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FUEL EXCISE TAX AMENDMENTS
2014 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: John L. Valentine
House Sponsor: Johnny Anderson
LONG TITLE
General Description:
This bill modifies the Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act by amending provisions relating
to motor and special fuel tax rates.
Highlighted Provisions:
This bill:
<ul> <li>reduces the cents per gallon tax rate that is imposed on motor fuels and special</li> </ul>
fuels;
<ul> <li>imposes a percentage tax per gallon on motor fuel and special fuel based on the</li> </ul>
previous calendar year statewide average rack price of a gallon of regular unleaded
motor fuel;
<ul> <li>establishes procedures for the State Tax Commission to determine the previous</li> </ul>
calendar year statewide average rack price of a gallon of regular unleaded motor
fuel;
<ul> <li>provides that the adjusted fuel tax rate shall take effect on July 1 of each year; and</li> </ul>
makes technical corrections.
Money Appropriated in this Bill:
None
Other Special Clauses:
This bill takes effect on January 1, 2015.
<b>Utah Code Sections Affected:</b>



	AMENDS:
	59-13-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2012, Chapter 369
	59-13-201, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 308
	59-13-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2011, Chapter 259
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 59-13-102 is amended to read:
	59-13-102. Definitions.
	As used in this chapter:
	(1) "Aviation fuel" means fuel that is sold at airports and used exclusively for the
	operation of aircraft.
	(2) "Clean fuel" means:
	(a) the following special fuels:
	(i) propane;
	(ii) compressed natural gas;
	(iii) liquified natural gas; or
	(iv) electricity; or
	(b) any motor or special fuel that meets the clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal
(	Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, Title II.
	(3) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.
	(4) (a) "Diesel fuel" means any liquid that is commonly or commercially known,
	offered for sale, or used as a fuel in diesel engines.
	(b) "Diesel fuel" includes any combustible liquid, by whatever name the liquid may be
	known or sold, when the liquid is used in an internal combustion engine for the generation of
	power to operate a motor vehicle licensed to operate on the highway, except fuel that is subject
t	to the tax imposed in Part 2, Motor Fuel, and Part 4, Aviation Fuel, of this chapter.
	(5) "Distributor" means any person in this state who:
	(a) imports or causes to be imported motor fuel for use, distribution, or sale, whether at
1	retail or wholesale;
	(b) produces, refines, manufactures, or compounds motor fuel in this state for use,
	distribution, or sale in this state;

(c) is engaged in the business of purchasing motor fuel for resale in wholesale quantities to retail dealers of motor fuel and who accounts for his own motor fuel tax liability; or

- (d) for purposes of Part 4, Aviation Fuel, only, makes retail sales of aviation fuel to:
- (i) federally certificated air carriers; and
- (ii) other persons.

- (6) "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is dyed in accordance with 26 U.S.C. Sec. 4082 or United States Environmental Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service regulations and that is considered destined for nontaxable off-highway use.
- (7) "Exchange agreement" means an agreement between licensed suppliers where one is a position holder in a terminal who agrees to deliver taxable special fuel to the other supplier or the other supplier's customer at the loading rack of the terminal where the delivering supplier holds an inventory position.
- (8) "Federally certificated air carrier" means a person who holds a certificate issued by the Federal Aviation Administration authorizing the person to conduct an all-cargo operation or scheduled operation, as defined in 14 C.F.R. Sec. 110.2.
- (9) "Fuels" means any gas, liquid, solid, mixture, or other energy source which is generally used in an engine or motor for the generation of power, including aviation fuel, clean fuel, diesel fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel.
- (10) "Highway" means every way or place, of whatever nature, generally open to the use of the public for the purpose of vehicular travel notwithstanding that the way or place may be temporarily closed for the purpose of construction, maintenance, or repair.
- (11) "Motor fuel" means fuel that is commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline or gasohol and is used for any purpose, but does not include aviation fuel.
  - (12) "Motor fuels received" means:
- (a) motor fuels that have been loaded at the refinery or other place into tank cars, placed in any tank at the refinery from which any withdrawals are made directly into tank trucks, tank wagons, or other types of transportation equipment, containers, or facilities other than tank cars, or placed in any tank at the refinery from which any sales, uses, or deliveries not involving transportation are made directly; or
  - (b) motor fuels that have been imported by any person into the state from any other

90	state or territory by tank car, tank truck, pipeline, or any other conveyance at the time when,
91	and the place where, the interstate transportation of the motor fuel is completed within the state
92	by the person who at the time of the delivery is the owner of the motor fuel.
93	(13) "Oil pricing service" means an organization that:
94	(a) publishes wholesale petroleum prices within the United States;
95	(b) publishes at least 25,000 rack prices on a daily basis; and
96	(c) receives daily gasoline and diesel prices from at least 100,000 retail outlets in the
97	United States and Canada.
98	[(13)] (14) (a) "Qualified motor vehicle" means a special fuel-powered motor vehicle
99	used, designed, or maintained for transportation of persons or property which:
100	(i) has a gross vehicle weight or registered gross vehicle weight exceeding 26,000
101	pounds;
102	(ii) has three or more axles regardless of weight; or
103	(iii) is used in a combination of vehicles when the weight of the combination of
104	vehicles exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.
105	(b) "Qualified motor vehicle" does not include a recreational vehicle not used in
106	connection with any business activity.
107	[(14)] (15) "Rack," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a deck, platform, or open bay
108	which consists of a series of metered pipes and hoses for the delivery or removal of diesel fuel
109	from a refinery or terminal into a motor vehicle, rail car, or vessel.
110	[(15)] (16) "Removal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the physical transfer of
111	diesel fuel from a production, manufacturing, terminal, or refinery facility and includes use of
112	diesel fuel. Removal does not include:
113	(a) loss by evaporation or destruction; or
114	(b) transfers between refineries, racks, or terminals.
115	$[\frac{(16)}{(17)}]$ (a) "Special fuel" means any fuel regardless of name or character that:
116	(i) is usable as fuel to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon the public highways of
117	the state; and
118	(ii) is not taxed under the category of aviation or motor fuel.
119	(b) Special fuel includes:
120	(i) fuels that are not conveniently measurable on a gallonage basis; and

121	(ii) diesel fuel.
122	[(17)] (18) "Supplier," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a person who:
123	(a) imports or acquires immediately upon importation into this state diesel fuel from
124	within or without a state, territory, or possession of the United States or the District of
125	Columbia;
126	(b) produces, manufactures, refines, or blends diesel fuel in this state;
127	(c) otherwise acquires for distribution or sale in this state, diesel fuel with respect to
128	which there has been no previous taxable sale or use; or
129	(d) is in a two party exchange where the receiving party is deemed to be the supplier.
130	[(18)] (19) "Terminal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a facility for the storage
131	of diesel fuel which is supplied by a motor vehicle, pipeline, or vessel and from which diesel
132	fuel is removed for distribution at a rack.
133	[(19)] (20) "Two party exchange" means a transaction in which special fuel is
134	transferred between licensed suppliers pursuant to an exchange agreement.
135	[(20)] (21) "Undyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is not subject to the dyeing
136	requirements in accordance with 26 U.S.C. Sec. 4082 or United States Environmental
137	Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service regulations.
138	[(21)] (22) "Use," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the consumption of special
139	fuel for the operation or propulsion of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of the state
140	and includes the reception of special fuel into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle.
141	[(22)] (23) "User," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means any person who uses special
142	fuel within this state in an engine or motor for the generation of power to operate or propel a
143	motor vehicle upon the public highways of the state.
144	[(23)] (24) "Ute tribal member" means an enrolled member of the Ute tribe.
145	[(24)] (25) "Ute tribe" means the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray
146	Reservation.
147	$\left[\frac{(25)}{(26)}\right]$ "Ute trust land" means the lands:
148	(a) of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation that are held in trust by the United States for
149	the benefit of:
150	(i) the Ute tribe;
151	(ii) an individual; or

152	(iii) a group of individuals; or
153	(b) specified as trust land by agreement between the governor and the Ute tribe meeting
154	the requirements of Subsections 59-13-201.5(3) and 59-13-301.5(3).
155	Section 2. Section <b>59-13-201</b> is amended to read:
156	59-13-201. Rate Tax basis Exemptions Revenue deposited into the
157	Transportation Fund Restricted account for boating uses Refunds Reduction of tax
158	in limited circumstances.
159	(1) (a) Subject to the provisions of this section, a tax is imposed [at the rate of 24-1/2
160	cents per gallon] upon all motor fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or used in this
161	state[:] at the rate of:
162	(i) until June 30, 2015, 24-1/2 cents per gallon; and
163	(ii) beginning on July 1, 2015, 14 cents per gallon.
164	(b) (i) Beginning on July 1, 2015, and in addition to the rate imposed under Subsection
165	(1)(a), a tax is imposed at the rate of 3.69% of the statewide average rack price of a gallon of
166	motor fuel per gallon upon all motor fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or used in this
167	state.
168	(ii) Subject to the requirement under Subsection (1)(b)(iii), the statewide average rack
169	price of a gallon of motor fuel under Subsection (1)(b)(i) shall be determined by calculating the
170	previous calendar year statewide average rack price of a gallon of regular unleaded motor fuel,
171	excluding federal and state excise taxes, for the 12 months ending on the preceding December
172	31 as published by an oil pricing service.
173	(iii) The statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel determined under
174	Subsection (1)(b)(ii) may not be less than \$2.84 per gallon.
175	(iv) The commission shall annually:
176	(A) determine the statewide average rack price of a gallon of motor fuel in accordance
177	with Subsection (1)(b)(ii); $\hat{S} \rightarrow [\underline{and}] \leftarrow \hat{S}$
178	(B) adjust the fuel tax imposed under Subsection (1)(b)(i), rounded to the nearest
179	one-tenth of a cent, based on the determination under Subsection (1)(b)(ii) $\hat{S} \rightarrow ;$ and
179a	(C) post or otherwise make public the adjusted fuel tax rate as determined in
179b	Subsection (1)(b)(iv)(B) no later than 60 days prior to the annual effective date under
179c	Subsection $(1)(b)(v) \leftarrow \hat{S}$ .
180	(v) The fuel tax rate imposed under this Subsection (1)(b) and adjusted as required
181	under Subsection (1)(b)(iv) shall take effect on July 1 of each year.
182	[(b)] (c) In lieu of the [tax] taxes imposed under [Subsection] Subsections (1)(a) and

(b) and subject to the provisions of this section, a tax is imposed at the rate of 3/19 of the [rate] rates imposed under [Subsection] Subsections (1)(a) and (b), rounded up to the nearest penny, upon all motor fuels that meet the definition of clean fuel in Section 59-13-102 and are sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state.

- (2) Any increase or decrease in tax rate applies to motor fuel that is imported to the state or sold at refineries in the state on or after the effective date of the rate change.
  - (3) (a) No motor fuel tax is imposed upon:

- (i) motor fuel that is brought into and sold in this state in original packages as purely interstate commerce sales;
- (ii) motor fuel that is exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by the commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
- (iii) motor fuel or components of motor fuel that is sold and used in this state and distilled from coal, oil shale, rock asphalt, bituminous sand, or solid hydrocarbons located in this state; or
- (iv) motor fuel that is sold to the United States government, this state, or the political subdivisions of this state.
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the tax exemption provided under Subsection (3)(a)(iv).
- (4) The commission may either collect no tax on motor fuel exported from the state or, upon application, refund the tax paid.
- (5) (a) All revenue received by the commission under this part shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund.
- (b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of the motor fuel tax.
- (6) (a) The commission shall determine what amount of motor fuel tax revenue is received from the sale or use of motor fuel used in motorboats registered under the provisions of the State Boating Act, and this amount shall be deposited in a restricted revenue account in the General Fund of the state.
  - (b) The funds from this account shall be used for the construction, improvement,

operation, and maintenance of state-owned boating facilities and for the payment of the costs and expenses of the Division of Parks and Recreation in administering and enforcing the State Boating Act.

- (7) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state that has purchased motor fuel from a licensed distributor or from a retail dealer of motor fuel and has paid the tax on the motor fuel as provided in this section is entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund.
- (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection (7)(a).
- (8) (a) The commission shall refund annually into the Off-Highway Vehicle Account in the General Fund an amount equal to the lesser of the following:
  - (i) .5% of the motor fuel tax revenues collected under this section; or
- 228 (ii) \$1,050,000.

- (b) This amount shall be used as provided in Section 41-22-19.
- (9) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on motor fuel that is sold, used, or received for sale or use in this state is reduced to the extent provided in Subsection (9)(b) if:
- (i) a tax imposed on the basis of the sale, use, or receipt for sale or use of the motor fuel is paid to the Navajo Nation;
- (ii) the tax described in Subsection (9)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether or not the person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
- (iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as provided in this Subsection (9) for the administration of the reduction of tax.
- (b) (i) If but for Subsection (9)(a) the motor fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this section:
- (A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii) if that difference is greater than \$0; and
- 243 (B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief 244 if the difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.

245	(ii) The difference described in Subsection (9)(b)(i) is equal to the difference between:
246	(A) the amount of tax imposed on the motor fuel by this section; less
247	(B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the motor fuel.
248	(c) For purposes of Subsections (9)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation under
249	a tax imposed by the Navajo Nation on the basis of the sale, use, or receipt for sale or use of
250	motor fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to the
251	Navajo Nation.
252	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
253	commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax
254	provided under this Subsection (9).
255	(e) The agreement required under Subsection (9)(a):
256	(i) may not:
257	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
258	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described
259	in this Subsection (9); or
260	(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;
261	(ii) shall:
262	(A) be in writing;
263	(B) be signed by:
264	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
265	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
266	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
267	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
268	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
269	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo
270	Nation; and
271	(iii) may:
272	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
273	Navajo Nation information that is:
274	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
275	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section:

2/6	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
277	(C) provide for inspections or audits of distributors, carriers, or retailers located or
278	doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
279	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
280	imposed on motor fuel, any change in the reduction of taxes under this Subsection (9) as a
281	result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the calendar quarter after
282	a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
283	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
284	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (9)(f)(ii).
285	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (9)(f)(i) shall state:
286	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on
287	motor fuel;
288	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection (9)(f)(ii)(A);
289	and
290	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (9)(f)(ii)(A).
291	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (9)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not
292	permitted under this Subsection (9) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
293	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
294	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (9) and the agreement required by
295	Subsection (9)(a), this Subsection (9) governs.
296	Section 3. Section <b>59-13-301</b> is amended to read:
297	59-13-301. Tax basis Rate Exemptions Revenue deposited with treasurer
298	and credited to Transportation Fund Reduction of tax in limited circumstances.
299	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2), (3), (11), and (12) and Section
300	59-13-304, a tax is imposed at the same [rate] rates imposed under [Subsection] Subsections
301	59-13-201(1)(a) <u>and (b)</u> on the:
302	(i) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any refinery;
303	(ii) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any terminal;
304	(iii) entry into the state of any undyed diesel fuel for consumption, use, sale, or
305	warehousing;
306	(iv) sale of undyed diesel fuel to any person who is not registered as a supplier under

307	this part unless the tax has been collected under this section;
308	(v) any untaxed special fuel blended with undyed diesel fuel; or
309	(vi) use of untaxed special fuel other than propane or electricity.
310	(b) The tax imposed under this section shall only be imposed once upon any special
311	fuel.
312	(2) (a) No special fuel tax is imposed or collected upon dyed diesel fuel which:
313	(i) is sold or used for any purpose other than to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon
314	the public highways of the state, but this exemption applies only in those cases where the
315	purchasers or the users of special fuel establish to the satisfaction of the commission that the
316	special fuel was used for purposes other than to operate a motor vehicle upon the public
317	highways of the state; or
318	(ii) is sold to this state or any of its political subdivisions.
319	(b) No special fuel tax is imposed on undyed diesel fuel or clean fuel that is:
320	(i) sold to the United States government or any of its instrumentalities or to this state or
321	any of its political subdivisions;
322	(ii) exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by the
323	commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
324	(iii) used in a vehicle off-highway;
325	(iv) used to operate a power take-off unit of a vehicle;
326	(v) used for off-highway agricultural uses;
327	(vi) used in a separately fueled engine on a vehicle that does not propel the vehicle
328	upon the highways of the state; or
329	(vii) used in machinery and equipment not registered and not required to be registered
330	for highway use.
331	(3) No tax is imposed or collected on special fuel if it is:
332	(a) (i) purchased for business use in machinery and equipment not registered and not
333	required to be registered for highway use; and
334	(ii) used pursuant to the conditions of a state implementation plan approved under Title
335	19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act; or
336	(b) propane or electricity.
337	(4) Upon request of a buyer meeting the requirements under Subsection (3), the

Division of Air Quality shall issue an exemption certificate that may be shown to a seller.

(5) The special fuel tax shall be paid by the supplier.

- 340 (6) (a) The special fuel tax shall be paid by every user who is required by Sections 341 59-13-303 and 59-13-305 to obtain a special fuel user permit and file special fuel tax reports.
  - (b) The user shall receive a refundable credit for special fuel taxes paid on purchases which are delivered into vehicles and for which special fuel tax liability is reported.
  - (7) (a) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(b) and (c), all revenue received by the commission from taxes and license fees under this part shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund.
  - (b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of the special fuel tax.
  - (c) Five dollars of each special fuel user trip permit fee paid under Section 59-13-303 may be used by the commission as a dedicated credit to cover the costs of electronic credentialing as provided in Section 41-1a-303.
  - (8) The commission may either collect no tax on special fuel exported from the state or, upon application, refund the tax paid.
  - (9) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state that has purchased special fuel from a supplier or from a retail dealer of special fuel and has paid the tax on the special fuel as provided in this section is entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund in a manner prescribed by the commission.
  - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection (9)(a).
  - (10) (a) The purchaser shall pay the tax on diesel fuel or clean fuel purchased for uses under Subsections (2)(b)(i), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii) and apply for a refund for the tax paid as provided in Subsection (9) and this Subsection (10).
  - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund for off-highway and nonhighway uses provided under Subsections (2)(b)(iii), (iv), (vi), and (vii).

369	(c) A refund of tax paid under this part on diesel fuel used for nonhighway agricultural
370	uses shall be made in accordance with the tax return procedures under Section 59-13-202.
371	(11) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on special fuel is
372	reduced to the extent provided in Subsection (11)(b) if:
373	(i) the Navajo Nation imposes a tax on the special fuel;
374	(ii) the tax described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether the
375	person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
376	(iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as
377	provided in this Subsection (11) for the administration of the reduction of tax.
378	(b) (i) If but for Subsection (11)(a) the special fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this
379	section:
380	(A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) if that
381	difference is greater than \$0; and
382	(B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief
383	if the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.
384	(ii) The difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(i) is equal to the difference
385	between:
386	(A) the amount of tax imposed on the special fuel by this section; less
387	(B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the special fuel.
388	(c) For purposes of Subsections (11)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation on
389	the special fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to
390	the Navajo Nation.
391	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
392	commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax
393	provided under this Subsection (11).
394	(e) The agreement required under Subsection (11)(a):
395	(i) may not:
396	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
397	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described

(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;

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in this Subsection (11); or

400	(ii) shall:
401	(A) be in writing;
402	(B) be signed by:
403	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
404	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
405	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
406	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
407	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
408	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo
409	Nation; and
410	(iii) may:
411	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
412	Navajo Nation information that is:
413	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
414	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section;
415	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
416	(C) provide for inspections or audits of suppliers, distributors, carriers, or retailers
417	located or doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
418	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
419	imposed on special fuel, any change in the amount of the reduction of taxes under this
420	Subsection (11) as a result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the
421	calendar quarter after a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
422	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
423	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (11)(f)(ii).
424	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (11)(f)(i) shall state:
425	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on
426	special fuel;
427	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection
428	(11)(f)(ii)(A); and
429	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (11)(f)(ii)(A).
430	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (11)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not

431	permitted under this Subsection (11) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
432	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
433	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (11) and the agreement required by
434	Subsection (11)(a), this Subsection (11) governs.
435	(12) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2009, a tax imposed under this section on compressed
436	natural gas is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be
437	increased [or decreased] proportionately with any increase [or decrease] in the rate in
438	Subsection 59-13-201(1)(a).
439	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2011, a tax imposed under this section on liquified natural gas
440	is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be increased [or
441	decreased] proportionately with any increase [or decrease] in the rate in Subsection
442	59-13-201(1)(a).
443	Section 4. Effective date.
444	This bill takes effect on January 1, 2015.

Legislative Review Note as of 2-7-14 2:46 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel