	LOCAL GOVERNMENT OFFICE AMENDMENTS
	2019 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Evan J. Vickers
	House Sponsor:
LONG 1	TITLE
General	Description:
Т	his bill prohibits an individual from serving in certain local government offices at the
same tim	e.
Highligh	ted Provisions:
Т	his bill:
•	prohibits an individual from serving as a member of the governing body of a
municipa	lity at the same time the individual serves as a member of a county
commiss	ion.
Money A	Appropriated in this Bill:
N	lone
Other Sj	pecial Clauses:
N	lone
Utah Co	de Sections Affected:
AMEND	vS:
1	0-3-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 91 and 137
1	7-16-6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 68
Be it ena	cted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
S	ection 1. Section 10-3-301 is amended to read:
1	0-3-301. Notice Eligibility and residency requirements for elected municipal

S.B. 50

office Mayor and recorder limitations.
(1) As used in this section:
(a) "Absent" means that an elected municipal officer fails to perform official duties,
including the officer's failure to attend each regularly scheduled meeting that the officer is
required to attend.
(b) "Principal place of residence" means the same as that term is defined in Section
20A-2-105.
(c) "Secondary residence" means a place where an individual resides other than the
individual's principal place of residence.
(2) (a) On or before May 1 in a year in which there is a municipal general election, the
municipal clerk shall publish a notice that identifies:
(i) the municipal offices to be voted on in the municipal general election; and
(ii) the dates for filing a declaration of candidacy for the offices identified under
Subsection (2)(a)(i).
(b) The municipal clerk shall publish the notice described in Subsection (2)(a):
(i) on the Utah Public Notice Website established by Section 63F-1-701; and
(ii) in at least one of the following ways:
(A) at the principal office of the municipality;
(B) in a newspaper of general circulation within the municipality at least once a week
for two successive weeks in accordance with Section 45-1-101;
(C) in a newsletter produced by the municipality;
(D) on a website operated by the municipality; or
(E) with a utility enterprise fund customer's bill.
(3) (a) An individual who files a declaration of candidacy for a municipal office shall
comply with the requirements described in Section 20A-9-203.
(b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the city recorder or town clerk of
each municipality shall maintain office hours 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the dates described in
Subsections 20A-9-203(3)(a)(i) and (b)(i) unless the date occurs on a:
(A) Saturday or Sunday; or
(B) state holiday as listed in Section 63G-1-301.
(ii) If on a regular basis a city recorder or town clerk maintains an office schedule that

59	is less than 40 hours per week, the city recorder or town clerk may comply with Subsection
60	(3)(b)(i) without maintaining office hours by:
61	(A) posting the recorder's or clerk's contact information, including a phone number and
62	email address, on the recorder's or clerk's office door, the main door to the municipal offices,
63	and, if available, on the municipal website; and
64	(B) being available from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on the dates described in Subsection (3)(b)(i),
65	via the contact information described in Subsection (2)(b)(ii)(A).
66	(4) An individual elected to municipal office shall be a registered voter in the
67	municipality in which the individual is elected.
68	(5) (a) Each elected officer of a municipality shall maintain a principal place of
69	residence within the municipality during the officer's term of office.
70	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (6), an elected municipal office is automatically
71	vacant if the officer elected to the municipal office, during the officer's term of office:
72	(i) establishes a principal place of residence outside the municipality;
73	(ii) resides at a secondary residence outside the municipality for a continuous period of
74	more than 60 days while still maintaining a principal place of residence within the
75	municipality;
76	(iii) is absent from the municipality for a continuous period of more than 60 days; or
77	(iv) fails to respond to a request, within 30 days after the day on which the elected
78	officer receives the request, from the county clerk or the lieutenant governor seeking
79	information to determine the officer's residency.
80	(6) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (5), if an elected municipal officer obtains the
81	consent of the municipal legislative body in accordance with Subsection (6)(b) before the
82	expiration of the 60-day period described in Subsection (5)(b)(ii) or (iii), the officer may:
83	(i) reside at a secondary residence outside the municipality while still maintaining a
84	principal place of residence within the municipality for a continuous period of up to one year
85	during the officer's term of office; or
86	(ii) be absent from the municipality for a continuous period of up to one year during
87	the officer's term of office.
88	(b) At a public meeting, the municipal legislative body may give the consent described
89	in Subsection (6)(a) by majority vote after taking public comment regarding:

90	(i) whether the legislative body should give the consent; and
91	(ii) the length of time to which the legislative body should consent.
92	(7) (a) The mayor of a municipality may not also serve as the municipal recorder or
93	treasurer.
94	(b) The recorder of a municipality may not also serve as the municipal treasurer.
95	(c) A member of a county commission may not also serve as a member of the
96	governing body of a municipality.
97	Section 2. Section 17-16-6 is amended to read:
98	17-16-6. County officers Time of holding elections County commissioners
99	Terms of office.
100	(1) Except as otherwise provided in an optional plan adopted under Chapter 52a,
101	Changing Forms of County Government:
102	(a) each elected county officer shall be elected at the regular general election every four
103	years in accordance with Section 20A-1-201, except as otherwise provided in this title;
104	(b) county commissioners shall be elected at the times, in the manner, and for the terms
105	provided in Section 17-52a-201; and
106	(c) an elected officer shall hold office for the term for which the officer is elected,
107	beginning at noon on the first Monday in January following the officer's election and until a
108	successor is elected or appointed and qualified, except as provided in Section 17-16-1.
109	(2) (a) The terms of county officers shall be staggered in accordance with this
110	Subsection (2).
111	(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(c), in the 2014 general election:
112	(i) the following county officers shall be elected to one six-year term and thereafter
113	elected to a four-year term:
114	(A) county treasurer;
115	(B) county recorder;
116	(C) county surveyor; and
117	(D) county assessor; and
118	(ii) all other county officers shall be elected to a four-year term.
119	(c) If a county legislative body consolidates two or more county offices in accordance
120	with Section 17-16-3, and the consolidated offices are on conflicting election schedules, the

- 121 county legislative body shall pass an ordinance that sets the election schedule for the
- 122 consolidated offices in a reasonable manner that staggers the terms of county officers as
- 123 provided in this Subsection (2).
- 124 (3) A member of the governing body of a municipality may not also serve as a member
- 125 <u>of a county commission.</u>