1	TRANSPORTATION AMENDMENTS
2	2024 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Wayne A. Harper
5 6	House Sponsor:
7	LONG TITLE
8	General Description:
9	This bill amends provisions related to transportation including a prohibition on the
10	storage of certain dangerous materials beneath or near certain transportation facilities,
11	and makes technical corrections and changes.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	 makes technical changes throughout various sections to clean up cross references
15	and remove outdated language;
16	amends the definition of a snowmobile;
17	 prohibits the storage of flammable, explosive, or combustible materials near or
18	beneath certain highway and public transit facilities;
19	 amends provisions regarding the use of certain funds for public transit studies;
20	amends the descriptions of highways near certain state parks;
21	 amends a provision related to required matching funds to qualify for certain
22	transportation funding to exclude projects administered by the Department of
23	Transportation;
24	 amends the definition of abandoned aircraft; and
25	makes technical changes.
26	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
27	None



28 **Other Special Clauses:** 29 This bill provides a special effective date. 30 **Utah Code Sections Affected:** 31 AMENDS: 32 17B-2a-804, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 15 17B-2a-806, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 22 33 34 17B-2a-808.1, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 207 17B-2a-808.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 219 35 36 17B-2a-810.1, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 424 41-1a-1201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 33, 212, 219, 335, and 37 38 372 39 41-6a-201, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 2 41-22-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapters 68, 88 40 41 59-12-103 (Contingently Superseded 01/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 42 2023, Chapters 22, 213, 329, 361, and 471 43 59-12-103 (Contingently Effective 01/01/25), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, 44 Chapters 22, 213, 329, 361, 459, and 471 45 **59-13-103**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 373 **72-1-201**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 432 46 47 72-1-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 22, 219 48 **72-1-216**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Chapter 280 49 72-1-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 22, 88 and 219 50 72-2-124, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapters 22, 88, 219, and 529 51 72-3-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 14 52 72-3-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 14 72-3-204, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 14 53 54 72-3-205, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 14 55 72-3-206, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 14 56 72-6-118, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 377 **72-6-121**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 299 57 58 72-10-203.5, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 301

	72-10-205.5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Fifth Special Session, Chapter 4
	72-17-101 (Effective 03/31/24), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 42
	72-17-102 (Effective 03/31/24), as enacted by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 42
	77-11d-105, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 448
E	NACTS:
	72-7-111 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
В	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 17B-2a-804 is amended to read:
	17B-2a-804. Additional public transit district powers.
	(1) In addition to the powers conferred on a public transit district under Section
1′	7B-1-103, a public transit district may:
	(a) provide a public transit system for the transportation of passengers and their
in	ncidental baggage;
	(b) notwithstanding Subsection 17B-1-103(2)(g) and subject to Section 17B-2a-817,
le	evy and collect property taxes only for the purpose of paying:
	(i) principal and interest of bonded indebtedness of the public transit district; or
	(ii) a final judgment against the public transit district if:
	(A) the amount of the judgment exceeds the amount of any collectable insurance or
in	ndemnity policy; and
	(B) the district is required by a final court order to levy a tax to pay the judgment;
	(c) insure against:
	(i) loss of revenues from damage to or destruction of some or all of a public transit
sy	ystem from any cause;
	(ii) public liability;
	(iii) property damage; or
	(iv) any other type of event, act, or omission;
	(d) subject to Section [72-1-202] <u>72-1-203</u> pertaining to fixed guideway capital
de	evelopment within a large public transit district, acquire, contract for, lease, construct, own,
oj	perate, control, or use:
	(i) a right-of-way, rail line, monorail, bus line, station, platform, switchyard, terminal.

parking lot, or any other facility necessary or convenient for public transit service; or

(ii) any structure necessary for access by persons and vehicles;

- (e) (i) hire, lease, or contract for the supplying or management of a facility, operation, equipment, service, employee, or management staff of an operator; and
- (ii) provide for a sublease or subcontract by the operator upon terms that are in the public interest;
 - (f) operate feeder bus lines and other feeder or ridesharing services as necessary;
- (g) accept a grant, contribution, or loan, directly through the sale of securities or equipment trust certificates or otherwise, from the United States, or from a department, instrumentality, or agency of the United States;
- (h) study and plan transit facilities in accordance with any legislation passed by Congress;
- (i) cooperate with and enter into an agreement with the state or an agency of the state or otherwise contract to finance to establish transit facilities and equipment or to study or plan transit facilities;
- (j) subject to Subsection [17B-2a-808.1(5),] <u>17B-2a-808.1(4)</u>, issue bonds as provided in and subject to Chapter 1, Part 11, Special District Bonds, to carry out the purposes of the district;
- (k) from bond proceeds or any other available funds, reimburse the state or an agency of the state for an advance or contribution from the state or state agency;
- (1) do anything necessary to avail itself of any aid, assistance, or cooperation available under federal law, including complying with labor standards and making arrangements for employees required by the United States or a department, instrumentality, or agency of the United States;
 - (m) sell or lease property;
- (n) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), assist in or operate transit-oriented or transit-supportive developments;
- (o) subject to Subsections (2) and (3), establish, finance, participate as a limited partner or member in a development with limited liabilities in accordance with Subsection (1)(p), construct, improve, maintain, or operate transit facilities, equipment, and, in accordance with Subsection (3), transit-oriented developments or transit-supportive developments; and

(p) subject to the restrictions and requirements in Subsections (2) and (3), assist in a transit-oriented development or a transit-supportive development in connection with project area development as defined in Section 17C-1-102 by:

- (i) investing in a project as a limited partner or a member, with limited liabilities; or
- (ii) subordinating an ownership interest in real property owned by the public transit district.
- (2) (a) A public transit district may only assist in the development of areas under Subsection (1)(p) that have been approved by the board of trustees, and in the manners described in Subsection (1)(p).
- (b) A public transit district may not invest in a transit-oriented development or transit-supportive development as a limited partner or other limited liability entity under the provisions of Subsection (1)(p)(i), unless the partners, developer, or other investor in the entity, makes an equity contribution equal to no less than 25% of the appraised value of the property to be contributed by the public transit district.
- (c) (i) For transit-oriented development projects, a public transit district shall adopt transit-oriented development policies and guidelines that include provisions on affordable housing.
- (ii) For transit-supportive development projects, a public transit district shall work with the metropolitan planning organization and city and county governments where the project is located to collaboratively seek to create joint plans for the areas within one-half mile of transit stations, including plans for affordable housing.
- (d) A current board member of a public transit district to which the board member is appointed may not have any interest in the transactions engaged in by the public transit district pursuant to Subsection (1)(p)(i) or (ii), except as may be required by the board member's fiduciary duty as a board member.
- (3) For any transit-oriented development or transit-supportive development authorized in this section, the public transit district shall:
- (a) perform a cost-benefit analysis of the monetary investment and expenditures of the development, including effect on:
 - (i) service and ridership;

(ii) regional plans made by the metropolitan planning agency;

152	(iii) the local economy;
153	(iv) the environment and air quality;
154	(v) affordable housing; and
155	(vi) integration with other modes of transportation;
156	(b) provide evidence to the public of a quantifiable positive return on investment,
157	including improvements to public transit service; and
158	(c) coordinate with the Department of Transportation in accordance with Section
159	[72-1-202] <u>72-2-203</u> pertaining to fixed guideway capital development and associated parking
160	facilities within a station area plan for a transit oriented development within a large public
161	transit district.
162	(4) For any fixed guideway capital development project with oversight by the
163	Department of Transportation as described in Section [72-1-202] <u>72-2-203</u> , a large public
164	transit district shall coordinate with the Department of Transportation in all aspects of the
165	project, including planning, project development, outreach, programming, environmental
166	studies and impact statements, impacts on public transit operations, and construction.
167	(5) A public transit district may participate in a transit-oriented development only if:
168	(a) for a transit-oriented development involving a municipality:
169	(i) the relevant municipality has developed and adopted a station area plan; and
170	(ii) the municipality is in compliance with Sections 10-9a-403 and 10-9a-408 regarding
171	the inclusion of moderate income housing in the general plan and the required reporting
172	requirements; or
173	(b) for a transit-oriented development involving property in an unincorporated area of a
174	county, the county is in compliance with Sections 17-27a-403 and 17-27a-408 regarding
175	inclusion of moderate income housing in the general plan and required reporting requirements.
176	(6) A public transit district may be funded from any combination of federal, state,
177	local, or private funds.
178	(7) A public transit district may not acquire property by eminent domain.
179	Section 2. Section 17B-2a-806 is amended to read:
180	17B-2a-806. Authority of the state or an agency of the state with respect to a
181	public transit district Counties and municipalities authorized to provide funds to
182	public transit district Equitable allocation of resources within the public transit

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- (1) The state or an agency of the state may:
- (a) make public contributions to a public transit district as in the judgment of the Legislature or governing board of the agency are necessary or proper;
 - (b) authorize a public transit district to perform, or aid and assist a public transit district in performing, an activity that the state or agency is authorized by law to perform; or
 - (c) perform any action that the state agency is authorized by law to perform for the benefit of a public transit district.
 - (2) (a) A county or municipality involved in the establishment and operation of a public transit district may provide funds necessary for the operation and maintenance of the district.
 - (b) A county's use of property tax funds to establish and operate a public transit district within any part of the county is a county purpose under Section 17-53-220.
 - (3) (a) To allocate resources and funds for development and operation of a public transit district, whether received under this section or from other sources, and subject to Section [72-1-202] 72-1-203 pertaining to fixed guideway capital development within a large public transit district, a public transit district may:
 - (i) give priority to public transit services that feed rail fixed guideway services; and
 - (ii) allocate funds according to population distribution within the public transit district.
 - (b) The comptroller of a public transit district shall report the criteria and data supporting the allocation of resources and funds in the statement required in Section 17B-2a-812.
 - Section 3. Section 17B-2a-808.1 is amended to read:
 - 17B-2a-808.1. Large public transit district board of trustees powers and duties -- Adoption of ordinances, resolutions, or orders -- Effective date of ordinances.
 - (1) The powers and duties of a board of trustees of a large public transit district stated in this section are in addition to the powers and duties stated in Section 17B-1-301.
 - (2) The board of trustees of each large public transit district shall:
- 211 (a) hold public meetings and receive public comment;
- 212 (b) ensure that the policies, procedures, and management practices established by the 213 public transit district meet state and federal regulatory requirements and federal grantee

214	eligibility;
215	(c) [subject to Subsection (8),] create and approve an annual budget, including the
216	issuance of bonds and other financial instruments, after consultation with the local advisory
217	council;
218	(d) approve any interlocal agreement with a local jurisdiction;
219	(e) in consultation with the local advisory council, approve contracts and overall
220	property acquisitions and dispositions for transit-oriented development;
221	(f) in consultation with constituent counties, municipalities, metropolitan planning
222	organizations, and the local advisory council:
223	(i) develop and approve a strategic plan for development and operations on at least a
224	four-year basis; and
225	(ii) create and pursue funding opportunities for transit capital and service initiatives to
226	meet anticipated growth within the public transit district;
227	(g) annually report the public transit district's long-term financial plan to the State
228	Bonding Commission;
229	(h) annually report the public transit district's progress and expenditures related to state
230	resources to the Executive Appropriations Committee and the Infrastructure and General
231	Government Appropriations Subcommittee;
232	(i) annually report to the Transportation Interim Committee the public transit district's
233	efforts to engage in public-private partnerships for public transit services;
234	(j) hire, set salaries, and develop performance targets and evaluations for:
235	(i) the executive director; and
236	(ii) all chief level officers;
237	(k) supervise and regulate each transit facility that the public transit district owns and
238	operates, including:
239	(i) fix rates, fares, rentals, charges and any classifications of rates, fares, rentals, and
240	charges; and
241	(ii) make and enforce rules, regulations, contracts, practices, and schedules for or in
242	connection with a transit facility that the district owns or controls;

(l) [subject to Subsection (4),] control the investment of all funds assigned to the

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district for investment, including funds:

245	(i) held as part of a district's retirement system; and
246	(ii) invested in accordance with the participating employees' designation or direction
247	pursuant to an employee deferred compensation plan established and operated in compliance
248	with Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code;
249	(m) in consultation with the local advisory council created under Section
250	17B-2a-808.2, invest all funds according to the procedures and requirements of Title 51,
251	Chapter 7, State Money Management Act;
252	(n) if a custodian is appointed under Subsection (3)(d), [and subject to Subsection (4),]
253	pay the fees for the custodian's services from the interest earnings of the investment fund for
254	which the custodian is appointed;
255	(o) (i) cause an annual audit of all public transit district books and accounts to be made
256	by an independent certified public accountant;
257	(ii) as soon as practicable after the close of each fiscal year, submit to each of the
258	councils of governments within the public transit district a financial report showing:
259	(A) the result of district operations during the preceding fiscal year;
260	(B) an accounting of the expenditures of all local sales and use tax revenues generated
261	under Title 59, Chapter 12, Part 22, Local Option Sales and Use Taxes for Transportation Act;
262	(C) the district's financial status on the final day of the fiscal year; and
263	(D) the district's progress and efforts to improve efficiency relative to the previous
264	fiscal year; and
265	(iii) supply copies of the report under Subsection (2)(o)(ii) to the general public upon
266	request;
267	(p) report at least annually to the Transportation Commission created in Section
268	72-1-301, which report shall include:
269	(i) the district's short-term and long-range public transit plans, including the portions of
270	applicable regional transportation plans adopted by a metropolitan planning organization
271	established under 23 U.S.C. Sec. 134; and
272	(ii) any transit capital development projects that the board of trustees would like the
273	Transportation Commission to consider;
274	(q) direct the internal auditor appointed under Section 17B-2a-810 to conduct audits

that the board of trustees determines, in consultation with the local advisory council created in

2/6	Section 1/B-2a-808.2, to be the most critical to the success of the organization;
277	(r) together with the local advisory council created in Section 17B-2a-808.2, hear audit
278	reports for audits conducted in accordance with Subsection (2)(o);
279	(s) review and approve all contracts pertaining to reduced fares, and evaluate existing
280	contracts, including review of:
281	(i) how negotiations occurred;
282	(ii) the rationale for providing a reduced fare; and
283	(iii) identification and evaluation of cost shifts to offset operational costs incurred and
284	impacted by each contract offering a reduced fare;
285	(t) in consultation with the local advisory council, develop and approve other board
286	policies, ordinances, and bylaws; and
287	(u) review and approve any:
288	(i) contract or expense exceeding \$200,000; or
289	(ii) proposed change order to an existing contract if the change order:
290	(A) increases the total contract value to \$200,000 or more;
291	(B) increases a contract of or expense of \$200,000 or more by 15% or more; or
292	(C) has a total change order value of \$200,000 or more.
293	(3) A board of trustees of a large public transit district may:
294	(a) subject to Subsection $[(5)]$ (4) , make and pass ordinances, resolutions, and orders
295	that are:
296	(i) not repugnant to the United States Constitution, the Utah Constitution, or the
297	provisions of this part; and
298	(ii) necessary for:
299	(A) the governance and management of the affairs of the district;
300	(B) the execution of district powers; and
301	(C) carrying into effect the provisions of this part;
302	(b) provide by resolution, under terms and conditions the board considers fit, for the
303	payment of demands against the district without prior specific approval by the board, if the
304	payment is:
305	(i) for a purpose for which the expenditure has been previously approved by the board;
306	(ii) in an amount no greater than the amount authorized; and

307	(iii) approved by the executive director or other officer or deputy as the board
308	prescribes;
309	(c) in consultation with the local advisory council created in Section 17B-2a-808.2:
310	(i) hold public hearings and subpoena witnesses; and
311	(ii) appoint district officers to conduct a hearing and require the officers to make
312	findings and conclusions and report them to the board; and
313	(d) appoint a custodian for the funds and securities under its control, subject to
314	Subsection (2)(n).
315	[(4) For a large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018, on or before
316	September 30, 2019, the board of trustees of a large public transit district shall present a report
317	to the Transportation Interim Committee regarding retirement benefits of the district,
318	including:
319	[(a) the feasibility of becoming a participating employer and having retirement benefits
320	of eligible employees and officials covered in applicable systems and plans administered under
321	Title 49, Utah State Retirement and Insurance Benefit Act;]
322	[(b) any legal or contractual restrictions on any employees that are party to a
323	collectively bargained retirement plan; and]
324	[(c) a comparison of retirement plans offered by the large public transit district and
325	similarly situated public employees, including the costs of each plan and the value of the
326	benefit offered.]
327	[(5)] (4) The board of trustees may not issue a bond unless the board of trustees has
328	consulted and received approval from the State Finance Review Commission created in Section
329	63C-25-201.
330	[(6)] (5) A member of the board of trustees of a large public transit district or a hearing
331	officer designated by the board may administer oaths and affirmations in a district investigation
332	or proceeding.
333	$\left[\frac{7}{6}\right]$ (a) The vote of the board of trustees on each ordinance or resolution shall be
334	by roll call vote with each affirmative and negative vote recorded.
335	(b) The board of trustees of a large public transit district may not adopt an ordinance
336	unless it is introduced at least 24 hours before the board of trustees adopts it.
337	(c) Each ordinance adopted by a large public transit district's hoard of trustees shall

338	take effect upon adoption, unless the ordinance provides otherwise.
339	[(8) (a) For a large public transit district in existence on May 8, 2018, for the budget
340	for calendar year 2019, the board in place on May 8, 2018, shall create the tentative annual
341	budget.]
342	[(b) The budget described in Subsection (8)(a) shall include setting the salary of each
343	of the members of the board of trustees that will assume control on or before November 1,
344	2018, which salary may not exceed \$150,000, plus additional retirement and other standard
345	benefits, as set by the local advisory council as described in Section 17B-2a-808.2.]
346	[(c) For a large public transit district in existence on May 8, 2018, the board of trustees
347	that assumes control of the large public transit district on or before November 2, 2018, shall
348	approve the calendar year 2019 budget on or before December 31, 2018.]
349	Section 4. Section 17B-2a-808.2 is amended to read:
350	17B-2a-808.2. Large public transit district local advisory council Powers and
351	duties.
352	(1) A large public transit district shall create and consult with a local advisory council.
353	(2) (a) (i) For a large public transit district in existence as of January 1, 2019, the local
354	advisory council shall have membership selected as described in Subsection (2)(b).
355	(ii) (A) For a large public transit district created after January 1, 2019, the political
356	subdivision or subdivisions forming the large public transit district shall submit to the
357	Legislature for approval a proposal for the appointments to the local advisory council of the
358	large public transit district similar to the appointment process described in Subsection (2)(b).
359	(B) Upon approval of the Legislature, each nominating individual or body shall appoint
360	individuals to the local advisory council.
361	(b) (i) The council of governments of Salt Lake County shall appoint three members to
362	the local advisory council.
363	(ii) The mayor of Salt Lake City shall appoint one member to the local advisory
364	council.
365	(iii) The council of governments of Utah County shall appoint two members to the
366	local advisory council.
367	(iv) The council of governments of Davis County and Weber County shall each appoint

one member to the local advisory council.

(v) The councils of governments of Box Elder County and Tooele County shall jointly appoint one member to the local advisory council.

- (3) The local advisory council shall meet at least quarterly in a meeting open to the public for comment to discuss the service, operations, and any concerns with the public transit district operations and functionality.
 - (4) (a) The duties of the local advisory council shall include:

- (i) setting the compensation packages of the board of trustees, which salary, except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), may not exceed \$150,000 for a newly appointed board member, plus additional retirement and other standard benefits;
- (ii) reviewing, approving, and recommending final adoption by the board of trustees of the large public transit district service plans at least every two and one-half years;
- (iii) except for a fixed guideway capital development project under the authority of the Department of Transportation as described in Section [72-1-202] 72-1-203, reviewing, approving, and recommending final adoption by the board of trustees of project development plans, including funding, of all new capital development projects;
- (iv) reviewing, approving, and recommending final adoption by the board of trustees of any plan for a transit-oriented development where a large public transit district is involved;
- (v) at least annually, engaging with the safety and security team of the large public transit district to ensure coordination with local municipalities and counties;
- (vi) assisting with coordinated mobility and constituent services provided by the public transit district;
- (vii) representing and advocating the concerns of citizens within the public transit district to the board of trustees; and
 - (viii) other duties described in Section 17B-2a-808.1.
- (b) The local advisory council may approve an increase in the compensation for members of the board of trustees based on a cost-of-living adjustment at the same rate as government employees of the state for the same year.
- (5) The local advisory council shall meet at least quarterly with and consult with the board of trustees and advise regarding the operation and management of the public transit district.
 - Section 5. Section 17B-2a-810.1 is amended to read:

400	17B-2a-810.1. Attorney general as legal counsel for a large public transit district
401	Large public transit district may sue and be sued.
402	(1) [Subject to Subsection (2), in] In accordance with Title 67, Chapter 5, Attorney
403	General, the Utah attorney general shall serve as legal counsel for a large public transit district.
404	[(2) (a) For any large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018, the
405	transition to legal representation by the Utah attorney general shall occur as described in this
406	Subsection (2), but no later than July 1, 2019.
407	[(b) (i) For any large public transit district in existence as of May 8, 2018, in
408	partnership with the Utah attorney general, the board of trustees of the large public transit
409	district shall study and develop a strategy to transition legal representation from a general
410	counsel to the Utah attorney general.]
411	[(ii) In partnership with the Utah attorney general, the board of trustees of the large
412	public transit district shall present a report to the Transportation Interim Committee before
413	November 30, 2018, to:]
414	[(A) outline the transition strategy; and]
415	[(B) request any legislation that might be required for the transition.]
416	[(3)] (2) Sections 67-5-6 through [13, Attorney General Career Service Act,] 67-5-13
417	apply to representation of a large public transit district by the Utah attorney general.
418	[(4)] (3) A large public transit district may sue, and it may be sued only on written
419	contracts made by it or under its authority.
420	[(5)] (4) In all matters requiring legal advice in the performance of the attorney
421	general's duties and in the prosecution or defense of any action growing out of the performance
422	of the attorney general's duties, the attorney general is the legal adviser of a large public transit
423	district and shall perform any and all legal services required by the large public transit district.
424	[(6)] (5) The attorney general shall aid in any investigation, hearing, or trial under the
425	provisions of this part and institute and prosecute actions or proceedings for the enforcement of
426	the provisions of the Constitution and statutes of this state or any rule or ordinance of the large
427	public transit district affecting and related to public transit, persons, and property.
428	Section 6. Section 41-1a-1201 is amended to read:
429	41-1a-1201. Disposition of fees.
430	(1) All fees received and collected under this part shall be transmitted daily to the state

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431 treasurer. 432 (2) Except as provided in Subsections (3), (5), (6), (7), (8), and (9) and Sections 433 41-1a-1205, 41-1a-1220, 41-1a-1221, 41-1a-1222, 41-1a-1223, and 41-1a-1603, all fees 434 collected under this part shall be deposited into the Transportation Fund. 435 (3) Funds generated under Subsections 41-1a-1211(1)(b)(ii), (6)(b)(ii), (7), and (9), and 436 Section 41-1a-1212 shall be deposited into the License Plate Restricted Account created in 437 Section 41-1a-122. 438 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (3) and (4)(b) and Section 41-1a-1205, the 439 expenses of the commission in enforcing and administering this part shall be provided for by 440 legislative appropriation from the revenues of the Transportation Fund. 441 (b) Three dollars of the registration fees imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(2)(a) 442 and (b) for each vehicle registered for a six-month registration period under Section 443 41-1a-215.5 may be used by the commission to cover the costs incurred in enforcing and 444 administering this part. 445 (c) Fifty cents of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(i) for 446 each vintage vehicle that has a model year of [1981] 1983 or newer may be used by the 447 commission to cover the costs incurred in enforcing and administering this part. 448 (5) (a) The following portions of the registration fees imposed under Section 449 41-1a-1206 for each vehicle shall be deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 450 2005 created in Section 72-2-124: 451 (i) \$30 of the registration fees imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(1)(a), (1)(b), 452 (1)(f), (4), and (7); 453 (ii) \$21 of the registration fees imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(1)(c)(i) and (1)(c)(ii);454 455 (iii) \$2.50 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(e)(ii); 456 (iv) \$23 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(d)(i); 457 (v) \$24.50 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(e)(i); and 458 (vi) \$1 of the registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(d)(ii). 459 (b) The following portions of the registration fees collected for each vehicle registered 460 for a six-month registration period under Section 41-1a-215.5 shall be deposited into the

Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created in Section 72-2-124:

462	(i) \$23.25 of each registration fee collected under Subsection 41-1a-1206(2)(a)(i); and
463	(ii) \$23 of each registration fee collected under Subsection 41-1a-1206(2)(a)(ii).
464	(6) (a) Ninety-four cents of each registration fee imposed under Subsections
465	41-1a-1206(1)(a) and (b) for each vehicle shall be deposited into the Public Safety Restricted
466	Account created in Section 53-3-106.
467	(b) Seventy-one cents of each registration fee imposed under Subsections
468	41-1a-1206(2)(a) and (b) for each vehicle registered for a six-month registration period under
469	Section 41-1a-215.5 shall be deposited into the Public Safety Restricted Account created in
470	Section 53-3-106.
471	(7) (a) One dollar of each registration fee imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(1)(a)
472	and (b) for each vehicle shall be deposited into the Motor Vehicle Safety Impact Restricted
473	Account created in Section 53-8-214.
474	(b) One dollar of each registration fee imposed under Subsections 41-1a-1206(2)(a)
475	and (b) for each vehicle registered for a six-month registration period under Section
476	41-1a-215.5 shall be deposited into the Motor Vehicle Safety Impact Restricted Account
477	created in Section 53-8-214.
478	(8) Fifty cents of each registration fee imposed under Subsection 41-1a-1206(1)(a) for
479	each motorcycle shall be deposited into the Neuro-Rehabilitation Fund created in Section
480	26B-1-319.
481	(9) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2024, subject to Subsection (9)(b), \$2 of each
482	registration fee imposed under Section 41-1a-1206 shall be deposited into the Rural
483	Transportation Infrastructure Fund created in Section 72-2-133.
484	(b) Beginning on January 1, 2025, and each January 1 thereafter, the amount described
485	in Subsection (9)(a) shall be annually adjusted by taking the amount deposited the previous
486	year and adding an amount equal to the greater of:
487	(i) an amount calculated by multiplying the amount deposited by the previous year by
488	the actual percentage change during the previous fiscal year in the Consumer Price Index; and
489	(ii) 0.
490	(c) The amounts calculated as described in Subsection (9)(b) shall be rounded up to the
491	nearest 1 cent.

Section 7. Section **41-6a-201** is amended to read:

493	41-6a-201. Chapter relates to vehicles on highways Exceptions.
494	The provisions of this chapter relating to the operation of vehicles refer exclusively to
495	the operation of vehicles upon highways, except:
496	(1) when a different place is specifically identified; [or]
497	(2) under the provisions of Section 41-6a-210, Part 4, Accident Responsibilities, and
498	Part 5, Driving Under the Influence and Reckless Driving, which apply upon highways and
499	elsewhere throughout the state[-]; or
500	(3) on private roads within the confines of a campus of a private institution of higher
501	education that has a certified private law enforcement agency, as authorized by Subsection
502	<u>53-19-202(1)(b).</u>
503	Section 8. Section 41-22-2 is amended to read:
504	41-22-2. Definitions.
505	As used in this chapter:
506	(1) "Advisory council" means an advisory council appointed by the Division of
507	Outdoor Recreation that has within the advisory council's duties advising on policies related to
508	the use of off-highway vehicles.
509	(2) "All-terrain type I vehicle" means any motor vehicle 52 inches or less in width,
510	having an unladen dry weight of 1,500 pounds or less, traveling on three or more low pressure
511	tires, having a seat designed to be straddled by the operator, and designed for or capable of
512	travel over unimproved terrain.
513	(3) (a) "All-terrain type II vehicle" means any motor vehicle 80 inches or less in width,
514	traveling on four or more low pressure tires, having a steering wheel, non-straddle seating, a
515	rollover protection system, and designed for or capable of travel over unimproved terrain, and
516	is:
517	(i) an electric-powered vehicle; or
518	(ii) a vehicle powered by an internal combustion engine and has an unladen dry weight
519	of 3,500 pounds or less.
520	(b) "All-terrain type II vehicle" does not include golf carts, any vehicle designed to
521	carry a person with a disability, any vehicle not specifically designed for recreational use, or
522	farm tractors as defined under Section 41-1a-102.
523	(4) (a) "All-terrain type III vehicle" means any other motor vehicle, not defined in

Subsection (2), (3), (12), or (22), designed for or capable of travel over unimproved terrain.

- (b) "All-terrain type III vehicle" does not include golf carts, any vehicle designed to carry a person with a disability, any vehicle not specifically designed for recreational use, or farm tractors as defined under Section 41-1a-102.
 - (5) "Commission" means the Outdoor Adventure Commission.

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- 529 (6) "Cross-country" means across natural terrain and off an existing highway, road, route, or trail.
 - (7) "Dealer" means a person engaged in the business of selling off-highway vehicles at wholesale or retail.
 - (8) "Division" means the Division of Outdoor Recreation.
 - (9) "Low pressure tire" means any pneumatic tire six inches or more in width designed for use on wheels with rim diameter of 14 inches or less and utilizing an operating pressure of 10 pounds per square inch or less as recommended by the vehicle manufacturer.
- 537 (10) "Manufacturer" means a person engaged in the business of manufacturing 538 off-highway vehicles.
 - (11) (a) "Motor vehicle" means every vehicle which is self-propelled.
 - (b) "Motor vehicle" includes an off-highway vehicle.
 - (12) "Motorcycle" means every motor vehicle having a saddle for the use of the operator and designed to travel on not more than two tires.
 - (13) "Off-highway implement of husbandry" means every all-terrain type I vehicle, all-terrain type III vehicle, motorcycle, or snowmobile that is used by the owner or the owner's agent for agricultural operations.
 - (14) "Off-highway vehicle" means any snowmobile, all-terrain type I vehicle, all-terrain type II vehicle, or motorcycle.
 - (15) "Operate" means to control the movement of or otherwise use an off-highway vehicle.
 - (16) "Operator" means the person who is in actual physical control of an off-highway vehicle.
 - (17) "Organized user group" means an off-highway vehicle organization incorporated as a nonprofit corporation in the state under Title 16, Chapter 6a, Utah Revised Nonprofit Corporation Act, for the purpose of promoting the interests of off-highway vehicle recreation.

555	(18) "Owner" means a person, other than a person with a security interest, having a
556	property interest or title to an off-highway vehicle and entitled to the use and possession of that
557	vehicle.
558	(19) "Public land" means land owned or administered by any federal or state agency or
559	any political subdivision of the state.
560	(20) "Register" means the act of assigning a registration number to an off-highway
561	vehicle.
562	(21) "Roadway" is used as defined in Section 41-6a-102.
563	(22) "Snowmobile" means any motor vehicle designed for travel on snow or ice and
564	steered and supported in whole or in part by skis, belts, cleats, runners, or low pressure tires,
565	and equipped with a saddle for the use of the rider.
566	(23) "Street or highway" means the entire width between boundary lines of every way
567	or place of whatever nature, when any part of it is open to the use of the public for vehicular
568	travel.
569	(24) "Street-legal all-terrain vehicle" or "street-legal ATV" has the same meaning as
570	defined in Section 41-6a-102.
571	Section 9. Section 59-12-103 (Contingently Superseded 01/01/25) is amended to
572	read:
573	59-12-103 (Contingently Superseded 01/01/25). Sales and use tax base Rates
574	Effective dates Use of sales and use tax revenues.
575	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or
576	sales price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
577	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
578	(b) amounts paid for:
579	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
580	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
581	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
582	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
583	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
584	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:

(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or

586 (B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii); 587 (c) sales of the following for commercial use: 588 (i) gas; 589 (ii) electricity; 590 (iii) heat; 591 (iv) coal; 592 (v) fuel oil; or 593 (vi) other fuels; 594 (d) sales of the following for residential use: 595 (i) gas; 596 (ii) electricity; 597 (iii) heat; 598 (iv) coal; 599 (v) fuel oil; or 600 (vi) other fuels; 601 (e) sales of prepared food; 602 (f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or 603 user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature, 604 exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries, 605 fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit 606 television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf 607 driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails, 608 tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises, 609 horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation, 610 exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity; 611 (g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal 612 property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for: 613 (i) the tangible personal property; and 614 (ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described 615 in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether: 616 (A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal

61/	property; or
618	(B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
619	property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
620	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
621	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
622	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court
623	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;
624	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;
625	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within
626	this state the tangible personal property is:
627	(i) stored;
628	(ii) used; or
629	(iii) otherwise consumed;
630	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the
631	tangible personal property is:
632	(i) stored;
633	(ii) used; or
634	(iii) consumed;
635	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:
636	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or
637	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically, and
638	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:
639	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or
640	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:
641	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and
642	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition; and
643	(n) sales of leased tangible personal property from the lessor to the lessee made in the
644	state.
645	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (f), a state tax and a local tax
646	are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:
647	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:

648	(A) 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection (11)(a); and
649	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales
650	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
651	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional
652	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
653	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales
654	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211
655	through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state
656	imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
657	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
658	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
659	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g) and subject to Subsection (2)(l), a
660	state tax and a local tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to
661	the sum of:
662	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and
663	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
664	transaction under this chapter other than this part.
665	(c) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a state tax and a local tax are
666	imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of:
667	(i) a state tax imposed on the amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients at
668	a tax rate of 1.75%; and
669	(ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the
670	amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients under this chapter other than this part.
671	(d) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a state tax is imposed on amounts
672	paid or charged for fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine at
673	a rate of 4.85%.
674	(e) (i) (A) If a shared vehicle owner certifies to the commission, on a form prescribed
675	by the commission, that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle, a tax
676	imposed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) does not apply to car sharing, a car-sharing program, a
677	shared vehicle driver, or a shared vehicle owner.

(B) A shared vehicle owner's certification described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) is

required once during the time that the shared vehicle owner owns the shared vehicle.

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(C) The commission shall verify that a shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle by verifying that the applicable Utah taxes imposed under this chapter were paid on the purchase of the shared vehicle.

- (D) The exception under Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) applies to a certified individual-owned shared vehicle shared through a car-sharing program even if non-certified shared vehicles are also available to be shared through the same car-sharing program.
 - (ii) A tax imposed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(a)(ii) applies to car sharing.
- (iii) (A) A car-sharing program may rely in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i).
- (B) If a car-sharing program relies in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i), the car-sharing program is not liable for any tax, penalty, fee, or other sanction imposed on the shared vehicle owner.
- (iv) If all shared vehicles shared through a car-sharing program are certified as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) for a tax period, the car-sharing program has no obligation to collect and remit the tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) for that tax period.
- (v) [(A)] A car-sharing program is not required to list or otherwise identify an individual-owned shared vehicle on a return or an attachment to a return.
 - (vi) A car-sharing program shall:
 - (A) retain tax information for each car-sharing program transaction; and
- (B) provide the information described in Subsection (2)(e)(vi)(A) to the commission at the commission's request.
- (f) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
- 708 (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State 709 Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections

59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18,
 Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and

- (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).
- (ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter.
- (iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(f)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction described in Subsection (2)(f)(i) or (ii):
- (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
- (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
 - (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the

seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.

- (g) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(g)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
 - (ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:
- (A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and
- (B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
- (iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(g)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (h) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
 - (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal

property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.

- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (i) Subject to Subsections (2)(j) and (k), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:
- 779 (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 780 (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i);

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- (iii) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 782 (iv) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
- (j) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under:
- 786 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 787 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
- 788 (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 789 (D) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
 - (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax or the tax rate decrease imposed under:
- 793 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
- 794 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
 - (C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
- 796 (D) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
 - (k) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(k)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal or change in a tax rate takes effect:
 - (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
- 801 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change.
- 802 (ii) Subsection (2)(k)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following:

803	(A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
804	(B) Subsection (2)(b)(i);
805	(C) Subsection (2)(c)(i); or
806	(D) Subsection $(2)(f)(i)(A)(I)$.
807	(iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
808	the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale."
809	(1) (i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(1)(ii), the commission shall determine
810	the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel based on the
811	predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel at the location.
812	(ii) Subsection (2)(l)(i) applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil,
813	or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following uses:
814	(A) a commercial use;
815	(B) an industrial use; or
816	(C) a residential use.
817	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
818	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
819	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
820	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
821	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
822	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
823	in this chapter:
824	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
825	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
826	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(ii); and
827	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(B).
828	(c) The state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) shall be deposited into the General
829	Fund.
830	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
831	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
832	through (g):
833	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:

834	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
835	(B) for the fiscal year; or
836	(ii) \$17,500,000.
837	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
838	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax
839	revenue to the Department of Natural Resources to:
840	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
841	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
842	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
843	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
844	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
845	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection
846	(4)(b)(i) may not be used to assist the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or any other
847	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
848	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
849	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
850	(A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
851	Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
852	(B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
853	Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
854	(C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
855	Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
856	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
857	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund
858	created in Section 4-18-106.
859	(d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described
860	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax revenue to
861	the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for
862	the adjudication of water rights.
863	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:

(A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the

865 Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24; 866 (B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the 867 Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and 868 (C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the 869 Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5. 870 (e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described 871 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and 872 Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources. 873 (ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and 874 Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and 875 Development Fund may also be used to: 876 (A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water 877 Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of 878 quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an 879 area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and 880 accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource; 881 (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and 882 (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the 883 hiring of technical and legal staff. 884 (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 885 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount 886 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects. 887 (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described 888 in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount 889 created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to: 890 (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and 891 distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102; 892 (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and 893 (iii) develop surface water sources.

(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,

2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this

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- Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
- (i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
- 899 (ii) \$17,500,000.

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- 900 (b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
 - (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as designated sales and use tax revenue; and
 - (B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or restoration.
 - (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
 - (c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
 - (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as designated sales and use tax revenue; and
 - (B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather.
 - (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.
 - (d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources for:
 - (i) preconstruction costs:
- 922 (A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 923 26, Bear River Development Act; and
- 924 (B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project 925 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act;
- 926 (ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73,

927 Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act;

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- 928 (iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project 929 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and
 - (iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii).
 - (e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 15% of the remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited each year into the Water Rights Restricted Account created by Section 73-2-1.6.
 - (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), each fiscal year, the commission shall deposit into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account created in Section 73-10g-103 the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year.
 - (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and subject to Subsection (7)(b), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2023, the commission shall deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) equal to 17% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes:
 - (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
 - (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
 - (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
 - (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
- 947 (b) (i) As used in this Subsection (7)(b):
 - (A) "Additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the previous fiscal year.
 - (B) "Combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections (7)(b)(iii) and (8)(d)(iii) in any single fiscal year.
 - (C) "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).
 - (D) "Relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 17% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iv).
- 957 (ii) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually

reduce the deposit under Subsection (7)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (7)(b) to the Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection (7)(b)(iii).

- (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.
- (iv) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection (7)(b) in the same proportion as the decline in relevant revenue.
- (c) (i) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2023, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7)(a) and (7)(b) by an amount that is equal to 5% of:
- (A) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 20.68% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iv);
- (B) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by registration fees designated under Section 41-1a-1201 to be deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005; and
- (C) revenues transferred by the Division of Finance to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 in accordance with Section 72-2-106 in the current fiscal year.
- (ii) The amount described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) may not exceed \$45,000,000 in a given fiscal year.
- (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) into the Active Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(11).
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsection (7), and subject to Subsections (8)(b) and (d)(ii), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenues collected from the following taxes:

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989 (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;

- (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
 - (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
- 992 (iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).

- (b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(a) by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.
- (c) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(b) into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
 - (d) (i) As used in this Subsection (8)(d):
- (A) "Additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the previous fiscal year.
- (B) "Combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections (7)(b)(iii) and (8)(d)(iii) in any single fiscal year.
- (C) "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).
- (D) "Relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 3.68% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i) through (iv).
- (ii) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit under Subsection (8)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (8)(d) to the Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection (8)(d)(iii).
- (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(d)(ii) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.
 - (iv) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous

fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection (8)(d) in the same proportion as the decline in relevant revenue.

- (9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
- (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the fiscal year during which the commission receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the commission shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512.
 - (11) (a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of revenue collected from the rate described in Subsection (11)(a) on the transactions that are subject to the sales and use tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid Expansion Fund created in Section 26B-1-315.
- (12) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the commission shall deposit \$200,000 into the General Fund as a dedicated credit solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in, and expended in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and Rescue Act.
- [(13) (a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the commission shall annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) to the General Fund.]
- [(b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the commission shall transfer the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) during the fiscal year to the General Fund.]
- [(14)] (13) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and as described in Section 63N-3-610, beginning the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use tax boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the commission, at least annually, shall

1051	transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment within an established sales
1052	and use tax boundary, as defined in Section 63N-3-602, into the Transit Transportation
1053	Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
1054	[(15)] (14) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year
1055	beginning on or after July 1, 2022, transfer into the Outdoor Adventure Infrastructure
1056	Restricted Account, created in Section 51-9-902, a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection
1057	(3)(a) equal to 1% of the revenues collected from the following sales and use taxes:
1058	(a) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
1059	(b) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i);
1060	(c) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c)(i); and
1061	(d) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
1062	Section 10. Section 59-12-103 (Contingently Effective 01/01/25) is amended to read:
1063	59-12-103 (Contingently Effective 01/01/25). Sales and use tax base Rates
1064	Effective dates Use of sales and use tax revenues.
1065	(1) A tax is imposed on the purchaser as provided in this part on the purchase price or
1066	sales price for amounts paid or charged for the following transactions:
1067	(a) retail sales of tangible personal property made within the state;
1068	(b) amounts paid for:
1069	(i) telecommunications service, other than mobile telecommunications service, that
1070	originates and terminates within the boundaries of this state;
1071	(ii) mobile telecommunications service that originates and terminates within the
1072	boundaries of one state only to the extent permitted by the Mobile Telecommunications
1073	Sourcing Act, 4 U.S.C. Sec. 116 et seq.; or
1074	(iii) an ancillary service associated with a:
1075	(A) telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(i); or
1076	(B) mobile telecommunications service described in Subsection (1)(b)(ii);
1077	(c) sales of the following for commercial use:
1078	(i) gas;
1079	(ii) electricity;
1080	(iii) heat;
1081	(iv) coal;

1082	(v) fuel oil; or
1083	(vi) other fuels;
1084	(d) sales of the following for residential use:
1085	(i) gas;
1086	(ii) electricity;
1087	(iii) heat;
1088	(iv) coal;
1089	(v) fuel oil; or
1090	(vi) other fuels;
1091	(e) sales of prepared food;
1092	(f) except as provided in Section 59-12-104, amounts paid or charged as admission or
1093	user fees for theaters, movies, operas, museums, planetariums, shows of any type or nature,
1094	exhibitions, concerts, carnivals, amusement parks, amusement rides, circuses, menageries,
1095	fairs, races, contests, sporting events, dances, boxing matches, wrestling matches, closed circuit
1096	television broadcasts, billiard parlors, pool parlors, bowling lanes, golf, miniature golf, golf
1097	driving ranges, batting cages, skating rinks, ski lifts, ski runs, ski trails, snowmobile trails,
1098	tennis courts, swimming pools, water slides, river runs, jeep tours, boat tours, scenic cruises,
1099	horseback rides, sports activities, or any other amusement, entertainment, recreation,
1100	exhibition, cultural, or athletic activity;
1101	(g) amounts paid or charged for services for repairs or renovations of tangible personal
1102	property, unless Section 59-12-104 provides for an exemption from sales and use tax for:
1103	(i) the tangible personal property; and
1104	(ii) parts used in the repairs or renovations of the tangible personal property described
1105	in Subsection (1)(g)(i), regardless of whether:
1106	(A) any parts are actually used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
1107	property; or
1108	(B) the particular parts used in the repairs or renovations of that tangible personal
1109	property are exempt from a tax under this chapter;
1110	(h) except as provided in Subsection 59-12-104(7), amounts paid or charged for
1111	assisted cleaning or washing of tangible personal property;
1112	(i) amounts paid or charged for tourist home, hotel, motel, or trailer court

1113	accommodations and services that are regularly rented for less than 30 consecutive days;	
1114	(j) amounts paid or charged for laundry or dry cleaning services;	
1115	(k) amounts paid or charged for leases or rentals of tangible personal property if within	
1116	this state the tangible personal property is:	
1117	(i) stored;	
1118	(ii) used; or	
1119	(iii) otherwise consumed;	
1120	(l) amounts paid or charged for tangible personal property if within this state the	
1121	tangible personal property is:	
1122	(i) stored;	
1123	(ii) used; or	
1124	(iii) consumed;	
1125	(m) amounts paid or charged for a sale:	
1126	(i) (A) of a product transferred electronically; or	
1127	(B) of a repair or renovation of a product transferred electronically; and	
1128	(ii) regardless of whether the sale provides:	
1129	(A) a right of permanent use of the product; or	
1130	(B) a right to use the product that is less than a permanent use, including a right:	
1131	(I) for a definite or specified length of time; and	
1132	(II) that terminates upon the occurrence of a condition; and	
1133	(n) sales of leased tangible personal property from the lessor to the lessee made in the	
1134	state.	
1135	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(b) through (f), a state tax and a local tax	
1136	are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1) equal to the sum of:	
1137	(i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate equal to the sum of:	
1138	(A) 4.70% plus the rate specified in Subsection (11)(a); and	
1139	(B) (I) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales	
1140	and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211	
1141	through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional	
1142	State Sales and Use Tax Act; and	
1143	(II) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales	

and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and

- (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the transaction under this chapter other than this part.
- (b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g) and subject to Subsection (2)(l), a state tax and a local tax are imposed on a transaction described in Subsection (1)(d) equal to the sum of:
 - (i) a state tax imposed on the transaction at a tax rate of 2%; and

- (ii) a local tax equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes on the transaction under this chapter other than this part.
- (c) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a local tax is imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients equal to the sum of the tax rates a county, city, or town imposes under this chapter on the amounts paid or charged for food or food ingredients.
- (ii) There is no state tax imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients.
- (d) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(f) or (g), a state tax is imposed on amounts paid or charged for fuel to a common carrier that is a railroad for use in a locomotive engine at a rate of 4.85%.
- (e) (i) (A) If a shared vehicle owner certifies to the commission, on a form prescribed by the commission, that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle, a tax imposed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) does not apply to car sharing, a car-sharing program, a shared vehicle driver, or a shared vehicle owner.
- (B) A shared vehicle owner's certification described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) is required once during the time that the shared vehicle owner owns the shared vehicle.
- (C) The commission shall verify that a shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle by verifying that the applicable Utah taxes imposed under this chapter were paid on the purchase of the shared vehicle.
- (D) The exception under Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) applies to a certified individual-owned shared vehicle shared through a car-sharing program even if non-certified shared vehicles are also available to be shared through the same car-sharing program.

(ii) A tax imposed under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(B) or (2)(a)(ii) applies to car sharing.

- (iii) (A) A car-sharing program may rely in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i).
- (B) If a car-sharing program relies in good faith on a shared vehicle owner's representation that the shared vehicle is an individual-owned shared vehicle certified with the commission as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i), the car-sharing program is not liable for any tax, penalty, fee, or other sanction imposed on the shared vehicle owner.
- (iv) If all shared vehicles shared through a car-sharing program are certified as described in Subsection (2)(e)(i)(A) for a tax period, the car-sharing program has no obligation to collect and remit the tax under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) for that tax period.
- (v) [(A)] A car-sharing program is not required to list or otherwise identify an individual-owned shared vehicle on a return or an attachment to a return.
 - (vi) A car-sharing program shall:

- (A) retain tax information for each car-sharing program transaction; and
- (B) provide the information described in Subsection (2)(e)(vi)(A) to the commission at the commission's request.
- (f) (i) For a bundled transaction that is attributable to food and food ingredients and tangible personal property other than food and food ingredients, a state tax and a local tax is imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (A) a state tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction equal to the sum of:
 - (I) the tax rate described in Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); and
- (II) (Aa) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 18, Additional State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
- (Bb) the tax rate the state imposes in accordance with Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act, if the location of the transaction as determined under Sections 59-12-211 through 59-12-215 is in a city, town, or the unincorporated area of a county in which the state imposes the tax under Part 20, Supplemental State Sales and Use Tax Act; and
 - (B) a local tax imposed on the entire bundled transaction at the sum of the tax rates

described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii).

(ii) If an optional computer software maintenance contract is a bundled transaction that consists of taxable and nontaxable products that are not separately itemized on an invoice or similar billing document, the purchase of the optional computer software maintenance contract is 40% taxable under this chapter and 60% nontaxable under this chapter.

- (iii) Subject to Subsection (2)(f)(iv), for a bundled transaction other than a bundled transaction described in Subsection (2)(f)(i) or (ii):
- (A) if the sales price of the bundled transaction is attributable to tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter and tangible personal property, a product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise; or
- (B) if the sales price of a bundled transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire bundled transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless:
- (I) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business; or
 - (II) state or federal law provides otherwise.
- (iv) For purposes of Subsection (2)(f)(iii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (g) (i) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter and subject to Subsections (2)(g)(ii) and (iii), if a transaction consists of the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, a product, or a service that is subject to taxation under this chapter, and the sale, lease, or rental of tangible personal property, other property, a product, or a service that is not subject to taxation under this chapter, the entire transaction is subject to taxation under this chapter unless

the seller, at the time of the transaction:

(A) separately states the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or

- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
 - (ii) A purchaser and a seller may correct the taxability of a transaction if:
- (A) after the transaction occurs, the purchaser and the seller discover that the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter was not separately stated on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser because of an error or ignorance of the law; and
- (B) the seller is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards, from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business, the portion of the transaction that is not subject to taxation under this chapter.
- (iii) For purposes of Subsections (2)(g)(i) and (ii), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (h) (i) If the sales price of a transaction is attributable to two or more items of tangible personal property, products, or services that are subject to taxation under this chapter at different rates, the entire purchase is subject to taxation under this chapter at the higher tax rate unless the seller, at the time of the transaction:
- (A) separately states the items subject to taxation under this chapter at each of the different rates on an invoice, bill of sale, or similar document provided to the purchaser; or
- (B) is able to identify by reasonable and verifiable standards the tangible personal property, product, or service that is subject to taxation under this chapter at the lower tax rate from the books and records the seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business.
- (ii) For purposes of Subsection (2)(h)(i), books and records that a seller keeps in the seller's regular course of business includes books and records the seller keeps in the regular course of business for nontax purposes.
- (i) Subject to Subsections (2)(j) and (k), a tax rate repeal or tax rate change for a tax rate imposed under the following shall take effect on the first day of a calendar quarter:

1268 (i) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 1269 (ii) Subsection (2)(b)(i); or 1270 (iii) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I). 1271 (j) (i) A tax rate increase takes effect on the first day of the first billing period that 1272 begins on or after the effective date of the tax rate increase if the billing period for the 1273 transaction begins before the effective date of a tax rate increase imposed under: 1274 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 1275 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i); or 1276 (C) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I). 1277 (ii) The repeal of a tax or a tax rate decrease applies to a billing period if the billing 1278 statement for the billing period is rendered on or after the effective date of the repeal of the tax 1279 or the tax rate decrease imposed under: 1280 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 1281 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i); or 1282 (C) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I). 1283 (k) (i) For a tax rate described in Subsection (2)(k)(ii), if a tax due on a catalogue sale 1284 is computed on the basis of sales and use tax rates published in the catalogue, a tax rate repeal 1285 or change in a tax rate takes effect: 1286 (A) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and 1287 (B) beginning 60 days after the effective date of the tax rate repeal or tax rate change. 1288 (ii) Subsection (2)(k)(i) applies to the tax rates described in the following: 1289 (A) Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A); 1290 (B) Subsection (2)(b)(i); or 1291 (C) Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I). 1292 (iii) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, 1293 the commission may by rule define the term "catalogue sale." 1294 (1) (i) For a location described in Subsection (2)(1)(ii), the commission shall determine 1295 the taxable status of a sale of gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel based on the 1296 predominant use of the gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil, or other fuel at the location. 1297 (ii) Subsection (2)(1)(i) applies to a location where gas, electricity, heat, coal, fuel oil,

or other fuel is furnished through a single meter for two or more of the following uses:

1299	(A) a commercial use;
1300	(B) an industrial use; or
1301	(C) a residential use.
1302	(3) (a) The following state taxes shall be deposited into the General Fund:
1303	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A);
1304	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
1305	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
1306	(b) The following local taxes shall be distributed to a county, city, or town as provided
1307	in this chapter:
1308	(i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(ii);
1309	(ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(ii);
1310	(iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(c); and
1311	(iv) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(B).
1312	(c) The state tax imposed by Subsection (2)(d) shall be deposited into the General
1313	Fund.
1314	(4) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,
1315	2003, the lesser of the following amounts shall be expended as provided in Subsections (4)(b)
1316	through (g):
1317	(i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated:
1318	(A) by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
1319	(B) for the fiscal year; or
1320	(ii) \$17,500,000.
1321	(b) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 14% of the amount
1322	described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax
1323	revenue to the Department of Natural Resources to:
1324	(A) implement the measures described in Subsections 79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to
1325	protect sensitive plant and animal species; or
1326	(B) award grants, up to the amount authorized by the Legislature in an appropriations
1327	act, to political subdivisions of the state to implement the measures described in Subsections
1328	79-2-303(3)(a) through (d) to protect sensitive plant and animal species.
1329	(ii) Money transferred to the Department of Natural Resources under Subsection

1330	(4)(b)(1) may not be used to assist the Officed States Fish and whether Service of any other
1331	person to list or attempt to have listed a species as threatened or endangered under the
1332	Endangered Species Act of 1973, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq.
1333	(iii) At the end of each fiscal year:
1334	(A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1335	Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
1336	(B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1337	Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
1338	(C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1339	Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
1340	(c) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 3% of the amount described in
1341	Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited each year in the Agriculture Resource Development Fund
1342	created in Section 4-18-106.
1343	(d) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 1% of the amount described
1344	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be transferred each year as designated sales and use tax revenue to
1345	the Division of Water Rights to cover the costs incurred in hiring legal and technical staff for
1346	the adjudication of water rights.
1347	(ii) At the end of each fiscal year:
1348	(A) 50% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1349	Water Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24;
1350	(B) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1351	Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5; and
1352	(C) 25% of any unexpended designated sales and use tax revenue shall lapse to the
1353	Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5.
1354	(e) (i) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 41% of the amount described
1355	in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Water Resources Conservation and
1356	Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the Division of Water Resources.
1357	(ii) In addition to the uses allowed of the Water Resources Conservation and
1358	Development Fund under Section 73-10-24, the Water Resources Conservation and
1359	Development Fund may also be used to:
1360	(A) conduct hydrologic and geotechnical investigations by the Division of Water

Resources in a cooperative effort with other state, federal, or local entities, for the purpose of quantifying surface and ground water resources and describing the hydrologic systems of an area in sufficient detail so as to enable local and state resource managers to plan for and accommodate growth in water use without jeopardizing the resource;

- (B) fund state required dam safety improvements; and
- (C) protect the state's interest in interstate water compact allocations, including the hiring of technical and legal staff.
- (f) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Utah Wastewater Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Water Quality Board to fund wastewater projects.
- (g) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2003, 20.5% of the amount described in Subsection (4)(a) shall be deposited into the Drinking Water Loan Program Subaccount created in Section 73-10c-5 for use by the Division of Drinking Water to:
- (i) provide for the installation and repair of collection, treatment, storage, and distribution facilities for any public water system, as defined in Section 19-4-102;
 - (ii) develop underground sources of water, including springs and wells; and
 - (iii) develop surface water sources.
- (5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2006, the difference between the following amounts shall be expended as provided in this Subsection (5), if that difference is greater than \$1:
- (i) for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a), the amount of tax revenue generated for the fiscal year by a 1/16% tax rate on the transactions described in Subsection (1); and
 - (ii) \$17,500,000.

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- (b) (i) The first \$500,000 of the difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be:
- (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Department of Natural Resources as designated sales and use tax revenue; and
- (B) expended by the Department of Natural Resources for watershed rehabilitation or restoration.
- 1389 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use 1390 tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation 1391 and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24.

1392 (c) (i) After making the transfer required by Subsection (5)(b)(i), \$150,000 of the 1393 remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be: 1394 (A) transferred each fiscal year to the Division of Water Resources as designated sales 1395 and use tax revenue; and 1396 (B) expended by the Division of Water Resources for cloud-seeding projects 1397 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 15, Modification of Weather. 1398 (ii) At the end of each fiscal year, 100% of any unexpended designated sales and use 1399 tax revenue described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) shall lapse to the Water Resources Conservation 1400 and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24. 1401 (d) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 85% of the 1402 remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited into the Water 1403 Resources Conservation and Development Fund created in Section 73-10-24 for use by the 1404 Division of Water Resources for: 1405 (i) preconstruction costs: 1406 (A) as defined in Subsection 73-26-103(6) for projects authorized by Title 73, Chapter 1407 26, Bear River Development Act; and 1408 (B) as defined in Subsection 73-28-103(8) for the Lake Powell Pipeline project 1409 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; 1410 (ii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee any project authorized by Title 73, 1411 Chapter 26, Bear River Development Act; 1412 (iii) the cost of employing a civil engineer to oversee the Lake Powell Pipeline project 1413 authorized by Title 73, Chapter 28, Lake Powell Pipeline Development Act; and 1414 (iv) other uses authorized under Sections 73-10-24, 73-10-25.1, and 73-10-30, and 1415 Subsection (4)(e)(ii) after funding the uses specified in Subsections (5)(d)(i) through (iii). 1416 (e) After making the transfers required by Subsections (5)(b) and (c), 15% of the 1417 remaining difference described in Subsection (5)(a) shall be deposited each year into the Water 1418 Rights Restricted Account created by Section 73-2-1.6. 1419 (6) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and for taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a),

transactions described in Subsection (1) for the fiscal year.

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each fiscal year, the commission shall deposit into the Water Infrastructure Restricted Account

created in Section 73-10g-103 the amount of revenue generated by a 1/16% tax rate on the

1423 (7) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a) and subject to Subsection (7)(b), for a fiscal 1424 year beginning on or after July 1, 2023, the commission shall deposit into the Transportation 1425 Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under 1426 Subsection (3)(a) equal to 17% of the revenue collected from the following sales and use taxes: 1427 (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate; 1428 (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i); and 1429 (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I). 1430 (b) (i) As used in this Subsection (7)(b): 1431 (A) "Additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue collected in the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the 1432 1433 previous fiscal year. 1434 (B) "Combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the 1435 Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections (7)(b)(iii) and (8)(d)(iii) in any single fiscal year. (C) "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation 1436 1437 Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10). 1438 (D) "Relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that 1439 equals 17% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iii). 1440 (ii) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually 1441 reduce the deposit under Subsection (7)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by 1442 an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (7)(b) to the Cottonwood 1443 Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the 1444 limit in Subsection (7)(b)(iii). 1445 (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection 1446 (7)(b)(ii) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount 1447 for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000. 1448 (iv) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous 1449 fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood 1450 Canyons fund under this Subsection (7)(b) in the same proportion as the decline in relevant 1451 revenue.

2023, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment

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(c) (i) Subject to Subsection (7)(c)(ii), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1,

Fund of 2005 under Subsections (7)(a) and (7)(b) by an amount that is equal to 5% of:

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- (A) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 20.68% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (7)(a)(i) through (iv);
- (B) the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by registration fees designated under Section 41-1a-1201 to be deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005; and
- (C) revenues transferred by the Division of Finance to the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 in accordance with Section 72-2-106 in the current fiscal year.
- (ii) The amount described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) may not exceed \$45,000,000 in a given fiscal year.
- (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (7)(c)(i) into the Active Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(11).
- (8) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), in addition to the amounts deposited under Subsection (7), and subject to Subsections (8)(b) and (d)(ii), for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2018, the commission shall annually deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 created by Section 72-2-124 a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) in an amount equal to 3.68% of the revenues collected from the following taxes:
 - (i) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate;
 - (ii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
- (iii) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I).
- (b) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2019, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under Subsection (8)(a) by an amount that is equal to 35% of the amount of revenue generated in the current fiscal year by the portion of the tax imposed on motor and special fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state that exceeds 29.4 cents per gallon.
- (c) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(b) into the Transit Transportation Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124.
 - (d) (i) As used in this Subsection (8)(d):
- 1483 (A) "Additional growth revenue" means the amount of relevant revenue collected in 1484 the current fiscal year that exceeds by more than 3% the relevant revenue collected in the

1485 previous fiscal year.

(B) "Combined amount" means the combined total amount of money deposited into the Cottonwood Canyons fund under Subsections (7)(b)(iii) and (8)(d)(iii) in any single fiscal year.

- (C) "Cottonwood Canyons fund" means the Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund created in Subsection 72-2-124(10).
- (D) "Relevant revenue" means the portion of taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) that equals 3.68% of the revenue collected from taxes described in Subsections (8)(a)(i) through (iii).
- (ii) For a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2020, the commission shall annually reduce the deposit under Subsection (8)(a) into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 by an amount equal to the amount of the deposit under this Subsection (8)(d) to the Cottonwood Canyons fund in the previous fiscal year plus 25% of additional growth revenue, subject to the limit in Subsection (8)(d)(iii).
- (iii) The commission shall annually deposit the amount described in Subsection (8)(d)(ii) into the Cottonwood Canyons fund, subject to an annual maximum combined amount for any single fiscal year of \$20,000,000.
- (iv) If the amount of relevant revenue declines in a fiscal year compared to the previous fiscal year, the commission shall decrease the amount of the contribution to the Cottonwood Canyons fund under this Subsection (8)(d) in the same proportion as the decline in relevant revenue.
- (9) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2009-10, \$533,750 shall be deposited into the Qualified Emergency Food Agencies Fund created by Section 35A-8-1009 and expended as provided in Section 35A-8-1009.
- (10) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), beginning the second fiscal year after the fiscal year during which the commission receives notice under Section 63N-2-510 that construction on a qualified hotel, as defined in Section 63N-2-502, has begun, the commission shall, for two consecutive fiscal years, annually deposit \$1,900,000 of the revenue generated by the taxes listed under Subsection (3)(a) into the Hotel Impact Mitigation Fund, created in Section 63N-2-512.
- 1514 (11) (a) The rate specified in this subsection is 0.15%.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year

1516 beginning on or after July 1, 2019, annually transfer the amount of revenue collected from the 1517 rate described in Subsection (11)(a) on the transactions that are subject to the sales and use tax 1518 under Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) into the Medicaid Expansion Fund created in Section 26B-1-315. 1519 (12) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), for each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 1520 2020-21, the commission shall deposit \$200,000 into the General Fund as a dedicated credit 1521 solely for use of the Search and Rescue Financial Assistance Program created in, and expended 1522 in accordance with, Title 53, Chapter 2a, Part 11, Search and Rescue Act. 1523 (13) (a) For each fiscal year beginning with fiscal year 2020-21, the commission shall 1524 annually transfer \$1,813,400 of the revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund 1525 of 2005 under Subsections (7) and (8) to the General Fund. 1526 (b) If the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 1527 under Subsections (7) and (8) is less than \$1,813,400 for a fiscal year, the commission shall 1528 transfer the total revenue deposited into the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 under 1529 Subsections (7) and (8) during the fiscal year to the General Fund. 1530 [(14)] (13) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), and as described in Section 63N-3-610, 1531 beginning the first day of the calendar quarter one year after the sales and use tax boundary for a housing and transit reinvestment zone is established, the commission, at least annually, shall 1532 1533 transfer an amount equal to 15% of the sales and use tax increment within an established sales 1534 and use tax boundary, as defined in Section 63N-3-602, into the Transit Transportation 1535 Investment Fund created in Section 72-2-124. 1536 [(15)] (14) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), the commission shall, for a fiscal year 1537 beginning on or after July 1, 2022, transfer into the Outdoor Adventure Infrastructure 1538 Restricted Account, created in Section 51-9-902, a portion of the taxes listed under Subsection 1539 (3)(a) equal to 1% of the revenues collected from the following sales and use taxes: 1540 (a) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(a)(i)(A) at a 4.7% rate; 1541 (b) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(b)(i); and 1542 (c) the tax imposed by Subsection (2)(f)(i)(A)(I). 1543 Section 11. Section **59-13-103** is amended to read: 1544 59-13-103. List of clean fuels provided to tax commission. [(1)] The Air Quality Board shall annually provide to the tax commission a list of fuels 1545

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that are clean fuels under Section 59-13-102.

1547	[(2) The Air Quality Board appointed under Section 19-2-103 shall in conjunction with
1548	the State Tax Commission prepare and submit to the Legislature before January 1, 1995, a
1549	report evaluating the impacts, benefits, and economic consequences of the clean fuel provisions
1550	of Sections 59-13-201 and 59-13-301.]
1551	Section 12. Section 72-1-201 is amended to read:
1552	72-1-201. Creation of Department of Transportation Functions, powers, duties,
1553	rights, and responsibilities.
1554	(1) There is created the Department of Transportation which shall:
1555	(a) have the general responsibility for planning, research, design, construction,
1556	maintenance, security, and safety of state transportation systems;
1557	(b) provide administration for state transportation systems and programs;
1558	(c) implement the transportation policies of the state;
1559	(d) plan, develop, construct, and maintain state transportation systems that are safe,
1560	reliable, environmentally sensitive, and serve the needs of the traveling public, commerce, and
1561	industry;
1562	(e) establish standards and procedures regarding the technical details of administration
1563	of the state transportation systems as established by statute and administrative rule;
1564	(f) advise the governor and the Legislature about state transportation systems needs;
1565	(g) coordinate with utility companies for the reasonable, efficient, and cost-effective
1566	installation, maintenance, operation, relocation, and upgrade of utilities within state highway
1567	rights-of-way;
1568	(h) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1569	make rules for the administration of the department, state transportation systems, and
1570	programs;
1571	(i) jointly with the commission annually report to the Transportation Interim
1572	Committee, by November 30 of each year, as to the operation, maintenance, condition,
1573	mobility, safety needs, and wildlife and livestock mitigation for state transportation systems;
1574	(j) ensure that any training or certification required of a public official or public
1575	employee, as those terms are defined in Section 63G-22-102, complies with Title 63G, Chapter
1576	22, State Training and Certification Requirements, if the training or certification is required:
1577	(i) under this title;

1578	(ii) by the department; or		
1579	(iii) by an agency or division within the department;		
1580	(k) study and make recommendations to the Legislature on potential managed lane use		
1581	and implementation on selected transportation systems within the state; [and]		
1582	(l) before July 1 of each year, coordinate with the Utah Highway Patrol Division		
1583	created in Section 53-8-103 regarding:		
1584	(i) future highway projects that will add additional capacity to the state transportation		
1585	system;		
1586	(ii) potential changes in law enforcement responsibilities due to future highway		
1587	projects; and		
1588	(iii) incident management services on state highways[-]; and		
1589	(m) provide public transit services, in consultation with any relevant public transit		
1590	provider.		
1591	(2) (a) The department shall exercise reasonable care in designing, constructing, and		
1592	maintaining a state highway in a reasonably safe condition for travel.		
1593	(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed as:		
1594	(i) creating a private right of action; or		
1595	(ii) expanding or changing the department's common law duty as described in		
1596	Subsection (2)(a) for liability purposes.		
1597	Section 13. Section 72-1-203 is amended to read:		
1598	72-1-203. Deputy director Appointment Qualifications Other assistants		
1599	and advisers Salaries.		
1600	(1) The executive director shall appoint the following deputy directors, who shall serve		
1601	at the discretion of the executive director:		
1602	(a) the deputy director of engineering and operation, who shall be a registered		
1603	professional engineer in the state, and who shall be the chief engineer of the department; and		
1604	(b) the deputy director of planning and investment.		
1605	(2) As assigned by the executive director, the deputy directors described in Subsection		
1606	(1) may assist the executive director with the following departmental responsibilities:		
1607	(a) project development, including statewide standards for project design and		
1608	construction, right-of-way, materials, testing, structures, and construction;		

1609	(b) oversight of the management of the region offices described in Section /2-1-205;
1610	(c) operations and traffic management;
1611	(d) oversight of operations of motor carriers and ports;
1612	(e) transportation systems safety;
1613	(f) aeronautical operations;
1614	(g) equipment for department engineering and maintenance functions;
1615	(h) oversight and coordination of planning, including:
1616	(i) development of statewide strategic initiatives for planning across all modes of
1617	transportation;
1618	(ii) coordination with metropolitan planning organizations and local governments;
1619	(iii) coordination with a large public transit district, including planning, project
1620	development, outreach, programming, environmental studies and impact statements,
1621	construction, and impacts on public transit operations; and
1622	(iv) corridor and area planning;
1623	(i) asset management;
1624	(j) programming and prioritization of transportation projects;
1625	(k) fulfilling requirements for environmental studies and impact statements;
1626	(l) resource investment, including identification, development, and oversight of
1627	public-private partnership opportunities;
1628	(m) data analytics services to the department;
1629	(n) corridor preservation;
1630	(o) employee development;
1631	(p) maintenance planning;
1632	(q) oversight and facilitation of the negotiations and integration of public transit
1633	providers described in Section 17B-2a-827;
1634	(r) oversight and supervision of any fixed guideway capital development project within
1635	the boundaries of a large public transit district for which any state funds are expended,
1636	including those responsibilities described in Subsections (2)(a), (h), (j), (k), and (l), and the
1637	implementation and enforcement of any federal grant obligations associated with fixed
1638	guideway capital development project funding; and
1639	(s) other departmental responsibilities as determined by the executive director.

1640	(3) The executive director shall ensure that the same deputy director does not oversee
1641	or supervise both the fixed guideway capital development responsibilities described in
1642	Subsection (2)(r) and the department's fixed guideway rail safety responsibilities, including the
1643	responsibilities described in Section 72-1-214.
1644	Section 14. Section 72-1-216 is amended to read:
1645	72-1-216. Statewide electric vehicle charging network plan Report.
1646	(1) (a) The department, in consultation with relevant entities in the private sector, shall
1647	develop a statewide electric vehicle charging network plan.
1648	(b) To develop the statewide electric vehicle charging network plan, the department
1649	shall consult with political subdivisions and other relevant state agencies, divisions, and
1650	entities, including:
1651	(i) the Department of Environmental Quality created in Section 19-1-104;
1652	(ii) the Division of Facilities Construction and Management created in Section
1653	63A-5b-301;
1654	(iii) the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401; and
1655	(iv) the Department of Natural Resources created in Section 79-2-201.
1656	(2) The statewide electric vehicle charging network plan shall provide implementation
1657	strategies to ensure that electric vehicle charging stations are available:
1658	(a) at strategic locations as determined by the department [by June 30, 2021];
1659	(b) at incremental distances no greater than every 50 miles along the state's interstate
1660	highway system by December 31, 2025; and
1661	(c) along other major highways within the state as the department finds appropriate.
1662	[(3) The department shall provide a report before November 30, 2020, to the
1663	Transportation Interim Committee to outline the statewide electric vehicle charging network
1664	plan.]
1665	Section 15. Section 72-1-304 is amended to read:
1666	72-1-304. Written project prioritization process for new transportation capacity
1667	projects Rulemaking.
1668	(1) (a) The Transportation Commission, in consultation with the department and the
1669	metropolitan planning organizations as defined in Section 72-1-208.5, shall develop a written
1670	prioritization process for the prioritization of:

1671 (i) new transportation capacity projects that are or will be part of the state highway 1672 system under Chapter 4, Part 1, State Highways; 1673 (ii) paved pedestrian or paved nonmotorized transportation projects described in 1674 Section 72-2-124; 1675 (iii) public transit projects that directly add capacity to the public transit systems within 1676 the state, not including facilities ancillary to the public transit system; and 1677 (iv) pedestrian or nonmotorized transportation projects that provide connection to a 1678 public transit system. 1679 (b) (i) A local government or public transit district may nominate a project for 1680 prioritization in accordance with the process established by the commission in rule. 1681 (ii) If a local government or public transit district nominates a project for prioritization 1682 by the commission, the local government or public transit district shall provide data and 1683 evidence to show that: 1684 (A) the project will advance the purposes and goals described in Section 72-1-211; 1685 (B) for a public transit project, the local government or public transit district has an 1686 ongoing funding source for operations and maintenance of the proposed development; and 1687 (C) the local government or public transit district will provide the percentage of the 1688 costs for the project as required by Subsection 72-2-124(4)(a)(viii) or 72-2-124(9)(e). 1689 (2) The following shall be included in the written prioritization process under 1690 Subsection (1): 1691 (a) a description of how the strategic initiatives of the department adopted under 1692 Section 72-1-211 are advanced by the written prioritization process; 1693 (b) a definition of the type of projects to which the written prioritization process 1694 applies; 1695 (c) specification of a weighted criteria system that is used to rank proposed projects 1696 and how it will be used to determine which projects will be prioritized; 1697 (d) specification of the data that is necessary to apply the weighted ranking criteria; and 1698 (e) any other provisions the commission considers appropriate, which may include

access to:

(i) regional and statewide economic development impacts, including improved local

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consideration of:

1702	(A) employment;
1703	(B) educational facilities;
1704	(C) recreation;
1705	(D) commerce; and
1706	(E) residential areas, including moderate income housing as demonstrated in the local
1707	government's or public transit district's general plan pursuant to Section 10-9a-403 or
1708	17-27a-403;
1709	(ii) the extent to which local land use plans relevant to a project support and
1710	accomplish the strategic initiatives adopted under Section 72-1-211; and
1711	(iii) any matching funds provided by a political subdivision or public transit district in
1712	addition to the percentage of costs required by Subsections 72-2-124(4)(a)(viii) and
1713	72-2-124(9)(e).
1714	(3) (a) When prioritizing a public transit project that increases capacity, the
1715	commission:
1716	(i) may give priority consideration to projects that are part of a transit-oriented
1717	development or transit-supportive development as defined in Section 17B-2a-802; and
1718	(ii) shall give priority consideration to projects that are within the boundaries of a
1719	housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 6,
1720	Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act.
1721	(b) When prioritizing a transportation project that increases capacity, the commission
1722	may give priority consideration to projects that are:
1723	(i) part of a transportation reinvestment zone created under Section 11-13-227 if:
1724	(A) the state is a participant in the transportation reinvestment zone; or
1725	(B) the commission finds that the transportation reinvestment zone provides a benefit
1726	to the state transportation system; or
1727	(ii) within the boundaries of a housing and transit reinvestment zone created pursuant
1728	to Title 63N, Chapter 3, Part 6, Housing and Transit Reinvestment Zone Act.
1729	(c) If the department receives a notice of prioritization for a municipality as described
1730	in Subsection 10-9a-408(5), or a notice of prioritization for a county as described in Subsection
1731	17-27a-408(5), the commission may give priority consideration to transportation projects that

are within the boundaries of the municipality or the unincorporated areas of the county until the

department receives notification from the Housing and Community Development Division within the Department of Workforce Services that the municipality or county no longer qualifies for prioritization under this Subsection (3)(c).

- (4) In developing the written prioritization process, the commission:
- (a) shall seek and consider public comment by holding public meetings at locations throughout the state; and
- (b) may not consider local matching dollars as provided under Section 72-2-123 unless the state provides an equal opportunity to raise local matching dollars for state highway improvements within each county.
- (5) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the Transportation Commission, in consultation with the department, shall make rules establishing the written prioritization process under Subsection (1).
- (6) The commission shall submit the proposed rules under this section to a committee or task force designated by the Legislative Management Committee for review prior to taking final action on the proposed rules or any proposed amendment to the rules described in Subsection (5).
- Section 16. Section **72-2-124** is amended to read:

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- 1750 72-2-124. Transportation Investment Fund of 2005.
- 1751 (1) There is created a capital projects fund entitled the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005.
 - (2) The fund consists of money generated from the following sources:
- 1754 (a) any voluntary contributions received for the maintenance, construction, 1755 reconstruction, or renovation of state and federal highways;
 - (b) appropriations made to the fund by the Legislature;
- (c) registration fees designated under Section 41-1a-1201;
- 1758 (d) the sales and use tax revenues deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103; and
- (e) revenues transferred to the fund in accordance with Section 72-2-106.
- 1761 (3) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
- (b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
- 1763 (4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (4)(b), the executive director may only use

fund money to pay:

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(i) the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation to state and federal highways prioritized by the Transportation Commission through the prioritization process for new transportation capacity projects adopted under Section 72-1-304;

- (ii) the costs of maintenance, construction, reconstruction, or renovation to the highway projects described in Subsections 63B-18-401(2), (3), and (4);
- (iii) principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by Section 63B-18-401 minus the costs paid from the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund in accordance with Subsection 72-2-121(4)(e);
- (iv) for a fiscal year beginning on or after July 1, 2013, to transfer to the 2010 Salt Lake County Revenue Bond Sinking Fund created by Section 72-2-121.3 the amount certified by Salt Lake County in accordance with Subsection 72-2-121.3(4)(c) as necessary to pay the debt service on \$30,000,000 of the revenue bonds issued by Salt Lake County;
- (v) principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by Section 63B-16-101 for projects prioritized in accordance with Section 72-2-125;
- (vi) all highway general obligation bonds that are intended to be paid from revenues in the Centennial Highway Fund created by Section 72-2-118;
- (vii) for fiscal year 2015-16 only, to transfer \$25,000,000 to the County of the First Class Highway Projects Fund created in Section 72-2-121 to be used for the purposes described in Section 72-2-121;
- (viii) if a political subdivision provides a contribution equal to or greater than 40% of the costs needed for construction, reconstruction, or renovation of paved pedestrian or paved nonmotorized transportation for projects that:
 - (A) mitigate traffic congestion on the state highway system;
 - (B) are part of an active transportation plan approved by the department; and
- 1789 (C) are prioritized by the commission through the prioritization process for new transportation capacity projects adopted under Section 72-1-304;
 - (ix) \$705,000,000 for the costs of right-of-way acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of or improvement to the following projects:
 - (A) the connector road between Main Street and 1600 North in the city of Vineyard;
- (B) Geneva Road from University Parkway to 1800 South;

1795	(C) the SR-97 interchange at 5600 South on I-15;	
1796	(D) two lanes on U-111 from Herriman Parkway to 11800 South;	
1797	(E) widening I-15 between mileposts 10 and 13 and the interchange at milepost 11;	
1798	(F) improvements to 1600 North in Orem from 1200 West to State Street;	
1799	(G) widening I-15 between mileposts 6 and 8;	
1800	(H) widening 1600 South from Main Street in the city of Spanish Fork to SR-51;	
1801	(I) widening US 6 from Sheep Creek to Mill Fork between mileposts 195 and 197 in	
1802	Spanish Fork Canyon;	
1803	(J) I-15 northbound between mileposts 43 and 56;	
1804	(K) a passing lane on SR-132 between mileposts 41.1 and 43.7 between mileposts 43	
1805	and 45.1;	
1806	(L) east Zion SR-9 improvements;	
1807	(M) Toquerville Parkway;	
1808	(N) an environmental study on Foothill Boulevard in the city of Saratoga Springs;	
1809	(O) using funds allocated in this Subsection (4)(a)(ix), and other sources of funds, for	
1810	construction of an interchange on Bangerter Highway at 13400 South; and	
1811	(P) an environmental impact study for Kimball Junction in Summit County; and	
1812	(x) \$28,000,000 as pass-through funds, to be distributed as necessary to pay project	
1813	costs based upon a statement of cash flow that the local jurisdiction where the project is located	
1814	provides to the department demonstrating the need for money for the project, for the following	
1815	projects in the following amounts:	
1816	(A) \$5,000,000 for Payson Main Street repair and replacement;	
1817	(B) \$8,000,000 for a Bluffdale 14600 South railroad bypass;	
1818	(C) \$5,000,000 for improvements to 4700 South in Taylorsville; and	
1819	(D) \$10,000,000 for improvements to the west side frontage roads adjacent to U.S. 40	
1820	between mile markers 7 and 10.	
1821	(b) The executive director may use fund money to exchange for an equal or greater	
1822	amount of federal transportation funds to be used as provided in Subsection (4)(a).	
1823	(5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), if the department receives a notice of	
1824	ineligibility for a municipality as described in Subsection 10-9a-408(7), the executive director	
1825	may not program fund money to a project prioritized by the commission under Section	

72-1-304, including fund money from the Transit Transportation Investment Fund, within the boundaries of the municipality until the department receives notification from the Housing and Community Development Division within the Department of Workforce Services that ineligibility under this Subsection (5) no longer applies to the municipality.

(b) Within the boundaries of a municipality described in Subsection (5)(a), the executive director:

- (i) may program fund money in accordance with Subsection (4)(a) for a limited-access facility or interchange connecting limited-access facilities;
- (ii) may not program fund money for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of an interchange on a limited-access facility;
- (iii) may program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for a multi-community fixed guideway public transportation project; and
- (iv) may not program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a station that is part of a fixed guideway public transportation project.
- (c) Subsections (5)(a) and (b) do not apply to a project programmed by the executive director before July 1, 2022, for projects prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304.
- (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), if the department receives a notice of ineligibility for a county as described in Subsection 17-27a-408(7), the executive director may not program fund money to a project prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304, including fund money from the Transit Transportation Investment Fund, within the boundaries of the unincorporated area of the county until the department receives notification from the Housing and Community Development Division within the Department of Workforce Services that ineligibility under this Subsection (6) no longer applies to the county.
- (b) Within the boundaries of the unincorporated area of a county described in Subsection (6)(a), the executive director:
- (i) may program fund money in accordance with Subsection (4)(a) for a limited-access facility to a project prioritized by the commission under Section 72-1-304;
- 1855 (ii) may not program fund money for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of an interchange on a limited-access facility;

1857	(iii) may program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for a
1858	multi-community fixed guideway public transportation project; and
1859	(iv) may not program Transit Transportation Investment Fund money for the
1860	construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a station that is part of a fixed guideway public
1861	transportation project.
1862	(c) Subsections (6)(a) and (b) do not apply to a project programmed by the executive
1863	director before July 1, 2022, for projects prioritized by the commission under Section
1864	72-1-304.
1865	(7) (a) Before bonds authorized by Section 63B-18-401 or 63B-27-101 may be issued
1866	in any fiscal year, the department and the commission shall appear before the Executive
1867	Appropriations Committee of the Legislature and present the amount of bond proceeds that the
1868	department needs to provide funding for the projects identified in Subsections 63B-18-401(2),
1869	(3), and (4) or Subsection 63B-27-101(2) for the current or next fiscal year.
1870	(b) The Executive Appropriations Committee of the Legislature shall review and
1871	comment on the amount of bond proceeds needed to fund the projects.
1872	(8) The Division of Finance shall, from money deposited into the fund, transfer the
1873	amount of funds necessary to pay principal, interest, and issuance costs of bonds authorized by
1874	Section 63B-18-401 or 63B-27-101 in the current fiscal year to the appropriate debt service or
1875	sinking fund.
1876	(9) (a) There is created in the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 the Transit
1877	Transportation Investment Fund.
1878	(b) The fund shall be funded by:
1879	(i) contributions deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103;
1880	(ii) appropriations into the account by the Legislature;
1881	(iii) deposits of sales and use tax increment related to a housing and transit
1882	reinvestment zone as described in Section 63N-3-610;
1883	(iv) transfers of local option sales and use tax revenue as described in Subsection
1884	59-12-2220(11)(b) or (c);
1885	(v) private contributions; and
1886	(vi) donations or grants from public or private entities.

(c) (i) The fund shall earn interest.

1888 (ii) All interest earned on fur	nd money shall be deposited into the fund
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- (d) Subject to Subsection (9)(e), the commission may prioritize money from the fund:
- (i) for public transit capital development of new capacity projects and fixed guideway capital development projects to be used as prioritized by the commission through the prioritization process adopted under Section 72-1-304; [or]
- (ii) to the department for oversight of a fixed guideway capital development project for which the department has responsibility[-]; or
 - (iii) up to \$500,000 per year, to be used for a public transit study.
- (e) (i) Subject to Subsections [(9)(g) and (h)] (9)(g), (h), and (i), the commission may only prioritize money from the fund for a public transit capital development project or pedestrian or nonmotorized transportation project that provides connection to the public transit system if the public transit district or political subdivision provides funds of equal to or greater than 30% of the costs needed for the project.
- (ii) A public transit district or political subdivision may use money derived from a loan granted pursuant to Title 72, Chapter 2, Part 2, State Infrastructure Bank Fund, to provide all or part of the 30% requirement described in Subsection (9)(e)(i) if:
- (A) the loan is approved by the commission as required in Title 72, Chapter 2, Part 2, State Infrastructure Bank Fund; and
- (B) the proposed capital project has been prioritized by the commission pursuant to Section 72-1-303.
- (f) Before July 1, 2022, the department and a large public transit district shall enter into an agreement for a large public transit district to pay the department \$5,000,000 per year for 15 years to be used to facilitate the purchase of zero emissions or low emissions rail engines and trainsets for regional public transit rail systems.
- 1912 (g) For any revenue transferred into the fund pursuant to Subsection 1913 59-12-2220(11)(b):
 - (i) the commission may prioritize money from the fund for public transit projects, operations, or maintenance within the county of the first class; and
 - (ii) Subsection (9)(e) does not apply.
- 1917 (h) For any revenue transferred into the fund pursuant to Subsection 1918 59-12-2220(11)(c):

1919	(i) the commission may prioritize public transit projects, operations, or maintenance in		
1920	the county from which the revenue was generated; and		
1921	(ii) Subsection (9)(e) does not apply.		
1922	(i) The requirement to provide funds equal to or greater than 30% of the costs needed		
1923	for a project described in Subsection (9)(e) does not apply to a public transit capital		
1924	development project or pedestrian or nonmotorized transportation project proposed by the		
1925	department.		
1926	(10) (a) There is created in the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 the		
1927	Cottonwood Canyons Transportation Investment Fund.		
1928	(b) The fund shall be funded by:		
1929	(i) money deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103;		
1930	(ii) appropriations into the account by the Legislature;		
1931	(iii) private contributions; and		
1932	(iv) donations or grants from public or private entities.		
1933	(c) (i) The fund shall earn interest.		
1934	(ii) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.		
1935	(d) The Legislature may appropriate money from the fund for public transit or		
1936	transportation projects in the Cottonwood Canyons of Salt Lake County.		
1937	(11) (a) There is created in the Transportation Investment Fund of 2005 the Active		
1938	Transportation Investment Fund.		
1939	(b) The fund shall be funded by:		
1940	(i) money deposited into the fund in accordance with Section 59-12-103;		
1941	(ii) appropriations into the account by the Legislature; and		
1942	(iii) donations or grants from public or private entities.		
1943	(c) (i) The fund shall earn interest.		
1944	(ii) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.		
1945	(d) The executive director may only use fund money to pay the costs needed for:		
1946	(i) the planning, design, construction, maintenance, reconstruction, or renovation of		
1947	paved pedestrian or paved nonmotorized trail projects that:		
1948	(A) are prioritized by the commission through the prioritization process for new		
1949	transportation capacity projects adopted under Section 72-1-304;		

1950	(B) serve a regional purpose; and
1951	(C) are part of an active transportation plan approved by the department or the plan
1952	described in Subsection (11)(d)(ii);
1953	(ii) the development of a plan for a statewide network of paved pedestrian or paved
1954	nonmotorized trails that serve a regional purpose; and
1955	(iii) the administration of the fund, including staff and overhead costs.
1956	Section 17. Section 72-3-202 is amended to read:
1957	72-3-202. State park access highways Anasazi State Park Museum to Edge of
1958	the Cedars State Park Museum.
1959	State park access highways include:
1960	(1) ANASAZI STATE PARK MUSEUM. Access to the Anasazi State Park Museum
1961	is at the park entrance located in Garfield County at milepoint [87.8] 87.3 on State Highway
1962	12. No access road is defined.
1963	(2) BEAR LAKE STATE PARK (Marina). Access to the Bear Lake Marina is at the
1964	pay gate located in Rich County at milepoint [413.2] 498.8 on State Highway 89. No access
1965	road is defined.
1966	(3) BEAR LAKE STATE PARK (East Shore). Access to the Bear Lake East Shore
1967	begins in Rich County at State Highway 30 and proceeds northerly on a county road (L326) a
1968	distance of 9.2 miles, to the camping area of the park and is under the jurisdiction of Rich
1969	County.
1970	(4) BEAR LAKE STATE PARK (Rendezvous Beach). Access to the Bear Lake
1971	Rendezvous Beach is at the park entrance in Rich County at milepoint [124.5] 118 on State
1972	Highway 30. No access road is defined.
1973	(5) CAMP FLOYD/STAGECOACH INN STATE PARK MUSEUM. Access to the
1974	Camp Floyd/Stagecoach Inn State Park Museum is at the parking area in Utah County at
1975	milepoint 20.6 on State Highway 73. No access road is defined.
1976	(6) CORAL PINK SAND DUNES STATE PARK.
1977	(a) Access to the Coral Pink Sand Dunes State Park begins in Kane County at State
1978	Highway 89 and proceeds southwesterly on [a] county road 43 a distance of 12.0 miles to the
1979	visitor center of the park and is under the jurisdiction of Kane County.
1980	(b) The second access to the Coral Pink Sand Dunes State Park begins on the state

1981	border between Arizona and Utah and proceeds northerly on county road 43 and travels
1982	through the state park and is under the jurisdiction of Kane County.
1983	(7) DANGER CAVE. Access to Danger cave is in Tooele County. No access road is
1984	defined.
1985	(8) DEAD HORSE POINT STATE PARK. Access to Dead Horse Point State Park
1986	begins in Grand County at State Highway 191 and proceeds southwesterly on State Highway
1987	313 a distance of 20.8 miles [to the camping area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of
1988	UDOT.], crosses into San Juan County between mile marker 2 and 3, continues to mile marker
1989	0, and is under the jurisdiction of the department.
1990	(9) DEER CREEK STATE PARK. Access to Deer Creek State Park begins in
1991	Wasatch County at State Highway 189 and proceeds southwesterly on State Highway 314 a
1992	distance of $[0.2]$ 0.8 miles to the boat ramp at the park and is under the jurisdiction of $[UDOT]$
1993	the department.
1994	(10) EAST CANYON STATE PARK. Access to East Canyon State Park begins in
1995	Morgan County at State Highway 66 and proceeds southeasterly on State Highway 306 a
1996	distance of 0.1 miles to the parking area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of [$\frac{\text{UDOT}}{\text{IDOT}}$] the
1997	department.
1998	(11) ECHO STATE PARK. Access to Echo State Park begins in Coalville, Summit
1999	County at Main Street and proceeds northeasterly on Echo Dam Road a distance of 0.12 miles
2000	to the boat ramp at the park.
2001	[(11)] (12) EDGE OF THE CEDARS STATE PARK MUSEUM. Access to Edge of
2002	the Cedars State Park Museum begins in Blanding at U.S. Highway 191 and proceeds west on
2003	Center Street to 600 West then north on 600 West to the parking area and museum at 660 West
2004	400 North. The access road is under the jurisdiction of Blanding.
2005	Section 18. Section 72-3-203 is amended to read:
2006	72-3-203. State park access highways Escalante Petrified Forest State Park to
2007	Huntington State Park.
2008	State park access highways include:
2009	(1) ESCALANTE PETRIFIED FOREST STATE PARK. Access to Escalante
2010	Petrified Forest State Park begins in Garfield County at State Highway 12 and proceeds
2011	northwesterly on a county road a distance of 1 mile to the park's visitor center and is under the

2012 jurisdiction of Garfield County.

2013 (2) FLIGHT PARK STATE RECREATION AREA. Access to Flight Park State
2014 Recreation Area begins in Utah County at East Frontage Road and proceeds northeasterly on
2015 Air Park Road, a distance of 0.5 miles to the park entrance and is under the jurisdiction of Utah
2016 County.

- (3) FREMONT INDIAN STATE PARK MUSEUM. Access to the Fremont Indian State Park Museum begins in Sevier County at the Sevier Junction on Highway 89 and proceeds westerly on county road 2524 to interchange 17 on Interstate 70, a distance of 5.9 miles and is under the jurisdiction of Sevier County.
- [(4) GOBLIN VALLEY STATE PARK (East Access). The East Access to the Goblin Valley State Park begins in Emery County at the junction of State Highway 24 and county road 1012 and proceeds westerly on county road 1012, a distance of 5.2 miles; then southerly on county road 1013, a distance of 6.0 miles; then southerly on county road 1014, a distance of 0.4 miles to the park entrance. The East Access is under the jurisdiction of Emery County.]
- [(5)] (4) GOBLIN VALLEY STATE PARK (North Access). The North Access to the Goblin Valley State Park begins in Emery County at the junction of [Interstate 70 and county road 332] county road 1013 and county road 1014 and proceeds southwesterly on county road 332, a distance of 10 miles; then southerly on county road 1033, a distance of 3.1 miles; then southeasterly on county road 1012, a distance of [10.6 miles; then southerly on county road 1013, a distance of 6.0 miles; then southerly on county road 1014, a distance of 0.4 miles to the park entrance.] 7.0 miles to the park fee station. The North Access is under the jurisdiction of Emery County.
- [(6)] (5) GOOSENECKS STATE PARK. Access to Goosenecks State Park begins in San Juan County at State Highway 261 and proceeds southwesterly on State Highway 316 a distance of 3.6 miles to the parking area and overlook at the park and is under the jurisdiction of UDOT.
- [(7)] (6) ANTELOPE ISLAND STATE PARK. Access to Antelope Island State Park begins in Davis County at State Highway 127 and proceeds southwesterly on a county road a distance of 7.2 miles to the parking area and marina at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Davis County.
 - [(8)] (7) GREAT SALT LAKE STATE PARK MARINA. Access to the Great Salt

2043	Lake State Park Marina begins in Salt Lake County at Interstate Highway 80 and proceeds
2044	southwesterly on a county road a distance of 1.5 miles to the parking area and marina at the
2045	park and is under the jurisdiction of Salt Lake County.
2046	[(9)] (8) GREEN RIVER STATE PARK. Access to Green River State Park begins in
2047	Emery County at the junction of Route 19 and Green River Boulevard and proceeds southerly
2048	on Green River Boulevard, a distance of 0.5 miles to the park entrance and is under the
2049	jurisdiction of Green River.
2050	[(10)] (9) GUNLOCK STATE PARK. Access to [the] Gunlock State Park begins in
2051	Washington County at the junction of county road (L009) [and a county road] (Old Highway
2052	91) and Gunlock Road and proceeds northwesterly on [a county road] Gunlock Road a distance
2053	of $[0.1]$ $\underline{5.9}$ miles to the parking area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Washington
2054	County.
2055	[(11)] (10) HUNTINGTON STATE PARK. Access to [the] Huntington State Park
2056	begins in Emery County at State Highway 10 and proceeds northwesterly on a county road a
2057	distance of 0.3 miles to the park entrance and is under the jurisdiction of Emery County.
2058	Section 19. Section 72-3-204 is amended to read:
2059	72-3-204. State park access highways Hyrum State Park to Painted Rocks.
2060	State park access highways include:
2061	(1) HYRUM STATE PARK. Access to Hyrum State Park is at the pay gate in Cache
2062	County at 405 West 300 South in Hyrum and proceeds northerly on 400 West to State Highway
2063	101. No access road is defined.
2064	(2) FRONTIER HOMESTEAD STATE PARK MUSEUM. Access to Frontier
2065	Homestead State Park Museum is at the parking area and museum in Iron County at milepoint
2066	[3.3] 3.1 on State Highway 130 at 585 North Main St. in Cedar City. No access road is
2067	defined.
2068	(3) FRONTIER HOMESTEAD STATE PARK (OLD IRON TOWN HISTORIC
2069	SITE). Access to Old Iron Town begins at the junction of a county road and State Highway 56,
2070	19.0 miles west of Cedar City, and proceeds southwesterly 2.7 miles to the parking lot for Old
2071	Iron Town and is under the jurisdiction of Iron County.
2072	(4) JORDAN RIVER OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLE STATE PARK. Access to Jordan

River Off-highway Vehicle State Park begins in Salt Lake County at 2100 North and proceeds

2074 northerly on Rose Park Lane, a distance of 1.25 miles to the park entrance and is under the jurisdiction of Salt Lake County.

- (5) JORDANELLE STATE PARK (HAILSTONE MARINA). Access to the Jordanelle State Park Hailstone Marina begins in Wasatch County at State Highway 40 and proceeds southeasterly on State Highway 319 a distance of [1.4] 1.2 miles to the marina parking area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of UDOT.
- (6) JORDANELLE STATE PARK (ROCK CLIFF NATURE CENTER). Access to the Jordanelle State Park Rock Cliff Nature Center begins in Wasatch County at State Highway 32 and proceeds northwesterly on a county road a distance of 0.6 miles to the parking area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of the county.
- (7) JORDANELLE STATE PARK (ROSS CREEK). Access to Jordanelle State Park Ross Creek begins in Wasatch County at State Highway 189 and proceeds southerly on a county road a distance of 0.1 miles to the parking area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of the county.
- (8) KODACHROME BASIN STATE PARK. Access to the Kodachrome Basin State Park begins in Kane County at State Highway 12 and proceeds southeasterly on a county road 10.1 miles to the parking area at Kodachrome Lodge and is under the jurisdiction of Kane County.
- (9) MILLSITE STATE PARK. Access to the Millsite State Park begins in Emery County at State Highway 10 and proceeds northwesterly on a county road (L122) a distance of 4.6 miles to the parking area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Emery County.
- (10) OTTER CREEK STATE PARK. Access to the Otter Creek State Park is at the pay gate/contact station in Piute County at milepoint 6.4 on State Highway 22. No access road is defined.
- (11) PAINTED ROCKS (YUBA EAST SHORE). Access to the Painted Rocks Yuba East Shore begins in Sanpete County at State Highway 28 and proceeds westerly on a county road a distance of 2.0 miles to the parking/boat launch area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Sanpete County.
- Section 20. Section **72-3-205** is amended to read:
- **72-3-205.** State park access highways -- Palisade State Park to Starvation State 2104 Park.

2105 State park access highways include:

(1) PALISADE STATE PARK. Access to the Palisade State Park begins in Sanpete County at State Highway 89 and proceeds northeasterly on a county road a distance of 2.2 miles to the golf club/contact station at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Sanpete County.

- (2) PIUTE STATE PARK. Access to the Piute State Park begins in Piute County at State Highway 89 and proceeds southeasterly on a county road a distance of 1.0 miles to the parking area at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Piute County.
- (3) QUAIL CREEK STATE PARK (North Access). The North Access to the Quail Creek State Park begins in Hurricane City at Old Highway 91 and proceeds southerly on 5300 West, a distance of 1.0 miles to the pay gate/contact station at the park. The North Access is under the jurisdiction of Hurricane City.
- (4) QUAIL CREEK STATE PARK (South Access). The South Access to the Quail Creek State Park begins in Washington County at State Highway 9 and proceeds northerly on State Highway 318, a distance of 2.2 miles to the pay gate/contact station at the park. The South Access is under the jurisdiction of UDOT.
- (5) RED FLEET STATE PARK. Access to the Red Fleet State Park begins in Uintah County at State Highway 191 and proceeds easterly on a county road a distance of 2.0 miles to the pay gate at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Uintah County.
- (6) ROCKPORT STATE PARK. Access to the Rockport State Park begins in Summit County at State Highway 32 and proceeds northwesterly on State Highway 302 a distance of 0.2 miles to the pay gate at the park and is under the jurisdiction of UDOT.
- (7) SAND HOLLOW STATE PARK (North Access). The North Access to the Sand Hollow State Park begins in Hurricane City at State Highway 9 and proceeds southerly on Sand Hollow Road, a distance of 3.9 miles to Sand Hollow Parkway. The North Access is under the jurisdiction of Hurricane City.
- [(8) SAND HOLLOW STATE PARK (East Access). The East Access to the Sand Hollow State Park begins in Hurricane City at 1100 West and proceeds west on 3000 South, a distance of 1.7 miles; then proceeds southwesterly on Sand Hollow Road, a distance of 5.3 miles to Sand Hollow Parkway. The East Access is under the jurisdiction of Hurricane City.]
- 2135 (8) SAND HOLLOW STATE PARK (South Access). The South Access to Sand

2136	Hollow State Park begins at the intersection of State Route 7 and Sand Hollow Road, then
2137	proceeds northerly on Sand Hollow Road, a distance of 0.87 miles to the park entrance road.
2138	The South Access is under the jurisdiction of Hurricane City.
2139	(9) SCOFIELD (Mountain View). Access to Scofield Mountain View is at the boat
2140	launch in Carbon County at milepoint 9.2 on State Highway 96. No access road is defined.
2141	(10) SCOFIELD STATE PARK (Madsen Bay). Access to the Scofield State Park
2142	Madsen Bay is at the park entrance in Carbon County at milepoint 12.3 on State Highway 96.
2143	No access road is defined.
2144	[(11) SNOW CANYON STATE PARK. Access to the Snow Canyon State Park
2145	begins in Washington County at State Highway 18 near mile post 4 in St. George and proceeds
2146	northerly on Snow Canyon Parkway and Snow Canyon Drive to the south boundary of the
2147	Snow Canyon State Park.]
2148	(11) SNOW CANYON STATE PARK.
2149	(a) South access to the Snow Canyon State Park begins in Washington County at State
2150	Highway 18 near mile post 4 in St. George and proceeds westerly on Snow Canyon Parkway
2151	and northerly on Snow Canyon Drive to the south boundary of the Snow Canyon State Park (at
2152	the northern boundary of the Vermillion Cliffs development).
2153	(b) The northern access is located at the intersection of State Route 18 and Snow
2154	Canyon Drive.
2155	(12) STARVATION STATE PARK. Access to the Starvation State Park begins in
2156	Duchesne County at State Highway 40 and proceeds northwesterly on State Highway 311 a
2157	distance of [2.2] 3.9 miles to the boat ramp at the park and is under the jurisdiction of UDOT.
2158	Section 21. Section 72-3-206 is amended to read:
2159	72-3-206. State park access highways Steinaker State Park to Yuba State Park.
2160	State park access highways include:
2161	(1) STEINAKER STATE PARK. Access to the Steinaker State Park begins in Uintah
2162	County at State Highway 191 and proceeds northwesterly on State Highway 301 a distance of
2163	[1.7] 2.0 miles to the boat ramp at the park and is under the jurisdiction of UDOT.
2164	(2) TERRITORIAL STATEHOUSE STATE PARK. Access to the Territorial
2165	Statehouse State Park is at the parking area in Millard County at milepoint 1.0 on State
2166	Highway 100. No access road is defined.

(3) THIS IS THE PLACE HERITAGE PARK. Access to This Is The Place Heritage Park is at the park entrance in Salt Lake County at 2601 East Sunnyside Avenue in Salt Lake City. No access road is defined.

- (4) UTAH FIELD HOUSE OF NATURAL HISTORY STATE PARK. Access to Utah Field House of Natural History State Park is at the parking area in Uintah County at milepoint [145.8] 145.1 on State Highway 40 at 496 East Main in Vernal. No access road is defined.
- (5) UTAH LAKE STATE PARK. Access to the Utah Lake State Park begins in Utah County at State Highway 114 and proceeds westerly on a county road a distance of 2.5 miles to the pay gate at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Utah County.
- (6) WASATCH MOUNTAIN STATE PARK (East Access). The East Access to the Wasatch Mountain State Park begins at the Summit-Wasatch County line and proceeds westerly on Guardsman Pass Road, a county road, a distance of .9 miles; then southeasterly on Pine Canyon Road, a county road, a distance of 7.3 miles to the campground entrance. The East Access is under the jurisdiction of Wasatch County.
- (7) WASATCH MOUNTAIN STATE PARK (South Access). The South Access to the Wasatch Mountain State Park begins in Wasatch County at State Route 40 and proceeds westerly on Federal Route 3130 via River Road, Burgi Lane, and Cari Lane, county and city roads, a distance of 4.3 miles to State Highway 222; then northerly on State Highway 222, a distance of [1.1] 1.3 miles to the campground entrance. The South Access is under the jurisdiction of Wasatch County and Midway City.
- (8) WASATCH MOUNTAIN STATE PARK (West Access). The West Access to the Wasatch Mountain State Park begins at the Salt Lake-Wasatch County line and proceeds easterly on Guardsman Pass Road, a county road, a distance of 1.7 miles; then southeasterly on Pine Canyon Road, a county road, a distance of 7.3 miles to the campground entrance. The West Access is under the jurisdiction of Wasatch County.
- (9) WASATCH MOUNTAIN (Soldier Hollow). Access to Soldier Hollow begins in Wasatch County at State Highway 113 and proceeds westerly on Tate Lane, a county road; then southwesterly on Soldier Hollow Lane to the parking area and clubhouse.
- (10) WASATCH MOUNTAIN (Cascade Springs). Access to Cascade Springs begins in Wasatch County at the junction of Tate Lane and Stringtown Road, county roads, and proceeds northerly on Stringtown Road; then southwesterly on Cascade Springs Drive to the

2198 parking area. The access is under the jurisdiction of Wasatch County.

- 2199 (11) WILLARD BAY STATE PARK (South). Access to the Willard Bay State Park South begins in Box Elder County at a county road and proceeds northwesterly on State Highway 312 a distance of [0.2] 0.5 miles to the marina parking at the park and is under the 2202 jurisdiction of UDOT.
 - (12) WILLARD BAY STATE PARK (North). Access to the Willard Bay State Park North begins in Box Elder County at Interstate Highway 15 and proceeds southwesterly on State Highway 315 a distance of [0.6] 1.0 miles to the marina parking at the park and is under the jurisdiction of UDOT.
- 2207 (13) YUBA STATE PARK. Access to the Yuba State Park begins in Juab County at 2208 Interstate Highway 15 and proceeds southerly on county road (L203) a distance of 4.1 miles to 2209 the pay gate at the park and is under the jurisdiction of Juab County.
- 2210 Section 22. Section **72-6-118** is amended to read:
 - 72-6-118. Definitions -- Establishment and operation of tollways -- Imposition and collection of tolls -- Amount of tolls -- Rulemaking.
 - (1) As used in this section:

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- (a) "High occupancy toll lane" means a high occupancy vehicle lane designated under Section 41-6a-702 that may be used by an operator of a vehicle carrying less than the number of persons specified for the high occupancy vehicle lane if the operator of the vehicle pays a toll or fee.
 - (b) "Toll" means any tax, fee, or charge assessed for the specific use of a tollway.
- (c) "Toll lane" means a designated new highway or additional lane capacity that is constructed, operated, or maintained for which a toll is charged for its use.
- (d) (i) "Tollway" means a highway, highway lane, bridge, path, tunnel, or right-of-way designed and used as a transportation route that is constructed, operated, or maintained through the use of toll revenues.
 - (ii) "Tollway" includes a high occupancy toll lane and a toll lane.
- 2225 (e) "Tollway development agreement" has the same meaning as defined in Section 2226 72-6-202.
- 2227 (2) Subject to the provisions of Subsection (3), the department may:
- 2228 (a) establish, expand, and operate tollways and related facilities for the purpose of

2229	funding in whole or in part the acquisition of right-of-way and the design, construction,
2230	reconstruction, operation, enforcement, and maintenance of or impacts from a transportation
2231	route for use by the public;
2232	(b) enter into contracts, agreements, licenses, franchises, tollway development
2233	agreements, or other arrangements to implement this section;
2234	(c) impose and collect tolls on any tollway established under this section, including
2235	collection of past due payment of a toll or penalty;
2236	(d) grant exclusive or nonexclusive rights to a private entity to impose and collect tolls
2237	pursuant to the terms and conditions of a tollway development agreement;
2238	(e) use technology to automatically monitor a tollway and collect payment of a toll,
2239	including:
2240	(i) license plate reading technology; and
2241	(ii) photographic or video recording technology; and
2242	(f) in accordance with Subsection (5), request that the Division of Motor Vehicles deny
2243	a request for registration of a motor vehicle if the motor vehicle owner has failed to pay a toll
2244	or penalty imposed for usage of a tollway involving the motor vehicle for which registration
2245	renewal has been requested.
2246	(3) (a) The department may establish or operate a tollway on an existing highway if
2247	approved by the commission in accordance with the terms of this section.
2248	(b) To establish a tollway on an existing highway, the department shall submit a
2249	proposal to the commission including:
2250	(i) a description of the tollway project;
2251	(ii) projected traffic on the tollway;
2252	(iii) the anticipated amount of the toll to be charged; and
2253	(iv) projected toll revenue.
2254	(4) (a) For a tollway established under this section, the department may:
2255	(i) according to the terms of each tollway, impose the toll upon the owner of a motor
2256	vehicle using the tollway according to the terms of the tollway;
2257	(ii) send correspondence to the owner of the motor vehicle to inform the owner of:
2258	(A) an unpaid toll and the amount of the toll to be paid to the department;

(B) the penalty for failure to pay the toll timely; and

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2260 (C) a hold being placed on the owner's registration for the motor vehicle if the toll and 2261 penalty are not paid timely, which would prevent the renewal of the motor vehicle's 2262 registration; 2263 (iii) require that the owner of the motor vehicle pay the toll to the department within 30 2264 days of the date when the department sends written notice of the toll to the owner; and 2265 (iv) impose a penalty for failure to pay a toll timely. (b) The department shall mail the correspondence and notice described in Subsection 2266 2267 (4)(a) to the owner of the motor vehicle according to the terms of a tollway. 2268 (5) (a) The Division of Motor Vehicles and the department shall share and provide 2269 access to information pertaining to a motor vehicle and tollway enforcement including: 2270 (i) registration and ownership information pertaining to a motor vehicle; 2271 (ii) information regarding the failure of a motor vehicle owner to timely pay a toll or 2272 penalty imposed under this section; and 2273 (iii) the status of a request for a hold on the registration of a motor vehicle. 2274 (b) If the department requests a hold on the registration in accordance with this section, 2275 the Division of Motor Vehicles may not renew the registration of a motor vehicle under Title 2276 41, Chapter 1a, Part 2, Registration, if the owner of the motor vehicle has failed to pay a toll or 2277 penalty imposed under this section for usage of a tollway involving the motor vehicle for which 2278 registration renewal has been requested until the department withdraws the hold request. 2279 (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 2280 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall: 2281 (i) set the amount of any toll imposed or collected on a tollway on a state highway; and 2282 (ii) for tolls established under Subsection (6)(b), set: 2283 (A) an increase in a toll rate or user fee above an increase specified in a tollway 2284 development agreement; or 2285 (B) an increase in a toll rate or user fee above a maximum toll rate specified in a 2286 tollway development agreement.

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(b) A toll or user fee and an increase to a toll or user fee imposed or collected on a tollway on a state highway that is the subject of a tollway development agreement shall be set in the tollway development agreement.

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(7) (a) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,

2291 the department shall make rules: 2292 (i) necessary to establish and operate tollways on state highways; 2293 (ii) that establish standards and specifications for automatic tolling systems and 2294 automatic tollway monitoring technology; and 2295 (iii) to set the amount of a penalty for failure to pay a toll under this section. 2296 (b) The rules shall: 2297 (i) include minimum criteria for having a tollway; and 2298 (ii) conform to regional and national standards for automatic tolling. 2299 (8) (a) The commission may provide funds for public or private tollway pilot projects 2300 or high occupancy toll lanes from General Fund money appropriated by the Legislature to the 2301 commission for that purpose. 2302 (b) The commission may determine priorities and funding levels for tollways 2303 designated under this section. 2304 (9) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (9)(b), all revenue generated from a tollway 2305 on a state highway shall be deposited into the Tollway Special Revenue Fund created in 2306 Section 72-2-120 and used for any state transportation purpose. 2307 (b) Revenue generated from a tollway that is the subject of a tollway development 2308 agreement shall be deposited into the Tollway Special Revenue Fund and used in accordance 2309 with Subsection (9)(a) unless: 2310 (i) the revenue is to a private entity through the tollway development agreement; or 2311 (ii) the revenue is identified for a different purpose under the tollway development 2312 agreement. 2313 (10) Data described in Subsection (2)(e) obtained for the purposes of this section: 2314 (a) in accordance with Section 63G-2-305, is a protected record under Title 63G, 2315 Chapter 2, Government Records Access and Management Act, if the photographic or video 2316 data is maintained by a governmental entity; 2317 (b) may not be used or shared for any purpose other than the purposes described in this 2318 section:

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(c) may only be preserved:

accordance with this section; or

(i) so long as necessary to collect the payment of a toll or penalty imposed in

2322	(ii) pursuant to a warrant issued under the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure or an
2323	equivalent federal warrant; and
2324	(d) may only be disclosed:
2325	(i) in accordance with the disclosure requirements for a protected record under Section
2326	63G-2-202; or
2327	(ii) pursuant to a warrant issued under the Utah Rules of Criminal Procedure or an
2328	equivalent federal warrant.
2329	(11) (a) The department may not sell for any purpose photographic or video data
2330	captured under Subsection (2)(e)(ii).
2331	(b) The department may not share captured photographic or video data for a purpose
2332	not authorized under this section.
2333	[(12) Before November 1, 2018, the Driver License Division, the Division of Motor
2334	Vehicles, and the department shall jointly study and report findings and recommendations to
2335	the Transportation Interim Committee regarding the use of Title 53, Chapter 3, Part 6, Drivers'
2336	License Compact, and other methods to collect a toll or penalty under this section from:]
2337	[(a) an owner of a motor vehicle registered outside this state; or]
2338	[(b) a driver or lessee of a motor vehicle leased or rented for 30 days or less.]
2339	Section 23. Section 72-6-121 is amended to read:
2340	72-6-121. Clean fuel vehicle decal.
2341	(1) Subject to the requirements of this section, the department shall issue a clean fuel
2342	vehicle decal permit and a clean fuel vehicle decal to an applicant if:
2343	(a) the applicant is an owner of a vehicle:
2344	(i) powered by clean fuel that meets the standards established by the department in
2345	rules authorized under Subsection 41-6a-702(5)(b); and
2346	(ii) that is registered in the state of Utah;
2347	(b) the applicant remits an application and all fees required under this section; and
2348	(c) the department has clean fuel vehicle decals available subject to the limits
2349	established by the department in accordance with Subsection 41-6a-702(5)(b).
2350	(2) The department shall establish the clean fuel vehicle decal design in consultation
2351	with the Utah Highway Patrol.
2352	(3) (a) An applicant for a clean fuel vehicle decal shall pay a clean fuel vehicle decal

- fee established by the department in accordance with Section 63J-1-504.
- 2354 (b) Funds generated by the clean fuel vehicle decal fee may be used by the department to cover the costs incurred in issuing clean fuel vehicle decals under this section.
 - (4) (a) The department shall issue a clean fuel vehicle decal permit and a clean fuel vehicle decal to a person who has been issued a clean fuel special group license plate prior to July 1, 2011.
 - (b) A person who applies to the department to receive a clean fuel vehicle decal permit and a clean fuel vehicle decal under Subsection (4)(a) is not subject to the fee imposed under Subsection (3).
 - (5) (a) An owner of a vehicle may not place a clean fuel vehicle decal on a vehicle other than the vehicle specified in the application for the clean fuel vehicle decal permit and the clean fuel vehicle decal.
 - (b) An owner of a vehicle issued a clean fuel vehicle permit and clean fuel vehicle decal is not required to place the clean fuel vehicle decal on the vehicle specified to drive in the high occupancy lane described in Subsection 41-6a-702(5).
 - (c) A person operating a motor vehicle that has been issued a clean fuel vehicle decal shall:
 - (i) in a manner consistent with Section 41-6a-1635, install on the windshield of the motor vehicle the clean vehicle transponder issued by the department;
 - [(i)] (ii) have in the person's immediate possession the clean fuel vehicle decal permit issued by the department for the motor vehicle the person is operating; and
 - [(iii)] (iii) present the permit upon demand of a peace officer.
- 2375 (6) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the department shall make rules to administer the clean fuel vehicle decal program authorized in this section.
- Section 24. Section **72-7-111** is enacted to read:
- 2379 <u>72-7-111.</u> Storage of flammable, explosive, or combustible materials prohibited.
- 2380 (1) As used in this section:

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- 2381 (a) "Combustible" means a material capable of producing a usually rapid chemical process that creates heat and usually light.
- 2383 (b) "Explosive" means any chemical compound mixture, or device, the primary or

2384	common purpose of which is to function by explosion.
2385	(c) "Flammable" means a material capable of being easily ignited and burning quickly
2386	(2) A person may not keep, store, or stockpile any flammable, explosive, or
2387	combustible material:
2388	(a) within a right-of-way of any highway authority; or
2389	(b) beneath or within 100 feet of:
2390	(i) a bridge, overpass, viaduct, tunnel, or culvert of a highway authority;
2391	(ii) a bridge, overpass, viaduct, tunnel, or culvert of a large public transit district; or
2392	(iii) a public transit facility.
2393	(3) A person who violates Subsection (2) is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
2394	Section 25. Section 72-10-203.5 is amended to read:
2395	72-10-203.5. Advisory boards of airports and extraterritorial airports.
2396	(1) For purposes of this section:
2397	(a) "Airport owner" means the municipality, county, or airport authority that owns one
2398	or more airports.
2399	(b) "Extraterritorial airport" means an airport, including the airport facilities, real
2400	estate, or other assets related to the operation of an airport, outside the municipality or county
2401	and within the boundary of a different municipality or county.
2402	(2) (a) If an airport owner that owns an international airport also owns one or more
2403	extraterritorial airports, the airport owner shall create and maintain an advisory board as
2404	described in this section.
2405	(b) The advisory board shall advise and consult the airport owner according to the
2406	process set forth in ordinance, rule, or regulation of the airport owner.
2407	(3) (a) An advisory board described in Subsection (2) shall consist of 11 members,
2408	appointed as follows:
2409	(i) one individual from each municipality or county in which an extraterritorial airport
2410	is located, appointed:
2411	(A) according to an ordinance or policy in place in each municipality or county for
2412	appointing individuals to a board, if any; or
2413	(B) if no ordinance or policy described in Subsection (3)(a)(i)(A) exists, by the chief
2414	executive officer of the municipality or county, with advice and consent from the legislative

body of the municipality or county in which the extraterritorial airport is located; and

(ii) as many individuals as necessary, appointed by the chief executive officer of the airport owner, with advice and consent from the legislative body of the airport owner, when added to the individuals appointed under Subsection (3)(a)(i), to equal 11 total members on the advisory board.

- (b) The airport owner shall ensure that members of the advisory board have the following qualifications:
- (i) at least one member with experience in commercial or industrial construction projects with a budget of at least \$10,000,000; and
- (ii) at least one member with experience in management and oversight of an entity with an operating budget of at least \$10,000,000.
- (4) (a) (i) Except as provided in [Subsections (4)(b) and (6)(b)] Subsection (4)(b), the term of office for members of the advisory board shall be four years or until a successor is appointed, qualified, seated, and has taken the oath of office.
 - (ii) A member of the advisory board may serve two terms.
- (b) When a vacancy occurs on the board for any reason, the replacement shall be appointed according to the procedures set forth in Subsection (3) for the member who vacated the seat, and the replacement shall serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.
 - (5) The advisory board shall select a chair of the advisory board.
- [(6) (a) For an airport owner that owns and operates an extraterritorial airport as of March 9, 2017, that has an advisory board in place, the members of the advisory board may complete the member's respective current term on the advisory board.]
- [(b) After March 9, 2017, and upon expiration of the current term of each member of the advisory board serving as of March 9, 2017, the airport owner shall ensure that the membership of the advisory board transitions to reflect the requirements of this section.]
- [(7)] (6) (a) The chief executive officer of each municipality or county in which an extraterritorial airport is located, with the advice and consent of the respective legislative body of the municipality or county, may create an extraterritorial airport advisory board to represent the interests of the extraterritorial airport.
- (b) The extraterritorial airport advisory boards described in Subsection [(7)(a)] (6)(a) shall meet at least quarterly, and:

2446	(i) shall provide advisory support to the member of the advisory board representing the
2447	municipality or county; and
2448	(ii) may advise in the request for proposals process of a fixed base operator for the
2449	respective extraterritorial airport.
2450	[(8)] <u>(7)</u> The airport owner, in consultation with the airport advisory board, shall,
2451	consistent with the requirements of federal law, study, produce an analysis, and advise
2452	regarding the highest and best use and operational strategy for each airport, including all lands,
2453	facilities, and assets owned by the airport owner.
2454	[9] (8) An airport owner, in consultation with the county auditor and the county
2455	assessor of a county in which an extraterritorial airport is located, shall explore in good faith
2456	whether a municipality or county where an extraterritorial airport is located receives
2457	airport-related tax disbursements to which the municipality or county is entitled.
2458	[(10)] (9) An airport owner shall report annually to the Transportation Interim
2459	Committee regarding the requirements in this section.
2460	Section 26. Section 72-10-205.5 is amended to read:
2461	72-10-205.5. Abandoned aircraft on airport property Seizure and disposal.
2462	(1) (a) As used in this section, "abandoned aircraft" means an aircraft that:
2463	(i) remains in an idle state on airport property for 45 consecutive calendar days;
2464	(ii) is in a wrecked, inoperative, derelict, or partially dismantled condition; and
2465	(iii) is not in the process of actively being repaired.
2466	(b) "Abandoned aircraft" does not include an aircraft:
2467	(i) (A) that has current FAA registration; and
2468	[(ii)] (B) that has current state registration; or
2469	[(iii)] (ii) for which evidence is shown indicating repairs are in process, including:
2470	(A) receipts for parts and labor; or
2471	(B) a statement from a mechanic making the repairs.
2472	(2) An airport operator may take possession and dispose of an abandoned aircraft in
2473	accordance with Subsections (3) through (5).
2474	(3) Upon determining that an aircraft located on airport property is abandoned, the
2475	airport operator shall:
2476	(a) send, by registered mail, a notice containing the information described in

2477 Subsection (4) to the last known address of the last registered owner of the aircraft; and 2478 (b) publish a notice containing the information described in Subsection (4) in a 2479 newspaper of general circulation in the county where the airport is located if: 2480 (i) the owner or the address of the owner of the aircraft is unknown; or 2481 (ii) the mailed notice is returned to the airport operator without a forwarding address. 2482 (4) The notice described in Subsection (3) shall include: 2483 (a) the name, if known, and the last known address, if any, of the last registered owner 2484 of the aircraft: 2485 (b) a description of the aircraft, including the identification number, the location of the 2486 aircraft, and the date the aircraft is determined abandoned; 2487 (c) a statement describing the specific grounds for the determination that the aircraft is 2488 abandoned; 2489 (d) the amount of any accrued or unpaid airport charges; and 2490 (e) a statement indicating that the airport operator intends to take possession and 2491 dispose of the aircraft if the owner of the aircraft fails to remove the aircraft from airport 2492 property, after payment in full of any charges described in Subsection (4)(d), within the later of: 2493 2494 (i) 30 days after the day on which the notice is sent in accordance with Subsection 2495 (3)(a); or 2496 (ii) 30 days after the day on which the notice is published in accordance with 2497 Subsection (3)(b), if applicable. 2498 (5) If the owner of the abandoned aircraft fails to remove the aircraft from airport 2499 property, after payment in full of any charges described in Subsection (4)(d), within the time 2500 specified in Subsection (4)(e): 2501 (a) the abandoned aircraft becomes the property of the airport operator; and 2502 (b) the airport operator may dispose of the abandoned aircraft: (i) in the manner provided in Title 63A, Chapter 2, Part 4, Surplus Property Service; or 2503 2504 (ii) in accordance with any other lawful method or procedure established by rule or 2505 ordinance adopted by the airport operator.

(6) If an airport operator complies with the provisions of this section, the airport

operator is immune from liability for the seizure and disposal of an abandoned aircraft in

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2508	accordance with this section.
2509	Section 27. Section 72-17-101 (Effective 03/31/24) is amended to read:
2510	72-17-101 (Effective 03/31/24). Office of Rail Safety Creation Applicability.
2511	(1) In accordance with 49 C.F.R. Part 212, State Safety Participation Regulations, there
2512	is created within the department an Office of Rail Safety.
2513	(2) As described in 49 C.F.R. Secs. 212.105 and 212.107, to organize the Office of
2514	Rail Safety, the executive director shall:
2515	(a) enter into an agreement with the Federal Railroad Administration to participate in
2516	inspection and investigation activities; and
2517	(b) obtain certification from the Federal Railroad Administration to undertake
2518	inspection and investigative responsibilities and duties.
2519	(3) In establishing the Office of Rail Safety in accordance with the duties described in
2520	49 C.F.R. Part 212, the department may hire personnel and establish the duties of the office in
2521	phases.
2522	(4) This [chapter] <u>part</u> applies to:
2523	(a) a class I railroad; and
2524	(b) commuter rail.
2525	Section 28. Section 72-17-102 (Effective 03/31/24) is amended to read:
2526	72-17-102 (Effective 03/31/24). Definitions.
2527	As used in this [chapter] part:
2528	(1) "Class I railroad" means the same as that term is defined in 49 U.S.C. Sec. 20102.
2529	(2) "Commuter rail" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63N-3-602.
2530	(3) "Federal Railroad Administration" means the Federal Railroad Administration
2531	created in 49 U.S.C. Sec. 103.
2532	(4) "Office" means the Office of Rail Safety created in accordance with Section
2533	72-17-101.
2534	(5) "Railroad" means the same as that term is defined in 49 C.F.R. Sec. 200.3.
2535	Section 29. Section 77-11d-105 is amended to read:
2536	77-11d-105. Disposition of unclaimed property.
2537	(1) (a) If the owner of any lost or mislaid property cannot be determined or notified, or
2538	if the owner of the property is determined and notified, and fails to appear and claim the

2539	property after three months of the property's receipt by the local law enforcement agency, the
2540	agency shall:
2541	(i) publish notice of the intent to dispose of the unclaimed property on Utah's Public
2542	Legal Notice Website established in Subsection 45-1-101(2)(b);
2543	(ii) post a similar notice on the public website of the political subdivision within which
2544	the law enforcement agency is located; and
2545	(iii) post a similar notice in a public place designated for notice within the law
2546	enforcement agency.
2547	(b) The notice shall:
2548	(i) give a general description of the item; and
2549	(ii) the date of intended disposition.
2550	(c) The agency may not dispose of the lost or mislaid property until at least eight days
2551	after the date of publication and posting.
2552	(2) (a) If no claim is made for the lost or mislaid property within nine days of
2553	publication and posting, the agency shall notify the person who turned the property over to the
2554	local law enforcement agency, if it was turned over by a person under Section 77-11d-103.
2555	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (4), if that person has complied with the
2556	provisions of this chapter, the person may take the lost or mislaid property if the person:
2557	(i) pays the costs incurred for advertising and storage; and
2558	(ii) signs a receipt for the item.
2559	(3) If the person who found the lost or mislaid property fails to take the property under
2560	the provisions of this chapter, the agency shall:
2561	(a) apply the property to a public interest use as provided in Subsection (4);
2562	(b) sell the property at public auction and apply the proceeds of the sale to a public
2563	interest use; or
2564	(c) destroy the property if it is unfit for a public interest use or sale.
2565	(4) (a) Before applying the lost or mislaid property to a public interest use, the agency
2566	having possession of the property shall obtain from the agency's legislative body:
2567	[(a)] (i) permission to apply the property to a public interest use; and
2568	[(b)] (ii) the designation and approval of the public interest use of the property.
2569	(b) If the agency is a private law enforcement agency as defined in Subsection

2570	53-19-102(4), the agency may apply the lost or mislaid property to a public interest use as
2571	provided in Subsection (4)(a) after obtaining the permission, designation, and approval of the
2572	legislative body of the municipality in which the agency is located.
2573	(5) Any person employed by a law enforcement agency who finds property may not
2574	claim or receive property under this section.
2575	Section 30. Effective date.
2576	(1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), this bill takes effect on May 1, 2024.
2577	(2) The actions affecting Section 59-12-103 (Contingently Effective 01/01/25) take
2578	effect on January 1, 2025.