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TAX MODIFICATIONS

2024 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH

Chief Sponsor: Michael K. McKell

LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill addresses taxation related to radioactive waste facilities.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
 creates a new tax rate for certain uncontainerized, unprocessed class A waste;
• includes certain radioactive waste facility tax revenue in the calculation of a taxpayer's
high cost infrastructure development tax credit; and
makes technical changes.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill provides a special effective date.
Utah Code Sections Affected:
AMENDS:
59-24-103.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2005, Chapter 10
79-6-602 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 473

- 22 Section 1. Section **59-24-103.5** is amended to read:
- 23 59-24-103.5 . Radioactive waste disposal, processing, and recycling facility tax.
- 24 (1) On and after July 1, 2003, there is imposed a tax on a radioactive waste facility, or a 25 processing or recycling facility, as provided in this chapter.
- 26 (2) The tax is equal to the sum of the following amounts:
- (a) 12% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the disposal of 27 28 containerized class A waste;

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29	(b) 10% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the disposal of
30	processed class A waste;
31	(c) except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), 5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive
32	waste facility derived from the disposal of uncontainerized, unprocessed class A
33	waste from a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity:
34	(i) pursuant to a contract entered into on or after April 30, 2001;
35	(ii) pursuant to a contract substantially modified on or after April 30, 2001;
36	(iii) pursuant to a contract renewed or extended on or after April 30, 2001; or
37	(iv) not pursuant to a contract;
38	(d) except as provided in Subsection (2)(e), 5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive
39	waste facility derived from the disposal of uncontainerized, unprocessed class A
40	waste received by the facility from an entity other than a governmental entity or an
41	agent of a governmental entity;
42	(e) .5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the disposal of
43	uncontainerized, unprocessed class A waste received by the facility if the
44	uncontainerized, unprocessed class A waste does not exceed 10% of the radioactive
45	concentration limit for class A waste as defined in 10 C.F.R. Sec. 61.55;
46	[(e)] (f) 5% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the disposal
47	of mixed waste, other than the mixed waste described in Subsection $[(2)(f)](2)(g)$,
48	received from:
49	(i) an entity other than a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity; or
50	(ii) a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity:
51	(A) pursuant to a contract entered into on or after April 30, 2005;
52	(B) pursuant to a contract substantially modified on or after April 30, 2005;
53	(C) pursuant to a contract renewed or extended on or after April 30, 2005; or
54	(D) not pursuant to a contract;
55	[(f)] (g) 10% of the gross receipts of a radioactive waste facility derived from the
56	disposal of mixed waste:
57	(i) (A) received from an entity other than a governmental entity or an agent of a
58	governmental entity; or
59	(B) received from a governmental entity or an agent of a governmental entity:
60	(I) pursuant to a contract entered into on or after April 30, 2005;
61	(II) pursuant to a contract substantially modified on or after April 30, 2005;
62	(III) pursuant to a contract renewed or extended on or after April 30, 2005; or

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63	(IV) not pursuant to a contract; and
64	(ii) that contains a higher radionuclide concentration level than the mixed waste
65	received by any radioactive waste facility in the state [prior to] before April 1,
66	2004;
67	[(g)] (h) 10 cents per cubic foot of alternate feed material received at a radioactive waste
68	facility for disposal or reprocessing; and
69	[(h)] (i) 10 cents per cubic foot of byproduct material received at a radioactive waste
70	facility for disposal.
71	(3) For purposes of the tax imposed by this section, a fraction of a cubic foot is considered
72	to be a full cubic foot.
73	(4) Except as provided in Subsections $[(2)(e) \text{ and } (2)(f)] (2)(f) \text{ and } (g)$, the tax imposed by
74	this section does not apply to radioactive waste containing material classified as
75	hazardous waste under 40 C.F.R. Part 261.
76	Section 2. Section 79-6-602 is amended to read:
77	79-6-602 . Definitions.
78	As used in this part:
79	(1) "Applicant" means a person that conducts business in the state and that applies for a tax
80	credit under this part.
81	(2) "Energy delivery project" means a project that is designed to:
82	(a) increase the capacity for the delivery of energy to a user of energy inside or outside
83	the state; or
84	(b) increase the capability of an existing energy delivery system or related facility to
85	deliver energy to a user of energy inside or outside the state.
86	(3) "Fuel standard compliance project" means a project designed to retrofit a fuel refinery in
87	order to make the refinery capable of producing fuel that complies with the United
88	States Environmental Protection Agency's Tier 3 gasoline sulfur standard described in
89	40 C.F.R. Sec. 79.54.
90	(4) "High cost infrastructure project" means a project, including an energy delivery project
91	or a fuel standard compliance project:
92	(a) (i) that expands or creates new industrial, mining, manufacturing, or agriculture
93	activity in the state, not including a retail business;
94	(ii) that involves new investment of at least \$50,000,000 in an existing industrial,
95	mining, manufacturing, or agriculture entity, by the entity; or
96	(iii) for the construction of a plant or other facility for the storage or production of

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97 fuel used for transportation, electricity generation, or industrial use; 98 (b) that requires or is directly facilitated by infrastructure construction; and 99 (c) for which the cost of infrastructure construction to the entity creating the project is 100 greater than: 101 (i) 10% of the total cost of the project; or 102 (ii) \$10,000,000. 103 (5) "Infrastructure" means: 104 (a) an energy delivery project; 105 (b) a railroad as defined in Section 54-2-1; 106 (c) a fuel standard compliance project; 107 (d) a road improvement project; 108 (e) a water self-supply project; 109 (f) a water removal system project; 110 (g) a solution-mined subsurface salt cavern; 111 (h) a project that is designed to: 112 (i) increase the capacity for water delivery to a water user in the state; or 113 (ii) increase the capability of an existing water delivery system or related facility to 114 deliver water to a water user in the state; or 115 (i) an underground mine infrastructure project. 116 (6) (a) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" means an applicant that enters into an 117 agreement with the office that qualifies the applicant to receive a tax credit as 118 provided in this part. 119 (b) "Infrastructure cost-burdened entity" includes a pass-through entity taxpayer, as 120 defined in Section 59-10-1402, of a person described in Subsection (6)(a). 121 (7) "Infrastructure-related revenue" means an amount of tax revenue, for an entity creating 122 a high cost infrastructure project, in a taxable year, that is directly attributable to a high 123 cost infrastructure project, under: 124 (a) Subsection 59-24-103.5(2)(e); 125 (b) Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 1, Oil and Gas Severance Tax; 126 [(b)] (c) Title 59, Chapter 5, Part 2, Mining Severance Tax; 127 [(e)] (d) Title 59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes; 128 [(d)] (e) Title 59, Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act; and 129 [(e)] (f) Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act. 130 (8) "Office" means the Office of Energy Development created in Section 79-6-401.

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131	(9) "Tax credit" means a tax credit under Section 59-7-619 or 59-10-1034.
132	(10) "Tax credit certificate" means a certificate issued by the office to an infrastructure
133	cost-burdened entity that:
134	(a) lists the name of the infrastructure cost-burdened entity;
135	(b) lists the infrastructure cost-burdened entity's taxpayer identification number;
136	(c) lists, for a taxable year, the amount of the tax credit authorized for the infrastructure
137	cost-burdened entity under this part; and
138	(d) includes other information as determined by the office.
139	(11) (a) "Underground mine infrastructure project" means a project that:
140	(i) is designed to create permanent underground infrastructure to facilitate
141	underground mining operations; and
142	(ii) services multiple levels or areas of an underground mine or multiple underground
143	mines.
144	(b) "Underground mine infrastructure project" includes:
145	(i) an underground access or a haulage road, entry, ramp, or decline;
146	(ii) a vertical or incline mine shaft;
147	(iii) a ventilation shaft or an air course; or
148	(iv) a conveyor or a truck haulageway.
149	Section 3. Effective date.
150	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2024.