 1628 (ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (3)(b)(i) at least seven days before 1629 the first hearing under Subsection (1). 1630 (c) The notice under Subsections (3)(a) and (b) shall include the feasibility study summary under Subsection [10-2-106] 10-2a-205(3)(b) and shall indicate that a full copy of the 1631 study is available for inspection and copying at the office of the county clerk. 1632 Section 30. Section 10-2a-208, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-109 is 1633 1634 renumbered and amended to read: 1635 10-2a-208. Incorporation petition -- Requirements and form. $[\frac{10-2-109}{}].$ (1) At any time within one year of the completion of the public hearings required under 1636 Subsection [10-2-108] 10-2a-207(1), a petition for incorporation of the area proposed to be 1637 incorporated as a city may be filed in the office of the clerk of the county in which the area is 1638 1639 located. (2) Each petition under Subsection (1) shall: 1640 1641 (a) be signed by: 1642 (i) 10% of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a city, 1643 according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition 1644 is filed; and (ii) 10% of all registered voters within, subject to Subsection (5), 90% of the voting 1645 precincts within the area proposed to be incorporated as a city, according to the official voter 1646 1647 registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition is filed: 1648 (b) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner 1649 signing the petition; 1650 (c) describe the area proposed to be incorporated as a city, as described in the

feasibility study request or modified request that meets the requirements of Subsection (3);

(e) designate five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall be

(d) state the proposed name for the proposed city;

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designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each;

(f) state that the signers of the petition appoint the sponsors, if the incorporation measure passes, to represent the signers in the process of:

- (i) selecting the number of commission or council members the new city will have; and
- (ii) drawing district boundaries for the election of commission or council members, if the voters decide to elect commission or council members by district;
- (g) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate plat or map, prepared by a licensed surveyor, showing the boundaries of the proposed city; and
 - (h) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form:
- PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed city)

To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which the proposed city is located) County, Utah:

We, the undersigned owners of real property within the area described in this petition, respectfully petition the county legislative body to submit to the registered voters residing within the area described in this petition, at the next regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a city. Each of the undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real property within the described area, and that the current residence address of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be incorporated as a city is described as follows: (insert an accurate description of the area proposed to be incorporated).

- (3) A petition for incorporation of a city under Subsection (1) may not be filed unless the results of the feasibility study or supplemental feasibility study show that the average annual amount of revenue under Subsection [10-2-106] 10-2a-205(4)(a)(v) does not exceed the average annual amount of cost under Subsection [10-2-106] 10-2a-205(4)(a)(iv) by more than 5%.
- (4) A signature on a request under Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> or a modified request under Section [10-2-107] <u>10-2a-206</u> may be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of

1682	Subsection (2)(a):
1683	(a) if the request under Section [10-2-103] <u>10-2a-202</u> or modified request under
1684	Section [10-2-107] <u>10-2a-206</u> notified the signer in conspicuous language that the signature,
1685	unless withdrawn, would also be used for purposes of a petition for incorporation under this
1686	section; and
1687	(b) unless the signer files with the county clerk a written withdrawal of the signature
1688	before the petition under this section is filed with the clerk.
1689	(5) (a) A signature does not qualify as a signature to meet the requirement described in
1690	Subsection (2)(a)(ii) if the signature is gathered from a voting precinct that:
1691	(i) is not located entirely within the boundaries of the proposed city; or
1692	(ii) includes less than 50 registered voters.
1693	(b) A voting precinct that is not located entirely within the boundaries of the proposed
1694	city does not qualify as a voting precinct to meet the precinct requirements of Subsection
1695	(2)(a)(ii).
1696	Section 31. Section 10-2a-209, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-110 is
1697	renumbered and amended to read:
1698	[10-2-110]. <u>10-2a-209.</u> Processing of petition by county clerk Certification or
1699	rejection Processing priority.
1700	(1) Within 45 days of the filing of a petition under Section [10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208</u> , the
1701	county clerk shall:
1702	(a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
1703	assistance, determine whether the petition meets the requirements of Section [10-2-109]
1704	<u>10-2a-208</u> ; and
1705	(b) (i) if the clerk determines that the petition meets those requirements, certify the
1706	petition, deliver it to the county legislative body, and notify in writing the contact sponsor of

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the certification; or

(ii) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to meet any of those requirements,

reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and the reasons for

1710	the rejection.
1711	(2) (a) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), the petition may
1712	be modified to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
1713	county clerk.
1714	(b) A modified petition under Subsection (2)(a) may be filed at any time until 30 days
1715	after the county clerk notifies the contact sponsor under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), even though the
1716	modified petition is filed after the expiration of the deadline provided in Subsection [10-2-109]
1717	<u>10-2a-208(1).</u>
1718	(c) A signature on an incorporation petition under Section [10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208</u> may
1719	be used toward fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection [10-2-109] <u>10-2a-208(2)(a)</u>
1720	for the petition as modified under Subsection (2)(a).
1721	(3) (a) Within 20 days of the county clerk's receipt of a modified petition under
1722	Subsection (2)(a), the county clerk shall follow the same procedure for the modified petition as
1723	provided under Subsection (1) for an original petition.
1724	(b) If a county clerk rejects a modified petition under Subsection (1)(b)(ii), no further
1725	modification of that petition may be filed.
1726	Section 32. Section 10-2a-210, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-111 is
1727	renumbered and amended to read:
1728	$[\frac{10-2-111}{2}]$. Incorporation election.
1729	(1) (a) Upon receipt of a certified petition under Subsection [10-2-110]
1730	$\underline{10-2a-209}(1)(b)(i)$ or a certified modified petition under Subsection $[\underline{10-2-110}]$ $\underline{10-2a-209}(3)$,
1731	the county legislative body shall determine and set an election date for the incorporation
1732	election that is:
1733	(i) (A) on a general election date under Section 20A-1-201; or
1734	(B) on a local special election date under Section 20A-1-203; and
1735	(ii) at least 65 days after the day that the legislative body receives the certified petition.
1736	(b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,

within the boundaries of the proposed city, the person may not vote on the proposed

1738	incorporation.
1739	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
1740	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the area proposed to be incorporated at
1741	least once a week for three successive weeks; and
1742	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
1743	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
1744	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
1745	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a city;
1746	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
1747	and
1748	(iv) the feasibility study summary under Subsection [10-2-106] <u>10-2a-205</u> (3)(b) and a
1749	statement that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying at the office of
1750	the county clerk.
1751	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
1752	one day but no more than seven days before the election.
1753	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
1754	circulation within the proposed city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
1755	election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the proposed city that are most
1756	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed city.
1757	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
1758	the election under Subsection (1).
1759	(3) If a majority of those casting votes within the area boundaries of the proposed city
1760	vote to incorporate as a city, the area shall incorporate.
1761	Section 33. Section 10-2a-211, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-112 is
1762	renumbered and amended to read:
1763	$[\frac{10-2-112}{2}]$. 10-2a-211. Ballot used at the incorporation election.

(1) The ballot at the incorporation election under Subsection $[\frac{10-2-111}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-210}(1)$

shall pose the incorporation question substantially as follows:

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1766	Shall the area described as (insert a description of the proposed city) be incorporated as
1767	the city of (insert the proposed name of the proposed city)?
1768	(2) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to answer yes or no to the question in
1769	Subsection (1).
1770	(3) (a) The ballot at the incorporation election shall also pose the question relating to
1771	the form of government substantially as follows:
1772	If the above incorporation proposal passes, under what form of municipal government
1773	shall (insert the name of the proposed city) operate? Vote for one:
1774	Five-member council form
1775	Six-member council form
1776	Five-member council-mayor form
1777	Seven-member council-mayor form.
1778	(b) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to vote for one form of government.
1779	(4) (a) The ballot at the incorporation election shall also pose the question of whether
1780	to elect city council members by district substantially as follows:
1781	If the above incorporation proposal passes, shall members of the city council of (insert
1782	the name of the proposed city) be elected by district?
1783	(b) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to answer yes or no to the question in
1784	Subsection (4)(a).
1785	Section 34. Section 10-2a-212, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-113 is
1786	renumbered and amended to read:
1787	$[\frac{10-2-113}{2}]$. Notification to lieutenant governor of incorporation
1788	election results.
1789	Within 10 days of the canvass of the incorporation election, the county clerk shall send
1790	written notice to the lieutenant governor of:
1791	(1) the results of the election; and
1792	(2) if the incorporation measure passes:
1793	(a) the name of the city; and

1794	(b) the class of the city as provided under Section 10-2-301.
1795	Section 35. Section 10-2a-213, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-114 is
1796	renumbered and amended to read:
1797	[10-2-114]. <u>10-2a-213.</u> Determination of number of council members
1798	Determination of election districts Hearings and notice.
1799	(1) If the incorporation proposal passes, the petition sponsors shall, within 25 days of
1800	the canvass of the election under Section [10-2-111] <u>10-2a-210</u> :
1801	(a) if the voters at the incorporation election choose the council-mayor form of
1802	government, determine the number of council members that will constitute the council of the
1803	future city;
1804	(b) if the voters at the incorporation election vote to elect council members by district,
1805	determine the number of council members to be elected by district and draw the boundaries of
1806	those districts, which shall be substantially equal in population;
1807	(c) determine the initial terms of the mayor and members of the city council so that:
1808	(i) the mayor and approximately half the members of the city council are elected to
1809	serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full
1810	four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(1); and
1811	(ii) the remaining members of the city council are elected to serve an initial term, of no
1812	less than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with
1813	the schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(2); and
1814	(d) submit in writing to the county legislative body the results of the sponsors'
1815	determinations under Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c).
1816	(2) (a) Before making a determination under Subsection (1)(a), (b), or (c), the petition
1817	sponsors shall hold a public hearing within the future city on the applicable issues under
1818	Subsections (1)(a), (b), and (c).
1819	(b) (i) The petition sponsors shall publish notice of the public hearing under Subsection
1820	(2)(a):
1821	(A) in a newspaper of general circulation within the future city at least once a week for

1822	two successive weeks before the hearing; and
1823	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for two weeks
1824	before the hearing.
1825	(ii) The last publication of notice under Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A) shall be at least three
1826	days before the public hearing under Subsection (2)(a).
1827	(c) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(b)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of general
1828	circulation within the future city, the petition sponsors shall post at least one notice of the
1829	hearing per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely to
1830	give notice of the hearing to the residents of the future city.
1831	(ii) The petition sponsors shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(c)(i) at least seven
1832	days before the hearing under Subsection (2)(a).
1833	Section 36. Section 10-2a-214, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-115 is
1834	renumbered and amended to read:
1835	[10-2-115]. <u>10-2a-214.</u> Notice of number of commission or council members to
1836	be elected and of district boundaries Declaration of candidacy for city office.
1030	be elected and of district boundaries Decimination of candidates for each office.
1837	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under
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1837	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under
1837 1838	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] <u>10-2a-213</u> (1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with
1837 1838 1839	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing:
1837 1838 1839 1840	 (1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing: (i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city;
1837 1838 1839 1840 1841	 (1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing: (i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city; (ii) if some or all of the commission or council members are to be elected by district, a
1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842	 (1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing: (i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city; (ii) if some or all of the commission or council members are to be elected by district, a description of the boundaries of those districts as designated by the petition sponsors under
1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing: (i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city; (ii) if some or all of the commission or council members are to be elected by district, a description of the boundaries of those districts as designated by the petition sponsors under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(b);
1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing: (i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city; (ii) if some or all of the commission or council members are to be elected by district, a description of the boundaries of those districts as designated by the petition sponsors under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(b); (iii) information about the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for those
1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing: (i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city; (ii) if some or all of the commission or council members are to be elected by district, a description of the boundaries of those districts as designated by the petition sponsors under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(b); (iii) information about the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for those seeking to become candidates for mayor or city commission or council; and
1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845	(1) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's receipt of the information under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(d), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (1)(b), notice containing: (i) the number of commission or council members to be elected for the new city; (ii) if some or all of the commission or council members are to be elected by district, a description of the boundaries of those districts as designated by the petition sponsors under Subsection [10-2-114] 10-2a-213(1)(b); (iii) information about the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for those seeking to become candidates for mayor or city commission or council; and (iv) information about the length of the initial term of each of the city officers, as

1850	two successive weeks; and
1851	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
1852	(c) (i) In accordance with Subsection (1)(b)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
1853	circulation within the future city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice per 1,000
1854	population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely to give notice to the
1855	residents of the future city.
1856	(ii) The notice under Subsection (1)(c)(i) shall contain the information required under
1857	Subsection (1)(a).
1858	(iii) The petition sponsors shall post the notices under Subsection (1)(c)(i) at least
1859	seven days before the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy under Subsection (2).
1860	(2) Notwithstanding Subsection 20A-9-203(2)(a), each person seeking to become a
1861	candidate for mayor or city commission or council of a city incorporating under this part shall,
1862	within 45 days of the incorporation election under Section [10-2-111] <u>10-2a-210</u> , file a
1863	declaration of candidacy with the clerk of the county in which the future city is located.
1864	Section 37. Section 10-2a-215, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-116 is
1865	renumbered and amended to read:
1866	$[\frac{10-2-116}{2}]$. <u>10-2a-215.</u> Election of officers of new city.
1867	(1) For the election of city officers, the county legislative body shall:
1868	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited by Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a primary
1869	election; and
1870	(b) hold a final election.
1871	(2) Each election under Subsection (1) shall be:
1872	(a) appropriate to the form of government chosen by the voters at the incorporation
1873	election;
1874	(b) consistent with the voters' decision about whether to elect commission or council

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(c) consistent with the sponsors' determination of the number of commission or council

members by district and, if applicable, consistent with the boundaries of those districts as

determined by the petition sponsors; and

1878	members to be elected and the length of their initial term.
1879	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the primary election under Subsection (1)(a) shall
1880	be held at the earliest of the next:
1881	(i) regular general election under Section 20A-1-201;
1882	(ii) municipal primary election under Section 20A-9-404;
1883	(iii) municipal general election under Section 20A-1-202; or
1884	(iv) special election under Section 20A-1-204.
1885	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the primary election under Subsection (1)(a)
1886	may not be held until 75 days after the incorporation election under Section [10-2-111]
1887	<u>10-2a-210</u> .
1888	(4) The final election under Subsection (1)(b) shall be held at the next special election
1889	date under Section 20A-1-204:
1890	(a) after the primary election; or
1891	(b) if there is no primary election, more than 75 days after the incorporation election
1892	under Section [10-2-111] <u>10-2a-210</u> .
1893	(5) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of an election under this section:
1894	(A) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
1895	within the future city; and
1896	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
1897	(ii) The later notice under Subsection (5)(a)(i) shall be at least one day but no more
1898	than seven days before the election.
1899	(b) (i) In accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of general
1900	circulation within the future city, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the election
1901	per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future city that are most likely to give
1902	notice of the election to the voters.
1903	(ii) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (5)(b)(i) at least seven

(6) Until the city is incorporated, the county clerk is the election officer for all purposes

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days before each election under Subsection (1).

1906	in an election of officers of the city approved at an incorporation election.
1907	Section 38. Section 10-2a-216, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-117 is
1908	renumbered and amended to read:
1909	[10-2-117]. <u>10-2a-216.</u> Notification to lieutenant governor of election of city
1910	officers.
1911	Within 10 days of the canvass of the final election of city officers under Section
1912	[10-2-116] <u>10-2a-215</u> , the county clerk shall send written notice to the lieutenant governor of
1913	the name and position of each officer elected and the term for which each has been elected.
1914	Section 39. Section 10-2a-217, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-119 is
1915	renumbered and amended to read:
1916	$[\frac{10-2-119}{2}]$. In $\frac{10-2a-217}{2}$. Filing of notice and approved final local entity plat with
1917	lieutenant governor Effective date of incorporation Necessity of recording documents
1918	and effect of not recording.
1919	(1) The mayor-elect of the future city shall:
1920	(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the final election of city officers under Section
1921	$\left[\frac{10-2-116}{2}\right]$ $\left[\frac{10-2a-215}{2}\right]$, file with the lieutenant governor:
1922	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5
1923	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and
1924	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
1925	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
1926	Section 67-1a-6.5:
1927	(i) if the city is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
1928	of that county the original:
1929	(A) notice of an impending boundary action;
1930	(B) certificate of incorporation; and
1931	(C) approved final local entity plat; or
1932	(ii) if the city is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit the
1933	original of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those

1934	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.
1935	(2) (a) The incorporation is effective upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a
1936	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5.
1937	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a city is conclusively presumed to be
1938	lawfully incorporated and existing if, for two years following the city's incorporation:
1939	(i) (A) the city has levied and collected a property tax; or
1940	(B) for a city incorporated on or after July 1, 1998, the city has imposed a sales and use
1941	tax; and
1942	(ii) no challenge to the existence or incorporation of the city has been filed in the
1943	district court for the county in which the city is located.
1944	(3) (a) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
1945	the new city is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
1946	(b) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b) are recorded in the office of the
1947	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated city may not:
1948	(i) levy or collect a property tax on property within the city;
1949	(ii) levy or collect an assessment on property within the city; or
1950	(iii) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the city.
1951	Section 40. Section 10-2a-218, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-120 is
1952	renumbered and amended to read:
1953	[10-2-120]. <u>10-2a-218.</u> Powers of officers-elect.
1954	(1) Upon the canvass of the final election of city officers under Section [10-2-116]
1955	10-2a-215 and until the future city becomes legally incorporated, the officers of the future city
1956	may:
1957	(a) prepare and adopt, under Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities,
1958	a proposed budget and compilation of ordinances;
1959	(b) negotiate and make personnel contracts and hirings;
1960	(c) negotiate and make service contracts;

(d) negotiate and make contracts to purchase equipment, materials, and supplies;

1962 (e) borrow funds from the county in which the future city is located under Subsection 1963 [10-2-121] 10-2a-219(3); 1964 (f) borrow funds for startup expenses of the future city; 1965 (g) issue tax anticipation notes in the name of the future city; and 1966 (h) make appointments to the city's planning commission. 1967 (2) The city's legislative body shall review and ratify each contract made by the 1968 officers-elect under Subsection (1) within 30 days after the effective date of incorporation 1969 under Section [10-2-119] 10-2a-217. 1970 Section 41. Section 10-2a-219, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-121 is 1971 renumbered and amended to read: 1972 10-2a-219. Division of municipal-type services revenues -- County $[\frac{10-2-121}{1}]$. 1973 may provide startup funds. 1974 (1) The county in which an area incorporating under this part is located shall, until the 1975 date of the city's incorporation under Section [10-2-119] 10-2a-217, continue: 1976 (a) to levy and collect ad valorem property tax and other revenues from or pertaining to 1977 the future city; and 1978 (b) except as otherwise agreed by the county and the officers-elect of the city, to 1979 provide the same services to the future city as the county provided before the commencement 1980 of the incorporation proceedings. 1981 (2) (a) The legislative body of the county in which a newly incorporated city is located 1982 shall share pro rata with the new city, based on the date of incorporation, the taxes and service charges or fees levied and collected by the county under Section 17-34-3 during the year of the 1983 1984 new city's incorporation if and to the extent that the new city provides, by itself or by contract, 1985 the same services for which the county levied and collected the taxes and service charges or 1986 fees. 1987 (b) (i) The legislative body of a county in which a city incorporated after January 1,

2004, is located may share with the new city taxes and service charges or fees that were levied

and collected by the county under Section 17-34-3:

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1990	(A) before the year of the new city's incorporation;
1991	(B) from the previously unincorporated area that, because of the city's incorporation, is
1992	located within the boundaries of the newly incorporated city; and
1993	(C) for the purpose of providing services to the area that before the new city's
1994	incorporation was unincorporated.
1995	(ii) A county legislative body may share taxes and service charges or fees under
1996	Subsection (2)(b)(i) by a direct appropriation of funds or by a credit or offset against amounts
1997	due under a contract for municipal-type services provided by the county to the new city.
1998	(3) (a) The legislative body of a county in which an area incorporating under this part is
1999	located may appropriate county funds to:
2000	(i) before incorporation but after the canvass of the final election of city officers under
2001	Section $[\frac{10-2-116}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-215}$, the officers-elect of the future city to pay startup expenses of the
2002	future city; or
2003	(ii) after incorporation, the new city.
2004	(b) Funds appropriated under Subsection (3)(a) may be distributed in the form of a
2005	grant, a loan, or as an advance against future distributions under Subsection (2).
2006	Section 42. Section 10-2a-220, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-123 is
2007	renumbered and amended to read:
2008	$[\frac{10-2-123}{2}]$. <u>10-2a-220.</u> Costs of incorporation.
2009	(1) Subject to Subsection (2), all costs of the incorporation proceeding, including
2010	request certification, feasibility study, petition certification, publication of notices, public
2011	hearings, and elections, shall be paid by the county in which the proposed city is located.
2012	(2) If incorporation occurs, the new municipality shall reimburse the county for the
2013	costs of the notices and hearing under Section [10-2-114] <u>10-2a-213</u> , the notices and elections
2014	under Section [10-2-116] <u>10-2a-215</u> , and all other incorporation activities occurring after the
2015	elections under Section [10-2-116] <u>10-2a-215</u> .

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renumbered and amended to read:

Section 43. Section 10-2a-221, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-124 is

2018	[10-2-124]. <u>10-2a-221.</u> Incorporation petition or feasibility study before May 8,
2019	2012.
2020	(1) A party with a petition in process as of January 1, 2012, and not yet filed for final
2021	certification with the county clerk in accordance with Section $[\frac{10-2-110}{2}]$ as of May
2022	8, 2012, shall comply with the provisions of this chapter as enacted on May 8, 2012, except as
2023	provided in Subsection (3).
2024	(2) A party described in Subsection (1) may use a signature on a petition in process as
2025	of May 8, 2012, to fulfill the requirements of this chapter enacted on May 8, 2012.
2026	(3) If on or before May 8, 2012, a feasibility study has been completed for a party
2027	described in Subsection (1):
2028	(a) the completed feasibility study shall fulfill the requirements of this section; and
2029	(b) the party is not required to request a new feasibility study.
2030	Section 44. Section 10-2a-301 is enacted to read:
2031	Part 3. Incorporation of a Town
2032	<u>10-2a-301.</u> Title.
2033	This part is known as "Incorporation of a Town."
2034	Section 45. Section 10-2a-302, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-125 is
2035	renumbered and amended to read:
2036	$[\frac{10-2-125}{2}]$. Incorporation of a town Petition.
2037	(1) As used in this section:
2038	(a) "Assessed value," with respect to agricultural land, means the value at which the
2039	land would be assessed without regard to a valuation for agricultural use under Section
2040	59-2-503.
2041	[(c)] (b) "Feasibility consultant" means a person or firm:
2042	(i) with expertise in the processes and economics of local government; and
2043	(ii) who is independent of and not affiliated with a county or sponsor of a petition to
2044	incorporate.
2045	[(b)] (c) "Financial feasibility study" means a study described in Subsection (7).

2046	(d) "Municipal service" means a publicly provided service that is not provided on a
2047	countywide basis.
2048	(e) "Nonurban" means having a residential density of less than one unit per acre.
2049	(2) (a) (i) A contiguous area of a county not within a municipality, with a population of
2050	at least 100 but less than 1,000, may incorporate as a town as provided in this section.
2051	(ii) An area within a county of the first class is not contiguous for purposes of
2052	Subsection (2)(a)(i) if:
2053	(A) the area includes a strip of land that connects geographically separate areas; and
2054	(B) the distance between the geographically separate areas is greater than the average
2055	width of the strip of land connecting the geographically separate areas.
2056	(b) The population figure under Subsection (2)(a) shall be determined:
2057	(i) as of the date the incorporation petition is filed; and
2058	(ii) by the Utah Population Estimates Committee within 20 days after the county clerk's
2059	certification under Subsection (6) of a petition filed under Subsection (4).
2060	(3) (a) The process to incorporate an area as a town is initiated by filing a petition to
2061	incorporate the area as a town with the clerk of the county in which the area is located.
2062	(b) A petition under Subsection (3)(a) shall:
2063	(i) be signed by:
2064	(A) the owners of private real property that:
2065	(I) is located within the area proposed to be incorporated; and
2066	(II) is equal in assessed value to more than 1/5 of the assessed value of all private real
2067	property within the area; and
2068	(B) 1/5 of all registered voters within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town,
2069	according to the official voter registration list maintained by the county on the date the petition
2070	is filed;
2071	(ii) designate as sponsors at least five of the property owners who have signed the
2072	petition, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address of
2073	each owner signing as a sponsor;

2074 (iii) be accompanied by and circulated with an accurate map or plat, prepared by a 2075 licensed surveyor, showing a legal description of the boundary of the proposed town; and (iv) substantially comply with and be circulated in the following form: 2076 2077 PETITION FOR INCORPORATION OF (insert the proposed name of the proposed 2078 town) To the Honorable County Legislative Body of (insert the name of the county in which 2079 2080 the proposed town is located) County, Utah: 2081 We, the undersigned owners of real property and registered voters within the area 2082 described in this petition, respectfully petition the county legislative body to submit to the 2083 registered voters residing within the area described in this petition, at the next regular general election, the question of whether the area should incorporate as a town. Each of the 2084 2085 undersigned affirms that each has personally signed this petition and is an owner of real 2086 property or a registered voter residing within the described area, and that the current residence 2087 address of each is correctly written after the signer's name. The area proposed to be 2088 incorporated as a town is described as follows: (insert an accurate description of the area 2089 proposed to be incorporated). (c) A petition under this Subsection (3) may not describe an area that includes some or 2090 all of an area proposed for annexation in an annexation petition under Section 10-2-403 that: 2091 2092 (i) was filed before the filing of the petition; and 2093 (ii) is still pending on the date the petition is filed. 2094 (d) A petition may not be filed under this section if the private real property owned by the petition sponsors, designated under Subsection (3)(b)(ii), cumulatively exceeds 40% of the 2095 2096 total private land area within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town. 2097 (e) A signer of a petition under this Subsection (3) may withdraw or, after withdrawn, 2098 reinstate the signer's signature on the petition: 2099 (i) at any time until the county clerk certifies the petition under Subsection (5); and (ii) by filing a signed, written withdrawal or reinstatement with the county clerk. 2100

(4) (a) If a petition is filed under Subsection (3)(a) proposing to incorporate as a town

2101

2102 an area located within a county of the first class, the county clerk shall deliver written notice of the proposed incorporation: 2103 (i) to each owner of private real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value 2104 2105 of all private real property within the area proposed to be incorporated as a town; and 2106 (ii) within seven calendar days after the date on which the petition is filed. 2107 (b) A private real property owner described in Subsection (4)(a)(i) may exclude all or 2108 part of the owner's property from the area proposed to be incorporated as a town by filing a 2109 notice of exclusion: 2110 (i) with the county clerk; and 2111 (ii) within 10 calendar days after receiving the clerk's notice under Subsection (4)(a). (c) The county legislative body shall exclude from the area proposed to be incorporated 2112 as a town the property identified in the notice of exclusion under Subsection (4)(b) if: 2113 2114 (i) the property: 2115 (A) is nonurban; and 2116 (B) does not and will not require a municipal service; and 2117 (ii) exclusion will not leave an unincorporated island within the proposed town. 2118 (d) If the county legislative body excludes property from the area proposed to be 2119 incorporated as a town, the county legislative body shall send written notice of the exclusion to 2120 the contact sponsor within five days after the exclusion. (5) No later than 20 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (3), the county 2121 clerk shall: 2122 2123 (a) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests 2124 assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (3); 2125 and 2126 (b) (i) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with those requirements: (A) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body; 2127 2128 and 2129 (B) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to:

2130	(1) the contact sponsor; <u>and</u>
2131	[(II) if applicable, the chair of the planning commission of each township in which any
2132	part of the area proposed for incorporation is located; and]
2133	[(HH)] (II) the Utah Population Estimates Committee; or
2134	(ii) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of those
2135	requirements, reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection and
2136	the reasons for the rejection.
2137	(6) (a) (i) A petition that is rejected under Subsection (5)(b)(ii) may be amended to
2138	correct a deficiency for which it was rejected and then refiled with the county clerk.
2139	(ii) A valid signature on a petition filed under Subsection (3)(a) may be used toward
2140	fulfilling the signature requirement of Subsection (3)(b) for the same petition that is amended
2141	under Subsection (6)(a)(i) and then refiled with the county clerk.
2142	(b) If a petition is amended and refiled under Subsection (6)(a)(i) after having been
2143	rejected by the county clerk under Subsection (5)(b)(ii):
2144	(i) the amended petition shall be considered as a newly filed petition; and
2145	(ii) the amended petition's processing priority is determined by the date on which it is
2146	refiled.
2147	(7) (a) (i) The legislative body of a county with which a petition is filed under
2148	Subsection (4) and certified under Subsection (6) shall commission and pay for a financial
2149	feasibility study.
2150	(ii) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
2151	(A) (I) by the contact sponsor of the incorporation petition, as described in Subsection
2152	(3)(b)(ii), with the consent of the county; or
2153	(II) by the county if the contact sponsor states, in writing, that the sponsor defers
2154	selection of the feasibility consultant to the county; and
2155	(B) in accordance with applicable county procurement procedure.
2156	(iii) The county legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to complete the
2157	financial feasibility study and submit written results of the study to the county legislative body

2158	no later than 30 days after the feasibility consultant is engaged to conduct the financial
2159	feasibility study.
2160	(b) The financial feasibility study shall consider the:
2161	(i) population and population density within the area proposed for incorporation and
2162	the surrounding area;
2163	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
2164	proposed town and surrounding area, including household size and income, commercial and
2165	industrial development, and public facilities;
2166	(iii) projected growth in the proposed town and in adjacent areas during the next five
2167	years;
2168	(iv) subject to Subsection (7)(c), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
2169	including overhead, of governmental services in the proposed town, including:
2170	(A) culinary water;
2171	(B) secondary water;
2172	(C) sewer;
2173	(D) law enforcement;
2174	(E) fire protection;
2175	(F) roads and public works;
2176	(G) garbage;
2177	(H) weeds; and
2178	(I) government offices;
2179	(v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the county
2180	and all other current service providers, the present and five-year projected revenue for the
2181	proposed town; and
2182	(vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the
2183	incorporated area within five years of incorporation.
2184	(c) (i) For purposes of Subsection (7)(b)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a

level and quality of governmental services to be provided to the proposed town in the future

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2186 that fairly and reasonably approximate the level and quality of governmental services being 2187 provided to the proposed town at the time of the feasibility study. 2188 (ii) In determining the present cost of a governmental service, the feasibility consultant 2189 shall consider: 2190 (A) the amount it would cost the proposed town to provide governmental service for 2191 the first five years after incorporation; and 2192 (B) the county's present and five-year projected cost of providing governmental 2193 service. 2194 (iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (7)(b)(iv), shall take into account inflation 2195 and anticipated growth. 2196 (d) If the five year projected revenues under Subsection (7)(b)(v) exceed the five-year 2197 projected costs under Subsection (7)(b)(iv) by more than 10%, the feasibility consultant shall 2198 project and report the expected annual revenue surplus to the contact sponsor and the lieutenant 2199 governor. (e) The county legislative body shall approve a certified petition proposing the 2200 2201 incorporation of a town and hold a public hearing as provided in Section [10-2-126] 10-2a-303. 2202 Section 46. Section 10-2a-303, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-126 is 2203 renumbered and amended to read: 2204 10-2a-303. Incorporation of a town -- Public hearing on feasibility. $[\frac{10-2-126}{1}]$. (1) If, in accordance with Section [10-2-125] 10-2a-302, the county clerk certifies a 2205 petition for incorporation or an amended petition for incorporation, the county legislative body 2206 2207 shall, at its next regular meeting after completion of the feasibility study, schedule a public 2208 hearing to: 2209 (a) be held no later than 60 days after the day on which the feasibility study is 2210

completed; and
(b) consider, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility of incorporation

2212

- (b) consider, in accordance with Subsection (3)(b), the feasibility of incorporation for the proposed town.
- 2213 (2) The county legislative body shall give notice of the public hearing on the proposed

2214	incorporation by:
2215	(a) posting notice of the public hearing on the county's Internet website, if the county
2216	has an Internet website;
2217	(b) (i) publishing notice of the public hearing at least once a week for two consecutive
2218	weeks in a newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town; or
2219	(ii) if there is no newspaper of general circulation within the proposed town, posting
2220	notice of the public hearing in at least five conspicuous public places within the proposed
2221	town; and
2222	(c) publishing notice of the public hearing on the Utah Public Notice Website created
2223	in Section 63F-1-701.
2224	(3) At the public hearing scheduled in accordance with Subsection (1), the county
2225	legislative body shall:
2226	(a) (i) provide a copy of the feasibility study; and
2227	(ii) present the results of the feasibility study to the public; and
2228	(b) allow the public to:
2229	(i) review the map or plat of the boundary of the proposed town;
2230	(ii) ask questions and become informed about the proposed incorporation; and
2231	(iii) express its views about the proposed incorporation, including their views about the
2232	boundary of the area proposed to be incorporated.
2233	(4) A county may not hold an election on the incorporation of a town in accordance
2234	with Section $[\frac{10-2-127}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-304}$ if the results of the feasibility study show that the five-year
2235	projected revenues under Subsection [10-2-125] <u>10-2a-302</u> (7)(b)(v) exceed the five-year
2236	projected costs under Subsection [10-2-125] <u>10-2a-302(7)(b)(iv)</u> by more than 10%.
2237	Section 47. Section 10-2a-304, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-127 is
2238	renumbered and amended to read:
2239	[10-2-127]. <u>10-2a-304.</u> Incorporation of a town Election to incorporate
2240	Ballot form.
2241	(1) (a) Upon receipt of a certified petition [under Subsection 10-2-110(1)(b)(i)] or a

2242	certified [modified] afficiated petition under [Subsection 10-2-110(5)] Section 10-2a-302, the
2243	county legislative body shall determine and set an election date for the incorporation election
2244	that is:
2245	(i) (A) on a general election date under Section 20A-1-201; or
2246	(B) on a local special election date under Section 20A-1-203; and
2247	(ii) at least 65 days after the day that the legislative body receives the certified petition.
2248	(b) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
2249	within the boundaries of the proposed town, the person may not vote on the proposed
2250	incorporation.
2251	(2) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
2252	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation, within the area proposed to be incorporated,
2253	at least once a week for three successive weeks; and
2254	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
2255	(b) The notice required by Subsection (2)(a) shall contain:
2256	(i) a statement of the contents of the petition;
2257	(ii) a description of the area proposed to be incorporated as a town;
2258	(iii) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
2259	and
2260	(iv) the county Internet website address, if applicable, and the address of the county
2261	office where the feasibility study is available for review.
2262	(c) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (2)(a) shall occur at least
2263	one day but no more than seven days before the election.
2264	(d) (i) In accordance with Subsection (2)(a)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
2265	circulation within the proposed town, the county clerk shall post at least one notice of the
2266	election per 100 population in conspicuous places within the proposed town that are most
2267	likely to give notice of the election to the voters of the proposed town.
2268	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (2)(d)(i) at least seven days before
2269	the election under Subsection (1)(a).

2270	(3) The ballot at the incorporation election shall pose the incorporation question
2271	substantially as follows:
2272	Shall the area described as (insert a description of the proposed town) be incorporated
2273	as the town of (insert the proposed name of the proposed town)?
2274	(4) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to answer yes or no to the question in
2275	Subsection (3).
2276	(5) If a majority of those casting votes within the area boundaries of the proposed town
2277	vote to incorporate as a town, the area shall incorporate.
2278	Section 48. Section 10-2a-305, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-128 is
2279	renumbered and amended to read:
2280	[10-2-128]. <u>10-2a-305.</u> Form of government Election of officers of new town.
2281	(1) A newly incorporated town shall operate under the five-member council form of
2282	government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
2283	(2) (a) The county legislative body of the county in which a newly incorporated town is
2284	located shall hold an election for town officers at the next special election after the regular
2285	general election in which the town incorporation is approved.
2286	(b) The officers elected at an election described in Subsection (2)(a) shall take office at
2287	noon on the first Monday in January next following the special election described in
2288	Subsection (2)(a).
2289	Section 49. Section 10-2a-306, which is renumbered from Section 10-2-129 is
2290	renumbered and amended to read:
2291	[10-2-129]. <u>10-2a-306.</u> Notice to lieutenant governor Effective date of
2292	incorporation Effect of recording documents.
2293	(1) The mayor-elect of the future town shall:
2294	(a) within 30 days after the canvass of the election of town officers under Section
2295	$\left[\frac{10-2-128}{10-2a-305}\right]$, file with the lieutenant governor:
2296	(i) a copy of a notice of an impending boundary action, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5,
2297	that meets the requirements of Subsection 67-1a-6.5(3); and

2298	(ii) a copy of an approved final local entity plat, as defined in Section 67-1a-6.5; and
2299	(b) upon the lieutenant governor's issuance of a certificate of incorporation under
2300	Section 67-1a-6.5:
2301	(i) if the town is located within the boundary of a single county, submit to the recorder
2302	of that county the original:
2303	(A) notice of an impending boundary action;
2304	(B) certificate of incorporation; and
2305	(C) approved final local entity plat; or
2306	(ii) if the town is located within the boundaries of more than a single county, submit
2307	the original of the documents listed in Subsections (1)(b)(i)(A), (B), and (C) to one of those
2308	counties and a certified copy of those documents to each other county.
2309	(2) (a) A new town is incorporated:
2310	(i) on December 31 of the year in which the lieutenant governor issues a certificate of
2311	incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under Section [10-2-128]
2312	10-2a-305 is held on a regular general or municipal general election date; or
2313	(ii) on the last day of the month during which the lieutenant governor issues a
2314	certificate of incorporation under Section 67-1a-6.5, if the election of town officers under
2315	Section $\left[\frac{10-2-128}{10-2a-305}\right]$ is held on any other date.
2316	(b) (i) The effective date of an incorporation for purposes of assessing property within
2317	the new town is governed by Section 59-2-305.5.
2318	(ii) Until the documents listed in Subsection (1)(b)(i) are recorded in the office of the
2319	recorder of each county in which the property is located, a newly incorporated town may not:
2320	(A) levy or collect a property tax on property within the town;
2321	(B) levy or collect an assessment on property within the town; or
2322	(C) charge or collect a fee for service provided to property within the town.
2323	Section 50. Section 10-2a-401 is enacted to read:
2324	Part 4. Incorporation of Metro Townships and Unincorporated
2325	Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May 12, 2015

2326	<u>10-2a-401.</u> Title.
2327	This part is known as "Incorporation of Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands
2328	in a County of the First Class on and after May 12, 2015."
2329	Section 51. Section 10-2a-402 is enacted to read:
2330	10-2a-402. Application.
2331	(1) The provisions of this part:
2332	(a) apply to the following located in a county of the first class:
2333	(i) a planning township established before January 1, 2015; and
2334	(ii) subject to Subsection (2), an unincorporated island located in a county of the first
2335	class on or after May 12, 2015, and before November 4, 2015; and
2336	(b) do not apply to a planning advisory area, as defined in Section 17-27a-103, or any
2337	other unincorporated area located outside of a county of the first class.
2338	(2) (a) The provisions of Part 2, Incorporation of a City, and Part 3, Incorporation of a
2339	Town, apply to an unincorporated area described in Subsection (1) for an incorporation as a
2340	city after November 3, 2015.
2341	(b) The provisions of Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation:
2342	(i) do not apply to an unincorporated island for purposes of annexation before
2343	November 4, 2015, unless:
2344	(A) otherwise indicated; or
2345	(B) before July 1, 2015, an annexation petition is filed in accordance with Section
2346	10-2-403 or an intent to annex resolution is adopted in accordance with Subsection
2347	10-2-418(2)(a)(i); and
2348	(ii) apply to an unincorporated island that is not annexed at an election under this part
2349	for purposes of annexation on or after November 4, 2015.
2350	Section 52. Section 10-2a-403 is enacted to read:
2351	<u>10-2a-403.</u> Definitions.
2352	As used in this section:
2353	(1) "Ballot proposition" means the same as that term is defined in Section 20A-1-102.

2354	(2) "Eligible city" means a city whose legislative body adopts a resolution agreeing to
2355	annex an unincorporated island.
2356	(3) "Local special election" means the same as that term is defined in Section
2357	<u>20A-1-102.</u>
2358	(4) "Municipal services district" means a district created in accordance with Title 11,
2359	Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act.
2360	(5) (a) "Metro township" means, except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a planning
2361	township that is incorporated in accordance with this part.
2362	(b) "Metro township" does not include a township as that term is used in the context of
2363	identifying a geographic area in common surveyor practice.
2364	(6) (a) "Planning township" means an area located in a county of the first class that is
2365	established before January 1, 2015, as a township as defined in and established in accordance
2366	with law before the enactment of this bill.
2367	(b) "Planning township" does not include rural real property unless the owner of the
2368	rural real property provides written consent in accordance with Section 10-2a-405.
2369	(7) (a) "Unincorporated island" means an unincorporated area that is completely
2370	surrounded by one or more municipalities.
2371	(b) "Unincorporated island" does not include a planning township.
2372	Section 53. Section 10-2a-404 is enacted to read:
2373	<u>10-2a-404.</u> Election.
2374	(1) (a) Notwithstanding Section 20A-1-203, a county of the first class shall hold a local
2375	special election on November 3, 2015, on the following ballot propositions:
2376	(i) for registered voters residing within a planning township:
2377	(A) whether the planning township shall be incorporated as a city or town, according to
2378	the classifications of Section 10-2-301, or as a metro township; and
2379	(B) if the planning township incorporates as a metro township, whether the metro
2380	township is included in a municipal services district; and
2381	(ii) for registered voters residing within an unincorporated island, whether the island

2382	should maintain its unincorporated status or be annexed into an eligible city.
2383	(b) (i) A metro township incorporated under this part shall be governed by the
2384	five-member council in accordance with Chapter 3b, Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of
2385	Municipal Government.
2386	(ii) A city or town incorporated under this part shall be governed by the five-member
2387	council form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102.
2388	(2) Unless a person is a registered voter who resides, as defined in Section 20A-1-102,
2389	within the boundaries of a planning township or an unincorporated island, the person may not
2390	vote on the proposed incorporation or annexation.
2391	(3) The county clerk shall publish notice of the election:
2392	(a) in a newspaper of general circulation within the planning township or
2393	unincorporated island at least once a week for three successive weeks; and
2394	(b) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for three weeks.
2395	(4) The notice required by Subsection (3) shall contain:
2396	(a) for residents of a planning township:
2397	(i) a statement that the voters will vote:
2398	(A) to incorporate as a city or town, according to the classifications of Section
2399	10-2-301, or as a metro township; and
2400	(B) if the planning township incorporates as a metro township, whether the metro
2401	township is included in a municipal services district;
2402	(ii) if applicable under Subsection 10-2a-405(5), a map showing the alteration to the
2403	planning township boundaries that would be effective upon incorporation;
2404	(iii) a statement that if the residents of the planning township elect to incorporate:
2405	(A) as a metro township, the metro township shall be governed by a five-member
2406	metro township council in accordance with Chapter 3b, Part 5, Metro Township Council Form
2407	of Municipal Government; or
2408	(B) as a city or town, the city or town shall be governed by the five-member council
2409	form of government as defined in Section 10-3b-102; and

2410	(iv) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places;
2411	(b) for residents of an unincorporated island:
2412	(i) a statement that the voters will vote either to be annexed into an eligible city or
2413	maintain unincorporated status; and
2414	(ii) a statement of the eligible city, as determined by the county legislative body in
2415	accordance with Section 10-2a-405, the unincorporated island may elect to be annexed by; and
2416	(c) a statement of the date and time of the election and the location of polling places.
2417	(5) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (3) shall occur at least one
2418	day but no more than seven days before the election.
2419	(6) (a) In accordance with Subsection (3)(a), if there is no newspaper of general
2420	circulation within the proposed metro township or unincorporated island, the county clerk shall
2421	post at least one notice of the election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the
2422	planning township or unincorporated island that are most likely to give notice of the election to
2423	the voters of the proposed incorporation or annexation.
2424	(b) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (6)(a) at least seven days before
2425	the election under Subsection (1).
2426	(7) (a) In a planning township, if a majority of those casting votes within the planning
2427	township vote to:
2428	(i) incorporate as a city or town, the planning township shall incorporate as a city or
2429	town, respectively; or
2430	(ii) incorporate as a metro township, the planning township shall incorporate as a metro
2431	township.
2432	(b) If a majority of those casting votes within the planning township vote to incorporate
2433	as a metro township, and a majority of those casting votes vote to include the metro township
2434	in a municipal services district and limit the metro township's municipal powers, the metro
2435	township shall be included in a municipal services district and have limited municipal powers.
2436	(c) In an unincorporated island, if a majority of those casting a vote within the selected
2437	unincorporated island vote to:

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2438	(i) be annexed by the eligible city, the area shall be annexed by the eligible city; or
2439	(ii) remain an unincorporated area, the area shall remain unincorporated.
2440	(8) The county shall, in consultation with interested parties, prepare and provide
2441	information on an annexation or incorporation subject to this part and an election held in
2442	accordance with this section.
2443	Section 54. Section 10-2a-405 is enacted to read:
2444	10-2a-405. Duties of county legislative body Public hearing Notice Other
2445	election and incorporation issues Rural real property excluded.
2446	(1) The legislative body of a county of the first class shall before an election described
2447	<u>in Section 10-2a-404:</u>
2448	(a) in accordance with Subsection (3), publish notice of the public hearing described in
2449	Subsection (1)(b);
2450	(b) hold a public hearing; and
2451	(c) at the public hearing, adopt a resolution:
2452	(i) identifying, including a map prepared by the county surveyor, all unincorporated
2453	islands within the county;
2454	(ii) identifying each eligible city that will annex each unincorporated island, including
2455	whether the unincorporated island may be annexed by one eligible city or divided and annexed
2456	by multiple eligible cities, if approved by the residents at an election under Section 10-2a-404;
2457	<u>and</u>
2458	(iii) identifying, including a map prepared by the county surveyor, the planning
2459	townships within the county and any changes to the boundaries of a planning township that the
2460	county legislative body proposes under Subsection (5).
2461	(2) The county legislative body shall exclude from a resolution adopted under

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Subsection (1)(b):

Subsection (1)(c) rural real property unless the owner of the rural real property provides written

(3) (a) The county clerk shall publish notice of the public hearing described in

consent to include the property in accordance with Subsection (6).

2466	(i) by mailing notice to each owner of real property located in an unincorporated island
2467	or planning township no later than 15 days before the day of the public hearing;
2468	(ii) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
2469	circulation within each unincorporated island, each eligible city, and each planning township;
2470	<u>and</u>
2471	(iii) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three weeks
2472	before the day of the public hearing.
2473	(b) The last publication of notice required under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) shall be at least
2474	three days before the first public hearing required under Subsection (1)(b).
2475	(c) (i) If, under Subsection (3)(a)(ii), there is no newspaper of general circulation
2476	within an unincorporated island, an eligible city, or a planning township, the county clerk shall
2477	post at least one notice of the hearing per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the
2478	selected unincorporated island, eligible city, or planning township, as applicable, that are most
2479	likely to give notice of the hearing to the residents of the unincorporated island, eligible city, or
2480	planning township.
2481	(ii) The clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (3)(c)(i) at least seven days before
2482	the hearing under Subsection (1)(b).
2483	(d) The notice under Subsection (3)(a) or (c) shall include:
2484	(i) (A) for a resident of an unincorporated island, a statement that the property in the
2485	unincorporated island may be, if approved at an election under Section 10-2a-404, annexed by
2486	an eligible city, including divided and annexed by multiple cities if applicable, and the name of
2487	the eligible city or cities; or
2488	(B) for residents of a planning township, a statement that the property in the planning
2489	township shall be, pending the results of the election held under Section 10-2a-404,
2490	incorporated as a city, town, or metro township;
2491	(ii) the location and time of the public hearing; and
2492	(iii) the county website where a map may be accessed showing:
2493	(A) how the unincorporated island boundaries will change if annexed by an eligible

2494	city; or
2495	(B) how the planning township area boundaries will change, if applicable under
2496	Subsection (5), when the planning township incorporates as a metro township or as a city or
2497	town.
2498	(e) The county clerk shall publish a map described in Subsection (3)(c)(iii) on the
2499	county website.
2500	(4) The county legislative body may, by ordinance or resolution adopted at a public
2501	meeting and in accordance with applicable law, resolve an issue that arises with an election
2502	held in accordance with this part or the incorporation and establishment of a metro township in
2503	accordance with this part.
2504	(5) (a) The county legislative body may, by ordinance or resolution adopted at a public
2505	meeting, change the boundaries of a planning township.
2506	(b) A change to a planning township boundary under this Subsection (5) is effective
2507	only upon the vote of the residents of the planning township at an election under Section
2508	10-2a-404 to incorporate as a metro township or as a city or town and does not affect the
2509	boundaries of the planning township before the election.
2510	(c) The county legislative body:
2511	(i) may alter a planning township boundary under Subsection (5)(a) only if the
2512	alteration:
2513	(A) affects less than 5% of the residents residing within the planning advisory area; and
2514	(B) does not increase the area located within the planning township's boundaries; and
2515	(ii) may not alter the boundaries of a planning township whose boundaries are entirely
2516	surrounded by one or more municipalities.
2517	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "rural real property" means an area:
2518	(i) zoned primarily for manufacturing, commercial, or agricultural purposes; and
2519	(ii) that does not include residential units with a density greater than one unit per acre.
2520	(b) Unless an owner of rural real property gives written consent to a county legislative
2521	body, rural real property described in Subsection (6)(c) may not be:

2522	(i) included in a planning township identified under Subsection (1)(c); or
2523	(ii) incorporated as part of a metro township, city, or town, in accordance with this
2524	part.
2525	(c) The following rural real property is subject to an owner's written consent under
2526	Subsection (6)(b):
2527	(i) rural real property that consists of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of real property
2528	consisting of one or more tax parcels;
2529	(ii) rural real property that is not contiguous to, but used in connection with, rural real
2530	property that consists of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of real property consisting of one or
2531	more tax parcels;
2532	(iii) rural real property that is owned, managed, or controlled by a person, company, or
2533	association, including a parent, subsidiary, or affiliate related to the owner of 1,500 or more
2534	contiguous acres of rural real property consisting of one or more tax parcels; or
2535	(iv) rural real property that is located in whole or in part in one of the following as
2536	defined in Section 17-41-101:
2537	(A) an agricultural protection area;
2538	(B) an industrial protection area; or
2539	(C) a mining protection area.
2540	Section 55. Section 10-2a-406 is enacted to read:
2541	10-2a-406. Ballot used at metro township incorporation election.
2542	(1) The ballot at the election to incorporate a planning township as a metro township or
2543	as a city or town, respectively, shall pose:
2544	(a) the incorporation question substantially as follows:
2545	"Shall [insert name of planning township] be incorporated as a metro township [insert
2546	the proposed name of the proposed metro township, which is the formal name of the planning
2547	township with the words "metro township" immediately after the formal name] or as the [insert
2548	the appropriate designation of city or town based on population classification] of [insert the
2549	proposed name of the proposed city or town, respectively, which is the formal name of the

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2550	planning township with, if the area qualifies as a city under the population classifications, the
2551	word "city" immediately after the formal name or if the area qualifies as a town under the
2552	population classification, the words "town of" immediately preceding the formal name]?"; and
2553	(b) the question, if a metro township is incorporated, of whether a metro township shall
2554	be a metro township with limited municipal powers that is included in a municipal services
2555	district substantially as follows:
2556	"If the majority of voters voting in this election vote to incorporate as a metro township,
2557	shall the metro township be a metro township with limited municipal powers that is included in
2558	a municipal services district?".
2559	(2) The ballot shall provide a space for the voter to indicate:
2560	(a) either the metro township or the city or town, respectively, as described in
2561	Subsection (1)(a); and
2562	(b) whether the metro township shall be a metro township with limited municipal
2563	powers that is included in a municipal services district.
2564	Section 56. Section 10-2a-407 is enacted to read:
2565	10-2a-407. Ballot used at unincorporated island annexation election.
2566	(1) The ballot at the election to either annex an unincorporated island into an eligible
2567	city or to remain an unincorporated island shall pose the question substantially as follows:
2568	"Shall [insert description of the unincorporated island or part of an island identified in
2569	the resolution adopted under Section 10-2a-405] be annexed by [insert name of eligible city
2570	identified in the resolution adopted under Section 10-2a-405] or remain unincorporated?".
2571	(2) The ballot shall provide:
2572	(a) a map of the selected unincorporated island and the eligible city; and
2573	(b) a space for the voter to indicate either to annex into the eligible city or to remain an
2574	unincorporated area as described in Subsection (1).
2575	Section 57. Section 10-2a-408 is enacted to read:
2576	10-2a-408. Notification to lieutenant governor of incorporation election results.
2577	Within 10 days of the canvass of the incorporation and annexation election, the county

2578	clerk shall send written notice to the lieutenant governor of:
2579	(1) the results of the election;
2580	(2) for a planning township:
2581	(a) if the incorporation of a planning township as a metro township passes:
2582	(i) the name of the metro township; and
2583	(ii) the class of the metro township as provided under Section 10-2-301.5; and
2584	(b) if the incorporation of a planning township as a city or town passes:
2585	(i) the name of the city or town; and
2586	(ii) if the incorporated area is a city, the class of the city as defined in Section
2587	<u>10-2-301; and</u>
2588	(3) for an unincorporated island, whether the unincorporated island or a portion of the
2589	island shall be annexed into an eligible city.
2590	Section 58. Section 10-2a-409 is enacted to read:
2591	10-2a-409. Unincorporated island annexation Notice and recording Applicable
2592	provisions.
2593	(1) If the annexation of an unincorporated island into an eligible city passes, the
2594	legislative body of the eligible city shall comply with Section 10-2-425.
2595	(2) The following provisions apply to an annexation under this part:
2596	(a) Section 10-2-420;
2597	(b) Section 10-2-421;
2598	(c) Section 10-2-422;
	
2599	(d) Section 10-2-426; and
25992600	(d) Section 10-2-426; and (e) Section 10-2-428.
2600	(e) Section 10-2-428.
2600 2601	(e) Section 10-2-428. Section 59. Section 10-2a-410 is enacted to read:
2600 2601 2602	(e) Section 10-2-428. Section 59. Section 10-2a-410 is enacted to read: 10-2a-410. Determination of metro township districts Determination of metro

2606	(a) each of the five metro township council members shall be elected by district; and
2607	(b) the boundaries of the five council districts for election and the terms of office shall
2608	be designated and determined in accordance with this section.
2609	(2) (a) If a town is incorporated at an election held in accordance with Section
2610	10-2a-404, the five council members shall be elected at large for terms as designated and
2611	determined in accordance with this section.
2612	(b) If a city is incorporated at an election held in accordance with Section 10-2a-404:
2613	(i) (A) the four members of the council district who are not the mayor shall be elected
2614	by district; and
2615	(B) the boundaries of the four council districts for election and the term of office shall
2616	be designated and determined in accordance with this section; and
2617	(ii) the mayor shall be elected at large for a term designated and determined in
2618	accordance with this section.
2619	(3) (a) No later than 90 days after the election day on which the metro township, city,
2620	or town is successfully incorporated under this part, the legislative body of the county in which
2621	the metro township is located shall adopt by resolution:
2622	(i) subject to Subsection (3)(b), for each incorporated metro township, city, or town,
2623	the council terms for a length of time in accordance with this section; and
2624	(ii) (A) for a metro township, the boundaries of the five council districts; and
2625	(B) for a city, the boundaries of the four council districts.
2626	(b) (i) For each metro township, city, or town, the county legislative body shall set the
2627	initial terms of the members of the metro township council, city council, or town council so
2628	that:
2629	(A) approximately half the members of the council, including the mayor in the case of
2630	a city, are elected to serve an initial term, of no less than one year, that allows their successors
2631	to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the schedule established in Subsection
2632	<u>10-3-205(1); and</u>
2633	(B) the remaining members of the council are elected to serve an initial term, of no less

2634	than one year, that allows their successors to serve a full four-year term that coincides with the
2635	schedule established in Subsection 10-3-205(2).
2636	(ii) For a metro township, the county legislative body shall divide the metro township
2637	into five council districts that comply with Section 10-3-205.5.
2638	(iii) For a city, the county legislative body shall divide the city into four council
2639	districts that comply with Section 10-3-205.5.
2640	(4) (a) Within 20 days of the county legislative body's adoption of a resolution under
2641	Subsection (3), the county clerk shall publish, in accordance with Subsection (4)(b), notice
2642	containing:
2643	(i) if applicable, a description of the boundaries of the metro township council or city
2644	council districts as designated in the resolution;
2645	(ii) information about the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy for those
2646	seeking to become candidates for metro township council, city council, town council, or city
2647	mayor, respectively; and
2648	(iii) information about the length of the initial term of city mayor or each of the metro
2649	township, city, or town council offices, as described in the resolution.
2650	(b) The notice under Subsection (4)(a) shall be published:
2651	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation within the metro township, city, or town at
2652	least once a week for two successive weeks; and
2653	(ii) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
2654	(c) (i) In accordance with Subsection (4)(b)(i), if there is no newspaper of general
2655	circulation within the future metro township, city, or town, the county clerk shall post at least
2656	one notice per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future metro township, city,
2657	or town that are most likely to give notice to the residents of the future metro township, city, or
2658	town.
2659	(ii) The notice under Subsection (4)(c)(i) shall contain the information required under
2660	Subsection (4)(a).
2661	(iii) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (4)(c)(i) at least seven

2662	days before the deadline for filing a declaration of candidacy under Subsection (4)(d).
2663	(d) A person seeking to become a candidate for metro township, city, or town council
2664	or city mayor shall, in accordance with Section 20A-9-202, file a declaration of candidacy with
2665	the clerk of the county in which the metro township, city, or town is located for an election
2666	described in Section 10-2a-411.
2667	Section 60. Section 10-2a-411 is enacted to read:
2668	10-2a-411. Election of officers of new city, town, or metro township.
2669	(1) For the election of the initial office holders of a metro township, city, or town,
2670	respectively, incorporated under Section 10-2a-404, the county legislative body shall:
2671	(a) unless a primary election is prohibited by Subsection 20A-9-404(2), hold a primary
2672	election at the next regular primary election, as described in Section 20A-1-201.5, following
2673	the November 3, 2015, election to incorporate; and
2674	(b) hold a final election at the next regular general election date following the election
2675	to incorporate.
2676	(2) An election under Subsection (1) for the officers of:
2677	(a) a metro township shall be consistent with the number of council members as
2678	described in Subsection 10-2a-404(1)(b)(i); and
2679	(b) a city or town shall be consistent with the number of council members, including
2680	the city mayor as a member of a city council, described in Subsection 10-2a-404(1)(b)(ii).
2681	(3) (a) (i) The county clerk shall publish notice of an election under this section:
2682	(A) at least once a week for two successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation
2683	within the future metro township, city, or town; and
2684	(B) in accordance with Section 45-1-101 for two weeks.
2685	(ii) The later notice under Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be at least one day but no more
2686	than seven days before the election.
2687	(b) (i) In accordance with Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A), if there is no newspaper of general
2688	circulation within the future metro township, city, or town, the county clerk shall post at least
2689	one notice of the election per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the future metro

2690	township, city, or town that are most likely to give notice of the election to the voters.
2691	(ii) The county clerk shall post the notices under Subsection (3)(b)(i) at least seven
2692	days before each election under Subsection (1).
2693	(4) (a) Until the metro township, city, or town is incorporated, the county clerk is the
2694	election officer for all purposes in an election of officers of the metro township, city, or town.
2695	(b) The county clerk is responsible to ensure that:
2696	(i) if applicable, the primary election described in Subsection (1)(a) is held on the date
2697	described in Subsection (1)(a);
2698	(ii) the final election described in Subsection (1)(b) is held on the date described in
2699	Subsection (1)(b); and
2700	(iii) the ballot for each election includes each office that is required to be included for
2701	officials in the metro township, city, or town, and the length of term of each office.
2702	(5) The officers elected at an election described in Subsection (1)(b) shall take office at
2703	noon on the first Monday in January next following the election.
2704	Section 61. Section 10-2a-412 is enacted to read:
2705	10-2a-412. Notification to lieutenant governor of election of officers.
2706	Within 10 days of the canvass of final election of metro township, city, or town officers
2707	under Section 10-2a-411, the county clerk shall send written notice to the lieutenant governor
2708	of the name and position of each officer elected and the term for which each has been elected.
2709	Section 62. Section 10-2a-413 is enacted to read:
2710	10-2a-413. Incorporation under this part subject to other provisions.
2711	(1) An incorporation of a metro township, city, or town under this part is subject to the
2712	following provisions to the same extent as the incorporation of a city under Part 2,
2713	Incorporation of a City:
2714	(a) Section 10-2a-217;
2715	(b) Section 10-2a-219; and
2716	(c) Section 10-2a-220.
2717	(2) An incorporation of a city or town under this part is subject to Section 10-2a-218 to

the	same extent as the incorporation of a city or town under Part 2, Incorporation of a City.
	Section 63. Section 10-3-205.5 is amended to read:
	10-3-205.5. At-large election of officers Election of commissioners or council
me	mbers.
	(1) Except as provided in [Subsection (2)] Subsection (2), (3), or (4), the officers of
eac	h city shall be elected in an at-large election held at the time and in the manner provided for
elec	cting municipal officers.
	(2) (a) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1), the] The governing body of a city may by
ord	inance provide for the election of some or all commissioners or council members, as the
cas	e may be, by district equal in number to the number of commissioners or council members
elec	cted by district.
	(b) (i) Each district shall be of substantially equal population as the other districts.
	(ii) Within six months after the Legislature completes its redistricting process, the
gov	verning body of each city that has adopted an ordinance under Subsection (2)(a) shall make
any	adjustments in the boundaries of the districts as may be required to maintain districts of
sub	stantially equal population.
	(3) (a) The municipal council members of a metro township, as defined in Section
<u>10-</u>	2a-403, are elected:
	(i) by district in accordance with Subsection 10-2a-410(1)(a)(i); or
	(ii) at large in accordance with Subsection 10-2a-410(1)(b).
	(b) The council districts in a metro township shall comply with the requirements of
Sub	osections (2)(b)(i) and (ii).
	(4) (a) For a city incorporated in accordance with Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of
Me	tro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May
<u>12,</u>	<u>2015:</u>
	(i) the council members are elected by district in accordance with Section 10-2a-410;
and	<u>!</u>
	(ii) the mayor is elected at large in accordance with Section 10-2a-410.

2746	(b) The council districts in a city described in Subsection (4)(a) shall comply with the
2747	requirements of Subsections (2)(b)(i) and (ii).
2748	Section 64. Section 10-3-1302 is amended to read:
2749	10-3-1302. Purpose.
2750	(1) The purposes of this part are to establish standards of conduct for municipal
2751	officers and employees and to require these persons to disclose actual or potential conflicts of
2752	interest between their public duties and their personal interests.
2753	(2) In a metro township, as defined in Section 10-2a-403, the provisions of this part
2754	may not be applied to an appointed officer as that term is defined in Section 17-16a-3 or a
2755	county employee who is required by law to provide services to the metro township.
2756	Section 65. Section 10-3b-102 is amended to read:
2757	10-3b-102. Definitions.
2758	As used in this chapter:
2759	(1) "Council-mayor form of government" means the form of municipal government
2760	that:
2761	(a) (i) is provided for in Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48;
2762	(ii) may not be adopted without voter approval; and
2763	(iii) consists of two separate, independent, and equal branches of municipal
2764	government; and
2765	(b) on and after May 5, 2008, is described in Part 2, Council-Mayor Form of Municipal
2766	Government.
2767	(2) "Five-member council form of government" means the form of municipal
2768	government described in Part 4, Five-Member Council Form of Municipal Government.
2769	(3) "Metro township" means the same as that term is defined in Section 10-2a-403.
2770	(4) "Metro township council form of government" means the form of metro township
2771	government described in Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of Municipal Government.
2772	[(3)] (5) "Six-member council form of government" means the form of municipal
2773	government described in Part 3, Six-Member Council Form of Municipal Government.

2774	Section 66. Section 10-3b-103 is amended to read:
2775	10-3b-103. Forms of municipal government Form of government for towns
2776	Former council-manager form.
2777	(1) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008, under the council-mayor form of
2778	government:
2779	(a) shall, on and after May 5, 2008:
2780	(i) operate under a council-mayor form of government, as defined in Section
2781	10-3b-102; and
2782	(ii) be subject to:
2783	(A) this part;
2784	(B) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government;
2785	(C) Part [5] 6, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and
2786	(D) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), other applicable provisions of this title;
2787	and
2788	(b) is not subject to:
2789	(i) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government; [or]
2790	(ii) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government[-]; or
2791	(iii) Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of Municipal Government.
2792	(2) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008 under a form of government known under
2793	the law then in effect as the six-member council form:
2794	(a) shall, on and after May 5, 2008, and whether or not the council has adopted an
2795	ordinance appointing a manager for the municipality:
2796	(i) operate under a six-member council form of government, as defined in Section
2797	10-3b-102;
2798	(ii) be subject to:
2799	(A) this part;
2800	(B) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government;
2801	(C) Part [5] 6, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and

2802	(D) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), other applicable provisions of this title;
2803	and
2804	(b) is not subject to:
2805	(i) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government; [or]
2806	(ii) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government[:]; or
2807	(iii) Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of Municipal Government.
2808	(3) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008, under a form of government known
2809	under the law then in effect as the five-member council form:
2810	(a) shall, on and after May 5, 2008:
2811	(i) operate under a five-member council form of government, as defined in Section
2812	10-3b-102;
2813	(ii) be subject to:
2814	(A) this part;
2815	(B) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government;
2816	(C) Part [5] 6, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and
2817	(D) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), other applicable provisions of this title;
2818	and
2819	(b) is not subject to:
2820	(i) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government; [or]
2821	(ii) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government[:]; or
2822	(iii) Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of Municipal Government.
2823	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), each municipality other than a metro township
2824	incorporated on or after May 5, 2008, shall operate under:
2825	(a) the council-mayor form of government, with a five-member council;
2826	(b) the council-mayor form of government, with a seven-member council;
2827	(c) the six-member council form of government; or
2828	(d) the five-member council form of government.
2829	(5) Each town shall operate under a five-member council form of government unless:

2830	(a) before May 5, 2008, the town has changed to another form of municipal
2831	government; or
2832	(b) on or after May 5, 2008, the town changes its form of government as provided in
2833	Part [5] 6, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government.
2834	(6) Each metro township:
2835	(a) shall operate under a metro township council form of government;
2836	(b) is subject to:
2837	(i) this part;
2838	(ii) Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of Municipal Government; and
2839	(iii) except as provided in Subsection (6)(c), other applicable provisions of this title;
2840	<u>and</u>
2841	(c) is not subject to:
2842	(i) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government;
2843	(ii) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government; or
2844	(iii) Part 4, Five-Member Council Form of Municipal Government.
2845	[6] (a) As used in this Subsection $[6]$ (7), "council-manager form of
2846	government" means the form of municipal government:
2847	(i) provided for in Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48;
2848	(ii) that cannot be adopted without voter approval; and
2849	(iii) that provides for, subject to Subsections $[\frac{7}{9}]$ (8) and $[\frac{8}{9}]$, an appointed
2850	manager with duties and responsibilities established in Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48.
2851	(b) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008, under the council-manager form of
2852	government:
2853	(i) shall:
2854	(A) continue to operate, on and after May 5, 2008, under the council-manager form of
2855	government according to the applicable provisions of Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48; and
2856	(B) be subject to:
2857	(I) this Subsection [(G)] (7) and other applicable provisions of this part:

2858	(II) Part [5] 6, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and
2859	(III) except as provided in Subsection [(6)] (7)(b)(ii), other applicable provisions of
2860	this title; and
2861	(ii) is not subject to:
2862	(A) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government;
2863	(B) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government; [or]
2864	(C) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government[-]; or
2865	(D) Part 5, Metro Township Council Form of Municipal Government.
2866	[(7)] (8) (a) As used in this Subsection $[(7)]$ (8), "interim vacancy period" means the
2867	period of time that:
2868	(i) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Section
2869	10-3-201 is held to elect a council member; and
2870	(ii) ends on the day on which the council member-elect begins the council member's
2871	term.
2872	(b) (i) The council may not appoint a manager during an interim vacancy period.
2873	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(7)] <u>(8)</u> (b)(i):
2874	(A) the council may appoint an interim manager during an interim vacancy period; and
2875	(B) the interim manager's term shall expire once a new manager is appointed by the
2876	new administration after the interim vacancy period has ended.
2877	(c) Subsection $[(7)]$ (8)(b) does not apply if all the council members who held office or
2878	the day of the municipal general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are
2879	re-elected to the council for the following term.
2880	[(8)] (9) A council that appoints a manager in accordance with this section may not, on
2881	or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic renewal
2882	provision with the manager.
2883	[(9)] (10) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent or limit a municipality
2884	operating under any form of municipal government from changing to another form of
2885	government as provided in Part [5] 6, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government.

2886	Section 67. Section 10-3b-202 is amended to read:
2887	10-3b-202. Mayor in council-mayor form of government.
2888	(1) The mayor in a municipality operating under the council-mayor form of
2889	government:
2890	(a) is the chief executive and administrative officer of the municipality;
2891	(b) exercises the executive and administrative powers and performs or supervises the
2892	performance of the executive and administrative duties and functions of the municipality;
2893	(c) shall:
2894	(i) keep the peace and enforce the laws of the municipality;
2895	(ii) execute the policies adopted by the council;
2896	(iii) appoint, with the council's advice and consent, a qualified person for each of the
2897	following positions:
2898	(A) subject to Subsection (3), chief administrative officer, if required under the
2899	resolution or petition under Subsection [10-3b-503] <u>10-3b-603</u> (1)(a) that proposed the change
2900	to a council-mayor form of government;
2901	(B) recorder;
2902	(C) treasurer;
2903	(D) engineer; and
2904	(E) attorney;
2905	(iv) provide to the council, at intervals provided by ordinance, a written report to the
2906	council setting forth:
2907	(A) the amount of budget appropriations;
2908	(B) total disbursements from the appropriations;
2909	(C) the amount of indebtedness incurred or contracted against each appropriation,
2910	including disbursements and indebtedness incurred and not paid; and
2911	(D) the percentage of the appropriations encumbered;
2912	(v) report to the council the condition and needs of the municipality;
2913	(vi) report to the council any release granted under Subsection (1)(d)(xiii);

2914	(vii) if the mayor remits a fine or forfeiture under Subsection (1)(d)(xi), report the
2915	remittance to the council at the council's next meeting after the remittance;
2916	(viii) perform each other duty:
2917	(A) prescribed by statute; or
2918	(B) required by a municipal ordinance that is not inconsistent with statute;
2919	(d) may:
2920	(i) subject to budget constraints:
2921	(A) appoint:
2922	(I) subject to Subsections (3)(b) and (4), a chief administrative officer; and
2923	(II) one or more deputies or administrative assistants to the mayor; and
2924	(B) (I) create any other administrative office that the mayor considers necessary for
2925	good government of the municipality; and
2926	(II) appoint a person to the office;
2927	(ii) with the council's advice and consent and except as otherwise specifically limited
2928	by statute, appoint:
2929	(A) each department head of the municipality;
2930	(B) each statutory officer of the municipality; and
2931	(C) each member of a statutory commission, board, or committee of the municipality;
2932	(iii) dismiss any person appointed by the mayor;
2933	(iv) as provided in Section 10-3b-204, veto an ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation
2934	passed by the council;
2935	(v) exercise control of and supervise each executive or administrative department,
2936	division, or office of the municipality;
2937	(vi) within the general provisions of statute and ordinance, regulate and prescribe the
2938	powers and duties of each other executive or administrative officer or employee of the
2939	municipality;
2940	(vii) attend each council meeting, take part in council meeting discussions, and freely
2941	give advice to the council;

2942	(viii) appoint a budget officer to serve in place of the mayor to comply with and fulfill
2943	in all other respects the requirements of, as the case may be:
2944	(A) Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns; or
2945	(B) Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities;
2946	(ix) execute an agreement on behalf of the municipality, or delegate, by written
2947	executive order, the authority to execute an agreement on behalf of the municipality:
2948	(A) if the obligation under the agreement is within certified budget appropriations; and
2949	(B) subject to Section 10-6-138;
2950	(x) at any reasonable time, examine and inspect the official books, papers, records, or
2951	documents of:
2952	(A) the municipality; or
2953	(B) any officer, employee, or agent of the municipality;
2954	(xi) remit fines and forfeitures;
2955	(xii) if necessary, call on residents of the municipality over the age of 21 years to assist
2956	in enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the municipality; and
2957	(xiii) release a person imprisoned for a violation of a municipal ordinance; and
2958	(e) may not vote on any matter before the council.
2959	(2) (a) The first mayor elected under a newly established mayor-council form of
2960	government shall, within six months after taking office, draft and submit to the council a
2961	proposed ordinance:
2962	(i) providing for the division of the municipality's administrative service into
2963	departments, divisions, and bureaus; and
2964	(ii) defining the functions and duties of each department, division, and bureau.
2965	(b) Before the council adopts an ordinance on the municipality's administrative service,
2966	the mayor may establish temporary rules and regulations to ensure efficiency and effectiveness
2967	in the divisions of the municipal government.
2968	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "interim vacancy period" means the period of
2969	time that:

2970	(i) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Section
2971	10-3-201 is held to elect a mayor; and
2972	(ii) ends on the day on which the mayor-elect begins the mayor's term.
2973	(b) Each person appointed as chief administrative officer under Subsection
2974	(1)(c)(iii)(A) shall be appointed on the basis of:
2975	(i) the person's ability and prior experience in the field of public administration; and
2976	(ii) any other qualification prescribed by ordinance.
2977	(c) (i) The mayor may not appoint a chief administrative officer during an interim
2978	vacancy period.
2979	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c)(i):
2980	(A) the mayor may appoint an interim chief administrative officer during an interim
2981	vacancy period; and
2982	(B) the interim chief administrative officer's term shall expire once a new chief
2983	administrative officer is appointed by the new mayor after the interim vacancy period has
2984	ended.
2985	(d) Subsection (3)(c) does not apply if the mayor who holds office on the day of the
2986	municipal general election is re-elected to the mayor's office for the following term.
2987	(4) A mayor who appoints a chief administrative officer in accordance with this section
2988	may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an
2989	automatic renewal provision with the chief administrative officer.
2990	Section 68. Section 10-3b-501 is repealed and reenacted to read:
2991	Part 5. Metro Township Council Form of Municipal Government
2992	10-3b-501. Metro township government powers vested in a five-member council.
2993	The powers of municipal government in a metro township, as defined in Section
2994	10-2a-403, are vested in a council consisting of five members, one of which is the chair.
2995	Section 69. Section 10-3b-502 is repealed and reenacted to read:
2996	10-3b-502. Governance of metro townships that are not in a municipal services
2997	district.

2998	For a metro township in which the voters at an election held in accordance with Section
2999	10-2a-404 do not choose a metro township with limited municipal powers that is included in a
3000	municipal services district:
3001	(1) (a) the council:
3002	(i) has the same powers, authority, and duties as a council described in Section
3003	10-3b-403; and
3004	(ii) is not subject to Section 10-3b-504; and
3005	(b) the chair:
3006	(i) has the same powers, authority, and duties as a mayor described in Section
3007	<u>10-3b-402</u> ; and
3008	(ii) is not subject to Section 10-3b-503.
3009	Section 70. Section 10-3b-503 is repealed and reenacted to read:
3010	10-3b-503. Chair in a metro township included in a municipal services district.
3011	(1) The chair in a metro township that is included in a municipal services district:
3012	(a) is a regular and voting member of the council;
3013	(b) is elected by the members of the council from among the council members;
3014	(c) is the chair of the council and presides at all council meetings;
3015	(d) exercises ceremonial functions for the municipality;
3016	(e) may not veto any ordinance, resolution, tax levy passed, or any other action taken
3017	by the council;
3018	(f) represents the metro township on the board of a municipal services district; and
3019	(g) has other powers and duties described in this section and otherwise authorized by
3020	law except as modified by ordinance under Subsection 10-3b-504(2).
3021	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), the chair in a metro township that is included
3022	in a municipal services district:
3023	(a) shall:
3024	(i) keep the peace and enforce the laws of the metro township;
3025	(ii) ensure that all applicable statutes and metro township ordinances and resolutions

3026	are faithfully executed and observed;
3027	(iii) if the chair remits a fine or forfeiture under Subsection (2)(g)(ii), report the
3028	remittance to the council at the council's next meeting after the remittance;
3029	(iv) perform all duties prescribed by statute or metro township ordinance or resolution;
3030	(v) report to the council the condition and needs of the metro township;
3031	(vi) report to the council any release granted under Subsection (2)(g)(iv); and
3032	(b) may:
3033	(i) recommend for council consideration any measure that the chair considers to be in
3034	the best interests of the municipality;
3035	(ii) remit fines and forfeitures;
3036	(iii) if necessary, call on residents of the municipality over the age of 21 years to assist
3037	in enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the municipality;
3038	(iv) release a person imprisoned for a violation of a municipal ordinance;
3039	(v) with the council's advice and consent appoint a person to fill a municipal office or a
3040	vacancy on a commission or committee of the municipality; and
3041	(vi) at any reasonable time, examine and inspect the official books, papers, records, or
3042	documents of:
3043	(A) the municipality; or
3044	(B) any officer, employee, or agency of the municipality.
3045	(3) The powers and duties in Subsection (1) are subject to the council's authority to
3046	limit or expand the chair's powers and duties under Subsection 10-3b-504(2).
3047	(4) (a) If the chair is absent, unable, or refuses to act, the council may elect a member
3048	of the council as chair pro tempore, to:
3049	(i) preside at a council meeting; and
3050	(ii) perform during the chair's absence, disability, or refusal to act, the duties and
3051	functions of chair.
3052	(b) In accordance with Section 10-3c-203, the county clerk of the county in which the
3053	metro township is located shall enter in the minutes of the council meeting the election of a

3054	council member as chair under Subsection (1)(b) or chair pro tempore under Subsection (4)(a)
3055	Section 71. Section 10-3b-504 is repealed and reenacted to read:
3056	10-3b-504. Council in a metro township that is included in a municipal services
3057	district.
3058	(1) The council in a metro township that is included in a municipal services district:
3059	(a) exercises any executive or administrative power and performs or supervises the
3060	performance of any executive or administrative power, duty, or function that has not been
3061	given to the chair under Section 10-3b-503 unless the council removes that power, duty, or
3062	function from the chair in accordance with Subsection (2);
3063	(b) may:
3064	(i) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (2), adopt an ordinance:
3065	(A) removing from the chair any power, duty, or function of the chair; and
3066	(B) reinstating to the chair any power, duty, or function previously removed under
3067	Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A); and
3068	(ii) adopt an ordinance delegating to the chair any executive or administrative power,
3069	duty, or function that the council has under Subsection (1)(a); and
3070	(c) may not remove from the chair or delegate:
3071	(i) any of the chair's legislative or judicial powers or ceremonial functions;
3072	(ii) the chair's position as chair of the council; or
3073	(iii) any ex officio position that the chair holds.
3074	(2) Adopting an ordinance under Subsection (1)(b)(i) removing from or reinstating to
3075	the chair a power, duty, or function provided for in Section 10-3b-503 requires the affirmative
3076	vote of:
3077	(a) the chair and a majority of all other council members; or
3078	(b) all council members except the chair.
3079	(3) The metro township council of a metro township that is included in a municipal
3080	services district:
3081	(a) shall:

3082	(i) by ordinance, provide for the manner in which a subdivision is approved,
3083	disapproved, or otherwise regulated;
3084	(ii) review municipal administration, and, subject to Subsection (5), pass ordinances;
3085	(iii) perform all duties that the law imposes on the council; and
3086	(iv) elect one of its members to be chair of the metro township and the chair of the
3087	council;
3088	<u>(b) may:</u>
3089	(i) (A) notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c), appoint a committee of council members or
3090	citizens to conduct an investigation into an officer, department, or agency of the municipality,
3091	or any other matter relating to the welfare of the municipality; and
3092	(B) delegate to an appointed committee powers of inquiry that the council considers
3093	necessary;
3094	(ii) make and enforce any additional rule or regulation for the government of the
3095	council, the preservation of order, and the transaction of the council's business that the council
3096	considers necessary; and
3097	(iii) subject to the limitations provided in Subsection (5), take any action allowed under
3098	Section 10-8-84 that is reasonably related to the safety, health, morals, and welfare of the metro
3099	township inhabitants; and
3100	(c) may not:
3101	(i) direct or request, other than in writing, the appointment of a person to or the
3102	removal of a person from an executive municipal office;
3103	(ii) interfere in any way with an executive officer's performance of the officer's duties;
3104	<u>or</u>
3105	(iii) publicly or privately give orders to a subordinate of the chair.
3106	(4) A member of a metro township council as described in this section may not have
3107	any other compensated employment with the metro township.
3108	(5) The council of a metro township that is included in a municipal services district
3109	may not adopt an ordinance or resolution that authorizes, provides, or otherwise governs a

3110	municipal service, as defined in Section 17B-2a-1102, that is provided by a municipal services
3111	district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act.
3112	Section 72. Section 10-3b-601 is enacted to read:
3113	Part 6. Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government
3114	10-3b-601. Authority to change to another form of municipal government.
3115	(1) As provided in this part, a municipality may change from the form of government
3116	under which it operates to:
3117	(a) the council-mayor form of government with a five-member council;
3118	(b) the council-mayor form of government with a seven-member council;
3119	(c) the six-member council form of government; or
3120	(d) the five-member council form of government.
3121	(2) (a) A metro township that changes from the metro township council form of
3122	government to a form described in Subsection (1):
3123	(i) is no longer a metro township; and
3124	(ii) subject to Subsection (2)(b), is a city or town and operates as and has the authority
3125	of a city or town.
3126	(b) If a metro township with a population that qualifies as a town in accordance with
3127	Section 10-2-301 changes the metro township's form of government in accordance with this
3128	part, the metro township may only change to the five-member council form of government.
3129	(3) A municipality other than a metro township may not operate under the metro
3130	township council form of government.
3131	Section 73. Section 10-3b-602 is enacted to read:
3132	10-3b-602. Voter approval required for a change in the form of government.
3133	A municipality may not change its form of government under this part unless voters of
3134	the municipality approve the change at an election held for that purpose.
3135	Section 74. Section 10-3b-603 is enacted to read:
3136	<u>10-3b-603.</u> Resolution or petition proposing a change in the form of government.
3137	(1) The process to change the form of government under which a municipality operates

3138	is initiated by:
3139	(a) the council's adoption of a resolution proposing a change; or
3140	(b) the filing of a petition, as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives
3141	- Procedures, proposing a change.
3142	(2) Within 45 days after the adoption of a resolution under Subsection (1)(a) or the
3143	declaring of a petition filed under Subsection (1)(b) as sufficient under Section 20A-7-507, the
3144	council shall hold at least two public hearings on the proposed change.
3145	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the council shall hold an election on
3146	the proposed change in the form of government at the next municipal general election or
3147	regular general election that is more than 75 days after, as the case may be:
3148	(i) a resolution under Subsection (1)(a) is adopted; or
3149	(ii) a petition filed under Subsection (1)(b) is declared sufficient under Section
3150	<u>20A-7-507.</u>
3151	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an election on a proposed change in the form of
3152	government may not be held if:
3153	(i) in the case of a proposed change initiated by the council's adoption of a resolution
3154	under Subsection (1)(a), the council rescinds the resolution within 60 days after adopting it; or
3155	(ii) in the case of a proposed change initiated by a petition under Subsection (1)(b),
3156	enough signatures are withdrawn from the petition within 60 days after the petition is declared
3157	sufficient under Section 20A-7-507 that the petition is no longer sufficient.
3158	(4) Each resolution adopted under Subsection (1)(a) or petition filed under Subsection
3159	(1)(b) shall:
3160	(a) state the method of election and initial terms of council members; and
3161	(b) specify the boundaries of districts substantially equal in population, if some or all
3162	council members are to be elected by district.
3163	(5) A resolution under Subsection (1)(a) or petition under Subsection (1)(b) proposing
3164	a change to a council-mayor form of government may require that, if the change is adopted, the
3165	mayor appoint, with the council's advice and consent and subject to Section 10-3b-202, a chief

3166	administrative officer, to exercise the administrative powers and perform the duties that the
3167	mayor prescribes.
3168	Section 75. Section 10-3b-604 is enacted to read:
3169	10-3b-604. Limitations on adoption of a resolution and filing of a petition.
3170	A resolution may not be adopted under Subsection 10-3b-603(1)(a) and a petition may
3171	not be filed under Subsection 10-3b-603(1)(b) within:
3172	(1) four years after an election at which voters reject a proposal to change the
3173	municipality's form of government, if the resolution or petition proposes changing to the same
3174	form of government that voters rejected at the election; or
3175	(2) four years after the effective date of a change in the form of municipal government
3176	or an incorporation as a municipality.
3177	Section 76. Section 10-3b-605 is enacted to read:
3178	<u>10-3b-605.</u> Ballot form.
3179	The ballot at an election on a proposal to change the municipality's form of government
3180	<u>shall:</u>
3181	(1) state the ballot question substantially as follows: "Shall [state the municipality's
3182	name], Utah, change its form of government to the [state "council-mayor form, with a
3183	five-member council," "council-mayor form, with a seven-member council," "six-member
3184	council form," or "five-member council form," as applicable]?"; and
3185	(2) provide a space or method for the voter to vote "yes" or "no."
3186	Section 77. Section 10-3b-606 is enacted to read:
3187	<u>10-3b-606.</u> Election of officers after a change in the form of government.
3188	(1) If voters approve a proposal to change the municipality's form of government at an
3189	election held as provided in this part, an election of officers under the new form of government
3190	shall be held on the municipal general election date following the election at which voters
3191	approve the proposal.
3192	(2) If a municipality changes its form of government under this part resulting in the
3193	elimination of an elected official's position, the municipality shall continue to pay that official

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3194	at the same rate until the date on which the official's term would have expired, unless under the
3195	new form of government the official holds municipal office for which the official is regularly
3196	compensated.
3197	(3) A council member whose term has not expired at the time the municipality changes
3198	its form of government under this part may, at the council member's option, continue to serve
3199	as a council member under the new form of government for the remainder of the member's
3200	<u>term.</u>
3201	(4) The term of the mayor and each council member is four years or until a successor is
3202	qualified, except that approximately half of the initial council members, chosen by lot, shall
3203	serve a term of two years or until a successor is qualified.
3204	Section 78. Section 10-3b-607 is enacted to read:
3205	10-3b-607. Effective date of change in the form of government.
3206	A change in the form of government under this chapter takes effect at noon on the first
3207	Monday of January next following the election of officers under Section 10-3b-606.
3208	Section 79. Section 10-3c-101 is enacted to read:
3209	CHAPTER 3c. ADMINISTRATION OF METRO TOWNSHIPS
3210	Part 1. General Provisions
3211	<u>10-3c-101.</u> Title.
3212	(1) This chapter is known as "Administration of Metro Townships."
3213	(2) This part is known as "General Provisions."
3214	Section 80. Section 10-3c-102 is enacted to read:
3215	<u>10-3c-102.</u> Definitions.
3216	As used in this chapter:
3217	(1) "Municipal services district" means a local district created in accordance with Title

(2) "Metro township" means a metro township incorporated in accordance with

Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County

17B, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act.

of the First Class on and after May 12, 2015.

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3222	Section 81. Section 10-3c-103 is enacted to read:
3223	10-3c-103. Status and powers.
3224	A metro township:
3225	<u>(1) is:</u>
3226	(a) a body corporate and politic with perpetual succession;
3227	(b) a quasi-municipal corporation; and
3228	(c) a political subdivision of the state; and
3229	(2) may sue and be sued.
3230	Section 82. Section 10-3c-201 is enacted to read:
3231	Part 2. Administration of Metro Township
3232	<u>10-3c-201.</u> Title.
3233	This part is known as "Administration of Metro Township."
3234	Section 83. Section 10-3c-202 is enacted to read:
3235	<u>10-3c-202.</u> Budget.
3236	A metro township is subject to and shall comply with Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal
3237	Procedures Act for Utah Cities.
3238	Section 84. Section 10-3c-203 is enacted to read:
3239	10-3c-203. Administrative and operational services Staff provided by county or
3240	municipal services district.
3241	(1) (a) The following officials elected or appointed, or persons employed by, the county
3242	in which a municipality township is located shall, for the purposes of interpreting and
3243	complying with applicable law, fulfill the responsibilities and hold the following metro
3244	township offices or positions:
3245	(i) the county treasurer shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of treasurer for the
3246	metro township;
3247	(ii) the county clerk shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of recorder and clerk for
3248	the metro township;
3249	(iii) the county surveyor shall fulfill, on behalf of the metro township, all surveyor

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3250	duties imposed by law;
3251	(iv) the county engineer shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of engineer for the
3252	metro township;
3253	(v) the district attorney shall provide legal counsel to the metro township; and
3254	(vi) subject to Subsection (1)(b), the county auditor shall fulfill the duties and hold the
3255	powers of auditor for the metro township.
3256	(b) (i) The county auditor shall fulfill the duties and hold the powers of auditor for the
3257	metro township to the extent that the county auditor's powers and duties are described in and
3258	delegated to the county auditor in accordance with Title 17, Chapter 19a, County Auditor, and
3259	a municipal auditor's powers and duties described in this title are the same.
3260	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), in a metro township, services described in
3261	Sections 17-19a-203, 17-19a-204, and 17-19a-205, and services other than those described in
3262	Subsection (1)(b)(i) that are provided by a municipal auditor in accordance with this title that
3263	are required by law, shall be performed by county staff other than the county auditor.
3264	(2) (a) Nothing in Subsection (1) may be construed to relieve an official described in
3265	Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv) of a duty to either the county or metro township or a duty to
3266	fulfill that official's position as required by law.
3267	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), an official or the official's deputy or other
3268	person described in Subsections (1)(a)(i) through (iv):
3269	(i) is elected, appointed, or otherwise employed, in accordance with the provisions of
3270	Title 17, Counties, as applicable to that official's or person's county office;
3271	(ii) is paid a salary and benefits and subject to employment discipline in accordance
3272	with the provisions of Title 17, Counties, as applicable to that official's or person's county
3273	office;
3274	(iii) is not subject to:
3275	(A) Chapter 3, Part 11, Personnel Rules and Benefits; or
3276	(B) Chapter 3, Part 13, Municipal Officers' and Employees' Ethics Act; and
3277	(iv) is not required to provide a hond for the applicable municipal office if a hond for

3278	the office is required by this title.
3279	(3) The metro township may establish a planning commission in accordance with
3280	Section 10-9a-301 and an appeal authority in accordance with Section 10-9a-701.
3281	(4) A municipal services district established in accordance with Section 17B, Chapter
3282	2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act, and of which the metro township is a part, may
3283	provide staff to the metro township planning commission and appeal authority.
3284	(5) (a) This section applies only to a metro township in which:
3285	(i) the electors at an election under Section 10-2a-404 chose a metro township that is
3286	included in a municipal services district and has limited municipal powers; or
3287	(ii) the metro township subsequently joins a municipal services district.
3288	(b) This section does not apply to a metro township described in Subsection (5)(a) if
3289	the municipal services district is dissolved.
3290	Section 85. Section 10-3c-204 is enacted to read:
3291	10-3c-204. Taxing authority limited.
3292	(1) A metro township may not impose:
3293	(a) a municipal energy sales and use tax as described in Chapter 1, Part 3, Municipal
3294	Energy Sales and Use Tax Act; or
3295	(b) a municipal telecommunication's license tax as described in Chapter 1, Part 4,
3296	Municipal Telecommunications License Tax.
3297	(2) (a) If the electors at an election under Section 10-2a-404 chose a metro township
3298	that is included in a municipal services district and has limited municipal powers, or a metro
3299	township subsequently joins a municipal services district, the metro township may not levy or
3300	impose a tax unless the Legislature expressly provides that the metro township may levy or
3301	impose the tax.
3302	(b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply if a municipal services district is dissolved.
3303	Section 86. Section 10-3c-205 is enacted to read:
3304	<u>10-3c-205.</u> Fees.
3305	(1) A metro township may impose a fine, fee, or charge.

3306	(2) For a metro township of which the electors at an election under Section 10-2a-404
3307	chose a metro township that is included in a municipal services district and has limited
3308	municipal powers, or if a metro township subsequently joins a municipal services district, the
3309	municipal services district of which a metro township is a part shall, upon request by the metro
3310	township, collect on behalf of the metro township all fines, fees, charges, levies, and other
3311	payments imposed by the metro township.
3312	Section 87. Section 10-5-102 is amended to read:
3313	10-5-102. Applicability.
3314	This chapter shall apply to all:
3315	<u>(1)</u> towns[-]; and
3316	(2) metro townships of the second class to the same extent as a town.
3317	Section 88. Section 10-6-103 is amended to read:
3318	10-6-103. Applicability.
3319	This chapter shall apply to all:
3320	(1) cities, including charter cities[-]; and
3321	(2) metro townships of the first class to the same extent as a city.
3322	Section 89. Section 10-6-111 is amended to read:
3323	10-6-111. Tentative budget to be prepared Contents Estimate of expenditures
3324	Budget message Review by governing body.
3325	(1) (a) On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the governing body in the
3326	last May of the current period, the budget officer shall prepare for the ensuing fiscal period, on
3327	forms provided by the state auditor, and file with the governing body, a tentative budget for
3328	each fund for which a budget is required.
3329	(b) The tentative budget of each fund shall set forth in tabular form:
3330	(i) the actual revenues and expenditures in the last completed fiscal period;
3331	(ii) the budget estimates for the current fiscal period;
3332	(iii) the actual revenues and expenditures for a period of 6 to 21 months, as
3333	appropriate, of the current fiscal period;

3334	(iv) the estimated total revenues and expenditures for the current fiscal period;
3335	(v) the budget officer's estimates of revenues and expenditures for the budget period,
3336	computed as provided in Subsection (1)(c); and
3337	(vi) if the governing body elects, the actual performance experience to the extent
3338	established by Section 10-6-154 and available in work units, unit costs, man hours, or man
3339	years for each budgeted fund on an actual basis for the last completed fiscal period, and
3340	estimated for the current fiscal period and for the ensuing budget period.
3341	(c) (i) In making estimates of revenues and expenditures under Subsection (1)(b)(v),
3342	the budget officer shall estimate:
3343	(A) on the basis of demonstrated need, the expenditures for the budget period, after:
344	(I) hearing each department head; and
3345	(II) reviewing the budget requests and estimates of the department heads; and
3346	(B) (I) the amount of revenue available to serve the needs of each fund;
3347	(II) the portion of revenue to be derived from all sources other than general property
3348	taxes; and
349	(III) the portion of revenue that shall be derived from general property taxes.
3350	(ii) The budget officer may revise any department's estimate under Subsection
3351	(1)(c)(i)(A)(II) that the officer considers advisable for the purpose of presenting the budget to
3352	the governing body.
3353	(iii) From the estimate made under Subsection (1)(c)(i)(B)(III), the budget officer shall
3354	compute and disclose in the budget the lowest rate of property tax levy that will raise the
3355	required amount of revenue, calculating the levy upon the latest taxable value.
3356	(2) (a) Each tentative budget, when filed by the budget officer with the governing body
3357	shall contain the estimates of expenditures submitted by department heads, together with
3358	specific work programs and such other supporting data as this chapter requires or the governing
359	body may request. Each city of the first or second class shall, and a city of the third, fourth, or
3360	fifth class may, submit a supplementary estimate of all capital projects which each department
2361	hand believes should be undertaken within the next three succeeding years

(b) Each tentative budget submitted by the budget officer to the governing body shall be accompanied by a budget message, which shall explain the budget, contain an outline of the proposed financial policies of the city for the budget period, and shall describe the important features of the budgetary plan. It shall set forth the reasons for salient changes from the previous fiscal period in appropriation and revenue items and shall explain any major changes in financial policy.

- (3) Each tentative budget shall be reviewed, considered, and tentatively adopted by the governing body in any regular meeting or special meeting called for the purpose and may be amended or revised in such manner as is considered advisable prior to public hearings, except that no appropriation required for debt retirement and interest or reduction of any existing deficits pursuant to Section 10-6-117, or otherwise required by law or ordinance, may be reduced below the minimums so required.
- (4) (a) If the municipality is acting pursuant to Section [10-2-120] <u>10-2a-218</u>, the tentative budget shall:
 - (i) be submitted to the governing body-elect as soon as practicable; and
- (ii) cover each fund for which a budget is required from the date of incorporation to the end of the fiscal year.
- (b) The governing body shall substantially comply with all other provisions of this chapter, and the budget shall be passed upon incorporation.
- Section 90. Section **15A-5-202.5** is amended to read:
- 15A-5-202.5. Amendments and additions to Chapters 3 and 4 of IFC.
- (1) For IFC, Chapter 3, General Requirements:

- (a) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 304.1.2, Vegetation, is amended as follows: Delete line six and replace it with: "the Utah Administrative Code, R652-122-200, Minimum Standards for Wildland Fire Ordinance".
- (b) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 308.1.2, Throwing or Placing Sources of Ignition, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "No person shall throw or place, or cause to be thrown or placed, a lighted match, cigar, cigarette, matches, lighters, or other flaming or glowing

substance or object on any surface or article where it can cause an unwanted fire."

(c) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 310.8, Hazardous and Environmental Conditions, is deleted and rewritten as follows: "When the fire code official determines that hazardous environmental conditions necessitate controlled use of any ignition source, including fireworks, lighters, matches, sky lanterns, and smoking materials, any of the following may occur:

- 1. If the hazardous environmental conditions exist in a municipality, the legislative body of the municipality may prohibit the ignition or use of an ignition source in mountainous, brush-covered, or forest-covered areas or the wildland urban interface area, which means the line, area, or zone where structures or other human development meet or intermingle with undeveloped wildland or land being used for an agricultural purpose.
- 2. Except as provided in paragraph 3, if the hazardous environmental conditions exist in an unincorporated area, the state forester may prohibit the ignition or use of an ignition source in all or part of the areas described in paragraph 1 that are within the unincorporated area, after consulting with the county fire code official who has jurisdiction over that area.
- 3. If the hazardous environmental conditions exist in a <u>metro</u> township created under [Section 17-27a-306 that is in a county of the first class, the county] <u>Title 10</u>, Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May 12, 2015, the metro township legislative body may prohibit the ignition or use of an ignition source in all or part of the areas described in paragraph 1 that are within the township."
- (d) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 311.1.1, Abandoned Premises, is amended as follows: On line 10 delete the words "International Property Maintenance Code and the".
- (e) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 311.5, Placards, is amended as follows: On line three delete the word "shall" and replace it with the word "may".
- (f) IFC, Chapter 3, Section 315.2.1, Ceiling Clearance, is amended to add the following: "Exception: Where storage is not directly below the sprinkler heads, storage is allowed to be placed to the ceiling on wall-mounted shelves that are protected by fire sprinkler heads in occupancies meeting classification as light or ordinary hazard."

3418	(2) IFC, Chapter 4, Emergency Planning and Preparedness:
3419	(a) IFC, Chapter 4, Section 404.2, Where required, Subsection 8, is amended as
3420	follows: After the word "buildings" add "to include sororities and fraternity houses".
3421	(b) IFC, Chapter 4, Section 405.2, Table 405.2, is amended to add the following
3422	footnotes:
3423	(i) "e. Secondary schools in Group E occupancies shall have an emergency evacuation
3424	drill for fire conducted at least every two months, to a total of four emergency evacuation drills
3425	during the nine-month school year. The first emergency evacuation drill for fire shall be
3426	conducted within 10 school days after the beginning of classes, and the third emergency
3427	evacuation drill for fire shall be conducted 10 school days after the beginning of the next
3428	calendar year. The second and fourth emergency evacuation drills may be substituted by a
3429	security or safety drill to include shelter in place, earthquake drill, or lock down for violence."
3430	(ii) "f. In Group E occupancies, excluding secondary schools, if the AHJ approves, the
3431	monthly required emergency evacuation drill can be substituted by a security or safety drill to
3432	include shelter in place, earthquake drill, or lock down for violence. The routine emergency
3433	evacuation drill for fire must by conducted at least every other evacuation drill."
3434	(iii) "g. A-3 occupancies in academic buildings of institutions of higher learning are
3435	required to have one emergency evacuation drill per year, provided the following conditions are
3436	met:
3437	(A) The building has a fire alarm system in accordance with Section 907.2.
3438	(B) The rooms classified as assembly shall have fire safety floor plans as required in
3439	Section 404.3.2(4) posted.
3440	(C) The building is not classified a high-rise building.
3441	(D) The building does not contain hazardous materials over the allowable quantities by
3442	code."
3443	Section 91. Section 17-23-17 is amended to read:
3444	17-23-17. Map of boundary survey Procedure for filing Contents Marking

of monuments -- Record of corner changes -- Penalties.

3446	(1) As used in this section[, "land]:
3447	(a) "Land surveyor" means a surveyor who is licensed to practice land surveying in this
3448	state in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land
3449	Surveyors Licensing Act.
3450	(b) (i) "Township" means a term used in the context of identifying a geographic area in
3451	common surveyor practice.
3452	(ii) "Township" does not mean a metro township as that term is defined in Section
3453	<u>10-2a-403.</u>
3454	(2) (a) (i) Each land surveyor making a boundary survey of lands within this state to
3455	establish or reestablish a boundary line or to obtain data for constructing a map or plat showing
3456	a boundary line shall file a map of the survey that meets the requirements of this section with
3457	the county surveyor or designated office within 90 days of the establishment or reestablishment
3458	of a boundary.
3459	(ii) A land surveyor who fails to file a map of the survey as required by Subsection
3460	(2)(a)(i) is guilty of a class C misdemeanor.
3461	(iii) Each failure to file a map of the survey as required by Subsection (2)(a)(i) is a
3462	separate violation.
3463	(b) The county surveyor or designated office shall file and index the map of the survey.
3464	(c) The map shall be a public record in the office of the county surveyor or designated
3465	office.
3466	(3) This type of map shall show:
3467	(a) the location of survey by quarter section and township and range;
3468	(b) the date of survey;
3469	(c) the scale of drawing and north point;
3470	(d) the distance and course of all lines traced or established, giving the basis of bearing
3471	and the distance and course to two or more section corners or quarter corners, including
3472	township and range, or to identified monuments within a recorded subdivision;
3473	(e) all measured bearings, angles, and distances separately indicated from those of

3474	record;
3475	(f) a written boundary description of property surveyed;
3476	(g) all monuments set and their relation to older monuments found;
3477	(h) a detailed description of monuments found and monuments set, indicated
3478	separately;
3479	(i) the surveyor's seal or stamp; and
3480	(j) the surveyor's business name and address.
3481	(4) (a) The map shall contain a written narrative that explains and identifies:
3482	(i) the purpose of the survey;
3483	(ii) the basis on which the lines were established; and
3484	(iii) the found monuments and deed elements that controlled the established or
3485	reestablished lines.
3486	(b) If the narrative is a separate document, it shall contain:
3487	(i) the location of the survey by quarter section and by township and range;
3488	(ii) the date of the survey;
3489	(iii) the surveyor's stamp or seal; and
3490	(iv) the surveyor's business name and address.
3491	(c) The map and narrative shall be referenced to each other if they are separate
3492	documents.
3493	(5) The map and narrative shall be created on material of a permanent nature on stable
3494	base reproducible material in the sizes required by the county surveyor.
3495	(6) (a) Any monument set by a licensed professional land surveyor to mark or reference
3496	a point on a property or land line shall be durably and visibly marked or tagged with the
3497	registered business name or the letters "L.S." followed by the registration number of the
3498	surveyor in charge.
3499	(b) If the monument is set by a licensed land surveyor who is a public officer, it shall
3500	be marked with the official title of the office.

(7) (a) If, in the performance of a survey, a surveyor finds or makes any changes to the

section corner or quarter-section corner, or their accessories, the surveyor shall complete and submit to the county surveyor or designated office a record of the changes made.

- (b) The record shall be submitted within 45 days of the corner visits and shall include the surveyor's seal, business name, and address.
- (8) The Utah State Board of Engineers and Land Surveyors Examiners may revoke the license of any land surveyor who fails to comply with the requirements of this section, according to the procedures set forth in Title 58, Chapter 1, Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing Act.
- (9) Each federal or state agency, board, or commission, local district, special service district, or municipal corporation that makes a boundary survey of lands within this state shall comply with this section.
- Section 92. Section 17-23-17.5 is amended to read:
- 3514 17-23-17.5. Corner perpetuation and filing -- Definitions -- Establishment of corner file -- Preservation of map records -- Filing fees -- Exemptions.
 - (1) As used in this section:

- (a) "Accessory to a corner" means any exclusively identifiable physical object whose spatial relationship to the corner is recorded. Accessories may be bearing trees, bearing objects, monuments, reference monuments, line trees, pits, mounds, charcoal-filled bottles, steel or wooden stakes, or other objects.
- (b) "Corner," unless otherwise qualified, means a property corner, a property controlling corner, a public land survey corner, or any combination of these.
- (c) "Geographic coordinates" means mathematical values that designate a position on the earth relative to a given reference system. Coordinates shall be established pursuant to Title 57, Chapter 10, Utah Coordinate System.
- (d) "Land surveyor" means a surveyor who is licensed to practice land surveying in this state in accordance with Title 58, Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act.
- (e) "Monument" means an accessory that is presumed to occupy the exact position of a

3530	corner
3330	corner

(f) "Property controlling corner" means a public land survey corner or any property corner which does not lie on a property line of the property in question, but which controls the location of one or more of the property corners of the property in question.

- (g) "Property corner" means a geographic point of known geographic coordinates on the surface of the earth, and is on, a part of, and controls a property line.
- (h) "Public land survey corner" means any corner actually established and monumented in an original survey or resurvey used as a basis of legal descriptions for issuing a patent for the land to a private person from the United States government.
- (i) "Reference monument" means a special monument that does not occupy the same geographical position as the corner itself, but whose spatial relationship to the corner is recorded and which serves to witness the corner.
- (j) (i) "Township" means a term used in the context of identifying a geographic area in common surveyor practice.
- (ii) "Township" does not mean a metro township as that term is defined in Section 10-2a-403.
- (2) (a) Any land surveyor making a boundary survey of lands within this state and utilizing a corner shall, within 90 days, complete, sign, and file with the county surveyor of the county where the corner is situated, a written record to be known as a corner file for every public land survey corner and accessory to the corner which is used as control in any survey by the surveyor, unless the corner and its accessories are already a matter of record in the county.
- (b) Where reasonably possible, the corner file shall include the geographic coordinates of the corner.
- (c) A surveyor may file a corner record as to any property corner, reference monument, or accessory to a corner.
- (d) Corner records may be filed concerning corners used before the effective date of this section.
- 3557 (3) The county surveyor of the county containing the corners shall have on record as

part of the official files maps of each township within the county, the bearings and lengths of the connecting lines to government corners, and government corners looked for and not found.

- (4) The county surveyor shall make these records available for public inspection at the county facilities during normal business hours.
- (5) Filing fees for corner records shall be established by the county legislative body consistent with existing fees for similar services. All corners, monuments, and their accessories used prior to the effective date of this section shall be accepted and filed with the county surveyor without requiring the payment of the fees.
- (6) When a corner record of a public land survey corner is required to be filed under the provisions of this section and the monument needs to be reconstructed or rehabilitated, the land surveyor shall contact the county surveyor in accordance with Section 17-23-14.
 - (7) A corner record may not be filed unless it is signed by a land surveyor.
- (8) All filings relative to official cadastral surveys of the Bureau of Land Management of the United States of America performed by authorized personnel shall be exempt from filing fees.
- Section 93. Section 17-27a-103 is amended to read:
- **17-27a-103. Definitions.**
- 3575 As used in this chapter:

- (1) "Affected entity" means a county, municipality, local district, special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, school district, interlocal cooperation entity established under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, specified property owner, property owners association, public utility, or the Utah Department of Transportation, if:
- (a) the entity's services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant modification because of an intended use of land;
- 3583 (b) the entity has filed with the county a copy of the entity's general or long-range plan; 3584 or
- 3585 (c) the entity has filed with the county a request for notice during the same calendar

year and before the county provides notice to an affected entity in compliance with a requirement imposed under this chapter.

- (2) "Appeal authority" means the person, board, commission, agency, or other body designated by ordinance to decide an appeal of a decision of a land use application or a variance.
- (3) "Billboard" means a freestanding ground sign located on industrial, commercial, or residential property if the sign is designed or intended to direct attention to a business, product, or service that is not sold, offered, or existing on the property where the sign is located.
 - (4) (a) "Charter school" means:

- (i) an operating charter school;
- (ii) a charter school applicant that has its application approved by a charter school authorizer in accordance with Title 53A, Chapter 1a, Part 5, The Utah Charter Schools Act; or
- (iii) an entity that is working on behalf of a charter school or approved charter applicant to develop or construct a charter school building.
 - (b) "Charter school" does not include a therapeutic school.
- (5) "Chief executive officer" means the person or body that exercises the executive powers of the county.
- (6) "Conditional use" means a land use that, because of its unique characteristics or potential impact on the county, surrounding neighbors, or adjacent land uses, may not be compatible in some areas or may be compatible only if certain conditions are required that mitigate or eliminate the detrimental impacts.
- (7) "Constitutional taking" means a governmental action that results in a taking of private property so that compensation to the owner of the property is required by the:
 - (a) Fifth or Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States; or
 - (b) Utah Constitution Article I, Section 22.
- 3611 (8) "Culinary water authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of the culinary water system and sources for the subject property.

3614	(9) "Development activity" means:
3615	(a) any construction or expansion of a building, structure, or use that creates additional
3616	demand and need for public facilities;
3617	(b) any change in use of a building or structure that creates additional demand and need
3618	for public facilities; or
3619	(c) any change in the use of land that creates additional demand and need for public
3620	facilities.
3621	(10) (a) "Disability" means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits
3622	one or more of a person's major life activities, including a person having a record of such an
3623	impairment or being regarded as having such an impairment.
3624	(b) "Disability" does not include current illegal use of, or addiction to, any federally
3625	controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C.
3626	802.
3627	(11) "Educational facility":
3628	(a) means:
3629	(i) a school district's building at which pupils assemble to receive instruction in a
3630	program for any combination of grades from preschool through grade 12, including
3631	kindergarten and a program for children with disabilities;
3632	(ii) a structure or facility:
3633	(A) located on the same property as a building described in Subsection (11)(a)(i); and
3634	(B) used in support of the use of that building; and
3635	(iii) a building to provide office and related space to a school district's administrative
3636	personnel; and
3637	(b) does not include:
3638	(i) land or a structure, including land or a structure for inventory storage, equipment
3639	storage, food processing or preparing, vehicle storage or maintenance, or similar use that is:
3640	(A) not located on the same property as a building described in Subsection (11)(a)(i);
3641	and

3042	(B) used in support of the purposes of a building described in Subsection (11)(a)(1); or
3643	(ii) a therapeutic school.
3644	(12) "Fire authority" means the department, agency, or public entity with responsibility
3645	to review and approve the feasibility of fire protection and suppression services for the subject
3646	property.
3647	(13) "Flood plain" means land that:
3648	(a) is within the 100-year flood plain designated by the Federal Emergency
3649	Management Agency; or
3650	(b) has not been studied or designated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency
3651	but presents a likelihood of experiencing chronic flooding or a catastrophic flood event because
3652	the land has characteristics that are similar to those of a 100-year flood plain designated by the
3653	Federal Emergency Management Agency.
3654	(14) "Gas corporation" has the same meaning as defined in Section 54-2-1.
3655	(15) "General plan" means a document that a county adopts that sets forth general
3656	guidelines for proposed future development of the unincorporated land within the county.
3657	(16) "Geologic hazard" means:
3658	(a) a surface fault rupture;
3659	(b) shallow groundwater;
3660	(c) liquefaction;
3661	(d) a landslide;
3662	(e) a debris flow;
3663	(f) unstable soil;
3664	(g) a rock fall; or
3665	(h) any other geologic condition that presents a risk:
3666	(i) to life;
3667	(ii) of substantial loss of real property; or
3668	(iii) of substantial damage to real property.
3669	(17) "Hookup fee" means a fee for the installation and inspection of any pipe, line.

3670	meter, or appurtenance to connect to a county water, sewer, storm water, power, or other utility
3671	system.
3672	(18) "Identical plans" means building plans submitted to a county that:
3673	(a) are clearly marked as "identical plans";
3674	(b) are substantially identical building plans that were previously submitted to and
3675	reviewed and approved by the county; and
3676	(c) describe a building that:
3677	(i) is located on land zoned the same as the land on which the building described in the
3678	previously approved plans is located;
3679	(ii) is subject to the same geological and meteorological conditions and the same law
3680	as the building described in the previously approved plans;
3681	(iii) has a floor plan identical to the building plan previously submitted to and reviewed
3682	and approved by the county; and
3683	(iv) does not require any additional engineering or analysis.
3684	(19) "Impact fee" means a payment of money imposed under Title 11, Chapter 36a,
3685	Impact Fees Act.
3686	(20) "Improvement completion assurance" means a surety bond, letter of credit, cash,
3687	or other security required by a county to guaranty the proper completion of landscaping or
3688	infrastructure that the land use authority has required as a condition precedent to:
3689	(a) recording a subdivision plat; or
3690	(b) beginning development activity.
3691	(21) "Improvement warranty" means an applicant's unconditional warranty that the
3692	accepted landscaping or infrastructure:
3693	(a) complies with the county's written standards for design, materials, and
3694	workmanship; and
3695	(b) will not fail in any material respect, as a result of poor workmanship or materials,
3696	within the improvement warranty period.
3697	(22) "Improvement warranty period" means a period:

3698	(a) no later than one year after a county's acceptance of required landscaping; or
3699	(b) no later than one year after a county's acceptance of required infrastructure, unless
3700	the county:
3701	(i) determines for good cause that a one-year period would be inadequate to protect the
3702	public health, safety, and welfare; and
3703	(ii) has substantial evidence, on record:
3704	(A) of prior poor performance by the applicant; or
3705	(B) that the area upon which the infrastructure will be constructed contains suspect soil
3706	and the county has not otherwise required the applicant to mitigate the suspect soil.
3707	(23) "Internal lot restriction" means a platted note, platted demarcation, or platted
3708	designation that:
3709	(a) runs with the land; and
3710	(b) (i) creates a restriction that is enclosed within the perimeter of a lot described on
3711	the plat; or
3712	(ii) designates a development condition that is enclosed within the perimeter of a lot
3713	described on the plat.
3714	(24) "Interstate pipeline company" means a person or entity engaged in natural gas
3715	transportation subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission under
3716	the Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 717 et seq.
3717	(25) "Intrastate pipeline company" means a person or entity engaged in natural gas
3718	transportation that is not subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory
3719	Commission under the Natural Gas Act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 717 et seq.
3720	(26) "Land use application" means an application required by a county's land use
3721	ordinance.
3722	(27) "Land use authority" means:
3723	(a) a person, board, commission, agency, or body, including the local legislative body,
3724	designated by the local legislative body to act upon a land use application; or
3725	(b) if the local legislative body has not designated a person, board, commission

3726	agency, or body, the local legislative body.
3727	(28) "Land use ordinance" means a planning, zoning, development, or subdivision
3728	ordinance of the county, but does not include the general plan.
3729	(29) "Land use permit" means a permit issued by a land use authority.
3730	(30) "Legislative body" means the county legislative body, or for a county that has
3731	adopted an alternative form of government, the body exercising legislative powers.
3732	(31) "Local district" means any entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose Local
3733	Government Entities - Local Districts, and any other governmental or quasi-governmental
3734	entity that is not a county, municipality, school district, or the state.
3735	(32) "Lot line adjustment" means the relocation of the property boundary line in a
3736	subdivision between two adjoining lots with the consent of the owners of record.
3737	(33) "Moderate income housing" means housing occupied or reserved for occupancy
3738	by households with a gross household income equal to or less than 80% of the median gross
3739	income for households of the same size in the county in which the housing is located.
3740	(34) "Nominal fee" means a fee that reasonably reimburses a county only for time spent
3741	and expenses incurred in:
3742	(a) verifying that building plans are identical plans; and
3743	(b) reviewing and approving those minor aspects of identical plans that differ from the
3744	previously reviewed and approved building plans.
3745	(35) "Noncomplying structure" means a structure that:
3746	(a) legally existed before its current land use designation; and
3747	(b) because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform
3748	to the setback, height restrictions, or other regulations, excluding those regulations that govern
3749	the use of land.
3750	(36) "Nonconforming use" means a use of land that:
3751	(a) legally existed before its current land use designation;

(b) has been maintained continuously since the time the land use ordinance regulation

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governing the land changed; and

3754 (c) because of one or more subsequent land use ordinance changes, does not conform 3755 to the regulations that now govern the use of the land. 3756 (37) "Official map" means a map drawn by county authorities and recorded in the 3757 county recorder's office that: (a) shows actual and proposed rights-of-way, centerline alignments, and setbacks for 3758 3759 highways and other transportation facilities; 3760 (b) provides a basis for restricting development in designated rights-of-way or between designated setbacks to allow the government authorities time to purchase or otherwise reserve 3761 3762 the land; and 3763 (c) has been adopted as an element of the county's general plan. 3764 (38) "Parcel boundary adjustment" means a recorded agreement between owners of 3765 adjoining properties adjusting their mutual boundary if: 3766 (a) no additional parcel is created; and (b) each property identified in the agreement is unsubdivided land, including a 3767 remainder of subdivided land. 3768 3769 (39) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association, trust, governmental agency, or any other legal entity. 3770 (40) "Plan for moderate income housing" means a written document adopted by a 3771 3772 county legislative body that includes: 3773 (a) an estimate of the existing supply of moderate income housing located within the county; 3774 3775 (b) an estimate of the need for moderate income housing in the county for the next five 3776 years as revised biennially; 3777 (c) a survey of total residential land use; 3778 (d) an evaluation of how existing land uses and zones affect opportunities for moderate income housing; and 3779

(e) a description of the county's program to encourage an adequate supply of moderate

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income housing.

(41) "Planning advisory area" means a contiguous, geographically defined portion of
the unincorporated area of a county established under this part with planning and zoning
functions as exercised through the planning advisory area planning commission, as provided in
this chapter, but with no legal or political identity separate from the county and no taxing
authority.
[(41)] (42) "Plat" means a map or other graphical representation of lands being laid out
and prepared in accordance with Section 17-27a-603, 17-23-17, or 57-8-13.
[(42)] <u>(43)</u> "Potential geologic hazard area" means an area that:
(a) is designated by a Utah Geological Survey map, county geologist map, or other
relevant map or report as needing further study to determine the area's potential for geologic
hazard; or
(b) has not been studied by the Utah Geological Survey or a county geologist but
presents the potential of geologic hazard because the area has characteristics similar to those of
a designated geologic hazard area.
[(43)] <u>(44)</u> "Public agency" means:
(a) the federal government;
(b) the state;
(c) a county, municipality, school district, local district, special service district, or other
political subdivision of the state; or
(d) a charter school.
[(44)] (45) "Public hearing" means a hearing at which members of the public are
provided a reasonable opportunity to comment on the subject of the hearing.
[(45)] <u>(46)</u> "Public meeting" means a meeting that is required to be open to the public
under Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
[(46)] (47) "Receiving zone" means an unincorporated area of a county that the county
designates, by ordinance, as an area in which an owner of land may receive a transferable
development right.
[(47)] (48) "Record of survey map" means a map of a survey of land prepared in

3810	accordance with Section 17-23-17.
3811	$[\frac{(48)}{(49)}]$ "Residential facility for persons with a disability" means a residence:
3812	(a) in which more than one person with a disability resides; and
3813	(b) (i) which is licensed or certified by the Department of Human Services under Title
3814	62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities; or
3815	(ii) which is licensed or certified by the Department of Health under Title 26, Chapter
3816	21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act.
3817	[(49)] (50) "Rules of order and procedure" means a set of rules that govern and
3818	prescribe in a public meeting:
3819	(a) parliamentary order and procedure;
3820	(b) ethical behavior; and
3821	(c) civil discourse.
3822	[(50)] (51) "Sanitary sewer authority" means the department, agency, or public entity
3823	with responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of sanitary sewer services or onsite
3824	wastewater systems.
3825	[(51)] (52) "Sending zone" means an unincorporated area of a county that the county
3826	designates, by ordinance, as an area from which an owner of land may transfer a transferable
3827	development right.
3828	[(52)] (53) "Site plan" means a document or map that may be required by a county
3829	during a preliminary review preceding the issuance of a building permit to demonstrate that an
3830	owner's or developer's proposed development activity meets a land use requirement.
3831	[(53)] (54) "Specified public agency" means:
3832	(a) the state;
3833	(b) a school district; or
3834	(c) a charter school.
3835	[(54)] (55) "Specified public utility" means an electrical corporation, gas corporation,
3836	or telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1.
3837	[(55)] (56) "State" includes any department, division, or agency of the state.

3838	[(56)] (57) "Street" means a public right-of-way, including a highway, avenue,
3839	boulevard, parkway, road, lane, walk, alley, viaduct, subway, tunnel, bridge, public easement,
3840	or other way.
3841	[(57)] (58) (a) "Subdivision" means any land that is divided, resubdivided or proposed
3842	to be divided into two or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots, or other division of land for the
3843	purpose, whether immediate or future, for offer, sale, lease, or development either on the
3844	installment plan or upon any and all other plans, terms, and conditions.
3845	(b) "Subdivision" includes:
3846	(i) the division or development of land whether by deed, metes and bounds description,
3847	devise and testacy, map, plat, or other recorded instrument; and
3848	(ii) except as provided in Subsection [(57)] (58)(c), divisions of land for residential and
3849	nonresidential uses, including land used or to be used for commercial, agricultural, and
3850	industrial purposes.
3851	(c) "Subdivision" does not include:
3852	(i) a bona fide division or partition of agricultural land for agricultural purposes;
3853	(ii) a recorded agreement between owners of adjoining properties adjusting their
3854	mutual boundary if:
3855	(A) no new lot is created; and
3856	(B) the adjustment does not violate applicable land use ordinances;
3857	(iii) a recorded document, executed by the owner of record:
3858	(A) revising the legal description of more than one contiguous unsubdivided parcel of
3859	property into one legal description encompassing all such parcels of property; or
3860	(B) joining a subdivided parcel of property to another parcel of property that has not
3861	been subdivided, if the joinder does not violate applicable land use ordinances;
3862	(iv) a bona fide division or partition of land in a county other than a first class county
3863	for the purpose of siting, on one or more of the resulting separate parcels:
3864	(A) an electrical transmission line or a substation;
3865	(B) a natural gas pipeline or a regulation station; or

3000	(C) an unmanned telecommunications, incrowave, noer optic, electrical, or other
3867	utility service regeneration, transformation, retransmission, or amplification facility;
3868	(v) a recorded agreement between owners of adjoining subdivided properties adjusting
3869	their mutual boundary if:
3870	(A) no new dwelling lot or housing unit will result from the adjustment; and
3871	(B) the adjustment will not violate any applicable land use ordinance;
3872	(vi) a bona fide division or partition of land by deed or other instrument where the land
3873	use authority expressly approves in writing the division in anticipation of further land use
3874	approvals on the parcel or parcels; or
3875	(vii) a parcel boundary adjustment.
3876	(d) The joining of a subdivided parcel of property to another parcel of property that has
3877	not been subdivided does not constitute a subdivision under this Subsection $[(57)]$ (58) as to
3878	the unsubdivided parcel of property or subject the unsubdivided parcel to the county's
3879	subdivision ordinance.
3880	[(58)] (59) "Suspect soil" means soil that has:
3881	(a) a high susceptibility for volumetric change, typically clay rich, having more than a
3882	3% swell potential;
3883	(b) bedrock units with high shrink or swell susceptibility; or
3884	(c) gypsiferous silt and clay, gypsum, or bedrock units containing abundant gypsum
3885	commonly associated with dissolution and collapse features.
3886	[(59)] (60) "Therapeutic school" means a residential group living facility:
3887	(a) for four or more individuals who are not related to:
3888	(i) the owner of the facility; or
3889	(ii) the primary service provider of the facility;
3890	(b) that serves students who have a history of failing to function:
3891	(i) at home;
3892	(ii) in a public school; or
3893	(iii) in a nonresidential private school; and

3894	(c) that offers:
3895	(i) room and board; and
3896	(ii) an academic education integrated with:
3897	(A) specialized structure and supervision; or
3898	(B) services or treatment related to a disability, an emotional development, a
3899	behavioral development, a familial development, or a social development.
3900	[(60) "Township" means a contiguous, geographically defined portion of the
3901	unincorporated area of a county, established under this part or reconstituted or reinstated under
3902	Section 17-27a-306, with planning and zoning functions as exercised through the township
3903	planning commission, as provided in this chapter, but with no legal or political identity
3904	separate from the county and no taxing authority, except that "township" means a former
3905	township under Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 308, where the context so indicates.]
3906	(61) "Transferable development right" means a right to develop and use land that
3907	originates by an ordinance that authorizes a land owner in a designated sending zone to transfer
3908	land use rights from a designated sending zone to a designated receiving zone.
3909	(62) "Unincorporated" means the area outside of the incorporated area of a
3910	municipality.
3911	(63) "Water interest" means any right to the beneficial use of water, including:
3912	(a) each of the rights listed in Section 73-1-11; and
3913	(b) an ownership interest in the right to the beneficial use of water represented by:
3914	(i) a contract; or
3915	(ii) a share in a water company, as defined in Section 73-3-3.5.
3916	(64) "Zoning map" means a map, adopted as part of a land use ordinance, that depicts
3917	land use zones, overlays, or districts.
3918	Section 94. Section 17-27a-301 is amended to read:
3919	17-27a-301. Ordinance establishing planning commission required Exception
3920	Ordinance requirements Planning advisory area planning commission
3021	Compensation

3922	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), each county shall enact an ordinance
3923	establishing a countywide planning commission for the unincorporated areas of the county not
3924	within a [township] planning advisory area.
3925	(b) Subsection (1)(a) does not apply if all of the county is included within any
3926	combination of:
3927	(i) municipalities; and
3928	(ii) [townships] planning advisory areas with their own planning commissions.
3929	(2) (a) The ordinance shall define:
3930	(i) the number and terms of the members and, if the county chooses, alternate
3931	members;
3932	(ii) the mode of appointment;
3933	(iii) the procedures for filling vacancies and removal from office;
3934	(iv) the authority of the planning commission;
3935	(v) subject to Subsection (2)(b), the rules of order and procedure for use by the
3936	planning commission in a public meeting; and
3937	(vi) other details relating to the organization and procedures of the planning
3938	commission.
3939	(b) Subsection (2)(a)(v) does not affect the planning commission's duty to comply with
3940	Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings Act.
3941	(3) (a) (i) If the county establishes a [township] planning advisory area planning
3942	commission, the county legislative body shall enact an ordinance that defines:
3943	(A) appointment procedures;
3944	(B) procedures for filling vacancies and removing members from office;
3945	(C) subject to Subsection (3)(a)(ii), the rules of order and procedure for use by the
3946	[township] planning advisory area planning commission in a public meeting; and
3947	(D) details relating to the organization and procedures of each [township] planning
3948	advisory area planning commission.
3949	(ii) Subsection (3)(a)(i)(C) does not affect the [township] planning advisory area

3950 planning commission's duty to comply with Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings 3951 Act. 3952 (b) The planning commission for each [township] planning advisory area shall consist 3953 of seven members who [, except as provided in Subsection (4),] shall be appointed by: (i) in a county operating under a form of government in which the executive and 3954 3955 legislative functions of the governing body are separated, the county executive with the advice 3956 and consent of the county legislative body; or 3957 (ii) in a county operating under a form of government in which the executive and 3958 legislative functions of the governing body are not separated, the county legislative body. 3959 (c) (i) Members shall serve four-year terms and until their successors are appointed [or, 3960 as provided in Subsection (4), elected and qualified. 3961 (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of Subsection (3)(c)(i) [and except as provided in 3962 Subsection (4), members of the first planning commissions shall be appointed so that, for each 3963 commission, the terms of at least one member and no more than two members expire each 3964 vear. (d) (i) [Except as provided in Subsection (3)(d)(ii), each] Each member of a [township] 3965 3966 planning advisory area planning commission shall be a registered voter residing within the 3967 [township] planning advisory area. 3968 [(ii) (A) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(d)(i), one member of a planning commission 3969 of a township reconstituted under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, or reinstated or established 3970 under Subsection 17-27a-306(1)(k)(i) may be an appointed member who is a registered voter 3971 residing outside the township if that member: 3972 [(I) is an owner of real property located within the township; and] 3973 [(II) resides within the county in which the township is located.] 3974 [(B) (I) Each appointee under Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(A) shall be chosen by the township 3975 planning commission from a list of three persons submitted by the county legislative body. 3976 [(H) If the township planning commission has not notified the county legislative body

of its choice under Subsection (3)(d)(ii)(B)(I) within 60 days of the township planning

3978	commission's receipt of the list, the county legislative body may appoint one of the three
3979	persons on the list or a registered voter residing within the township as a member of the
3980	township planning commission.]
3981	[(4) (a) The legislative body of each county in which a township reconstituted under
3982	Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, or reinstated or established under Subsection
3983	17-27a-306(1)(k)(i) is located shall on or before January 1, 2012, enact an ordinance that
3984	provides for the election of at least three members of the planning commission of that
3985	township.]
3986	[(b) (i) Beginning with the 2012 general election, the election of planning commission
3987	members under Subsection (4)(a) shall coincide with the election of other county officers
3988	during even-numbered years.]
3989	[(ii) Approximately half the elected planning commission members shall be elected
3990	every four years during elections held on even-numbered years, and the remaining elected
3991	members shall be elected every four years on alternating even-numbered years.]
3992	[(c) If no person files a declaration of candidacy in accordance with Section 20A-9-202
3993	for an open township planning commission member position:
3994	[(i) the position may be appointed in accordance with Subsection (3)(b); and]
3995	[(ii) a person appointed under Subsection (4)(c)(i) may not serve for a period of time
3996	that exceeds the elected term for which there was no candidate.]
3997	[(5) (a) A legislative body described in Subsection (4)(a) shall on or before January 1,
3998	2012, enact an ordinance that:
3999	[(i) designates the seats to be elected; and]
4000	[(ii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), appoints a member of the planning and zoning board
4001	of the former township, established under Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 308, as a member of the
4002	planning commission of the reconstituted or reinstated township.]
4003	[(b) A member appointed under Subsection (5)(a) is considered an elected member.]
4004	[(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), the term of each member appointed
4005	under Subsection (5)(a) shall continue until the time that the member's term as an elected

4006 member of the former township planning and zoning board would have expired. 4007 [(b) (i) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), the county legislative body may adjust the 4008 terms of the members appointed under Subsection (5)(a) so that the terms of those members 4009 coincide with the schedule under Subsection (4)(b) for elected members. 4010 [(ii) Subject to Subsection (6)(b)(iii), the legislative body of a county in which a township reconstituted under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, or reinstated or established 4011 under Subsection 17-27a-306(1)(k)(i) is located may enact an ordinance allowing each 4012 4013 appointed member of the planning and zoning board of the former township, established under 4014 Laws of Utah 1996, Chapter 308, to continue to hold office as a member of the planning 4015 commission of the reconstituted or reinstated township until the time that the member's term as a member of the former township's planning and zoning board would have expired. 4016 4017 (iii) If a planning commission of a township reconstituted under Laws of Utah 1997, 4018 Chapter 389, or reinstated or established under Subsection 17-27a-306(1)(k)(i) has more than 4019 one appointed member who resides outside the township, the legislative body of the county in 4020 which that township is located shall, within 15 days of the effective date of this Subsection 4021 (6)(b)(iii), dismiss all but one of the appointed members who reside outside the township, and a new member shall be appointed under Subsection (3)(b) to fill the position of each dismissed 4022 4023 member.] 4024 [(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), upon] 4025 (ii) Subsection (3)(d)(i) does not apply to a member described in Subsection (4)(a) if 4026 that member was, prior to May 12, 2015, authorized to reside outside of the planning advisory 4027 area. 4028 (4) (a) A member of a planning commission who was elected to and served on a 4029 planning commission on May 12, 2015, shall serve out the term to which the member was 4030 elected. 4031 (b) Upon the expiration of an elected term described in Subsection (4)(a), the vacant seat shall be filled by appointment in accordance with this section. 4032

(5) Upon the appointment [or election] of all members of a [township] planning

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advisory area planning commission, each [township] planning advisory area planning commission under this section shall begin to exercise the powers and perform the duties provided in Section 17-27a-302 with respect to all matters then pending that previously had been under the jurisdiction of the countywide planning commission or [township] planning advisory area planning and zoning board. (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), if the members of a former township planning and zoning board continue to hold office as members of the planning commission of the township planning district under an ordinance enacted under Subsection (5)(a), the township planning commission shall immediately begin to exercise the powers and perform the duties provided in Section 17-27a-302 with respect to all matters then pending that had previously been under the jurisdiction of the township planning and zoning board. $\left[\frac{8}{8}\right]$ (6) The legislative body may fix per diem compensation for the members of the planning commission, based on necessary and reasonable expenses and on meetings actually attended. Section 95. Section 17-27a-302 is amended to read: 17-27a-302. Planning commission powers and duties. [(1)] Each countywide or [township] planning advisory area planning commission shall, with respect to the unincorporated area of the county[-,] or the [township] planning advisory area, make a recommendation to the county legislative body for: [(a)] (1) a general plan and amendments to the general plan; [(b)] (2) land use ordinances, zoning maps, official maps, and amendments; [(c)] (3) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one designated land use authority to hear and act on a land use application; [(d)] (4) an appropriate delegation of power to at least one appeal authority to hear and act on an appeal from a decision of the land use authority; and [(e)] (5) application processes that:

(i) (a) may include a designation of routine land use matters that, upon application

and proper notice, will receive informal streamlined review and action if the application is

4062	uncontested; and
4063	[(ii)] (b) shall protect the right of each:
4064	[(A)] (i) applicant and third party to require formal consideration of any application by
4065	a land use authority;
4066	[(B)] (ii) applicant, adversely affected party, or county officer or employee to appeal a
4067	land use authority's decision to a separate appeal authority; and
4068	[(C)] (iii) participant to be heard in each public hearing on a contested application.
4069	[(2) The planning commission of a township under this part may recommend to the
4070	legislative body of the county in which the township is located that the legislative body file a
4071	protest to a proposed annexation of an area located within the township, as provided in
4072	Subsection 10-2-407(1)(b).]
4073	Section 96. Section 17-27a-306 is amended to read:
4074	17-27a-306. Planning advisory areas.
4075	(1) (a) A [township] planning advisory area may be established as provided in this
4076	Subsection (1).
4077	(b) A [township] planning advisory area may not be established unless the area to be
4078	included within the proposed [township] planning advisory area:
4079	(i) is unincorporated;
4080	(ii) is contiguous; and
4081	(iii) (A) contains:
4082	(I) at least 20% but not more than 80% of:
4083	(Aa) the total private land area in the unincorporated county; or
4084	(Bb) the total value of locally assessed taxable property in the unincorporated county;
4085	or
4086	(II) (Aa) in a county of the [first,] second[;] or third class, at least 5% of the total
4087	population of the unincorporated county, but not less than 300 residents; or
4088	(Bb) in a county of the fourth, fifth, or sixth class, at least 25% of the total population
4089	of the unincorporated county; or

4090 (B) has been declared by the United States Census Bureau as a census designated 4091 place. 4092 (c) (i) The process to establish a [township] planning advisory area is initiated by the 4093 filing of a petition with the clerk of the county in which the proposed [township] planning 4094 advisory area is located. 4095 (ii) A petition to establish a [township] planning advisory area may not be filed if it 4096 proposes the establishment of a [township] planning advisory area that includes an area within a proposed [township] planning advisory area in a petition that has previously been certified 4097 4098 under Subsection (1)(g), until after the canvass of an election on the proposed [township] 4099 planning advisory area under Subsection (1)(j). (d) A petition under Subsection (1)(c) to establish a [township] planning advisory area 4100 shall: 4101 4102 (i) be signed by the owners of private real property that: 4103 (A) is located within the proposed [township] planning advisory area; 4104 (B) covers at least 10% of the total private land area within the proposed [township] 4105 planning advisory area; and 4106 (C) is equal in value to at least 10% of the value of all private real property within the 4107 proposed [township] planning advisory area; 4108 (ii) be accompanied by an accurate plat or map showing the boundary of the contiguous 4109 area proposed to be established as a [township] planning advisory area; (iii) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner 4110 signing the petition: 4111 4112 (iv) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall 4113 be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each 4114 petition sponsor;

(v) authorize the petition sponsor or sponsors to act on behalf of all owners signing the

(vi) request the county legislative body to provide notice of the petition and of a public

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petition for purposes of the petition; and

4118	hearing, hold a public hearing, and conduct an election on the proposal to establish a
4119	[township] planning advisory area.
4120	(e) Subsection [10-2-101] <u>10-2a-102</u> (3) applies to a petition to establish a [township]
4121	planning advisory area to the same extent as if it were an incorporation petition under Title 10,
4122	Chapter [2, Part 1,] 2a, Municipal Incorporation.
4123	(f) (i) Within seven days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (1)(c) proposing
4124	the establishment of a [township] planning advisory area in a county of the [first or] second
4125	class, the county clerk shall provide notice of the filing of the petition to:
4126	(A) each owner of real property owning more than 1% of the assessed value of all real
4127	property within the proposed [township] planning advisory area; and
4128	(B) each owner of real property owning more than 850 acres of real property within the
4129	proposed [township] planning advisory area.
4130	(ii) A property owner may exclude all or part of the property owner's property from a
4131	proposed [township] planning advisory area in a county of the [first or] second class:
4132	(A) if:
4133	(I) (Aa) (Ii) the property owner owns more than 1% of the assessed value of all
4134	property within the proposed [township] planning advisory area;
4135	(IIii) the property is nonurban; and
4136	(IIIiii) the property does not or will not require municipal provision of municipal-type
4137	services; or
4138	(Bb) the property owner owns more than 850 acres of real property within the proposed
4139	[township] planning advisory area; and
4140	(II) exclusion of the property will not leave within the [township] planning advisory
4141	area an island of property that is not part of the [township] planning advisory area; and
4142	(B) by filing a notice of exclusion within 10 days after receiving the clerk's notice
4143	under Subsection (1)(f)(i).
4144	(iii) (A) The county legislative body shall exclude from the proposed [township]
4145	planning advisory area the property identified in a notice of exclusion timely filed under

4146	Subsection (1)(f)(ii)(B) if the property meets the applicable requirements of Subsection
4147	(1)(f)(ii)(A).
4148	(B) If the county legislative body excludes property from a proposed [township]
4149	planning advisory area under Subsection (1)(f)(iii), the county legislative body shall, within
4150	five days after the exclusion, send written notice of its action to the contact sponsor.
4151	(g) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (1)(c), the county
4152	clerk shall:
4153	(A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
4154	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (1)(d)
4155	and
4156	(B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of
4157	Subsection (1)(d):
4158	(Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
4159	and
4160	(Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or
4161	(II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements
4162	of Subsection (1)(d), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the
4163	rejection and the reasons for the rejection.
4164	(ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (1)(g)(i)(B)(II), the petition
4165	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
4166	county clerk.
4167	(h) (i) Within 90 days after a petition to establish a [township] planning advisory area
4168	is certified, the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to establish a
4169	[township] planning advisory area.
4170	(ii) A public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i) shall be:
4171	(A) within the boundary of the proposed [township] planning advisory area; or
4172	(B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as
4173	practicable

4174	(iii) At least one week before holding a public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i), the
4175	county legislative body shall publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the
4176	public hearing:
4177	(A) at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the county; and
4178	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701.
4179	(i) Following the public hearing under Subsection (1)(h)(i), the county legislative body
4180	shall arrange for the proposal to establish a [township] planning advisory area to be submitted
4181	to voters residing within the proposed [township] planning advisory area at the next regular
4182	general election that is more than 90 days after the public hearing.
4183	(j) A [township] planning advisory area is established at the time of the canvass of the
4184	results of an election under Subsection (1)(i) if the canvass indicates that a majority of voters
4185	voting on the proposal to establish a [township] planning advisory area voted in favor of the
4186	proposal.
4187	[(k) (i) A township that was dissolved under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, is
4188	reinstated as a township under this part with the same boundaries and name as before the
4189	dissolution, if the former township consisted of a single, contiguous land area.]
4190	[(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(k)(i), a county legislative body may enact an
4191	ordinance establishing as a township under this part a former township that was dissolved
4192	under Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 389, even though the former township does not qualify to be
4193	reinstated under Subsection (1)(k)(i).]
4194	[(iii) A township reinstated under Subsection (1)(k)(i) or established under Subsection
4195	(1)(k)(ii) is subject to the provisions of this part.]
4196	[(1) A township established under this section on or after May 5, 1997, may use the
4197	word "township" in its name.]
4198	(k) An area that is an established township before May 12, 2015:
4199	(i) is, as of May 12, 2015, a planning advisory area; and
4200	(ii) (A) shall change its name, if applicable, to no longer include the word "township";
4201	<u>and</u>

4202	(B) may use the word "planning advisory area" in its name.
4203	(2) The county legislative body may:
4204	(a) assign to the countywide planning commission the duties established in this part
4205	that would have been assumed by a [township] planning advisory area planning commission
4206	designated under Subsection (2)(b); or
4207	(b) designate and appoint a planning commission for the [township] planning advisory
4208	area.
4209	(3) (a) An area within the boundary of a [township] planning advisory area may be
4210	withdrawn from the [township] planning advisory area as provided in this Subsection (3) or in
4211	accordance with Subsection (5)(a).
4212	(b) The process to withdraw an area from a [township] planning advisory area is
4213	initiated by the filing of a petition with the clerk of the county in which the [township] planning
4214	advisory area is located.
4215	(c) A petition under Subsection (3)(b) shall:
4216	(i) be signed by the owners of private real property that:
4217	(A) is located within the area proposed to be withdrawn from the [township] planning
4218	advisory area;
4219	(B) covers at least 50% of the total private land area within the area proposed to be
4220	withdrawn from the [township] planning advisory area; and
4221	(C) is equal in value to at least 33% of the value of all private real property within the
4222	area proposed to be withdrawn from the [township] planning advisory area;
4223	(ii) state the reason or reasons for the proposed withdrawal;
4224	(iii) be accompanied by an accurate plat or map showing the boundary of the
4225	contiguous area proposed to be withdrawn from the [township] planning advisory area;
4226	(iv) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each owner
4227	signing the petition;
4228	(v) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall
4229	be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each

4230	petition sponsor;
4231	(vi) authorize the petition sponsor or sponsors to act on behalf of all owners signing the
4232	petition for purposes of the petition; and
4233	(vii) request the county legislative body to withdraw the area from the [township]
4234	planning advisory area.
4235	(d) Subsection $[\frac{10-2-101}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-102}$ (3) applies to a petition to withdraw an area from
4236	a [township] planning advisory area to the same extent as if it were an incorporation petition
4237	under Title 10, Chapter [2, Part 1,] <u>2a, Municipal</u> Incorporation.
4238	(e) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (3)(b), the county
4239	clerk shall:
4240	(A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
4241	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (3)(c);
4242	and
4243	(B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of
4244	Subsection (3)(c):
4245	(Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
4246	and
4247	(Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or
4248	(II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements
4249	of Subsection (3)(c), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection
4250	and the reasons for the rejection.
4251	(ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (3)(e)(i)(B)(II), the petition
4252	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
4253	county clerk.
4254	(f) (i) Within 60 days after a petition to withdraw an area from a [township] planning
4255	advisory area is certified, the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the
4256	proposal to withdraw the area from the [township] planning advisory area.

(ii) A public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i) shall be held:

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4258	(A) within the area proposed to be withdrawn from the [township] planning advisory
4259	area; or
4260	(B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as
4261	practicable.
4262	(iii) Before holding a public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the county legislative
4263	body shall:
4264	(A) publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing:
4265	(I) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
4266	circulation in the [township] planning advisory area; and
4267	(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three
4268	consecutive weeks; and
4269	(B) mail a notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing to
4270	each owner of private real property within the area proposed to be withdrawn.
4271	(g) (i) Within 45 days after the public hearing under Subsection (3)(f)(i), the county
4272	legislative body shall make a written decision on the proposal to withdraw the area from the
4273	[township] planning advisory area.
4274	(ii) In making its decision as to whether to withdraw the area from the [township]
4275	planning advisory area, the county legislative body shall consider:
4276	(A) whether the withdrawal would leave the remaining [township] planning advisory
4277	area in a situation where the future incorporation of an area within the [township] planning
4278	advisory area or the annexation of an area within the [township] planning advisory area to an
4279	adjoining municipality would be economically or practically not feasible;
4280	(B) if the withdrawal is a precursor to the incorporation or annexation of the withdrawa
4281	area:
4282	(I) whether the proposed subsequent incorporation or withdrawal:
4283	(Aa) will leave or create an unincorporated island or peninsula; or
4284	(Bb) will leave the county with an area within its unincorporated area for which the
4285	cost, requirements, or other burdens of providing municipal services would materially increase

4286 over previous years; and

(II) whether the municipality to be created or the municipality into which the withdrawn area is expected to annex would be or is capable, in a cost effective manner, of providing service to the withdrawn area that the county will no longer provide due to the incorporation or annexation;

- (C) the effects of a withdrawal on adjoining property owners, existing or projected county streets or other public improvements, law enforcement, and zoning and other municipal services provided by the county; and
 - (D) whether justice and equity favor the withdrawal.
- (h) Upon the written decision of the county legislative body approving the withdrawal of an area from a [township] planning advisory area, the area is withdrawn from the [township] planning advisory area and the [township] planning advisory area continues as a [township] planning advisory area with a boundary that excludes the withdrawn area.
- (4) (a) A [township] planning advisory area may be dissolved as provided in this Subsection (4).
- (b) The process to dissolve a [township] planning advisory area is initiated by the filing of a petition with the clerk of the county in which the [township] planning advisory area is located.
 - (c) A petition under Subsection (4)(b) shall:
- (i) be signed by registered voters within the [township] planning advisory area equal in number to at least 25% of all votes cast by voters within the [township] planning advisory area at the last congressional election;
 - (ii) state the reason or reasons for the proposed dissolution;
- (iii) indicate the typed or printed name and current residence address of each person signing the petition;
- 4311 (iv) designate up to five signers of the petition as petition sponsors, one of whom shall be designated as the contact sponsor, with the mailing address and telephone number of each petition sponsor;

4314	(v) authorize the petition sponsors to act on behalf of all persons signing the petition
4315	for purposes of the petition; and
4316	(vi) request the county legislative body to provide notice of the petition and of a public
4317	hearing, hold a public hearing, and conduct an election on the proposal to dissolve the
4318	[township] planning advisory area.
4319	(d) (i) Within 45 days after the filing of a petition under Subsection (4)(b), the county
4320	clerk shall:
4321	(A) with the assistance of other county officers from whom the clerk requests
4322	assistance, determine whether the petition complies with the requirements of Subsection (4)(c);
4323	and
4324	(B) (I) if the clerk determines that the petition complies with the requirements of
4325	Subsection (4)(c):
4326	(Aa) certify the petition and deliver the certified petition to the county legislative body;
4327	and
4328	(Bb) mail or deliver written notification of the certification to the contact sponsor; or
4329	(II) if the clerk determines that the petition fails to comply with any of the requirements
4330	of Subsection (4)(c), reject the petition and notify the contact sponsor in writing of the rejection
4331	and the reasons for the rejection.
4332	(ii) If the county clerk rejects a petition under Subsection (4)(d)(i)(B)(II), the petition
4333	may be amended to correct the deficiencies for which it was rejected and then refiled with the
4334	county clerk.
4335	(e) (i) Within 60 days after a petition to dissolve the [township] planning advisory area
4336	is certified, the county legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the proposal to dissolve
4337	the [township] planning advisory area.
4338	(ii) A public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i) shall be held:
4339	(A) within the boundary of the [township] planning advisory area; or
4340	(B) if holding a public hearing in that area is not practicable, as close to that area as
4341	practicable.

4342	(iii) Before holding a public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(1), the county legislative
4343	body shall publish notice of the petition and the time, date, and place of the public hearing:
4344	(A) at least once a week for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper of general
4345	circulation in the [township] planning advisory area; and
4346	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three
4347	consecutive weeks immediately before the public hearing.
4348	(f) Following the public hearing under Subsection (4)(e)(i), the county legislative body
4349	shall arrange for the proposal to dissolve the [township] planning advisory area to be submitted
4350	to voters residing within the [township] planning advisory area at the next regular general
4351	election that is more than 90 days after the public hearing.
4352	(g) A [township] planning advisory area is dissolved at the time of the canvass of the
4353	results of an election under Subsection (4)(f) if the canvass indicates that a majority of voters
4354	voting on the proposal to dissolve the [township] planning advisory area voted in favor of the
4355	proposal.
4356	(5) (a) If a portion of an area located within a planning advisory area is annexed by a
4357	municipality or incorporates, that portion is withdrawn from the planning advisory area.
4358	(b) If a planning advisory area in whole is annexed by a municipality or incorporates,
4359	the planning advisory area is dissolved.
4360	Section 97. Section 17-27a-505 is amended to read:
4361	17-27a-505. Zoning districts.
4362	(1) (a) The legislative body may divide the territory over which it has jurisdiction into
4363	zoning districts of a number, shape, and area that it considers appropriate to carry out the
4364	purposes of this chapter.
4365	(b) Within those zoning districts, the legislative body may regulate and restrict the
4366	erection, construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, or use of buildings and structures, and
4367	the use of land.
4368	(c) A county may enact an ordinance regulating land use and development in a flood
4369	plain or potential geologic hazard area to:

43/0	(1) protect life; and
4371	(ii) prevent:
4372	(A) the substantial loss of real property; or
4373	(B) substantial damage to real property.
4374	(d) A county of the second, third, fourth, fifth, or sixth class may not adopt a land use
4375	ordinance requiring a property owner to revegetate or landscape a single family dwelling
4376	disturbance area unless the property is located in a flood zone or geologic hazard except as
4377	required in Title 19, Chapter 5, Water Quality Act, to comply with federal law related to water
4378	pollution.
4379	(2) The legislative body shall ensure that the regulations are uniform for each class or
4380	kind of buildings throughout each zone, but the regulations in one zone may differ from those
4381	in other zones.
4382	(3) (a) There is no minimum area or diversity of ownership requirement for a zone
4383	designation.
4384	(b) Neither the size of a zoning district nor the number of landowners within the
4385	district may be used as evidence of the illegality of a zoning district or of the invalidity of a
4386	county decision.
4387	Section 98. Section 17-34-3 is amended to read:
4388	17-34-3. Taxes or service charges.
4389	(1) (a) If a county furnishes the municipal-type services and functions described in
4390	Section 17-34-1 to areas of the county outside the limits of incorporated cities or towns, the
4391	entire cost of the services or functions so furnished shall be defrayed from funds that the county
4392	has derived from:
4393	(i) taxes that the county may lawfully levy or impose outside the limits of incorporated
4394	towns or cities;
4395	(ii) service charges or fees the county may impose upon the persons benefited in any
4396	way by the services or functions; or
4397	(iii) a combination of these sources.

4398 (b) As the taxes or service charges or fees are levied and collected, they shall be placed 4399 in a special revenue fund of the county and shall be disbursed only for the rendering of the 4400 services or functions established in Section 17-34-1 within the unincorporated areas of the 4401 county or as provided in Subsection $[\frac{10-2-121}{10-2a-219}]$ 10-2a-219(2). (2) (a) For the purpose of levying taxes, service charges, or fees provided in this 4402 4403 section, the county legislative body may establish a district or districts in the unincorporated 4404 areas of the county. 4405 (b) A district established by a county as provided in Subsection (2)(a) may be 4406 reorganized as a local district in accordance with the procedures set forth in Sections 4407 17D-1-601, 17D-1-603, and 17D-1-604. (3) Nothing contained in this chapter may be construed to authorize counties to impose 4408 4409 or levy taxes not otherwise allowed by law. 4410 (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a county providing fire, paramedic, and police protection services in a designated recreational area, as provided in 4411 4412 Subsection 17-34-1(5), may fund those services from the county general fund with revenues 4413 derived from both inside and outside the limits of cities and towns, and the funding of those 4414 services is not limited to unincorporated area revenues. 4415 Section 99. Section 17-41-101 is amended to read: 4416 17-41-101. **Definitions.** 4417 As used in this chapter: 4418 (1) "Advisory board" means: 4419 (a) for an agriculture protection area, the agriculture protection area advisory board 4420 created as provided in Section 17-41-201; and 4421 (b) for an industrial protection area, the industrial protection area advisory board 4422 created as provided in Section 17-41-201.

4423 (2) (a) "Agriculture production" means production for commercial purposes of crops, livestock, and livestock products.

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(b) "Agriculture production" includes the processing or retail marketing of any crops,

4426 livestock, and livestock products when more than 50% of the processed or merchandised 4427 products are produced by the farm operator. (3) "Agriculture protection area" means a geographic area created under the authority 4428 4429 of this chapter that is granted the specific legal protections contained in this chapter. 4430 (4) "Applicable legislative body" means: 4431 (a) with respect to a proposed agriculture protection area or industrial protection area: 4432 (i) the legislative body of the county in which the land proposed to be included in an 4433 agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is located, if the land is within the 4434 unincorporated part of the county; or 4435 (ii) the legislative body of the city or town in which the land proposed to be included in 4436 an agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is located; and 4437 (b) with respect to an existing agriculture protection area or industrial protection area: 4438 (i) the legislative body of the county in which the agriculture protection area or 4439 industrial protection area is located, if the agriculture protection area or industrial protection 4440 area is within the unincorporated part of the county; or 4441 (ii) the legislative body of the city or town in which the agriculture protection area or 4442 industrial protection area is located. (5) "Board" means the Board of Oil, Gas, and Mining created in Section 40-6-4. 4443 4444 (6) "Crops, livestock, and livestock products" includes: (a) land devoted to the raising of useful plants and animals with a reasonable 4445 expectation of profit, including: 4446 4447 (i) forages and sod crops: (ii) grains and feed crops; 4448 4449 (iii) livestock as defined in Section 59-2-102; 4450 (iv) trees and fruits; or 4451 (v) vegetables, nursery, floral, and ornamental stock; or 4452 (b) land devoted to and meeting the requirements and qualifications for payments or

other compensation under a crop-land retirement program with an agency of the state or federal

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4454	government.
4455	(7) "Division" means the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining created in Section 40-6-15.
4456	(8) "Industrial protection area" means a geographic area created under the authority of
4457	this chapter that is granted the specific legal protections contained in this chapter.
4458	(9) "Mine operator" means a natural person, corporation, association, partnership,
4459	receiver, trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, fiduciary, agent, or other organization or
4460	representative, either public or private, including a successor, assign, affiliate, subsidiary, and
4461	related parent company, that, as of January 1, 2009:
4462	(a) owns, controls, or manages a mining use under a large mine permit issued by the
4463	division or the board; and
4464	(b) has produced commercial quantities of a mineral deposit from the mining use.
4465	(10) "Mineral deposit" has the same meaning as defined in Section 40-8-4, but
4466	excludes:
4467	(a) building stone, decorative rock, and landscaping rock; and
4468	(b) consolidated rock that:
4469	(i) is not associated with another deposit of minerals;
4470	(ii) is or may be extracted from land; and
4471	(iii) is put to uses similar to the uses of sand, gravel, and other aggregates.
4472	(11) "Mining protection area" means land where a vested mining use occurs, including
4473	each surface or subsurface land or mineral estate that a mine operator with a vested mining use
4474	owns or controls.
4475	(12) "Mining use":
4476	(a) means:
4477	(i) the full range of activities, from prospecting and exploration to reclamation and
4478	closure, associated with the exploitation of a mineral deposit; and
4479	(ii) the use of the surface and subsurface and groundwater and surface water of an area

in connection with the activities described in Subsection (12)(a)(i) that have been, are being, or

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will be conducted; and

4482	(b) includes, whether conducted on-site or off-site:
4483	(i) any sampling, staking, surveying, exploration, or development activity;
4484	(ii) any drilling, blasting, excavating, or tunneling;
4485	(iii) the removal, transport, treatment, deposition, and reclamation of overburden,
4486	development rock, tailings, and other waste material;
4487	(iv) any removal, transportation, extraction, beneficiation, or processing of ore;
4488	(v) any smelting, refining, autoclaving, or other primary or secondary processing
4489	operation;
4490	(vi) the recovery of any mineral left in residue from a previous extraction or processing
4491	operation;
4492	(vii) a mining activity that is identified in a work plan or permitting document;
4493	(viii) the use, operation, maintenance, repair, replacement, or alteration of a building,
4494	structure, facility, equipment, machine, tool, or other material or property that results from or is
4495	used in a surface or subsurface mining operation or activity;
4496	(ix) any accessory, incidental, or ancillary activity or use, both active and passive,
4497	including a utility, private way or road, pipeline, land excavation, working, embankment, pond,
4498	gravel excavation, mining waste, conveyor, power line, trackage, storage, reserve, passive use
4499	area, buffer zone, and power production facility;
4500	(x) the construction of a storage, factory, processing, or maintenance facility; and
4501	(xi) any activity described in Subsection 40-8-4(14)(a).
4502	(13) (a) "Municipal" means of or relating to a city or town.
4503	(b) "Municipality" means a city or town.
4504	(14) "New land" means surface or subsurface land or mineral estate that a mine
4505	operator gains ownership or control of, whether or not that land or mineral estate is included in
4506	the mine operator's large mine permit.
4507	(15) "Off-site" has the same meaning as provided in Section 40-8-4.
4508	(16) "On-site" has the same meaning as provided in Section 40-8-4.
4509	(17) "Planning commission" means:

4510	(a) a countywide planning commission if the land proposed to be included in the
4511	agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is within the unincorporated part of the
4512	county and not within a [township] planning advisory area;
4513	(b) a [township] planning advisory area planning commission if the land proposed to
4514	be included in the agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is within a [township]
4515	planning advisory area; or
4516	(c) a planning commission of a city or town if the land proposed to be included in the
4517	agriculture protection area or industrial protection area is within a city or town.
4518	(18) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, school district, local district, or
4519	special service district.
4520	(19) "Proposal sponsors" means the owners of land in agricultural production or
4521	industrial use who are sponsoring the proposal for creating an agriculture protection area or
4522	industrial protection area, respectively.
4523	(20) "State agency" means each department, commission, board, council, agency,
4524	institution, officer, corporation, fund, division, office, committee, authority, laboratory, library,
4525	unit, bureau, panel, or other administrative unit of the state.
4526	(21) "Unincorporated" means not within a city or town.
4527	(22) "Vested mining use" means a mining use:
4528	(a) by a mine operator; and
4529	(b) that existed or was conducted or otherwise engaged in before a political subdivision
4530	prohibits, restricts, or otherwise limits a mining use.
4531	Section 100. Section 17B-1-102 is amended to read:
4532	17B-1-102. Definitions.
4533	As used in this title:
4534	(1) "Appointing authority" means the person or body authorized to make an
4535	appointment to the board of trustees.
4536	(2) "Basic local district":
4537	(a) means a local district that is not a specialized local district; and

4538 (b) includes an entity that was, under the law in effect before April 30, 2007, created 4539 and operated as a local district, as defined under the law in effect before April 30, 2007. 4540 (3) "Bond" means: 4541 (a) a written obligation to repay borrowed money, whether denominated a bond, note, warrant, certificate of indebtedness, or otherwise; and 4542 4543 (b) a lease agreement, installment purchase agreement, or other agreement that: 4544 (i) includes an obligation by the district to pay money; and 4545 (ii) the district's board of trustees, in its discretion, treats as a bond for purposes of Title 4546 11, Chapter 14, Local Government Bonding Act, or Title 11, Chapter 27, Utah Refunding Bond 4547 Act. 4548 (4) "Cemetery maintenance district" means a local district that operates under and is 4549 subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 1, Cemetery Maintenance District 4550 Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a cemetery maintenance district under 4551 the law in effect before April 30, 2007. (5) "Drainage district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to the 4552 4553 provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 2, Drainage District Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a drainage district under the law in effect before April 30, 2007. 4554 (6) "Facility" or "facilities" includes any structure, building, system, land, water right, 4555 4556 water, or other real or personal property required to provide a service that a local district is 4557 authorized to provide, including any related or appurtenant easement or right-of-way. improvement, utility, landscaping, sidewalk, road, curb, gutter, equipment, or furnishing. 4558 (7) "Fire protection district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to 4559 4560 the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 3, Fire Protection District Act, including an 4561 entity that was created and operated as a fire protection district under the law in effect before 4562 April 30, 2007. (8) "General obligation bond": 4563

(a) means a bond that is directly payable from and secured by ad valorem property

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taxes that are:

4566	(i) levied:
4567	(A) by the district that issues the bond; and
4568	(B) on taxable property within the district; and
4569	(ii) in excess of the ad valorem property taxes of the district for the current fiscal year;
4570	and
4571	(b) does not include:
4572	(i) a short-term bond;
4573	(ii) a tax and revenue anticipation bond; or
4574	(iii) a special assessment bond.
4575	(9) "Improvement assurance" means a surety bond, letter of credit, cash, or other
4576	security:
4577	(a) to guarantee the proper completion of an improvement;
4578	(b) that is required before a local district may provide a service requested by a service
4579	applicant; and
4580	(c) that is offered to a local district to induce the local district before construction of an
4581	improvement begins to:
4582	(i) provide the requested service; or
4583	(ii) commit to provide the requested service.
4584	(10) "Improvement assurance warranty" means a promise that the materials and
4585	workmanship of an improvement:
4586	(a) comply with standards adopted by a local district; and
4587	(b) will not fail in any material respect within an agreed warranty period.
4588	(11) "Improvement district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to
4589	the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 4, Improvement District Act, including an
4590	entity that was created and operated as a county improvement district under the law in effect
4591	before April 30, 2007.
4592	(12) "Irrigation district" means a local district that operates under and is subject to the
4593	provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act, including an entity that

4594	was created and operated as an irrigation district under the law in effect before April 30, 2007.
4595	(13) "Local district" means a limited purpose local government entity, as described in
4596	Section 17B-1-103, that operates under, is subject to, and has the powers set forth in:
4597	(a) this chapter; or
4598	(b) (i) this chapter; and
4599	(ii) (A) Chapter 2a, Part 1, Cemetery Maintenance District Act;
4600	(B) Chapter 2a, Part 2, Drainage District Act;
4601	(C) Chapter 2a, Part 3, Fire Protection District Act;
4602	(D) Chapter 2a, Part 4, Improvement District Act;
4603	(E) Chapter 2a, Part 5, Irrigation District Act;
4604	(F) Chapter 2a, Part 6, Metropolitan Water District Act;
4605	(G) Chapter 2a, Part 7, Mosquito Abatement District Act;
4606	(H) Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act;
4607	(I) Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service Area Act; [or]
4608	(J) Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water Conservancy District Act[-]; or
4609	(K) Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act.
4610	(14) "Metropolitan water district" means a local district that operates under and is
4611	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 6, Metropolitan Water District
4612	Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a metropolitan water district under the
4613	law in effect before April 30, 2007.
4614	(15) "Mosquito abatement district" means a local district that operates under and is
4615	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 7, Mosquito Abatement District
4616	Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a mosquito abatement district under
4617	the law in effect before April 30, 2007.
4618	(16) "Municipal" means of or relating to a municipality.
4619	(17) "Municipality" means a city or town.
4620	(18) "Municipal services district" means a local district that operates under and is
4621	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District

4622	Act.
4623	[(18)] (19) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, organization,
4624	association, trust, governmental agency, or other legal entity.
4625	[(19)] (20) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, local district under this
4626	title, special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, an entity
4627	created by interlocal cooperation agreement under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation
4628	Act, or any other governmental entity designated in statute as a political subdivision of the
4629	state.
4630	[(20)] (21) "Private," with respect to real property, means not owned by the United
4631	States or any agency of the federal government, the state, a county, or a political subdivision.
4632	[(21)] <u>(22)</u> "Public entity" means:
4633	(a) the United States or an agency of the United States;
4634	(b) the state or an agency of the state;
4635	(c) a political subdivision of the state or an agency of a political subdivision of the
4636	state;
4637	(d) another state or an agency of that state; or
4638	(e) a political subdivision of another state or an agency of that political subdivision.
4639	[(22)] (23) "Public transit district" means a local district that operates under and is
4640	subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act,
4641	including an entity that was created and operated as a public transit district under the law in
4642	effect before April 30, 2007.
4643	[(23)] <u>(24)</u> "Revenue bond":
4644	(a) means a bond payable from designated taxes or other revenues other than the local
4645	district's ad valorem property taxes; and
4646	(b) does not include:
4647	(i) an obligation constituting an indebtedness within the meaning of an applicable
4648	constitutional or statutory debt limit;
4649	(ii) a tax and revenue anticipation bond; or

4650	(iii) a special assessment bond.
4651	[(24)] (25) "Rules of order and procedure" means a set of rules that govern and
4652	prescribe in a public meeting:
4653	(a) parliamentary order and procedure;
4654	(b) ethical behavior; and
4655	(c) civil discourse.
4656	[(25)] (26) "Service applicant" means a person who requests that a local district
4657	provide a service that the local district is authorized to provide.
4658	[(26)] (27) "Service area" means a local district that operates under and is subject to the
4659	provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service Area Act, including an entity that was
4660	created and operated as a county service area or a regional service area under the law in effect
4661	before April 30, 2007.
4662	$\left[\frac{(27)}{(28)}\right]$ "Short-term bond" means a bond that is required to be repaid during the
4663	fiscal year in which the bond is issued.
4664	[(28)] (29) "Special assessment" means an assessment levied against property to pay all
4665	or a portion of the costs of making improvements that benefit the property.
4666	[(29)] (30) "Special assessment bond" means a bond payable from special assessments.
4667	[(30)] (31) "Specialized local district" means a local district that is a cemetery
4668	maintenance district, a drainage district, a fire protection district, an improvement district, an
4669	irrigation district, a metropolitan water district, a mosquito abatement district, a public transit
4670	district, a service area, [or] a water conservancy district, or a municipal services district.
4671	[(31)] (32) "Taxable value" means the taxable value of property as computed from the
4672	most recent equalized assessment roll for county purposes.
4673	[(32)] (33) "Tax and revenue anticipation bond" means a bond:
4674	(a) issued in anticipation of the collection of taxes or other revenues or a combination
4675	of taxes and other revenues; and
4676	(b) that matures within the same fiscal year as the fiscal year in which the bond is
4677	issued.

4678	[(33)] (34) "Unincorporated" means not included within a municipality.
1679	[(34)] (35) "Water conservancy district" means a local district that operates under and
4680	is subject to the provisions of this chapter and Chapter 2a, Part 10, Water Conservancy District
4681	Act, including an entity that was created and operated as a water conservancy district under the
4682	law in effect before April 30, 2007.
4683	[(35)] (36) "Works" includes a dam, reservoir, well, canal, conduit, pipeline, drain,
1684	tunnel, power plant, and any facility, improvement, or property necessary or convenient for
4685	supplying or treating water for any beneficial use, and for otherwise accomplishing the
4686	purposes of a local district.
4687	Section 101. Section 17B-1-502 is amended to read:
4688	17B-1-502. Withdrawal of area from local district Automatic withdrawal in
4689	certain circumstances.
4690	(1) (a) An area within the boundaries of a local district may be withdrawn from the
4691	local district only as provided in this part or, if applicable, as provided in Part 11, Municipal
4692	Services District Act.
4693	(b) Except as provided in Subsections (2) and (3), the inclusion of an area of a local
4694	district within a municipality because of a municipal incorporation under Title 10, Chapter [2,
4695	Part 1,] 2a, Municipal Incorporation, or a municipal annexation or boundary adjustment under
4696	Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation, does not affect the requirements under this part for the
1697	process of withdrawing that area from the local district.
4698	(2) (a) An area within the boundaries of a local district is automatically withdrawn
4699	from the local district by the annexation of the area to a municipality or the adding of the area
4700	to a municipality by boundary adjustment under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation, if:
4701	(i) the local district provides:
4702	(A) fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; or
4703	(B) law enforcement service;
4704	(ii) an election for the creation of the local district was not required because of

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Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(d); and

4706	(iii) before annexation or boundary adjustment, the boundaries of the local district do
4707	not include any of the annexing municipality.
4708	(b) The effective date of a withdrawal under this Subsection (2) is governed by
4709	Subsection 17B-1-512(2)(b).
4710	(3) (a) Except as provided in [Subsection] Subsection (3)(c) or (d), an area within the
4711	boundaries of a local district located in a county of the first class is automatically withdrawn
4712	from the local district by the incorporation of a municipality whose boundaries include the area
4713	if:
4714	(i) the local district provides:
4715	(A) fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services;
4716	(B) law enforcement service; or
4717	(C) municipal services, as defined in Section 17B-2a-1102;
4718	(ii) an election for the creation of the local district was not required because of
4719	Subsection 17B-1-214(3)(d) or (g); and
4720	(iii) the legislative body of the newly incorporated municipality:
4721	(A) for a city or town incorporated under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of
4722	Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May
4723	12, 2015, complies with the feasibility study requirements of Section 17B-2a-1110;
4724	[(A)] (B) adopts a resolution no later than 180 days after the effective date of
4725	incorporation approving the withdrawal that includes the legal description of the area to be
4726	withdrawn; and
4727	[(B)] (C) delivers a copy of the resolution to the board of trustees of the local district.
4728	(b) The effective date of a withdrawal under this Subsection (3) is governed by
4729	Subsection 17B-1-512(2)(a).
4730	(c) Section 17B-1-505 shall govern the withdrawal of an incorporated area within a
4731	county of the first class [if] after the expiration of the 180-day period described in Subsection
4732	(3)(a)(iii)(B):
4733	(i) the local district from which the area is withdrawn provides:

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4734	(A) fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; [or]
4735	(B) law enforcement service; [and] or
4736	(C) municipal services, as defined in Section 17B-2a-1102; and
4737	(ii) an election for the creation of the local district was not required under Subsection
4738	17B-1-214(3)(d) <u>or (g)</u> .
4739	(d) An area within the boundaries of a local district that is incorporated as a metro
4740	township and for which the residents of the metro township at an election to incorporate chose
4741	to be included in a municipal services district is not subject to the provisions of this Subsection
4742	<u>(3).</u>
4743	Section 102. Section 17B-1-505 is amended to read:
4744	17B-1-505. Withdrawal of municipality in certain districts providing fire
4745	protection, paramedic, and emergency services or law enforcement service.

- (1) (a) The process to withdraw an area from a local district may be initiated by a resolution adopted by the legislative body of a municipality, subject to Subsection (1)(b), that is
- 4749 (i) that provides:

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4750 (A) fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; [or]

entirely within the boundaries of a local district:

- 4751 (B) law enforcement service; [and] or
- 4752 (C) municipal services, as defined in Section 17B-2a-1102; and
- 4753 (ii) in the creation of which an election was not required because of Subsection 4754 17B-1-214(3)(d) or (g).
- 4755 (b) A municipal legislative body of a municipality that is within a municipal services
 4756 district established under Chapter 2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act, may not adopt a
 4757 resolution under Subsection (1)(a) to withdraw from the municipal services district unless the
 4758 municipality has conducted a feasibility study in accordance with Section 17B-2a-1110.
- [(b)] (c) Within 10 days after adopting a resolution under Subsection (1)(a), the municipal legislative body shall submit to the board of trustees of the local district written notice of the adoption of the resolution, accompanied by a copy of the resolution.

4762 (2) If a resolution is adopted under Subsection (1)(a), the municipal legislative body 4763 shall hold an election at the next municipal general election that is more than 60 days after 4764 adoption of the resolution on the question of whether the municipality should withdraw from 4765 the local district. 4766 (3) If a majority of those voting on the question of withdrawal at an election held under 4767 Subsection (2) vote in favor of withdrawal, the municipality shall be withdrawn from the local 4768 district. 4769 (4) (a) Within 10 days after the canvass of an election at which a withdrawal under this 4770 section is submitted to voters, the municipal legislative body shall send written notice to the 4771 board of the local district from which the municipality is proposed to withdraw. 4772 (b) Each notice under Subsection (4)(a) shall: 4773 (i) state the results of the withdrawal election; and 4774 (ii) if the withdrawal was approved by voters, be accompanied by a map or legal 4775 description of the area to be withdrawn, adequate for purposes of the county assessor and 4776 recorder. 4777 (5) The effective date of a withdrawal under this section is governed by Subsection 4778 17B-1-512(2)(a). 4779 Section 103. Section **17B-1-1002** is amended to read: 4780 17B-1-1002. Limit on local district property tax levy -- Exclusions. (1) The rate at which a local district levies a property tax for district operation and 4781 maintenance expenses on the taxable value of taxable property within the district may not 4782 4783 exceed: 4784 (a) .0008, for a basic local district; (b) .0004, for a cemetery maintenance district; 4785 4786 (c) .0004, for a drainage district; 4787 (d) .0008, for a fire protection district;

(e) .0008, for an improvement district;

(f) .0005, for a metropolitan water district;

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4790	(g) .0004, for a mosquito abatement district;
4791	(h) .0004, for a public transit district;
4792	(i) (i) .0023, for a service area that:
4793	(A) is located in a county of the first or second class; and
4794	(B) (I) provides fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; or
4795	(II) subject to Subsection (3), provides law enforcement services; or
4796	(ii) .0014, for each other service area; [or]
4797	(j) the rates provided in Section 17B-2a-1006, for a water conservancy district[-]; or
4798	(k) .0008 for a municipal services district.
4799	(2) Property taxes levied by a local district are excluded from the limit applicable to
4800	that district under Subsection (1) if the taxes are:
4801	(a) levied under Section 17B-1-1103 by a local district, other than a water conservancy
4802	district, to pay principal of and interest on general obligation bonds issued by the district;
4803	(b) levied to pay debt and interest owed to the United States; or
4804	(c) levied to pay assessments or other amounts due to a water users association or other
4805	public cooperative or private entity from which the district procures water.
4806	(3) A service area described in Subsection (1)(i)(i)(B)(II) may not collect a tax
4807	described in Subsection (1)(i)(i) if a municipality or a county having a right to appoint a
4808	member to the board of trustees of the service area under Subsection 17B-2a-905(2) assesses
4809	on or after November 30 in the year in which the tax is first collected and each subsequent year
4810	that the tax is collected:
4811	(a) a generally assessed fee imposed under Section 17B-1-643 for law enforcement
4812	services; or
4813	(b) any other generally assessed fee for law enforcement services.
4814	Section 104. Section 17B-1-1102 is amended to read:
4815	17B-1-1102. General obligation bonds.
4816	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (3), if a district intends to issue general obligation
4817	bonds, the district shall first obtain the approval of district voters for issuance of the bonds at

4818 an election held for that purpose as provided in Title 11, Chapter 14, Local Government 4819 Bonding Act. 4820 (2) General obligation bonds shall be secured by a pledge of the full faith and credit of 4821 the district, subject, for a water conservancy district, to the property tax levy limits of Section 4822 17B-2a-1006. 4823 (3) A district may issue refunding general obligation bonds, as provided in Title 11, 4824 Chapter 27, Utah Refunding Bond Act, without obtaining voter approval. 4825 (4) (a) A local district may not issue general obligation bonds if the issuance of the 4826 bonds will cause the outstanding principal amount of all of the district's general obligation 4827 bonds to exceed the amount that results from multiplying the fair market value of the taxable 4828 property within the district, as determined under Subsection 11-14-301(3)(b), by a number that 4829 is: 4830 (i) .05, for a basic local district; (ii) .004, for a cemetery maintenance district; 4831 4832 (iii) .002, for a drainage district; 4833 (iv) .004, for a fire protection district; 4834 (v) .024, for an improvement district; 4835 (vi) .1, for an irrigation district; 4836 (vii) .1, for a metropolitan water district; 4837 (viii) .0004, for a mosquito abatement district; 4838 (ix) .03, for a public transit district; [or] 4839 (x) .12, for a service area $[\cdot]$; or 4840 (xi) .05 for a municipal services district. 4841 (b) Bonds or other obligations of a local district that are not general obligation bonds 4842 are not included in the limit stated in Subsection (4)(a). 4843 (5) A district may not be considered to be a municipal corporation for purposes of the 4844 debt limitation of the Utah Constitution, Article XIV, Section 4.

(6) Bonds issued by an administrative or legal entity created under Title 11, Chapter

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4846	13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, may not be considered to be bonds of a local district that
4847	participates in the agreement creating the administrative or legal entity.
4848	Section 105. Section 17B-2a-1102 is amended to read:
4849	17B-2a-1102. Definitions.
4850	As used in this part[, "municipal]:
4851	(1) "Municipal services" means[: (1)] one or more of the services identified in Section
4852	17-34-1 [or], 17-36-3[; and], or 17B-1-202.
4853	[(2) any other municipal-type service provided in the district that is in the interest of
4854	the district.]
4855	(2) "Metro township" means:
4856	(a) a metro township for which the electors at an election under Section 10-2a-404
4857	chose a metro township that is included in a municipal services district; or
4858	(b) a metro township that subsequently joins a municipal services district.
4859	Section 106. Section 17B-2a-1103 is amended to read:
4860	17B-2a-1103. Limited to counties of the first class Provisions applicable to
4861	municipal services districts.
4862	(1) (a) [★] Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b) and Section 17B-2a-1110, a
4863	municipal services district may be created only in unincorporated areas in a county of the first
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	class.
4865	class. (b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject] Subject to Subsection (1)(c), after
4865 4866	
	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject] Subject to Subsection (1)(c), after
4866	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject] Subject to Subsection (1)(c), after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area may be annexed into the municipal
4866 4867	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject] Subject to Subsection (1)(c), after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area may be annexed into the municipal services district in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 4, Annexation, whether that area is
4866 4867 4868	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject] Subject to Subsection (1)(c), after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area may be annexed into the municipal services district in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 4, Annexation, whether that area is unincorporated or incorporated.
4866 4867 4868 4869	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject] Subject to Subsection (1)(c), after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area may be annexed into the municipal services district in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 4, Annexation, whether that area is unincorporated or incorporated. (c) An area annexed under Subsection (1)(b) may not be located outside of the
4866 4867 4868 4869 4870	(b) [Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a) and subject] Subject to Subsection (1)(c), after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area may be annexed into the municipal services district in accordance with Chapter 1, Part 4, Annexation, whether that area is unincorporated or incorporated. (c) An area annexed under Subsection (1)(b) may not be located outside of the originating county of the first class.

48/4	(3) This part applies only to a municipal services district.
4875	(4) A municipal services district is not subject to the provisions of any other part of this
4876	chapter.
4877	(5) If there is a conflict between a provision in Chapter 1, Provisions Applicable to All
4878	Local Districts, and a provision in this part, the provisions in this part govern.
4879	Section 107. Section 17B-2a-1104 is amended to read:
4880	17B-2a-1104. Additional municipal services district powers.
4881	In addition to the powers conferred on a municipal services district under Section
4882	17B-1-103, a municipal services district may:
4883	(1) notwithstanding Subsection 17B-1-202(3), provide [one or multiple] no more than
4884	six municipal services; and
4885	(2) issue bonds as provided in and subject to Chapter 1, Part 11, Local District Bonds,
4886	to carry out the purposes of the district.
4887	Section 108. Section 17B-2a-1106 is amended to read:
4888	17B-2a-1106. Municipal services district board of trustees Governance.
4889	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), and notwithstanding any other provision of
4890	law regarding the membership of a local district board of trustees, the initial board of trustees
4891	of a municipal services district shall consist of the county legislative body.
4892	(2) (a) Notwithstanding any provision of law regarding the membership of a local
4893	district board of trustees or the governance of a local district, and, except as provided in
4894	Subsection (3), if a municipal services district is created in a county of the first class with the
4895	county executive-council form of government, the initial governance of the municipal services
4896	district is as follows:
4897	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(b), the county council is the municipal services district
4898	board of trustees; and
4899	(ii) subject to Subsection (2)(c), the county executive is the executive of the municipal
4900	services district.
4901	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the board of trustees of a municipal

4902	services district described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
4903	(i) act as the legislative body of the district; and
4904	(ii) exercise legislative branch powers and responsibilities established for county
4905	legislative bodies in:
4906	(A) Title 17, Counties; and
4907	(B) an optional plan, as defined in Section 17-52-101, adopted for a county
4908	executive-council form of county government as described in Section 17-52-504.
4909	(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a municipal services district
4910	described in Subsection (2)(a), the executive of the district shall:
4911	(i) act as the executive of the district; and
4912	(ii) exercise executive branch powers and responsibilities established for a county
4913	executive in:
4914	(A) Title 17, Counties; and
4915	(B) an optional plan, as defined in Section 17-52-101, adopted for a county
4916	executive-council form of county government as described in Section 17-52-504.
4917	[(3) If, after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area within the
4918	district is incorporated as a municipality and the area is not withdrawn from the district in
4919	accordance with Section 17B-1-502, or an area within a municipality is annexed into the
4920	municipal services district in accordance with Section 17B-2a-1103:]
4921	[(a) the district's board of trustees shall include a member of that municipality's
4922	governing body; and]
4923	[(b) the member described in Subsection (3)(a) shall be:]
4924	[(i) designated by the municipality; and]
4925	[(ii) a member with powers and duties of other board of trustees members as described
4926	in Subsection (2)(b).]
4927	(3) (a) If, after the initial creation of a municipal services district, an area within the
4928	district is incorporated as a municipality as defined in Section 10-1-104 and the area is not
4929	withdrawn from the district in accordance with Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, or an area

4930	within the municipality is annexed into the municipal services district in accordance with
4931	Section 17B-2a-1103, the district's board of trustees shall be as follows:
4932	(i) subject to Subsection (3)(b), a member of that municipality's governing body;
4933	(ii) subject to Subsection (4), two members of the county council of the county in
4934	which the municipal services district is located; and
4935	(iii) the total number of board members shall be an odd number.
4936	(b) A member described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall be:
4937	(i) for a municipality other than a metro township, designated by the municipal
4938	legislative body; and
4939	(ii) for a metro township, the chair of the metro township.
4940	(c) A member of the board of trustees has the powers and duties described in
4941	Subsection (2)(b).
4942	(d) The county executive is the executive and has the powers and duties as described in
4943	Subsection (2)(c).
4944	(4) (a) The number of county council members may be increased or decreased to meet
4945	the membership requirements of Subsection (3)(a)(iii) but may not be less than one.
4946	(b) The number of county council members described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) does not
4947	include the county mayor.
4948	(5) For a board of trustees described in Subsection (3), each board member's vote is
4949	weighted using the proportion of the municipal services district population that resides:
4950	(a) for each member described in Subsection (3)(a)(i), within that member's
4951	municipality; and
4952	(b) for each member described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii), within the unincorporated
4953	county, with the members' weighted vote divided evenly if there is more than one member on
4954	the board described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii).
4955	[(4)] (6) The board may adopt a resolution providing for future board members to be
4956	appointed, as provided in Section 17B-1-304, or elected, as provided in Section 17B-1-306.
4957	[(5)] (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsections 17B-1-309(1) or 17B-1-310(1), the board of

4958	trustees may adopt a resolution to determine the internal governance of the board.
4959	(b) A resolution adopted under Subsection [(5)] (7)(a) may not alter or impair the board
4960	of trustees' duties, powers, or responsibilities described in Subsection (2)(b) or the executive's
4961	duties, powers, or responsibilities described in Subsection (2)(c).
4962	Section 109. Section 17B-2a-1107 is amended to read:
4963	17B-2a-1107. Exclusion of rural real property.
4964	(1) As used in this section, "rural real property" means an area:
4965	(a) zoned primarily for manufacturing, commercial, or agricultural purposes; and
4966	(b) that does not include residential units with a density greater than one unit per acre.
4967	(2) Unless an owner gives written consent, rural real property may not be included in a
4968	municipal services district if the rural real property:
4969	(a) consists of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of rural real property consisting of one
4970	or more tax parcels;
4971	(b) is not contiguous to but is used in connection with rural real property that consists
4972	of 1,500 acres or more contiguous acres of real property consisting of one or more tax parcels;
4973	(c) is owned, managed, or controlled by a person, company, or association, including a
4974	parent, subsidiary, or affiliate related to the owner of 1,500 or more contiguous acres of rural
4975	real property consisting of one or more tax parcels; or
4976	(d) is located in whole or in part in one of the following as defined in Section
4977	17-41-101:
4978	(i) an agricultural protection area;
4979	(ii) a mining protection area; or
4980	(iii) an industrial protection area.
4981	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), an owner of rural real property may withdraw
4982	consent to inclusion in a municipal services district at any time.
4983	(b) An owner may withdraw consent by submitting a written and signed request to the
4984	municipal services district board of trustees that:

(i) identifies and describes the rural real property to be withdrawn; and

4985

4986	(ii) requests that the rural real property be withdrawn.
4987	(c) (i) No later than 30 days after the day on which the municipal services district board
4988	of trustees receives a request that complies with Subsection (3)(b), the board shall adopt a
4989	resolution withdrawing the rural real property as identified and described in the request.
4990	(ii) The rural real property is withdrawn from and no longer in the jurisdiction of the
4991	municipal services district upon adoption of the resolution.
4992	Section 110. Section 17B-2a-1110 is enacted to read:
4993	17B-2a-1110. Withdrawal from a municipal services district upon incorporation
4994	Feasibility study required for city or town withdrawal Public hearing Revenues
4995	transferred to municipal services district.
4996	(1) A municipality may withdraw from a municipal services district in accordance with
4997	Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, as applicable, and the requirements of this section.
4998	(b) If a municipality engages a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study
4999	under Subsection (2)(a), the 180 days described in Subsection 17B-1-502(3)(a)(iii)(A) is tolled
5000	from the day that the municipality engages the feasibility consultant to the day on which the
5001	municipality holds the final public hearing under Subsection (5).
5002	(2) (a) If a municipality decides to withdraw from a municipal services district, the
5003	municipal legislative body shall, before adopting a resolution under Section 17B-1-502 or
5004	17B-1-505, as applicable, engage a feasibility consultant to conduct a feasibility study.
5005	(b) The feasibility consultant shall be chosen:
5006	(i) by the municipal legislative body; and
5007	(ii) in accordance with applicable municipal procurement procedures.
5008	(3) The municipal legislative body shall require the feasibility consultant to:
5009	(a) complete the feasibility study and submit the written results to the municipal
5010	legislative body before the council adopts a resolution under Section 17B-1-502;
5011	(b) submit with the full written results of the feasibility study a summary of the results
5012	no longer than one page in length; and
5013	(c) attend the public hearings under Subsection (5).

5014	(4) (a) The feasibility study shall consider:
5015	(i) population and population density within the withdrawing municipality;
5016	(ii) current and five-year projections of demographics and economic base in the
5017	withdrawing municipality, including household size and income, commercial and industrial
5018	development, and public facilities;
5019	(iii) projected growth in the withdrawing municipality during the next five years;
5020	(iv) subject to Subsection (4)(b), the present and five-year projections of the cost,
5021	including overhead, of municipal services in the withdrawing municipality;
5022	(v) assuming the same tax categories and tax rates as currently imposed by the
5023	municipal services district and all other current service providers, the present and five-year
5024	projected revenue for the withdrawing municipality;
5025	(vi) a projection of any new taxes per household that may be levied within the
5026	withdrawing municipality within five years of the withdrawal; and
5027	(vii) the fiscal impact on other municipalities serviced by the municipal services
5028	district.
5029	(b) (i) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a)(iv), the feasibility consultant shall assume a
5030	level and quality of municipal services to be provided to the withdrawing municipality in the
5031	future that fairly and reasonably approximates the level and quality of municipal services being
5032	provided to the withdrawing municipality at the time of the feasibility study.
5033	(ii) In determining the present cost of a municipal service, the feasibility consultant
5034	shall consider:
5035	(A) the amount it would cost the withdrawing municipality to provide municipal
5036	services for the first five years after withdrawing; and
5037	(B) the municipal services district's present and five-year projected cost of providing
5038	municipal services.
5039	(iii) The costs calculated under Subsection (4)(a)(iv) shall take into account inflation
5040	and anticipated growth.
5041	(5) If the results of the feasibility study meet the requirements of Subsection (4), the

5042	municipal legislative body shall, at its next regular meeting after receipt of the results of the
5043	feasibility study, schedule at least one public hearing to be held:
5044	(a) within the following 60 days; and
5045	(b) for the purpose of allowing:
5046	(i) the feasibility consultant to present the results of the study; and
5047	(ii) the public to become informed about the feasibility study results, including the
5048	requirement that if the municipality withdraws from the municipal services district, the
5049	municipality must comply with Subsection (9), and to ask questions about those results of the
5050	feasibility consultant.
5051	(6) At a public hearing described in Subsection (5), the municipal legislative body
5052	shall:
5053	(a) provide a copy of the feasibility study for public review; and
5054	(b) allow the public to express its views about the proposed withdrawal from the
5055	municipal services district.
5056	(7) (a) (i) The municipal clerk or recorder shall publish notice of the public hearings
5057	required under Subsection (5):
5058	(A) at least once a week for three successive weeks in a newspaper of general
5059	circulation within the municipality; and
5060	(B) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701, for three weeks.
5061	(ii) The municipal clerk or recorder shall publish the last publication of notice required
5062	under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A) at least three days before the first public hearing required under
5063	Subsection (5).
5064	(b) (i) If, under Subsection (7)(a)(i)(A), there is no newspaper of general circulation
5065	within the proposed municipality, the municipal clerk or recorder shall post at least one notice
5066	of the hearings per 1,000 population in conspicuous places within the municipality that are
5067	most likely to give notice of the hearings to the residents.
5068	(ii) The municipal clerk or recorder shall post the notices under Subsection (7)(b)(i) at
5069	least seven days before the first hearing under Subsection (5)

5070	(c) The notice under Subsections (7)(a) and (b) shall include the feasibility study
5071	summary and shall indicate that a full copy of the study is available for inspection and copying
5072	at the office of the municipal clerk or recorder.
5073	(8) At a public meeting held after the public hearing required under Subsection (5), the
5074	municipal legislative body may adopt a resolution under Section 17B-1-502 or 17B-1-505, as
5075	applicable, if the municipality is in compliance with the other requirements of that section.
5076	(9) The municipality shall pay revenues in excess of 5% to the municipal services
5077	district for 10 years beginning on the next fiscal year immediately following the municipal
5078	legislative body adoption of a resolution or an ordinance to withdraw under Section 17B-1-502
5079	or 17B-1-505 if the results of the feasibility study show that the average annual amount of
5080	revenue under Subsection (4)(a)(v) exceed the average annual amount of cost under Subsection
5081	(4)(a)(iv) by more than 5%.
5082	Section 111. Section 17B-2a-1111 is enacted to read:
5083	17B-2a-1111. Withdrawal of a municipality that changes form of government.
5084	If a municipality after the 180-day period described in Subsection
5085	17B-1-502(3)(a)(iii)(A) changes form of government in accordance with Title 10, Chapter 2b,
5086	Part 6, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government, the municipality under the new
5087	form of government may withdraw from a municipal services district only in accordance with
5088	the provisions of Section 17B-1-505.
5089	Section 112. Section 17B-2a-1112 is enacted to read:
5090	<u>17B-2a-1112.</u> Audit.
5091	The board of trustees shall provide a copy of an accounting report, as defined in Section
5092	51-2a-102, to each political subdivision that is provided municipal services by the municipal
5093	services district that is filed with the state auditor on behalf of the municipal services district in
5094	accordance with Section 51-2a-203.
5095	Section 113. Section 20A-1-102 is amended to read:
5096	20A-1-102. Definitions.

5098	(1) "Active voter" means a registered voter who has not been classified as an inactive
5099	voter by the county clerk.
5100	(2) "Automatic tabulating equipment" means apparatus that automatically examines
5101	and counts votes recorded on paper ballots or ballot sheets and tabulates the results.
5102	(3) (a) "Ballot" means the storage medium, whether paper, mechanical, or electronic,
5103	upon which a voter records the voter's votes.
5104	(b) "Ballot" includes ballot sheets, paper ballots, electronic ballots, and secrecy
5105	envelopes.
5106	(4) "Ballot label" means the cards, papers, booklet, pages, or other materials that:
5107	(a) contain the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to
5108	be voted on; and
5109	(b) are used in conjunction with ballot sheets that do not display that information.
5110	(5) "Ballot proposition" means a question, issue, or proposal that is submitted to voters
5111	on the ballot for their approval or rejection including:
5112	(a) an opinion question specifically authorized by the Legislature;
5113	(b) a constitutional amendment;
5114	(c) an initiative;
5115	(d) a referendum;
5116	(e) a bond proposition;
5117	(f) a judicial retention question;
5118	(g) an incorporation of a city or town; or
5119	(h) any other ballot question specifically authorized by the Legislature.
5120	(6) "Ballot sheet":
5121	(a) means a ballot that:
5122	(i) consists of paper or a card where the voter's votes are marked or recorded; and
5123	(ii) can be counted using automatic tabulating equipment; and
5124	(b) includes punch card ballots and other ballots that are machine-countable.
5125	(7) "Rind" "hinding" or "hound" means securing more than one piece of paper

5126 together with a staple or stitch in at least three places across the top of the paper in the blank 5127 space reserved for securing the paper. 5128 (8) "Board of canvassers" means the entities established by Sections 20A-4-301 and 5129 20A-4-306 to canvass election returns. 5130 (9) "Bond election" means an election held for the purpose of approving or rejecting 5131 the proposed issuance of bonds by a government entity. 5132 (10) "Book voter registration form" means voter registration forms contained in a 5133 bound book that are used by election officers and registration agents to register persons to vote. 5134 (11) "Business reply mail envelope" means an envelope that may be mailed free of 5135 charge by the sender. 5136 (12) "By-mail voter registration form" means a voter registration form designed to be 5137 completed by the voter and mailed to the election officer. (13) "Canvass" means the review of election returns and the official declaration of 5138 election results by the board of canvassers. 5139 5140 (14) "Canvassing judge" means a poll worker designated to assist in counting ballots at 5141 the canvass. 5142 (15) "Contracting election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract 5143 or interlocal agreement with a provider election officer. 5144 (16) "Convention" means the political party convention at which party officers and delegates are selected. 5145 5146 (17) "Counting center" means one or more locations selected by the election officer in 5147 charge of the election for the automatic counting of ballots. 5148 (18) "Counting judge" means a poll worker designated to count the ballots during 5149 election day. 5150 (19) "Counting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in Section

immediately adjoining the place where the election is being held, for use by the poll workers

(20) "Counting room" means a suitable and convenient private place or room,

20A-3-201 to witness the counting of ballots.

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5154	and counting judges to count ballots during election day.
5155	(21) "County officers" means those county officers that are required by law to be
5156	elected.
5157	(22) "Date of the election" or "election day" or "day of the election":
5158	(a) means the day that is specified in the calendar year as the day that the election
5159	occurs; and
5160	(b) does not include:
5161	(i) deadlines established for absentee voting; or
5162	(ii) any early voting or early voting period as provided under Chapter 3, Part 6, Early
5163	Voting.
5164	(23) "Elected official" means:
5165	(a) a person elected to an office under Section 20A-1-303;
5166	(b) a person who is considered to be elected to a municipal office in accordance with
5167	Subsection 20A-1-206(1)(c)(ii); or
5168	(c) a person who is considered to be elected to a local district office in accordance with
5169	Subsection 20A-1-206(3)(c)(ii).
5170	(24) "Election" means a regular general election, a municipal general election, a
5171	statewide special election, a local special election, a regular primary election, a municipal
5172	primary election, and a local district election.
5173	(25) "Election Assistance Commission" means the commission established by Public
5174	Law 107-252, the Help America Vote Act of 2002.
5175	(26) "Election cycle" means the period beginning on the first day persons are eligible to
5176	file declarations of candidacy and ending when the canvass is completed.
5177	(27) "Election judge" means a poll worker that is assigned to:
5178	(a) preside over other poll workers at a polling place;
5179	(b) act as the presiding election judge; or
5180	(c) serve as a canvassing judge, counting judge, or receiving judge.
5181	(28) "Election officer" means:

5182	(a) the lieutenant governor, for all statewide ballots and elections;
5183	(b) the county clerk for:
5184	(i) a county ballot and election; and
5185	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
5186	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
5187	(c) the municipal clerk for:
5188	(i) a municipal ballot and election; and
5189	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
5190	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5;
5191	(d) the local district clerk or chief executive officer for:
5192	(i) a local district ballot and election; and
5193	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
5194	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5; or
5195	(e) the business administrator or superintendent of a school district for:
5196	(i) a school district ballot and election; and
5197	(ii) a ballot and election as a provider election officer as provided in Section
5198	20A-5-400.1 or 20A-5-400.5.
5199	(29) "Election official" means any election officer, election judge, or poll worker.
5200	(30) "Election results" means:
5201	(a) for an election other than a bond election, the count of votes cast in the election and
5202	the election returns requested by the board of canvassers; or
5203	(b) for bond elections, the count of those votes cast for and against the bond
5204	proposition plus any or all of the election returns that the board of canvassers may request.
5205	(31) "Election returns" includes the pollbook, the military and overseas absentee voter
5206	registration and voting certificates, one of the tally sheets, any unprocessed absentee ballots, all
5207	counted ballots, all excess ballots, all unused ballots, all spoiled ballots, the ballot disposition
5208	form, and the total votes cast form.
5209	(32) "Electronic ballot" means a ballot that is recorded using a direct electronic voting

5210	device or other voting device that records and stores ballot information by electronic means.
5211	(33) "Electronic signature" means an electronic sound, symbol, or process attached to
5212	or logically associated with a record and executed or adopted by a person with the intent to sign
5213	the record.
5214	(34) (a) "Electronic voting device" means a voting device that uses electronic ballots.
5215	(b) "Electronic voting device" includes a direct recording electronic voting device.
5216	(35) "Inactive voter" means a registered voter who has:
5217	(a) been sent the notice required by Section 20A-2-306; and
5218	(b) failed to respond to that notice.
5219	(36) "Inspecting poll watcher" means a person selected as provided in this title to
5220	witness the receipt and safe deposit of voted and counted ballots.
5221	(37) "Judicial office" means the office filled by any judicial officer.
5222	(38) "Judicial officer" means any justice or judge of a court of record or any county
5223	court judge.
5224	(39) "Local district" means a local government entity under Title 17B, Limited Purpose
5225	Local Government Entities - Local Districts, and includes a special service district under Title
5226	17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act.
5227	(40) "Local district officers" means those local district board members that are required
5228	by law to be elected.
5229	(41) "Local election" means a regular county election, a regular municipal election, a
5230	municipal primary election, a local special election, a local district election, and a bond
5231	election.
5232	(42) "Local political subdivision" means a county, a municipality, a local district, or a
5233	local school district.
5234	(43) "Local special election" means a special election called by the governing body of a
5235	local political subdivision in which all registered voters of the local political subdivision may
5236	vote.

(44) "Municipal executive" means:

5238	(a) the mayor in the council-mayor form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102;
5239	[or]
5240	(b) the mayor in the council-manager form of government defined in Subsection
5241	10-3b-103[(6).] (7); or
5242	(c) the chair of a metro township form of government defined in Section 10-3b-102.
5243	(45) "Municipal general election" means the election held in municipalities and, as
5244	applicable, local districts on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each
5245	odd-numbered year for the purposes established in Section 20A-1-202.
5246	(46) "Municipal legislative body" means:
5247	(a) the council of the city or town in any form of municipal government[-]; or
5248	(b) the council of a metro township.
5249	(47) "Municipal office" means an elective office in a municipality.
5250	(48) "Municipal officers" means those municipal officers that are required by law to be
5251	elected.
5252	(49) "Municipal primary election" means an election held to nominate candidates for
5253	municipal office.
5254	(50) "Official ballot" means the ballots distributed by the election officer to the poll
5255	workers to be given to voters to record their votes.
5256	(51) "Official endorsement" means:
5257	(a) the information on the ballot that identifies:
5258	(i) the ballot as an official ballot;
5259	(ii) the date of the election; and
5260	(iii) the facsimile signature of the election officer; and
5261	(b) the information on the ballot stub that identifies:
5262	(i) the poll worker's initials; and
5263	(ii) the ballot number.
5264	(52) "Official register" means the official record furnished to election officials by the
5265	election officer that contains the information required by Section 20A-5-401.

5266	(53) "Paper ballot" means a paper that contains:
5267	(a) the names of offices and candidates and statements of ballot propositions to be
5268	voted on; and
5269	(b) spaces for the voter to record the voter's vote for each office and for or against each
5270	ballot proposition.
5271	(54) "Pilot project" means the election day voter registration pilot project created in
5272	Section 20A-4-108.
5273	(55) "Political party" means an organization of registered voters that has qualified to
5274	participate in an election by meeting the requirements of Chapter 8, Political Party Formation
5275	and Procedures.
5276	(56) "Pollbook" means a record of the names of voters in the order that they appear to
5277	cast votes.
5278	(57) "Polling place" means the building where voting is conducted.
5279	(58) (a) "Poll worker" means a person assigned by an election official to assist with an
5280	election, voting, or counting votes.
5281	(b) "Poll worker" includes election judges.
5282	(c) "Poll worker" does not include a watcher.
5283	(59) "Position" means a square, circle, rectangle, or other geometric shape on a ballot
5284	in which the voter marks the voter's choice.
5285	(60) "Primary convention" means the political party conventions held during the year
5286	of the regular general election.
5287	(61) "Protective counter" means a separate counter, which cannot be reset, that:
5288	(a) is built into a voting machine; and
5289	(b) records the total number of movements of the operating lever.
5290	(62) "Provider election officer" means an election officer who enters into a contract or
5291	interlocal agreement with a contracting election officer to conduct an election for the
5292	contracting election officer's local political subdivision in accordance with Section
5293	20A-5-400.1.

5294	(63) "Provisional ballot" means a ballot voted provisionally by a person:
5295	(a) whose name is not listed on the official register at the polling place;
5296	(b) whose legal right to vote is challenged as provided in this title; or
5297	(c) whose identity was not sufficiently established by a poll worker.
5298	(64) "Provisional ballot envelope" means an envelope printed in the form required by
5299	Section 20A-6-105 that is used to identify provisional ballots and to provide information to
5300	verify a person's legal right to vote.
5301	(65) "Qualify" or "qualified" means to take the oath of office and begin performing the
5302	duties of the position for which the person was elected.
5303	(66) "Receiving judge" means the poll worker that checks the voter's name in the
5304	official register, provides the voter with a ballot, and removes the ballot stub from the ballot
5305	after the voter has voted.
5306	(67) "Registration form" means a book voter registration form and a by-mail voter
5307	registration form.
5308	(68) "Regular ballot" means a ballot that is not a provisional ballot.
5309	(69) "Regular general election" means the election held throughout the state on the first
5310	Tuesday after the first Monday in November of each even-numbered year for the purposes
5311	established in Section 20A-1-201.
5312	(70) "Regular primary election" means the election on the fourth Tuesday of June of
5313	each even-numbered year, to nominate candidates of political parties and candidates for
5314	nonpartisan local school board positions to advance to the regular general election.
5315	(71) "Resident" means a person who resides within a specific voting precinct in Utah.
5316	(72) "Sample ballot" means a mock ballot similar in form to the official ballot printed
5317	and distributed as provided in Section 20A-5-405.
5318	(73) "Scratch vote" means to mark or punch the straight party ticket and then mark or
5319	punch the ballot for one or more candidates who are members of different political parties.
5320	(74) "Secrecy envelope" means the envelope given to a voter along with the ballot into

which the voter places the ballot after the voter has voted it in order to preserve the secrecy of

5322	the voter's vote.
5323	(75) "Special election" means an election held as authorized by Section 20A-1-203.
5324	(76) "Spoiled ballot" means each ballot that:
5325	(a) is spoiled by the voter;
5326	(b) is unable to be voted because it was spoiled by the printer or a poll worker; or
5327	(c) lacks the official endorsement.
5328	(77) "Statewide special election" means a special election called by the governor or the
5329	Legislature in which all registered voters in Utah may vote.
5330	(78) "Stub" means the detachable part of each ballot.
5331	(79) "Substitute ballots" means replacement ballots provided by an election officer to
5332	the poll workers when the official ballots are lost or stolen.
5333	(80) "Ticket" means each list of candidates for each political party or for each group of
5334	petitioners.
5335	(81) "Transfer case" means the sealed box used to transport voted ballots to the
5336	counting center.
5337	(82) "Vacancy" means the absence of a person to serve in any position created by
5338	statute, whether that absence occurs because of death, disability, disqualification, resignation,
5339	or other cause.
5340	(83) "Valid voter identification" means:
5341	(a) a form of identification that bears the name and photograph of the voter which may
5342	include:
5343	(i) a currently valid Utah driver license;
5344	(ii) a currently valid identification card that is issued by:
5345	(A) the state; or
5346	(B) a branch, department, or agency of the United States;
5347	(iii) a currently valid Utah permit to carry a concealed weapon;
5348	(iv) a currently valid United States passport; or
5349	(v) a currently valid United States military identification card;

5350	(b) one of the following identification cards, whether or not the card includes a
5351	photograph of the voter:
5352	(i) a valid tribal identification card;
5353	(ii) a Bureau of Indian Affairs card; or
5354	(iii) a tribal treaty card; or
5355	(c) two forms of identification not listed under Subsection (83)(a) or (b) but that bear
5356	the name of the voter and provide evidence that the voter resides in the voting precinct, which
5357	may include:
5358	(i) a current utility bill or a legible copy thereof, dated within the 90 days before the
5359	election;
5360	(ii) a bank or other financial account statement, or a legible copy thereof;
5361	(iii) a certified birth certificate;
5362	(iv) a valid Social Security card;
5363	(v) a check issued by the state or the federal government or a legible copy thereof;
5364	(vi) a paycheck from the voter's employer, or a legible copy thereof;
5365	(vii) a currently valid Utah hunting or fishing license;
5366	(viii) certified naturalization documentation;
5367	(ix) a currently valid license issued by an authorized agency of the United States;
5368	(x) a certified copy of court records showing the voter's adoption or name change;
5369	(xi) a valid Medicaid card, Medicare card, or Electronic Benefits Transfer Card;
5370	(xii) a currently valid identification card issued by:
5371	(A) a local government within the state;
5372	(B) an employer for an employee; or
5373	(C) a college, university, technical school, or professional school located within the
5374	state; or
5375	(xiii) a current Utah vehicle registration.
5376	(84) "Valid write-in candidate" means a candidate who has qualified as a write-in
5377	candidate by following the procedures and requirements of this title

5378	(85) "Voter" means a person who:
5379	(a) meets the requirements for voting in an election;
5380	(b) meets the requirements of election registration;
5381	(c) is registered to vote; and
5382	(d) is listed in the official register book.
5383	(86) "Voter registration deadline" means the registration deadline provided in Section
5384	20A-2-102.5.
5385	(87) "Voting area" means the area within six feet of the voting booths, voting
5386	machines, and ballot box.
5387	(88) "Voting booth" means:
5388	(a) the space or compartment within a polling place that is provided for the preparation
5389	of ballots, including the voting machine enclosure or curtain; or
5390	(b) a voting device that is free standing.
5391	(89) "Voting device" means:
5392	(a) an apparatus in which ballot sheets are used in connection with a punch device for
5393	piercing the ballots by the voter;
5394	(b) a device for marking the ballots with ink or another substance;
5395	(c) an electronic voting device or other device used to make selections and cast a ballot
5396	electronically, or any component thereof;
5397	(d) an automated voting system under Section 20A-5-302; or
5398	(e) any other method for recording votes on ballots so that the ballot may be tabulated
5399	by means of automatic tabulating equipment.
5400	(90) "Voting machine" means a machine designed for the sole purpose of recording
5401	and tabulating votes cast by voters at an election.
5402	(91) "Voting poll watcher" means a person appointed as provided in this title to
5403	witness the distribution of ballots and the voting process.
5404	(92) "Voting precinct" means the smallest voting unit established as provided by law
5405	within which qualified voters vote at one polling place.

5406	(93) "Watcher" means a voting poll watcher, a counting poll watcher, an inspecting
5407	poll watcher, and a testing watcher.
5408	(94) "Western States Presidential Primary" means the election established in Chapter 9,
5409	Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary.
5410	(95) "Write-in ballot" means a ballot containing any write-in votes.
5411	(96) "Write-in vote" means a vote cast for a person whose name is not printed on the
5412	ballot according to the procedures established in this title.
5413	Section 114. Section 20A-1-201.5 is amended to read:
5414	20A-1-201.5. Primary election dates.
5415	(1) A regular primary election shall be held throughout the state on the fourth Tuesday
5416	of June of each even numbered year as provided in Section 20A-9-403, to nominate persons
5417	for <u>:</u>
5418	(a) national, state, school board, and county offices[:]; and
5419	(b) offices for a metro township, city, or town incorporated under Section 10-2a-404.
5420	(2) A municipal primary election shall be held, if necessary, on the second Tuesday
5421	following the first Monday in August before the regular municipal election to nominate persons
5422	for municipal offices.
5423	(3) If the Legislature makes an appropriation for a Western States Presidential Primary
5424	election, the Western States Presidential Primary election shall be held throughout the state on
5425	the first Tuesday in February in the year in which a presidential election will be held.
5426	Section 115. Section 20A-1-203 is amended to read:
5427	20A-1-203. Calling and purpose of special elections Two-thirds vote
5428	limitations.
5429	(1) Statewide and local special elections may be held for any purpose authorized by
5430	law.
5431	(2) (a) Statewide special elections shall be conducted using the procedure for regular
5432	general elections.
5433	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this title, local special elections shall be conducted

5434	using the procedures for regular municipal elections.
5435	(3) The governor may call a statewide special election by issuing an executive order
5436	that designates:
5437	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
5438	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
5439	(4) The Legislature may call a statewide special election by passing a joint or
5440	concurrent resolution that designates:
5441	(a) the date for the statewide special election; and
5442	(b) the purpose for the statewide special election.
5443	(5) (a) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special
5444	election only for:
5445	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue;
5446	(ii) a vote on a voted local levy authorized by Section 53A-16-110 or 53A-17a-133;
5447	(iii) an initiative authorized by Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives - Procedures;
5448	(iv) a referendum authorized by Chapter 7, Part 6, Local Referenda - Procedures;
5449	(v) if required or authorized by federal law, a vote to determine whether or not Utah's
5450	legal boundaries should be changed;
5451	(vi) a vote authorized or required by Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
5452	(vii) a vote to elect members to school district boards for a new school district and a
5453	remaining school district, as defined in Section 53A-2-117, following the creation of a new
5454	school district under Section 53A-2-118.1;
5455	(viii) an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under Section
5456	$[\frac{10-2-128}{10-2a-305};$
5457	(ix) an election of officers for a new city under Section [10-2-116] <u>10-2a-215</u> ;
5458	(x) a vote on a municipality providing cable television services or public
5459	telecommunications services under Section 10-18-204;
5460	(xi) a vote to create a new county under Section 17-3-1;
5461	(xii) a vote on the creation of a study committee under Sections 17-52-202 and

5462	17-52-203.5;
5463	(xiii) a vote on a special property tax under Section 53A-16-110;
5464	(xiv) a vote on the incorporation of a city in accordance with Section [10-2-111]
5465	<u>10-2a-210</u> ; [or]
5466	(xv) a vote on the incorporation of a town in accordance with Section [10-2-127.]
5467	<u>10-2a-304; or</u>
5468	(xvi) a vote on incorporation or annexation as described in Section 10-2a-404.
5469	(b) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election
5470	by adopting an ordinance or resolution that designates:
5471	(i) the date for the local special election as authorized by Section 20A-1-204; and
5472	(ii) the purpose for the local special election.
5473	(c) A local political subdivision may not call a local special election unless the
5474	ordinance or resolution calling a local special election under Subsection (5)(b) is adopted by a
5475	two-thirds majority of all members of the legislative body, if the local special election is for:
5476	(i) a vote on a bond or debt issue as described in Subsection (5)(a)(i);
5477	(ii) a vote on a voted leeway or levy program as described in Subsection (5)(a)(ii); or
5478	(iii) a vote authorized or required for a sales tax issue as described in Subsection
5479	(5)(a)(vi).
5480	Section 116. Section 20A-1-204 is amended to read:
5481	20A-1-204. Date of special election Legal effect.
5482	(1) (a) Except as provided by Subsection (1)(d), the governor, Legislature, or the
5483	legislative body of a local political subdivision calling a statewide special election or local
5484	special election under Section 20A-1-203 shall schedule the special election to be held on:
5485	(i) the fourth Tuesday in June;
5486	(ii) the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; or
5487	(iii) for an election of town officers of a newly incorporated town under Section
5488	$[\frac{10-2-128}{2}]$ $\underline{10-2a-305}$, on any date that complies with the requirements of that subsection.
5489	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c), the governor, Legislature, or the legislative

body of a local political subdivision calling a statewide special election or local special election under Section 20A-1-203 may not schedule a special election to be held on any other date.

- (c) (i) Notwithstanding the requirements of Subsection (1)(b) or (1)(d), the legislative body of a local political subdivision may call a local special election on a date other than those specified in this section if the legislative body:
- (A) determines and declares that there is a disaster, as defined in Section 53-2a-102, requiring that a special election be held on a date other than the ones authorized in statute;
- (B) identifies specifically the nature of the disaster, as defined in Section 53-2a-102, and the reasons for holding the special election on that other date; and
 - (C) votes unanimously to hold the special election on that other date.
- (ii) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may not call a local special election for the date established in Chapter 9, Part 8, Western States Presidential Primary, for Utah's Western States Presidential Primary.
- (d) The legislative body of a local political subdivision may only call a special election for a ballot proposition related to a bond, debt, leeway, levy, or tax on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November.
 - (e) Nothing in this section prohibits:
- (i) the governor or Legislature from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular general election if authorized by law; or
- (ii) a local government from submitting a matter to the voters at the regular municipal election if authorized by law.
- (2) (a) Two or more entities shall comply with Subsection (2)(b) if those entities hold a special election within a county on the same day as:
 - (i) another special election;
 - (ii) a regular general election; or
- (iii) a municipal general election.
- (b) Entities described in Subsection (2)(a) shall, to the extent practicable, coordinate:
- 5517 (i) polling places;

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3318	(II) banous;
5519	(iii) election officials; and
5520	(iv) other administrative and procedural matters connected with the election.
5521	Section 117. Section 20A-11-101 is amended to read:
5522	20A-11-101. Definitions.
5523	As used in this chapter:
5524	(1) "Address" means the number and street where an individual resides or where a
5525	reporting entity has its principal office.
5526	(2) "Agent of a reporting entity" means:
5527	(a) a person acting on behalf of a reporting entity at the direction of the reporting
5528	entity;
5529	(b) a person employed by a reporting entity in the reporting entity's capacity as a
5530	reporting entity;
5531	(c) the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder;
5532	(d) a member of the personal campaign committee of a candidate or officeholder in the
5533	member's capacity as a member of the personal campaign committee of the candidate or
5534	officeholder; or
5535	(e) a political consultant of a reporting entity.
5536	(3) "Ballot proposition" includes initiatives, referenda, proposed constitutional
5537	amendments, and any other ballot propositions submitted to the voters that are authorized by
5538	the Utah Code Annotated 1953.
5539	(4) "Candidate" means any person who:
5540	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a public office; or
5541	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
5542	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination or election
5543	to a public office.
5544	(5) "Chief election officer" means:
5545	(a) the lieutenant governor for state office candidates, legislative office candidates,

5546 officeholders, political parties, political action committees, corporations, political issues 5547 committees, state school board candidates, judges, and labor organizations, as defined in 5548 Section 20A-11-1501; and 5549 (b) the county clerk for local school board candidates. 5550 (6) (a) "Contribution" means any of the following when done for political purposes: 5551 (i) a gift, subscription, donation, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of 5552 value given to the filing entity; 5553 (ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a gift, 5554 subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or 5555 anything of value to the filing entity; 5556 (iii) any transfer of funds from another reporting entity to the filing entity; 5557 (iv) compensation paid by any person or reporting entity other than the filing entity for 5558 personal services provided without charge to the filing entity; 5559 (v) remuneration from: 5560 (A) any organization or its directly affiliated organization that has a registered lobbyist; 5561 or 5562 (B) any agency or subdivision of the state, including school districts; 5563 (vi) a loan made by a candidate deposited to the candidate's own campaign; and 5564 (vii) in-kind contributions. (b) "Contribution" does not include: 5565 5566 (i) services provided by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf 5567 of the filing entity if the services are provided without compensation by the filing entity or any 5568 other person; 5569 (ii) money lent to the filing entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 5570 business; or (iii) goods or services provided for the benefit of a candidate or political party at less 5571 5572 than fair market value that are not authorized by or coordinated with the candidate or political 5573 party.

5574	(7) "Coordinated with" means that goods or services provided for the benefit of a
5575	candidate or political party are provided:
5576	(a) with the candidate's or political party's prior knowledge, if the candidate or political
5577	party does not object;
5578	(b) by agreement with the candidate or political party;
5579	(c) in coordination with the candidate or political party; or
5580	(d) using official logos, slogans, and similar elements belonging to a candidate or
5581	political party.
5582	(8) (a) "Corporation" means a domestic or foreign, profit or nonprofit, business
5583	organization that is registered as a corporation or is authorized to do business in a state and
5584	makes any expenditure from corporate funds for:
5585	(i) the purpose of expressly advocating for political purposes; or
5586	(ii) the purpose of expressly advocating the approval or the defeat of any ballot
5587	proposition.
5588	(b) "Corporation" does not mean:
5589	(i) a business organization's political action committee or political issues committee; or
5590	(ii) a business entity organized as a partnership or a sole proprietorship.
5591	(9) "County political party" means, for each registered political party, all of the persons
5592	within a single county who, under definitions established by the political party, are members of
5593	the registered political party.
5594	(10) "County political party officer" means a person whose name is required to be
5595	submitted by a county political party to the lieutenant governor in accordance with Section
5596	20A-8-402.
5597	(11) "Detailed listing" means:
5598	(a) for each contribution or public service assistance:
5599	(i) the name and address of the individual or source making the contribution or public
5600	service assistance;
5601	(ii) the amount or value of the contribution or public service assistance; and

5602	(iii) the date the contribution or public service assistance was made; and
5603	(b) for each expenditure:
5604	(i) the amount of the expenditure;
5605	(ii) the person or entity to whom it was disbursed;
5606	(iii) the specific purpose, item, or service acquired by the expenditure; and
5607	(iv) the date the expenditure was made.
5608	(12) (a) "Donor" means a person that gives money, including a fee, due, or assessment
5609	for membership in the corporation, to a corporation without receiving full and adequate
5610	consideration for the money.
5611	(b) "Donor" does not include a person that signs a statement that the corporation may
5612	not use the money for an expenditure or political issues expenditure.
5613	(13) "Election" means each:
5614	(a) regular general election;
5615	(b) regular primary election; and
5616	(c) special election at which candidates are eliminated and selected.
5617	(14) "Electioneering communication" means a communication that:
5618	(a) has at least a value of \$10,000;
5619	(b) clearly identifies a candidate or judge; and
5620	(c) is disseminated through the Internet, newspaper, magazine, outdoor advertising
5621	facility, direct mailing, broadcast, cable, or satellite provider within 45 days of the clearly
5622	identified candidate's or judge's election date.
5623	(15) (a) "Expenditure" means any of the following made by a reporting entity or an
5624	agent of a reporting entity on behalf of the reporting entity:
5625	(i) any disbursement from contributions, receipts, or from the separate bank account
5626	required by this chapter;
5627	(ii) a purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money,
5628	or anything of value made for political purposes;
5629	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any

5630 purchase, payment, donation, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, gift of money, or anything of 5631 value for political purposes; 5632 (iv) compensation paid by a filing entity for personal services rendered by a person 5633 without charge to a reporting entity; 5634 (v) a transfer of funds between the filing entity and a candidate's personal campaign 5635 committee; or 5636 (vi) goods or services provided by the filing entity to or for the benefit of another reporting entity for political purposes at less than fair market value. 5637 5638 (b) "Expenditure" does not include: 5639 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 5640 of their time on behalf of a reporting entity; (ii) money lent to a reporting entity by a financial institution in the ordinary course of 5641 5642 business; or 5643 (iii) anything listed in Subsection (15)(a) that is given by a reporting entity to 5644 candidates for office or officeholders in states other than Utah. 5645 (16) "Federal office" means the office of president of the United States, United States 5646 Senator, or United States Representative. (17) "Filing entity" means the reporting entity that is required to file a financial 5647 5648 statement required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial Retention Elections. 5649 (18) "Financial statement" includes any summary report, interim report, verified 5650 financial statement, or other statement disclosing contributions, expenditures, receipts, 5651 donations, or disbursements that is required by this chapter or Chapter 12, Part 2, Judicial 5652 Retention Elections. 5653 (19) "Governing board" means the individual or group of individuals that determine the 5654 candidates and committees that will receive expenditures from a political action committee, 5655 political party, or corporation.

(20) "Incorporation" means the process established by Title 10, Chapter [2, Part 1, 2a,

Municipal Incorporation, by which a geographical area becomes legally recognized as a city

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5658	[or], town, or metro township.
5659	(21) "Incorporation election" means the election authorized by Section [10-2-111 or
5660	10-2-127] <u>10-2a-210, 10-2a-304, or 10-2a-404</u> .
5661	(22) "Incorporation petition" means a petition authorized by Section [10-2-109]
5662	<u>10-2a-208</u> or [10-2-125] <u>10-2a-302</u> .
5663	(23) "Individual" means a natural person.
5664	(24) "In-kind contribution" means anything of value, other than money, that is accepted
5665	by or coordinated with a filing entity.
5666	(25) "Interim report" means a report identifying the contributions received and
5667	expenditures made since the last report.
5668	(26) "Legislative office" means the office of state senator, state representative, speaker
5669	of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant
5670	whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
5671	(27) "Legislative office candidate" means a person who:
5672	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for the office of state senator or state representative;
5673	(b) declares oneself to be a candidate for, or actively campaigns for, the position of
5674	speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, or the leader, whip, and
5675	assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature; or
5676	(c) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
5677	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or
5678	appointment to a legislative office.
5679	(28) "Major political party" means either of the two registered political parties that
5680	have the greatest number of members elected to the two houses of the Legislature.
5681	(29) "Officeholder" means a person who holds a public office.
5682	(30) "Party committee" means any committee organized by or authorized by the
5683	governing board of a registered political party.

(31) "Person" means both natural and legal persons, including individuals, business

organizations, personal campaign committees, party committees, political action committees,

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5686 political issues committees, and labor organizations, as defined in Section 20A-11-1501. 5687 (32) "Personal campaign committee" means the committee appointed by a candidate to 5688 act for the candidate as provided in this chapter. 5689 (33) "Personal use expenditure" has the same meaning as provided under Section 5690 20A-11-104. 5691 (34) (a) "Political action committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or 5692 entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to: 5693 (i) solicit or receive contributions from any other person, group, or entity for political 5694 purposes; or 5695 (ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to refrain from voting or to 5696 vote for or against any candidate or person seeking election to a municipal or county office. 5697 (b) "Political action committee" includes groups affiliated with a registered political 5698 party but not authorized or organized by the governing board of the registered political party 5699 that receive contributions or makes expenditures for political purposes. 5700 (c) "Political action committee" does not mean: 5701 (i) a party committee; 5702 (ii) any entity that provides goods or services to a candidate or committee in the regular 5703 course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public; 5704 (iii) an individual: (iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking 5705 5706 account; 5707 (v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political 5708 action committee; or 5709 (vi) a personal campaign committee. 5710 (35) (a) "Political consultant" means a person who is paid by a reporting entity, or paid

(b) "Political consultant" includes a circumstance described in Subsection (35)(a),

by another person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, to provide

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political advice to the reporting entity.

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5714	where the person:
5715	(i) has already been paid, with money or other consideration;
5716	(ii) expects to be paid in the future, with money or other consideration; or
5717	(iii) understands that the person may, in the discretion of the reporting entity or another
5718	person on behalf of and with the knowledge of the reporting entity, be paid in the future, with
5719	money or other consideration.
5720	(36) "Political convention" means a county or state political convention held by a
5721	registered political party to select candidates.
5722	(37) (a) "Political issues committee" means an entity, or any group of individuals or
5723	entities within or outside this state, a major purpose of which is to:
5724	(i) solicit or receive donations from any other person, group, or entity to assist in
5725	placing a ballot proposition on the ballot, assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot, or
5726	to advocate that a voter refrain from voting or vote for or vote against any ballot proposition;
5727	(ii) make expenditures to expressly advocate for any person to sign or refuse to sign a
5728	ballot proposition or incorporation petition or refrain from voting, vote for, or vote against any
5729	proposed ballot proposition or an incorporation in an incorporation election; or
5730	(iii) make expenditures to assist in qualifying or placing a ballot proposition on the
5731	ballot or to assist in keeping a ballot proposition off the ballot.
5732	(b) "Political issues committee" does not mean:
5733	(i) a registered political party or a party committee;
5734	(ii) any entity that provides goods or services to an individual or committee in the
5735	regular course of its business at the same price that would be provided to the general public;
5736	(iii) an individual;
5737	(iv) individuals who are related and who make contributions from a joint checking
5738	account; or

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issues committee.

(v) a corporation, except a corporation a major purpose of which is to act as a political

(38) (a) "Political issues contribution" means any of the following:

5742	(i) a gift, subscription, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or
5743	anything of value given to a political issues committee;
5744	(ii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make a political
5745	issues donation to influence the approval or defeat of any ballot proposition;
5746	(iii) any transfer of funds received by a political issues committee from a reporting
5747	entity;
5748	(iv) compensation paid by another reporting entity for personal services rendered
5749	without charge to a political issues committee; and
5750	(v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of a political issues committee at
5751	less than fair market value.
5752	(b) "Political issues contribution" does not include:
5753	(i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all
5754	of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or
5755	(ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary
5756	course of business.
5757	(39) (a) "Political issues expenditure" means any of the following when made by a
5758	political issues committee or on behalf of a political issues committee by an agent of the
5759	reporting entity:
5760	(i) any payment from political issues contributions made for the purpose of influencing
5761	the approval or the defeat of:
5762	(A) a ballot proposition; or
5763	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
5764	(ii) a purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money made for
5765	the express purpose of influencing the approval or the defeat of:
5766	(A) a ballot proposition; or
5767	(B) an incorporation petition or incorporation election;
5768	(iii) an express, legally enforceable contract, promise, or agreement to make any
5769	political issues expenditure;

5770 (iv) compensation paid by a reporting entity for personal services rendered by a person 5771 without charge to a political issues committee; or 5772 (v) goods or services provided to or for the benefit of another reporting entity at less 5773 than fair market value. 5774 (b) "Political issues expenditure" does not include: 5775 (i) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all 5776 of their time on behalf of a political issues committee; or 5777 (ii) money lent to a political issues committee by a financial institution in the ordinary 5778 course of business. 5779 (40) "Political purposes" means an act done with the intent or in a way to influence or 5780 tend to influence, directly or indirectly, any person to refrain from voting or to vote for or 5781 against any candidate or a person seeking a municipal or county office at any caucus, political 5782 convention, or election. (41) (a) "Poll" means the survey of a person regarding the person's opinion or 5783 knowledge of an individual who has filed a declaration of candidacy for public office, or of a 5784 5785 ballot proposition that has legally qualified for placement on the ballot, which is conducted in person or by telephone, facsimile, Internet, postal mail, or email. 5786 5787 (b) "Poll" does not include: 5788 (i) a ballot; or 5789 (ii) an interview of a focus group that is conducted, in person, by one individual, if: (A) the focus group consists of more than three, and less than thirteen, individuals; and 5790 5791 (B) all individuals in the focus group are present during the interview. 5792 (42) "Primary election" means any regular primary election held under the election 5793 laws. 5794 [(45)] (43) "Publicly identified class of individuals" means a group of 50 or more

individuals sharing a common occupation, interest, or association that contribute to a political

action committee or political issues committee and whose names can be obtained by contacting

the political action committee or political issues committee upon whose financial statement the

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- [(43)] (44) "Public office" means the office of governor, lieutenant governor, state auditor, state treasurer, attorney general, state school board member, state senator, state representative, speaker of the House of Representatives, president of the Senate, and the leader, whip, and assistant whip of any party caucus in either house of the Legislature.
- [(44)] (45) (a) "Public service assistance" means the following when given or provided to an officeholder to defray the costs of functioning in a public office or aid the officeholder to communicate with the officeholder's constituents:
- (i) a gift, subscription, donation, unpaid or partially unpaid loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value to an officeholder; or
- (ii) goods or services provided at less than fair market value to or for the benefit of the officeholder.
 - (b) "Public service assistance" does not include:
 - (i) anything provided by the state;
- 5812 (ii) services provided without compensation by individuals volunteering a portion or all of their time on behalf of an officeholder;
 - (iii) money lent to an officeholder by a financial institution in the ordinary course of business:
 - (iv) news coverage or any publication by the news media; or
- (v) any article, story, or other coverage as part of any regular publication of any organization unless substantially all the publication is devoted to information about the officeholder.
- 5820 (46) "Receipts" means contributions and public service assistance.
- 5821 (47) "Registered lobbyist" means a person registered under Title 36, Chapter 11, Lobbyist Disclosure and Regulation Act.
- 5823 (48) "Registered political action committee" means any political action committee that 5824 is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant 5825 Governor.

5826	(49) "Registered political issues committee" means any political issues committee that	
5827	is required by this chapter to file a statement of organization with the Office of the Lieutenant	
5828	Governor.	
5829	(50) "Registered political party" means an organization of voters that:	
5830	(a) participated in the last regular general election and polled a total vote equal to 2%	
5831	or more of the total votes cast for all candidates for the United States House of Representatives	
5832	for any of its candidates for any office; or	
5833	(b) has complied with the petition and organizing procedures of Chapter 8, Political	
5834	Party Formation and Procedures.	
5835	(51) (a) "Remuneration" means a payment:	
5836	(i) made to a legislator for the period the Legislature is in session; and	
5837	(ii) that is approximately equivalent to an amount a legislator would have earned	
5838	during the period the Legislature is in session in the legislator's ordinary course of business.	
5839	(b) "Remuneration" does not mean anything of economic value given to a legislator by:	
5840	(i) the legislator's primary employer in the ordinary course of business; or	
5841	(ii) a person or entity in the ordinary course of business:	
5842	(A) because of the legislator's ownership interest in the entity; or	
5843	(B) for services rendered by the legislator on behalf of the person or entity.	
5844	(52) "Reporting entity" means a candidate, a candidate's personal campaign committee,	
5845	a judge, a judge's personal campaign committee, an officeholder, a party committee, a political	
5846	action committee, a political issues committee, a corporation, or a labor organization, as	
5847	defined in Section 20A-11-1501.	
5848	(53) "School board office" means the office of state school board.	
5849	(54) (a) "Source" means the person or entity that is the legal owner of the tangible or	
5850	intangible asset that comprises the contribution.	
5851	(b) "Source" means, for political action committees and corporations, the political	
5852	action committee and the corporation as entities, not the contributors to the political action	
5853	committee or the owners or shareholders of the corporation.	

5854	(55) "State office" means the offices of governor, lieutenant governor, attorney general,
5855	state auditor, and state treasurer.
5856	(56) "State office candidate" means a person who:
5857	(a) files a declaration of candidacy for a state office; or
5858	(b) receives contributions, makes expenditures, or gives consent for any other person to
5859	receive contributions or make expenditures to bring about the person's nomination, election, or
5860	appointment to a state office.
5861	(57) "Summary report" means the year end report containing the summary of a
5862	reporting entity's contributions and expenditures.
5863	(58) "Supervisory board" means the individual or group of individuals that allocate
5864	expenditures from a political issues committee.
5865	Section 118. Section 53-2a-208 is amended to read:
5866	53-2a-208. Local emergency Declarations.
5867	(1) (a) A local emergency may be declared by proclamation of the chief executive
5868	officer of a municipality or county.
5869	(b) A local emergency shall not be continued or renewed for a period in excess of 30
5870	days except by or with the consent of the governing body of the municipality or county.
5871	(c) Any order or proclamation declaring, continuing, or terminating a local emergency
5872	shall be filed promptly with the office of the clerk of the affected municipality or county.
5873	(2) A declaration of a local emergency:
5874	(a) constitutes an official recognition that a disaster situation exists within the affected
5875	municipality or county;
5876	(b) provides a legal basis for requesting and obtaining mutual aid or disaster assistance
5877	from other political subdivisions or from the state or federal government;
5878	(c) activates the response and recovery aspects of any and all applicable local disaster
5879	emergency plans; and
5880	(d) authorizes the furnishing of aid and assistance in relation to the proclamation.
5881	(3) A local emergency proclamation issued under this section shall state:

5882	(a) the nature of the local emergency;
5883	(b) the area or areas that are affected or threatened; and
5884	(c) the conditions which caused the emergency.
5885	(4) The emergency declaration process within the state shall be as follows:
5886	(a) a city, town, or <u>metro</u> township shall declare to the county;
5887	(b) a county shall declare to the state;
5888	(c) the state shall declare to the federal government; and
5889	(d) a tribe, as defined in Section 23-13-12.5, shall declare as determined under the
5890	Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 5121 et seq.
5891	(5) Nothing in this part affects:
5892	(a) the governor's authority to declare a state of emergency under Section 53-2a-206; or
5893	(b) the duties, requests, reimbursements, or other actions taken by a political
5894	subdivision participating in the state-wide mutual aid system pursuant to Title 53, Chapter 2a,
5895	Part 3, Statewide Mutual Aid Act.
5896	Section 119. Section 53-2a-802 is amended to read:
5897	53-2a-802. Definitions.
5898	(1) (a) "Absent" means:
5899	(i) not physically present or not able to be communicated with for 48 hours; or
5900	(ii) for local government officers, as defined by local ordinances.
5901	(b) "Absent" does not include a person who can be communicated with via telephone,
5902	radio, or telecommunications.
5903	(2) "Department" means the Department of Administrative Services, the Department of
5904	Agriculture and Food, the Alcoholic Beverage Control Commission, the Department of
5905	Commerce, the Department of Heritage and Arts, the Department of Corrections, the
5906	Department of Environmental Quality, the Department of Financial Institutions, the
5907	Department of Health, the Department of Human Resource Management, the Department of
5908	Workforce Services, the Labor Commission, the National Guard, the Department of Insurance,
5909	the Department of Natural Resources, the Department of Public Safety, the Public Service

Commission, the Department of Human Services, the State Tax Commission, the Department of Technology Services, the Department of Transportation, any other major administrative subdivisions of state government, the State Board of Education, the State Board of Regents, the Utah Housing Corporation, the Workers' Compensation Fund, the State Retirement Board, and each institution of higher education within the system of higher education.

- (3) "Division" means the Division of Emergency Management established in Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 1, Emergency Management Act.
- (4) "Emergency interim successor" means a person designated by this part to exercise the powers and discharge the duties of an office when the person legally exercising the powers and duties of the office is unavailable.
- (5) "Executive director" means the person with ultimate responsibility for managing and overseeing the operations of each department, however denominated.
- (6) (a) "Office" includes all state and local offices, the powers and duties of which are defined by constitution, statutes, charters, optional plans, ordinances, articles, or by-laws.
 - (b) "Office" does not include the office of governor or the legislative or judicial offices.
- (7) "Place of governance" means the physical location where the powers of an office are being exercised.
- (8) "Political subdivision" includes counties, cities, towns, <u>metro</u> townships, districts, authorities, and other public corporations and entities whether organized and existing under charter or general law.
- (9) "Political subdivision officer" means a person holding an office in a political subdivision.
- (10) "State officer" means the attorney general, the state treasurer, the state auditor, and the executive director of each department.
 - (11) "Unavailable" means:

(a) absent from the place of governance during a disaster that seriously disrupts normal governmental operations, whether or not that absence or inability would give rise to a vacancy under existing constitutional or statutory provisions; or

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938	(b) as otherwise defined by local ordinance.	

5938	(b) as otherwise defined by local ordinance.
5939	Section 120. Section 53A-2-402 is amended to read:
5940	53A-2-402. Definitions.
5941	As used in this part:
5942	(1) "Eligible entity" means:
5943	(a) a city or town with a population density of 3,000 or more people per square mile; or
5944	(b) a county whose unincorporated area includes a qualifying [township] planning
5945	advisory area.
5946	(2) "Purchase price" means the greater of:
5947	(a) an amount that is the average of:
5948	(i) the appraised value of the surplus property, based on the predominant zone in the
5949	surrounding area, as indicated in an appraisal obtained by the eligible entity; and
5950	(ii) the appraised value of the surplus property, based on the predominant zone in the
5951	surrounding area, as indicated in an appraisal obtained by the school district; and
5952	(b) the amount the school district paid to acquire the surplus property.
5953	(3) "Qualifying [township] planning advisory area" means a [township] planning
5954	advisory area under Section 17-27a-306 that has a population density of 3,000 or more people
5955	per square mile within the boundaries of the [township] planning advisory area.
5956	(4) "Surplus property" means land owned by a school district that:
5957	(a) was purchased with taxpayer money;
5958	(b) is located within a city or town that is an eligible entity or within a qualifying
5959	[township] planning advisory area;
5960	(c) consists of one contiguous tract at least three acres in size; and
5961	(d) has been declared by the school district to be surplus.
5962	Section 121. Section 53B-21-107 is amended to read:
5963	53B-21-107. Investment in bonds by private and public entities Approval as
5964	collateral security.
5965	(1) Any bank, savings and loan association, trust, or insurance company organized

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5966	under the laws of this state or federal law may invest its capital and surplus in bonds issued
5967	under this chapter.
5968	(2) The officers having charge of a sinking fund or any county, city, metro township,
5969	town, [township], or school district may invest the sinking fund in bonds issued under this
5970	chapter.
5971	(3) The bonds shall also be approved as collateral security for the deposit of any public
5972	funds and for the investment of trust funds.
5973	Section 122. Section 59-12-203 is amended to read:
5974	59-12-203. County, city, town, or metro township may levy tax Contracts
5975	pursuant to Interlocal Cooperation Act.
5976	[Any] (1) A county, city, [or] town, or metro township may [levy] impose a sales and
5977	use tax under this part. [Any]
5978	(2) If a metro township imposes a tax under this part, the metro township is subject to
5979	the same requirements a city is required to meet under this part.
5980	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and notwithstanding any other
5981	provision of this part, if a metro township imposes a tax under this part, the State Tax
5982	Commission shall distribute the revenues collected from the tax to the metro township.
5983	(b) The State Tax Commission shall transfer the revenues collected within a metro
5984	township under this part to a municipal services district created under Title 17B, Chapter 2a,
5985	Part 11, Municipal Services District Act, if the metro township:
5986	(i) provides written notice to the State Tax Commission requesting the transfer; and
5987	(ii) designates the municipal services district to which the metro township requests the
5988	State Tax Commission to transfer the revenues.
5989	(4) A county, city, [or] town [which elects to levy such], or metro township that
5990	imposes a sales and use tax under this part may:
5991	(a) enter into agreements authorized by Title 11, Chapter 13, [the] Interlocal
5992	Cooperation Act[-]; and [may]

(b) use any or all of the [revenues derived from the imposition of such] revenue

5994 collected from the tax for the mutual benefit of local governments [which] that elect to contract 5995 with one another pursuant to [the] Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act. 5996 Section 123. Section **63I-2-210** is amended to read: 5997 63I-2-210. Repeal dates -- Title 10. (1) Section [10-2-130] 10-2a-105 is repealed July 1, 2016. 5998 5999 (2) Subsection 10-9a-305(2) is repealed July 1, 2013. 6000 Section 124. Section **67-1a-2** is amended to read: 6001 67-1a-2. Duties enumerated. 6002 (1) The lieutenant governor shall: 6003 (a) perform duties delegated by the governor, including assignments to serve in any of 6004 the following capacities: 6005 (i) as the head of any one department, if so qualified, with the consent of the Senate, and, upon appointment at the pleasure of the governor and without additional compensation; 6006 6007 (ii) as the chairperson of any cabinet group organized by the governor or authorized by law for the purpose of advising the governor or coordinating intergovernmental or 6008 6009 interdepartmental policies or programs: 6010 (iii) as liaison between the governor and the state Legislature to coordinate and 6011 facilitate the governor's programs and budget requests; (iv) as liaison between the governor and other officials of local, state, federal, and 6012 6013 international governments or any other political entities to coordinate, facilitate, and protect the 6014 interests of the state; 6015 (v) as personal advisor to the governor, including advice on policies, programs, 6016 administrative and personnel matters, and fiscal or budgetary matters; and 6017 (vi) as chairperson or member of any temporary or permanent boards, councils, 6018 commissions, committees, task forces, or other group appointed by the governor; 6019 (b) serve on all boards and commissions in lieu of the governor, whenever so 6020 designated by the governor;

(c) serve as the chief election officer of the state as required by Subsection (2):

6022	(d) keep custody of the Great Seal of Utah;
6023	(e) keep a register of, and attest, the official acts of the governor;
6024	(f) affix the Great Seal, with an attestation, to all official documents and instruments to
6025	which the official signature of the governor is required; and
6026	(g) furnish a certified copy of all or any part of any law, record, or other instrument
6027	filed, deposited, or recorded in the office of the lieutenant governor to any person who requests
6028	it and pays the fee.
6029	(2) (a) As the chief election officer, the lieutenant governor shall:
6030	(i) exercise general supervisory authority over all elections;
6031	(ii) exercise direct authority over the conduct of elections for federal, state, and
6032	multicounty officers and statewide or multicounty ballot propositions and any recounts
6033	involving those races;
6034	(iii) assist county clerks in unifying the election ballot;
6035	(iv) (A) prepare election information for the public as required by statute and as
6036	determined appropriate by the lieutenant governor; and
6037	(B) make the information under Subsection (2)(a)(iv)(A) available to the public and to
6038	news media on the Internet and in other forms as required by statute or as determined
6039	appropriate by the lieutenant governor;
6040	(v) receive and answer election questions and maintain an election file on opinions
6041	received from the attorney general;
6042	(vi) maintain a current list of registered political parties as defined in Section
6043	20A-8-101;
6044	(vii) maintain election returns and statistics;
6045	(viii) certify to the governor the names of those persons who have received the highest
6046	number of votes for any office;
6047	(ix) ensure that all voting equipment purchased by the state complies with the
6048	requirements of Subsection 20A-5-302(2) and Sections 20A-5-402.5 and 20A-5-402.7;
6049	(x) conduct the study described in Section 67-1a-14;

6050	(xi) during a declared emergency, to the extent that the lieutenant governor determines
6051	it warranted, designate, as provided in Section 20A-1-308, a different method, time, or location
6052	relating to:
6053	(A) voting on election day;
6054	(B) early voting;
6055	(C) the transmittal or voting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot;
6056	(D) the counting of an absentee ballot or military-overseas ballot; or
6057	(E) the canvassing of election returns; and
6058	(xii) perform other election duties as provided in Title 20A, Election Code.
6059	(b) As chief election officer, the lieutenant governor may not assume the
6060	responsibilities assigned to the county clerks, city recorders, town clerks, or other local election
6061	officials by Title 20A, Election Code.
6062	(3) (a) The lieutenant governor shall:
6063	(i) (A) determine a new city's classification under Section 10-2-301 upon the city's
6064	incorporation under Title 10, Chapter [2, Part 1, Incorporation,] 2a, Part 2, Incorporation of a
6065	City, based on the city's population using the population estimate from the Utah Population
6066	Estimates Committee; and
6067	(B) (I) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the new city belongs based on
6068	the city's population; and
6069	(II) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the
6070	city's legislative body;
6071	(ii) (A) determine the classification under Section 10-2-301 of a consolidated
6072	municipality upon the consolidation of multiple municipalities under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part
6073	6, Consolidation of Municipalities, using population information from:
6074	(I) each official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census;
6075	or
6076	(II) the population estimate from the Utah Population Estimates Committee, if the
6077	population of a municipality is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census; and

6078	(B) (I) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the consolidated municipality
6079	belongs based on the municipality's population; and
6080	(II) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the
6081	consolidated municipality's legislative body; [and]
6082	(iii) (A) determine a new metro township's classification under Section 10-2-301.5
6083	upon the metro township's incorporation under Title 10, Chapter 2a, Part 4, Incorporation of
6084	Metro Townships and Unincorporated Islands in a County of the First Class on and after May
6085	12, 2015, based on the metro township's population using the population estimates from the
6086	Utah Population Estimates Committee; and
6087	(B) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the new metro township belongs
6088	based on the metro township's population and, within 10 days after preparing the certificate,
6089	deliver a copy of the certificate to the metro township's legislative body; and
6090	[(iii)] (iv) monitor the population of each municipality using population information
6091	from:
6092	(A) each official census or census estimate of the United States Bureau of the Census;
6093	or
6094	(B) the population estimate from the Utah Population Estimates Committee, if the
6095	population of a municipality is not available from the United States Bureau of the Census.
6096	(b) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or $[(iii)]$ indicates
6097	that a municipality's population has increased beyond the population for its current class, the
6098	lieutenant governor shall:
6099	(i) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based on
6100	the increased population figure; and
6101	(ii) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the
6102	legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed.
6103	(c) (i) If the applicable population figure under Subsection (3)(a)(ii) or [(iii)] (iv)
6104	indicates that a municipality's population has decreased below the population for its current
6105	class, the lieutenant governor shall send written notification of that fact to the municipality's

6106	legislative body.
6107	(ii) Upon receipt of a petition under Subsection 10-2-302(2) from a municipality whose
6108	population has decreased below the population for its current class, the lieutenant governor
6109	shall:
6110	(A) prepare a certificate indicating the class in which the municipality belongs based
6111	on the decreased population figure; and
6112	(B) within 10 days after preparing the certificate, deliver a copy of the certificate to the
6113	legislative body of the municipality whose class has changed.
6114	Section 125. Section 69-2-5 is amended to read:
6115	69-2-5. Funding for 911 emergency service Administrative charge.
6116	(1) In providing funding of 911 emergency service, any public agency establishing a
6117	911 emergency service may:
6118	(a) seek assistance from the federal or state government, to the extent constitutionally
6119	permissible, in the form of loans, advances, grants, subsidies, and otherwise, directly or
6120	indirectly;
6121	(b) seek funds appropriated by local governmental taxing authorities for the funding of
6122	public safety agencies; and
6123	(c) seek gifts, donations, or grants from individuals, corporations, or other private
6124	entities.
6125	(2) For purposes of providing funding of 911 emergency service, special service
6126	districts may raise funds as provided in Section 17D-1-105 and may borrow money and incur
6127	indebtedness as provided in Section 17D-1-103.
6128	(3) (a) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and subject to the other provisions of
6129	this Subsection (3), a county, city, [or] town, or metro township within which 911 emergency
6130	service is provided may levy a monthly 911 emergency services charge on:
6131	[(i)] (A) each local exchange service switched access line within the boundaries of the

[(ii)] (B) each revenue producing radio communications access line with a billing

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county, city, [or] town, or metro township;

6134	address within the boundaries of the county, city, [or] town, or metro township; and
6135	[(iii)] (C) any other service, including voice over Internet protocol, provided to a user
6136	within the boundaries of the county, city, [or] town, or metro township that allows the user to
6137	make calls to and receive calls from the public switched telecommunications network,
6138	including commercial mobile radio service networks.
6139	(ii) If a metro township levies a charge under this chapter, the metro township is
6140	subject to the same requirements a city is required to meet under this chapter.
6141	(iii) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(a)(iv) and notwithstanding any other
6142	provision of this chapter, if a metro township levies a charge described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)
6143	under this chapter, the State Tax Commission shall distribute the revenue collected from the
6144	charge to the metro township.
6145	(iv) The State Tax Commission shall transfer the revenues collected within a metro
6146	township under this chapter to a municipal services district created under Title 17B, Chapter
6147	2a, Part 11, Municipal Services District Act, if the metro township:
6148	(A) provides written notice to the State Tax Commission requesting the transfer; and
6149	(B) designates the municipal services district to which the metro township requests the
6150	State Tax Commission to transfer the revenues.
6151	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an access line provided for public coin
6152	telecommunications service is exempt from 911 emergency service charges.
6153	(c) The amount of the charge levied under this section may not exceed:
6154	(i) 61 cents per month for each local exchange service switched access line;
6155	(ii) 61 cents per month for each radio communications access line; and
6156	(iii) 61 cents per month for each service under Subsection (3)(a)(iii).
6157	(d) (i) For purposes of this Subsection (3)(d) the following terms shall be defined as
6158	provided in Section 59-12-102 or 59-12-215:
6159	(A) "mobile telecommunications service";
6160	(B) "place of primary use";
6161	(C) "service address"; and

6162	(D) "telecommunications service."
6163	(ii) An access line described in Subsection (3)(a) is considered to be within the
6164	boundaries of a county, city, or town if the telecommunications services provided over the
6165	access line are located within the county, city, or town:
6166	(A) for purposes of sales and use taxes under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax
6167	Act; and
6168	(B) determined in accordance with Section 59-12-215.
6169	(iii) The rate imposed on an access line under this section shall be determined in
6170	accordance with Subsection (3)(d)(iv) if the location of an access line described in Subsection
6171	(3)(a) is determined under Subsection (3)(d)(ii) to be a county, city, or town other than county,
6172	city, or town in which is located:
6173	(A) for a telecommunications service, the purchaser's service address; or
6174	(B) for mobile telecommunications service, the purchaser's place of primary use.
6175	(iv) The rate imposed on an access line under this section shall be the lower of:
6176	(A) the rate imposed by the county, city, or town in which the access line is located
6177	under Subsection (3)(d)(ii); or
6178	(B) the rate imposed by the county, city, or town in which it is located:
6179	(I) for telecommunications service, the purchaser's service address; or
6180	(II) for mobile telecommunications service, the purchaser's place of primary use.
6181	(e) (i) A county, city, or town shall notify the Public Service Commission of the intent
6182	to levy the charge under this Subsection (3) at least 30 days before the effective date of the
6183	charge being levied.
6184	(ii) For purposes of this Subsection (3)(e):
6185	(A) "Annexation" means an annexation to:
6186	(I) a city or town under Title 10, Chapter 2, Part 4, Annexation; or
6187	(II) a county under Title 17, Chapter 2, County Consolidations and Annexations.
6188	(B) "Annexing area" means an area that is annexed into a county, city, or town.
6189	(iii) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(C) or (D), if a county, city, or

6190 town enacts or repeals a charge or changes the amount of the charge under this section, the 6191 enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect: 6192 (I) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 6193 (II) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the State Tax Commission receives 6194 notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B) from the county, city, or town. 6195 (B) The notice described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(A) shall state: 6196 (I) that the county, city, or town will enact or repeal a charge or change the amount of 6197 the charge under this section; 6198 (II) the statutory authority for the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B)(I); 6199 (III) the effective date of the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B)(I); and 6200 (IV) if the county, city, or town enacts the charge or changes the amount of the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(B)(I), the amount of the charge. 6201 6202 (C) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(A), the enactment of a charge or a charge increase under this section shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period: 6203 6204 (I) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the charge or the charge 6205 increase; and 6206 (II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the enactment of the charge or the charge increase imposed under this section. 6207 6208 (D) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iii)(A), the repeal of a charge or a charge decrease under this section shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period: 6209 6210 (I) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the charge or the charge 6211 decrease: and 6212 (II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the repeal of 6213 the charge or the charge decrease imposed under this section. 6214 (iv) (A) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(C) or (D), if the annexation will 6215 result in the enactment, repeal, or a change in the amount of a charge imposed under this 6216 section for an annexing area, the enactment, repeal, or change shall take effect: 6217 (I) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and

6218	(II) after a 90-day period beginning on the date the State Tax Commission receives
6219	notice meeting the requirements of Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B) from the county, city, or town that
6220	annexes the annexing area.
6221	(B) The notice described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A) shall state:
6222	(I) that the annexation described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A) will result in an
6223	enactment, repeal, or a change in the charge being imposed under this section for the annexing
6224	area;
6225	(II) the statutory authority for the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B)(I);
6226	(III) the effective date of the charge described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B)(I); and
6227	(IV) if the county, city, or town enacts the charge or changes the amount of the charge
6228	described in Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(B)(I), the amount of the charge.
6229	(C) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A), the enactment of a charge or a charge
6230	increase under this section shall take effect on the first day of the first billing period:
6231	(I) that begins after the effective date of the enactment of the charge or the charge
6232	increase; and
6233	(II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the enactment
6234	of the charge or the charge increase imposed under this section.
6235	(D) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(e)(iv)(A), the repeal of a charge or a charge
6236	decrease under this section shall take effect on the first day of the last billing period:
6237	(I) that began before the effective date of the repeal of the charge or the charge
6238	decrease; and
6239	(II) if the billing period for the charge begins before the effective date of the repeal of
6240	the charge or the charge decrease imposed under this section.
6241	(f) Subject to Subsection (3)(g), a 911 emergency services charge levied under this
6242	section shall:
6243	(i) be billed and collected by the person that provides the:
6244	(A) local exchange service switched access line services; or
6245	(B) radio communications access line services; and

6246	(ii) except for costs retained under Subsection (3)(h), remitted to the State Tax
6247	Commission.
6248	(g) A 911 emergency services charge on a mobile telecommunications service may be
6249	levied, billed, and collected only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
6250	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.
6251	(h) The person that bills and collects the charges levied under Subsection (3)(f) may:
6252	(i) bill the charge imposed by this section in combination with the charge levied under
6253	Section 69-2-5.6 as one line item charge; and
6254	(ii) retain an amount not to exceed 1.5% of the levy collected under this section as
6255	reimbursement for the cost of billing, collecting, and remitting the levy.
6256	(i) The State Tax Commission shall collect, enforce, and administer the charge
6257	imposed under this Subsection (3) using the same procedures used in the administration,
6258	collection, and enforcement of the state sales and use taxes under:
6259	(i) Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
6260	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 1, Tax Collection, except for:
6261	(A) Section 59-12-104;
6262	(B) Section 59-12-104.1;
6263	(C) Section 59-12-104.2;
6264	(D) Section 59-12-104.6;
6265	(E) Section 59-12-107.1; and
6266	(F) Section 59-12-123.
6267	(j) The State Tax Commission shall transmit money collected under this Subsection (3)
6268	monthly by electronic funds transfer to the county, city, or town that imposes the charge.
6269	(k) A person that pays a charge under this section shall pay the charge to the
6270	commission:
6271	(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of
6272	the previous month if:
6273	(A) the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission

monthly under Section 59-12-108; or

- 6275 (B) the person is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter 6276 12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or
 - (ii) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of the previous quarter if the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission quarterly under Section 59-12-107.
 - (l) A charge a person pays under this section shall be paid using a form prescribed by the State Tax Commission.
 - (m) The State Tax Commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the State Tax Commission collects from a charge under this section.
 - (n) A charge under this section is subject to Section 69-2-5.8.
 - (4) (a) Any money received by a public agency for the provision of 911 emergency service shall be deposited in a special emergency telecommunications service fund.
 - (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), the money in the 911 emergency service fund shall be expended by the public agency to pay the costs of:
 - (A) establishing, installing, maintaining, and operating a 911 emergency service system;
 - (B) receiving and processing emergency communications from the 911 system or other communications or requests for emergency services;
 - (C) integrating a 911 emergency service system into an established public safety dispatch center, including contracting with the providers of local exchange service, radio communications service, and vendors of appropriate terminal equipment as necessary to implement the 911 emergency services; or
 - (D) indirect costs associated with the maintaining and operating of a 911 emergency services system.
 - (ii) Revenues derived for the funding of 911 emergency service may be used by the public agency for personnel costs associated with receiving and processing communications

6302 and deploying emergency response resources when the system is integrated with any public 6303 safety dispatch system. 6304 (c) Any unexpended money in the 911 emergency service fund at the end of a fiscal 6305 year does not lapse, and must be carried forward to be used for the purposes described in this 6306 section. 6307 (5) (a) Revenue received by a local entity from an increase in the levy imposed under 6308 Subsection (3) after the 2004 Annual General Session: 6309 (i) may be used by the public safety answering point for the purposes under Subsection 6310 (4)(b); and 6311 (ii) shall be deposited into the special 911 emergency service fund described in 6312 Subsection (4)(a). 6313 (b) Revenue received by a local entity from disbursements from the Utah 911 6314 Committee under Section 63H-7-306: 6315 (i) shall be deposited into the special 911 emergency service fund under Subsection (4)(a); and 6316 6317 (ii) shall only be used for that portion of the costs related to the development and 6318 operation of wireless and land-based enhanced 911 emergency telecommunications service and 6319 the implementation of 911 services as provided in Subsection (5)(c). 6320 (c) The costs allowed under Subsection (5)(b)(ii) include the public safety answering point's costs for: 6321 6322 (i) acquisition, upgrade, modification, maintenance, and operation of public service 6323 answering point equipment capable of receiving 911 information: 6324 (ii) database development, operation, and maintenance; and 6325 (iii) personnel costs associated with establishing, installing, maintaining, and operating 6326 wireless 911 services, including training emergency service personnel regarding receipt and use 6327 of 911 wireless service information and educating consumers regarding the appropriate and

(6) A local entity that increases the levy it imposes under Subsection (3)(c) after the

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responsible use of 911 wireless service.

6330	2004 Annual General Session shall increase the levy to the maximum amount permitted by
6331	Subsection (3)(c).
6332	Section 126. Section 69-2-5.5 is amended to read:
6333	69-2-5.5. Emergency services telecommunications charge to fund the Computer
6334	Aided Dispatch Restricted Account Administrative charge.
6335	(1) Subject to Subsection (7), there is imposed an emergency services
6336	telecommunications charge of 6 cents per month on each local exchange service switched
6337	access line and each revenue producing radio communications access line that is subject to an
6338	emergency services telecommunications charge levied by a county, city, [or] town, or metro
6339	township under Section 69-2-5.
6340	(2) (a) Subject to Subsection (7), an emergency services telecommunications charge
6341	imposed under this section shall be billed and collected by the person that provides:
6342	(i) local exchange service switched access line services; or
6343	(ii) radio communications access line services.
6344	(b) A person that pays an emergency services telecommunications charge under this
6345	section shall pay the emergency services telecommunications charge to the commission:
6346	(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of
6347	the previous month if:
6348	(A) the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission
6349	monthly under Section 59-12-108; or
6350	(B) the person is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter
6351	12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or
6352	(ii) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day
6353	of the previous quarter if the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the
6354	commission quarterly under Section 59-12-107.
6355	(c) An emergency services telecommunications charge imposed under this section shall
6356	be deposited into the Computer Aided Dispatch Restricted Account created in Section
6357	63H-7-310.

6358	(3) Emergency services telecommunications charges remitted to the State Tax
6359	Commission pursuant to Subsection (2) shall be accompanied by the form prescribed by the
6360	State Tax Commission.
6361	(4) (a) The State Tax Commission shall administer, collect, and enforce the charge
6362	imposed under Subsection (1) according to the same procedures used in the administration,
6363	collection, and enforcement of the state sales and use tax under:
6364	(i) Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
6365	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 1, Tax Collection, except for:
6366	(A) Section 59-12-104;
6367	(B) Section 59-12-104.1;
6368	(C) Section 59-12-104.2;
6369	(D) Section 59-12-104.6;
6370	(E) Section 59-12-107.1; and
6371	(F) Section 59-12-123.
6372	(b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
6373	State Tax Commission may make rules to administer, collect, and enforce the emergency
6374	services telecommunications charges imposed under this section.
6375	(c) The State Tax Commission shall retain and deposit an administrative charge in
6376	accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the State Tax Commission collects from
6377	an emergency services telecommunications charge under this section.
6378	(d) A charge under this section is subject to Section 69-2-5.8.
6379	(5) A provider of local exchange service switched access line services or radio
6380	communications access line services who fails to comply with this section is subject to
6381	penalties and interest as provided in Sections 59-1-401 and 59-1-402.
6382	(6) An emergency services telecommunications charge under this section on a mobile
6383	telecommunications service may be imposed, billed, and collected only to the extent permitted
6384	by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.

Section 127. Section **69-2-5.6** is amended to read:

0380	69-2-5.6. 911 services charge to lund unified statewide 911 emergency service
6387	Administrative charge.
6388	(1) Subject to Subsection 69-2-5(3)(g), there is imposed a unified statewide 911
6389	emergency service charge of 9 cents per month on each local exchange service switched access
6390	line and each revenue producing radio communications access line that is subject to a 911
6391	emergency services charge levied by a county, city, [or] town, or metro township under Section
6392	69-2-5.
6393	(2) (a) A 911 emergency services charge imposed under this section shall be:
6394	(i) subject to Subsection 69-2-5(3)(g); and
6395	(ii) billed and collected by the person that provides:
6396	(A) local exchange service switched access line services;
6397	(B) radio communications access line services; or
6398	(C) service described in Subsection 69-2-5(3)(a)[(iii)](i)(C).
6399	(b) A person that pays a charge under this section shall pay the charge to the
6400	commission:
6401	(i) monthly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day of
6402	the previous month if:
6403	(A) the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the commission
6404	monthly under Section 59-12-108; or
6405	(B) the person is not required to file a sales and use tax return under Title 59, Chapter
6406	12, Sales and Use Tax Act; or
6407	(ii) quarterly on or before the last day of the month immediately following the last day
6408	of the previous quarter if the person is required to file a sales and use tax return with the
6409	commission quarterly under Section 59-12-107.
6410	(c) A charge imposed under this section shall be deposited into the Unified Statewide
6411	911 Emergency Service Account created by Section 63H-7-304.
6412	(3) The person that bills and collects the charges levied by this section pursuant to
6413	Subsections (2)(b) and (c) may:

6414	(a) bill the charge imposed by this section in combination with the charge levied under
6415	Section 69-2-5 as one line item charge; and
6416	(b) retain an amount not to exceed 1.5% of the charges collected under this section as
6417	reimbursement for the cost of billing, collecting, and remitting the levy.
6418	(4) The State Tax Commission shall collect, enforce, and administer the charges
6419	imposed under Subsection (1) using the same procedures used in the administration, collection,
6420	and enforcement of the emergency services telecommunications charge to fund the Computer
6421	Aided Dispatch Restricted Account under Section 63H-7-310.
6422	(5) Notwithstanding Section 63H-7-304, the State Tax Commission shall retain and
6423	deposit an administrative charge in accordance with Section 59-1-306 from the revenues the
6424	State Tax Commission collects from a charge under this section.
6425	(6) A charge under this section is subject to Section 69-2-5.8.
6426	(7) This section sunsets in accordance with Section 63I-1-269.
6427	Section 128. Section 69-2-5.7 is amended to read:
6428	69-2-5.7. Prepaid wireless telecommunications charge to fund 911 service
6428 6429	69-2-5.7. Prepaid wireless telecommunications charge to fund 911 service Administrative charge.
	•
6429	Administrative charge.
6429 6430	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section:
6429 6430 6431	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications
6429 6430 6431 6432	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a transaction.
6429 6430 6431 6432 6433	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a transaction. (b) "Prepaid wireless 911 service charge" means the charge that is required to be
6429 6430 6431 6432 6433	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a transaction. (b) "Prepaid wireless 911 service charge" means the charge that is required to be collected by a seller from a consumer in the amount established under Subsection (2).
6429 6430 6431 6432 6433 6434 6435	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a transaction. (b) "Prepaid wireless 911 service charge" means the charge that is required to be collected by a seller from a consumer in the amount established under Subsection (2). (c) (i) "Prepaid wireless telecommunications service" means a wireless
6429 6430 6431 6432 6433 6434 6435	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a transaction. (b) "Prepaid wireless 911 service charge" means the charge that is required to be collected by a seller from a consumer in the amount established under Subsection (2). (c) (i) "Prepaid wireless telecommunications service" means a wireless telecommunications service that:
6429 6430 6431 6432 6433 6434 6435 6436	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a transaction. (b) "Prepaid wireless 911 service charge" means the charge that is required to be collected by a seller from a consumer in the amount established under Subsection (2). (c) (i) "Prepaid wireless telecommunications service" means a wireless telecommunications service that: (A) is paid for in advance;
6429 6430 6431 6432 6433 6434 6435 6436 6437	Administrative charge. (1) As used in this section: (a) "Consumer" means a person who purchases prepaid wireless telecommunications service in a transaction. (b) "Prepaid wireless 911 service charge" means the charge that is required to be collected by a seller from a consumer in the amount established under Subsection (2). (c) (i) "Prepaid wireless telecommunications service" means a wireless telecommunications service that: (A) is paid for in advance; (B) is sold in predetermined units of time or dollars that decline with use in a known

6442 telecommunications service that is billed:

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- (A) to a customer on a recurring basis; and
- (B) in a manner that includes the emergency services telecommunications charges, described in Sections 69-2-5, 69-2-5.5, and 69-2-5.6, for each radio communication access line assigned to the customer.
 - (d) "Seller" means a person that sells prepaid wireless telecommunications service to a consumer.
- 6449 (e) "Transaction" means each purchase of prepaid wireless telecommunications service 6450 from a seller.
- 6451 (f) "Wireless telecommunications service" means commercial mobile radio service as 6452 defined by 47 C.F.R. Sec. 20.3, as amended.
- 6453 (2) There is imposed a prepaid wireless 911 service charge of 1.9% of the sales price per transaction.
 - (3) The prepaid wireless 911 service charge shall be collected by the seller from the consumer for each transaction occurring in this state.
 - (4) The prepaid wireless 911 service charge shall be separately stated on an invoice, receipt, or similar document that is provided by the seller to the consumer.
 - (5) For purposes of Subsection (3), the location of a transaction is determined in accordance with Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215.
 - (6) When prepaid wireless telecommunications service is sold with one or more other products or services for a single non-itemized price, then the percentage specified in Section (2) shall apply to the entire non-itemized price.
 - (7) A seller may retain 3% of prepaid wireless 911 service charges that are collected by the seller from consumers as reimbursement for the cost of billing, collecting, and remitting the charge.
 - (8) Prepaid wireless 911 service charges collected by a seller, except as retained under Subsection (7), shall be remitted to the State Tax Commission at the same time as the seller remits to the State Tax Commission money collected by the person under Title 59, Chapter 12,

6470	Sales and Use Tax Act.
6471	(9) The State Tax Commission:
6472	(a) shall collect, enforce, and administer the charge imposed under this section using
6473	the same procedures used in the administration, collection, and enforcement of the state sales
6474	and use taxes under:
6475	(i) Title 59, Chapter 1, General Taxation Policies; and
6476	(ii) Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 1, Tax Collection, except for:
6477	(A) Section 59-12-104;
6478	(B) Section 59-12-104.1;
6479	(C) Section 59-12-104.2;
6480	(D) Section 59-12-107.1; and
6481	(E) Section 59-12-123;
6482	(b) may retain up to 1.5% of the prepaid wireless 911 service charge revenue collected
6483	under Subsection (9)(a) as reimbursement for administering this section;
6484	(c) shall distribute the prepaid wireless 911 service charge revenue, except as retained
6485	under Subsection (9)(b), as follows:
6486	(i) 80.3% of the revenue shall be distributed to each county, city, [or] town, or metro
6487	township in the same percentages and in the same manner as the entities receive money to fund
6488	911 emergency telecommunications services under Section 69-2-5;
6489	(ii) 7.9% of the revenue shall be distributed to fund the Computer Aided Dispatch
6490	Restricted Account created in Section 63H-7-310; and
6491	(iii) 11.8% of the revenue shall be distributed to fund the unified statewide 911
6492	emergency service as in Section 69-2-5.6; and
6493	(d) may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
6494	Rulemaking Act, to administer, collect, and enforce the charges imposed under this section.
6495	(10) A charge under this section is subject to Section 69-2-5.8.
6496	Section 129. Section 78A-7-202 is amended to read:

78A-7-202. Justice court judges to be appointed -- Procedure.

6498	(1) As used in this section:
6499	(a) "Local government executive" means:
6500	(i) for a county:
6501	(A) the chair of the county commission in a county operating under the county
6502	commission or expanded county commission form of county government;
6503	(B) the county executive in a county operating under the county executive-council form
6504	of county government; and
6505	(C) the county manager in a county operating under the council-manager form of
6506	county government; [and]
6507	(ii) for a city or town:
6508	(A) the mayor of the city or town; or
6509	(B) the city manager, in the council-manager form of government described in
6510	Subsection 10-3b-103[(6).] <u>(7); and</u>
6511	(iii) for a metro township, the chair of the metro township council.
6512	(b) "Local legislative body" means:
6513	(i) for a county, the county commission or county council; and
6514	(ii) for a city or town, the council of the city or town.
6515	(2) There is created in each county a county justice court nominating commission to
6516	review applicants and make recommendations to the appointing authority for a justice court
6517	position. The commission shall be convened when a new justice court judge position is created
6518	or when a vacancy in an existing court occurs for a justice court located within the county.
6519	(a) Membership of the justice court nominating commission shall be as follows:
6520	(i) one member appointed by:
6521	(A) the county commission if the county has a county commission form of
6522	government; or
6523	(B) the county executive if the county has an executive-council form of government;
6524	(ii) one member appointed by the municipalities in the counties as follows:
6525	(A) if the county has only one municipality, appointment shall be made by the

6526 governing authority of that municipality; or

(B) if the county has more than one municipality, appointment shall be made by a municipal selection committee composed of the mayors of each municipality <u>and the chairs of</u> each metro township in the county;

- (iii) one member appointed by the county bar association; and
- (iv) two members appointed by the governing authority of the jurisdiction where the judicial office is located.
- (b) If there is no county bar association, the member in Subsection (2)(a)(iii) shall be appointed by the regional bar association. If no regional bar association exists, the state bar association shall make the appointment.
- (c) Members appointed under Subsections (2)(a)(i) and (ii) may not be the appointing authority or an elected official of a county or municipality.
- (d) The nominating commission shall submit at least two names to the appointing authority of the jurisdiction expected to be served by the judge. The local government executive shall appoint a judge from the list submitted and the appointment ratified by the local legislative body.
- (e) The state court administrator shall provide staff to the commission. The Judicial Council shall establish rules and procedures for the conduct of the commission.
- (3) Judicial vacancies shall be advertised in a newspaper of general circulation, through the Utah State Bar, and other appropriate means.
- (4) Selection of candidates shall be based on compliance with the requirements for office and competence to serve as a judge.
- (5) Once selected, every prospective justice court judge shall attend an orientation seminar conducted under the direction of the Judicial Council. Upon completion of the orientation program, the Judicial Council shall certify the justice court judge as qualified to hold office.
- (6) The selection of a person to fill the office of justice court judge is effective upon certification of the judge by the Judicial Council. A justice court judge may not perform

6554	judicial duties until certified by the Judicial Council.
6555	Section 130. Repealer.
6556	This bill repeals:
6557	Section 10-2-408.5, Annexation of an area within a township Withdrawing the
6558	area from the township.
6559	Section 10-3b-505, Ballot form.
6560	Section 10-3b-506, Election of officers after a change in the form of government.
6561	Section 10-3b-507, Effective date of change in the form of government.
6562	Section 17-27a-307, Certain township planning and zoning board dissolved.
6563	Section 131. Revisor instructions.
6564	The Legislature intends that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel, in
6565	preparing the Utah Code database for publication, replace the language "this bill" in Subsection
6566	10-2a-403(6)(a) to the bill's designated chapter and section number in the Laws of Utah.
6567	Section 132. Coordinating S.B. 199 with H.B. 97 Technical renumbering
6568	Changing cross references.
6569	If this S.B. 199 and H.B. 97, Election of Officials of New Municipality, both pass, it is
6570	the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in
6571	preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
6572	(1) renumber Section 10-2-128.1 enacted in H.B. 97 to Section 10-2a-305.1, and
6573	change any internal references to that section;
6574	(2) renumber Section 10-2-128.2 enacted in H.B. 97 to Section 10-2a-305.2, and
6575	change any internal references to that section;
6576	(3) change cross references in H.B. 97 from:
6577	(a) Section 10-2-116 to Section 10-2a-215;
6578	(b) Section 10-2-127 to Section 10-2a-304; and
6579	(c) Section 10-2-128.2 to Section 10-2a-305.2; and
6580	(4) change any internal cross reference affected by the renumbering.
6581	Section 133. Coordinating S.B. 199 with H.B. 245 Technical renumbering

6582	Changing cross references.
6583	If this S.B. 199 and H.B. 245, Incorporation Process for Cities and Towns, both pass, it
6584	is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel in
6585	preparing the Utah Code database for publication:
6586	(1) renumber Section 10-2-102.13 enacted in H.B. 245 to Section 10-2a-106, and
6587	change any internal references to that section;
6588	(2) renumber Section 10-2-131 enacted in H.B. 245 to Section 10-2a-307, and change
6589	any internal references to that section;
6590	(3) change cross references in H.B. 245 from Section 10-2-111 to Section 10-2a-210;

(4) renumber all internal cross references affected by the renumbering.

Enrolled Copy

S.B. 199

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and

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