1	CONDOMINIUM AND COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2023 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
6	House Sponsor: A. Cory Maloy
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LONG TITLE

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General Description:

This bill amends provisions governing community associations and condominium associations.

Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- ► amends certain provisions of the Utah Nonprofit Corporation Act that apply to community associations;
- provides certain qualifications for a director on a board or member of management committee;
- provides that an association of unit owners or community association may disqualify an individual from being a director on a board or member of a management committee for certain criminal violations;
- provides that a community association rule may not prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions;
- rules regarding water efficient landscaping before June 30, 2023;
 - permits an association of unit owners or community association to adopt a rule



26	restricting sex offenders from certain areas the association maintains, operates, or owns;
27	 provides that a community association that registers, or renews or updates the
28	association's registration, with the Department of Commerce is subject to the
29	Community Association Act;
30	 permits certain community associations to charge an annual fee to a lot owner who
31	owns a rental lot;
32	 permits certain associations of unit owners to charge an annual fee to a unit owner
33	who owns a rental unit;
34	 clarifies provisions related to charging systems for electric or hybrid electric
35	vehicles;
36	 clarifies provisions related to the application of regulations related to solar system
37	installation to attached dwellings;
38	 requires an action against a community association board or board member for a
39	violation of certain provisions to be brought no later than 18 months after the
40	challenged board action;
41	defines terms; and
42	makes technical and conforming changes.
43	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
44	None
45	Other Special Clauses:
46	None
47	Utah Code Sections Affected:
48	AMENDS:
49	16-6a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 358
50	16-6a-1602, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 300
51	57-8-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 398
52	57-8-8.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
53	57-8-8.2, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
54	57-8-10.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 395
55	57-8-59, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 395
56	57-8a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 398

	57-8a-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 75
	57-8a-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 102
	57-8a-217, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 325
	57-8a-218, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
	57-8a-501, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 152
	57-8a-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
	57-8a-802, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 439
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 16-6a-102 is amended to read:
	16-6a-102. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) (a) "Address" means a location where mail can be delivered by the United States
Po	stal Service.
	(b) "Address" includes:
	(i) a post office box number;
	(ii) a rural free delivery route number; and
	(iii) a street name and number.
	(2) "Affiliate" means a person that directly or indirectly through one or more
int	ermediaries controls, or is controlled by, or is under common control with, the person
spe	ecified.
	(3) "Articles of incorporation" include:
	(a) amended articles of incorporation;
	(b) restated articles of incorporation;
	(c) articles of merger; and
	(d) a document of a similar import to the documents described in Subsections (3)(a)
thr	ough (c).
	(4) "Assumed corporate name" means a name assumed for use in this state:
	(a) by a:
	(i) foreign corporation pursuant to Section 16-10a-1506; or
	(ii) a foreign nonprofit corporation pursuant to Section 16-6a-1506; and

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(iii) contrasting color;

(iv) capitals; or

(v) underlining.

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88	(b) because the corporate name of the foreign corporation described in Subsection
89	(4)(a) is not available for use in this state.
90	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), "board of directors" means the body
91	authorized to manage the affairs of a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation.
92	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a person may not be considered a member of
93	the board of directors because of a power delegated to that person pursuant to Subsection
94	16-6a-801(2).
95	(6) (a) "Bylaws" means the one or more codes of rules, other than the articles of
96	incorporation, adopted pursuant to this chapter for the regulation or management of the affairs
97	of a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation irrespective of the one or more names by which
98	the codes of rules are designated.
99	(b) "Bylaws" includes:
100	(i) amended bylaws; and
101	(ii) restated bylaws.
102	(7) (a) "Cash" or "money" means:
103	(i) legal tender;
104	(ii) a negotiable instrument; or
105	(iii) other cash equivalent readily convertible into legal tender.
106	(b) "Cash" and "money" are used interchangeably in this chapter.
107	(8) (a) "Class" means a group of memberships that has the same right with respect to
108	voting, dissolution, redemption, transfer, or other characteristics.
109	(b) For purposes of Subsection (8)(a), a right is considered the same if it is determined
110	by a formula applied uniformly to a group of memberships.
111	(9) (a) "Conspicuous" means so written that a reasonable person against whom the
112	writing is to operate should have noticed the writing.
113	(b) "Conspicuous" includes printing or typing in:
114	(i) italics;
115	(ii) boldface;

119	(10) "Control" or a "controlling interest" means the direct or indirect possession of the
120	power to direct or cause the direction of the management and policies of an entity by:
121	(a) the ownership of voting shares;
122	(b) contract; or
123	(c) a means other than those specified in Subsection (10)(a) or (b).
124	(11) Subject to Section 16-6a-207, "cooperative nonprofit corporation" or
125	"cooperative" means a nonprofit corporation organized or existing under this chapter.
126	(12) "Corporate name" means:
127	(a) the name of a domestic corporation as stated in the domestic corporation's articles
128	of incorporation;
129	(b) the name of a domestic nonprofit corporation as stated in the domestic nonprofit
130	corporation's articles of incorporation;
131	(c) the name of a foreign corporation as stated in the foreign corporation's:
132	(i) articles of incorporation; or
133	(ii) document of similar import to articles of incorporation; or
134	(d) the name of a foreign nonprofit corporation as stated in the foreign nonprofit
135	corporation's:
136	(i) articles of incorporation; or
137	(ii) document of similar import to articles of incorporation.
138	(13) (a) "Corporate records" means the records described in Section 16-6a-1601.
139	(b) "Corporate records" does not include correspondence, communications, notes, or
140	other similar information, regardless of format or method of storage, that are not an official
141	decision, published document, or record of the corporation.
142	[(13)] (14) "Corporation" or "domestic corporation" means a corporation for profit that:
143	(a) is not a foreign corporation; and
144	(b) is incorporated under or subject to Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation
145	Act.
146	[(14)] (15) "Delegate" means a person elected or appointed to vote in a representative
147	assembly:
148	(a) for the election of a director; or
149	(b) on matters other than the election of a director.

150	$\left[\frac{(15)}{(16)}\right]$ "Deliver" includes delivery by mail or another means of transmission
151	authorized by Section 16-6a-103, except that delivery to the division means actual receipt by
152	the division.
153	[(16)] (17) "Director" means a member of the board of directors.
154	[(17)] (18) (a) "Distribution" means the payment of a dividend or any part of the
155	income or profit of a nonprofit corporation to the nonprofit corporation's:
156	(i) members;
157	(ii) directors; or
158	(iii) officers.
159	(b) "Distribution" does not include a fair-value payment for:
160	(i) a good sold; or
161	(ii) a service received.
162	[(18)] (19) "Division" means the Division of Corporations and Commercial Code.
163	[(19)] (20) "Effective date," when referring to a document filed by the division, means
164	the time and date determined in accordance with Section 16-6a-108.
165	[(20)] (21) "Effective date of notice" means the date notice is effective as provided in
166	Section 16-6a-103.
167	[(21)] (22) "Electronic transmission" or "electronically transmitted" means a process of
168	communication not directly involving the physical transfer of paper that is suitable for the
169	receipt, retention, retrieval, and reproduction of information by the recipient, whether by email,
170	texting, facsimile, or otherwise.
171	[(22)] (23) (a) "Employee" includes an officer of a nonprofit corporation.
172	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(22)(b)(ii)] (23)(b)(ii), "employee" does not
173	include a director of a nonprofit corporation.
174	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(22)(b)(i)] (23)(b)(i), a director may accept one or
175	more duties that make that director an employee of a nonprofit corporation.
176	[(23)] <u>(24)</u> "Entity" includes:
177	(a) a domestic or foreign corporation;
178	(b) a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation;
179	(c) a limited liability company;
180	(d) a profit or nonprofit unincorporated association;

181	(e) a business trust;
182	(f) an estate;
183	(g) a partnership;
184	(h) a trust;
185	(i) two or more persons having a joint or common economic interest;
186	(j) a state;
187	(k) the United States; or
188	(1) a foreign government.
189	[(24)] (25) "Executive director" means the executive director of the Department of
190	Commerce.
191	[(25)] (26) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation for profit incorporated under a
192	law other than the laws of this state.
193	[(26)] (27) "Foreign nonprofit corporation" means an entity:
194	(a) incorporated under a law other than the laws of this state; and
195	(b) that would be a nonprofit corporation if formed under the laws of this state.
196	[(27)] (28) "Governmental entity" means:
197	(a) (i) the executive branch of the state;
198	(ii) the judicial branch of the state;
199	(iii) the legislative branch of the state;
200	(iv) an independent entity, as defined in Section 63E-1-102;
201	(v) a political subdivision of the state;
202	(vi) a state institution of higher education, as defined in Section 53B-3-102;
203	(vii) an entity within the state system of public education; or
204	(viii) the National Guard; or
205	(b) any of the following that is established or controlled by a governmental entity listed
206	in Subsection $[(27)(a)]$ (28)(a) to carry out the public's business:
207	(i) an office;
208	(ii) a division;
209	(iii) an agency;
210	(iv) a board;
211	(v) a bureau;

212	(vi) a committee;
213	(vii) a department;
214	(viii) an advisory board;
215	(ix) an administrative unit; or
216	(x) a commission.
217	[(28)] (29) "Governmental subdivision" means:
218	(a) a county;
219	(b) a city;
220	(c) a town; or
221	(d) another type of governmental subdivision authorized by the laws of this state.
222	[(29)] <u>(30)</u> "Individual" means:
223	(a) a natural person;
224	(b) the estate of an incompetent individual; or
225	(c) the estate of a deceased individual.
226	[(30)] (31) "Internal Revenue Code" means the federal "Internal Revenue Code of
227	1986," as amended from time to time, or to corresponding provisions of subsequent internal
228	revenue laws of the United States of America.
229	[(31)] (32) (a) "Mail," "mailed," or "mailing" means deposit, deposited, or depositing
230	in the United States mail, properly addressed, first-class postage prepaid.
231	(b) "Mail," "mailed," or "mailing" includes registered or certified mail for which the
232	proper fee is paid.
233	[(32)] (33) (a) "Member" means one or more persons identified or otherwise appointed
234	as a member of a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation as provided:
235	(i) in the articles of incorporation;
236	(ii) in the bylaws;
237	(iii) by a resolution of the board of directors; or
238	(iv) by a resolution of the members of the nonprofit corporation.
239	(b) "Member" includes:
240	(i) "voting member"; and
241	(ii) a shareholder in a water company.
242	[(33)] <u>(34)</u> "Membership" refers to the rights and obligations of a member or members.

243	[(3-7)] (3-5) Mutual benefit corporation means a nonprofit corporation:
244	(a) that issues shares of stock to its members evidencing a right to receive distribution
245	of water or otherwise representing property rights; or
246	(b) all of whose assets are contributed or acquired by or for the members of the
247	nonprofit corporation or their predecessors in interest to serve the mutual purposes of the
248	members.
249	[(35)] (36) "Nonprofit corporation" or "domestic nonprofit corporation" means an
250	entity that:
251	(a) is not a foreign nonprofit corporation; and
252	(b) is incorporated under or subject to this chapter.
253	[(36)] (37) "Notice" means the same as that term is defined in Section 16-6a-103.
254	[(37)] (38) "Party related to a director" means:
255	(a) the spouse of the director;
256	(b) a child of the director;
257	(c) a grandchild of the director;
258	(d) a sibling of the director;
259	(e) a parent of the director;
260	(f) the spouse of an individual described in Subsections [(37)(b)] (38)(b) through (e);
261	(g) an individual having the same home as the director;
262	(h) a trust or estate of which the director or another individual specified in this
263	Subsection $[(37)]$ (38) is a substantial beneficiary; or
264	(i) any of the following of which the director is a fiduciary:
265	(i) a trust;
266	(ii) an estate;
267	(iii) an incompetent;
268	(iv) a conservatee; or
269	(v) a minor.
270	[(38)] (39) "Person" means an:
271	(a) individual; or
272	(b) entity.
273	[(39)] (40) "Principal office" means:

274	(a) the office, in or out of this state, designated by a domestic or foreign nonprofit
275	corporation as its principal office in the most recent document on file with the division
276	providing that information, including:
277	(i) an annual report;
278	(ii) an application for a certificate of authority; or
279	(iii) a notice of change of principal office; or
280	(b) if no principal office can be determined, a domestic or foreign nonprofit
281	corporation's registered office.
282	[(40)] <u>(41)</u> "Proceeding" includes:
283	(a) a civil suit;
284	(b) arbitration;
285	(c) mediation;
286	(d) a criminal action;
287	(e) an administrative action; or
288	(f) an investigatory action.
289	[(41)] (42) "Receive," when used in reference to receipt of a writing or other document
290	by a domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation, means the writing or other document is actually
291	received:
292	(a) by the domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation at:
293	(i) its registered office in this state; or
294	(ii) its principal office;
295	(b) by the secretary of the domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation, wherever the
296	secretary is found; or
297	(c) by another person authorized by the bylaws or the board of directors to receive the
298	writing or other document, wherever that person is found.
299	[(42)] (43) (a) "Record date" means the date established under Part 6, Members, or Part
300	7, Member Meetings and Voting, on which a nonprofit corporation determines the identity of
301	the nonprofit corporation's members.
302	(b) The determination described in Subsection $[\frac{(42)(a)}{2}]$ $[\frac{(43)(a)}{2}]$ shall be made as of the
303	close of business on the record date unless another time for doing so is specified when the
304	record date is fixed.

305	[(43)] (44) "Registered agent" means the registered agent of:
306	(a) a domestic nonprofit corporation; or
307	(b) a foreign nonprofit corporation.
308	[(44)] (45) "Registered office" means the office within this state designated by a
309	domestic or foreign nonprofit corporation as its registered office in the most recent document
310	on file with the division providing that information, including:
311	(a) articles of incorporation;
312	(b) an application for a certificate of authority; or
313	(c) a notice of change of registered office.
314	[(45)] (46) "Secretary" means the corporate officer to whom the bylaws or the board of
315	directors delegates responsibility under Subsection 16-6a-818(3) for:
316	(a) the preparation and maintenance of:
317	(i) minutes of the meetings of:
318	(A) the board of directors; or
319	(B) the members; and
320	(ii) the other records and information required to be kept by the nonprofit corporation
321	pursuant to Section 16-6a-1601; and
322	(b) authenticating records of the nonprofit corporation.
323	$\left[\frac{(46)}{(47)}\right]$ "Share" means a unit of interest in a nonprofit corporation.
324	$\left[\frac{(47)}{(48)}\right]$ "Shareholder" means a person in whose name a share is registered in the
325	records of a nonprofit corporation.
326	[(48)] (49) "State," when referring to a part of the United States, includes:
327	(a) a state;
328	(b) a commonwealth;
329	(c) the District of Columbia;
330	(d) an agency or governmental and political subdivision of a state, commonwealth, or
331	District of Columbia;
332	(e) territory or insular possession of the United States; or
333	(f) an agency or governmental and political subdivision of a territory or insular
334	possession of the United States.
335	[(49)] (50) "Street address" means:

336	(a) (i) street name and number;
337	(ii) city or town; and
338	(iii) United States post office zip code designation; or
339	(b) if, by reason of rural location or otherwise, a street name, number, city, or town
340	does not exist, an appropriate description other than that described in Subsection [(49)(a)]
341	(50)(a) fixing as nearly as possible the actual physical location, but only if the information
342	includes:
343	(i) the rural free delivery route;
344	(ii) the county; and
345	(iii) the United States post office zip code designation.
346	[(50)] (51) "Tribal nonprofit corporation" means a nonprofit corporation:
347	(a) incorporated under the law of a tribe; and
348	(b) that is at least 51% owned or controlled by the tribe.
349	[(51)] (52) "Tribe" means a tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group or
350	community of Indians, including an Alaska Native village, that is legally recognized as eligible
351	for and is consistent with a special program, service, or entitlement provided by the United
352	States to Indians because of their status as Indians.
353	[(52)] (53) "United States" includes a district, authority, office, bureau, commission,
354	department, and another agency of the United States of America.
355	$\left[\frac{(53)}{(54)}\right]$ "Vote" includes authorization by:
356	(a) written ballot; and
357	(b) written consent.
358	$[\frac{(54)}{(55)}]$ (a) "Voting group" means all the members of one or more classes of
359	members or directors that, under this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or the bylaws, are
360	entitled to vote and be counted together collectively on a matter.
361	(b) All members or directors entitled by this chapter, the articles of incorporation, or
362	the bylaws to vote generally on a matter are for that purpose a single voting group.
363	$[\frac{(55)}{(56)}]$ (a) "Voting member" means a person entitled to vote for all matters
364	required or permitted under this chapter to be submitted to a vote of the members, except as
365	otherwise provided in the articles of incorporation or bylaws.
366	(b) A person is not a voting member solely because of:

367	(i) a right the person has as a delegate;
368	(ii) a right the person has to designate a director; or
369	(iii) a right the person has as a director.
370	(c) Except as the bylaws may otherwise provide, "voting member" includes a
371	"shareholder" if the nonprofit corporation has shareholders.
372	[(56)] <u>(57)</u> "Water company" means:
373	(a) the same as that term is defined in Subsection 16-4-102(5); or
374	(b) a mutual benefit corporation, when the stock in the mutual benefit corporation
375	represents a right to receive a distribution of water for beneficial use.
376	Section 2. Section 16-6a-1602 is amended to read:
377	16-6a-1602. Inspection of records by directors and members.
378	(1) A director or member is entitled to inspect and copy any of the records of the
379	nonprofit corporation described in Subsection 16-6a-1601(5):
380	(a) during regular business hours;
381	(b) at the nonprofit corporation's principal office; and
382	(c) if the director or member gives the nonprofit corporation written demand, at least
383	five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect and copy the records.
384	(2) In addition to the rights set forth in Subsection (1), a director or member is entitled
385	to inspect and copy any of the other records of the nonprofit corporation <u>described in</u>
386	<u>Subsections 16-6a-1601(2) through (5):</u>
387	(a) during regular business hours;
388	(b) at a reasonable location specified by the nonprofit corporation; and
389	(c) at least five business days before the date on which the member wishes to inspect
390	and copy the records, if the director or member:
391	(i) meets the requirements of Subsection (3); and
392	(ii) gives the nonprofit corporation written demand.
393	(3) A director or member may inspect and copy the records described in Subsection (2)
394	only if:
395	(a) the demand is made:
396	(i) in good faith; and
397	(ii) for a proper purpose;

398	(b) the director or member describes with reasonable particularity the purpose and the
399	records the director or member desires to inspect; and
400	(c) the records are directly connected with the described purpose.
401	(4) Notwithstanding Section 16-6a-102, for purposes of this section:
402	(a) "member" includes:
403	(i) a beneficial owner whose membership interest is held in a voting trust; and
404	(ii) any other beneficial owner of a membership interest who establishes beneficial
405	ownership; and
406	(b) "proper purpose" means a purpose reasonably related to the demanding member's or
407	director's interest as a member or director.
408	(5) The right of inspection granted by this section may not be abolished or limited by
409	the articles of incorporation or bylaws.
410	(6) This section does not affect:
411	(a) the right of a director or member to inspect records under Section 16-6a-710;
412	(b) the right of a member to inspect records to the same extent as any other litigant if
413	the member is in litigation with the nonprofit corporation; or
414	(c) the power of a court, independent of this chapter, to compel the production of
415	corporate records for examination.
416	(7) A director or member may not use any information obtained through the inspection
417	or copying of records permitted by Subsection (2) for any purposes other than those set forth in
418	a demand made under Subsection (3).
419	Section 3. Section 57-8-3 is amended to read:
420	57-8-3. Definitions.
421	As used in this chapter:
422	(1) "Assessment" means any charge imposed by the association, including:
423	(a) common expenses on or against a unit owner pursuant to the provisions of the
424	declaration, bylaws, or this chapter; and
425	(b) an amount that an association of unit owners assesses to a unit owner under
426	Subsection 57-8-43(9)(g).
427	(2) "Association of unit owners" or "association" means all of the unit owners:
428	(a) acting as a group in accordance with the declaration and bylaws; or

430	(3) "Building" means a building, containing units, and comprising a part of the
431	property.
432	(4) "Commercial condominium project" means a condominium project that has no
433	residential units within the project.
434	(5) "Common areas and facilities" unless otherwise provided in the declaration or
435	lawful amendments to the declaration means:
436	(a) the land included within the condominium project, whether leasehold or in fee
437	simple;
438	(b) the foundations, columns, girders, beams, supports, main walls, roofs, halls,
439	corridors, lobbies, stairs, stairways, fire escapes, entrances, and exits of the building;
440	(c) the basements, yards, gardens, parking areas, and storage spaces;
441	(d) the premises for lodging of janitors or persons in charge of the property;
442	(e) installations of central services such as power, light, gas, hot and cold water,
443	heating, refrigeration, air conditioning, and incinerating;
444	(f) the elevators, tanks, pumps, motors, fans, compressors, ducts, and in general all
445	apparatus and installations existing for common use;
446	(g) such community and commercial facilities as may be provided for in the
447	declaration; and
448	(h) all other parts of the property necessary or convenient to its existence, maintenance,
449	and safety, or normally in common use.
450	(6) "Common expenses" means:
451	(a) all sums lawfully assessed against the unit owners;
452	(b) expenses of administration, maintenance, repair, or replacement of the common
453	areas and facilities;
454	(c) expenses agreed upon as common expenses by the association of unit owners; and
455	(d) expenses declared common expenses by this chapter, or by the declaration or the
456	bylaws.
457	(7) "Common profits," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful
458	amendments to the declaration, means the balance of all income, rents, profits, and revenues
459	from the common areas and facilities remaining after the deduction of the common expenses.

(b) organized as a legal entity in accordance with the declaration.

- (8) "Condominium" means the ownership of a single unit in a multiunit project together with an undivided interest in common in the common areas and facilities of the property.
- (9) "Condominium plat" means a plat or plats of survey of land and units prepared in accordance with Section 57-8-13.
- (10) "Condominium project" means a real estate condominium project; a plan or project whereby two or more units, whether contained in existing or proposed apartments, commercial or industrial buildings or structures, or otherwise, are separately offered or proposed to be offered for sale. Condominium project also means the property when the context so requires.
- (11) "Condominium unit" means a unit together with the undivided interest in the common areas and facilities appertaining to that unit. Any reference in this chapter to a condominium unit includes both a physical unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest in the common areas and facilities and a time period unit together with its appurtenant undivided interest, unless the reference is specifically limited to a time period unit.
- (12) "Contractible condominium" means a condominium project from which one or more portions of the land within the project may be withdrawn in accordance with provisions of the declaration and of this chapter. If the withdrawal can occur only by the expiration or termination of one or more leases, then the condominium project is not a contractible condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
- (13) "Convertible land" means a building site which is a portion of the common areas and facilities, described by metes and bounds, within which additional units or limited common areas and facilities may be created in accordance with this chapter.
- (14) "Convertible space" means a portion of the structure within the condominium project, which portion may be converted into one or more units or common areas and facilities, including limited common areas and facilities in accordance with this chapter.
- (15) "Declarant" means all persons who execute the declaration or on whose behalf the declaration is executed. From the time of the recordation of any amendment to the declaration expanding an expandable condominium, all persons who execute that amendment or on whose behalf that amendment is executed shall also come within this definition. Any successors of the persons referred to in this subsection who come to stand in the same relation to the

491	condominium project as their predecessors also come within this definition.
492	(16) "Declaration" means the instrument by which the property is submitted to the
493	provisions of this act, as it from time to time may be lawfully amended.
494	(17) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
495	(18) "Expandable condominium" means a condominium project to which additional
496	land or an interest in it may be added in accordance with the declaration and this chapter.
497	(19) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
498	(20) "Governing documents":
499	(a) means a written instrument by which an association of unit owners may:
500	(i) exercise powers; or
501	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
502	association of unit owners; and
503	(b) includes:
504	(i) articles of incorporation;
505	(ii) bylaws;
506	(iii) a plat;
507	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
508	(v) rules of the association of unit owners.
509	(21) "Independent third party" means a person that:
510	(a) is not related to the unit owner;
511	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the unit owner; and
512	(c) purchases the unit in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current or future
513	lienholder.
514	(22) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a unit:
515	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
516	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property;
517	and
518	(c) as provided in this chapter.
519	(23) "Leasehold condominium" means a condominium project in all or any portion of
520	which each unit owner owns an estate for years in his unit, or in the land upon which that unit
521	is situated, or both, with all those leasehold interests to expire naturally at the same time. A

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- condominium project including leased land, or an interest in the land, upon which no units are situated or to be situated is not a leasehold condominium within the meaning of this chapter.
- (24) "Limited common areas and facilities" means those common areas and facilities designated in the declaration as reserved for use of a certain unit or units to the exclusion of the other units.
- (25) "Majority" or "majority of the unit owners," unless otherwise provided in the declaration or lawful amendments to the declaration, means the owners of more than 50% in the aggregate in interest of the undivided ownership of the common areas and facilities.
- (26) "Management committee" means the committee as provided in the declaration charged with and having the responsibility and authority to make and to enforce all of the reasonable rules covering the operation and maintenance of the property.
- (27) "Management committee meeting" means a gathering of a management committee, whether in person or by means of electronic communication, at which the management committee can take binding action.
- (28) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that allows individuals to communicate orally in real time.
 - (b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
- (i) web conferencing;
 - (ii) video conferencing; and
 - (iii) telephone conferencing.
- (29) "Mixed-use condominium project" means a condominium project that has both residential and commercial units in the condominium project.
 - (30) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a unit:
 - (a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
- (b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through 57-1-34; and
 - (c) as provided in this chapter.
 - (31) "Par value" means a number of dollars or points assigned to each unit by the declaration. Substantially identical units shall be assigned the same par value, but units located at substantially different heights above the ground, or having substantially different views, or having substantially different amenities or other characteristics that might result in differences

553	in market value, may be considered substantially identical within the meaning of this
554	subsection. If par value is stated in terms of dollars, that statement may not be considered to
555	reflect or control the sales price or fair market value of any unit, and no opinion, appraisal, or
556	fair market transaction at a different figure may affect the par value of any unit, or any
557	undivided interest in the common areas and facilities, voting rights in the unit owners'
558	association, liability for common expenses, or right to common profits, assigned on the basis
559	thereof.
560	(32) "Period of administrative control" means the period of control described in
561	Subsection 57-8-16.5(1).
562	(33) "Person" means an individual, corporation, partnership, association, trustee, or
563	other legal entity.
564	(34) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
565	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
566	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
567	[(34)] (35) "Property" means the land, whether leasehold or in fee simple, the building
568	if any, all improvements and structures thereon, all easements, rights, and appurtenances
569	belonging thereto, and all articles of personal property intended for use in connection
570	therewith.
571	(36) "Protected area" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
572	[(35)] (37) "Record," "recording," "recorded," and "recorder" have the meaning stated
573	in Chapter 3, Recording of Documents.
574	[(36)] (38) "Rentals" or "rental unit" means:
575	(a) a unit that:
576	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
577	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the unit owner is not occupying the unit as the
578	unit owner's primary residence; or
579	(b) an occupied unit owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the unit.
580	[(37)] (39) "Size" means the number of cubic feet, or the number of square feet of
581	ground or floor space, within each unit as computed by reference to the record of survey map
582	and rounded off to a whole number. Certain spaces within the units including attic, basement,
583	or garage space may be omitted from the calculation or be partially discounted by the use of a

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584	ratio, if the same basis of calculation is employed for all units in the condominium project and
585	if that basis is described in the declaration.
586	[(38)] (40) "Time period unit" means an annually recurring part or parts of a year
587	specified in the declaration as a period for which a unit is separately owned and includes a
588	timeshare estate as defined in Section 57-19-2.
589	[(39)] (41) "Unconstructed unit" means a unit that:
590	(a) is intended, as depicted in the condominium plat, to be fully or partially contained
591	in a building; and
592	(b) is not constructed.
593	[(40)] (42) (a) "Unit" means a separate part of the property intended for any type of
594	independent use, which is created by the recording of a declaration and a condominium plat
595	that describes the unit boundaries.
596	(b) "Unit" includes one or more rooms or spaces located in one or more floors or a
597	portion of a floor in a building.
598	(c) "Unit" includes a convertible space, in accordance with Subsection 57-8-13.4(3).
599	[(41)] (43) "Unit number" means the number, letter, or combination of numbers and
600	letters designating the unit in the declaration and in the record of survey map.
601	[(42)] (44) "Unit owner" means the person or persons owning a unit in fee simple and
602	an undivided interest in the fee simple estate of the common areas and facilities in the
603	percentage specified and established in the declaration or, in the case of a leasehold
604	condominium project, the person or persons whose leasehold interest or interests in the
605	condominium unit extend for the entire balance of the unexpired term or terms.
606	Section 4. Section 57-8-8.1 is amended to read:
607	57-8-8.1. Equal treatment by rules required Limits on rules.
608	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated unit
609	owners similarly.
610	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may:
611	(i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association of unit owners
612	provides to unit owners;
613	(ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; or

(iii) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a

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(A) size and facilities; and

(B) fair use of the common areas and facilities.

615 reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas and facilities as 616 the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest. 617 (2) (a) If a unit owner owns a rental unit and is in compliance with the association of 618 unit owners' governing documents and any rule that the association of unit owners adopts under 619 Subsection (4), a rule may not treat the unit owner differently because the unit owner owns a 620 rental unit. 621 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may: 622 (i) limit or prohibit a rental unit owner from using the common areas and facilities for 623 purposes other than attending an association meeting or managing the rental unit; 624 (ii) if the rental unit owner retains the right to use the association of unit owners' 625 common areas and facilities, even occasionally: 626 (A) charge a rental unit owner a fee to use the common areas and facilities; and 627 (B) for a unit that a unit owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a 628 reasonable limit on the number of individuals that may use the common areas and facilities as 629 the rental unit tenant's guest or as the unit owner's guest; or 630 (iii) include a provision in the association of unit owners' governing documents that: 631 (A) requires each tenant of a rental unit to abide by the terms of the governing 632 documents: and 633 (B) holds the tenant and the rental unit owner jointly and severally liable for a violation 634 of a provision of the governing documents. 635 (3) (a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a unit owner to determine the 636 composition of the unit owner's household. 637 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an association of unit owners may: 638 (i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit; 639 or 640 (ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the 641 basis of the residential dwelling's:

(4) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.

(5) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association of unit owners may by

646	rule:
647	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
648	areas and facilities;
649	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
650	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas and
651	facilities; and
652	(ii) a service provided to a unit owner;
653	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
654	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association of unit owners' officers and
655	management committee consistent with Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit
656	Corporation Act.
657	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a rule may not prohibit a unit owner
658	from installing a personal security camera immediately adjacent to the entryway, window, or
659	other outside entry point of the owner's condominium unit.
660	(b) A rule may prohibit a unit owner from installing a personal security camera in a
661	common area not physically connected to the owner's unit.
662	(7) (a) A rule may not abridge the right of a unit owner to display a religious or holiday
663	sign, symbol, or decoration inside the owner's condominium unit.
664	(b) An association may adopt a reasonable time, place, and manner restriction with
665	respect to a display that is visible from the exterior of a unit.
666	(8) (a) A rule may not:
667	(i) prohibit a unit owner from displaying in a window of the owner's condominium
668	unit:
669	(A) a for-sale sign; or
670	(B) a political sign;
671	(ii) regulate the content of a political sign; or
672	(iii) establish design criteria for a political sign.
673	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the size and
674	time, place, and manner of posting a for-sale sign or a political sign.
675	(9) An association of unit owners:
676	(a) shall adopt rules supporting water-efficient landscaping, including allowance for

677	low water use on lawns during drought conditions; and
678	(b) may not prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to water-efficient
679	landscaping.
680	(10) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is
681	maintained, operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in
682	Subsection 77-27-21.7(3).
683	[(10)] (11) A rule shall be reasonable.
684	[(11)] (12) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the
685	requirements of Subsections (1) through (5), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
686	[(12)] (13) This section applies to an association of unit owners regardless of when the
687	association of unit owners is created.
688	Section 5. Section 57-8-8.2 is amended to read:
689	57-8-8.2. Electric vehicle charging systems Restrictions Responsibilities.
690	(1) As used in this section:
691	(a) "Charging system" means a device that is:
692	(i) used to provide electricity to an electric or hybrid electric vehicle; and
693	(ii) designed to ensure a safe connection between the electric grid and the vehicle.
694	(b) "General electrical contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
695	58-55-102.
696	(c) "Residential electrical contractor" means the same as that term is defined in Section
697	58-55-102.
698	(2) Notwithstanding any provision in an association's governing documents to the
699	contrary, an association may not prohibit a unit owner from installing or using a charging
700	system in:
701	(a) a parking space:
702	(i) assigned to the unit owner's unit; and
703	(ii) used for the parking or storage of a vehicle or equipment; or
704	(b) a limited common area parking space designated for the unit owner's exclusive use.
705	(3) An association may:
706	(a) require a unit owner to submit an application for approval of the installation of a
707	charging system;

708	(b) require the unit owner to agree in writing to:
709	(i) hire a general electrical contractor or residential electrical contractor to install the
710	charging system; or
711	(ii) if a charging system is installed in a common area, provide reimbursement to the
712	association for the actual cost of the increase in the association's insurance premium
713	attributable to the installation or use of the charging system;
714	(c) require a charging system to comply with:
715	(i) the association's reasonable design criteria governing the dimensions, placement, or
716	external appearance of the charging system; or
717	(ii) applicable building codes;
718	(d) impose a reasonable charge to cover costs associated with the review and
719	permitting of a charging [station] system;
720	(e) impose a reasonable restriction on the installation and use of a charging [station]
721	system that does not significantly:
722	(i) increase the cost of the charging [station] system; or
723	(ii) decrease the efficiency or performance of the charging [station] system; or
724	(f) require a unit owner to pay the costs associated with installation, metering, and use
725	of the charging [station] system, including the cost of:
726	(i) electricity associated with the charging [station] system; and
727	(ii) damage to a general common area, a limited common area, or an area subject to the
728	exclusive use of another unit owner that results from the installation, use, maintenance, repair,
729	removal, or replacement of the charging [station] system.
730	(4) A unit owner who installs a charging system shall disclose to a prospective buyer of
731	the unit:
732	(a) the existence of the charging [station] system; and
733	(b) the unit owner's related responsibilities under this section.
734	(5) Unless the unit owner and the association or the declarant otherwise agree:
735	(a) a charging [station] system installed under this section is the personal property of
736	the unit owner of the unit with which the charging station is associated; and
737	(b) a unit owner who installs a charging [station] system shall, before transferring
738	ownership of the owner's unit, unless the prospective buyer of the unit accepts ownership and

739	all rights and responsibilities that apply to the charging station under this section:
740	(i) remove the charging [station] system; and
741	(ii) restore the premises to the condition before installation of the charging [station]
742	system.
743	Section 6. Section 57-8-10.1 is amended to read:
744	57-8-10.1. Rental restrictions.
745	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), and (6), an association of unit owners may:
746	(i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in a condominium project; or
747	(ii) prohibit rentals in the condominium project.
748	(b) An association of unit owners that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in
749	accordance with Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a
750	declaration or by amending the declaration.
751	(2) If an association of unit owners prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and
752	term of rentals, the restrictions shall include:
753	(a) a provision that requires a condominium project to exempt from the rental
754	restrictions the following unit owner and the unit owner's unit:
755	(i) a unit owner in the military for the period of the unit owner's deployment;
756	(ii) a unit occupied by a unit owner's parent, child, or sibling;
757	(iii) a unit owner whose employer has relocated the unit owner for two years or less;
758	(iv) a unit owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who:
759	(A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and
760	(B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and losses of
761	the entity; or
762	(v) a unit owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the
763	trust or other estate planning entity was created for the estate of:
764	(A) a current resident of the unit; or
765	(B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the unit;
766	(b) a provision that allows a unit owner who has a rental in the condominium project
767	before the time the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with the county
768	recorder of the county in which the condominium project is located to continue renting until:

(i) the unit owner occupies the unit;

- 770 (ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a 771 similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an ownership interest in 772 the unit, occupies the unit; or 773 (iii) the unit is transferred; and 774 (c) a requirement that the association of unit owners create, by rule or resolution, 775 procedures to: 776 (i) determine and track the number of rentals and units in the condominium project 777 subject to the provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and 778 (ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions. 779 (3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the 780 following occur: 781 (a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a unit by deed; 782 (b) the granting of a life estate in the unit; or (c) if the unit is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or 783 784 other business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share, stock, 785 membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period. 786 (4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association of unit owners that complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act. 42 787 788 U.S.C. Sec. 3607. 789 (5) A declaration or amendment to a declaration recorded before transfer of the first 790 unit from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for the 791 exceptions, provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2). 792 (6) (a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to: 793 (i) a condominium project that contains a time period unit as defined in Section 57-8-3; 794 (ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or 795 (iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), a condominium project in which the initial 796 declaration is recorded before May 12, 2009, unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the association
 - (B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition.

(A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or

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of unit owners:

(b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental

801	restriction or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption
802	described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv).
803	(7) Notwithstanding this section, an association of unit owners may restrict or prohibit
804	rentals without an exception described in Subsection (2) if:
805	(a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all unit owners; and
806	(b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association of unit
807	owners' declaration, the association of unit owners fulfills all other requirements for amending
808	the declaration described in the association of unit owners' governing documents.
809	(8) Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association of unit owners may not require
810	a unit owner who owns a rental unit to:
811	(a) obtain the association of unit owners' approval of a prospective renter;
812	(b) give the association of unit owners:
813	(i) a copy of a rental application;
814	(ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;
815	(iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
816	(iv) documentation to verify the renter's age; or
817	(c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the unit is a rental unit.
818	(9) (a) A unit owner who owns a rental unit shall give an association of unit owners the
819	documents described in Subsection (8)(b) if the unit owner is required to provide the
820	documents by court order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
821	(b) If an association of unit owners' declaration lawfully prohibits or restricts
822	occupancy of the units by a certain class of individuals, the association of unit owners may
823	require a unit owner who owns a rental unit to give the association of unit owners the
824	information described in Subsection (8)(b), if:
825	(i) the information helps the association of unit owners determine whether the renter's
826	occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners' declaration; and
827	(ii) the association of unit owners uses the information to determine whether the
828	renter's occupancy of the unit complies with the association of unit owners' declaration.
829	(c) An association that permits at least 35% of the units in the association to be rental
830	units may charge a unit owner who owns a rental unit an annual fee of up to \$200 to defray the

association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a unit that is a rental unit, as

832	detailed in an accounting provided to the unit owner.
833	(10) The provisions of Subsections (8) and (9) apply to an association of unit owners
834	regardless of when the association of unit owners is created.
835	Section 7. Section 57-8-59 is amended to read:
836	57-8-59. Management committee.
837	(1) A member of the management committee shall be:
838	(2) (a) a natural person; and
839	(b) 18 years old or older.
840	(3) An association's bylaws may prescribe other qualifications for members of the
841	management committee in addition to the requirements described in Subsection (1).
842	(4) Without limiting the qualifications an association prescribes under Subsection (2),
843	an association may, through governing documents or the management committee's internal
844	procedures, disqualify an individual from serving as a member of the management committee
845	because the individual:
846	(a) has been convicted of a felony; or
847	(b) is a sex offender.
848	(5) A member of the management committee need not be a resident of this state or a lot
849	owner in the association unless required by the association's bylaws.
850	(6) Except as limited in the declaration, the association of unit owners bylaws or
851	articles of incorporation, or other provisions of this chapter, a management committee acts in
852	all instances on behalf of the association of unit owners.
853	Section 8. Section 57-8a-102 is amended to read:
854	57-8a-102. Definitions.
855	As used in this chapter:
856	(1) (a) "Assessment" means a charge imposed or levied:
857	(i) by the association;
858	(ii) on or against a lot or a lot owner; and
859	(iii) pursuant to a governing document recorded with the county recorder.
860	(b) "Assessment" includes:
861	(i) a common expense; and
862	(ii) an amount assessed against a lot owner under Subsection 57-8a-405(7).

863	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), "association" means a corporation or
864	other legal entity, any member of which:
865	(i) is an owner of a residential lot located within the jurisdiction of the association, as
866	described in the governing documents; and
867	(ii) by virtue of membership or ownership of a residential lot is obligated to pay:
868	(A) real property taxes;
869	(B) insurance premiums;
870	(C) maintenance costs; or
871	(D) for improvement of real property not owned by the member.
872	(b) "Association" or "homeowner association" does not include an association created
873	under [Title 57, Chapter 8, Condominium Ownership Act] Chapter 8, Condominium
874	Ownership Act.
875	(3) "Board meeting" means a gathering of a board, whether in person or by means of
876	electronic communication, at which the board can take binding action.
877	(4) "Board of directors" or "board" means the entity, regardless of name, with primary
878	authority to manage the affairs of the association.
879	(5) "Common areas" means property that the association:
880	(a) owns;
881	(b) maintains;
882	(c) repairs; or
883	(d) administers.
884	(6) "Common expense" means costs incurred by the association to exercise any of the
885	powers provided for in the association's governing documents.
886	(7) "Declarant":
887	(a) means the person who executes a declaration and submits it for recording in the
888	office of the recorder of the county in which the property described in the declaration is
889	located; and
890	(b) includes the person's successor and assign.
891	(8) "Director"means a member of the board of directors.
892	[(8)] (9) "Electrical corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section
893	54-2-1.

894	[(9)] (10) "Gas corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 54-2-1.
895	[(10)] (11) (a) "Governing documents" means a written instrument by which the
896	association may:
897	(i) exercise powers; or
898	(ii) manage, maintain, or otherwise affect the property under the jurisdiction of the
899	association.
900	(b) "Governing documents" includes:
901	(i) articles of incorporation;
902	(ii) bylaws;
903	(iii) a plat;
904	(iv) a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions; and
905	(v) rules of the association.
906	[(11)] (12) "Independent third party" means a person that:
907	(a) is not related to the owner of the residential lot;
908	(b) shares no pecuniary interests with the owner of the residential lot; and
909	(c) purchases the residential lot in good faith and without the intent to defraud a current
910	or future lienholder.
911	[(12)] (13) "Judicial foreclosure" means a foreclosure of a lot:
912	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
913	(b) in the manner provided by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage on real property;
914	and
915	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
916	[(13)] (14) "Lease" or "leasing" means regular, exclusive occupancy of a lot:
917	(a) by a person or persons other than the owner; and
918	(b) for which the owner receives a consideration or benefit, including a fee, service,
919	gratuity, or emolument.
920	[(14)] (15) "Limited common areas" means common areas described in the declaration
921	and allocated for the exclusive use of one or more lot owners.
922	[(15)] <u>(16)</u> "Lot" means:
923	(a) a lot, parcel, plot, or other division of land:
924	(i) designated for separate ownership or occupancy; and

925	(ii) (A) shown on a recorded subdivision plat; or
926	(B) the boundaries of which are described in a recorded governing document; or
927	(b) (i) a unit in a condominium association if the condominium association is a part of
928	a development; or
929	(ii) a unit in a real estate cooperative if the real estate cooperative is part of a
930	development.
931	[(16)] (17) (a) "Means of electronic communication" means an electronic system that
932	allows individuals to communicate orally in real time.
933	(b) "Means of electronic communication" includes:
934	(i) web conferencing;
935	(ii) video conferencing; and
936	(iii) telephone conferencing.
937	[(17)] (18) "Mixed-use project" means a project under this chapter that has both
938	residential and commercial lots in the project.
939	[(18)] (19) "Nonjudicial foreclosure" means the sale of a lot:
940	(a) for the nonpayment of an assessment;
941	(b) in the same manner as the sale of trust property under Sections 57-1-19 through
942	57-1-34; and
943	(c) as provided in Part 3, Collection of Assessments.
944	[(19)] (20) "Period of administrative control" means the period during which the
945	person who filed the association's governing documents or the person's successor in interest
946	retains authority to:
947	(a) appoint or remove members of the association's board of directors; or
948	(b) exercise power or authority assigned to the association under the association's
949	governing documents.
950	(21) "Political sign" means any sign or document that advocates:
951	(a) the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
952	(b) the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
953	(22) "Protected area" meas the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
954	[(20)] (23) "Rentals" or "rental lot" means:
955	(a) a lot that:

956	(i) is not owned by an entity or trust; and
957	(ii) is occupied by an individual while the lot owner is not occupying the lot as the lot
958	owner's primary residence; or
959	(b) an occupied lot owned by an entity or trust, regardless of who occupies the lot.
960	[(21)] (24) "Residential lot" means a lot, the use of which is limited by law, covenant,
961	or otherwise to primarily residential or recreational purposes.
962	(25) (a) "Rule" means a policy, guideline, restriction, procedure, or regulation of an
963	association that:
964	(i) is not set forth in a contract, easement, article of incorporation, bylaw, or
965	declaration; and
966	(ii) governs:
967	(A) the conduct of persons; or
968	(B) the use, quality, type, design, or appearance of real property or personal property.
969	(b) "Rule" does not include the internal business operating procedures of a board.
970	(26) "Sex offender" means the same as that term is defined in Section 77-27-21.7.
971	[(22)] <u>(27)</u> "Solar energy system" means:
972	(a) a system that is used to produce electric energy from sunlight; and
973	(b) the components of the system described in Subsection $[\frac{(22)(a)}{(27)(a)}]$.
974	Section 9. Section 57-8a-105 is amended to read:
975	57-8a-105. Registration with Department of Commerce Department
976	publication of educational materials.
977	(1) As used in this section, "department" means the Department of Commerce created
978	in Section 13-1-2.
979	(2) (a) No later than 90 days after the recording of a declaration of covenants,
980	conditions, and restrictions establishing an association, the association shall register with the
981	department in the manner established by the department.
982	(b) An association existing under a declaration of covenants, conditions, and
983	restrictions recorded before May 10, 2011, shall, no later than July 1, 2011, register with the
984	department in the manner established by the department.
985	(3) The department shall require an association registering as required in this section to
986	provide with each registration:

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- 987 (a) the name and address of the association;
 - (b) the name, address, telephone number, and, if applicable, email address of the chair of the association board;
 - (c) contact information for the manager;
 - (d) the name, address, telephone number, and, if the contact person wishes to use email or facsimile transmission for communicating payoff information, the email address or facsimile number, as applicable, of a primary contact person who has association payoff information that a closing agent needs in connection with the closing of a lot owner's financing, refinancing, or sale of the owner's lot; and
 - (e) a registration fee not to exceed \$37.
 - (4) An association that has registered under Subsection (2) shall submit to the department an updated registration, in the manner established by the department, within 90 days after a change in any of the information provided under Subsection (3).
 - (5) (a) During any period of noncompliance with the registration requirement described in Subsection (2) or the requirement for an updated registration described in Subsection (4):
 - (i) a lien may not arise under Section 57-8a-301; and
 - (ii) an association may not enforce an existing lien that arose under Section 57-8a-301.
 - (b) A period of noncompliance with the registration requirement of Subsection (2) or with the updated registration requirement of Subsection (4) does not begin until after the expiration of the 90-day period specified in Subsection (2) or (4), respectively.
 - (c) An association that is not in compliance with the registration requirement described in Subsection (2) may end the period of noncompliance by registering with the department in the manner established by the department under Subsection (2).
 - (d) An association that is not in compliance with the updated registration requirement described in Subsection (4) may end the period of noncompliance by submitting to the department an updated registration in the manner established by the department under Subsection (4).
 - (e) Except as described in Subsection (5)(f), beginning on the date an association ends a period of noncompliance:
 - (i) a lien may arise under Section 57-8a-301 for any event that:
- 1017 (A) occurred during the period of noncompliance; and

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1018	(B) would have given rise to a lien under Section 57-8a-301 had the association been in
1019	compliance with the registration requirements described in this section; and
1020	(ii) an association may enforce a lien described in this Subsection (5)(e) or a lien that
1021	existed before the period of noncompliance.
1022	(f) If an owner's residential lot is conveyed to an independent third party during a
1023	period of noncompliance described in this Subsection (5):
1024	(i) a lien that arose under Section 57-8a-301 before the conveyance of the residential
1025	lot became final is extinguished when the conveyance of the residential lot becomes final; and
1026	(ii) an event that occurred before the conveyance of the residential lot became final,
1027	and that would have given rise to a lien under Section 57-8a-301 had the association been in
1028	compliance with the registration requirements of this section, may not give rise to a lien under
1029	Section 57-8a-301 if the conveyance of the residential lot becomes final before the association
1030	ends the period of noncompliance.
1031	(6) The department shall publish educational materials on the department's website
1032	providing, in simple and easy to understand language, a brief overview of state law governing
1033	associations, including:
1034	(a) a description of the rights and responsibilities provided in this chapter to any party
1035	under the jurisdiction of an association; and
1036	(b) instructions regarding how an association may be organized and dismantled in
1037	accordance with this chapter.
1038	(7) (a) Unless otherwise expressly exempted, this chapter applies to an association that
1039	registers, or renews or updates the association's registration, with the department under this
1040	section.
1041	(b) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is created.
1042	Section 10. Section 57-8a-209 is amended to read:
1043	57-8a-209. Rental restrictions.
1044	(1) (a) Subject to Subsections (1)(b), (5), (6), and (10), an association may:

(i) create restrictions on the number and term of rentals in an association; or

Subsection (1)(a) shall create the rental restriction or prohibition in a recorded declaration of

(b) An association that creates a rental restriction or prohibition in accordance with

(ii) prohibit rentals in the association.

1049	covenants, conditions, and restrictions, or by amending the recorded declaration of covenants,
1050	conditions, and restrictions.
1051	(2) If an association prohibits or imposes restrictions on the number and term of
1052	rentals, the restrictions shall include:
1053	(a) a provision that requires the association to exempt from the rental restrictions the
1054	following lot owner and the lot owner's lot:
1055	(i) a lot owner in the military for the period of the lot owner's deployment;
1056	(ii) a lot occupied by a lot owner's parent, child, or sibling;
1057	(iii) a lot owner whose employer has relocated the lot owner for two years or less;
1058	(iv) a lot owned by an entity that is occupied by an individual who:
1059	(A) has voting rights under the entity's organizing documents; and
1060	(B) has a 25% or greater share of ownership, control, and right to profits and losses of
1061	the entity; or
1062	(v) a lot owned by a trust or other entity created for estate planning purposes if the trust
1063	or other estate planning entity was created for:
1064	(A) the estate of a current resident of the lot; or
1065	(B) the parent, child, or sibling of the current resident of the lot;
1066	(b) a provision that allows a lot owner who has a rental in the association before the
1067	time the rental restriction described in Subsection (1)(a) is recorded with the county recorder of
1068	the county in which the association is located to continue renting until:
1069	(i) the lot owner occupies the lot;
1070	(ii) an officer, owner, member, trustee, beneficiary, director, or person holding a
1071	similar position of ownership or control of an entity or trust that holds an ownership interest in
1072	the lot, occupies the lot; or
1073	(iii) the lot is transferred; and
1074	(c) a requirement that the association create, by rule or resolution, procedures to:
1075	(i) determine and track the number of rentals and lots in the association subject to the
1076	provisions described in Subsections (2)(a) and (b); and
1077	(ii) ensure consistent administration and enforcement of the rental restrictions.
1078	(3) For purposes of Subsection (2)(b)(iii), a transfer occurs when one or more of the
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- 1080 (a) the conveyance, sale, or other transfer of a lot by deed;
- (b) the granting of a life estate in the lot; or
- 1082 (c) if the lot is owned by a limited liability company, corporation, partnership, or other 1083 business entity, the sale or transfer of more than 75% of the business entity's share, stock, 1084 membership interests, or partnership interests in a 12-month period.
 - (4) This section does not limit or affect residency age requirements for an association that complies with the requirements of the Housing for Older Persons Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 3607.
 - (5) A declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions or amendments to the declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions recorded before the transfer of the first lot from the initial declarant may prohibit or restrict rentals without providing for the exceptions, provisions, and procedures required under Subsection (2).
 - (6) (a) Subsections (1) through (5) do not apply to:
 - (i) an association that contains a time period unit as defined in Section 57-8-3;
 - (ii) any other form of timeshare interest as defined in Section 57-19-2; or
 - (iii) subject to Subsection (6)(b), an association that is formed before May 12, 2009, unless, on or after May 12, 2015, the association:
 - (A) adopts a rental restriction or prohibition; or
 - (B) amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition.
 - (b) An association that adopts a rental restriction or amends an existing rental restriction or prohibition before May 9, 2017, is not required to include the exemption described in Subsection (2)(a)(iv).
 - (7) Notwithstanding this section, an association may restrict or prohibit rentals without an exception described in Subsection (2) if:
 - (a) the restriction or prohibition receives unanimous approval by all lot owners; and
 - (b) when the restriction or prohibition requires an amendment to the association's recorded declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions, the association fulfills all other requirements for amending the recorded declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions described in the association's governing documents.
- 1109 (8) Except as provided in Subsection (9), an association may not require a lot owner 1110 who owns a rental lot to:

1111	(a) obtain the association's approval of a prospective renter;
1112	(b) give the association:
1113	(i) a copy of a rental application;
1114	(ii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's credit information or credit report;
1115	(iii) a copy of a renter's or prospective renter's background check; or
1116	(iv) documentation to verify the renter's age; or
1117	(c) pay an additional assessment, fine, or fee because the lot is a rental lot.
1118	(9) (a) A lot owner who owns a rental lot shall give an association the documents
1119	described in Subsection (8)(b) if the lot owner is required to provide the documents by court
1120	order or as part of discovery under the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure.
1121	(b) If an association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions lawfully
1122	prohibits or restricts occupancy of the lots by a certain class of individuals, the association may
1123	require a lot owner who owns a rental lot to give the association the information described in
1124	Subsection (8)(b), if:
1125	(i) the information helps the association determine whether the renter's occupancy of
1126	the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions;
1127	and
1128	(ii) the association uses the information to determine whether the renter's occupancy of
1129	the lot complies with the association's declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions.
1130	(c) An association that permits at least 35% of the lots in the association to be rental
1131	lots may charge a lot owner who owns a rental lot an annual fee of up to \$200 to defray the
1132	association's additional administrative expenses directly related to a lot that is a rental lot, as
1133	detailed in an accounting provided to the lot owner.
1134	(10) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), an association may not restrict or prohibit the
1135	rental of an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section 10-9a-530, constructed
1136	within a lot owner's residential lot, if the internal accessory dwelling unit complies with all
1137	applicable:
1138	(a) land use ordinances;
1139	(b) building codes;
1140	(c) health codes; and
1141	(d) fire codes.

1142	(11) The provisions of Subsections (8) through (10) apply to an association regardless
1143	of when the association is created.
1144	Section 11. Section 57-8a-217 is amended to read:
1145	57-8a-217. Association rules, including design criteria Requirements and
1146	limitations relating to board's action on rules and design criteria Vote of disapproval.
1147	(1) (a) Subject to Subsection (1)(b), a board may adopt, amend, modify, cancel, limit,
1148	create exceptions to, \underline{or} expand[$\overline{,}$ or enforce] the rules [\overline{and} design criteria] of the association.
1149	(b) A board's action under Subsection (1)(a) is subject to:
1150	(i) this section;
1151	(ii) any limitation that the declaration imposes on the authority stated in Subsection
1152	(1)(a);
1153	(iii) the limitation on rules in Sections 57-8a-218 and 57-8a-219;
1154	(iv) the board's duty to exercise business judgment on behalf of:
1155	(A) the association; and
1156	(B) the lot owners in the association; [and]
1157	(v) the right of the lot owners or declarant to disapprove the action under Subsection
1158	(4)[.] <u>; and</u>
1159	(vi) Subsection (7).
1160	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), before adopting, amending, modifying,
1161	canceling, limiting, creating exceptions to, or expanding the rules [and design criteria] of the
1162	association, the board shall:
1163	(a) at least 15 days before the board will meet to consider a change to a rule or design
1164	criterion, deliver notice to lot owners, as provided in Section 57-8a-214, that the board is
1165	considering a change to a rule or design criterion;
1166	(b) provide an open forum at the board meeting giving lot owners an opportunity to be
1167	heard at the board meeting before the board takes action under Subsection (1)(a); and
1168	(c) deliver a copy of the change in the rules or design criteria approved by the board to
1169	the lot owners as provided in Section 57-8a-214 within 15 days after the date of the board
1170	meeting.
1171	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), a board may adopt a rule without first giving

notice to the lot owners under Subsection (2) if there is an imminent risk of harm to a common

owners similarly.

1173	area, a limited common area, a lot owner, an occupant of a lot, a lot, or a dwelling.
1174	(b) The board shall provide notice under Subsection (2) to the lot owners of a rule
1175	adopted under Subsection (3)(a).
1176	(4) A board action in accordance with Subsections (1), (2), and (3) is disapproved if
1177	within 60 days after the date of the board meeting where the action was taken:
1178	(a) (i) there is a vote of disapproval by at least 51% of all the allocated voting interests
1179	of the lot owners in the association; and
1180	(ii) the vote is taken at a special meeting called for that purpose by the lot owners
1181	under the declaration, articles, or bylaws; or
1182	(b) (i) the declarant delivers to the board a writing of disapproval; and
1183	(ii) (A) the declarant is within the period of administrative control; or
1184	(B) for an expandable project, the declarant has the right to add real estate to the
1185	project.
1186	(5) (a) The board has no obligation to call a meeting of the lot owners to consider
1187	disapproval, unless lot owners submit a petition, in the same manner as the declaration,
1188	articles, or bylaws provide for a special meeting, for the meeting to be held.
1189	(b) Upon the board receiving a petition under Subsection (5)(a), the effect of the
1190	board's action is:
1191	(i) stayed until after the meeting is held; and
1192	(ii) subject to the outcome of the meeting.
1193	(6) During the period of administrative control, a declarant may exempt the declarant
1194	from association rules and the rulemaking procedure under this section if the declaration
1195	reserves to the declarant the right to exempt the declarant.
1196	(7) An action against an association or member of the association's board based upon
1197	failure to comply with the requirements of Subsection (2) shall be commenced no later than 18
1198	months after the day on which the board took the challenged action under Subsection (2).
1199	Section 12. Section 57-8a-218 is amended to read:
1200	57-8a-218. Equal treatment by rules required Limits on association rules and
1201	design criteria.
1202	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), a rule shall treat similarly situated lot

1204 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a rule may: 1205 (i) vary according to the level and type of service that the association provides to lot 1206 owners: 1207 (ii) differ between residential and nonresidential uses; and 1208 (iii) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable 1209 limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities as guests of 1210 the lot tenant or lot owner. 1211 (2) (a) If a lot owner owns a rental lot and is in compliance with the association's 1212 governing documents and any rule that the association adopts under Subsection (4), a rule may 1213 not treat the lot owner differently because the lot owner owns a rental lot. 1214 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a rule may: 1215 (i) limit or prohibit a rental lot owner from using the common areas for purposes other 1216 than attending an association meeting or managing the rental lot; 1217 (ii) if the rental lot owner retains the right to use the association's common areas, even 1218 occasionally: 1219 (A) charge a rental lot owner a fee to use the common areas; or (B) for a lot that an owner leases for a term of less than 30 days, impose a reasonable 1220 1221 limit on the number of individuals who may use the common areas and facilities as guests of 1222 the lot tenant or lot owner; or 1223 (iii) include a provision in the association's governing documents that: 1224 (A) requires each tenant of a rental lot to abide by the terms of the governing documents; and 1225 1226 (B) holds the tenant and the rental lot owner jointly and severally liable for a violation 1227 of a provision of the governing documents. 1228 (3) (a) A rule criterion may not abridge the rights of a lot owner to display a religious 1229 or holiday sign, symbol, or decoration: 1230 (i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or 1231 (ii) outside a dwelling on: 1232 (A) a lot; 1233 (B) the exterior of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest in, or

a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the exterior; or

1235 (C) the front yard of the dwelling, unless the association has an ownership interest in, 1236 or a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation for, the yard. 1237 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the association may adopt a reasonable time, 1238 place, and manner restriction with respect to a display that is: 1239 (i) outside a dwelling on: 1240 (A) a lot; (B) the exterior of the dwelling; or 1241 1242 (C) the front vard of the dwelling; and 1243 (ii) visible from outside the lot. 1244 (4) (a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a political sign: 1245 (i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or (ii) outside a dwelling on: 1246 1247 (A) a lot: 1248 (B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an ownership 1249 interest in the exterior; or 1250 (C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an ownership interest in the yard. 1251 1252 (b) A rule may not regulate the content of a political sign. 1253 (c) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place, 1254 and manner of posting a political sign. 1255 (d) An association design provision may not establish design criteria for a political 1256 sign. 1257 (5) (a) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from displaying a for-sale sign: 1258 (i) inside a dwelling on a lot; or 1259 (ii) outside a dwelling on: 1260 (A) a lot: 1261 (B) the exterior of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an ownership 1262 interest in the exterior: or 1263 (C) the front yard of the dwelling, regardless of whether the association has an 1264 ownership interest in the yard. 1265 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (5)(a), a rule may reasonably regulate the time, place,

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1266	and manner of posting a for-sale sign.
1267	(6) (a) A rule may not interfere with the freedom of a lot owner to determine the
1268	composition of the lot owner's household.
1269	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(a), an association may:
1270	(i) require that all occupants of a dwelling be members of a single housekeeping unit;
1271	or
1272	(ii) limit the total number of occupants permitted in each residential dwelling on the
1273	basis of the residential dwelling's:
1274	(A) size and facilities; and
1275	(B) fair use of the common areas.
1276	(7) (a) A rule may not interfere with a reasonable activity of a lot owner within the
1277	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, to the extent that
1278	the activity is in compliance with local laws and ordinances, including nuisance laws and
1279	ordinances.
1280	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(a), a rule may prohibit an activity within the
1281	confines of a dwelling or lot, including backyard landscaping or amenities, if the activity:
1282	(i) is not normally associated with a project restricted to residential use; or
1283	(ii) (A) creates monetary costs for the association or other lot owners;
1284	(B) creates a danger to the health or safety of occupants of other lots;
1285	(C) generates excessive noise or traffic;
1286	(D) creates unsightly conditions visible from outside the dwelling;
1287	(E) creates an unreasonable source of annoyance to persons outside the lot; or
1288	(F) if there are attached dwellings, creates the potential for smoke to enter another lot
1289	owner's dwelling, the common areas, or limited common areas.
1290	(c) If permitted by law, an association may adopt rules described in Subsection (7)(b)
1291	that affect the use of or behavior inside the dwelling.
1292	(8) (a) A rule may not, to the detriment of a lot owner and over the lot owner's written
1293	objection to the board, alter the allocation of financial burdens among the various lots.
1294	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (8)(a), an association may:

(i) change the common areas available to a lot owner;

(ii) adopt generally applicable rules for the use of common areas; or

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1297	(iii) deny use privileges to a lot owner who:
1298	(A) is delinquent in paying assessments;
1299	(B) abuses the common areas; or
1300	(C) violates the governing documents.
1301	(c) This Subsection (8) does not permit a rule that:
1302	(i) alters the method of levying assessments; or
1303	(ii) increases the amount of assessments as provided in the declaration.
1304	(9) (a) Subject to Subsection (9)(b), a rule may not:
1305	(i) prohibit the transfer of a lot; or
1306	(ii) require the consent of the association or board to transfer a lot.
1307	(b) Unless contrary to a declaration, a rule may require a minimum lease term.
1308	(10) (a) A rule may not require a lot owner to dispose of personal property that was in
1309	or on a lot before the adoption of the rule or design criteria if the personal property was in
1310	compliance with all rules and other governing documents previously in force.
1311	(b) The exemption in Subsection (10)(a):
1312	(i) applies during the period of the lot owner's ownership of the lot; and
1313	(ii) does not apply to a subsequent lot owner who takes title to the lot after adoption of
1314	the rule described in Subsection (10)(a).
1315	(11) A rule or action by the association or action by the board may not unreasonably
1316	impede a declarant's ability to satisfy existing development financing for community
1317	improvements and right to develop:
1318	(a) the project; or
1319	(b) other properties in the vicinity of the project.
1320	(12) A rule or association or board action may not interfere with:
1321	(a) the use or operation of an amenity that the association does not own or control; or
1322	(b) the exercise of a right associated with an easement.
1323	(13) A rule may not divest a lot owner of the right to proceed in accordance with a
1324	completed application for design review, or to proceed in accordance with another approval
1325	process, under the terms of the governing documents in existence at the time the completed
1326	application was submitted by the owner for review.
1327	(14) Unless otherwise provided in the declaration, an association may by rule:

1328	(a) regulate the use, maintenance, repair, replacement, and modification of common
1329	areas;
1330	(b) impose and receive any payment, fee, or charge for:
1331	(i) the use, rental, or operation of the common areas, except limited common areas; and
1332	(ii) a service provided to a lot owner;
1333	(c) impose a charge for a late payment of an assessment; or
1334	(d) provide for the indemnification of the association's officers and board consistent
1335	with Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act.
1336	(15) A rule may not prohibit a lot owner from installing a personal security camera
1337	immediately adjacent to the entryway, window, or other outside entry point of the owner's
1338	dwelling unit.
1339	(16) (a) An association[:]
1340	[(a)] shall adopt rules supporting water-efficient landscaping, including allowance for
1341	low water use on lawns during drought conditions[; and] .
1342	(b) A rule may not:
1343	(i) prohibit or restrict the conversion of a grass park strip to water-efficient
1344	landscaping[-]; or
1345	(ii) prohibit low water use on lawns during drought conditions.
1346	(c) An association subject to this chapter and formed before March 5, 2023, shall adopt
1347	rules required under Subsection (16)(a) before June 30, 2023.
1348	(17) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (17)(b), a rule may not prohibit the owner of
1349	a residential lot from constructing an internal accessory dwelling unit, as defined in Section
1350	10-9a-530, within the owner's residential lot.
1351	(b) Subsection (17)(a) does not apply if the construction would violate:
1352	(i) a local land use ordinance;
1353	(ii) a building code;
1354	(iii) a health code; or
1355	(iv) a fire code.
1356	(18) A rule may restrict a sex offender from accessing a protected area that is
1357	maintained, operated, or owned by the association, subject to the exceptions described in
1358	Subsection 77-27-21.7(3).

1359	[(18)] <u>(19)</u> A rule shall be reasonable.
1360	[(19)] (20) A declaration, or an amendment to a declaration, may vary any of the
1361	requirements of Subsections (1), (2), (6), and (8) through (14), except Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
1362	[(20)] (21) A rule may not be inconsistent with a provision of the association's
1363	declaration, bylaws, or articles of incorporation.
1364	[(21)] (22) This section applies to an association regardless of when the association is
1365	created.
1366	Section 13. Section 57-8a-501 is amended to read:
1367	57-8a-501. Board.
1368	(1) A director shall be:
1369	(a) a natural person; and
1370	(b) 18 years old or older.
1371	(2) An association's bylaws may prescribe other qualifications for directors in addition
1372	to the requirements described in Subsection (1).
1373	(3) Without limiting the qualifications an association prescribes under Subsection (2),
1374	an association may, through governing documents or the board's internal procedures, disqualify
1375	an individual from serving as a director because the individual:
1376	(a) has been convicted of a felony; or
1377	(b) is a sex offender.
1378	(4) A director need not be a resident of this state or a unit owner in the association
1379	unless required by the association's bylaws.
1380	(5) Except as limited in a declaration, the association bylaws, or other provisions of
1381	this chapter, a board acts in all instances on behalf of the association.
1382	Section 14. Section 57-8a-701 is amended to read:
1383	57-8a-701. Solar energy system Prohibition or restriction in declaration or
1384	association rule.
1385	(1) As used in this section, "detached dwelling" means a detached dwelling for which
1386	the association does not have an ownership interest in the detached dwelling's roof.
1387	(2) (a) A governing document other than a declaration may not prohibit an owner of a
1388	lot with:
1389	(i) a detached dwelling from installing a solar energy system; or

1390 (ii) a dwelling attached to other dwellings from installing a solar energy system, if: 1391 (A) the association does not have an ownership interest in the dwelling's roof or 1392 building exterior; 1393 (B) the association does not have a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation in 1394 the dwelling's roof or building exterior; and 1395 (C) all lot owners with attached dwellings in the building agree to the installation of the 1396 solar energy system. 1397 (b) A governing document other than a declaration or an association rule may not 1398 restrict an owner of a lot with: 1399 (i) a detached dwelling from installing a solar energy system on the owner's lot; or 1400 (ii) a dwelling attached to other dwellings from installing a solar energy system on the 1401 roof of the dwelling's building, if: 1402 (A) the association does not have an ownership interest in the dwelling's roof or 1403 building exterior; 1404 (B) the association does not have a maintenance, repair, or replacement obligation in 1405 the dwelling's roof or building exterior; and 1406 (C) all lot owners with attached dwellings in the building agree to the installation of the 1407 solar energy system. 1408 (3) A declaration may, for a lot with a detached dwelling: 1409 (a) prohibit a lot owner from installing a solar energy system; or 1410 (b) impose a restriction other than a prohibition on a solar energy system's size, 1411 location, or manner of placement if the restriction: 1412 (i) decreases the solar energy system's production by 5% or less; 1413 (ii) increases the solar energy system's cost of installation by 5% or less; and 1414 (iii) complies with Subsection (6). 1415 (4) (a) If a declaration does not expressly prohibit the installation of a solar energy 1416 system on a lot with a detached dwelling, an association may not amend the declaration to 1417 impose a prohibition on the installation of a solar energy system unless the association 1418 approves the prohibition by a vote of greater than 67% of the allocated voting interests of the 1419 lot owners in the association.

(b) An association may amend an existing provision in a declaration that prohibits the

1421	installation of a solar energy system on a lot with a detached dwelling if the association
1422	approves the amendment by a vote of greater than 67% of the allocated voting interests of the
1423	lot owners in the association.
1424	(5) An association may, by association rule, for a lot with a detached dwelling, impose
1425	a restriction other than a prohibition on a lot owner's installation of a solar energy system if the
1426	restriction:
1427	(a) complies with Subsection (6);
1428	(b) decreases the solar energy system's production by 5% or less; and
1429	(c) increases the solar energy system's cost of installation by 5% or less.
1430	(6) A declaration or an association rule may require an owner of a [detached] dwelling
1431	that installs a solar energy system on the owner's lot:
1432	(a) to install a solar energy system that, or install the solar energy system in a manner
1433	that:
1434	(i) complies with applicable health, safety, and building requirements established by
1435	the state or a political subdivision of the state;
1436	(ii) if the solar energy system is used to heat water, is certified by:
1437	(A) the Solar Rating and Certification Corporation; or
1438	(B) a nationally recognized solar certification entity;
1439	(iii) if the solar energy system is used to produce electricity, complies with applicable
1440	safety and performance standards established by:
1441	(A) the National Electric Code;
1442	(B) the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers;
1443	(C) Underwriters Laboratories;
1444	(D) an accredited electrical testing laboratory; or
1445	(E) the state or a political subdivision of the state;
1446	(iv) if the solar energy system is mounted on a roof:
1447	(A) does not extend above the roof line; or
1448	(B) has panel frame, support bracket, or visible piping or wiring that has a color or
1449	texture that is similar to the roof material; or
1450	(v) if the solar energy system is mounted on the ground, is not visible from the street
1451	that a lot fronts;

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1452 (b) to pay any reasonable cost or expense incurred by the association to review an 1453 application to install a solar energy system; 1454 (c) be responsible, jointly and severally with any subsequent owner of the lot while the 1455 violation of the rule or requirement occurs, for any cost or expense incurred by the association 1456 to enforce a declaration requirement or association rule; or 1457 (d) as a condition of installing a solar energy system, to record a deed restriction 1458 against the owner's lot that runs with the land that requires the current owner of the lot to 1459 indemnify or reimburse the association or a member of the association for any loss or damage 1460 caused by the installation, maintenance, or use of the solar energy system, including costs and 1461 reasonable attorney fees incurred by the association or a member of the association. 1462 Section 15. Section 57-8a-802 is amended to read: 1463 57-8a-802. Electric vehicle charging systems -- Restrictions -- Responsibilities. (1) Notwithstanding any provision in an association's governing documents to the 1464 1465 contrary, an association may not prohibit a lot owner from installing or using a charging system 1466 in: 1467 (a) a parking space: 1468 (i) on the lot owner's lot; and 1469 (ii) used for the parking or storage of a vehicle or equipment; or 1470 (b) a limited common area parking space designated for the lot owner's exclusive use. 1471 (2) An association may: 1472 (a) require a lot owner to submit an application for approval of the installation of a 1473 charging system; 1474 (b) require the lot owner to agree in writing to: 1475 (i) hire a general electrical contractor or residential electrical contractor to install the 1476 charging system; or 1477 (ii) if a charging system is installed in a common area, provide reimbursement to the 1478 association for the actual cost of the increase in the association's insurance premium 1479 attributable to the installation or use of the charging system; 1480 (c) require a charging system to comply with:

(i) the association's reasonable design criteria governing the dimensions, placement, or

external appearance of the charging system; or

1483	(ii) applicable building codes;
1484	(d) impose a reasonable charge to cover costs associated with the review and
1485	permitting of a charging [station] system;
1486	(e) impose a reasonable restriction on the installation and use of a charging [station]
1487	system that does not significantly:
1488	(i) increase the cost of the charging [station] system; or
1489	(ii) decrease the efficiency or performance of the charging [station] system; or
1490	(f) require a lot owner to pay the costs associated with installation, metering, and use of
1491	the charging [station] system, including the cost of:
1492	(i) electricity associated with the charging [station] system; and
1493	(ii) damage to a general common area, a limited common area, or an area subject to the
1494	exclusive use of another lot owner that results from the installation, use, maintenance, repair,
1495	removal, or replacement of the charging [station] system.
1496	(3) A lot owner who installs a charging system shall disclose to a prospective buyer of
1497	the lot:
1498	(a) the existence of the charging [station] system; and
1499	(b) the lot owner's related responsibilities under this section.
1500	(4) Unless the lot owner and the association or the declarant otherwise agree:
1501	(a) a charging [station] system installed under this section is the personal property of
1502	the lot owner of the lot with which the charging [station] system is associated; and
1503	(b) a lot owner who installs a charging [station] system shall, before transferring
1504	ownership of the owner's lot, unless the prospective buyer of the lot accepts ownership and all
1505	rights and responsibilities that apply to the charging [station] system under this section:
1506	(i) remove the charging [station] system; and
1507	(ii) restore the premises to the condition before installation of the charging [station]
1508	system.