	COUNTY SERVICES AMENDMENTS
,	2011 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
	House Sponsor:
,	LONG TITLE
,	General Description:
	This bill amends provisions relating to services provided by a county.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	<ul> <li>in certain circumstances, prohibits a county from charging a fee to a municipality;</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>defines terms;</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>authorizes a county, in certain circumstances, to increase a municipal service fund</li> </ul>
	levy;
	<ul> <li>requires a county, in certain circumstances, to decrease a countywide levy;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>authorizes a municipality, in certain circumstances, to increase a tax levy; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>makes technical corrections.</li> </ul>
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
	Other Special Clauses:
	None
	<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>
	AMENDS:
	17-8-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1993, Chapter 227
	17-34-1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapter 275
	17-34-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 61, 231, and 236



17-36-3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 241
<b>59-2-924.2</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 279
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 17-8-5 is amended to read:
17-8-5. Clearing, improving, fencing, and construction of natural channels,
sewers, and drains Enforcement of laws and regulations Certain fees prohibited.
[In anticipation of and to] (1) A county may, to provide for the carrying away and the
safe disposal of natural storm and flood waters[, the county may]:
(a) remove any obstacle from any natural channels [within the county and the
incorporated municipalities in the county. For the same purpose the county may]; or
(b) plan for and construct new channels, storm sewers, [and] or drains to serve as
though they were natural channels. [The county may cause such]
(2) A county may:
(a) survey channels, storm sewers, [and] or drains [to be surveyed,] described in
Subsection (1)(b); and [the county legislative body may, by ordinance,]
(b) establish by ordinance their location and dimensions. [The]
(3) A county legislative body may [promulgate]:
(a) adopt regulations to prevent the destruction or obstruction of [these] channels,
storm sewers, [and] or drains[, and may];
(b) provide for the enforcement of those regulations[. The county legislative body may
also]; and
(c) provide for the planning, construction, operation, maintenance, improvement, and
fencing of [all such] storm sewers, drains, or channels, including covering or replacement with
buried conduits.
(4) To implement the establishment, clearing, protection, and continued use of [such]
channels, storm sewers, [and] or drains, the county may acquire[, by right of] through eminent
domain [necessary easements and rights]:
(a) an easement; or
(b) a right-of-way.
(5) All laws and sanitary regulations protecting water quality or against the pollution of

59	water in natural streams, canals, and lakes shall be enforced:
60	(a) (i) by the county executives in their respective counties[, or,]; or
61	(ii) by the state, through the attorney general; and
62	(b) in cooperation with the [state board of health, state fish and game commission,]
63	Department of Health established in Section 26-1-4, the Wildlife Board established in Section
64	23-14-2, and [the several] other county legislative bodies, respectively.
65	(6) Unless a municipality contracts for a service with the county, the county may not
66	charge a fee to a municipality for a service provided in accordance with this chapter.
67	Section 2. Section 17-34-1 is amended to read:
68	17-34-1. Counties may provide municipal services Limitation First class
69	counties to provide certain services Counties allowed to provide certain services in
70	recreational areas.
71	(1) For purposes of this chapter, except as otherwise provided in Subsection (3):
72	(a) "Greater than class C radioactive waste" [has the same meaning as] is as defined in
73	Section 19-3-303.
74	(b) "Hazardous materials emergency" means a sudden and unexpected release of any
75	substance that because of its quantity, concentration, or physical, chemical, or infectious
76	characteristics presents a direct and immediate threat to public safety or the environment and
77	requires immediate action to mitigate the threat.
78	[(b)] (c) "High-level nuclear waste" [has the same meaning as] is as defined in Section
79	19-3-303.
80	[ <del>(c)</del> ] <u>(d)</u> "Municipal-type services" means:
81	(i) fire protection service, including a hazardous materials emergency service or a
82	criminal investigation service related to fire protection;
83	(ii) waste and garbage collection and disposal;
84	(iii) planning and zoning;
85	(iv) street lighting;
86	(v) police service, including bomb squad and related response investigation;
87	[(v)] (vi) in a county of the first class:
88	(A) advanced life support and paramedic services; and
89	(B) detective investigative services; and

90	[(vi)] (vii) all other services and functions that are required by law to be budgeted,
91	appropriated, and accounted for from a municipal services fund or a municipal capital projects
92	fund as defined under Chapter 36, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Counties.
93	[(d)] (e) "Placement" [has the same meaning as] is as defined in Section 19-3-303.
94	[(e)] (f) "Storage facility" [has the same meaning as] is as defined in Section 19-3-303.
95	[(f)] (g) "Transfer facility" [has the same meaning as] is as defined in Section
96	19-3-303.
97	(2) A county may:
98	(a) provide municipal-type services to areas of the county outside the limits of cities
99	and towns without providing the same services to cities or towns;
100	(b) fund those services by:
101	(i) levying a tax on taxable property in the county outside the limits of cities and towns;
102	or
103	(ii) charging a service charge or fee to persons benefitting from the municipal-type
104	services.
105	(3) A county may not:
106	(a) provide, contract to provide, or agree in any manner to provide municipal-type
107	services, as these services are defined in Section 19-3-303, to any area under consideration for
108	a storage facility or transfer facility for the placement of high-level nuclear waste, or greater
109	than class C radioactive waste; or
110	(b) seek to fund services for these facilities by:
111	(i) levying a tax; or
112	(ii) charging a service charge or fee to persons benefitting from the municipal-type
113	services.
114	(4) Each county of the first class shall provide to the area of the county outside the
115	limits of cities and towns:
116	(a) advanced life support and paramedic services; and
117	(b) detective investigative services.
118	(5) (a) A county may provide fire, paramedic, and police protection services in any area
119	of the county outside the limits of cities and towns that is designated as a recreational area in
120	accordance with the provisions of this Subsection (5).

(b) A county legislative body may designate any area of the county outside the limits of cities and towns as a recreational area if:

- (i) the area has fewer than 1,500 residents and is primarily used for recreational purposes, including canyons, ski resorts, wilderness areas, lakes and reservoirs, campgrounds, or picnic areas; and
- (ii) the county legislative body makes a finding that the recreational area is used by residents of the county who live both inside and outside the limits of cities and towns.
- (c) Fire, paramedic, and police protection services needed to primarily serve those involved in the recreation activities in areas designated as recreational areas by the county legislative body in accordance with Subsection (5)(b) may be funded from the county general fund.
- Section 3. Section 17-34-3 is amended to read:

## 17-34-3. Taxes or service charges.

- (1) (a) If a county furnishes the municipal-type services and functions described in Section 17-34-1 to areas of the county outside the limits of incorporated cities or towns, the entire cost of the services or functions so furnished shall be defrayed from funds that the county has derived from:
- (i) taxes that the county may lawfully levy or impose outside the limits of incorporated towns or cities;
- (ii) service charges or fees the county may impose upon the persons benefited in any way by the services or functions; or
  - (iii) a combination of these sources.
- (b) As the taxes or service charges or fees are levied and collected, they shall be placed in a special revenue fund of the county and shall be disbursed only for the rendering of the services or functions established in Section 17-34-1 within the unincorporated areas of the county or as provided in Subsection 10-2-121(2).
- (2) For the purpose of levying taxes, service charges, or fees provided in this section, the county legislative body may establish a district or districts in the unincorporated areas of the county.
- 150 (3) Nothing contained in this chapter may be construed to authorize counties to impose or levy taxes not otherwise allowed by law.

152	(4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, a county providing fire,
153	paramedic, and police protection services in a designated recreational area, as provided in
154	Subsection 17-34-1(5), may fund those services from the county general fund with revenues
155	derived from both inside and outside the limits of cities and towns, and the funding of those
156	services is not limited to unincorporated area revenues.
157	(5) (a) A county that, in accordance with Section 17-34-1, provides to the
158	unincorporated area of the county a hazardous materials emergency service, a criminal
159	investigation service related to fire protection, or a bomb squad service and related response
160	investigation, and that previously paid for those services through a countywide levy, may
161	increase its levy under Subsection (1)(a)(i) to generate in the unincorporated area of the county
162	the same amount of revenue as the county loses from that area due to the required decrease in
163	the countywide certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924.2(9).
164	(b) An increase in the tax rate under Subsection (5)(a) is exempt from the notice and
165	hearing requirements of Section 59-2-919 or 59-2-919.1.
166	Section 4. Section 17-36-3 is amended to read:
167	17-36-3. Definitions.
168	As used in this chapter:
169	(1) "Accrual basis of accounting" means a method where revenues are recorded when
170	earned and expenditures recorded when they become liabilities notwithstanding that the receipt
171	of the revenue or payment of the expenditure may take place in another accounting period.
172	(2) "Appropriation" means an allocation of money for a specific purpose.
173	(3) (a) "Budget" means a plan for financial operations for a fiscal period, embodying
174	estimates for proposed expenditures for given purposes and the means of financing the
175	expenditures.
176	(b) "Budget" may refer to the budget of a fund for which a budget is required by law, or
177	collectively to the budgets for all those funds.
178	(4) "Budgetary fund" means a fund for which a budget is required, such as those
179	described in Section 17-36-8.

180 (5) "Budget officer" means the county auditor, county clerk, or county executive as 181 provided in Subsection 17-19-19(1).

182

(6) "Budget period" means the fiscal period for which a budget is prepared.

(7) "Check" means an order in a specific amount drawn upon the depositary by any authorized officer in accordance with Section 17-19-3 or 17-24-1.

(8) "Countywide service" means a service provided in both incorporated and unincorporated areas of a county.

- (9) "Current period" means the fiscal period in which a budget is prepared and adopted.
- (10) "Department" means any functional unit within a fund which carries on a specific activity.
- (11) "Encumbrance system" means a method of budgetary control where part of an appropriation is reserved to cover a specific expenditure by charging obligations, such as purchase orders, contracts, or salary commitments to an appropriation account. An expenditure ceases to be an encumbrance when paid or when the actual liability is entered in the books of account.
- (12) "Estimated revenue" means any revenue estimated to be received during the budget period in any fund for which a budget is prepared.
- (13) "Fiscal period" means the annual or biennial period for recording county fiscal operations.
- (14) "Fund" means an independent fiscal and accounting entity comprised of a sum of money or other resources segregated for a specific purpose or objective.
- (15) "Fund balance" means the excess of the assets over liabilities, reserves, and contributions, as reflected by its books of account.
- (16) "Fund deficit" means the excess of liabilities, reserves, and contributions over its assets, as reflected by its books of account.
- (17) "General Fund" means the fund used to account for all receipts, disbursements, assets, liabilities, reserves, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds.
- (18) "Interfund loan" means a loan of cash from one fund to another, subject to future repayment; but it does not constitute an expenditure or a use of retained earnings, fund balance, or unappropriated surplus of the lending fund.
- (19) "Last completed fiscal period" means the fiscal period next preceding the current period.
- 213 (20) "Modified accrual basis of accounting" means a method under which expenditures

214	other than accrued interest on general long-term debt are recorded at the time liabilities are
215	incurred and revenues are recorded when they become measurable and available to finance
216	expenditures of the current period.
217	(21) "Municipal capital project" means the acquisition, construction, or improvement
218	of capital assets that facilitate providing municipal service.
219	(22) "Municipal service" means a service not provided on a countywide basis and not
220	accounted for in an enterprise fund, [and includes] including:
221	(a) police [patrol,] service, including bomb squad and related response investigation;
222	(b) fire protection[7] service, including a hazardous materials emergency service as
223	defined in Section 17-34-1 or a criminal investigation service related to fire protection;
224	(c) culinary or irrigation water retail service[7];
225	(d) water conservation[-];
226	(e) local parks[ <del>-</del> ,];
227	(f) sewers, including sewage treatment and disposal[-];
228	(g) cemeteries[-,]:
229	(h) garbage and refuse collection[-,];
230	(i) street lighting[7];
231	(j) airports[ <del>,</del> ];
232	(k) planning and zoning[-,]:
233	(1) local streets and roads, including curb, gutter, and sidewalk maintenance[;]; and
234	(m) ambulance service.
235	(23) "Retained earnings" means that part of the net earnings retained by an enterprise
236	or internal service fund which is not segregated or reserved for any specific purpose.
237	(24) "Special fund" means any fund other than the General Fund, such as those
238	described in Section 17-36-6.
239	(25) "Unappropriated surplus" means that part of a fund which is not appropriated for
240	an ensuing budget period.
241	(26) "Warrant" means an order in a specific amount drawn upon the treasurer by the
242	auditor.
243	Section 5. Section <b>59-2-924.2</b> is amended to read:

59-2-924.2. Adjustments to the calculation of a taxing entity's certified tax rate.

(1) For purposes of this section, "certified tax rate" means a certified tax rate calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924.

- (2) Beginning January 1, 1997, if a taxing entity receives increased revenues from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1, 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of any county imposing a sales and use tax under Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the taxing entity shall decrease its certified tax rate to offset the increased revenues.
- (3) (a) Beginning July 1, 1997, if a county has imposed a sales and use tax under Chapter 12, Part 11, County Option Sales and Use Tax, the county's certified tax rate shall be:
- (i) decreased on a one-time basis by the amount of the estimated sales and use tax revenue to be distributed to the county under Subsection 59-12-1102(3); and
- (ii) increased by the amount necessary to offset the county's reduction in revenue from uniform fees on tangible personal property under Section 59-2-404, 59-2-405, 59-2-405.1, 59-2-405.2, or 59-2-405.3 as a result of the decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (3)(a)(i).
- (b) The commission shall determine estimates of sales and use tax distributions for purposes of Subsection (3)(a).
- (4) Beginning January 1, 1998, if a municipality has imposed an additional resort communities sales and use tax under Section 59-12-402, the municipality's certified tax rate shall be decreased on a one-time basis by the amount necessary to offset the first 12 months of estimated revenue from the additional resort communities sales and use tax imposed under Section 59-12-402.
  - (5) (a) This Subsection (5) applies to each county that:
- (i) establishes a countywide special service district under Title 17D, Chapter 1, Special Service District Act, to provide jail service, as provided in Subsection 17D-1-201(10); and
- (ii) levies a property tax on behalf of the special service district under Section 17D-1-105.
- (b) (i) The certified tax rate of each county to which this Subsection (5) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce county revenues by the same amount of revenues that will be generated by the property tax imposed on behalf of the special service district.
  - (ii) Each decrease under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall occur contemporaneously with the

276	levy on behalf of the special service district under Section 17D-1-105.
277	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6):
278	(i) "Annexing county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included within a
279	public safety district by annexation.
280	(ii) "Annexing municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
281	public safety district by annexation.
282	(iii) "Equalized public safety protection tax rate" means the tax rate that results from:
283	(A) calculating, for each participating county and each participating municipality, the
284	property tax revenue necessary:
285	(I) in the case of a fire district, to cover all of the costs associated with providing fire
286	protection, paramedic, and emergency services:
287	(Aa) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
288	(Bb) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; or
289	(II) in the case of a police district, to cover all the costs:
290	(Aa) associated with providing law enforcement service:
291	(Ii) for a participating county, in the unincorporated area of the county; and
292	(IIii) for a participating municipality, in the municipality; and
293	(Bb) that the police district board designates as the costs to be funded by a property
294	tax; and
295	(B) adding all the amounts calculated under Subsection (6)(a)(iii)(A) for all
296	participating counties and all participating municipalities and then dividing that sum by the
297	aggregate taxable value of the property, as adjusted in accordance with Section 59-2-913:
298	(I) for participating counties, in the unincorporated area of all participating counties;
299	and
300	(II) for participating municipalities, in all the participating municipalities.
301	(iv) "Fire district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
302	Area Act:
303	(A) created to provide fire protection, paramedic, and emergency services; and
304	(B) in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
305	17B-1-214(3)(c).
306	(v) "Participating county" means a county whose unincorporated area is included

307	within a public safety district at the time of the creation of the public safety district.
308	(vi) "Participating municipality" means a municipality whose area is included within a
309	public safety district at the time of the creation of the public safety district.
310	(vii) "Police district" means a service area under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 9, Service
311	Area Act, within a county of the first class:
312	(A) created to provide law enforcement service; and
313	(B) in the creation of which an election was not required under Subsection
314	17B-1-214(3)(c).
315	(viii) "Public safety district" means a fire district or a police district.
316	(ix) "Public safety service" means:
317	(A) in the case of a public safety district that is a fire district, fire protection,
318	paramedic, and emergency services; and
319	(B) in the case of a public safety district that is a police district, law enforcement
320	service.
321	(b) In the first year following creation of a public safety district, the certified tax rate of
322	each participating county and each participating municipality shall be decreased by the amount
323	of the equalized public safety tax rate.
324	(c) In the first budget year following annexation to a public safety district, the certified
325	tax rate of each annexing county and each annexing municipality shall be decreased by an
326	amount equal to the amount of revenue budgeted by the annexing county or annexing
327	municipality:
328	(i) for public safety service; and
329	(ii) in:
330	(A) for a taxing entity operating under a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year,
331	the prior calendar year; or
332	(B) for a taxing entity operating under a July 1 through June 30 fiscal year, the prior
333	fiscal year.
334	(d) Each tax levied under this section by a public safety district shall be considered to
335	be levied by:
336	(i) each participating county and each annexing county for purposes of the county's tax

limitation under Section 59-2-908; and

338 (ii) each participating municipality and each annexing municipality for purposes of the 339 municipality's tax limitation under Section 10-5-112, for a town, or Section 10-6-133, for a 340 city. 341 (e) The calculation of a public safety district's certified tax rate for the year of 342 annexation shall be adjusted to include an amount of revenue equal to one half of the amount 343 of revenue budgeted by the annexing entity for public safety service in the annexing entity's 344 prior fiscal year if: 345 (i) the public safety district operates on a January 1 through December 31 fiscal year; 346 (ii) the public safety district approves an annexation of an entity operating on a July 1 347 through June 30 fiscal year; and 348 (iii) the annexation described in Subsection (6)(e)(ii) takes effect on July 1. 349 (7) For the calendar year beginning on January 1, 2007, the calculation of a taxing 350 entity's certified tax rate, calculated in accordance with Section 59-2-924, shall be adjusted by 351 the amount necessary to offset any change in the certified tax rate that may result from 352 excluding the following from the certified tax rate under Subsection 59-2-924(3) enacted by the 353 Legislature during the 2007 General Session: 354 (a) personal property tax revenue: 355 (i) received by a taxing entity; 356 (ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and 357 (iii) for personal property that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment; or 358 (b) the taxable value of personal property: 359 (i) contained on the tax rolls of a taxing entity; 360 (ii) assessed by a county assessor in accordance with Part 3, County Assessment; and 361 (iii) that is semiconductor manufacturing equipment. 362 (8) (a) The taxable value for the base year under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be 363 reduced for any year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal 364 agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local Government Entities - Community 365 Development and Renewal Agencies Act, with approximately the same amount of money the 366 agency would have received without a reduction in the county's certified tax rate, calculated in 367 accordance with Section 59-2-924, if:

(i) in that year there is a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a);

369 (ii) the amount of the decrease is more than 20% of the county's certified tax rate of the 370 previous year; and 371 (iii) the decrease results in a reduction of the amount to be paid to the agency under 372 Section 17C-1-403 or 17C-1-404. 373 (b) The base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) shall be increased in any 374 year to the extent necessary to provide a community development and renewal agency with 375 approximately the same amount of money as the agency would have received without an 376 increase in the certified tax rate that year if: 377 (i) in that year the base taxable value under Subsection 17C-1-102(6) is reduced due to a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a); and 378 379 (ii) the certified tax rate of a city, school district, local district, or special service 380 district increases independent of the adjustment to the taxable value of the base year. 381 (c) Notwithstanding a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) or (3)(a). 382 the amount of money allocated and, when collected, paid each year to a community 383 development and renewal agency established under Title 17C, Limited Purpose Local 384 Government Entities - Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act, for the payment 385 of bonds or other contract indebtedness, but not for administrative costs, may not be less than 386 that amount would have been without a decrease in the certified tax rate under Subsection (2) 387 or (3)(a). (9) (a) (i) For fiscal year 2011, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection 388 389 17-34-3(5)(a) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that 390 fiscal year by an amount equal to the difference between the amount the county budgeted in its 391 2011 fiscal year budget for countywide hazardous materials emergency service, a criminal investigation service related to fire protection, or a bomb squad service and related response 392 393 investigation and the amount the county spent during fiscal year 2011 for those services. 394 excluding amounts spent from a municipal services fund for those services. 395 (ii) For fiscal year 2012, the certified tax rate of each county to which Subsection 396 17-34-3(5)(a) applies shall be decreased by the amount necessary to reduce revenues in that 397 fiscal year by the amount that the county spent during fiscal year 2011 for countywide 398 hazardous materials emergency service, a criminal investigation service related to fire 399 protection, or a bomb squad service and related response investigation, excluding amounts

spent from a municipal services fund for those services.
(b) (i) For fiscal year 2012, a city or town to which Subsection 17-34-3(5)(a) applies
may increase its certified tax rate by the amount necessary to generate within the city or town
the same amount of revenues as the county would collect from that city or town if the decrease
under Subsection (9)(a) did not occur.
(ii) An increase under Subsection (9)(b)(i) is not subject to the notice and hearing
requirements of Section 59-2-919 or 59-2-919.1.

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