	MEDICAL CANNABIS ACT AMENDMENTS	
2	2022 GENERAL SESSION	
3	STATE OF UTAH	
ļ	Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers	
5	House Sponsor: Joel Ferry	
7	LONG TITLE	:
3	General Description:	
)	This bill amends provisions related to the production and distribution of medical	
)	cannabis.	
-	Highlighted Provisions:	
	This bill:	
	defines terms;	
	 clarifies the distinction between allowable hemp products and medical cannabis 	
	products based on tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) and THC analog concentration;	
	 requires certain retailers marketing a hemp or cannabinoid product to include a 	
	statement that the product is not cannabis or medical cannabis;	
	requires the identification of any cannabinoids above a certain quantity in a	
	cannabis product;	
	 identifies an unlawful act of distributing, selling, or marketing an industrial hemp 	
	product that contains a certain amount of THC or a THC analog;	
	 allows the Utah Department of Agriculture and Food (UDAF) to partner with 	
	research universities to provide cannabis testing laboratories;	
	 grants rulemaking authority to UDAF to establish performance standards for 	
	licensed independent cannabis testing laboratories;	
	 provides that certain licenses are non-transferable, and new owners of a licensed 	
	business are subject to a modified application process for a new license;	
3	 prohibits the introduction of industrial hemp waste from outside the state into the 	

29	medical cannabis production stream;
30	 provides rulemaking authority to UDAF to further define standards regarding labels,
31	packaging, and product forms that may appeal to children;
32	 amends product labeling requirements;
33	• clarifies that a sugar coating on certain cannabis product is not prohibited under
34	certain circumstances;
35	 clarifies provisions related to the liquid suspension medicinal dosage form;
36	 includes an aerosol as an approved medicinal dosage form;
37	 expands medical cannabis pharmacy employee access to the electronic verification
38	system;
39	 amends an exception for public employee protections;
40	 removes a requirement for medical provider approval of a patient's caregiver
41	designation;
42	 allows the Utah Department of Health (UDOH) to issue conditional medical
43	cannabis caregiver cards in relation to designating patients with a terminal illness;
44	 amends provisions regarding designated caregivers to contemplate a caregiver being
45	designated by more than one medical cannabis cardholder;
46	 allows UDOH to issue a conditional medical cannabis pharmacy license when a
47	license renewal process is not complete before the pharmacy's license expires;
48	 requires medical cannabis pharmacy agents to complete certain continuing
49	education in federal health privacy laws;
50	 removes a prohibition on medical cannabis pharmacies employing an individual
51	with a felony;
52	 allows for the Cannabis Production Establishment Licensing Advisory Board to

recommending medical providers;

review certain information in a closed meeting;

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• aligns the concept of unprofessional conduct between the various types of

56	 removes certain outdated dates; and
57	makes technical and conforming changes.
58	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
59	None
60	Other Special Clauses:
61	This bill provides a special effective date.
62	This bill provides a coordination clause.
63	Utah Code Sections Affected:
64	AMENDS:
65	4-41-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapters 12 and 14
66	4-41-103.3, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 14
67	4-41-103.4, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 14
68	4-41-105, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 14
69	4-41-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 12
70	4-41a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 337 and 350
71	4-41a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
72	4-41a-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
73	4-41a-501, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
74	4-41a-502, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Third Special Session,
75	Chapter 1
76	4-41a-602, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 337 and 350
77	4-41a-603, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
78	4-41a-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
79	26-61a-102 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 337 and 350
80	26-61a-103 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 17, 337, 344, and 350
81	26-61a-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 344
82	26-61a-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 17 and further amended

83	by Revisor Instructions, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 337, 337, and 350
84	26-61a-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 17, 337, and 350
85	26-61a-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
86	26-61a-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
87	26-61a-303, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 84 and 345
88	26-61a-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
89	26-61a-401, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 337
90	26-61a-501 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 337 and 350
91	26-61a-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 337, 350 and last
92	amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
93	26-61a-604, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 354
94	26-61a-606, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
95	52-4-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 179 and 231
96	58-5a-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 337
97	58-31b-502, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 263 and 337
98	58-70a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapters 312 and 337
99	Utah Code Sections Affected by Coordination Clause:
100	26-61a-505 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 350
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102	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
103	Section 1. Section 4-41-102 is amended to read:
104	4-41-102. Definitions.
105	As used in this chapter:
106	(1) "Cannabinoid product" means a [chemical compound extracted from a hemp]
107	product that:
108	[(a) is processed into a medicinal dosage form; and]
109	(a) contains one or more cannabinoids;

110	(b) contains less than [0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol] the cannabinoid product THC level,
111	by dry weight[-]; and
112	(c) after December 1, 2022, contains a combined amount of total THC and any THC
113	analog that does not exceed 10% of the total cannabinoid content.
114	(2) "Cannabinoid product THC level" means a combined concentration of total THC
115	and any THC analog of less than 0.3% on a dry weight basis if laboratory testing confirms a
116	result within a measurement of uncertainty that includes the combined concentration of 0.3%.
117	(3) "Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol" or "Delta-9-THC" means the cannabinoid identified
118	as CAS# 1972-08-3, the primary psychotropic cannabinoid in cannabis.
119	$[\frac{(2)}{4}]$ "Industrial hemp" means any part of a cannabis plant, whether growing or not,
120	with a concentration of less than 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol by dry weight.
121	$[\frac{3}{2}]$ [5] "Industrial hemp certificate" means a certificate that the department issues to a
122	higher education institution to grow or cultivate industrial hemp under Subsection 4-41-103(1).
123	[(4)] (6) "Industrial hemp certificate holder" means a person possessing an industrial
124	hemp certificate that the department issues under this chapter.
125	[(5)] (7) "Industrial hemp laboratory permit" means a permit that the department issues
126	to a laboratory qualified to test industrial hemp under the state hemp production plan.
127	[(6)] (8) "Industrial hemp producer license" means a license that the department issues
128	to a person for the purpose of cultivating or processing industrial hemp or an industrial hemp
129	product.
130	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> "Industrial hemp retailer permit" means a permit that the department issues to
131	a retailer who sells any industrial hemp product.
132	[(8)] (10) "Industrial hemp product" means a product derived from, or made by,
133	processing industrial hemp plants or industrial hemp parts.
134	[(9)] (11) "Laboratory permittee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp
135	laboratory permit that the department issues under this chapter.
136	[(10)] (12) "Licensee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp producer license

137	that the department issues under this chapter.
138	[(11)] (13) "Medicinal dosage form" means:
139	(a) a tablet;
140	(b) a capsule;
141	(c) a concentrated oil;
142	(d) a liquid suspension that, after December 1, 2022, does not exceed 30 ml;
143	(e) a sublingual preparation;
144	(f) a topical preparation;
145	(g) a transdermal preparation;
146	(h) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or rectangular
147	cuboid shape; or
148	(i) other preparations that the department approves.
149	[(12)] (14) "Non-compliant material" means:
150	(a) a hemp plant [or hemp product] that does not comply with this chapter, including a
151	cannabis plant [or product that contains] \underline{with} a concentration of 0.3% tetrahydrocannabinol or
152	greater by dry weight[-]; and
153	(b) a cannabinoid product, chemical, or compound with a concentration that exceeds
154	the cannabinoid product THC level.
155	[(13)] (15) "Permittee" means a person possessing a permit that the department issues
156	under this chapter.
157	[(14)] <u>(16)</u> "Person" means:
158	(a) an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited liability company, or
159	corporation; and
160	(b) an agent or employee of an individual, partnership, association, firm, trust, limited
161	liability company, or corporation.
162	[(15)] (17) "Research pilot program" means a program conducted by the department in
163	collaboration with at least one licensee to study methods of cultivating, processing, or

164	marketing industrial hemp.
165	[(16)] (18) "Retailer permittee" means a person possessing an industrial hemp retailer
166	permit that the department issues under this chapter.
167	[(17)] (19) "State hemp production plan" means a plan submitted by the state to, and
168	approved by, the United States Department of Agriculture in accordance with 7 C.F.R. Chapter
169	990.
170	(20) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means a delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol, the
171	cannabinoid identified as CAS# 1972-08-3.
172	(21) (a) "THC analog" means a substance that is structurally or pharmacologically
173	substantially similar to, or is represented as being similar to, delta-9-THC.
174	(b) "THC analog" does not include the following substances or the naturally occurring
175	acid forms of the following substances:
176	(i) cannabichromene (CBC), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 20675-51-8;
177	(ii) cannabicyclol (CBL), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 21366-63-2;
178	(iii) cannabidiol (CBD), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 13956-29-1;
179	(iv) cannabidivarol (CBDV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 24274-48-4;
180	(v) cannabielsoin (CBE), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 52025-76-0;
181	(vi) cannabigerol (CBG), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 25654-31-3;
182	(vii) cannabigerovarin (CBGV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 55824-11-8;
183	(viii) cannabinol (CBN), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 521-35-7;
184	(ix) cannabivarin (CBV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS# 33745-21-0; or
185	(x) delta-9-tetrahydrocannabivarin (THCV), the cannabinoid identified as CAS#
186	<u>31262-37-0.</u>
187	(22) "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" or "total THC" means the sum of the determined
188	amounts of delta-9-THC, tertrahydrocannabinolic acid, calculated as "total THC = delta-9-THC
189	+ (THCA x 0.877)".
190	Section 2. Section 4-41-103.3 is amended to read:

191	4-41-103.3. Industrial hemp retailer permit.
192	(1) [A] Except as provided in Subsection (4), a retailer permittee of the department
193	may market or sell industrial hemp products.
194	(2) A person seeking an industrial hemp retailer permit shall provide to the department:
195	(a) the name of the person that is seeking to market or sell an industrial hemp product;
196	(b) the address of each location where the industrial hemp product will be sold; and
197	(c) written consent allowing a representative of the department to enter all premises
198	where the person is selling an industrial hemp product for the purpose of:
199	(i) conducting a physical inspection; or
200	(ii) ensuring compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
201	(3) The department may set a fee in accordance with Subsection 4-2-103(2) for the
202	application for an industrial hemp retailer permit.
203	(4) Any marketing for an industrial hemp product shall include a notice to consumers
204	that the product is hemp and is not cannabis or medical cannabis, as those terms are defined in
205	Section 26-61a-102.
206	Section 3. Section 4-41-103.4 is amended to read:
207	4-41-103.4. Industrial hemp laboratory permit.
208	(1) The department or a laboratory permittee of the department may test industrial
209	hemp and industrial hemp products.
210	(2) The department or a laboratory permittee of the department may dispose of
211	non-compliant material.
212	(3) A laboratory seeking an industrial hemp laboratory permit shall:
213	(a) demonstrate to the department that:
214	(i) the laboratory and laboratory staff possess the professional certifications required by
215	department rule;
216	(ii) the laboratory has the ability to test industrial hemp and industrial hemp products
217	using the standards, methods, practices, and procedures required by department rule;

218	(iii) the laboratory has the ability to meet the department's minimum standards of
219	performance for detecting [delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol (THC) concentration levels]
220	concentration levels of THC and any cannabinoid known to be present; and
221	(iv) the laboratory has a plan that complies with the department's rule for the safe
222	disposal of non-compliant material; and
223	(b) provide to the department written consent allowing a representative of the
224	department and local law enforcement to enter all premises where the laboratory tests,
225	processes, or stores industrial hemp, industrial hemp products, and non-compliant plants for the
226	purpose of:
227	(i) conducting a physical inspection; or
228	(ii) ensuring compliance with the requirements of this chapter.
229	(4) An individual who has been convicted of a drug-related felony within the last 10
230	years is not eligible to obtain a license under this chapter.
231	(5) The department may set a fee in accordance with Subsection 4-2-103(2) for the
232	application for an industrial hemp laboratory permit.
233	Section 4. Section 4-41-105 is amended to read:
234	4-41-105. Unlawful acts.
235	(1) It is unlawful for a person to cultivate, handle, process, or market living industrial
236	hemp plants, viable hemp seeds, leaf materials, or floral materials derived from industrial hemp
237	without the appropriate license or permit issued by the department under this chapter.
238	(2) It is unlawful for any person to distribute, sell, or market an industrial hemp
239	product or cannabinoid product:
240	(a) that is not registered with the department [pursuant to] under Section 4-41-104[-];
241	<u>or</u>
242	(b) with a cannabinoid concentration that exceeds the cannabinoid product THC level.
243	(3) The department may seize and destroy non-compliant material.
244	(4) Nothing in this chapter authorizes any person to violate federal law, regulation, or

245	any provision of this title.
246	Section 5. Section 4-41-402 is amended to read:
247	4-41-402. Cannabinoid sales and use authorized.
248	(1) The sale or use of a cannabinoid product is prohibited:
249	(a) except as provided in this chapter; or
250	(b) unless the United States Food and Drug Administration approves the product.
251	(2) The department shall keep a list of registered cannabinoid products that the
252	department has determined, in accordance with Section 4-41-403, are safe for human
253	consumption.
254	(3) (a) A person may sell or use a cannabinoid product that is in the list of registered
255	cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2).
256	(b) An individual may use cannabidiol or a cannabidiol product that is not in the list of
257	registered cannabinoid products described in Subsection (2) if:
258	(i) the individual purchased the product outside the state; and
259	(ii) the product's contents do not violate Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled
260	Substances Act.
261	(4) Any marketing for a cannabinoid product shall include a notice to consumers that
262	the product is hemp or CBD and is not cannabis or medical cannabis, as those terms are
263	defined in Section 26-61a-102.
264	Section 6. Section 4-41a-102 is amended to read:
265	4-41a-102. Definitions.
266	As used in this chapter:
267	(1) "Adulterant" means any poisonous or deleterious substance in a quantity that may
268	be injurious to health, including:
269	(a) pesticides;
270	(b) heavy metals;
271	(c) solvents;

272	(d) microbial life;
273	(e) toxins; or
274	(f) foreign matter.
275	(2) "Cannabinoid Product Board" means the Cannabinoid Product Board created in
276	Section 26-61-201.
277	(3) "Cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
278	(4) "Cannabis concentrate" means:
279	(a) the product of any chemical or physical process applied to naturally occurring
280	biomass that concentrates or isolates the cannabinoids contained in the biomass; and
281	(b) any amount of a natural, derivative, or synthetic cannabinoid in the synthetic
282	cannabinoid's purified state.
283	(5) "Cannabis cultivation byproduct" means any portion of a cannabis plant that is not
284	intended to be sold as a cannabis plant product.
285	(6) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means a person that:
286	(a) possesses cannabis;
287	(b) grows or intends to grow cannabis; and
288	(c) sells or intends to sell cannabis to a cannabis cultivation facility, a cannabis
289	processing facility, or a medical cannabis research licensee.
290	(7) "Cannabis cultivation facility agent" means an individual who:
291	(a) is an employee of a cannabis cultivation facility; and
292	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
293	(8) "Cannabis derivative product" means a product made using cannabis concentrate.
294	(9) "Cannabis plant product" means any portion of a cannabis plant intended to be sold
295	in a form that is recognizable as a portion of a cannabis plant.
296	(10) "Cannabis processing facility" means a person that:
297	(a) acquires or intends to acquire cannabis from a cannabis production establishment;
298	(b) possesses cannabis with the intent to manufacture a cannabis product;

299	(c) manufactures or intends to manufacture a cannabis product from unprocessed
300	cannabis or a cannabis extract; and
301	(d) sells or intends to sell a cannabis product to a medical cannabis pharmacy or a
302	medical cannabis research licensee.
303	(11) "Cannabis processing facility agent" means an individual who:
304	(a) is an employee of a cannabis processing facility; and
305	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
306	(12) "Cannabis product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 26-61a-102.
307	(13) "Cannabis production establishment" means a cannabis cultivation facility, a
308	cannabis processing facility, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory.
309	(14) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means a cannabis cultivation facility
310	agent, a cannabis processing facility agent, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory agent.
311	(15) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means a registration
312	card that the department issues that:
313	(a) authorizes an individual to act as a cannabis production establishment agent; and
314	(b) designates the type of cannabis production establishment for which an individual is
315	authorized to act as an agent.
316	(16) "Community location" means a public or private elementary or secondary school,
317	a church, a public library, a public playground, or a public park.
318	(17) "Cultivation space" means, quantified in square feet, the horizontal area in which
319	a cannabis cultivation facility cultivates cannabis, including each level of horizontal area if the
320	cannabis cultivation facility hangs, suspends, stacks, or otherwise positions plants above other
321	plants in multiple levels.
322	[(18) "Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol" or "delta-9-THC" means the cannabinoid
323	identified as CAS# 1972-08-03, the primary psychotropic cannabinoid in cannabis.]
324	[(19)] (18) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Food.
325	[(20)] (19) "Derivative cannabinoid" means any cannabinoid that has been intentionally

326	created using a process to convert a naturally occurring cannabinoid into another cannabinoid.
327	[(21)] (20) "Family member" means a parent, step-parent, spouse, child, sibling,
328	step-sibling, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, first cousin, mother-in-law, father-in-law,
329	brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, grandparent, or grandchild.
330	[(22)] (21) (a) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" means a person that:
331	(i) conducts a chemical or other analysis of cannabis or a cannabis product; or
332	(ii) acquires, possesses, and transports cannabis or a cannabis product with the intent to
333	conduct a chemical or other analysis of the cannabis or cannabis product.
334	(b) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory" includes a laboratory that the department
335	or a research university operates in accordance with Subsection 4-41a-201(14).
336	[(23)] (22) "Independent cannabis testing laboratory agent" means an individual who:
337	(a) is an employee of an independent cannabis testing laboratory; and
338	(b) holds a valid cannabis production establishment agent registration card.
339	[(24)] <u>(23)</u> "Industrial hemp waste" means:
340	(a) a cannabinoid [extract above 0.3% total THC derived from verified industrial hemp
341	biomass] concentrate; or
342	(b) [verified] industrial hemp biomass [with a total THC concentration of less than
343	0.3% by dry weight].
344	[(25)] (24) "Inventory control system" means a system described in Section 4-41a-103.
345	[(26)] (25) "Licensing board" or "board" means the Cannabis Production Establishmen
346	Licensing Advisory Board created in Section 4-41a-201.1.
347	[(27)] (26) "Medical cannabis" means the same as that term is defined in Section
348	26-61a-102.
349	[(28)] (27) "Medical cannabis card" means the same as that term is defined in Section
350	26-61a-102.
351	[(29)] (28) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means the same as that term is defined in
352	Section 26-61a-102.

555	$\left[\frac{(30)}{(29)}\right]$ "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means the same as that term is defined
354	in Section 26-61a-102.
355	[(31)] (30) "Medical cannabis research license" means a license that the department
356	issues to a research university for the purpose of obtaining and possessing medical cannabis for
357	academic research.
358	[(32)] (31) "Medical cannabis research licensee" means a research university that the
359	department licenses to obtain and possess medical cannabis for academic research, in
360	accordance with Section 4-41a-901.
361	[(33)] (32) "Medical cannabis treatment" means the same as that term is defined in
362	Section 26-61a-102.
363	[(34)] (33) "Medicinal dosage form" means the same as that term is defined in Section
364	26-61a-102.
365	[(35)] (34) "Qualified medical provider" means the same as that term is defined in
366	Section 26-61a-102.
367	[(36)] (35) "Qualified Production Enterprise Fund" means the fund created in Section
368	4-41a-104.
369	[(37)] (36) "Recommending medical provider" means the same as that term is defined
370	in Section 26-61a-102.
371	[(38)] (37) "Research university" means the same as that term is defined in Section
372	53B-7-702 and a private, nonprofit college or university in the state that:
373	(a) is accredited by the Northwest Commission on Colleges and Universities;
374	(b) grants doctoral degrees; and
375	(c) has a laboratory containing or a program researching a schedule I controlled
376	substance described in Section 58-37-4.
377	[(39)] (38) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
378	26-61a-103.
379	[(40)] (39) "Synthetic cannabinoid" means any cannabinoid that:

380	(a) was chemically synthesized from starting materials other than a naturally occurring
381	cannabinoid; and
382	(b) is not a derivative cannabinoid.
383	[(41)] (40) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means [a substance derived from
384	cannabis or a synthetic equivalent as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA)] the same
385	as that term is defined in Section 4-41-102.
386	(41) "THC analog" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-41-102.
387	(42) "Total composite tetrahydrocannabinol" means all detectable forms of
388	tetrahydrocannabinol.
389	(43) "Total tetrahydrocannabinol" or "total THC" means the [sum of the determined
390	amounts of delta-9-THC and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid, calculated as "total THC =
391	delta-9-THC + (THCA x 0.877)."] same as that term is defined in Section 4-41-102.
392	Section 7. Section 4-41a-201 is amended to read:
393	4-41a-201. Cannabis production establishment License.
394	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (14), a person may not operate a cannabis
395	production establishment without a license that the department issues under this chapter.
396	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (6), (7), (8), and (13) and to Section 4-41a-205, for a
397	licensing process that the department initiates after [the effective date of this bill] March 17,
398	2021, the department, through the licensing board, shall issue licenses in accordance with
399	Section 4-41a-201.1.
400	(ii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
401	department shall make rules to specify a transparent and efficient process to:
402	(A) solicit applications for a license under this section;
403	(B) allow for comments and questions in the development of applications;
404	(C) timely and objectively evaluate applications;
405	(D) hold public hearings that the department deems appropriate; and
406	(E) select applicants to receive a license.

407	(iii) The department may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production
408	establishment to an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section.
409	(b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to
410	the licensing board:
411	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address or, for a cannabis
412	cultivation facility, addresses of no more than two facility locations, located in a zone described
413	in Subsection 4-41a-406(2)(a) or (b), where the applicant will operate the cannabis production
414	establishment;
415	(ii) the name and address of any individual who has:
416	(A) for a publicly traded company, a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in the
417	proposed cannabis production establishment;
418	(B) for a privately held company, a financial or voting interest in the proposed cannabis
419	production establishment; or
420	(C) the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed cannabis
421	production establishment;
422	(iii) an operating plan that:
423	(A) complies with Section 4-41a-204;
424	(B) includes operating procedures that comply with this chapter and any law the
425	municipality or county in which the person is located adopts that is consistent with Section
426	4-41a-406; and
427	(C) the department or licensing board approves;
428	(iv) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a
429	surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least:
430	(A) \$100,000 for each cannabis cultivation facility for which the applicant applies; or
431	(B) \$50,000 for each cannabis processing facility or independent cannabis testing
432	laboratory for which the applicant applies;
433	(v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the

434 department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and 435 (vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing 436 jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any 437 violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations 438 or businesses. 439 (c) (i) A person may not locate a cannabis production establishment: 440 (A) within 1,000 feet of a community location; or 441 (B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned 442 as primarily residential. 443 (ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured 444 from the nearest entrance to the cannabis production establishment by following the shortest 445 route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location or 446 residential area. 447 (iii) The licensing board may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in 448 Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the licensing board determines that it is not reasonably 449 feasible for the applicant to site the proposed cannabis production establishment without the 450 waiver. 451 (iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance 452 with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i). 453 (3) If the licensing board approves an application for a license under this section and 454 Section 4-41a-201.1: 455 (a) the applicant shall pay the department: 456 (i) an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the 457 department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; or

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Subsection (3)(a)(i); and

(ii) a fee for a 120-day limited license to operate as a cannabis processing facility

described in Subsection (3)(b) that is equal to 33% of the initial license fee described in

(i) a felony; or

(b) is younger than 21 years old; or

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461	(b) the department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval
462	and the names of each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii).
463	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), a cannabis production establishment
464	shall obtain a separate license for each type of cannabis production establishment and each
465	location of a cannabis production establishment.
466	(b) The licensing board may issue a cannabis cultivation facility license and a cannabis
467	processing facility license to a person to operate at the same physical location or at separate
468	physical locations.
469	(5) If the licensing board receives more than one application for a cannabis production
470	establishment within the same city or town, the licensing board shall consult with the local land
471	use authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.
472	(6) The licensing board may not issue a license to operate an independent cannabis
473	testing laboratory to a person who:
474	(a) holds a license or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a
475	cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis cultivation facility;
476	(b) has an owner, officer, director, or employee whose family member holds a license
477	or has an ownership interest in a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or
478	a cannabis cultivation facility; or
479	(c) proposes to operate the independent cannabis testing laboratory at the same physical
480	location as a medical cannabis pharmacy, a cannabis processing facility, or a cannabis
481	cultivation facility.
482	(7) The licensing board may not issue a license to operate a cannabis production
483	establishment to an applicant if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
484	(a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:

(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;

488 (c) after September 23, 2019 until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a legislator. 489 (8) (a) If an applicant for a cannabis production establishment license under this 490 section holds a license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, the licensing 491 board may not give preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder of the 492 license. 493 (b) If an applicant for a license to operate a cannabis cultivation facility under this 494 section holds a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy under Title 26. Chapter 61a. 495 Utah Medical Cannabis Act, the licensing board: 496 (i) shall consult with the Department of Health regarding the applicant; and 497 (ii) may give consideration to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder 498 of a medical cannabis pharmacy license if: 499 (A) the applicant demonstrates that a decrease in costs to patients is more likely to 500 result from the applicant's vertical integration than from a more competitive marketplace; and 501 (B) the licensing board finds multiple other factors, in addition to the existing license. 502 that support granting the new license. 503 (9) The licensing board may revoke a license under this part: 504 (a) if the cannabis production establishment does not begin cannabis production 505 operations within one year after the day on which the licensing board issues the initial license; 506 (b) after the third of the same violation of this chapter in any of the licensee's licensed 507 cannabis production establishments or medical cannabis pharmacies; 508 (c) if any individual described in Subsection (2)(b) is convicted, while the license is 509 active, under state or federal law of: 510 (i) a felony; or

(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;

the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection

(2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the

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(d) if the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at

515	application within 14 calendar days after the licensee receives notice of the investigation or
516	adverse action; [or]
517	(e) if the cannabis production establishment demonstrates a willful or reckless
518	disregard for the requirements of this chapter or the rules the department makes in accordance
519	with this chapter[-];
520	(f) if, after a change of ownership described in Subsection (15)(c), the board
521	determines that the cannabis production establishment no longer meets the minimum standards
522	for licensure and operation of the cannabis production establishment described in this chapter;
523	<u>or</u>
524	(g) for an independent cannabis testing laboratory, if the independent cannabis testing
525	laboratory fails to substantially meet the performance standards described in Subsection
526	<u>(14)(b).</u>
527	(10) (a) A person who receives a cannabis production establishment license under this
528	chapter, if the municipality or county where the licensed cannabis production establishment
529	will be located requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the licensing board a copy of
530	the licensee's approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on
531	which the licensing board issues the license.
532	(b) If a licensee fails to submit to the licensing board a copy of the licensee's approved
533	land use permit application in accordance with Subsection (10)(a), the licensing board may
534	revoke the licensee's license.
535	(11) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee that the department imposes
536	under this section into the Qualified Production Enterprise Fund.
537	(12) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before
538	January 1, 2020.
539	(13) (a) The department's authority, and consequently the licensing board's authority, to
540	issue a license under this section is plenary and is not subject to review.
541	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a)(ii)(A), the decision of the department to award a

542	license to an applicant is not subject to:
543	(i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
544	(ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board.
545	(14) (a) Notwithstanding this section, the department:
546	[(a)] (i) may not issue more than four licenses to operate an independent cannabis
547	testing laboratory;
548	[(b)] (ii) may operate or partner with a research university to operate an independent
549	cannabis testing laboratory;
550	[(c)] (iii) if the department operates or partners with a research university to operate an
551	independent cannabis testing laboratory, may not cease operating <u>or partnering with a research</u>
552	university to operate the independent cannabis testing laboratory unless:
553	[(i)] (A) the department issues at least two licenses to independent cannabis testing
554	laboratories; and
555	[(ii)] (B) the department has ensured that the licensed independent cannabis testing
556	laboratories have sufficient capacity to provide the testing necessary to support the state's
557	medical cannabis market; and
558	[(d)] (iv) after ceasing department or research university operations under Subsection
559	$[\frac{(14)(d)(ii)}{(14)(a)(ii)}]$ shall resume independent cannabis testing laboratory operations at any
560	time if:
561	[(i)] (A) fewer than two licensed independent cannabis testing laboratories are
562	operating; or
563	[(ii)] (B) the licensed independent cannabis testing laboratories become, in the
564	department's determination, unable to fully meet the market demand for testing.
565	(b) (i) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
566	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish performance standards for the operation of an
567	independent cannabis testing laboratory, including deadlines for testing completion.
568	(ii) A license that the department issues to an independent cannabis testing laboratory

069	is contingent upon substantial satisfaction of the performance standards described in
570	Subsection (14)(b)(i), as determined by the board.
571	(15) (a) A cannabis production establishment license is not transferrable or assignable.
572	(b) If the ownership of a cannabis production establishment changes by 50% or more:
573	(i) the cannabis production establishment shall submit a new application described in
574	Subsection (2)(b), subject to Subsection (2)(c);
575	(ii) within 30 days of the submission of the application, the board shall:
576	(A) conduct the application review described in Section 4-41a-201.1; and
577	(B) award a license to the cannabis production establishment for the remainder of the
578	term of the cannabis production establishment's license before the ownership change if the
579	cannabis production establishment meets the minimum standards for licensure and operation of
580	the cannabis production establishment described in this chapter; and
581	(iii) if the board approves the license application, notwithstanding Subsection (3), the
582	cannabis production establishment shall pay a license fee that the department sets in
583	accordance with Section 63J-1-504 in an amount that covers the board's cost of conducting the
584	application review.
585	Section 8. Section 4-41a-203 is amended to read:
86	4-41a-203. Renewal.
587	The department shall renew a license issued under Section 4-41a-201 every year if:
888	(1) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 4-41a-201 at the time of renewal;
589	(2) the board does not identify:
590	(a) a significant failure of compliance with this chapter or department rules in the
591	review described in Section 4-41a-201.1; or
592	(b) grounds for revocation described in Subsections 4-41a-201(9)(b) through [(e)] (g);
593	(3) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to
594	Subsection 4-41a-104(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
595	(4) if the cannabis production establishment changes the operating plan described in

596	Section 4-41a-204 that the department or licensing board approved under Subsection
597	4-41a-201(2)(b)(iii), the department approves the new operating plan.
598	Section 9. Section 4-41a-501 is amended to read:
599	4-41a-501. Cannabis cultivation facility Operating requirements.
600	(1) A cannabis cultivation facility shall ensure that any cannabis growing at the
601	cannabis cultivation facility is not visible from the ground level of the cannabis cultivation
602	facility perimeter.
603	(2) A cannabis cultivation facility shall use a unique identifier that is connected to the
604	facility's inventory control system to identify:
605	(a) beginning at the time a cannabis plant is eight inches tall and has a root ball, each
606	cannabis plant;
607	(b) each unique harvest of cannabis plants;
608	(c) each batch of cannabis the facility transfers to a medical cannabis pharmacy, a
609	cannabis processing facility, or an independent cannabis testing laboratory; and
610	(d) any excess, contaminated, or deteriorated cannabis of which the cannabis
611	cultivation facility disposes.
612	(3) A cannabis cultivation facility shall identify cannabis biomass as cannabis
613	byproduct or cannabis plant product before transferring the cannabis biomass from the facility
614	(4) A cannabis cultivation facility shall either:
615	(a) ensure that a cannabis processing facility chemically or physically processes
616	cannabis cultivation byproduct to produce a cannabis concentrate for incorporation into
617	cannabis derivative products; or
618	(b) destroy cannabis cultivation byproduct in accordance with Section 4-41a-405.
619	(5) [(a) (i)] A cannabis cultivation facility may not purchase or otherwise receive
620	industrial hemp waste [unless the waste meets department cannabis testing standards, as
621	determined by an independent cannabis testing laboratory, before the transfer of the waste to
622	the cannabis cultivation facility], except under limited circumstances in which the department

623	determines there is a minimal risk of safety or security concern, as the department specifies in
624	rules that the department makes in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
625	Rulemaking Act.
626	[(ii) Upon receipt of the industrial hemp waste described in Subsection (5)(a)(i), the
627	cannabis cultivation facility shall assign a unique identifier to the industrial hemp waste that is
628	connected to the facility's inventory control system.]
629	[(iii) Industrial hemp waste described in this Subsection (5)(a) is considered to be
630	cannabis for all testing and regulatory purposes of the department.]
631	[(b) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(a), a cannabis production establishment or
632	agent may not receive industrial hemp waste for entry into the medical cannabis program.]
633	[(e) A cannabis cultivation facility may not produce more than 120 kilograms of
634	cannabis concentrate from industrial hemp waste in a single license year.]
635	Section 10. Section 4-41a-502 is amended to read:
636	4-41a-502. Cannabis Labeling and child-resistant packaging.
637	(1) For any cannabis that a cannabis cultivation facility cultivates or otherwise
638	produces and subsequently ships to another cannabis production establishment, the facility
639	shall:
640	[(1)] (a) label the cannabis with a label that has a unique batch identification number
641	that is connected to the inventory control system; and
642	[(2)] (b) package the cannabis in a container that is:
643	[(a)] (i) tamper evident; and
644	[(b)] (ii) not appealing to children.
645	(2) The department may make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
646	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to further define standards regarding containers that may
647	appeal to children under Subsection (1)(b)(ii).
648	Section 11. Section 4-41a-602 is amended to read:
649	4-41a-602. Cannabis product Labeling and child-resistant packaging.

650	(1) For any cannabis product that a cannabis processing facility processes or produces
651	and for any raw cannabis that the facility packages, the facility shall:
652	(a) label the cannabis or cannabis product with a label that:
653	(i) clearly and unambiguously states that the cannabis product or package contains
654	cannabis;
655	(ii) clearly displays the amount of total composite tetrahydrocannabinol [and],
656	cannabidiol, and any known cannabinoid described in Subsection 4-41a-701(4) in the labeled
657	container;
658	(iii) has a unique identification number that:
659	(A) is connected to the inventory control system; and
660	(B) identifies the unique cannabis product manufacturing process the cannabis
661	processing facility used to manufacture the cannabis product;
662	(iv) identifies the cannabinoid extraction process that the cannabis processing facility
663	used to create the cannabis product;
664	(v) does not display an image, word, or phrase that the facility knows or should know
665	appeals to children; and
666	(vi) discloses each active or potentially active ingredient, in order of prominence, and
667	possible allergen; and
668	(b) package the raw cannabis or cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form in a
669	container that:
670	(i) is tamper evident and tamper resistant;
671	(ii) does not appeal to children;
672	(iii) does not mimic a candy container;
673	(iv) complies with child-resistant effectiveness standards that the United States
674	Consumer Product Safety Commission establishes; and
675	(v) includes a warning label that states:
676	(A) for a container labeled before July 1, 2021, "WARNING: Cannabis has

intoxicating effects and may be addictive. Do not operate a vehicle or machinery under its
influence. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. This product is for medical use only. Use
only as directed by a qualified medical provider."; or
(B) for a container labeled on or after July 1, 2021, "WARNING: Cannabis has
intoxicating effects and may be addictive. Do not operate a vehicle or machinery under its
influence. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. This product is for medical use only. Use
only as directed by a recommending medical provider.".
(2) For any cannabis or cannabis product that the cannabis processing facility processes
into a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or rectangular
cuboid shape, the facility shall:
(a) ensure that the label described in Subsection (1)(a) does not contain a photograph or
other image of the content of the container; and
(b) include on the label described in Subsection (1)(a) a warning about the risks of
over-consumption.
(3) For any cannabis product that contains any derivative cannabinoid or synthetic
cannabinoid, the cannabis processing facility shall ensure that the label clearly:
(a) identifies each derivative cannabinoid or synthetic cannabinoid; and
(b) identifies that each derivative or synthetic cannabinoid is a derivative or synthetic
<u>cannabinoid</u> .
(4) [The] In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking
Act, the department:
(a) shall make rules [in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative
Rulemaking Act] to establish:
[(a)] (i) a standard labeling format that:
[(i)] (A) complies with the requirements of this section; and
[(ii)] (B) ensures inclusion of a pharmacy label; and

[(b)] (ii) additional requirements on packaging for cannabis and cannabis products to

704	ensure safety and product quality[-]; and
705	(b) may make rules to further define standards regarding images, words, phrases, or
706	containers that may appeal to children under Subsection (1)(a)(v) or (1)(b)(ii).
707	Section 12. Section 4-41a-603 is amended to read:
708	4-41a-603. Cannabis product Product quality.
709	(1) A cannabis processing facility:
710	(a) may not produce a cannabis product in a physical form that:
711	(i) the facility knows or should know appeals to children;
712	(ii) is designed to mimic or could be mistaken for a candy product; or
713	(iii) for a cannabis product used in vaporization, includes a candy-like flavor or another
714	flavor that the facility knows or should know appeals to children; and
715	(b) notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a)(iii), may produce a concentrated oil with a flavor
716	that the department approves to facilitate minimizing the taste or odor of cannabis.
717	(2) A cannabis product may vary in the cannabis product's labeled cannabinoid profile
718	by up to 10% of the indicated amount of a given cannabinoid, by weight.
719	(3) A cannabis processing facility shall isolate derivative cannabinoids and synthetic
720	cannabinoids to a purity of greater than 95%, as determined by an independent cannabis testing
721	laboratory using liquid chromatography-mass spectroscopy or an equivalent method.
722	(4) The department shall [adopt by rule] make rules, in accordance with Title 63G,
723	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
724	(a) adopt human safety standards for the manufacturing of cannabis products that are
725	consistent with best practices for the use of cannabis[:]; and
726	(b) further define standards regarding products that may appeal to children under
727	Subsection (1)(a).
728	(5) Nothing in this section prohibits a sugar coating on a gelatinous cube, gelatinous
729	rectangular cuboid, or lozenge to mask the product's taste, subject to the limitations on form
730	and appearance described in Subsections (1)(a) and (4)(b).

731	Section 13. Section 4-41a-701 is amended to read:
732	4-41a-701. Cannabis and cannabis product testing.
733	(1) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
734	department may make rules to:
735	(a) determine required adulterant tests for a cannabis plant product, cannabis
736	concentrate, or cannabis product;
737	(b) determine the amount of any adulterant that is safe for human consumption;
738	(c) establish protocols for a recall of cannabis or a cannabis product by a cannabis
739	production establishment; or
740	(d) allow the propagation of testing results forward to derived product if the processing
741	steps the cannabis production establishment uses to produce the product are unlikely to change
742	the results of the test.
743	(2) The department may require testing for a toxin if:
744	(a) the department receives information indicating the potential presence of a toxin; or
745	(b) the department's inspector has reason to believe a toxin may be present based on the
746	inspection of a facility.
747	(3) (a) A cannabis production establishment may not:
748	(i) incorporate cannabis concentrate into a cannabis derivative product until an
749	independent cannabis testing laboratory tests the cannabis concentrate in accordance with
750	department rule; or
751	(ii) transfer cannabis or a cannabis product to a medical cannabis pharmacy until an
752	independent cannabis testing laboratory tests a representative sample of the cannabis or
753	cannabis product in accordance with department rule.
754	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not offer any cannabis or cannabis product for
755	sale unless an independent cannabis testing laboratory has tested a representative sample of the
756	cannabis or cannabis product in accordance with department rule.
757	(4) Refore the sale of a cannahis product, an independent cannahis testing laboratory

758	shall identify and quantify any cannabinoid known to be present in a cannabis product.
759	[(4)] (5) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
760	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the standards, methods, practices, and procedures for
761	the testing of cannabis and cannabis products by independent cannabis testing laboratories.
762	[(5)] (6) The department may require an independent cannabis testing laboratory to
763	participate in a proficiency evaluation that the department conducts or that an organization that
764	the department approves conducts.
765	Section 14. Section 26-61a-102 is amended to read:
766	26-61a-102. Definitions.
767	As used in this chapter:
768	(1) "Active tetrahydrocannabinol" means [Delta-8-THC , Delta-9-THC] <u>THC</u> , any <u>THC</u>
769	analog, and tetrahydrocannabinolic acid.
770	(2) "Cannabinoid Product Board" means the Cannabinoid Product Board created in
771	Section 26-61-201.
772	(3) "Cannabis" means marijuana.
773	(4) "Cannabis cultivation facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
774	4-41a-102.
775	(5) "Cannabis processing facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section
776	4-41a-102.
777	(6) "Cannabis product" means a product that:
778	(a) is intended for human use; and
779	(b) contains cannabis or <u>any</u> tetrahydrocannabinol <u>or THC analog in a total</u>
780	concentration of 0.3% or greater on a dry weight basis.
781	(7) "Cannabis production establishment" means the same as that term is defined in
782	Section 4-41a-102.
783	(8) "Cannabis production establishment agent" means the same as that term is defined

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in Section 4-41a-102.

785	(9) "Cannabis production establishment agent registration card" means the same as that
786	term is defined in Section 4-41a-102.
787	(10) "Community location" means a public or private elementary or secondary school,
788	a church, a public library, a public playground, or a public park.
789	(11) "Conditional medical cannabis card" means an electronic medical cannabis card
790	that the department issues in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-201(1)(b) to allow an
791	applicant for a medical cannabis card to access medical cannabis during the department's
792	review of the application.
793	(12) "Controlled substance database" means the controlled substance database created
794	in Section 58-37f-201.
795	[(13) "Delta-8-tetrahydrocannabinol" or "Delta-8-THC" means the cannabinoid that:]
796	[(a) is similar to Delta-9-THC with a lower psychotropic potency; and]
797	[(b) interacts with the CB1 receptor of the nervous system.]
798	[(14) "Delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol" or "Delta-9-THC" means the primary
799	psychotropic cannabinoid in cannabis.]
800	$[\frac{(15)}{(13)}]$ "Department" means the Department of Health.
801	[(16)] <u>(14)</u> "Designated caregiver" means:
802	(a) an individual:
803	(i) whom an individual with a medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis
804	guardian card designates as the patient's caregiver; and
805	(ii) who registers with the department under Section 26-61a-202; or
806	(b) (i) a facility that an individual designates as a designated caregiver in accordance
807	with Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b); or
808	(ii) an assigned employee of the facility described in Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b)(ii).
809	[(17)] (15) "Directions of use" means recommended routes of administration for a
810	medical cannabis treatment and suggested usage guidelines.
811	[(18)] (16) "Dosing guidelines" means a quantity range and frequency of administration

812	for a recommended treatment of medical cannabis.
813	[(19)] (17) "Financial institution" means a bank, trust company, savings institution, or
814	credit union, chartered and supervised under state or federal law.
815	[(20)] (18) "Home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy" means a medical cannabis
816	pharmacy that the department authorizes, as part of the pharmacy's license, to deliver medical
817	cannabis shipments to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill electronic orders
818	that the state central patient portal facilitates.
819	[(21)] (19) "Inventory control system" means the system described in Section
820	4-41a-103.
821	[(22)] (20) "Legal dosage limit" means an amount that:
822	(a) is sufficient to provide 30 days of treatment based on the dosing guidelines that the
823	relevant recommending medical provider or the state central patient portal or pharmacy
824	medical provider, in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5), recommends; and
825	(b) may not exceed:
826	(i) for unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, 113 grams by weight; and
827	(ii) for a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, a quantity that contains, in total,
828	greater than 20 grams of active tetrahydrocannabinol.
829	[(23)] (21) "Legal use termination date" means a date on the label of a container of
830	unprocessed cannabis flower:
831	(a) that is 60 days after the date of purchase of the cannabis; and
832	(b) after which, the cannabis is no longer in a medicinal dosage form outside of the
833	primary residence of the relevant medical cannabis patient cardholder.
834	[(24)] <u>(22)</u> "Limited medical provider" means an individual who:
835	(a) meets the recommending qualifications; and
836	(b) has no more than 15 patients with a valid medical cannabis patient card or
837	provisional patient card as a result of the individual's recommendation, in accordance with
838	Subsection 26-61a-106(1)(b).

839	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(23)}\right]$ "Marijuana" means the same as that term is defined in Section 58-37-2.
840	[(26)] (24) "Medical cannabis" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a
841	cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form.
842	[(27)] <u>(25)</u> "Medical cannabis card" means a medical cannabis patient card, a medical
843	cannabis guardian card, a medical cannabis caregiver card, or a conditional medical cannabis
844	card.
845	[(28)] (26) "Medical cannabis cardholder" means:
846	(a) a holder of a medical cannabis card; or
847	(b) a facility or assigned employee, described in Subsection [(16)](14)(b), only:
848	(i) within the scope of the facility's or assigned employee's performance of the role of a
849	medical cannabis patient cardholder's caregiver designation under Subsection
850	26-61a-202(1)(b); and
851	(ii) while in possession of documentation that establishes:
852	(A) a caregiver designation described in Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(b);
853	(B) the identity of the individual presenting the documentation; and
854	(C) the relation of the individual presenting the documentation to the caregiver
855	designation.
856	[(29)] (27) "Medical cannabis caregiver card" means an electronic document that a
857	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
858	(a) the department issues to an individual whom a medical cannabis patient cardholder
859	or a medical cannabis guardian cardholder designates as a designated caregiver; and
860	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
861	[(30)] (28) "Medical cannabis courier" means a courier that:
862	(a) the department licenses in accordance with Section 26-61a-604; and
863	(b) contracts with a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy to deliver medical
864	cannabis shipments to fulfill electronic orders that the state central patient portal facilitates.
865	[(31)] (29) "Medical cannabis courier agent" means an individual who:

866	(a) is an employee of a medical cannabis courier; and
867	(b) who holds a valid medical cannabis courier agent registration card.
868	[(32)] (30) (a) "Medical cannabis device" means a device that an individual uses to
869	ingest or inhale cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal
870	dosage form.
871	(b) "Medical cannabis device" does not include a device that:
872	(i) facilitates cannabis combustion; or
873	(ii) an individual uses to ingest substances other than cannabis.
874	[(33)] (31) "Medical cannabis guardian card" means an electronic document that a
875	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
876	(a) the department issues to the parent or legal guardian of a minor with a qualifying
877	condition; and
878	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
879	[(34)] (32) "Medical cannabis patient card" means an electronic document that a
880	cardholder may print or store on an electronic device or a physical card or document that:
881	(a) the department issues to an individual with a qualifying condition; and
882	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
883	[(35)] (33) "Medical cannabis pharmacy" means a person that:
884	(a) (i) acquires or intends to acquire medical cannabis or a cannabis product in a
885	medicinal dosage form from a cannabis processing facility or another medical cannabis
886	pharmacy or a medical cannabis device; or
887	(ii) possesses medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device; and
888	(b) sells or intends to sell medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device to a medical
889	cannabis cardholder.
890	[(36)] (34) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent" means an individual who:
891	(a) is an employee of a medical cannabis pharmacy; and
892	(b) who holds a valid medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card.

893	[(37)] (35) "Medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card" means a registration
894	card issued by the department that authorizes an individual to act as a medical cannabis
895	pharmacy agent.
896	[(38)] (36) "Medical cannabis shipment" means a shipment of medical cannabis or a
897	medical cannabis product that a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy or a medical
898	cannabis courier delivers to a medical cannabis cardholder's home address to fulfill an
899	electronic medical cannabis order that the state central patient portal facilitates.
900	[(39)] (37) "Medical cannabis treatment" means cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a
901	cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device.
902	[(40)] (38) (a) "Medicinal dosage form" means:
903	(i) for processed medical cannabis or a medical cannabis product, the following with a
904	specific and consistent cannabinoid content:
905	(A) a tablet;
906	(B) a capsule;
907	(C) a concentrated liquid or viscous oil;
908	(D) a liquid suspension that, after December 1, 2022, does not exceed 30 ml;
909	(E) a topical preparation;
910	(F) a transdermal preparation;
911	(G) a sublingual preparation;
912	(H) a gelatinous cube, gelatinous rectangular cuboid, or lozenge in a cube or
913	rectangular cuboid shape; [or]
914	(I) a resin or wax; <u>or</u>
915	(J) an aerosol; or
916	(ii) for unprocessed cannabis flower, a container described in Section 4-41a-602 that:
917	(A) contains cannabis flowers in a quantity that varies by no more than 10% from the
918	stated weight at the time of packaging;
919	(B) at any time the medical cannabis cardholder transports or possesses the container in

920	public, is contained within an opaque bag or box that the medical cannabis pharmacy provides;
921	and
922	(C) is labeled with the container's content and weight, the date of purchase, the legal
923	use termination date, and after December 31, 2020, a barcode that provides information
924	connected to an inventory control system; and
925	(iii) a form measured in grams, milligrams, or milliliters.
926	(b) "Medicinal dosage form" includes a portion of unprocessed cannabis flower that:
927	(i) the medical cannabis cardholder has recently removed from the container described
928	in Subsection $[(40)]$ (38) (a)(ii) for use; and
929	(ii) does not exceed the quantity described in Subsection [(40)] (38)(a)(ii).
930	(c) "Medicinal dosage form" does not include:
931	(i) any unprocessed cannabis flower outside of the container described in Subsection
932	$[(40)]$ $\underline{(38)}(a)(ii)$, except as provided in Subsection $[(40)]$ $\underline{(38)}(b)$;
933	(ii) any unprocessed cannabis flower in a container described in Subsection [(40)]
934	(38)(a)(ii) after the legal use termination date; [or]
935	(iii) a process of vaporizing and inhaling concentrated cannabis by placing the cannabis
936	on a nail or other metal object that is heated by a flame, including a blowtorch[:]; or
937	(iv) a liquid suspension that is branded as a beverage.
938	[(41)] (39) "Nonresident patient" means an individual who:
939	(a) is not a resident of Utah or has been a resident of Utah for less than 45 days;
940	(b) has a currently valid medical cannabis card or the equivalent of a medical cannabis
941	card under the laws of another state, district, territory, commonwealth, or insular possession of
942	the United States; and
943	(c) has been diagnosed with a qualifying condition as described in Section 26-61a-104.
944	[42) "Payment provider" means an entity that contracts with a cannabis
945	production establishment or medical cannabis pharmacy to facilitate transfers of funds between
946	the establishment or pharmacy and other businesses or individuals.

94 /	[(43)] (41) "Pharmacy medical provider" means the medical provider required to be on
948	site at a medical cannabis pharmacy under Section 26-61a-403.
949	$[\frac{(44)}{(42)}]$ "Provisional patient card" means a card that:
950	(a) the department issues to a minor with a qualifying condition for whom:
951	(i) a recommending medical provider has recommended a medical cannabis treatment;
952	and
953	(ii) the department issues a medical cannabis guardian card to the minor's parent or
954	legal guardian; and
955	(b) is connected to the electronic verification system.
956	[(45)] (43) "Qualified medical provider" means an individual:
957	(a) who meets the recommending qualifications; and
958	(b) whom the department registers to recommend treatment with cannabis in a
959	medicinal dosage form under Section 26-61a-106.
960	[(46)] (44) "Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund" means the enterprise fund created in
961	Section 26-61a-109.
962	[(47)] (45) "Qualifying condition" means a condition described in Section 26-61a-104.
963	[(48)] (46) "Recommend" or "recommendation" means, for a recommending medical
964	provider, the act of suggesting the use of medical cannabis treatment, which:
965	(a) certifies the patient's eligibility for a medical cannabis card; and
966	(b) may include, at the recommending medical provider's discretion, directions of use,
967	with or without dosing guidelines.
968	[(49)] (47) "Recommending medical provider" means a qualified medical provider or a
969	limited medical provider.
970	[(50)] (48) "Recommending qualifications" means that an individual:
971	(a) (i) has the authority to write a prescription;
972	(ii) is licensed to prescribe a controlled substance under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah
973	Controlled Substances Act: and

974	(iii) possesses the authority, in accordance with the individual's scope of practice, to
975	prescribe a Schedule II controlled substance; and
976	(b) is licensed as:
977	(i) a podiatrist under Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
978	(ii) an advanced practice registered nurse under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse Practice
979	Act;
980	(iii) a physician under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or Title 58,
981	Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
982	(iv) a physician assistant under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant Act.
983	[(51)] (49) "State central patient portal" means the website the department creates, in
984	accordance with Section 26-61a-601, to facilitate patient safety, education, and an electronic
985	medical cannabis order.
986	$[\frac{(52)}{(50)}]$ "State central patient portal medical provider" means a physician or
987	pharmacist that the department employs in relation to the state central patient portal to consult
988	with medical cannabis cardholders in accordance with Section 26-61a-602.
989	[(53)] (51) "State electronic verification system" means the system described in Section
990	26-61a-103.
991	[(54)] (52) "Tetrahydrocannabinol" or "THC" means a substance derived from
992	cannabis or a synthetic equivalent as described in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(a)(iii)(AA).
993	(53) "THC analog" means the same as that term is defined in Section 4-41-102.
994	[(55)] (54) "Valid form of photo identification" means any of the following forms of
995	identification that is either current or has expired within the previous six months:
996	(a) a valid state-issued driver license or identification card;
997	(b) a valid United States federal-issued photo identification, including:
998	(i) a United States passport;
999	(ii) a United States passport card;
1000	(iii) a United States military identification card; or

1001	(iv) a permanent resident card or alien registration receipt card; or
1002	(c) a passport that another country issued.
1003	Section 15. Section 26-61a-103 is amended to read:
1004	26-61a-103. Electronic verification system.
1005	(1) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the department, the Department of Public
1006	Safety, and the Division of Technology Services shall:
1007	(a) enter into a memorandum of understanding in order to determine the function and
1008	operation of the state electronic verification system in accordance with Subsection (2);
1009	(b) coordinate with the Division of Purchasing, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah
1010	Procurement Code, to develop a request for proposals for a third-party provider to develop and
1011	maintain the state electronic verification system in coordination with the Division of
1012	Technology Services; and
1013	(c) select a third-party provider who:
1014	(i) meets the requirements contained in the request for proposals issued under
1015	Subsection (1)(b); and
1016	(ii) may not have any commercial or ownership interest in a cannabis production
1017	establishment or a medical cannabis pharmacy.
1018	(2) The Department of Agriculture and Food, the department, the Department of Public
1019	Safety, and the Division of Technology Services shall ensure that, on or before March 1, 2020,
1020	the state electronic verification system described in Subsection (1):
1021	(a) allows an individual to apply for a medical cannabis patient card or, if applicable, a
1022	medical cannabis guardian card, provided that the card may not become active until:
1023	(i) the relevant qualified medical provider completes the associated medical cannabis
1024	recommendation; or
1025	(ii) for a medical cannabis card related to a limited medical provider's
1026	recommendation, the medical cannabis pharmacy completes the recording described in
1027	Subsection (2)(d);

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1028	(b) allows an individual to apply to renew a medical cannabis patient card or a medical
1029	cannabis guardian card in accordance with Section 26-61a-201;
1030	(c) allows a qualified medical provider, or an employee described in Subsection (3)
1031	acting on behalf of the qualified medical provider, to:
1032	(i) access dispensing and card status information regarding a patient:
1033	(A) with whom the qualified medical provider has a provider-patient relationship; and
1034	(B) for whom the qualified medical provider has recommended or is considering
1035	recommending a medical cannabis card;
1036	(ii) electronically recommend, after an initial face-to-face visit with a patient described
1037	in Subsection 26-61a-201(4)[(b)](a)(iii), treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or
1038	a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form and optionally recommend dosing guidelines;
1039	<u>and</u>
1040	(iii) electronically renew a recommendation to a medical cannabis patient cardholder or
1041	medical cannabis guardian cardholder:
1042	(A) using telehealth services, for the qualified medical provider who originally
1043	recommended a medical cannabis treatment during a face-to-face visit with the patient; or
1044	(B) during a face-to-face visit with the patient, for a qualified medical provider who
1045	did not originally recommend the medical cannabis treatment during a face-to-face visit[; and].
1046	[(iv) notate a determination of physical difficulty or undue hardship, described in
1047	Subsection 26-61a-202(1), to qualify a patient to designate a caregiver;]
1048	(d) beginning on the earlier of September 1, 2021, or the date on which the electronic
1049	verification system is functionally capable of facility medical cannabis pharmacy recording,
1050	allows a medical cannabis pharmacy medical provider or medical cannabis pharmacy agent, in
1051	accordance with Subsection 26-61a-501[(11)](10)(a), to [record]:
1052	(i) access the electronic verification system to review the history within the system of a
1053	patient with whom the provider or agent is interacting, limited to read-only access for medical
1054	cannabis pharmacy agents unless the medical cannabis pharmacy's pharmacist in charge

1055	authorizes add and edit access;
1056	[(i)] (ii) record a patient's recommendation from a limited medical provider, including
1057	any directions of use, dosing guidelines, or caregiver indications from the limited medical
1058	provider; and
1059	[(iii) record a limited medical provider's renewal of the provider's previous
1060	recommendation;
1061	(e) connects with:
1062	(i) an inventory control system that a medical cannabis pharmacy uses to track in real
1063	time and archive purchases of any cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, cannabis product in a
1064	medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device, including:
1065	(A) the time and date of each purchase;
1066	(B) the quantity and type of cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device
1067	purchased;
1068	(C) any cannabis production establishment, any medical cannabis pharmacy, or any
1069	medical cannabis courier associated with the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis
1070	device; and
1071	(D) the personally identifiable information of the medical cannabis cardholder who
1072	made the purchase; and
1073	(ii) any commercially available inventory control system that a cannabis production
1074	establishment utilizes in accordance with Section 4-41a-103 to use data that the Department of
1075	Agriculture and Food requires by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
1076	Administrative Rulemaking Act, from the inventory tracking system that a licensee uses to
1077	track and confirm compliance;
1078	(f) provides access to:
1079	(i) the department to the extent necessary to carry out the department's functions and
1080	responsibilities under this chapter;
1081	(ii) the Department of Agriculture and Food to the extent necessary to carry out the

1082	functions and responsibilities of the Department of Agriculture and Food under Title 4, Chapter
1083	41a, Cannabis Production Establishments; and
1084	(iii) the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing to the extent necessary to
1085	carry out the functions and responsibilities related to the participation of the following in the
1086	recommendation and dispensing of medical cannabis:
1087	(A) a podiatrist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
1088	(B) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
1089	(C) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
1090	Practice Act;
1091	(D) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
1092	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
1093	(E) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician Assistant
1094	Act;
1095	(g) provides access to and interaction with the state central patient portal;
1096	(h) communicates dispensing information from a record that a medical cannabis
1097	pharmacy submits to the state electronic verification system under Subsection
1098	26-61a-502(6)(a)(ii) to the controlled substance database;
1099	(i) provides access to state or local law enforcement:
1100	(i) during a law enforcement encounter, without a warrant, using the individual's driver
1101	license or state ID, only for the purpose of determining if the individual subject to the law
1102	enforcement encounter has a valid medical cannabis card; or
1103	(ii) after obtaining a warrant; and
1104	(j) creates a record each time a person accesses the system that identifies the person
1105	who accesses the system and the individual whose records the person accesses.
1106	(3) (a) Beginning on the earlier of September 1, 2021, or the date on which the
1107	electronic verification system is functionally capable of allowing employee access under this
1108	Subsection (3), an employee of a qualified medical provider may access the electronic

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1109	verification system for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(c) on behalf of the qualified
1110	medical provider if:
1111	(i) the qualified medical provider has designated the employee as an individual
1112	authorized to access the electronic verification system on behalf of the qualified medical
1113	provider;
1114	(ii) the qualified medical provider provides written notice to the department of the
1115	employee's identity and the designation described in Subsection (3)(a)(i); and
1116	(iii) the department grants to the employee access to the electronic verification system.
1117	(b) An employee of a business that employs a qualified medical provider may access
1118	the electronic verification system for a purpose described in Subsection (2)(c) on behalf of the
1119	qualified medical provider if:
1120	(i) the qualified medical provider has designated the employee as an individual
1121	authorized to access the electronic verification system on behalf of the qualified medical
1122	provider;
1123	(ii) the qualified medical provider and the employing business jointly provide written
1124	notice to the department of the employee's identity and the designation described in Subsection
1125	(3)(b)(i); and
1126	(iii) the department grants to the employee access to the electronic verification system.
1127	(4) (a) As used in this Subsection (4), "prescribing provider" means:
1128	(i) a podiatrist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 5a, Podiatric Physician Licensing Act;
1129	(ii) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b, Nurse
1130	Practice Act;
1131	(iii) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act, or
1132	Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act; or
1133	(iv) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
1134	Assistant Act.

(b) Beginning on the earlier of September 1, 2021, or the date on which the electronic

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verification system is functionally capable of allowing provider access under this Subsection (4), a prescribing provider may access information in the electronic verification system regarding a patient the prescribing provider treats. (5) The department may release limited data that the system collects for the purpose of: (a) conducting medical and other department approved research; (b) providing the report required by Section 26-61a-703; and (c) other official department purposes. (6) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish: (a) the limitations on access to the data in the state electronic verification system as described in this section; and (b) standards and procedures to ensure accurate identification of an individual requesting information or receiving information in this section. (7) (a) Any person who knowingly and intentionally releases any information in the state electronic verification system in violation of this section is guilty of a third degree felony. (b) Any person who negligently or recklessly releases any information in the state electronic verification system in violation of this section is guilty of a class C misdemeanor. (8) (a) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the state electronic verification system by misrepresentation or fraud is guilty of a third degree felony. (b) Any person who obtains or attempts to obtain information from the state electronic verification system for a purpose other than a purpose this chapter authorizes is guilty of a third degree felony. (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(e), a person may not knowingly and intentionally use, release, publish, or otherwise make available to any other person information obtained from the state electronic verification system for any purpose other than a purpose specified in this section.

(b) Each separate violation of this Subsection (9) is:

1163	(i) a third degree felony; and
1164	(ii) subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000.
1165	(c) The department shall determine a civil violation of this Subsection (9) in
1166	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 4, Administrative Procedures Act.
1167	(d) Civil penalties assessed under this Subsection (9) shall be deposited into the
1168	General Fund.
1169	(e) This Subsection (9) does not prohibit a person who obtains information from the
1170	state electronic verification system under Subsection (2)(a), (c), or (f) from:
1171	(i) including the information in the person's medical chart or file for access by a person
1172	authorized to review the medical chart or file;
1173	(ii) providing the information to a person in accordance with the requirements of the
1174	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996; or
1175	(iii) discussing or sharing that information about the patient with the patient.
1176	Section 16. Section 26-61a-111 is amended to read:
1177	26-61a-111. Nondiscrimination for medical care or government employment
1178	Notice to prospective and current public employees No effect on private employers.
1179	(1) For purposes of medical care, including an organ or tissue transplant, a patient's
1180	use, in accordance with this chapter, of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
1181	product in a medicinal dosage form:
1182	(a) is considered the equivalent of the authorized use of any other medication used at
1183	the discretion of a physician; and
1184	(b) does not constitute the use of an illicit substance or otherwise disqualify an
1185	individual from needed medical care.
1186	(2) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided in
1187	Subsection (2)(b), the state or any political subdivision shall treat an employee's use of medical
1188	cannabis in accordance with this chapter or Section 58-37-3.7 in the same way the state or
1189	political subdivision treats employee use of any prescribed controlled substance.

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United States; and

(b) A state or political subdivision employee who has a valid medical cannabis card is not subject to adverse action, as that term is defined in Section 67-21-2, for failing a drug test due to marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinol without evidence that the employee was impaired or otherwise adversely affected in the employee's job performance due to the use of medical cannabis. (c) Subsections (2)(a) and (b) do not apply: (i) where the application of Subsection (2)(a) or (b) would jeopardize federal funding, a federal security clearance, or any other federal background determination required for the employee's position[, or]; (ii) if the employee's position is dependent on a license or peace officer certification that is subject to federal regulations[-], including 18 U.S.C. Sec. 922(g)(3); or (iii) if an employee described in Subsections 34A-2-102(1)(h)(ii) through (vi) uses medical cannabis during the 12 hours immediately preceding the employee's shift or during the employee's shift. (3) (a) (i) A state employer or a political subdivision employer shall take the action described in Subsection (3)(a)(ii) before: (A) giving to a current employee an assignment or duty that arises from or directly relates to an obligation under this chapter; or (B) hiring a prospective employee whose assignments or duties would include an assignment or duty that arises from or directly relates to an obligation under this chapter. (ii) The employer described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) shall give the employee or prospective employee described in Subsection (3)(a)(i) a written notice that notifies the employee or prospective employee: (A) that the employee's or prospective employee's job duties may require the employee or prospective employee to engage in conduct which is in violation of the criminal laws of the

(B) that in accepting a job or undertaking a duty described in Subsection (3)(a)(i),

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1217	although the employee or prospective employee is entitled to the protections of Title 67,
1218	Chapter 21, Utah Protection of Public Employees Act, the employee may not object or refuse to
1219	carry out an assignment or duty that may be a violation of the criminal laws of the United
1220	States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis.
1221	(b) The Division of Human Resource Management shall create, revise, and publish the
1222	form of the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
1223	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection 67-21-3(3), an employee who has signed the notice
1224	described in Subsection (3)(a) may not:
1225	(i) claim in good faith that the employee's actions violate or potentially violate the laws
1226	of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of cannabis; or
1227	(ii) refuse to carry out a directive that the employee reasonably believes violates the
1228	criminal laws of the United States with respect to the manufacture, sale, or distribution of
1229	cannabis.
1230	(d) An employer may not take retaliatory action as defined in Section 67-19a-101
1231	against a current employee who refuses to sign the notice described in Subsection (3)(a).
1232	(4) Nothing in this section requires a private employer to accommodate the use of
1233	medical cannabis or affects the ability of a private employer to have policies restricting the use
1234	of medical cannabis by applicants or employees.
1235	Section 17. Section 26-61a-201 is amended to read:
1236	26-61a-201. Medical cannabis patient card Medical cannabis guardian card
1237	Conditional medical cannabis card Application Fees Studies.
1238	(1) (a) The department shall, within 15 days after the day on which an individual who
1239	satisfies the eligibility criteria in this section or Section 26-61a-202 submits an application in
1240	accordance with this section or Section 26-61a-202:
1241	(i) issue a medical cannabis patient card to an individual described in Subsection
1242	(2)(a);

(ii) issue a medical cannabis guardian card to an individual described in Subsection

1244	(2)(b);
1245	(iii) issue a provisional patient card to a minor described in Subsection (2)(c); and
1246	(iv) issue a medical cannabis caregiver card to an individual described in Subsection
1247	26-61a-202(4).
1248	(b) (i) Beginning on the earlier of September 1, 2021, or the date on which the
1249	electronic verification system is functionally capable of facilitating a conditional medical
1250	cannabis card under this Subsection (1)(b), upon the entry of a recommending medical
1251	provider's medical cannabis recommendation for a patient in the state electronic verification
1252	system, either by the provider or the provider's employee or by a medical cannabis pharmacy
1253	medical provider or medical cannabis pharmacy in accordance with Subsection
1254	26-61a-501[(11)](10)(a), the department shall issue to the patient an electronic conditional
1255	medical cannabis card, in accordance with this Subsection (1)(b).
1256	(ii) A conditional medical cannabis card is valid for the lesser of:
1257	(A) 60 days; or
1258	(B) the day on which the department completes the department's review and issues a
1259	medical cannabis card under Subsection (1)(a), denies the patient's medical cannabis card
1260	application, or revokes the conditional medical cannabis card under Subsection (8).
1261	(iii) The department may issue a conditional medical cannabis card to an individual
1262	applying for a medical cannabis patient card for which approval of the Compassionate Use
1263	Board is not required.
1264	(iv) An individual described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii) has the rights, restrictions, and
1265	obligations under law applicable to a holder of the medical cannabis card for which the
1266	individual applies and for which the department issues the conditional medical cannabis card.
1267	(2) (a) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis patient card if:
1268	(i) (A) the individual is at least 21 years old; or
1269	(B) the individual is 18, 19, or 20 years old, the individual petitions the Compassionate
1270	Use Board under Section 26-61a-105, and the Compassionate Use Board recommends

1271	department approval of the petition;
1272	(ii) the individual is a Utah resident;
1273	(iii) the individual's recommending medical provider recommends treatment with
1274	medical cannabis in accordance with Subsection (4);
1275	(iv) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the
1276	information described in Subsection [(8)](9); and
1277	(v) the individual pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1278	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
1279	(b) (i) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card if the individual:
1280	(A) is at least 18 years old;
1281	(B) is a Utah resident;
1282	(C) is the parent or legal guardian of a minor for whom the minor's qualified medical
1283	provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment, the individual petitions the Compassionate
1284	Use Board under Section 26-61a-105, and the Compassionate Use Board recommends
1285	department approval of the petition;
1286	(D) the individual signs an acknowledgment stating that the individual received the
1287	information described in Subsection (9);
1288	(E) pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1289	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of the
1290	criminal background check described in Section 26-61a-203; and
1291	(F) the individual has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution
1292	offense under either state or federal law, unless the individual completed any imposed sentence
1293	six months or more before the day on which the individual applies for a medical cannabis
1294	guardian card.
1295	(ii) The department shall notify the Department of Public Safety of each individual that
1296	the department registers for a medical cannabis guardian card.
1297	(c) (i) A minor is eligible for a provisional patient card if:

1298	(A) the minor has a qualifying condition;
1299	(B) the minor's qualified medical provider recommends a medical cannabis treatment
1300	to address the minor's qualifying condition;
1301	(C) one of the minor's parents or legal guardians petitions the Compassionate Use
1302	Board under Section 26-61a-105, and the Compassionate Use Board recommends department
1303	approval of the petition; and
1304	(D) the minor's parent or legal guardian is eligible for a medical cannabis guardian card
1305	under Subsection (2)(b) or designates a caregiver under Subsection (2)(d) who is eligible for a
1306	medical cannabis caregiver card under Section 26-61a-202.
1307	(ii) The department shall automatically issue a provisional patient card to the minor
1308	described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) at the same time the department issues a medical cannabis
1309	guardian card to the minor's parent or legal guardian.
1310	(d) Beginning on the earlier of September 1, 2021, or the date on which the electronic
1311	verification system is functionally capable of servicing the designation, if the parent or legal
1312	guardian of a minor described in Subsections (2)(c)(i)(A) through (C) does not qualify for a
1313	medical cannabis guardian card under Subsection (2)(b), the parent or legal guardian may
1314	designate up to two caregivers in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-202(1)(c) to ensure that
1315	the minor has adequate and safe access to the recommended medical cannabis treatment.
1316	(3) (a) An individual who is eligible for a medical cannabis card described in
1317	Subsection (2)(a) or (b) shall submit an application for a medical cannabis card to the
1318	department:
1319	(i) through an electronic application connected to the state electronic verification
1320	system;
1321	(ii) with the recommending medical provider; and
1322	(iii) with information including:

(A) the applicant's name, gender, age, and address;

(B) the number of the applicant's valid form of photo identification;

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- (C) for a medical cannabis guardian card, the name, gender, and age of the minor receiving a medical cannabis treatment under the cardholder's medical cannabis guardian card; and
- (D) for a provisional patient card, the name of the minor's parent or legal guardian who holds the associated medical cannabis guardian card.
- (b) The department shall ensure that a medical cannabis card the department issues under this section contains the information described in Subsection (3)(a)(iii).
- (c) (i) If a recommending medical provider determines that, because of age, illness, or disability, a medical cannabis patient cardholder requires assistance in administering the medical cannabis treatment that the recommending medical provider recommends, the recommending medical provider may indicate the cardholder's need in the state electronic verification system, either directly or, for a limited medical provider, through the order described in Subsections 26-61a-106(1)(c) and (d).
- (ii) If a recommending medical provider makes the indication described in Subsection (3)(c)(i):
- (A) the department shall add a label to the relevant medical cannabis patient card indicating the cardholder's need for assistance;
- (B) any adult who is 18 years old or older and who is physically present with the cardholder at the time the cardholder needs to use the recommended medical cannabis treatment may handle the medical cannabis treatment and any associated medical cannabis device as needed to assist the cardholder in administering the recommended medical cannabis treatment; and
- (C) an individual of any age who is physically present with the cardholder in the event of an emergency medical condition, as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-627, may handle the medical cannabis treatment and any associated medical cannabis device as needed to assist the cardholder in administering the recommended medical cannabis treatment.
 - (iii) A non-cardholding individual acting under Subsection (3)(c)(ii)(B) or (C) may not:

1352	(A) ingest or inhale medical cannabis;
1353	(B) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device outside
1354	of the immediate area where the cardholder is present or with an intent other than to provide
1355	assistance to the cardholder; or
1356	(C) possess, transport, or handle medical cannabis or a medical cannabis device when
1357	the cardholder is not in the process of being dosed with medical cannabis.
1358	(4) To recommend a medical cannabis treatment to a patient or to renew a
1359	recommendation, a recommending medical provider shall:
1360	(a) before recommending or renewing a recommendation for medical cannabis in a
1361	medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form:
1362	(i) verify the patient's and, for a minor patient, the minor patient's parent or legal
1363	guardian's valid form of identification described in Subsection (3)(a);
1364	(ii) review any record related to the patient and, for a minor patient, the patient's parent
1365	or legal guardian in:
1366	(A) for a qualified medical provider, the state electronic verification system; and
1367	(B) the controlled substance database created in Section 58-37f-201; and
1368	(iii) consider the recommendation in light of the patient's qualifying condition and
1369	history of medical cannabis and controlled substance use during an initial face-to-face visit
1370	with the patient; and
1371	(b) state in the recommending medical provider's recommendation that the patient:
1372	(i) suffers from a qualifying condition, including the type of qualifying condition; and
1373	(ii) may benefit from treatment with cannabis in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis
1374	product in a medicinal dosage form.
1375	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), a medical cannabis card that the
1376	department issues under this section is valid for the lesser of:
1377	(i) an amount of time that the recommending medical provider determines; or

(ii) (A) six months for the first issuance, and, except as provided in Subsection

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1379	(5)(a)(ii)(B), for a renewal; or
1380	(B) for a renewal, one year if, after at least one year following the issuance of the
1381	original medical cannabis card, the recommending medical provider determines that the patient
1382	has been stabilized on the medical cannabis treatment and a one-year renewal period is
1383	justified.
1384	(b) (i) A medical cannabis card that the department issues in relation to a terminal
1385	illness described in Section 26-61a-104 [does not expire] expires after one year.
1386	(ii) The recommending medical provider may revoke a recommendation that the
1387	provider made in relation to a terminal illness described in Section 26-61a-104 if the medical
1388	cannabis cardholder no longer has the terminal illness.
1389	(6) (a) A medical cannabis patient card or a medical cannabis guardian card is
1390	renewable if:
1391	(i) at the time of renewal, the cardholder meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(a) or
1392	(b); or
1393	(ii) the cardholder received the medical cannabis card through the recommendation of
1394	the Compassionate Use Board under Section 26-61a-105.
1395	(b) A cardholder described in Subsection (6)(a) may renew the cardholder's card:
1396	(i) using the application process described in Subsection (3); or
1397	(ii) through phone or video conference with the recommending medical provider who
1398	made the recommendation underlying the card, at the qualifying medical provider's discretion.
1399	(c) A cardholder under Subsection (2)(a) or (b) who renews the cardholder's card shall
1400	pay to the department a renewal fee in an amount that:
1401	(i) subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section
1402	63J-1-504; and
1403	(ii) may not exceed the cost of the relatively lower administrative burden of renewal in
1404	comparison to the original application process.

(d) If a minor meets the requirements of Subsection (2)(c), the minor's provisional

1406 patient card renews automatically at the time the minor's parent or legal guardian renews the 1407 parent or legal guardian's associated medical cannabis guardian card. 1408 (7) (a) A cardholder under this section shall carry the cardholder's valid medical 1409 cannabis card with the patient's name. 1410 (b) (i) A medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may 1411 purchase, in accordance with this chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, 1412 cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a 1413 medical cannabis device. 1414 (ii) A cardholder under this section may possess or transport, in accordance with this 1415 chapter and the recommendation underlying the card, cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a 1416 cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device. 1417 (iii) To address the qualifying condition underlying the medical cannabis treatment 1418 recommendation: 1419 (A) a medical cannabis patient cardholder or a provisional patient cardholder may use 1420 cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, 1421 or a medical cannabis device; and 1422 (B) a medical cannabis guardian cardholder may assist the associated provisional 1423 patient cardholder with the use of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a medical cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device. 1424 1425 (c) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy is not operating within the state after 1426 January 1, 2021, a cardholder under this section: 1427 (i) may possess: 1428 [(A) up to the legal dosage limit of unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form;] 1429 (B) up to the legal dosage limit of a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form; 1430 and]

[(ii) is not subject to prosecution for the possession described in Subsection (7)(c)(i).]

(C) marijuana drug paraphernalia; and

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1433	(8) The department may revoke a medical cannabis card that the department issues
1434	under this section if the cardholder:
1435	(a) violates this chapter; or
1436	(b) is convicted under state or federal law of:
1437	(i) a felony; or
1438	(ii) after March 17, 2021, a misdemeanor for drug distribution.
1439	(9) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1440	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a process to provide information regarding the following
1441	to an individual receiving a medical cannabis card:
1442	(a) risks associated with medical cannabis treatment;
1443	(b) the fact that a condition's listing as a qualifying condition does not suggest that
1444	medical cannabis treatment is an effective treatment or cure for that condition, as described in
1445	Subsection 26-61a-104(1); and
1446	(c) other relevant warnings and safety information that the department determines.
1447	(10) The department may establish procedures by rule, in accordance with Title 63G,
1448	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to implement the application and issuance
1449	provisions of this section.
1450	(11) (a) On or before September 1, 2021, the department shall establish by rule, in
1451	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a process to allow
1452	an individual from another state to register with the department in order to purchase medical
1453	cannabis or a medical cannabis device from a medical cannabis pharmacy while the individual
1454	is visiting the state.
1455	(b) The department may only provide the registration process described in Subsection
1456	(11)(a):
1457	(i) to a nonresident patient; and
1458	(ii) for no more than two visitation periods per calendar year of up to 21 calendar days
1459	per visitation period.

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(12) (a) A person may submit to the department a request to conduct a research study using medical cannabis cardholder data that the state electronic verification system contains. 1462 (b) The department shall review a request described in Subsection (12)(a) to determine whether an institutional review board, as that term is defined in Section 26-61-102, could 1463 1464 approve the research study. 1465 (c) At the time an individual applies for a medical cannabis card, the department shall 1466 notify the individual: 1467 (i) of how the individual's information will be used as a cardholder; 1468 (ii) that by applying for a medical cannabis card, unless the individual withdraws 1469 consent under Subsection (12)(d), the individual consents to the use of the individual's information for external research; and (iii) that the individual may withdraw consent for the use of the individual's information for external research at any time, including at the time of application. 1473 (d) An applicant may, through the medical cannabis card application, and a medical 1474 cannabis cardholder may, through the state central patient portal, withdraw the applicant's or 1475 cardholder's consent to participate in external research at any time. 1476 (e) The department may release, for the purposes of a study described in this 1477 Subsection (12), information about a cardholder under this section who consents to participate 1478 under Subsection (12)(c). 1479 (f) If an individual withdraws consent under Subsection (12)(d), the withdrawal of 1480 consent: (i) applies to external research that is initiated after the withdrawal of consent; and

under this section in the controlled substance database.

(ii) does not apply to research that was initiated before the withdrawal of consent.

rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

(g) The department may establish standards for a medical research study's validity, by

(13) The department shall record the issuance or revocation of a medical cannabis card

1487	Section 18. Section 26-61a-202 is amended to read:
1488	26-61a-202. Medical cannabis caregiver card Registration Renewal
1489	Revocation.
1490	(1) (a) [(i)] A cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 may designate, through the
1491	state central patient portal, up to two individuals, or an individual and a facility in accordance
1492	with Subsection (1)(b), to serve as a designated caregiver for the cardholder.
1493	[(ii) The designation described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) takes effect if the state electronic
1494	verification system reflects a recommending medical provider's indication that the provider
1495	determines that, due to physical difficulty or undue hardship, including concerns of distance to
1496	a medical cannabis pharmacy, the cardholder needs assistance to obtain the medical cannabis
1497	treatment that the recommending medical provider recommends.]
1498	(b) (i) Beginning on the earlier of September 1, 2021, or the date on which the
1499	electronic verification system is functionally capable of servicing the designation, a cardholder
1500	described in Section 26-61a-201 who is a patient in one of the following types of facilities may
1501	designate the facility as one of the caregivers described in Subsection (1)(a):
1502	(A) an assisted living facility, as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2;
1503	(B) a nursing care facility, as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2; or
1504	(C) a general acute hospital, as that term is defined in Section 26-21-2.
1505	(ii) A facility may assign one or more employees to assist patients with medical
1506	cannabis treatment under the caregiver designation described in this Subsection (1)(b).
1507	(iii) The department shall make rules to regulate the practice of facilities and facility
1508	employees serving as designated caregivers under this Subsection (1)(b).
1509	(c) A parent or legal guardian described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(d), in
1510	consultation with the minor and the minor's qualified medical provider, may designate, through
1511	the state central patient portal, up to two individuals to serve as a designated caregiver for the
1512	minor, if the department determines that the parent or legal guardian is not eligible for a
1513	medical cannabis quardian card under Section 26-61a-201

(d) (i) Beginning on the earlier of September 1, 2022, or the date on which the
electronic verification system is functionally capable of facilitating a conditional medical
cannabis caregiver card under this Subsection (1)(d), upon the entry of a caregiver designation
under Subsection (1) by a patient with a terminal illness described in Section 26-61a-104, the
department shall issue to the designated caregiver an electronic conditional medical cannabis
caregiver card, in accordance with this Subsection (1)(d).
(ii) A conditional medical cannabis caregiver card is valid for the lesser of:
(A) 60 days; or
(B) the day on which the department completes the department's review and issues a
medical cannabis caregiver card under Subsection (1)(a), denies the patient's medical cannabis
caregiver card application, or revokes the conditional medical cannabis caregiver card under
Subsection (8).
(iii) The department may issue a conditional medical cannabis card to an individual
applying for a medical cannabis patient card for which approval of the Compassionate Use
Board is not required.
(iv) An individual described in Subsection (1)(b)(iii) has the rights, restrictions, and
obligations under law applicable to a holder of the medical cannabis card for which the
individual applies and for which the department issues the conditional medical cannabis card.
(2) An individual that the department registers as a designated caregiver under this
section and a facility described in Subsection (1)(b):
(a) for an individual designated caregiver, may carry a valid medical cannabis caregiver
card;
(b) in accordance with this chapter, may purchase, possess, transport, or assist the
patient in the use of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal
dosage form, or a medical cannabis device on behalf of the designating medical cannabis
cardholder;

(c) may not charge a fee to an individual to act as the individual's designated caregiver

1541	or for a service that the designated caregiver provides in relation to the role as a designated
1542	caregiver; and
1543	(d) may accept reimbursement from the designating medical cannabis cardholder for
1544	direct costs the designated caregiver incurs for assisting with the designating cardholder's
1545	medicinal use of cannabis[; and].
1546	[(e) if a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy is not operating within the state after
1547	January 1, 2021:]
1548	[(i) may possess up to the legal dosage limit of:]
1549	[(A) unprocessed medical cannabis in a medicinal dosage form; and]
1550	[(B) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form;]
1551	[(ii) may possess marijuana drug paraphernalia; and]
1552	[(iii) is not subject to prosecution for the possession described in Subsection (2)(e)(i).]
1553	(3) (a) The department shall:
1554	(i) within 15 days after the day on which an individual submits an application in
1555	compliance with this section, issue a medical cannabis card to the applicant if the applicant:
1556	(A) is designated as a caregiver under Subsection (1);
1557	(B) is eligible for a medical cannabis caregiver card under Subsection (4); and
1558	(C) complies with this section; and
1559	(ii) notify the Department of Public Safety of each individual that the department
1560	registers as a designated caregiver.
1561	(b) The department shall ensure that a medical cannabis caregiver card contains the
1562	information described in [Subsection] Subsections (5)(b) and (3)(c)(i).
1563	(c) If a cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 designates an individual as a
1564	caregiver who already holds a medical cannabis caregiver card, the individual with the medical
1565	cannabis caregiver card:
1566	(i) shall report to the department the information required of applicants under
1567	Subsection (5)(b) regarding the new designation;

1568	(11) If the individual makes the report described in Subsection (3)(c)(1), is not required
1569	to file an application for another medical cannabis caregiver card;
1570	(iii) may receive an additional medical cannabis caregiver card in relation to each
1571	additional medical cannabis patient who designates the caregiver; and
1572	(iv) is not subject to an additional background check.
1573	(4) An individual is eligible for a medical cannabis caregiver card if the individual:
1574	(a) is at least 21 years old;
1575	(b) is a Utah resident;
1576	(c) pays to the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1577	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, plus the cost of the
1578	criminal background check described in Section 26-61a-203;
1579	(d) signs an acknowledgment stating that the applicant received the information
1580	described in Subsection 26-61a-201(9); and
1581	(e) has not been convicted of a misdemeanor or felony drug distribution offense that is
1582	a felony under either state or federal law, unless the individual completes any imposed sentence
1583	two or more years before the day on which the individual submits the application.
1584	(5) An eligible applicant for a medical cannabis caregiver card shall:
1585	(a) submit an application for a medical cannabis caregiver card to the department
1586	through an electronic application connected to the state electronic verification system; and
1587	(b) submit the following information in the application described in Subsection (5)(a):
1588	(i) the applicant's name, gender, age, and address;
1589	(ii) the name, gender, age, and address of the cardholder described in Section
1590	26-61a-201 who designated the applicant; [and]
1591	(iii) if a medical cannabis guardian cardholder designated the caregiver, the name,
1592	gender, and age of the minor receiving a medical cannabis treatment in relation to the medical
1593	cannabis guardian cardholder[-]; and
1594	(iv) any additional information that the department requests to assist in matching the

1595	application with the designating medical cannabis patient.
1596	(6) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a medical cannabis caregiver card that the
1597	department issues under this section is valid for the lesser of:
1598	(a) an amount of time that the cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who
1599	designated the caregiver determines; or
1600	(b) the amount of time remaining before the card of the cardholder described in Section
1601	26-61a-201 expires.
1602	(7) (a) If a designated caregiver meets the requirements of Subsection (4), the
1603	designated caregiver's medical cannabis caregiver card renews automatically at the time the
1604	cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who designated the caregiver:
1605	(i) renews the cardholder's card; and
1606	(ii) renews the caregiver's designation, in accordance with Subsection (7)(b).
1607	(b) The department shall provide a method in the card renewal process to allow a
1608	cardholder described in Section 26-61a-201 who has designated a caregiver to:
1609	(i) signify that the cardholder renews the caregiver's designation;
1610	(ii) remove a caregiver's designation; or
1611	(iii) designate a new caregiver.
1612	(8) The department may revoke a medical cannabis caregiver card if the designated
1613	caregiver:
1614	(a) violates this chapter; or
1615	(b) is convicted under state or federal law of:
1616	(i) a felony drug distribution offense; or
1617	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor drug distribution offense.
1618	(9) The department shall record the issuance or revocation of a medical cannabis card
1619	under this section in the controlled substance database.
1620	Section 19. Section 26-61a-204 is amended to read:
1621	26-61a-204. Medical cannabis card Patient and designated caregiver

1622	requirements Rebuttable presumption.
1623	(1) (a) A medical cannabis cardholder who possesses medical cannabis that the
1624	cardholder purchased under this chapter:
1625	(i) shall carry:
1626	(A) at all times the cardholder's medical cannabis card; and
1627	(B) [after the earlier of January 1, 2021, or the day on which the individual purchases
1628	any medical cannabis from a medical cannabis pharmacy,] with the medical cannabis, a label
1629	that identifies that the medical cannabis was sold from a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy
1630	and includes an identification number that links the medical cannabis to the inventory control
1631	system; and
1632	(ii) may possess up to the legal dosage limit of:
1633	(A) unprocessed cannabis in medicinal dosage form; and
1634	(B) a cannabis product in medicinal dosage form;
1635	(iii) may not possess more medical cannabis than described in Subsection (1)(a)(ii);
1636	(iv) may only possess the medical cannabis in the container in which the cardholder
1637	received the medical cannabis from the medical cannabis pharmacy; and
1638	(v) may not alter or remove any label described in Section 4-41a-602 from the
1639	container described in Subsection (1)(a)(iv).
1640	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (1)(c) or (e), a medical cannabis cardholder who
1641	possesses medical cannabis in violation of Subsection (1)(a) is:
1642	(i) guilty of an infraction; and
1643	(ii) subject to a \$100 fine.
1644	(c) A medical cannabis cardholder or a nonresident patient who possesses medical
1645	cannabis in an amount that is greater than the legal dosage limit and equal to or less than twice
1646	the legal dosage limit is:
1647	(i) for a first offense:
1648	(A) guilty of an infraction; and

1649	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1650	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense:
1651	(A) guilty of a class B misdemeanor; and
1652	(B) subject to a fine of \$1,000.
1653	(d) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c) is
1654	not guilty of a violation of Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act, for the
1655	conduct underlying the penalty described in Subsection (1)(b) or (c).
1656	(e) A nonresident patient who possesses medical cannabis that is not in a medicinal
1657	dosage form is:
1658	(i) for a first offense:
1659	(A) guilty of an infraction; and
1660	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1661	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense, is subject to the penalties described in Title 58,
1662	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1663	(f) A medical cannabis cardholder or a nonresident patient who possesses medical
1664	cannabis in an amount that is greater than twice the legal dosage limit is subject to the penalties
1665	described in Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1666	(2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2), "emergency medical condition" means the same
1667	as that term is defined in Section 31A-22-627.
1668	(b) Except as described in Subsection (2)(c), a medical cannabis patient cardholder, a
1669	provisional patient cardholder, or a nonresident patient may not use, in public view, medical
1670	cannabis or a cannabis product.
1671	(c) In the event of an emergency medical condition, an individual described in
1672	Subsection (2)(b) may use, and the holder of a medical cannabis guardian card or a medical
1673	cannabis caregiver card may administer to the cardholder's charge, in public view, cannabis in a
1674	medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form.
1675	(d) An individual described in Subsection (2)(b) who violates Subsection (2)(b) is:

1676	(1) for a first offense:
1677	(A) guilty of an infraction; and
1678	(B) subject to a fine of up to \$100; and
1679	(ii) for a second or subsequent offense:
1680	(A) guilty of a class B misdemeanor; and
1681	(B) subject to a fine of \$1,000.
1682	(3) If a medical cannabis cardholder carrying the cardholder's card possesses cannabis
1683	in a medicinal dosage form or a cannabis product in compliance with Subsection (1), or a
1684	medical cannabis device that corresponds with the cannabis or cannabis product:
1685	(a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the cardholder possesses the cannabis,
1686	cannabis product, or medical cannabis device legally; and
1687	(b) there is no probable cause, based solely on the cardholder's possession of the
1688	cannabis in medicinal dosage form, cannabis product in medicinal dosage form, or medical
1689	cannabis device, to believe that the cardholder is engaging in illegal activity.
1690	(4) (a) If a law enforcement officer stops an individual who possesses cannabis in a
1691	medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis
1692	device, and the individual represents to the law enforcement officer that the individual holds a
1693	valid medical cannabis card, but the individual does not have the medical cannabis card in the

(b) If the law enforcement officer is able to verify that the individual described in Subsection (4)(a) is a valid medical cannabis cardholder, the law enforcement officer:

enforcement officer shall attempt to access the state electronic verification system to determine

individual's possession at the time of the stop by the law enforcement officer, the law

whether the individual holds a valid medical cannabis card.

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- (i) may not arrest or take the individual into custody for the sole reason that the individual is in possession of cannabis in a medicinal dosage form, a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form, or a medical cannabis device; and
 - (ii) may not seize the cannabis, cannabis product, or medical cannabis device.

1703	Section 20. Section 26-61a-301 is amended to read:
1704	26-61a-301. Medical cannabis pharmacy License Eligibility.
1705	(1) A person may not operate as a medical cannabis pharmacy without a license that
1706	the department issues under this part.
1707	(2) (a) (i) Subject to Subsections (4) and (5) and to Section 26-61a-305, the department
1708	shall issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy in accordance with Title 63G,
1709	Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code.
1710	(ii) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to
1711	an applicant who is not eligible for a license under this section.
1712	(b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to
1713	the department:
1714	(i) subject to Subsection (2)(c), a proposed name and address where the applicant will
1715	operate the medical cannabis pharmacy;
1716	(ii) the name and address of an individual who:
1717	(A) for a publicly traded company, has a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in
1718	the proposed medical cannabis pharmacy;
1719	(B) for a privately held company, a financial or voting interest in the proposed medical
1720	cannabis pharmacy; or
1721	(C) has the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed medical
1722	cannabis pharmacy;
1723	(iii) a statement that the applicant will obtain and maintain a performance bond that a
1724	surety authorized to transact surety business in the state issues in an amount of at least
1725	\$100,000 for each application that the applicant submits to the department;
1726	(iv) an operating plan that:
1727	(A) complies with Section 26-61a-304;
1728	(B) includes operating procedures to comply with the operating requirements for a
1729	medical cannabis pharmacy described in this chapter and with a relevant municipal or county

1730 law that is consistent with Section 26-61a-507; and 1731 (C) the department approves; 1732 (v) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the 1733 department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and 1734 (vi) a description of any investigation or adverse action taken by any licensing 1735 jurisdiction, government agency, law enforcement agency, or court in any state for any 1736 violation or detrimental conduct in relation to any of the applicant's cannabis-related operations 1737 or businesses. 1738 (c) (i) A person may not locate a medical cannabis pharmacy: 1739 (A) within 200 feet of a community location; or 1740 (B) in or within 600 feet of a district that the relevant municipality or county has zoned 1741 as primarily residential. 1742 (ii) The proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) shall be measured 1743 from the nearest entrance to the medical cannabis pharmacy establishment by following the 1744 shortest route of ordinary pedestrian travel to the property boundary of the community location 1745 or residential area. 1746 (iii) The department may grant a waiver to reduce the proximity requirements in 1747 Subsection (2)(c)(i) by up to 20% if the department determines that it is not reasonably feasible 1748 for the applicant to site the proposed medical cannabis pharmacy without the waiver. 1749 (iv) An applicant for a license under this section shall provide evidence of compliance 1750 with the proximity requirements described in Subsection (2)(c)(i). 1751 (d) The department may not issue a license to an eligible applicant that the department 1752 has selected to receive a license until the selected eligible applicant obtains the performance 1753 bond described in Subsection (2)(b)(iii). 1754 (e) If the department receives more than one application for a medical cannabis

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pharmacy within the same city or town, the department shall consult with the local land use

authority before approving any of the applications pertaining to that city or town.

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1757	(3) If the department selects an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license
1758	under this section, the department shall:
1759	(a) charge the applicant an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1760	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504;
1761	(b) notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval and the names of
1762	each individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii); and
1763	(c) charge the licensee a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5),
1764	the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504, for any change in location,
1765	ownership, or company structure.
1766	(4) The department may not issue a license to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy to
1767	an applicant if an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii):
1768	(a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:
1769	(i) a felony; or
1770	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
1771	(b) is younger than 21 years old; or
1772	(c) after September 23, 2019, until January 1, 2023, is actively serving as a legislator.
1773	(5) (a) If an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section holds
1774	a license under Title 4, Chapter 41, Hemp and Cannabinoid Act, the department may not give
1775	preference to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder of the license.
1776	(b) If an applicant for a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this section holds a
1777	license to operate a cannabis cultivation facility under Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis
1778	Production Establishments, the department:
1779	(i) shall consult with the Department of Agriculture and Food regarding the applicant;
1780	and
1781	(ii) may give consideration to the applicant based on the applicant's status as a holder
1782	of a license to operate a cannabis cultivation facility if:

(A) the applicant demonstrates that a decrease in costs to patients is more likely to

result from the applicant's vertical integration than from a more competitive marketplace; and

- (B) the department finds multiple other factors, in addition to the existing license, that support granting the new license.
 - (6) (a) The department may revoke a license under this part:
- (i) if the medical cannabis pharmacy does not begin operations within one year after the day on which the department issues <u>an announcement of the [initial] department's intent to award a license to the medical cannabis pharmacy;</u>
- (ii) after the third the same violation of this chapter in any of the licensee's licensed cannabis production establishments or medical cannabis pharmacies;
- (iii) if an individual described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii) is convicted, while the license is active, under state or federal law of:
 - (A) a felony; or

- (B) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution;
- (iv) if the licensee fails to provide the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) at the time of application, or fails to supplement the information described in Subsection (2)(b)(vi) with any investigation or adverse action that occurs after the submission of the application within 14 calendar days after the licensee receives notice of the investigation or adverse action; [or]
- (v) if the medical cannabis pharmacy demonstrates a willful or reckless disregard for the requirements of this chapter or the rules the department makes in accordance with this chapter[-]; or
- (vi) if, after a change of ownership described in Subsection (11)(c), the department determines that the medical cannabis pharmacy no longer meets the minimum standards for licensure and operation of the medical cannabis pharmacy described in this chapter.
- (b) The department shall rescind a notice of an intent to issue a license under this part to an applicant or revoke a license issued under this part if the associated medical cannabis pharmacy does not begin operation on or before June 1, 2021.

1811	(7) (a) A person who receives a medical cannabis pharmacy license under this chapter,
1812	if the municipality or county where the licensed medical cannabis pharmacy will be located
1813	requires a local land use permit, shall submit to the department a copy of the licensee's
1814	approved application for the land use permit within 120 days after the day on which the
1815	department issues the license.
1816	(b) If a licensee fails to submit to the department a copy the licensee's approved land
1817	use permit application in accordance with Subsection (7)(a), the department may revoke the
1818	licensee's license.
1819	(8) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee imposed by this section into the
1820	Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund.
1821	(9) The department shall begin accepting applications under this part on or before
1822	March 1, 2020.
1823	(10) (a) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is
1824	not subject to review.
1825	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the decision of the department to award a license
1826	to an applicant is not subject to:
1827	(i) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
1828	(ii) Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board.
1829	(11) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy license is not transferrable or assignable.
1830	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall report in writing to the department no later than
1831	10 business days before the date of any change of ownership of the medical cannabis
1832	pharmacy.
1833	(c) If the ownership of a medical cannabis pharmacy changes by 50% or more:
1834	(i) concurrent with the report described in Subsection (11)(b), the medical cannabis
1835	pharmacy shall submit a new application described in Subsection (2)(b), subject to Subsection
1836	<u>(2)(c);</u>
1837	(ii) within 30 days of the submission of the application, the department shall:

1838	(A) conduct an application review; and
1839	(B) award a license to the medical cannabis pharmacy for the remainder of the term of
1840	the medical cannabis pharmacy's license before the ownership change if the medical cannabis
1841	pharmacy meets the minimum standards for licensure and operation of the medical cannabis
1842	pharmacy described in this chapter; and
1843	(iii) if the department approves the license application, notwithstanding Subsection (3),
1844	the medical cannabis pharmacy shall pay a license fee that the department sets in accordance
1845	with Section 63J-1-504 in an amount that covers the board's cost of conducting the application
1846	review.
1847	Section 21. Section 26-61a-303 is amended to read:
1848	26-61a-303. Renewal.
1849	(1) The department shall renew a license under this part every year if, at the time of
1850	renewal:
1851	(a) the licensee meets the requirements of Section 26-61a-301;
1852	(b) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to
1853	Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
1854	(c) if the medical cannabis pharmacy changes the operating plan described in Section
1855	26-61a-304 that the department approved under Subsection 26-61a-301(2)(b)(iv), the
1856	department approves the new operating plan.
1857	(2) (a) If a licensed medical cannabis pharmacy abandons the medical cannabis
1858	pharmacy's license, the department shall publish notice of an available license:
1859	(i) in a newspaper of general circulation for the geographic area in which the medical
1860	cannabis pharmacy license is available; or
1861	(ii) on the Utah Public Notice Website established in Section 63A-16-601.
1862	(b) The department may establish criteria, in collaboration with the Division of
1863	Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with
1864	Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to identify the medical cannabis

1865	pharmacy actions that constitute abandonment of a medical cannabis pharmacy license.
1866	(3) If the department has not completed the necessary processes to make a
1867	determination on a license renewal under Subsections (1)(a) and (c) before the expiration of a
1868	license, the department may issue a conditional medical cannabis pharmacy license to a
1869	licensed medical cannabis pharmacy that has applied for license renewal under this section and
1870	paid the fee described in Subsection (1)(b).
1871	Section 22. Section 26-61a-305 is amended to read:
1872	26-61a-305. Maximum number of licenses Home delivery medical cannabis
1873	pharmacies.
1874	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (1)(b) or (d), if a sufficient number of
1875	applicants apply, the department shall issue up to 15 medical cannabis pharmacy licenses in
1876	accordance with this section.
1877	(b) If an insufficient number of qualified applicants apply for the available number of
1878	medical cannabis pharmacy licenses, the department shall issue a medical cannabis pharmacy
1879	license to each qualified applicant.
1880	(c) The department may issue the licenses described in Subsection (1)(a) in accordance
1881	with this Subsection (1)(c).
1882	(i) Using one procurement process, the department may issue eight licenses to an initial
1883	group of medical cannabis pharmacies and six licenses to a second group of medical cannabis
1884	pharmacies.
1885	(ii) If the department issues licenses in two phases in accordance with Subsection
1886	(1)(c)(i), the department shall:
1887	(A) divide the state into no less than four geographic regions;
1888	(B) issue at least one license in each geographic region during each phase of issuing
1889	licenses; and
1890	(C) complete the process of issuing medical cannabis pharmacy licenses no later than
1891	July 1, 2020.

(iii) In issuing a 15th license under Subsection (1), the department shall ensure that the license recipient will locate the medical cannabis pharmacy within Dagget, Duchesne, Uintah, Carbon, Sevier, Emery, Grand, or San Juan County.

- (d) (i) The department may issue licenses to operate a medical cannabis pharmacy in addition to the licenses described in Subsection (1)(a) if the department determines, in consultation with the Department of Agriculture and Food and after an annual or more frequent analysis of the current and anticipated market for medical cannabis, that each additional license is necessary to provide an adequate supply, quality, or variety of medical cannabis to medical cannabis cardholders.
 - (ii) The department shall:

- (A) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, make rules to establish criteria and processes for the consultation, analysis, and application for a license described in Subsection (1)(d)(i); and
- [(B) before November 30, 2020, report on the rules described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(A) to the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature; and]
- [(C)] (B) report to the Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature before each time the department issues an additional license under Subsection (1)(d)(i) regarding the results of the consultation and analysis described in Subsection (1)(d)(i) and the application of the criteria described in Subsection (1)(d)(ii)(A) [to the intended licensee].
- (2) (a) If there are more qualified applicants than there are available licenses for medical cannabis pharmacies, the department shall:
- (i) evaluate each applicant and award the license to the applicant that best demonstrates:
- (A) experience with establishing and successfully operating a business that involves complying with a regulatory environment, tracking inventory, and training, evaluating, and monitoring employees;
 - (B) an operating plan that will best ensure the safety and security of patrons and the

1919	community;
1920	(C) positive connections to the local community;
1921	(D) the suitability of the proposed location and the location's accessibility for
1922	qualifying patients;
1923	(E) the extent to which the applicant can increase efficiency and reduce the cost of
1924	medical cannabis for patients; and
1925	(F) a strategic plan described in Subsection 26-61a-304(7) that has a comparatively
1926	high likelihood of success; and
1927	(ii) ensure a geographic dispersal among licensees that is sufficient to reasonably
1928	maximize access to the largest number of medical cannabis cardholders.
1929	(b) In making the evaluation described in Subsection (2)(a), the department may give
1930	increased consideration to applicants who indicate a willingness to:
1931	(i) operate as a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy that accepts electronic
1932	medical cannabis orders that the state central patient portal facilitates; and
1933	(ii) accept payments through:
1934	(A) a payment provider that the Division of Finance approves, in consultation with the
1935	state treasurer, in accordance with Section 26-61a-603; or
1936	(B) a financial institution in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-603(4).
1937	(3) The department may conduct a face-to-face interview with an applicant for a
1938	license that the department evaluates under Subsection (2).
1939	(4) (a) The department may designate a medical cannabis pharmacy as a home delivery
1940	medical cannabis pharmacy if the department determines that the medical cannabis pharmacy's
1941	operating plan demonstrates the functional and technical ability to:
1942	(i) safely conduct transactions for medical cannabis shipments;
1943	(ii) accept electronic medical cannabis orders that the state central patient portal
1944	facilitates; and
1945	(iii) accept payments through:

1946	(A) a payment provider that the Division of Finance approves, in consultation with the
1947	state treasurer, in accordance with Section 26-61a-603; or
1948	(B) a financial institution in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-603(4).
1949	(b) An applicant seeking a designation as a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy
1950	shall identify in the applicant's operating plan any information relevant to the department's
1951	evaluation described in Subsection (4)(a), including:
1952	(i) the name and contact information of the payment provider;
1953	(ii) the nature of the relationship between the prospective licensee and the payment
1954	provider;
1955	(iii) the processes of the following to safely and reliably conduct transactions for
1956	medical cannabis shipments:
1957	(A) the prospective licensee; and
1958	(B) the electronic payment provider or the financial institution described in Subsection
1959	(4)(a)(iii); and
1960	(iv) the ability of the licensee to comply with the department's rules regarding the
1961	secure transportation and delivery of medical cannabis or medical cannabis product to a
1962	medical cannabis cardholder.
1963	(c) Notwithstanding any county or municipal ordinance, a medical cannabis pharmacy
1964	that the department designates as a home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy may deliver
1965	medical cannabis shipments in accordance with this chapter.
1966	Section 23. Section 26-61a-401 is amended to read:
1967	26-61a-401. Medical cannabis pharmacy agent Registration.
1968	(1) An individual may not serve as a medical cannabis pharmacy agent of a medical
1969	cannabis pharmacy unless the department registers the individual as a medical cannabis
1970	pharmacy agent.
1971	(2) A recommending medical provider may not act as a medical cannabis pharmacy
1972	agent, have a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in a medical cannabis pharmacy, or

1973	have the power to direct or cause the management or control of a medical cannabis pharmacy.
1974	(3) (a) The department shall, within 15 days after the day on which the department
1975	receives a complete application from a medical cannabis pharmacy on behalf of a prospective
1976	medical cannabis pharmacy agent, register and issue a medical cannabis pharmacy agent
1977	registration card to the prospective agent if the medical cannabis pharmacy:
1978	(i) provides to the department:
1979	(A) the prospective agent's name and address;
1980	(B) the name and location of the licensed medical cannabis pharmacy where the
1981	prospective agent seeks to act as the medical cannabis pharmacy agent; and
1982	(C) the submission required under Subsection (3)(b); and
1983	(ii) pays a fee to the department in an amount that, subject to Subsection
1984	26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
1985	(b) Except for an applicant reapplying for a medical cannabis pharmacy agent
1986	registration card within less than one year after the expiration of the applicant's previous
1987	medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card, each prospective agent described in
1988	Subsection (3)(a) shall:
1989	(i) submit to the department:
1990	(A) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the Department of Public Safety; and
1991	(B) a signed waiver in accordance with Subsection 53-10-108(4) acknowledging the
1992	registration of the prospective agent's fingerprints in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
1993	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service; and
1994	(ii) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
1995	(A) the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
1996	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
1997	(c) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
1998	(i) check the fingerprints the prospective agent submits under Subsection (3)(b) against
1999	the applicable state, regional, and national criminal records databases, including the Federal

Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System;

- (ii) report the results of the background check to the department;
- (iii) maintain a separate file of fingerprints that prospective agents submit under Subsection (3)(b) for search by future submissions to the local and regional criminal records databases, including latent prints;
- (iv) request that the fingerprints be retained in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service for search by future submissions to national criminal records databases, including the Next Generation Identification System and latent prints; and
- (v) establish a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the department only receives notifications for an individual with whom the department maintains an authorizing relationship.
 - (d) The department shall:

- (i) assess an individual who submits fingerprints under Subsection (3)(b) a fee in an amount that the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for the services that the Bureau of Criminal Identification or another authorized agency provides under this section; and
- (ii) remit the fee described in Subsection (3)(d)(i) to the Bureau of Criminal Identification.
- (4) The department shall designate, on an individual's medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card the name of the medical cannabis pharmacy where the individual is registered as an agent.
- (5) A medical cannabis pharmacy agent shall comply with a certification standard that the department develops in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy, or a third-party certification standard that the department designates by rule, in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.

2027	(6) The department shall ensure that the certification standard described in Subsection
2028	(5) includes training in:
2029	(a) Utah medical cannabis law; and
2030	(b) medical cannabis pharmacy best practices.
2031	(7) The department may revoke the medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card
2032	of, or refuse to issue a medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card to, an individual
2033	who:
2034	(a) violates the requirements of this chapter; or
2035	(b) is convicted under state or federal law of:
2036	(i) a felony within the preceding 10 years; or
2037	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution.
2038	(8) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card expires two years after the
2039	day on which the department issues or renews the card.
2040	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy agent may renew the agent's registration card if the
2041	agent:
2042	(i) is eligible for a medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card under this
2043	section;
2044	(ii) certifies to the department in a renewal application that the information in
2045	Subsection (3)(a) is accurate or updates the information; and
2046	(iii) pays to the department a renewal fee in an amount that:
2047	(A) subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with
2048	Section 63J-1-504; and
2049	(B) may not exceed the cost of the relatively lower administrative burden of renewal in
2050	comparison to the original application process.
2051	(9) (a) As a condition precedent to registration and renewal of a medical cannabis
2052	pharmacy agent registration card, a medical cannabis pharmacy agent shall:
2053	(i) complete at least one hour of continuing education regarding patient privacy and

federal health information privacy laws that is offered by the department under Subsection
(9)(b) or an accredited or approved continuing education provider that the department
recognizes as offering continuing education appropriate for the medical cannabis pharmacy
practice; and
(ii) make a continuing education report to the department in accordance with a process
that the department establishes by rule, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act, and in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and
Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy.
(b) The department may, in consultation with the Division of Occupational and
Professional Licensing, develop the continuing education described in this Subsection (9).
(c) The pharmacist-in-charge described in Section 26-61a-403 shall ensure that each
medical cannabis pharmacy agent working in the medical cannabis pharmacy who has access to
the state electronic verification system is in compliance with this Subsection (9).
Section 24. Section 26-61a-501 is amended to read:
26-61a-501. Operating requirements General.
(1) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall operate:
(i) at the physical address provided to the department under Section 26-61a-301; and
(ii) in accordance with the operating plan provided to the department under Section
26-61a-301 and, if applicable, <u>Section</u> 26-61a-304.
(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall notify the department before a change in the
medical cannabis pharmacy's physical address or operating plan.
(2) An individual may not enter a medical cannabis pharmacy unless the individual:
(a) is at least 18 years old or is an emancipated minor under Section 80-7-105; and
(b) except as provided in Subsection [(5)] (4):
(i) possesses a valid:
(A) medical cannabis pharmacy agent registration card;
(B) pharmacy medical provider registration card; or

2081	(C) medical cannabis card;
2082	(ii) is an employee of the department or the Department of Agriculture and Food
2083	performing an inspection under Section 26-61a-504; or
2084	(iii) is another individual as the department provides.
2085	(3) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not employ an individual who is younger than
2086	21 years old.
2087	[(4) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not employ an individual who has been
2088	convicted of a felony under state or federal law.]
2089	[(5)] (4) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), a medical cannabis pharmacy may
2090	authorize an individual who is not a medical cannabis pharmacy agent or pharmacy medical
2091	provider to access the medical cannabis pharmacy if the medical cannabis pharmacy tracks and
2092	monitors the individual at all times while the individual is at the medical cannabis pharmacy
2093	and maintains a record of the individual's access.
2094	[6] A medical cannabis pharmacy shall operate in a facility that has:
2095	(a) a single, secure public entrance;
2096	(b) a security system with a backup power source that:
2097	(i) detects and records entry into the medical cannabis pharmacy; and
2098	(ii) provides notice of an unauthorized entry to law enforcement when the medical
2099	cannabis pharmacy is closed; and
2100	(c) a lock on each area where the medical cannabis pharmacy stores cannabis or a
2101	cannabis product.
2102	[(7)] (6) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall post, both clearly and conspicuously in the
2103	medical cannabis pharmacy, the limit on the purchase of cannabis described in Subsection
2104	26-61a-502(2).
2105	[(8)] (7) Except for an emergency situation described in Subsection 26-61a-201(3)(c), a
2106	medical cannabis pharmacy may not allow any individual to consume cannabis on the property
2107	or premises of the medical cannabis pharmacy

2108	[(9)] (8) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell cannabis or a cannabis product
2109	without first indicating on the cannabis or cannabis product label the name of the medical
2110	cannabis pharmacy.
2111	[(10)] (9) (a) Each medical cannabis pharmacy shall retain in the pharmacy's records
2112	the following information regarding each recommendation underlying a transaction:
2113	(i) the recommending medical provider's name, address, and telephone number;
2114	(ii) the patient's name and address;
2115	(iii) the date of issuance;
2116	(iv) directions of use and dosing guidelines or an indication that the recommending
2117	medical provider did not recommend specific directions of use or dosing guidelines; and
2118	(v) if the patient did not complete the transaction, the name of the medical cannabis
2119	cardholder who completed the transaction.
2120	(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(10)] (9)(b)(iii), a medical cannabis pharmacy
2121	may not sell medical cannabis unless the medical cannabis has a label securely affixed to the
2122	container indicating the following minimum information:
2123	(A) the name, address, and telephone number of the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2124	(B) the unique identification number that the medical cannabis pharmacy assigns;
2125	(C) the date of the sale;
2126	(D) the name of the patient;
2127	(E) the name of the recommending medical provider who recommended the medical
2128	cannabis treatment;
2129	(F) directions for use and cautionary statements, if any;
2130	(G) the amount dispensed and the cannabinoid content;
2131	(H) the suggested use date;
2132	(I) for unprocessed cannabis flower, the legal use termination date; and
2133	(J) any other requirements that the department determines, in consultation with the
2134	Division of Occupational and Professional Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy.

2135	(ii) A medical cannabis pharmacy is exempt from the [following labeling
2136	requirements] requirement to provide the following information under Subsection (9)(b)(i) if
2137	the information is already provided on the product label that a cannabis production
2138	establishment affixes:
2139	(A) [Subsection (10)(b)(i)(B) regarding] a unique identification number;
2140	(B) [Subsection (10)(b)(i)(F) regarding] directions for use and cautionary statements;
2141	(C) [Subsection (10)(b)(i)(G) regarding] amount and cannabinoid content; and
2142	(D) [Subsection (10)(b)(i)(H) regarding] a suggested use date.
2143	(iii) If the size of a medical cannabis container does not allow sufficient space to
2144	include the labeling requirements described in Subsection (9)(b)(i), the medical cannabis
2145	pharmacy may provide the following information described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) on a
2146	supplemental label attached to the container or an informational enclosure that accompanies the
2147	container:
2148	(A) the cannabinoid content;
2149	(B) the suggested use date; and
2150	(C) any other requirements that the department determines.
2151	[(iii)] (iv) A medical cannabis pharmacy may sell medical cannabis to another medical
2152	cannabis pharmacy without a label described in Subsection [(10)] (9)(b)(i).
2153	[(11)] (10) A pharmacy medical provider or medical cannabis pharmacy agent shall:
2154	(a) upon receipt of an order from a limited medical provider in accordance with
2155	Subsections 26-61a-106(1)(b) [and (c)] through (d):
2156	(i) for a written order or an electronic order under circumstances that the department
2157	determines, contact the limited medical provider or the limited medical provider's office to
2158	verify the validity of the recommendation; and
2159	(ii) for [a written] an order that the pharmacy medical provider or medical cannabis
2160	pharmacy agent verifies under Subsection $[\frac{(11)}{(10)}]$ $(\underline{10})$ (a)(i) or an electronic order that is not
2161	subject to verification under Subsection (10)(a)(i), enter the limited medical provider's

recommendation or renewal, including any associated directions of use, dosing guidelines, or caregiver indication, in the state electronic verification system;

- (b) in processing an order for a holder of a conditional medical cannabis card described in Subsection 26-61a-201(1)(b) that appears irregular or suspicious in the judgment of the pharmacy medical provider or medical cannabis pharmacy agent, contact the recommending medical provider or the recommending medical provider's office to verify the validity of the recommendation before processing the cardholder's order;
- (c) unless the medical cannabis cardholder has had a consultation under Subsection 26-61a-502(4) or (5), verbally offer to a medical cannabis cardholder at the time of a purchase of cannabis, a cannabis product, or a medical cannabis device, personal counseling with the pharmacy medical provider; and
- (d) provide a telephone number or website by which the cardholder may contact a pharmacy medical provider for counseling.
- [(12)] (11) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may create a medical cannabis disposal program that allows an individual to deposit unused or excess medical cannabis, cannabis residue from a medical cannabis device, or medical cannabis product in a locked box or other secure receptacle within the medical cannabis pharmacy.
- (b) A medical cannabis pharmacy with a disposal program described in Subsection [(12)] (11)(a) shall ensure that only a medical cannabis pharmacy agent or pharmacy medical provider can access deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products.
- (c) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall dispose of any deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products by:
- (i) rendering the deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products unusable and unrecognizable before transporting deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products from the medical cannabis pharmacy; and
- (ii) disposing of the deposited medical cannabis or medical cannabis products in accordance with:

2189	(A) federal and state law, rules, and regulations related to hazardous waste;
2190	(B) the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6991 et seq.;
2191	(C) Title 19, Chapter 6, Part 5, Solid Waste Management Act; and
2192	(D) other regulations that the department makes in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter
2193	3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2194	[(13)] (12) The department shall establish by rule, in accordance with Title 63G,
2195	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, protocols for a recall of cannabis and
2196	cannabis products by a medical cannabis pharmacy.
2197	Section 25. Section 26-61a-502 is amended to read:
2198	26-61a-502. Dispensing Amount a medical cannabis pharmacy may dispense
2199	Reporting Form of cannabis or cannabis product.
2200	(1) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a product other than, subject to this
2201	chapter:
2202	(i) cannabis in a medicinal dosage form that the medical cannabis pharmacy acquired
2203	from another medical cannabis pharmacy or a cannabis processing facility that is licensed
2204	under Section 4-41a-201;
2205	(ii) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form that the medical cannabis pharmacy
2206	acquired from another medical cannabis pharmacy or a cannabis processing facility that is
2207	licensed under Section 4-41a-201;
2208	(iii) a medical cannabis device; or
2209	(iv) educational material related to the medical use of cannabis.
2210	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may only sell an item listed in Subsection (1)(a) to
2211	an individual with:
2212	(i) (A) a medical cannabis card;
2213	(B) a department registration described in Section 26-61a-201(10); and
2214	(ii) a corresponding valid form of photo identification.
2215	(c) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a

2216	cannabis-based drug that the United States Food and Drug Administration has approved.
2217	(d) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not sell a
2218	medical cannabis device to an individual described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(a)(i)(B) or to a
2219	minor described in Subsection 26-61a-201(2)(c) unless the individual or minor has the
2220	approval of the Compassionate Use Board in accordance with Subsection 26-61a-105(5).
2221	(2) A medical cannabis pharmacy:
2222	(a) may dispense to a medical cannabis cardholder, in any one 28-day period, up to the
2223	legal dosage limit of:
2224	(i) unprocessed cannabis that:
2225	(A) is in a medicinal dosage form; and
2226	(B) carries a label clearly displaying the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol and
2227	cannabidiol in the cannabis; and
2228	(ii) a cannabis product that is in a medicinal dosage form; and
2229	(b) may not dispense:
2230	(i) more medical cannabis than described in Subsection (2)(a); or
2231	(ii) to an individual whose recommending medical provider did not recommend
2232	directions of use and dosing guidelines, until the individual consults with the pharmacy
2233	medical provider in accordance with Subsection (4), any medical cannabis.
2234	(3) An individual with a medical cannabis card:
2235	(a) may purchase, in any one 28-day period, up to the legal dosage limit of:
2236	(i) unprocessed cannabis in a medicinal dosage form; and
2237	(ii) a cannabis product in a medicinal dosage form;
2238	(b) may not purchase:
2239	(i) more medical cannabis than described in Subsection (3)(a); or
2240	(ii) if the relevant recommending medical provider did not recommend directions of
2241	use and dosing guidelines, until the individual consults with the pharmacy medical provider in
2242	accordance with Subsection (4), any medical cannabis; and

2243	(c) may not use a route of administration that the relevant recommending medical
2244	provider or the pharmacy medical provider, in accordance with Subsection (4) or (5), has not
2245	recommended.
2246	(4) If a recommending medical provider recommends treatment with medical cannabis
2247	but wishes for the pharmacy medical provider to determine directions of use and dosing
2248	guidelines:
2249	(a) the recommending medical provider shall provide to the pharmacy medical
2250	provider, either through the state electronic verification system or through a medical cannabis
2251	pharmacy's recording of a recommendation under the order of a limited medical provider, any
2252	of the following information that the recommending medical provider feels would be needed to
2253	provide appropriate directions of use and dosing guidelines:
2254	(i) information regarding the qualifying condition underlying the recommendation;
2255	(ii) information regarding prior treatment attempts with medical cannabis; and
2256	(iii) portions of the patient's current medication list; and
2257	(b) before the relevant medical cannabis cardholder may obtain medical cannabis, the
2258	pharmacy medical provider shall:
2259	(i) review pertinent medical records, including the recommending medical provider
2260	documentation described in Subsection (4)(a); and
2261	(ii) unless the pertinent medical records show directions of use and dosing guidelines
2262	from a state central patient portal medical provider in accordance with Subsection (5), after
2263	completing the review described in Subsection (4)(b)(i) and consulting with the recommending
2264	medical provider as needed, determine the best course of treatment through consultation with
2265	the cardholder regarding:
2266	(A) the patient's qualifying condition underlying the recommendation from the
2267	recommending medical provider;
2268	(B) indications for available treatments;

(C) directions of use and dosing guidelines; and

2270	(D) potential adverse reactions.
2271	(5) (a) A state central patient portal medical provider may provide the consultation and
2272	make the determination described in Subsection (4)(b) for a medical cannabis patient
2273	cardholder regarding an electronic order that the state central patient portal facilitates.
2274	(b) The state central patient portal medical provider described in Subsection (5)(a)
2275	shall document the directions of use and dosing guidelines, determined under Subsection (5)(a)
2276	in the pertinent medical records.
2277	(6) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy shall:
2278	(i) (A) access the state electronic verification system before dispensing cannabis or a
2279	cannabis product to a medical cannabis cardholder in order to determine if the cardholder or,
2280	where applicable, the associated patient has met the maximum amount of medical cannabis
2281	described in Subsection (2); and
2282	(B) if the verification in Subsection (6)(a)(i) indicates that the individual has met the
2283	maximum amount described in Subsection (2), decline the sale, and notify the recommending
2284	medical provider who made the underlying recommendation;
2285	(ii) submit a record to the state electronic verification system each time the medical
2286	cannabis pharmacy dispenses medical cannabis to a medical cannabis cardholder;
2287	(iii) ensure that the pharmacy medical provider who is a licensed pharmacist reviews
2288	each medical cannabis transaction before dispensing the medical cannabis to the cardholder in
2289	accordance with pharmacy practice standards;
2290	(iv) package any medical cannabis that is in a container that:
2291	(A) complies with Subsection $\left[\frac{4-41a-602(2)}{4-41a-602(1)(b)}\right]$ or, if applicable,
2292	provisions related to a container for unprocessed cannabis flower in the definition of
2293	"medicinal dosage form" in Section 26-61a-102;
2294	(B) is tamper-resistant and tamper-evident; and
2295	(C) provides an opaque bag or box for the medical cannabis cardholder's use in

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transporting the container in public; and

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couriers -- License.

2297	(v) for a product that is a cube that is designed for ingestion through chewing or
2298	holding in the mouth for slow dissolution, include a separate, off-label warning about the risks
2299	of over-consumption.
2300	(b) A medical cannabis cardholder transporting or possessing the container described
2301	in Subsection (6)(a)(iv) in public shall keep the container within the opaque bag or box that the
2302	medical cannabis pharmacist provides.
2303	(7) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7)(b), a medical cannabis pharmacy may not
2304	sell medical cannabis in the form of a cigarette or a medical cannabis device that is
2305	intentionally designed or constructed to resemble a cigarette.
2306	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may sell a medical cannabis device that warms
2307	cannabis material into a vapor without the use of a flame and that delivers cannabis to an
2308	individual's respiratory system.
2309	(8) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not give, at no cost, a product that the
2310	medical cannabis pharmacy is allowed to sell under Subsection (1)(a) (i), (ii), or (iii).
2311	(b) A medical cannabis pharmacy may give, at no cost, educational material related to
2312	the medical use of cannabis.
2313	(9) The department may impose a uniform fee on each medical cannabis transaction in
2314	a medical cannabis pharmacy in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the
2315	department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
2316	(10) A medical cannabis pharmacy may purchase and store medical cannabis devices
2317	regardless of whether the seller has a cannabis-related license under this title or Title 4, Chapter
2318	41a, Cannabis Production Establishments.
2319	Section 26. Section 26-61a-604 is amended to read:
2320	26-61a-604. Home delivery of medical cannabis shipments Medical cannabis

(1) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to ensure the safety, security, and efficiency of a home

delivery medical cannabis pharmacy's fulfillment of electronic medical cannabis orders that the state central patient portal facilitates, including rules regarding the safe and controlled delivery of medical cannabis shipments.

- (2) A person may not operate as a medical cannabis courier without a license that the department issues under this section.
- (3) (a) Subject to Subsections (5) and (6), the department shall issue a license to operate as a medical cannabis courier to an applicant who is eligible for a license under this section.
- (b) An applicant is eligible for a license under this section if the applicant submits to the department:
 - (i) the name and address of an individual who:

- (A) has a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in the proposed medical cannabis pharmacy; or
- (B) has the power to direct or cause the management or control of a proposed cannabis production establishment;
- (ii) an operating plan that includes operating procedures to comply with the operating requirements for a medical cannabis courier described in this chapter; and
- (iii) an application fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
- (4) If the department determines that an applicant is eligible for a license under this section, the department shall:
- (a) charge the applicant an initial license fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504; and
- (b) notify the Department of Public Safety of the license approval and the names of each individual described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii).
- 2349 (5) The department may not issue a license to operate as a medical cannabis courier to an applicant if an individual described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii):

2351	(a) has been convicted under state or federal law of:
2352	(i) a felony; or
2353	(ii) after September 23, 2019, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; or
2354	(b) is younger than 21 years old.
2355	(6) The department may revoke a license under this part if:
2356	(a) the medical cannabis courier does not begin operations within one year after the day
2357	on which the department issues the initial license;
2358	(b) the medical cannabis courier makes the same violation of this chapter three times;
2359	[or]
2360	(c) an individual described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii) is convicted, while the license is
2361	active, under state or federal law of:
2362	(i) a felony; or
2363	(ii) after September 23, 2019, a misdemeanor for drug distribution[-]; or
2364	(d) after a change of ownership described in Subsection (15)(c), the department
2365	determines that the medical cannabis courier no longer meets the minimum standards for
2366	licensure and operation of the medical cannabis courier described in this chapter.
2367	(7) The department shall deposit the proceeds of a fee imposed by this section in the
2368	Qualified Patient Enterprise Fund.
2369	(8) The department shall begin accepting applications under this section on or before
2370	July 1, 2020.
2371	(9) The department's authority to issue a license under this section is plenary and is not
2372	subject to review.
2373	(10) Each applicant for a license as a medical cannabis courier shall submit, at the time
2374	of application, from each individual who has a financial or voting interest of 2% or greater in
2375	the applicant or who has the power to direct or cause the management or control of the
2376	applicant:
2377	(a) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the Department of Public Safety;

2378	(b) a signed waiver in accordance with Subsection 53-10-108(4) acknowledging the
2379	registration of the individual's fingerprints in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
2380	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service; and
2381	(c) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
2382	(i) the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2383	(ii) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
2384	(11) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
2385	(a) check the fingerprints the applicant submits under Subsection (10) against the
2386	applicable state, regional, and national criminal records databases, including the Federal
2387	Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System;
2388	(b) report the results of the background check to the department;
2389	(c) maintain a separate file of fingerprints that applicants submit under Subsection (10)
2390	for search by future submissions to the local and regional criminal records databases, including
2391	latent prints;
2392	(d) request that the fingerprints be retained in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
2393	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service for search by future submissions to
2394	national criminal records databases, including the Next Generation Identification System and
2395	latent prints; and
2396	(e) establish a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the department only
2397	receives notifications for an individual with whom the department maintains an authorizing
2398	relationship.
2399	(12) The department shall:
2400	(a) assess an individual who submits fingerprints under Subsection (10) a fee in an
2401	amount that the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for the services that the
2402	Bureau of Criminal Identification or another authorized agency provides under this section; and
2403	(b) remit the fee described in Subsection (12)(a) to the Bureau of Criminal
2404	Identification.

2405	(13) The department shall renew a license under this section every year if, at the time
2406	of renewal:
2407	(a) the licensee meets the requirements of this section; and
2408	(b) the licensee pays the department a license renewal fee in an amount that, subject to
2409	Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
2410	(14) A person applying for a medical cannabis courier license shall submit to the
2411	department a proposed operating plan that complies with this section and that includes:
2412	(a) a description of the physical characteristics of any proposed facilities, including a
2413	floor plan and an architectural elevation, and delivery vehicles;
2414	(b) a description of the credentials and experience of each officer, director, or owner of
2415	the proposed medical cannabis courier;
2416	(c) the medical cannabis courier's employee training standards;
2417	(d) a security plan; and
2418	(e) storage and delivery protocols, both short and long term, to ensure that medical
2419	cannabis shipments are stored and delivered in a manner that is sanitary and preserves the
2420	integrity of the cannabis.
2421	(15) (a) A medical cannabis courier license is not transferrable or assignable.
2422	(b) A medical cannabis courier shall report in writing to the department no later than
2423	10 business days before the date of any change of ownership of the medical cannabis courier.
2424	(c) If the ownership of a medical cannabis courier changes by 50% or more:
2425	(i) concurrent with the report described in Subsection (15)(b), the medical cannabis
2426	courier shall submit a new application described in Subsection (3)(b);
2427	(ii) within 30 days of the submission of the application, the department shall:
2428	(A) conduct an application review; and
2429	(B) award a license to the medical cannabis courier for the remainder of the term of the
2430	medical cannabis courier's license before the ownership change if the medical cannabis courier
2/131	meets the minimum standards for licensure and operation of the medical cannabis courier

2432	described in this chapter; and
2433	(iii) if the department approves the license application, notwithstanding Subsection (4),
2434	the medical cannabis courier shall pay a license fee that the department sets in accordance with
2435	Section 63J-1-504 in an amount that covers the board's cost of conducting the application
2436	review.
2437	Section 27. Section 26-61a-606 is amended to read:
2438	26-61a-606. Medical cannabis courier agent Background check Registration
2439	card Rebuttable presumption.
2440	(1) An individual may not serve as a medical cannabis courier agent unless:
2441	(a) the individual is an employee of a licensed medical cannabis courier; and
2442	(b) the department registers the individual as a medical cannabis courier agent.
2443	(2) (a) The department shall, within 15 days after the day on which the department
2444	receives a complete application from a medical cannabis courier on behalf of a medical
2445	cannabis courier agent, register and issue a medical cannabis courier agent registration card to
2446	the prospective agent if the medical cannabis courier:
2447	(i) provides to the department:
2448	(A) the prospective agent's name and address;
2449	(B) the name and address of the medical cannabis courier;
2450	(C) the name and address of each home delivery medical cannabis pharmacy with
2451	which the medical cannabis courier contracts to deliver medical cannabis shipments; and
2452	(D) the submission required under Subsection (2)(b);
2453	(ii) as reported under Subsection (2)(c), has not been convicted under state or federal
2454	law of:
2455	(A) a felony; or
2456	(B) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution; and
2457	(iii) pays the department a fee in an amount that, subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5),
2458	the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.

2459	(b) Except for an applicant reapplying for a medical cannabis courier agent registration
2460	card within less than one year after the expiration of the applicant's previous medical cannabis
2461	courier agent registration card, each prospective agent described in Subsection (2)(a) shall:
2462	(i) submit to the department:
2463	(A) a fingerprint card in a form acceptable to the Department of Public Safety; and
2464	(B) a signed waiver in accordance with Subsection 53-10-108(4) acknowledging the
2465	registration of the prospective agent's fingerprints in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
2466	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service; and
2467	(ii) consent to a fingerprint background check by:
2468	(A) the Bureau of Criminal Identification; and
2469	(B) the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
2470	(c) The Bureau of Criminal Identification shall:
2471	(i) check the fingerprints the prospective agent submits under Subsection (2)(b) against
2472	the applicable state, regional, and national criminal records databases, including the Federal
2473	Bureau of Investigation Next Generation Identification System;
2474	(ii) report the results of the background check to the department;
2475	(iii) maintain a separate file of fingerprints that prospective agents submit under
2476	Subsection (2)(b) for search by future submissions to the local and regional criminal records
2477	databases, including latent prints;
2478	(iv) request that the fingerprints be retained in the Federal Bureau of Investigation Next
2479	Generation Identification System's Rap Back Service for search by future submissions to
2480	national criminal records databases, including the Next Generation Identification System and
2481	latent prints; and
2482	(v) establish a privacy risk mitigation strategy to ensure that the department only
2483	receives notifications for an individual with whom the department maintains an authorizing
2484	relationship.
2485	(d) The department shall:

(i) assess an individual who submits fingerprints under Subsection (2)(b) a fee in an
amount that the department sets in accordance with Section 63J-1-504 for the services that the
Bureau of Criminal Identification or another authorized agency provides under this section; and
(ii) remit the fee described in Subsection (2)(d)(i) to the Bureau of Criminal
Identification.
(3) The department shall designate on an individual's medical cannabis courier agent
registration card the name of the medical cannabis pharmacy where the individual is registered
as an agent and each home delivery medical cannabis courier for which the medical cannabis
courier delivers medical cannabis shipments.
(4) (a) A medical cannabis courier agent shall comply with a certification standard that
the department develops, in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional
Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy, or a third-party certification standard that the department
designates by rule in collaboration with the Division of Occupational and Professional
Licensing and the Board of Pharmacy and in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
Administrative Rulemaking Act.
(b) The department shall ensure that the certification standard described in Subsection
(4)(a) includes training in:
(i) Utah medical cannabis law;
(ii) the medical cannabis shipment process; and
(iii) medical cannabis courier agent best practices.
(5) (a) A medical cannabis courier agent registration card expires two years after the
day on which the department issues or renews the card.
(b) A medical cannabis courier agent may renew the agent's registration card if the
agent:
(i) is eligible for a medical cannabis courier agent registration card under this section;
(ii) certifies to the department in a renewal application that the information in

Subsection (2)(a) is accurate or updates the information; and

2513	(111) pays to the department a renewal fee in an amount that:
2514	(A) subject to Subsection 26-61a-109(5), the department sets in accordance with
2515	Section 63J-1-504; and
2516	(B) may not exceed the cost of the relatively lower administrative burden of renewal in
2517	comparison to the original application process.
2518	(6) The department may revoke or refuse to issue or renew the medical cannabis
2519	courier agent registration card of an individual who:
2520	(a) violates the requirements of this chapter; or
2521	(b) is convicted under state or federal law of:
2522	(i) a felony within the preceding 10 years; or
2523	(ii) after December 3, 2018, a misdemeanor for drug distribution.
2524	(7) A medical cannabis courier agent whom the department has registered under this
2525	section shall carry the agent's medical cannabis courier agent registration card with the agent at
2526	all times when:
2527	(a) the agent is on the premises of the medical cannabis courier, a medical cannabis
2528	pharmacy, or a medical cannabis cardholder's home address; and
2529	(b) the agent is handling a medical cannabis shipment.
2530	(8) If a medical cannabis courier agent handling a medical cannabis shipment possesses
2531	the shipment in compliance with Subsection (7):
2532	(a) there is a rebuttable presumption that the agent possesses the shipment legally; and
2533	(b) there is no probable cause, based solely on the agent's possession of the medical
2534	cannabis shipment that the agent is engaging in illegal activity.
2535	(9) (a) A medical cannabis courier agent who violates Subsection (7) is:
2536	(i) guilty of an infraction; and
2537	(ii) subject to a \$100 fine.
2538	(b) An individual who is guilty of a violation described in Subsection (9)(a) is not
2539	guilty of a violation of Title 58. Chapter 37. Utah Controlled Substances Act. for the conduct

2540	underlying the violation described in Subsection (9)(a).
2541	Section 28. Section 52-4-205 is amended to read:
2542	52-4-205. Purposes of closed meetings Certain issues prohibited in closed
2543	meetings.
2544	(1) A closed meeting described under Section 52-4-204 may only be held for:
2545	(a) except as provided in Subsection (3), discussion of the character, professional
2546	competence, or physical or mental health of an individual;
2547	(b) strategy sessions to discuss collective bargaining;
2548	(c) strategy sessions to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation;
2549	(d) strategy sessions to discuss the purchase, exchange, or lease of real property,
2550	including any form of a water right or water shares, if public discussion of the transaction
2551	would:
2552	(i) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
2553	(ii) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms;
2554	(e) strategy sessions to discuss the sale of real property, including any form of a water
2555	right or water shares, if:
2556	(i) public discussion of the transaction would:
2557	(A) disclose the appraisal or estimated value of the property under consideration; or
2558	(B) prevent the public body from completing the transaction on the best possible terms
2559	(ii) the public body previously gave public notice that the property would be offered for
2560	sale; and
2561	(iii) the terms of the sale are publicly disclosed before the public body approves the
2562	sale;
2563	(f) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel, devices, or systems;
2564	(g) investigative proceedings regarding allegations of criminal misconduct;
2565	(h) as relates to the Independent Legislative Ethics Commission, conducting business
2566	relating to the receipt or review of ethics complaints;

2567	(1) as relates to an ethics committee of the Legislature, a purpose permitted under
2568	Subsection 52-4-204(1)(a)(iii)(C);
2569	(j) as relates to the Independent Executive Branch Ethics Commission created in
2570	Section 63A-14-202, conducting business relating to an ethics complaint;
2571	(k) as relates to a county legislative body, discussing commercial information as
2572	defined in Section 59-1-404;
2573	(l) as relates to the Utah Higher Education Assistance Authority and its appointed
2574	board of directors, discussing fiduciary or commercial information as defined in Section
2575	53B-12-102;
2576	(m) deliberations, not including any information gathering activities, of a public body
2577	acting in the capacity of:
2578	(i) an evaluation committee under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code,
2579	during the process of evaluating responses to a solicitation, as defined in Section 63G-6a-103;
2580	(ii) a protest officer, defined in Section 63G-6a-103, during the process of making a
2581	decision on a protest under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 16, Protests; or
2582	(iii) a procurement appeals panel under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
2583	Code, during the process of deciding an appeal under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Part 17,
2584	Procurement Appeals Board;
2585	(n) the purpose of considering information that is designated as a trade secret, as
2586	defined in Section 13-24-2, if the public body's consideration of the information is necessary
2587	[in order] to properly conduct a procurement under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement
2588	Code;
2589	(o) the purpose of discussing information provided to the public body during the
2590	procurement process under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, if, at the time of
2591	the meeting:
2592	(i) the information may not, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, be
2593	disclosed to a member of the public or to a participant in the procurement process; and

2594	(11) the public body needs to review or discuss the information [in order] to properly
2595	fulfill its role and responsibilities in the procurement process;
2596	(p) as relates to the governing board of a governmental nonprofit corporation, as that
2597	term is defined in Section 11-13a-102, the purpose of discussing information that is designated
2598	as a trade secret, as that term is defined in Section 13-24-2, if:
2599	(i) public knowledge of the discussion would reasonably be expected to result in injury
2600	to the owner of the trade secret; and
2601	(ii) discussion of the information is necessary for the governing board to properly
2602	discharge the board's duties and conduct the board's business; [or]
2603	(q) as it relates to the Cannabis Production Establishment Licensing Advisory Board,
2604	to review confidential information regarding violations and security requirements in relation to
2605	the operation of cannabis production establishments; or
2606	$[\frac{(q)}{r}]$ a purpose for which a meeting is required to be closed under Subsection (2).
2607	(2) The following meetings shall be closed:
2608	(a) a meeting of the Health and Human Services Interim Committee to review a report
2609	described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the report described in
2610	Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4);
2611	(b) a meeting of the Child Welfare Legislative Oversight Panel to:
2612	(i) review a report described in Subsection 62A-16-301(1)(a), and the responses to the
2613	report described in Subsections 62A-16-301(2) and (4); or
2614	(ii) review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection 62A-4a-207(5);
2615	(c) a meeting of the Opioid and Overdose Fatality Review Committee, created in
2616	Section 26-7-13, to review and discuss an individual case, as described in Subsection
2617	26-7-13(10);
2618	(d) a meeting of a conservation district as defined in Section 17D-3-102 for the
2619	purpose of advising the Natural Resource Conservation Service of the United States
2620	Department of Agriculture on a farm improvement project if the discussed information is

2621	protected information under federal law;
2622	(e) a meeting of the Compassionate Use Board established in Section 26-61a-105 for
2623	the purpose of reviewing petitions for a medical cannabis card in accordance with Section
2624	26-61a-105; and
2625	(f) a meeting of the Colorado River Authority of Utah if:
2626	(i) the purpose of the meeting is to discuss an interstate claim to the use of the water in
2627	the Colorado River system; and
2628	(ii) failing to close the meeting would:
2629	(A) reveal the contents of a record classified as protected under Subsection
2630	63G-2-305(82);
2631	(B) reveal a legal strategy relating to the state's claim to the use of the water in the
2632	Colorado River system;
2633	(C) harm the ability of the Colorado River Authority of Utah or river commissioner to
2634	negotiate the best terms and conditions regarding the use of water in the Colorado River
2635	system; or
2636	(D) give an advantage to another state or to the federal government in negotiations
2637	regarding the use of water in the Colorado River system.
2638	(3) In a closed meeting, a public body may not:
2639	(a) interview a person applying to fill an elected position;
2640	(b) discuss filling a midterm vacancy or temporary absence governed by Title 20A,
2641	Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and Temporary Absence in Elected Office;
2642	or
2643	(c) discuss the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of the
2644	person whose name was submitted for consideration to fill a midterm vacancy or temporary
2645	absence governed by Title 20A, Chapter 1, Part 5, Candidate Vacancy and Vacancy and
2646	Temporary Absence in Elected Office.
2647	Section 29. Section 58-5a-102 is amended to read:

58-5a-102. Definitions.

2649	In addition to the definitions under Section 58-1-102, as used in this chapter:
2650	(1) "Board" means the Podiatric Physician Board created in Section 58-5a-201.
2651	(2) "Indirect supervision" means the same as that term is defined by the division by
2652	rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
2653	(3) "Medical assistant" means an unlicensed individual working under the indirect
2654	supervision of a licensed podiatric physician and engaging in specific tasks assigned by the
2655	licensed podiatric physician in accordance with the standards and ethics of the podiatry
2656	profession.
2657	(4) "Practice of podiatry" means the diagnosis and treatment of conditions affecting the
2658	human foot and ankle and their manifestations of systemic conditions by all appropriate and
2659	lawful means, subject to Section 58-5a-103.
2660	(5) "Unlawful conduct" includes:
2661	(a) the conduct that constitutes unlawful conduct under Section 58-1-501; and
2662	(b) for an individual who is not licensed under this chapter:
2663	(i) using the title or name podiatric physician, podiatrist, podiatric surgeon, foot doctor,
2664	foot specialist, or D.P.M.; or
2665	(ii) implying or representing that the individual is qualified to practice podiatry.
2666	(6) (a) "Unprofessional conduct" includes, for an individual licensed under this
2667	chapter:
2668	(i) the conduct that constitutes unprofessional conduct under Section 58-1-501;
2669	(ii) communicating to a third party, without the consent of the patient, information the
2670	individual acquires in treating the patient, except as necessary for professional consultation
2671	regarding treatment of the patient;
2672	(iii) allowing the individual's name or license to be used by an individual who is not
2673	licensed to practice podiatry under this chapter;
2674	(iv) except as described in Section 58-5a-306, employing, directly or indirectly, any

26/3	unlicensed individual to practice podiatry;
2676	(v) using alcohol or drugs, to the extent the individual's use of alcohol or drugs impairs
2677	the individual's ability to practice podiatry;
2678	(vi) unlawfully prescribing, selling, or giving away any prescription drug, including
2679	controlled substances, as defined in Section 58-37-2;
2680	(vii) gross incompetency in the practice of podiatry;
2681	(viii) willfully and intentionally making a false statement or entry in hospital records,
2682	medical records, or reports;
2683	(ix) willfully making a false statement in reports or claim forms to governmental
2684	agencies or insurance companies with the intent to secure payment not rightfully due;
2685	(x) willfully using false or fraudulent advertising;
2686	(xi) conduct the division defines as unprofessional conduct by rule made in accordance
2687	with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; [or]
2688	(xii) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
2689	(A) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
2690	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
2691	(B) conduct described in Subsections (6)(a)(i) through (xi) or Subsection
2692	58-1-501(1)[.]; or
2693	(xiii) violating the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act.
2694	(b) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter
2695	61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, when registered as a qualified medical provider or acting as a
2696	limited medical provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending the
2697	use of medical cannabis within the scope of a practice of podiatry.
2698	Section 30. Section 58-31b-502 is amended to read:
2699	58-31b-502. Unprofessional conduct.
2700	(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes:
2701	(a) failure to safeguard a natient's right to privacy as to the natient's person, condition

diagnosis, personal effects, or any other matter about which the licensee is privileged to know because of the licensee's or person with a certification's position or practice as a nurse or practice as a medication aide certified;

- (b) failure to provide nursing service or service as a medication aide certified in a manner that demonstrates respect for the patient's human dignity and unique personal character and needs without regard to the patient's race, religion, ethnic background, socioeconomic status, age, sex, or the nature of the patient's health problem;
 - (c) engaging in sexual relations with a patient during any:

- (i) period when a generally recognized professional relationship exists between the person licensed or certified under this chapter and the patient; or
- (ii) extended period when a patient has reasonable cause to believe a professional relationship exists between the person licensed or certified under the provisions of this chapter and the patient;
- (d) (i) as a result of any circumstance under Subsection (1)(c), exploiting or using information about a patient or exploiting the licensee's or the person with a certification's professional relationship between the licensee or holder of a certification under this chapter and the patient; or
- (ii) exploiting the patient by use of the licensee's or person with a certification's knowledge of the patient obtained while acting as a nurse or a medication aide certified;
 - (e) unlawfully obtaining, possessing, or using any prescription drug or illicit drug;
 - (f) unauthorized taking or personal use of nursing supplies from an employer;
 - (g) unauthorized taking or personal use of a patient's personal property;
 - (h) unlawful or inappropriate delegation of nursing care;
- (i) failure to exercise appropriate supervision of persons providing patient care services under supervision of the licensed nurse;
- (j) employing or aiding and abetting the employment of an unqualified or unlicensed person to practice as a nurse;

2729	(k) failure to file or record any medical report as required by law, impeding or
2730	obstructing the filing or recording of such a report, or inducing another to fail to file or record
2731	such a report;
2732	(l) breach of a statutory, common law, regulatory, or ethical requirement of
2733	confidentiality with respect to a person who is a patient, unless ordered by a court;
2734	(m) failure to pay a penalty imposed by the division;
2735	(n) prescribing a Schedule II controlled substance without complying with the
2736	requirements in Section 58-31b-803, if applicable;
2737	(o) violating Section 58-31b-801;
2738	(p) violating the dispensing requirements of Section 58-17b-309 or Chapter 17b, Part
2739	8, Dispensing Medical Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if
2740	applicable; [or]
2741	(q) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
2742	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter
2743	or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or
2744	(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (o) or Subsection 58-1-501(1)[-];
2745	<u>or</u>
2746	(r) violating the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act.
2747	(2) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter
2748	61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, when registered as a qualified medical provider, or acting as
2749	a limited medical provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending
2750	the use of medical cannabis.
2751	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (2), the division, in consultation with the board and in
2752	accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
2753	unprofessional conduct for an advanced practice registered nurse described in Subsection (2).
2754	Section 31. Section 58-70a-503 is amended to read:
2755	58-70a-503 Unprofessional conduct

2756	(1) "Unprofessional conduct" includes:
2757	(a) violation of a patient confidence to any person who does not have a legal right and a
2758	professional need to know the information concerning the patient;
2759	(b) knowingly prescribing, selling, giving away, or directly or indirectly administering,
2760	or offering to prescribe, sell, furnish, give away, or administer any prescription drug except for
2761	a legitimate medical purpose upon a proper diagnosis indicating use of that drug in the amounts
2762	prescribed or provided;
2763	(c) prescribing prescription drugs for oneself or administering prescription drugs to
2764	oneself, except those that have been legally prescribed for the physician assistant by a licensed
2765	practitioner and that are used in accordance with the prescription order for the condition
2766	diagnosed;
2767	(d) in a practice that has physician assistant ownership interests, failure to allow a
2768	physician the independent final decision making authority on treatment decisions for the
2769	physician's patient;
2770	(e) violating the dispensing requirements of Chapter 17b, Part 8, Dispensing Medical
2771	Practitioner and Dispensing Medical Practitioner Clinic Pharmacy, if applicable; [and]
2772	(f) falsely making an entry in, or altering, a medical record with the intent to conceal:
2773	(i) a wrongful or negligent act or omission of an individual licensed under this chapter

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and

(g) violating the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act.

(ii) conduct described in Subsections (1)(a) through (e) or Subsection 58-1-501(1)[-];

(2) (a) "Unprofessional conduct" does not include, in accordance with Title 26, Chapter 61a, Utah Medical Cannabis Act, when registered as a qualified medical provider or acting as a limited medical provider, as those terms are defined in Section 26-61a-102, recommending the use of medical cannabis.

or an individual under the direction or control of an individual licensed under this chapter; or

(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(a), the division, in consultation with the board and

2783	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, shall define
2784	unprofessional conduct for a physician assistant described in Subsection (2)(a).
2785	Section 32. Effective date.
2786	If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes effect
2787	upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
2788	Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
2789	the date of veto override.
2790	Section 33. Coordinating S.B. 190 with S.B. 195 Superseding technical and
2791	substantive amendments.
2792	If this S.B. 190 and S.B. 195, Medical Cannabis Access Amendments, both pass and
2793	become law, it is the intent of the Legislature that the Office of Legislative Research and
2794	General Counsel shall prepare the Utah Code database for publication by amending Section
2795	26-61a-505 to read:
2796	<u>"26-61a-505.</u> Advertising.
2797	(1) Except as provided in this section, a [medical cannabis pharmacy] person may not
2798	advertise in any medium regarding a medical cannabis pharmacy or the dispensing of medical
2799	cannabis within the state.
2800	(2) [★] Subject to Section 26-61a-116, a medical cannabis pharmacy may:
2801	(a) advertise an employment opportunity at the medical cannabis pharmacy[:];
2802	[(3) (a) Notwithstanding] (b) notwithstanding any municipal or county ordinance
2803	prohibiting signage, [a medical cannabis pharmacy may] use signage on the outside of the
2804	medical cannabis pharmacy that:
2805	(i) includes only:
2806	(A) in accordance with Subsection $[\frac{(3)(b)}{26-61a-116(4)}$, the medical cannabis
2807	pharmacy's name, logo, and hours of operation; and
2808	(B) a green cross; and
2809	(ii) complies with local ordinances regulating signage[:];

2810	[(b) The department shall define standards for a medical cannabis pharmacy's name
2811	and logo to ensure a medical rather than recreational disposition.]
2812	[(4) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may maintain a website that includes
2813	information about:]
2814	(c) advertise in any medium:
2815	(i) the pharmacy's name and logo;
2816	[(i)] (ii) the location and hours of operation of the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2817	[(ii)] (iii) a [product or] service available at the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2818	[(iii)] (iv) personnel affiliated with the medical cannabis pharmacy;
2819	[(iv)] (v) whether the medical cannabis pharmacy is licensed as a home delivery
2820	medical cannabis pharmacy;
2821	(vi) best practices that the medical cannabis pharmacy upholds; and
2822	[(v)] (vii) educational material related to the medical use of cannabis, as defined by the
2823	department[-];
2824	[(b) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
2825	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define the educational material described in Subsection
2826	(4)(a).]
2827	[(5) (a) A medical cannabis pharmacy may hold an educational event for the public or
2828	medical providers in accordance with this Subsection (5) and the rules described in Subsection
2829	(5)(c).]
2830	(d) hold an educational event for the public or medical providers in accordance with
2831	Subsection (3) and the rules described in Subsection (4); and
2832	(e) maintain on the medical cannabis pharmacy's website non-promotional information
2833	regarding the medical cannabis pharmacy's inventory.
2834	[(b)] (3) A medical cannabis pharmacy may not include in an educational event
2835	described in Subsection $[\frac{(5)(a)}{2}]$ $\underline{(2)(d)}$:
2836	[(i)] (a) any topic that conflicts with this chapter or Title 4, Chapter 41a, Cannabis

2837	Production Establishments;
2838	[(ii)] (b) any gift items or merchandise other than educational materials, as those terms
2839	are defined by the department;
2840	[(iii)] (c) any marketing for a specific product from the medical cannabis pharmacy or
2841	any other statement, claim, or information that would violate the federal Food, Drug, and
2842	Cosmetic Act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 301, et seq.; or
2843	[(iv)] (d) a presenter other than the following:
2844	[(A)] (i) a pharmacist licensed under Title 58, Chapter 17b, Pharmacy Practice Act;
2845	[(B)] (ii) an advanced practice registered nurse licensed under Title 58, Chapter 31b,
2846	Nurse Practice Act;
2847	[(C)] (iii) a physician licensed under Title 58, Chapter 67, Utah Medical Practice Act,
2848	or Title 58, Chapter 68, Utah Osteopathic Medical Practice Act;
2849	[(D)] (iv) a physician assistant licensed under Title 58, Chapter 70a, Utah Physician
2850	Assistant Act;
2851	[(E)] (v) a medical practitioner, similar to the practitioners described in this Subsection
2852	[(5)(b)(iv)] $(3)(d)(v)$, who is licensed in another state or country;
2853	[(F)] (vi) a state employee; or
2854	[(G)] (vii) if the presentation relates to a cannabis topic other than medical treatment or
2855	medical conditions, an individual whom the department approves based on the individual's
2856	background and credentials in the presented topic.
2857	[(e)] (4) The department shall make rules, in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
2858	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to define:
2859	(a) the educational material described in Subsection (2)(c)(vii); and
2860	(b) the elements of and restrictions on the educational event described in Subsection
2861	$\left[\frac{(5)(a)}{(3)}\right]$ (3), including:
2862	(i) a minimum age of 21 years old for attendees; and
2863	(ii) an exception to the minimum age for a medical cannabis patient cardholder who is

2864 at least 18 years old."