1	POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS ADMINISTRATION
2	AMENDMENTS
3	2011 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Howard A. Stephenson
6	House Sponsor: Michael T. Morley
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill prohibits a political subdivision from appointing or hiring, in certain
11	circumstances, a manager or similar position during an interim vacancy period.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	defines terms;
15	prohibits a council in a municipal council-manager form of government from:
16	 appointing a manager during an interim vacancy period; and
17	• entering into a contract that contains an automatic renewal provision on or after
18	May 10, 2011, with a manager;
19	prohibits a mayor in a municipal council-mayor form of government from:
20	• appointing a chief administrative officer during an interim vacancy period; and
21	 entering into a contract that contains an automatic renewal provision on or after
22	May 10, 2011, with a chief administrative officer;
23	▶ prohibits a council in a municipal six-member council form of government from:
24	 appointing a manager during an interim vacancy period; and
25	 entering into a contract that contains an automatic renewal provision on or after
26	May 10, 2011, with a manager;
27	prohibits a council in a municipal five-member council form of government from:
28	 appointing a manager during an interim vacancy period; and
29	 entering into a contract that contains an automatic renewal provision on or after

30	May 10, 2011, with a manager;
31	prohibits a council in a county council-manager form of government from:
32	 appointing a county manager during an interim vacancy period; and
33	• entering into a contract that contains an automatic renewal provision on or after
34	May 10, 2011, with a county manager;
35	prohibits a county executive from:
36	• appointing a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, or
37	a similar position during an interim vacancy period; and
38	• entering into a contract on or after May 10, 2011, that contains an automatic
39	renewal provision with a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer,
40	or a similar position;
41	prohibits a local district from:
42	• hiring a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, or a
43	similar position during an interim vacancy period; and
44	• entering into a contract on or after May 10, 2011, that contains an automatic
45	renewal provision with a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief
46	administrative officer, or a similar position;
47	prohibits a special service district from:
48	• hiring a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, or a
49	similar position during an interim vacancy period; and
50	• entering into a contract on or after May 10, 2011, that contains an automatic
51	renewal provision with a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief
52	administrative officer, or a similar position;
53	prohibits a local school board from:
54	 appointing a superintendent during an interim vacancy period; and
55	• entering into a contract on or after May 10, 2011, that contains an automatic
56	renewal provision with a superintendent; and

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• makes technical corrections.

58	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
59	None
60	Other Special Clauses:
61	None
62	Utah Code Sections Affected:
63	AMENDS:
64	10-3b-103, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
65	10-3b-202, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
66	10-3b-303, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
67	10-3b-403, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
68	10-3b-503, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 19
69	17-52-505, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 133
70	17-53-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapters 199 and 241
71	17-53-317, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2001, Chapter 241
72	17B-1-301, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2007, Chapter 329
73	17D-1-106, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapters 181 and 356
74	53A-3-301 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2003, Chapters 231 and 315
75	
76	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
77	Section 1. Section 10-3b-103 is amended to read:
78	10-3b-103. Forms of municipal government Form of government for towns
79	Former council-manager form.
80	(1) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008, under the council-mayor form of
81	government:
82	(a) shall, on and after May 5, 2008:
83	(i) operate under a council-mayor form of government, as defined in Section
84	10-3b-102; and
85	(ii) be subject to:

86	(A) this part;
87	(B) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government;
88	(C) Part 5, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and
89	(D) except as provided in Subsection (1)(b), other applicable provisions of this title;
90	and
91	(b) is not subject to:
92	(i) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government; or
93	(ii) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government.
94	(2) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008 under a form of government known under
95	the law then in effect as the six-member council form:
96	(a) shall, on and after May 5, 2008, and whether or not the council has adopted an
97	ordinance appointing a manager for the municipality:
98	(i) operate under a six-member council form of government, as defined in Section
99	10-3b-102;
100	(ii) be subject to:
101	(A) this part;
102	(B) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government;
103	(C) Part 5, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and
104	(D) except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), other applicable provisions of this title;
105	and
106	(b) is not subject to:
107	(i) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government; or
108	(ii) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government.
109	(3) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008, under a form of government known
110	under the law then in effect as the five-member council form:
111	(a) shall, on and after May 5, 2008:
112	(i) operate under a five-member council form of government, as defined in Section
113	10-3b-102;

114	(ii) be subject to:
115	(A) this part;
116	(B) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government;
117	(C) Part 5, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and
118	(D) except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), other applicable provisions of this title;
119	and
120	(b) is not subject to:
121	(i) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government; or
122	(ii) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government.
123	(4) Subject to Subsection (5), each municipality incorporated on or after May 5, 2008,
124	shall operate under:
125	(a) the council-mayor form of government, with a five-member council;
126	(b) the council-mayor form of government, with a seven-member council;
127	(c) the six-member council form of government; or
128	(d) the five-member council form of government.
129	(5) Each town shall operate under a five-member council form of government unless:
130	(a) before May 5, 2008, the town has changed to another form of municipal
131	government; or
132	(b) on or after May 5, 2008, the town changes its form of government as provided in
133	Part 5, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government.
134	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "council-manager form of government" means
135	the form of municipal government:
136	(i) provided for in Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48;
137	(ii) that cannot be adopted without voter approval; and
138	(iii) that provides for, subject to Subsections (7) and (8), an appointed manager with
139	duties and responsibilities established in Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48.
140	(b) A municipality operating on May 4, 2008, under the council-manager form of
141	government:

142	(i) shall:	
143	(A) continue to operate, on and after May 5, 2008, under the council-manager form of	
144	government according to the applicable provisions of Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 48; and	
145	(B) be subject to:	
146	(I) this Subsection (6) and other applicable provisions of this part;	
147	(II) Part 5, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government; and	
148	(III) except as provided in Subsection (6)(b)(ii), other applicable provisions of this	
149	title; and	
150	(ii) is not subject to:	
151	(A) Part 2, Council-mayor Form of Municipal Government;	
152	(B) Part 3, Six-member Council Form of Municipal Government; or	
153	(C) Part 4, Five-member Council Form of Municipal Government.	
154	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "interim vacancy period" means the period of	
155	time that:	
156	(i) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Section	
157	10-3-201 is held to elect a council member; and	
158	(ii) ends on the day on which the council member-elect begins the council member's	
159	term.	
160	(b) (i) The council may not appoint a manager during an interim vacancy period.	
161	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b)(i):	
162	(A) the council may appoint an interim manager during an interim vacancy period; and	
163	(B) the interim manager's term shall expire once a new manager is appointed by the	
164	new administration after the interim vacancy period has ended.	
165	(c) Subsection (7)(b) does not apply if all the council members who held office on the	
166	day of the municipal general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are	
167	re-elected to the council for the following term.	
168	(8) A council that appoints a manager in accordance with this section may not, on or	
169	after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic renewal	

1/0	provision with the manager.
171	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent or limit a municipality
172	operating under any form of municipal government from changing to another form of
173	government as provided in Part 5, Changing to Another Form of Municipal Government.
174	Section 2. Section 10-3b-202 is amended to read:
175	10-3b-202. Mayor in council-mayor form of government.
176	(1) The mayor in a municipality operating under the council-mayor form of
177	government:
178	(a) is the chief executive and administrative officer of the municipality;
179	(b) exercises the executive and administrative powers and performs or supervises the
180	performance of the executive and administrative duties and functions of the municipality;
181	(c) shall:
182	(i) keep the peace and enforce the laws of the municipality;
183	(ii) execute the policies adopted by the council;
184	(iii) appoint, with the council's advice and consent, a qualified person for each of the
185	following positions:
186	(A) subject to Subsection (3), chief administrative officer, if required under the
187	resolution or petition under Subsection 10-3b-503(1)(a) that proposed the change to a
188	council-mayor form of government;
189	(B) recorder;
190	(C) treasurer;
191	(D) engineer; and
192	(E) attorney;
193	(iv) provide to the council, at intervals provided by ordinance, a written report to the
194	council setting forth:
195	(A) the amount of budget appropriations;
196	(B) total disbursements from the appropriations;
197	(C) the amount of indebtedness incurred or contracted against each appropriation,

198	including disbursements and indebtedness incurred and not paid; and
199	(D) the percentage of the appropriations encumbered;
200	(v) report to the council the condition and needs of the municipality;
201	(vi) report to the council any release granted under Subsection (1)(d)(xiii);
202	(vii) if the mayor remits a fine or forfeiture under Subsection (1)(d)(xi), report the
203	remittance to the council at the council's next meeting after the remittance;
204	(viii) perform each other duty:
205	(A) prescribed by statute; or
206	(B) required by a municipal ordinance that is not inconsistent with statute;
207	(d) may:
208	(i) subject to budget constraints:
209	(A) appoint:
210	(I) subject to Subsections (3)(b) and (4), a chief administrative officer; and
211	(II) one or more deputies or administrative assistants to the mayor; and
212	(B) (I) create any other administrative office that the mayor considers necessary for
213	good government of the municipality; and
214	(II) appoint a person to the office;
215	(ii) with the council's advice and consent and except as otherwise specifically limited
216	by statute, appoint:
217	(A) each department head of the municipality;
218	(B) each statutory officer of the municipality; and
219	(C) each member of a statutory commission, board, or committee of the municipality;
220	(iii) dismiss any person appointed by the mayor;
221	(iv) as provided in Section 10-3b-204, veto an ordinance, tax levy, or appropriation
222	passed by the council;
223	(v) exercise control of and supervise each executive or administrative department,
224	division, or office of the municipality;
225	(vi) within the general provisions of statute and ordinance, regulate and prescribe the

226	powers and duties of each other executive or administrative officer or employee of the
227	municipality;
228	(vii) attend each council meeting, take part in council meeting discussions, and freely
229	give advice to the council;
230	(viii) appoint a budget officer to serve in place of the mayor to comply with and fulfill
231	in all other respects the requirements of, as the case may be:
232	(A) Chapter 5, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Towns; or
233	(B) Chapter 6, Uniform Fiscal Procedures Act for Utah Cities;
234	(ix) execute an agreement on behalf of the municipality, or delegate, by written
235	executive order, the authority to execute an agreement on behalf of the municipality:
236	(A) if the obligation under the agreement is within certified budget appropriations; and
237	(B) subject to Section 10-6-138;
238	(x) at any reasonable time, examine and inspect the official books, papers, records, or
239	documents of:
240	(A) the municipality; or
241	(B) any officer, employee, or agent of the municipality;
242	(xi) remit fines and forfeitures;
243	(xii) if necessary, call on residents of the municipality over the age of 21 years to assist
244	in enforcing the laws of the state and ordinances of the municipality; and
245	(xiii) release a person imprisoned for a violation of a municipal ordinance; and
246	(e) may not vote on any matter before the council.
247	(2) (a) The first mayor elected under a newly established mayor-council form of
248	government shall, within six months after taking office, draft and submit to the council a
249	proposed ordinance:
250	(i) providing for the division of the municipality's administrative service into
251	departments, divisions, and bureaus; and
252	(ii) defining the functions and duties of each department, division, and bureau.
253	(b) Before the council adopts an ordinance on the municipality's administrative service,

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254	the mayor may establish temporary rules and regulations to ensure efficiency and effe	ectiveness
255	in the divisions of the municipal government.	
256	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "interim vacancy period" means the pe	riod of
257	time that:	
258	(i) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Sect	<u>ion</u>
259	10-3-201 is held to elect a mayor; and	
260	(ii) ends on the day on which the mayor-elect begins the mayor's term.	
261	[(3)] (b) Each person appointed as chief administrative officer under Subsect	ion
262	(1)(c)(iii)(A) shall be appointed on the basis of:	

[(a)] (i) the person's ability and prior experience in the field of public administration;

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[(b)] (ii) any other qualification prescribed by ordinance.

- 266 (c) (i) The mayor may not appoint a chief administrative officer during an interim
 267 vacancy period.
- 268 (ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(c)(i):

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- 269 (A) the mayor may appoint an interim chief administrative officer during an interim 270 vacancy period; and
 - (B) the interim chief administrative officer's term shall expire once a new chief administrative officer is appointed by the new mayor after the interim vacancy period has ended.
 - (d) Subsection (3)(c) does not apply if the mayor who holds office on the day of the municipal general election is re-elected to the mayor's office for the following term.
 - (4) A mayor who appoints a chief administrative officer in accordance with this section may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic renewal provision with the chief administrative officer.
- Section 3. Section **10-3b-303** is amended to read:
- 280 **10-3b-303.** Council in six-member council form of government.
- 281 (1) The council in a municipality operating under a six-member council form of

282	government:
283	(a) exercises any executive or administrative power and performs or supervises the
284	performance of any executive or administrative duty or function that:
285	(i) has not been given to the mayor under Section 10-3b-104; or
286	(ii) has been given to the mayor under Section 10-3b-104 but is removed from the
287	mayor under Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A);
288	(b) may:
289	(i) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (2), adopt an ordinance:
290	(A) removing from the mayor any power, duty, or function of the mayor under Section
291	10-3b-104; or
292	(B) reinstating to the mayor any power, duty, or function previously removed under
293	Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A);
294	(ii) adopt an ordinance delegating to the mayor any executive or administrative power,
295	duty, or function that the council has under Subsection (1)(a);
296	(iii) subject to Subsection 10-3b-302(1)(b)(ii)(A):
297	(A) appoint, subject to Subsections (3) and (4), a manager to perform executive and
298	administrative duties or functions that the council by ordinance delegates to the manager,
299	subject to Subsection (1)(c); and
300	(B) dismiss a manager appointed under Subsection (1)(b)(iii)(A); and
301	(iv) assign any or all council members, including the mayor, to supervise one or more
302	administrative departments of the municipality; and
303	(c) may not remove from the mayor or delegate to a manager appointed by the council:
304	(i) any of the mayor's legislative or judicial powers or ceremonial functions;
305	(ii) the mayor's position as chair of the council; or
306	(iii) any ex officio position that the mayor holds.
307	(2) Adopting an ordinance under Subsection (1)(b)(i) removing from or reinstating to
308	the mayor a power, duty, or function provided for in Section 10-3b-104 requires the affirmative
309	vote of:

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310	(a) the mayor and a majority of all other council members; or
311	(b) all council members except the mayor.
312	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "interim vacancy period" means the period of
313	time that:
314	(i) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Section
315	10-3-201 is held to elect a council member; and
316	(ii) ends on the day on which the council member-elect begins the council member's
317	term.
318	(b) (i) The council may not appoint a manager during an interim vacancy period.
319	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i):
320	(A) the council may appoint an interim manager during an interim vacancy period; and
321	(B) the interim manager's term shall expire once a new manager is appointed by the
322	new administration after the interim vacancy period has ended.
323	(c) Subsection (3)(b) does not apply if all the council members who held office on the
324	day of the municipal general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are
325	re-elected to the council for the following term.
326	(4) A council that appoints a manager in accordance with this section may not, on or
327	after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic renewal
328	provision with the manager.
329	Section 4. Section 10-3b-403 is amended to read:
330	10-3b-403. Council in a five-member council form of government.
331	(1) The council in a municipality operating under a five-member council form of
332	municipal government:
333	(a) exercises any executive or administrative power and performs or supervises the

performance of any executive or administrative duty or function that:

mayor under Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A);

(i) has not been given to the mayor under Section 10-3b-104; or

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(ii) has been given to the mayor under Section 10-3b-104 but is removed from the

338	(b) may:
339	(i) subject to Subsections (1)(c) and (2), adopt an ordinance:
340	(A) removing from the mayor any power, duty, or function of the mayor under Section
341	10-3b-104; and
342	(B) reinstating to the mayor any power, duty, or function previously removed under
343	Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A);
344	(ii) adopt an ordinance delegating to the mayor any executive or administrative power,
345	duty, or function that the council has under Subsection (1)(a);
346	(iii) subject to Subsections (3) and (4), appoint a manager to perform executive and
347	administrative duties or functions that the council by ordinance delegates to the manager,
348	subject to Subsection (1)(c);
349	(iv) dismiss a manager appointed under Subsection (1)(b)(iii); and
350	(v) assign any or all council members, including the mayor, to supervise one or more
351	administrative departments of the municipality; and
352	(c) may not remove from the mayor or delegate to a manager appointed by the council:
353	(i) any of the mayor's legislative or judicial powers or ceremonial functions;
354	(ii) the mayor's position as chair of the council; or
355	(iii) any ex officio position that the mayor holds.
356	(2) Adopting an ordinance under Subsection (1)(b)(i) removing from or reinstating to
357	the mayor a power, duty, or function provided for in Section 10-3b-104 requires the affirmative
358	vote of:
359	(a) the mayor and a majority of all other council members; or
360	(b) all council members except the mayor.
361	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "interim vacancy period" means the period of
362	time that:
363	(i) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Section
364	10-3-201 is held to elect a council member; and
365	(ii) ends on the day on which the council member-elect begins the council member's

366	term.
367	(b) (i) The council may not appoint a manager during an interim vacancy period.
368	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i):
369	(A) the council may appoint an interim manager during an interim vacancy period; and
370	(B) the interim manager's term shall expire once a new manager is appointed by the
371	new administration after the interim vacancy period has ended.
372	(c) Subsection (3)(b) does not apply if all the council members who held office on the
373	day of the municipal general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are
374	re-elected to the council for the following term.
375	(4) A council that appoints a manager in accordance with this section may not, on or
376	after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic renewal
377	provision with the manager.
378	Section 5. Section 10-3b-503 is amended to read:
379	10-3b-503. Resolution or petition proposing a change in the form of government.
380	(1) The process to change the form of government under which a municipality operates
381	is initiated by:
382	(a) the council's adoption of a resolution proposing a change; or
383	(b) the filing of a petition, as provided in Title 20A, Chapter 7, Part 5, Local Initiatives
384	- Procedures, proposing a change.
385	(2) Within 45 days after the adoption of a resolution under Subsection (1)(a) or the
386	declaring of a petition filed under Subsection (1)(b) as sufficient under Section 20A-7-507, the
387	council shall hold at least two public hearings on the proposed change.
388	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b), the council shall hold an election on
389	the proposed change in the form of government at the next municipal general election or
390	regular general election that is more than 75 days after, as the case may be:
391	(i) a resolution under Subsection (1)(a) is adopted; or
392	(ii) a petition filed under Subsection (1)(b) is declared sufficient under Section
393	20A-7-507.

394 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a), an election on a proposed change in the form of 395 government may not be held if: 396 (i) in the case of a proposed change initiated by the council's adoption of a resolution 397 under Subsection (1)(a), the council rescinds the resolution within 60 days after adopting it; or 398 (ii) in the case of a proposed change initiated by a petition under Subsection (1)(b), 399 enough signatures are withdrawn from the petition within 60 days after the petition is declared 400 sufficient under Section 20A-7-507 that the petition is no longer sufficient. 401 (4) Each resolution adopted under Subsection (1)(a) or petition filed under Subsection 402 (1)(b) shall: 403 (a) state the method of election and initial terms of council members; and 404 (b) specify the boundaries of districts substantially equal in population, if some or all 405 council members are to be elected by district. 406 (5) A resolution under Subsection (1)(a) or petition under Subsection (1)(b) proposing 407 a change to a council-mayor form of government may require that, if the change is adopted, the 408 mayor appoint, with the council's advice and consent and subject to Section 10-3b-202, a chief 409 administrative officer, to exercise the administrative powers and perform the duties that the 410 mayor prescribes. 411 Section 6. Section 17-52-505 is amended to read: 412 17-52-505. Council-manager form of county government. (1) (a) A county operating under the form of government known as the 413 "council-manager" form shall be governed by an elected county council, a county manager 414 415 appointed by the council, and such other officers and employees as are authorized by law. 416 (b) The optional plan shall provide for the qualifications, time and manner of 417 appointment[7] subject to Subsections (6) and (7), term of office, compensation, and removal of 418

- the county manager. (2) The county manager shall be the administrative head of the county government and
- shall have the powers, functions, and duties of a county executive, except:
 - (a) as the county legislative body otherwise provides by ordinance; and

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422	(b) that the county manager may not veto any ordinances enacted by the council.
423	(3) (a) No member of the council shall directly or indirectly, by suggestion or
424	otherwise, attempt to influence or coerce the manager in the making of any appointment or
425	removal of any officer or employee or in the purchase of supplies, attempt to exact any promise
426	relative to any appointment from any candidate for manager, or discuss directly or indirectly
427	with him the matter of specific appointments to any county office or employment. [A violation
428	of the foregoing]
429	(b) (i) A person who violates the provisions of this Subsection (3) shall forfeit the
430	office of the offending member of the council.
431	(ii) Nothing in this section shall be construed, however, as prohibiting the council
432	while in open session from fully and freely discussing with or suggesting to the manager
433	anything pertaining to county affairs or the interests of the county.
434	(iii) Neither manager nor any person in the employ of the county shall take part in
435	securing, or contributing any money toward, the nomination or election of any candidate for a
436	county office.
437	(iv) The optional plan may provide procedures for implementing this Subsection (3).
438	(4) In the council-manager form of county government, the legislative powers of the
439	county shall be vested in the county council, and the executive powers of the county shall be
440	vested in the county manager.
441	(5) A reference in statute or state rule to the "governing body" or the "board of county
442	commissioners" of the county, in the council-manager form of county government, means:
443	(a) the county council, with respect to legislative functions, duties, and powers; and
444	(b) the county manager, with respect to executive functions, duties, and powers.
445	(6) (a) As used in this Subsection (6), "interim vacancy period" means the period of
446	time that:
447	(i) begins on the day on which a general election described in Section 17-16-6 is held
448	to elect a council member; and
449	(ii) ends on the day on which the council member-elect begins the council member's

450	term.
451	(b) (i) The county council may not appoint a county manager during an interim vacancy
452	period.
453	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (6)(b)(i):
454	(A) the county council may appoint an interim county manager during an interim
455	vacancy period; and
456	(B) the interim county manager's term shall expire once a new county manager is
457	appointed by the new administration after the interim vacancy period has ended.
458	(c) Subsection (6)(b) does not apply if all the county council members who held office
459	on the day of the county general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are
460	re-elected to the council for the following term.
461	(7) A county council that appoints a county manager in accordance with this section
462	may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an
463	automatic renewal provision with the county manager.
464	Section 7. Section 17-53-302 is amended to read:
465	17-53-302. County executive duties.
466	Each county executive shall:
467	(1) exercise supervisory control over all functions of the executive branch of county
468	government;
469	(2) direct and organize the management of the county in a manner consistent with state
470	law, county ordinance, and the county's optional plan of county government;
471	(3) carry out programs and policies established by the county legislative body;
472	(4) faithfully ensure compliance with all applicable laws and county ordinances;
473	(5) exercise supervisory and coordinating control over all departments of county
474	government;
475	(6) except as otherwise vested in the county legislative body by state law or by the
476	optional plan of county government, and subject to Section 17-53-317, appoint, suspend, and
477	remove the directors of all county departments and all appointive officers of boards and

478	commissions;
479	(7) except as otherwise delegated by s

- (7) except as otherwise delegated by statute to another county officer, exercise administrative and auditing control over all funds and assets, tangible and intangible, of the county;
- (8) except as otherwise delegated by statute to another county officer, supervise and direct centralized budgeting, accounting, personnel management, purchasing, and other service functions of the county;
- (9) conduct planning studies and make recommendations to the county legislative body relating to financial, administrative, procedural, and operational plans, programs, and improvements in county government;
- (10) maintain a continuing review of expenditures and of the effectiveness of departmental budgetary controls;
- (11) develop systems and procedures, not inconsistent with statute, for planning, programming, budgeting, and accounting for all activities of the county;
- (12) if the county executive is an elected county executive, exercise a power of veto over ordinances enacted by the county legislative body, including an item veto upon budget appropriations, in the manner provided by the optional plan of county government;
- (13) review, negotiate, approve, and execute contracts for the county, unless otherwise provided by statute;
- (14) perform all other functions and duties required of the executive by state law, county ordinance, and the optional plan of county government; and
- (15) sign on behalf of the county all deeds that convey county property.
- Section 8. Section 17-53-317 is amended to read:
- **17-53-317.** Executive appointment with advice and consent of county legislative body.
 - (1) The appointment of a person to fill a position on a board, committee, or similar body whose membership is appointed by the county shall be by the county executive, with the advice and consent of the county legislative body.

506	(2) (a) As used in this Subsection (2), "interim vacancy period" means:
507	(i) for a county commission form or expanded county commission form of
508	government, the period of time that:
509	(A) begins on the day on which a general election described in Section 17-16-6 is held
510	to elect a commission member; and
511	(B) ends on the day on which the commission member-elect begins the council
512	member's term; or
513	(ii) for a county executive-council form of government, the period of time that:
514	(A) begins on the day on which a general election described in Section 17-16-6 is held
515	to elect a county executive; and
516	(B) ends on the day on which the county executive-elect begins the county executive's
517	<u>term.</u>
518	(b) (i) A county commission in a county commission form of government, or a county
519	commission in an expanded county commission form of government, may not appoint during
520	an interim period vacancy a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer,
521	or a similar position to perform executive and administrative duties or functions.
522	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(b)(i):
523	(A) a county commission in a county commission form of government, or a county
524	commission in an expanded county commission form of government, may appoint an interim
525	manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, or a similar position during an
526	interim vacancy period; and
527	(B) the interim appointee's term shall expire once a new manager, a chief executive
528	officer, a chief administrative officer, or a similar position is appointed by the new
529	administration after the interim vacancy period has ended.
530	(c) Subsection (2)(b) does not apply if all the county commission members who held
531	office on the day of the county general election whose term of office was vacant for the
532	election are re-elected to the county commission for the following term.
333	(d) (i) A county executive in a county executive-council form of government may not

534	appoint during an interim vacancy period a manager, a chief executive officer, a chief	
535	administrative officer, or a similar position to perform executive and administrative duties or	
536	functions.	
537	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d)(i):	
538	(A) a county executive in a county executive-council form of government may appoint	
539	an interim manager, a chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, or a similar	
540	position during an interim vacancy period; and	
541	(B) the interim appointee's term shall expire once a new manager, a chief executive	
542	officer, a chief administrative officer, or a similar position is appointed by the new county	
543	executive after the interim vacancy period has ended.	
544	(e) Subsection (2)(d) does not apply if the county executive who held office on the day	
545	of the county general election is re-elected to the office of county executive for the following	
546	term.	
547	(3) A county commission in a county commission form of government, a county	
548	commission in an expanded county commission form of government, or a county executive in a	
549	county executive-council form of government that appoints a manager, a chief executive	
550	officer, a chief administrative officer, or a similar position in accordance with this section may	
551	not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic	
552	renewal provision with the manager, chief executive officer, chief administrative officer, or	
553	similar position.	
554	Section 9. Section 17B-1-301 is amended to read:	
555	17B-1-301. Board of trustees duties and powers.	
556	(1) (a) Each local district shall be governed by a board of trustees which shall manage	
557	and conduct the business and affairs of the district and shall determine all questions of district	
558	policy.	
559	(b) All powers of a local district are exercised through the board of trustees.	
560	(2) The board of trustees may:	
561	(a) fix the location of the local district's principal place of business and the location of	

all offices and departments, if any;

- (b) fix the times of meetings of the board of trustees;
- (c) select and use an official district seal;
- (d) <u>subject to Subsections (3) and (4)</u>, employ employees and agents, or delegate to district officers power to employ employees and agents, for the operation of the local district and its properties and prescribe or delegate to district officers the power to prescribe the duties, compensation, and terms and conditions of employment of those employees and agents;
- (e) require district officers and employees charged with the handling of district funds to provide surety bonds in an amount set by the board or provide a blanket surety bond to cover officers and employees;
- (f) contract for or employ professionals to perform work or services for the local district that cannot satisfactorily be performed by the officers or employees of the district;
- (g) through counsel, prosecute on behalf of or defend the local district in all court actions or other proceedings in which the district is a party or is otherwise involved;
 - (h) adopt bylaws for the orderly functioning of the board;
- (i) adopt and enforce rules and regulations for the orderly operation of the local district or for carrying out the district's purposes;
 - (j) prescribe a system of civil service for district employees;
- (k) on behalf of the local district, enter into contracts that the board considers to be for the benefit of the district;
- (l) acquire, construct or cause to be constructed, operate, occupy, control, and use buildings, works, or other facilities for carrying out the purposes of the local district;
- (m) on behalf of the local district, acquire, use, hold, manage, occupy, and possess property necessary to carry out the purposes of the district, dispose of property when the board considers it appropriate, and institute and maintain in the name of the district any action or proceeding to enforce, maintain, protect, or preserve rights or privileges associated with district property;
 - (n) delegate to a district officer the exercise of a district duty; and

590	(o) exercise all powers and perform all functions in the operation of the local district
591	and its properties as are ordinarily exercised by the governing body of a political subdivision of
592	the state and as are necessary to accomplish the purposes of the district.
593	(3) (a) As used in this Subsection (3), "interim vacancy period" means:
594	(i) if any member of the local district board is elected, the period of time that:
595	(A) begins on the day on which a municipal general election described in Section
596	17B-1-306 is held to elect a local district board member; and
597	(B) ends on the day on which the local district board member-elect begins the
598	member's term; or
599	(ii) if any member of the local district board is appointed, the period of time that:
600	(A) begins on the day on which an appointing authority posts a notice of vacancy in
601	accordance with Section 17B-1-304; and
602	(B) ends on the day on which the person who is appointed by the local district board to
603	fill the vacancy begins the person's term.
604	(b) (i) The local district may not hire during an interim vacancy period a manager, a
605	chief executive officer, a chief administrative officer, or a similar position to perform executive
606	and administrative duties or functions.
607	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(b)(i):
608	(A) the local district may hire an interim manager, a chief executive officer, a chief
609	administrative officer, or a similar position during an interim vacancy period; and
610	(B) the interim manager's, chief executive officer's, chief administrative officer's, or
611	similar position's employment shall terminate once a new manager, chief executive officer,
612	chief administrative officer, or similar position is hired by the new local district board after the
613	interim vacancy period has ended.
614	(c) Subsection (3)(b) does not apply if:
615	(i) all the elected local district board members who held office on the day of the
616	municipal general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are re-elected to the
617	local district board; and

618	(ii) all the appointed local district board members who were appointed whose term of	
619	appointment was expiring are re-appointed to the local district board.	
620	(4) A local district board that hires an interim manager, a chief executive officer, a	
621	chief administrative officer, or a similar position in accordance with this section may not, on or	
622	after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an automatic renewal	
623	provision with the interim manager, chief executive officer, chief administrative officer, or	
624	similar position.	
625	Section 10. Section 17D-1-106 is amended to read:	
626	17D-1-106. Special service districts subject to other provisions.	
627	(1) A special service district is, to the same extent as if it were a local district, subject	
628	to and governed by:	
629	(a) Sections 17B-1-105, 17B-1-107, 17B-1-108, 17B-1-109, 17B-1-110, 17B-1-111,	
630	17B-1-112, 17B-1-113, 17B-1-116, and 17B-1-118;	
631	(b) <u>Subsections 17B-1-301(3) and (4)</u> , Sections 17B-1-304, 17B-1-305, 17B-1-306,	
632	17B-1-307, 17B-1-310, 17B-1-312, and 17B-1-313;	
633	(c) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 6, Fiscal Procedures for Local Districts;	
634	(d) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 7, Local District Budgets and Audit Reports;	
635	(e) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 8, Local District Personnel Management; and	
636	(f) Title 17B, Chapter 1, Part 9, Collection of Service Fees and Charges.	
637	(2) For purposes of applying the provisions listed in Subsection (1) to a special service	
638	district, each reference in those provisions to the local district board of trustees means the	
639	governing body.	
640	Section 11. Section 53A-3-301 is amended to read:	
641	53A-3-301. Superintendent of schools Appointment Qualifications Term	
642	Compensation.	
643	(1) [A] Subject to Subsection (7), a local school board shall appoint a district	
644	superintendent of schools who serves as the board's chief executive officer.	
645	(2) (a) The <u>local school</u> board shall appoint the superintendent on the basis of	

646	outstanding professional qualifications.
647	(b) (i) The superintendent's term of office is for two years and until, subject to
648	Subsection (7), a successor is appointed and qualified.
649	(ii) A local school board that appoints a superintendent in accordance with this section
650	may not, on or after May 10, 2011, enter into an employment contract that contains an
651	automatic renewal provision with the superintendent.
652	(3) [H] Unless a vacancy occurs during an interim vacancy period subject to Subsection
653	(7), if it becomes necessary to appoint an interim superintendent due to a vacancy in the office
654	of superintendent, then the <u>local school</u> board shall make an appointment during a public
655	meeting for an indefinite term not to exceed one year, which term shall end upon the
656	appointment and qualification of a new superintendent.
657	(4) (a) The superintendent shall hold an administrative/supervisory license issued by
658	the State Board of Education, except as otherwise provided in Subsection (4)(b).
659	(b) A local <u>school</u> board [of education] may request, and the State Board of Education
660	may grant, a letter of authorization permitting a person with outstanding professional
661	qualifications to serve as superintendent without holding an administrative/supervisory license.
662	(5) The <u>local school</u> board shall set the superintendent's compensation for services.
663	(6) The superintendent qualifies for office by taking the constitutional oath of office.
664	(7) (a) As used in this Subsection (7), "interim vacancy period" means the period of
665	time that:
666	(i) begins on the day on which a general election described in Section 20A-1-202 is
667	held to elect a member of a local school board; and
668	(ii) ends on the day on which the member-elect begins the member's term.
669	(b) (i) The local school board may not appoint a superintendent during an interim
670	vacancy period.
671	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (7)(b)(i):
672	(A) the local school board may appoint an interim superintendent during an interim
673	vacancy period; and

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674	(B) the interim superintendent's term shall expire once a new superintendent is
675	appointed by the new local school board after the interim vacancy period has ended.
676	(c) Subsection (7)(b) does not apply if all the local school board members who held
677	office on the day of the general election whose term of office was vacant for the election are
678	re-elected to the local school board for the following term.