# SCHOOL BOARD EXPANSION REQUIREMENTS 

2022 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Jacob L. Anderegg
House Sponsor: $\qquad$

## LONG TITLE

## General Description:

This bill modifies provisions relating to local school boards.

## Highlighted Provisions:

This bill:

- modifies the size of a local school board based on student population in the local school district; and
- makes technical and conforming changes.


## Money Appropriated in this Bill:

None
Other Special Clauses:
None

## Utah Code Sections Affected:

AMENDS:
20A-14-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2021, Second Special Session, Chapter 6
20A-14-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 255
20A-14-203, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 16
53G-3-305, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
Section 1. Section 20A-14-201 is amended to read:

20A-14-201. Boards of education -- School board districts -- Creation --

## Redistricting.

(1) $[(\mathrm{a})]$ The county legislative body, for local school districts whose boundaries encompass more than a single municipality, and the municipal legislative body, for local school districts contained completely within a municipality, shall divide the local school district into local school board districts as required under Subsection 20A-14-202(1)[(a)].
$[(b)]$ (2) The county and municipal legislative bodies shall divide the school district so that the local school board districts are substantially equal in population and are as contiguous and compact as practicable.
$[(2)(a)]$ (3) County and municipal legislative bodies shall redistrict local school board districts to meet the population, compactness, and contiguity requirements of this section:
[(i)] (a) at least once every 10 years;
[(iii)] (b) if a new school district is created:
[(A)] (i) within 45 days after the canvass of an election at which voters approve the creation of a new school district; and
[(B)] (ii) at least 60 days before the candidate filing deadline for a school board election;
[(iiii)] (c) whenever school districts are consolidated;
[(iv)] (d) whenever a school district loses more than $20 \%$ of the population of the entire school district to another school district;
[ $(\mathrm{v})]$ (e) whenever a school district loses more than $50 \%$ of the population of a local school board district to another school district;
[(vi)] (f) whenever a school district receives new residents equal to at least $20 \%$ of the population of the school district at the time of the last redistricting because of a transfer of territory from another school district; and
[(vii)] (g) whenever it is necessary to increase the membership of a board as a result of changes in student membership under Section 20A-14-202.
[(b)] (4) If a school district receives territory containing less than $20 \%$ of the population of the transferee district at the time of the last redistricting, the local school board may assign the new territory to one or more existing school board districts.
[(3)(a)] (5) Redistricting does not affect the right of any school board member to
complete the term for which the member was elected.
$[(b)(i)]$ (6) (a) After redistricting, representation in a local school board district shall be determined as provided in this Subsection [(3)] (6).
[(ii)] (b) If, after redistricting, only one board member whose term extends beyond redistricting lives within a [redistrieted] local school board district, that board member shall represent that local school board district.
[(iiii) (A)] (c) If, after redistricting, two or more members whose terms extend beyond redistricting live within a [redistrieted] local school board district, the members involved shall select one member by lot to represent the local school board district.
[(B)] (d) The other members shall serve at-large for the remainder of their terms.
[(C)] (e) The at-large board members shall serve in addition to the designated number of board members for the board in question for the remainder of their terms.
[(iv)] (f) If there is no board member living within a local school board district whose term extends beyond redistricting, the seat shall be treated as vacant and filled as provided in this part.
[(4)] (7) (a) If, before an election affected by redistricting, the county or municipal legislative body that conducted the redistricting determines that one or more members shall be elected to terms of two years to meet this part's requirements for staggered terms, the legislative body shall determine by lot which of the redistricted local school board districts will elect members to two-year terms and which will elect members to four-year terms.
(b) All subsequent elections are for four-year terms.
[(5)] (8) Within 10 days after any local school board district boundary change, the county or municipal legislative body making the change shall send an accurate map or plat of the boundary change to the Utah Geospatial Resource Center created under Section 63A-16-505.

Section 2. Section 20A-14-202 is amended to read:
20A-14-202. Local boards of education -- Membership -- When elected -Qualifications -- Avoiding conflicts of interest.
(1) (a) [Except as provided in Subsection(1)(b), the] The board of education of a school district with a student population of [up to 24,000 students shalleonsist of] less than $\underline{10,000 \text { students comprises five members. }}$
(b) The board of education of a school district with a student population of [more than 10,000 students but fewer than 24,000 students shall increase from five to seven members beginning with the 2004 regular general eleetion] 10,000 or more students but fewer than 50,000 students comprises seven members.
(c) [7he] Before January 1, 2023, the board of education of a school district with a student population of $[24,000] \underline{50,000}$ or more students [shallconsist of] comprises seven members.
(d) Beginning on January 1, 2023:
(i) the board of education of a school district with a student population of 50,000 or more students but fewer than 100,000 students:
(A) except as provided in Subsection (1)(d)(i)(B), comprises seven members; or
(B) comprises nine members if the $\hat{S} \rightarrow$ [applieable legistative body] board of education of the school district $\leftarrow \hat{S}$, by majority vote, increases the board to nine members; and
(ii) the board of education of a school district with a student population of 100,000 or more students comprises nine members.
$[(\mathrm{d})]$ (e) Student population is based on the October 1 student count submitted by districts to the State Board of Education.
[(e)] (f) If the number of members of a local school board [is required to ehange] changes under Subsection (1)(b), (c), or (d), the [board shall be reapportioned andeleetions eonducted] county or municipality, as applicable, shall redistrict and hold elections as provided in Sections 20A-14-201 and 20A-14-203.
$[(f)](\mathrm{g})$ [A sehooldistriet whieh now has or inereas to] Notwithstanding Subsections (1)(a) through (d), a school district with a seven-member or nine-member board [shall maintain a seven-member board] does not decrease in size, regardless of subsequent changes in student population.
$[(\mathrm{g})]$ (h) (i) Members of a local board of education shall be elected at each regular general election.
(ii) Except as provided in Subsection [(1)(g)(iii);] (1)(h)(iii), in a regular general election year:
(A) no more than three members of a local board of education may be elected to a five-member board[, nor];
(B) no more than four members of a local board of education may be elected to a seven-member board[,in any election year.]; and
(C) no more than five members of a local board of education may be elected to a nine-member board.
(iii) [More than three members of a local board of edueation may be elected to a five-member board and more than four members elected to a seven-member board in any eleetion year] A number of members, in excess of the maximums described in Subsection (1)(h)(ii), may be elected only when required [by reapportionment or] due to redistricting, to fill a vacancy, or to implement [Subsection (1)(b)] Subsections (1)(b) through (d).
[(h)] (i) One member of the local board of education shall be elected from each local school board district.
(2) (a) An individual seeking election to a local school board shall have been a resident of the local school board district in which the person is seeking election for at least one year immediately preceding the day of the general election at which the board position will be filled.
(b) A person who has resided within the local school board district, as the boundaries of the district exist on the date of the general election, for one year immediately preceding the date of the election shall be considered to have met the requirements of this Subsection (2).
(3) A member of a local school board shall:
(a) be and remain a registered voter in the local school board district from which the member is elected or appointed; and
(b) maintain the member's primary residence within the local school board district from which the member is elected or appointed during the member's term of office.
(4) A member of a local school board may not, during the member's term in office, also serve as an employee of that board.

Section 3. Section 20A-14-203 is amended to read:
20A-14-203. Becoming a member of a local board of education -- Declaration of candidacy -- Election.
(1) An individual may become a candidate for a local school board by:
[(a) (i) in the 2016 generaleleetion, by filing a declaration of eandidacy with the county clerk, in accordanee with Section 20A-9-202, before-5 p.m. on Mareh 17, 2016; or]
[(ii)] (a) [in a general eleetion held after 2016, by] filing a declaration of candidacy
with the county clerk on or after the second Friday in March, and before 5 p.m. on the third Thursday in March, before the next regular general election; and
(b) [by] paying the fee described in Section 20A-9-202.
(2) (a) The term of office for an individual elected to a local board of education is four years, beginning on the first Monday in January after the election.
(b) A member of a local board of education shall serve until a successor is:
(i) elected; or
(ii) appointed and [qualified. (e) A member of a local board of eduration is "qualified" when the member] takes or signs the constitutional oath of office.

Section 4. Section 53G-3-305 is amended to read:

## 53G-3-305. Redistricting -- Local school board membership.

(1) Upon the creation of a new school district, the [eounty] applicable legislative body shall [reapportion] redistrict the affected school districts [pursuant to] in accordance with Section 20A-14-201.
(2) Except as provided in Section 53G-3-302, local school board membership in the affected school districts shall be determined under Title 20A, Chapter 14, Part 2, Election of Members of Local Boards of Education.

