	AFFORDABLE HOUSING AMENDMENTS
	2020 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Jacob L. Anderegg
	House Sponsor:
LONG	
Commi	ttee Note:
,	The Economic Development and Workforce Services Interim Committee recommended
this bill.	
	Legislative Vote: 7 voting for 5 voting against 5 absent
Genera	l Description:
,	This bill modifies provisions related to affordable housing.
Highlig	hted Provisions:
,	This bill:
I	 modifies the allowable uses for a community reinvestment agency's housing
allocatio	on;
I	 modifies the requirements for distributing money from the Olene Walker Housing
Loan Fu	ınd;
I	• authorizes the Housing and Community Development Division (the division) to
partner	with one or more housing authorities or other entities to provide rental
assistan	ce;
I	• authorizes the division to partner with the State Board of Education and one or more
housing	authorities or other entities to identify and to provide rental assistance to
families	with children who are homeless or are at risk of homelessness;
I	 allows low-income housing tax credits to be assigned to another tax payer;
I	 modifies the distribution of excess money in the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund;

28	and
29	 makes technical changes.
30	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
31	This bill appropriates in fiscal year 2021:
32	 to the Department of Workforce Services Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund as a
33	one-time appropriation:
34	• from the General Fund, \$20,300,000; and
35	 to the Department of Workforce Services Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund as an
36	ongoing appropriation:
37	• from the General Fund, \$10,000,000.
38	Other Special Clauses:
39	None
40	Utah Code Sections Affected:
41	AMENDS:
42	17C-1-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 376 and 480
43	17C-1-412, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 296 and 376
44	35A-8-504, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapters 131 and 350
45	35A-8-505, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 327
46	59-7-607, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 279
47	59-10-1010, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 279
48	67-4a-801, as repealed and reenacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 371
49	67-4a-803, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 371
50	ENACTS:
51	35A-8-507.1 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
52	35A-8-507.2 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
53	
54	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
55	Section 1. Section 17C-1-102 is amended to read:
56	17C-1-102. Definitions.
57	As used in this title:
58	(1) "Active project area" means a project area that has not been dissolved in accordance

59	with Section 17C-1-702.
60	(2) "Adjusted tax increment" means the percentage of tax increment, if less than 100%,
61	that an agency is authorized to receive:
62	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-403, excluding tax
63	increment under Subsection 17C-1-403(3);
64	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993, project area plan, under Section 17C-1-404, excluding tax
65	increment under Section 17C-1-406;
66	(c) under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee; or
67	(d) under an interlocal agreement that authorizes the agency to receive a taxing entity's
68	tax increment.
69	(3) "Affordable housing" means housing owned or occupied by a low or moderate
70	income family, as determined by resolution of the agency.
71	(4) "Agency" or "community reinvestment agency" means a separate body corporate
72	and politic, created under Section 17C-1-201.5 or as a redevelopment agency or community
73	development and renewal agency under previous law:
74	(a) that is a political subdivision of the state;
75	(b) that is created to undertake or promote project area development as provided in this
76	title; and
77	(c) whose geographic boundaries are coterminous with:
78	(i) for an agency created by a county, the unincorporated area of the county; and
79	(ii) for an agency created by a municipality, the boundaries of the municipality.
80	(5) "Agency funds" means money that an agency collects or receives for agency
81	operations, implementing a project area plan, or other agency purposes, including:
82	(a) project area funds;
83	(b) income, proceeds, revenue, or property derived from or held in connection with the
84	agency's undertaking and implementation of project area development; or
85	(c) a contribution, loan, grant, or other financial assistance from any public or private
86	source.
87	(6) "Annual income" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the
88	United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Sec. 5.609, as
89	amended or as superseded by replacement regulations.

90	(7) "Assessment roll" means the same as that term is defined in Section $59-2-102$.
91	(8) "Base taxable value" means, unless otherwise adjusted in accordance with
92	provisions of this title, a property's taxable value as shown upon the assessment roll last
93	equalized during the base year.
94	(9) "Base year" means, except as provided in Subsection 17C-1-402(4)(c), the year
95	during which the assessment roll is last equalized:
96	(a) for a pre-July 1, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area plan,
97	before the project area plan's effective date;
98	(b) for a post-June 30, 1993, urban renewal or economic development project area
99	plan, or a community reinvestment project area plan that is subject to a taxing entity
100	committee:
101	(i) before the date on which the taxing entity committee approves the project area
102	budget; or
103	(ii) if taxing entity committee approval is not required for the project area budget,
104	before the date on which the community legislative body adopts the project area plan;
105	(c) for a project on an inactive airport site, after the later of:
106	(i) the date on which the inactive airport site is sold for remediation and development;
107	or
108	(ii) the date on which the airport that operated on the inactive airport site ceased
109	operations; or
110	(d) for a community development project area plan or a community reinvestment
111	project area plan that is subject to an interlocal agreement, as described in the interlocal
112	agreement.
113	(10) "Basic levy" means the portion of a school district's tax levy constituting the
114	minimum basic levy under Section 59-2-902.
115	(11) "Board" means the governing body of an agency, as described in Section
116	17C-1-203.
117	(12) "Budget hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area budget
118	required under Subsection 17C-2-201(2)(d) for an urban renewal project area budget,
119	Subsection 17C-3-201(2)(d) for an economic development project area budget, or Subsection
120	17C-5-302(2)(e) for a community reinvestment project area budget.

121	(13) "Closed military base" means land within a former military base that the Defense
122	Base Closure and Realignment Commission has voted to close or realign when that action has
123	been sustained by the president of the United States and Congress.
124	(14) "Combined incremental value" means the combined total of all incremental values
125	from all project areas, except project areas that contain some or all of a military installation or
126	inactive industrial site, within the agency's boundaries under project area plans and project area
127	budgets at the time that a project area budget for a new project area is being considered.
128	(15) "Community" means a county or municipality.
129	(16) "Community development project area plan" means a project area plan adopted
130	under Chapter 4, Part 1, Community Development Project Area Plan.
131	(17) "Community legislative body" means the legislative body of the community that
132	created the agency.
133	(18) "Community reinvestment project area plan" means a project area plan adopted
134	under Chapter 5, Part 1, Community Reinvestment Project Area Plan.
135	(19) "Contest" means to file a written complaint in the district court of the county in
136	which the agency is located.
137	(20) "Development impediment" means a condition of an area that meets the
138	requirements described in Section 17C-2-303 for an urban renewal project area or Section
139	17C-5-405 for a community reinvestment project area.
140	(21) "Development impediment hearing" means a public hearing regarding whether a
141	development impediment exists within a proposed:
142	(a) urban renewal project area under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(i)(C) and Section
143	17C-2-302; or
144	(b) community reinvestment project area under Section 17C-5-404.
145	(22) "Development impediment study" means a study to determine whether a
146	development impediment exists within a survey area as described in Section 17C-2-301 for an
147	urban renewal project area or Section 17C-5-403 for a community reinvestment project area.
148	(23) "Economic development project area plan" means a project area plan adopted
149	under Chapter 3, Part 1, Economic Development Project Area Plan.
150	(24) "Fair share ratio" means the ratio derived by:
151	(a) for a municipality, comparing the percentage of all housing units within the

S.B. 39 152 municipality that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing units to the percentage of all 153 housing units within the county in which the municipality is located that are publicly 154 subsidized income targeted housing units; or 155 (b) for the unincorporated part of a county, comparing the percentage of all housing 156 units within the unincorporated county that are publicly subsidized income targeted housing 157 units to the percentage of all housing units within the whole county that are publicly subsidized 158 income targeted housing units. 159 (25) "Family" means the same as that term is defined in regulations of the United 160 States Department of Housing and Urban Development, 24 C.F.R. Section 5.403, as amended 161 or as superseded by replacement regulations. 162 (26) "Greenfield" means land not developed beyond agricultural, range, or forestry use. (27) "Hazardous waste" means any substance defined, regulated, or listed as a 163 164 hazardous substance, hazardous material, hazardous waste, toxic waste, pollutant, contaminant, 165 or toxic substance, or identified as hazardous to human health or the environment, under state 166 or federal law or regulation. 167 (28) "Housing allocation" means project area funds allocated for housing under Section 168 17C-2-203, 17C-3-202, or 17C-5-307 for the purposes described in Section 17C-1-412.

169 (29) "Housing fund" means a fund created by an agency for purposes described in 170 Section 17C-1-411 or 17C-1-412 that is comprised of:

- 171 (a) project area funds allocated for the purposes described in Section 17C-1-411; or
- 172 (b) an agency's housing allocation.
- 173 (30) (a) "Inactive airport site" means land that:
- 174 (i) consists of at least 100 acres;
- 175 (ii) is occupied by an airport:
- 176 (A) (I) that is no longer in operation as an airport; or
- 177 (II) (Aa) that is scheduled to be decommissioned; and
- 178 (Bb) for which a replacement commercial service airport is under construction; and
- 179 (B) that is owned or was formerly owned and operated by a public entity; and
- 180 (iii) requires remediation because:
- 181 (A) of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste; or
- 182 (B) the site lacks sufficient public infrastructure and facilities, including public roads,

183 electric service, water system, and sewer system, needed to support development of the site. 184 (b) "Inactive airport site" includes a perimeter of up to 2,500 feet around the land 185 described in Subsection (30)(a). 186 (31) (a) "Inactive industrial site" means land that: 187 (i) consists of at least 1,000 acres; 188 (ii) is occupied by an inactive or abandoned factory, smelter, or other heavy industrial 189 facility; and 190 (iii) requires remediation because of the presence of hazardous waste or solid waste. 191 (b) "Inactive industrial site" includes a perimeter of up to 1,500 feet around the land 192 described in Subsection (31)(a). 193 (32) "Income targeted housing" means housing that is owned or occupied by a family 194 whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median annual income for a family within the 195 county in which the housing is located. (33) "Incremental value" means a figure derived by multiplying the marginal value of 196 197 the property located within a project area on which tax increment is collected by a number that 198 represents the adjusted tax increment from that project area that is paid to the agency. 199 (34) "Loan fund board" means the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund Board, 200 established under Title 35A, Chapter 8, Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund. 201 (35) (a) "Local government building" means a building owned and operated by a 202 community for the primary purpose of providing one or more primary community functions, 203 including: 204 (i) a fire station; 205 (ii) a police station; 206 (iii) a city hall; or 207 (iv) a court or other judicial building. 208 (b) "Local government building" does not include a building the primary purpose of 209 which is cultural or recreational in nature. 210 (36) "Marginal value" means the difference between actual taxable value and base 211 taxable value. 212 (37) "Military installation project area" means a project area or a portion of a project 213 area located within a federal military installation ordered closed by the federal Defense Base

214	Realignment and Closure Commission.
215	(38) "Municipality" means a city, town, or metro township as defined in Section
216	10-2a-403.
217	(39) "Participant" means one or more persons that enter into a participation agreement
218	with an agency.
219	(40) "Participation agreement" means a written agreement between a person and an
220	agency that:
221	(a) includes a description of:
222	(i) the project area development that the person will undertake;
223	(ii) the amount of project area funds the person may receive; and
224	(iii) the terms and conditions under which the person may receive project area funds;
225	and
226	(b) is approved by resolution of the board.
227	(41) "Plan hearing" means the public hearing on a proposed project area plan required
228	under Subsection 17C-2-102(1)(a)(vi) for an urban renewal project area plan, Subsection
229	17C-3-102(1)(d) for an economic development project area plan, Subsection 17C-4-102(1)(d)
230	for a community development project area plan, or Subsection 17C-5-104(3)(e) for a
231	community reinvestment project area plan.
232	(42) "Post-June 30, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted on or
233	after July 1, 1993, and before May 10, 2016, whether or not amended subsequent to the project
234	area plan's adoption.
235	(43) "Pre-July 1, 1993, project area plan" means a project area plan adopted before July
236	1, 1993, whether or not amended subsequent to the project area plan's adoption.
237	(44) "Private," with respect to real property, means property not owned by a public
238	entity or any other governmental entity.
239	(45) "Project area" means the geographic area described in a project area plan within
240	which the project area development described in the project area plan takes place or is
241	proposed to take place.
242	(46) "Project area budget" means a multiyear projection of annual or cumulative
243	revenues and expenses and other fiscal matters pertaining to a project area prepared in
244	accordance with:

245	(a) for an urban renewal project area, Section 17C-2-201;
246	(b) for an economic development project area, Section 17C-3-201;
247	(c) for a community development project area, Section 17C-4-204; or
248	(d) for a community reinvestment project area, Section 17C-5-302.
249	(47) "Project area development" means activity within a project area that, as
250	determined by the board, encourages, promotes, or provides development or redevelopment for
251	the purpose of implementing a project area plan, including:
252	(a) promoting, creating, or retaining public or private jobs within the state or a
253	community;
254	(b) providing office, manufacturing, warehousing, distribution, parking, or other
255	facilities or improvements;
256	(c) planning, designing, demolishing, clearing, constructing, rehabilitating, or
257	remediating environmental issues;
258	(d) providing residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other structures or spaces,
259	including recreational and other facilities incidental or appurtenant to the structures or spaces;
260	(e) altering, improving, modernizing, demolishing, reconstructing, or rehabilitating
261	existing structures;
262	(f) providing open space, including streets or other public grounds or space around
263	buildings;
264	(g) providing public or private buildings, infrastructure, structures, or improvements;
265	(h) relocating a business;
266	(i) improving public or private recreation areas or other public grounds;
267	(j) eliminating a development impediment or the causes of a development impediment;
268	(k) redevelopment as defined under the law in effect before May 1, 2006; or
269	(l) any activity described in this Subsection (47) outside of a project area that the board
270	determines to be a benefit to the project area.
271	(48) "Project area funds" means tax increment or sales and use tax revenue that an
272	agency receives under a project area budget adopted by a taxing entity committee or an
273	interlocal agreement.
274	(49) "Project area funds collection period" means the period of time that:
275	(a) begins the day on which the first payment of project area funds is distributed to an

276	agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an interlocal
277	agreement; and
278	(b) ends the day on which the last payment of project area funds is distributed to an
279	agency under a project area budget approved by a taxing entity committee or an interlocal
280	agreement.
281	(50) "Project area plan" means an urban renewal project area plan, an economic
282	development project area plan, a community development project area plan, or a community
283	reinvestment project area plan that, after the project area plan's effective date, guides and
284	controls the project area development.
285	(51) (a) "Property tax" means each levy on an ad valorem basis on tangible or
286	intangible personal or real property.
287	(b) "Property tax" includes a privilege tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 4, Privilege
288	Tax.
289	(52) "Public entity" means:
290	(a) the United States, including an agency of the United States;
291	(b) the state, including any of the state's departments or agencies; or
292	(c) a political subdivision of the state, including a county, municipality, school district,
293	local district, special service district, community reinvestment agency, or interlocal cooperation
294	entity.
295	(53) "Publicly owned infrastructure and improvements" means water, sewer, storm
296	drainage, electrical, natural gas, telecommunication, or other similar systems and lines, streets,
297	roads, curb, gutter, sidewalk, walkways, parking facilities, public transportation facilities, or
298	other facilities, infrastructure, and improvements benefitting the public and to be publicly
299	owned or publicly maintained or operated.
300	(54) "Record property owner" or "record owner of property" means the owner of real
301	property, as shown on the records of the county in which the property is located, to whom the
302	property's tax notice is sent.
303	(55) "Sales and use tax revenue" means revenue that is:
304	(a) generated from a tax imposed under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act;
305	and
306	(b) distributed to a taxing entity in accordance with Sections 59-12-204 and 59-12-205.

307 (56) "Superfund site": 308 (a) means an area included in the National Priorities List under the Comprehensive 309 Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9605; and 310 (b) includes an area formerly included in the National Priorities List, as described in 311 Subsection (56)(a), but removed from the list following remediation that leaves on site the 312 waste that caused the area to be included in the National Priorities List. 313 (57) "Survey area" means a geographic area designated for study by a survey area 314 resolution to determine whether: 315 (a) one or more project areas within the survey area are feasible; or 316 (b) a development impediment exists within the survey area. 317 (58) "Survey area resolution" means a resolution adopted by a board that designates a 318 survey area. 319 (59) "Taxable value" means: 320 (a) the taxable value of all real property a county assessor assesses in accordance with 321 Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, for the current year; 322 (b) the taxable value of all real and personal property the commission assesses in accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 2, Assessment of Property, for the current year; and 323 324 (c) the year end taxable value of all personal property a county assessor assesses in 325 accordance with Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 3, County Assessment, contained on the prior year's 326 tax rolls of the taxing entity. 327 (60) (a) "Tax increment" means the difference between: 328 (i) the amount of property tax revenue generated each tax year by a taxing entity from 329 the area within a project area designated in the project area plan as the area from which tax 330 increment is to be collected, using the current assessed value of the property and each taxing 331 entity's current certified tax rate as defined in Section 59-2-924; and 332 (ii) the amount of property tax revenue that would be generated from that same area 333 using the base taxable value of the property and each taxing entity's current certified tax rate as 334 defined in Section 59-2-924. 335 (b) "Tax increment" does not include taxes levied and collected under Section 336 59-2-1602 on or after January 1, 1994, upon the taxable property in the project area unless: 337 (i) the project area plan was adopted before May 4, 1993, whether or not the project

338	area plan was subsequently amended; and
339	(ii) the taxes were pledged to support bond indebtedness or other contractual
340	obligations of the agency.
341	(61) "Taxing entity" means a public entity that:
342	(a) levies a tax on property located within a project area; or
343	(b) imposes a sales and use tax under Title 59, Chapter 12, Sales and Use Tax Act.
344	(62) "Taxing entity committee" means a committee representing the interests of taxing
345	entities, created in accordance with Section 17C-1-402.
346	(63) "Transit investment corridor" means public transit service that uses or occupies:
347	(a) public transit rail right-of-way;
348	(b) dedicated road right-of-way for the use of public transit, such as bus rapid transit;
349	<u>or</u>
350	(c) fixed-route bus corridors subject to an interlocal agreement or contract between a
351	municipality or county and:
352	(i) a public transit district as defined in Section 17B-2a-802; or
353	(ii) an eligible political subdivision as defined in Section 59-12-2219.
354	[(63)] (64) "Unincorporated" means not within a municipality.
355	[(64)] (65) "Urban renewal project area plan" means a project area plan adopted under
356	Chapter 2, Part 1, Urban Renewal Project Area Plan.
357	Section 2. Section 17C-1-412 is amended to read:
358	17C-1-412. Use of housing allocation Separate accounting required Issuance
359	of bonds for housing Action to compel agency to provide housing allocation.
360	(1) (a) An agency shall use the agency's housing allocation to:
361	(i) pay part or all of the cost of land or construction of income targeted housing within
362	the boundary of the agency, if practicable in a mixed income development or area;
363	(ii) pay part or all of the cost of rehabilitation of income targeted housing within the
364	boundary of the agency;
365	(iii) lend, grant, or contribute money to a person, public entity, housing authority,
366	private entity or business, or nonprofit corporation for income targeted housing within the
367	boundary of the agency;
368	(iv) plan or otherwise promote income targeted housing within the boundary of the

369	agency;
370	(v) pay part or all of the cost of land or installation, construction, or rehabilitation of
371	any building, facility, structure, or other housing improvement, including infrastructure
372	improvements, related to housing located in a project area where a board has determined that a
373	development impediment exists;
374	(vi) replace housing units lost as a result of the project area development;
375	(vii) make payments on or establish a reserve fund for bonds:
376	(A) issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority that provides
377	income targeted housing within the community; and
378	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which are used within the community for the purposes
379	stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
380	(viii) if the community's fair share ratio at the time of the first adoption of the project
381	area budget is at least 1.1 to 1.0, make payments on bonds:
382	(A) that were previously issued by the agency, the community, or the housing authority
383	that provides income targeted housing within the community; and
384	(B) all or part of the proceeds of which were used within the community for the
385	purposes stated in Subsection (1)(a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), (v), or (vi);
386	(ix) relocate mobile home park residents displaced by project area development;
387	(x) subject to Subsection [(6)] (7), transfer funds to a community that created the
388	agency; or
389	(xi) pay for or make a contribution toward the acquisition, construction, or
390	rehabilitation of housing that:
391	(A) is located in the same county as the agency;
392	(B) is owned in whole or in [party] part by, or is dedicated to supporting, a public
393	nonprofit college or university; and
394	(C) only students of the relevant college or university, including the students'
395	immediate families, occupy.
396	(b) As an alternative to the requirements of Subsection (1)(a), an agency may pay all or
397	any portion of the agency's housing allocation to:
398	(i) the community for use as described in Subsection (1)(a);

399 (ii) a housing authority that provides income targeted housing within the community

400	for use in providing income targeted housing within the community;
401	(iii) a housing authority established by the county in which the agency is located for
402	providing:
403	(A) income targeted housing within the county;
404	(B) permanent housing, permanent supportive housing, or a transitional facility, as
405	defined in Section 35A-5-302, within the county; or
406	(C) homeless assistance within the county; [or]
407	(iv) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, established under Title 35A, Chapter 8,
408	Part 5, Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund, for use in providing income targeted housing within
409	the community[.]; or
410	(v) pay for or make a contribution toward the acquisition, construction, or
411	rehabilitation of income targeted housing that is outside of the community if the housing is
412	located along or near a transit investment corridor that services the community and the related
413	project has been approved by the community in which the housing is or will be located.
414	(2) (a) An agency may combine all or any portion of the agency's housing allocation
415	with all or any portion of one or more additional agency's housing allocations if the agencies
416	execute an interlocal agreement in accordance with Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation
417	Act.
418	(b) An agency that has entered into an interlocal agreement as described in Subsection
419	(2)(a), meets the requirements of Subsection (1)(a) or (1)(b) if the use of the housing allocation
420	meets the requirements for at least one agency that is a party to the interlocal agreement.
421	[(2)] (3) The agency shall create a housing fund and separately account for the agency's
422	housing allocation, together with all interest earned by the housing allocation and all payments
423	or repayments for loans, advances, or grants from the housing allocation.
424	[(3)] (4) An agency may:
425	(a) issue bonds to finance a housing-related project under this section, including the
426	payment of principal and interest upon advances for surveys and plans or preliminary loans;
427	and
428	(b) issue refunding bonds for the payment or retirement of bonds under Subsection
429	[(3)] (4)(a) previously issued by the agency.
430	[(4)] (5) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(b), an agency shall allocate

431	money to the housing fund each year in which the agency receives sufficient tax increment to
432	make a housing allocation required by the project area budget.
433	(b) Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(a) does not apply in a year in which tax increment is
434	insufficient.
435	[(5)] (6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection $[(4)]$ (5)(b), if an agency fails to provide
436	a housing allocation in accordance with the project area budget and the housing plan adopted
437	under Subsection 17C-2-204(2), the loan fund board may bring legal action to compel the
438	agency to provide the housing allocation.
439	(b) In an action under Subsection $[(5)]$ (6)(a), the court:
440	(i) shall award the loan fund board reasonable attorney fees, unless the court finds that
441	the action was frivolous; and
442	(ii) may not award the agency the agency's attorney fees, unless the court finds that the
443	action was frivolous.
444	[(6)] (7) For the purpose of offsetting the community's annual local contribution to the
445	Homeless Shelter Cities Mitigation Restricted Account, the total amount an agency transfers in
446	a calendar year to a community under Subsections (1)(a)(x), 17C-1-409(1)(a)(v), and
447	17C-1-411(1)(d) may not exceed the community's annual local contribution as defined in
448	Section 35A-8-606.
449	Section 3. Section 35A-8-504 is amended to read:
450	35A-8-504. Distribution of fund money.
451	(1) The executive director shall:
452	(a) make grants and loans from the fund for any of the activities authorized by Section
453	35A-8-505, as directed by the board;
454	(b) establish the criteria with the approval of the board by which loans and grants will
455	be made; and
456	(c) determine with the approval of the board the order in which projects will be funded.
457	(2) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any federal money
458	contained in the fund according to the procedures, conditions, and restrictions placed upon the
459	use of the money by the federal government.
460	(3) (a) The executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board, any funds
461	received under Section 17C-1-412 to pay the costs of providing income targeted housing within

462	the community that created the community reinvestment agency under Title 17C, Limited
463	Purpose Local Government Entities - Community Reinvestment Agency Act.
464	(b) As used in Subsection (3)(a):
465	(i) "Community" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17C-1-102.
466	(ii) "Income targeted housing" means the same as that term is defined in Section
467	17C-1-102.
468	(4) Except for federal money [and], money received under Section 17C-1-412,
469	appropriations from the Legislature that are directed to rental assistance under Section
470	35A-8-507.1, and money transferred to the fund from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund
471	under Section 67A-4a-801, the executive director shall distribute, as directed by the board,
472	money in the fund according to the following requirements:
473	(a) the executive director shall distribute at least 30% of the money in the fund to rural
474	areas of the state;
475	(b) the executive director shall distribute at least 70% of the money in the fund to
476	benefit persons whose annual income is at or below 50% of the median family income for the
477	state;
478	(c) the executive director may not use more than 3% of the revenues of the fund to
479	offset department or board administrative expenses;
480	(d) the executive director shall distribute any remaining money in the fund to benefit
481	persons whose annual income is at or below 80% of the median family income for the state;
482	and
483	(e) if the executive director or the executive director's designee makes a loan in
484	accordance with this section, the interest rate of the loan shall be based on the borrower's
485	ability to pay.
486	(5) The executive director may, with the approval of the board:
487	(a) enact rules to establish procedures for the grant and loan process by following the
488	procedures and requirements of Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act;
489	and
490	(b) service or contract, under Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code, for the
491	servicing of loans made by the fund.
492	Section 4. Section 35A-8-505 is amended to read:

493	35A-8-505. Activities authorized to receive fund money Powers of the executive
494	director.
495	At the direction of the board, the executive director may:
496	(1) provide fund money to any of the following activities:
497	(a) the acquisition, rehabilitation, or new construction of low-income housing units;
498	(b) matching funds for social services projects directly related to providing housing for
499	special-need renters in assisted projects;
500	(c) the development and construction of accessible housing designed for low-income
501	persons;
502	(d) the construction or improvement of a shelter or transitional housing facility that
503	provides services intended to prevent or minimize homelessness among members of a specific
504	homeless subpopulation;
505	(e) the purchase of an existing facility to provide temporary or transitional housing for
506	the homeless in an area that does not require rezoning before providing such temporary or
507	transitional housing;
508	(f) the purchase of land that will be used as the site of low-income housing units; [and]
509	(g) other activities that will assist in minimizing homelessness or improving the
510	availability or quality of housing in the state for low-income persons; and
511	(h) rental assistance as described in Section 35A-8-507.1;
512	(2) do any act necessary or convenient to the exercise of the powers granted by this part
513	or reasonably implied from those granted powers, including:
514	(a) making or executing contracts and other instruments necessary or convenient for
515	the performance of the executive director and board's duties and the exercise of the executive
516	director and board's powers and functions under this part, including contracts or agreements for
517	the servicing and originating of mortgage loans;
518	(b) procuring insurance against a loss in connection with property or other assets held
519	by the fund, including mortgage loans, in amounts and from insurers it considers desirable;
520	(c) entering into agreements with a department, agency, or instrumentality of the
521	United States or this state and with mortgagors and mortgage lenders for the purpose of
522	planning and regulating and providing for the financing and refinancing, purchase,
523	construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, leasing, management, maintenance, operation, sale,

524	or other disposition of residential housing undertaken with the assistance of the department
525	under this part;
526	(d) proceeding with a foreclosure action, to own, lease, clear, reconstruct, rehabilitate,
527	repair, maintain, manage, operate, assign, encumber, sell, or otherwise dispose of real or
528	personal property obtained by the fund due to the default on a mortgage loan held by the fund
529	in preparation for disposition of the property, taking assignments of leases and rentals,
530	proceeding with foreclosure actions, and taking other actions necessary or incidental to the
531	performance of its duties; [and]
532	(e) selling, at a public or private sale, with public bidding, a mortgage or other
533	obligation held by the fund[.]; and
534	(3) provide fund money, which has been transferred to the fund from the Unclaimed
535	Property Trust Fund as described in Section 67A-4a-801, for rental assistance for families with
536	children that are homeless or who are at risk of being homeless as described in Section
537	<u>35A-8-507.2.</u>
538	Section 5. Section 35A-8-507.1 is enacted to read:
539	<u>35A-8-507.1.</u> Rental assistance.
540	(1) (a) At the direction of the board and subject to appropriations from the Legislature,
541	the division may partner with one or more housing authorities, associations of governments, or
542	nonprofit entities to provide rental assistance for housing to individuals who qualify for or
543	would qualify for, but are not benefitting from, federal housing vouchers provided under 42
544	<u>U.S.C. Sec. 1437f.</u>
545	(b) The rental assistance provided under this part may include:
546	(i) subsidizing rent payments for housing;
547	(ii) subsidizing the provision of temporary or transitional housing; and
548	(iii) providing money for one-time barrier assistance such as application fees, utility
549	hookups, or deposits related to housing.
550	(2) The division shall provide an annual report to the department, for inclusion in the
551	department's annual written report described in Section 35A-1-109, which describes:
552	(a) the housing authorities or other nonprofit entities the division has partnered with
553	under the provisions of this section;
554	(b) the amount of money provided to each housing authority or other nonprofit entity

555	under this section;
556	(c) the number of individuals who are benefitting from rental assistance under the
557	provisions of this section;
558	(d) the average monthly dollar amount of rental assistance provided to an individual
559	under the provisions of this section; and
560	(e) recommendations regarding improvements or changes related to providing rental
561	assistance under the provisions of this section.
562	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
563	department may make rules governing the administration of this section.
564	Section 6. Section 35A-8-507.2 is enacted to read:
565	35A-8-507.2. Rental assistance for homeless families.
566	(1) (a) At the direction of the board, and using money transferred to the Olene Walker
567	Housing Loan Fund from the Unclaimed Property Trust Fund as described in Section
568	67A-4a-801, the division may partner with the State Board of Education and one or more
569	housing authorities, associations of governments, or nonprofit entities to provide rental
570	assistance for housing to families with children that are homeless or who are at risk of being
571	homeless.
572	(b) The rental assistance provided under this part may include:
573	(i) subsidizing rent payments for housing;
574	(ii) subsidizing the provision of temporary or transitional housing; and
575	(iii) providing money for one-time barrier assistance such as application fees, utility
576	hookups, or deposits related to housing.
577	(2) The division shall provide an annual report to the department, for inclusion in the
578	department's annual written report described in Section 35A-1-109, which describes:
579	(a) the entities the division has partnered with under the provisions of this section;
580	(b) the amount of money provided to each entity under this section;
581	(c) the number of children and families who are benefitting from rental assistance
582	under the provisions of this section;
583	(d) the average monthly dollar amount provided to children and families under the
584	provisions of this section; and
585	(e) recommendations regarding improvements or changes related to providing rental

586	assistance under the provisions of this section.
587	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
588	department may make rules governing the administration of this section.
589	Section 7. Section 59-7-607 is amended to read:
590	59-7-607. Utah low-income housing tax credit.
591	(1) As used in this section:
592	(a) "Allocation certificate" means a certificate in a form prescribed by the commission
593	and issued by the Utah Housing Corporation to a housing sponsor that specifies the aggregate
594	amount of the tax credit awarded under this section to a qualified development and includes:
595	(i) the aggregate annual amount of the tax credit awarded that may be claimed by one
596	or more qualified taxpayers that have been issued a special low-income housing tax credit
597	certificate; and
598	(ii) the credit period over which the tax credit may be claimed by one or more qualified
599	taxpayers that have been issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate.
600	(b) "Building" means a qualified low-income building as defined in Section 42(c),
601	Internal Revenue Code.
602	(c) "Credit period" means the "credit period" as defined in Section 42(f)(1), Internal
603	Revenue Code.
604	(d) (i) "Designated reporter" means, as selected by a housing sponsor, the housing
605	sponsor itself or one of the housing sponsor's direct or indirect partners, members, or
606	shareholders that will provide information to the Utah Housing Corporation regarding the
607	assignment of tax credits under this section.
608	(ii) Before the Utah Housing Corporation may issue an allocation certificate to a
609	housing sponsor, a housing sponsor shall provide the identity of the housing sponsor's
610	designated reporter to the Utah Housing Corporation.
611	(iii) Before the Utah Housing Corporation may issue a special low-income housing tax
612	credit certificate to a qualified taxpayer, a designated reporter shall provide the information
613	described in Subsection (6) to the Utah Housing Corporation.
614	(e) "Federal low-income housing tax credit" means the federal tax credit described in
615	Section 42, Internal Revenue Code.
616	(f) "Housing sponsor" means an entity that owns a qualified development.

617	(g) "Qualified allocation plan" means a qualified allocation plan adopted by the Utah
618	Housing Corporation in accordance with Section 42(m), Internal Revenue Code.
619	(h) "Qualified development" means a "qualified low-income housing project":
620	(i) as defined in Section 42(g)(1), Internal Revenue Code; and
621	(ii) that is located in the state.
622	(i) (i) "Qualified taxpayer" means a person that:
623	(A) owns a direct or indirect interest in a qualified development; and
624	(B) meets the requirements to claim a tax credit under this section.
625	(ii) If a housing sponsor is a partnership, limited liability company, or S corporation, a
626	"qualified taxpayer" may include any partner, member, or shareholder of the housing sponsor
627	as determined by the governing documents of the housing sponsor.
628	(j) (i) "Special low-income housing tax credit certificate" means a certificate:
629	(A) in a form prescribed by the commission;
630	(B) that the Utah Housing Corporation issues to a qualified taxpayer for a taxable year
631	in accordance with this section; and
632	(C) that specifies the amount of the tax credit a qualified taxpayer may claim under this
633	section.
634	(ii) The Utah Housing Corporation may only issue one or more special low-income
635	housing tax credit certificates if the aggregate specified amount on all special low-income
636	housing tax credit certificates issued in relation to a qualified development does not exceed the
637	aggregate amount of tax credit awarded to the qualified development and issued to a housing
638	sponsor in an allocation certificate.
639	(2) (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, a qualified taxpayer
640	who has been issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate by the Utah Housing
641	Corporation may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against taxes otherwise due under this
642	chapter [or], Chapter 8, Gross Receipts Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay
643	Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, or Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers.
644	(b) The tax credit shall be in an amount equal to the tax credit amount specified on the
645	special low-income housing tax credit certificate that the Utah Housing Corporation issues to a
646	qualified taxpayer under this section.
647	(c) (i) For a calendar year beginning on or before December 31, 2016, the aggregate

648	annual tax credit that the Utah Housing Corporation may allocate for the credit period
649	described in Section 42(f), Internal Revenue Code, pursuant to this section and Section
650	59-10-1010 is an amount equal to the product of:
651	(A) 12.5 cents; and
652	
	(B) the population of Utah.(iii) Four color demonstration in the second seco
653	(ii) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, the aggregate annual tax
654	credit that the Utah Housing Corporation may allocate for the credit period described in
655	Section 42(f), Internal Revenue Code, pursuant to this section and Section 59-10-1010 is an
656	amount equal to the product of:
657	(A) 34.5 cents; and
658	(B) the population of Utah.
659	(iii) For purposes of this section, the population of Utah shall be determined in
660	accordance with Section 146(j), Internal Revenue Code.
661	(3) (a) The Utah Housing Corporation shall determine criteria and procedures for
662	allocating the tax credit under this section and Section 59-10-1010 and incorporate the criteria
663	and procedures into the Utah Housing Corporation's qualified allocation plan.
664	(b) The Utah Housing Corporation shall create the criteria under Subsection (3)(a)
665	based on:
666	(i) the number of affordable housing units to be created in Utah for low and moderate
667	income persons in a qualified development;
668	(ii) the level of area median income being served by a qualified development;
669	(iii) the need for the tax credit for the economic feasibility of a qualified development;
670	and
671	(iv) the extended period for which a qualified development commits to remain as
672	affordable housing.
673	(4) Any housing sponsor may apply to the Utah Housing Corporation for a tax credit
674	allocation under this section.
675	(5) (a) The Utah Housing Corporation shall determine the amount of the tax credit to
676	allocate to a qualified development in accordance with the qualified allocation plan of the Utah
677	Housing Corporation.
678	(b) (i) The Utah Housing Corporation shall issue an allocation certificate to a housing

679	sponsor as evidence of the allocation.
680	(ii) The allocation certificate under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall specify the amount of the
681	tax credit allocated to a qualified development as determined by the Utah Housing Corporation.
682	(c) The amount of the tax credit specified in an allocation certificate may not exceed
683	100% of the federal low-income housing tax credit awarded to a qualified development.
684	(6) Before the Utah Housing Corporation may issue a special low-income housing tax
685	credit certificate, a designated reporter shall provide to the Utah Housing Corporation in a form
686	prescribed by the Utah Housing Corporation:
687	(a) a list of each qualified taxpayer that has been assigned a portion of the tax credit
688	awarded in an allocation certificate;
689	(b) for each qualified taxpayer described in Subsection (6)(a), the amount of tax credit
690	that has been assigned; and
691	(c) an aggregate list of the tax credit amount assigned related to a qualified
692	development demonstrating that the aggregate annual amount of the tax credits assigned does
693	not exceed the aggregate annual tax credit awarded in the allocation certificate.
694	(7) The Utah Housing Corporation shall provide a special low-income housing tax
695	credit certificate to a qualified taxpayer if:
696	(a) a designated reporter has provided the information regarding the qualified taxpayer
697	as described in Subsection (6); and
698	(b) the Utah Housing Corporation has verified that the aggregate tax credit amount
699	assigned with respect to a qualified development does not exceed the total tax credit awarded
700	in the allocation certificate.
701	(8) (a) All elections made by a housing sponsor pursuant to Section 42, Internal
702	Revenue Code, shall apply to this section.
703	(b) (i) If a qualified development is required to recapture a portion of any federal
704	low-income housing tax credit, then each qualified taxpayer shall also be required to recapture
705	a portion of any state tax credits authorized by this section.
706	(ii) The state recapture amount shall be equal to the percentage of the state tax credit
707	that equals the proportion the federal recapture amount bears to the original federal low-income
708	housing tax credit amount subject to recapture.
709	(iii) The designated reporter shall identify each qualified taxpayer that is required to

710	recapture a portion of any state tax credit as described in this Subsection (8)(b).
711	(9) (a) Any tax credits returned to the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may be
712	reallocated within the same time period as provided in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code.
713	(b) Tax credits that are unallocated by the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may
714	be carried over for allocation in subsequent years.
715	(10) (a) If a tax credit is not claimed by a qualified taxpayer in the year in which it is
716	earned because the tax credit is more than the tax owed by the qualified taxpayer, the tax credit
717	may be carried back three years or may be carried forward five years as a credit against the tax.
718	(b) Carryover tax credits under Subsection (10)(a) shall be applied against the tax:
719	(i) before the application of the tax credits earned in the current year; and
720	(ii) on a first-earned first-used basis.
721	(11) A qualified taxpayer may assign a tax credit certificate under this section to
722	another person and:
723	(a) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the
724	tax credit as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit;
725	or
726	(b) if the other person files a return under Chapter 10, Individual Income Tax Act, the
727	other person may claim the tax credit under Section 59-10-1010 as if the other person had met
728	the requirements of Section 59-10-1010 to claim the tax credit.
729	[(11)] (12) Any tax credit taken in this section may be subject to an annual audit by the
730	commission.
731	[(12)] (13) The Utah Housing Corporation shall annually provide an electronic report
732	to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee which shall include at least:
733	(a) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and
734	(b) the benefits of the tax credits to the state.
735	[(13)] (14) The commission may, in consultation with the Utah Housing Corporation,
736	make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to
737	implement this section.
738	Section 8. Section 59-10-1010 is amended to read:
739	59-10-1010. Utah low-income housing tax credit.
740	(1) As used in this section:

741 (a) "Allocation certificate" means a certificate in a form prescribed by the commission 742 and issued by the Utah Housing Corporation to a housing sponsor that specifies the aggregate 743 amount of the tax credit awarded under this section to a qualified development and includes: 744 (i) the aggregate annual amount of the tax credit awarded that may be claimed by one 745 or more qualified taxpayers that have been issued a special low-income housing tax credit 746 certificate; and 747 (ii) the credit period over which the tax credit may be claimed by one or more qualified 748 taxpayers that have been issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate. 749 (b) "Building" means a qualified low-income building as defined in Section 42(c), 750 Internal Revenue Code. 751 (c) "Credit period" means the "credit period" as defined in Section 42(f)(1), Internal 752 Revenue Code. 753 (d) (i) "Designated reporter" means, as selected by a housing sponsor, the housing 754 sponsor itself or one of the housing sponsor's direct or indirect partners, members, or 755 shareholders that will provide information to the Utah Housing Corporation regarding the 756 assignment of tax credits under this section. 757 (ii) Before the Utah Housing Corporation may issue an allocation certificate to a 758 housing sponsor, a housing sponsor shall provide the identity of the housing sponsor's 759 designated reporter to the Utah Housing Corporation. 760 (iii) Before the Utah Housing Corporation may issue a special low-income housing tax 761 credit certificate to a qualified taxpayer, a designated reporter shall provide the information 762 described in Subsection (6) to the Utah Housing Corporation. 763 (e) "Federal low-income housing credit" means the federal low-income housing credit 764 described in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code. 765 (f) "Housing sponsor" means an entity that owns a qualified development. 766 (g) "Qualified allocation plan" means a qualified allocation plan adopted by the Utah 767 Housing Corporation in accordance with Section 42(m), Internal Revenue Code. 768 (h) "Qualified development" means a "qualified low-income housing project": 769 (i) as defined in Section 42(g)(1), Internal Revenue Code; and 770 (ii) that is located in the state. 771 (i) (i) "Qualified taxpayer" means a claimant, estate, or trust that:

(A) owns a direct or indirect interest in a qualified development; and

(B) meets the requirements to claim a tax credit under this section.

(ii) If a housing sponsor is a partnership, limited liability company, or S corporation, a
"qualified taxpayer" may include any partner, member, or shareholder of the housing sponsor
as determined by the governing documents of the housing sponsor.

777

(j) (i) "Special low-income housing tax credit certificate" means a certificate:

778 (A) in a form prescribed by the commission;

(B) that the Utah Housing Corporation issues to a qualified taxpayer for a taxable yearin accordance with this section; and

(C) that specifies the amount of the tax credit a qualified taxpayer may claim under thissection.

(ii) The Utah Housing Corporation may only issue one or more special low-income
housing tax credit certificates if the aggregate specified amount on all special low-income
housing tax credit certificates issued in relation to a qualified development does not exceed the
aggregate amount of tax credit awarded to a qualified development and issued to a housing
sponsor in an allocation certificate.

(2) (a) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 1995, a qualified taxpayer
who has been issued a special low-income housing tax credit certificate by the Utah Housing
Corporation may claim a nonrefundable tax credit against taxes otherwise due under this
chapter.

(b) The tax credit shall be in an amount equal to the tax credit amount specified on the
special low-income housing tax credit certificate that the Utah Housing Corporation issues to a
qualified taxpayer under this section.

(c) (i) For a calendar year beginning on or before December 31, 2016, the aggregate
annual tax credit that the Utah Housing Corporation may allocate for the credit period
described in Section 42(f), Internal Revenue Code, pursuant to this section and Section
59-7-607 is an amount equal to the product of:

799 (A) 12.5 cents; and

800 (B) the population of Utah.

(ii) For a calendar year beginning on or after January 1, 2017, the aggregate annual tax
credit that the Utah Housing Corporation may allocate for the credit period described in

803 Section 42(f), Internal Revenue Code, pursuant to this section and Section 59-7-607 is an 804 amount equal to the product of: 805 (A) 34.5 cents; and 806 (B) the population of Utah. 807 (iii) For purposes of this section, the population of Utah shall be determined in 808 accordance with Section 146(j), Internal Revenue Code. 809 (3) (a) The Utah Housing Corporation shall determine criteria and procedures for 810 allocating the tax credit under this section and Section 59-7-607 and incorporate the criteria 811 and procedures into the Utah Housing Corporation's qualified allocation plan. 812 (b) The Utah Housing Corporation shall create the criteria under Subsection (3)(a) 813 based on: 814 (i) the number of affordable housing units to be created in Utah for low and moderate 815 income persons in a qualified development; 816 (ii) the level of area median income being served by a qualified development; (iii) the need for the tax credit for the economic feasibility of a qualified development; 817 818 and 819 (iv) the extended period for which a qualified development commits to remain as 820 affordable housing. 821 (4) Any housing sponsor may apply to the Utah Housing Corporation for a tax credit 822 allocation under this section. 823 (5) (a) The Utah Housing Corporation shall determine the amount of the tax credit to 824 allocate to a qualified development in accordance with the qualified allocation plan of the Utah 825 Housing Corporation. 826 (b) (i) The Utah Housing Corporation shall issue an allocation certificate to a housing 827 sponsor as evidence of the allocation. 828 (ii) The allocation certificate under Subsection (5)(b)(i) shall specify the amount of the 829 tax credit allocated to a qualified development as determined by the Utah Housing Corporation. 830 (c) The amount of the tax credit specified in an allocation certificate may not exceed 831 100% of the federal low-income housing credit awarded to a qualified development. 832 (6) Before the Utah Housing Corporation may issue a special low-income housing tax 833 credit certificate, a designated reporter shall provide to the Utah Housing Corporation in a form

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834 prescribed by the Utah Housing Corporation: 835 (a) a list of each qualified taxpayer that has been assigned a portion of the tax credit 836 awarded in an allocation certificate; 837 (b) for each qualified taxpayer described in Subsection (6)(a), the amount of tax credit 838 that has been assigned; and 839 (c) an aggregate list of the tax credit amount assigned related to a qualified 840 development demonstrating that the aggregate annual amount of the tax credits assigned does 841 not exceed the aggregate annual tax credit awarded in the allocation certificate. 842 (7) The Utah Housing Corporation shall provide a special low-income housing tax 843 credit certificate to a qualified taxpayer if: 844 (a) a designated reporter has provided the information regarding the qualified taxpayer 845 as described in Subsection (6); and 846 (b) the Utah Housing Corporation has verified that the aggregate tax credit amount 847 assigned with respect to a qualified development does not exceed the total tax credit awarded 848 in the allocation certificate. 849 (8) (a) All elections made by a housing sponsor pursuant to Section 42. Internal 850 Revenue Code, shall apply to this section. 851 (b) (i) If a qualified taxpaver is required to recapture a portion of any federal 852 low-income housing credit, the qualified taxpayer shall also be required to recapture a portion 853 of any state tax credits authorized by this section. 854 (ii) The state recapture amount shall be equal to the percentage of the state tax credit 855 that equals the proportion the federal recapture amount bears to the original federal low-income 856 housing credit amount subject to recapture. 857 (iii) The designated reporter shall identify each qualified taxpayer that is required to 858 recapture a portion of any state tax credits as described in this Subsection (8)(b). 859 (9) (a) Any tax credits returned to the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may be 860 reallocated within the same time period as provided in Section 42, Internal Revenue Code. 861 (b) Tax credits that are unallocated by the Utah Housing Corporation in any year may 862 be carried over for allocation in subsequent years. 863 (10) (a) If a tax credit is not claimed by a qualified taxpayer in the year in which it is 864 earned because the tax credit is more than the tax owed by the qualified taxpayer, the tax credit

865	may be carried back three years or may be carried forward five years as a credit against the tax.
866	(b) Carryover tax credits under Subsection (10)(a) shall be applied against the tax:
867	(i) before the application of the tax credits earned in the current year; and
868	(ii) on a first-earned first-used basis.
869	(11) A qualified taxpayer may assign a tax credit certificate under this section to
870	another person and:
871	(a) if the other person files a return under this chapter, the other person may claim the
872	tax credit as if the other person had met the requirements of this section to claim the tax credit;
873	or
874	(b) if the other person files a return under Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income
875	Taxes, the other person may claim the tax credit under Section 59-7-607 as if the other person
876	had met the requirements of Section 59-7-607 to claim the tax credit.
877	[(11)] (12) Any tax credit taken in this section may be subject to an annual audit by the
878	commission.
879	[(12)] (13) The Utah Housing Corporation shall annually provide an electronic report
880	to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee which shall include at least:
881	(a) the purpose and effectiveness of the tax credits; and
882	(b) the benefits of the tax credits to the state.
883	[(13)] (14) The commission may, in consultation with the Utah Housing Corporation,
884	promulgate rules to implement this section.
885	Section 9. Section 67-4a-801 is amended to read:
886	67-4a-801. Deposit of funds by administrator.
887	(1) (a) There is created a private-purpose trust fund entitled the "Unclaimed Property
888	Trust Fund."
889	(b) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the administrator shall deposit all
890	funds received under this chapter, including proceeds from the sale of property under Part 7,
891	Sale of Property by Administrator, in the fund.
892	(c) The fund shall earn interest.
893	(2) The administrator shall:
894	(a) pay any legitimate claims or deductions authorized by this chapter from the fund;
895	(b) before the end of the fiscal year, estimate the amount of money from the fund that

896	will ultimately be needed to be paid to claimants; [and]
897	(c) except as described in Subsection (2)(d), at the end of the fiscal year, transfer any
898	amount of money in excess of that amount to [the Uniform School Fund, except that unclaimed
899	restitution for crime victims shall be transferred to the Crime Victim Reparations Fund.]:
900	(i) the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund in an amount equal to the lesser of the excess
901	money or \$5,000,000; and
902	(ii) the Uniform School Fund for any remaining excess money after \$5,000,000 has
903	been provided to the Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund; and
904	(d) transfer excess unclaimed restitution money for crime victims to the Crime Victim
905	Reparations Fund.
906	(3) Before making any transfer [to the Uniform School Fund] of money as described in
907	Subsection (2), the administrator may deduct from the fund:
908	(a) amounts appropriated by the Legislature for administration of this chapter;
909	(b) any costs incurred in connection with the sale of abandoned property;
910	(c) costs of mailing and publication in connection with any abandoned property;
911	(d) reasonable service charges; and
912	(e) costs incurred in examining records of holders of property and in collecting the
913	property from those holders.
914	Section 10. Section 67-4a-803 is amended to read:
915	67-4a-803. Expenses and service charges of administrator.
916	Before making a deposit of funds received under this chapter to the Olene Walker
917	Housing Loan Fund, the Uniform School Fund, or the Crime Victim Reparations Fund, the
918	administrator may deduct:
919	(1) expenses of disposition of property delivered to the administrator under this
920	chapter;
921	(2) costs of mailing and publication in connection with property delivered to the
922	administrator under this chapter;
923	(3) reasonable service charges; and
924	(4) expenses incurred in examining records of or collecting property from a putative
925	holder or holder.
926	Section 11. Appropriation.

927	The following sums of money are appropriated for the fiscal year beginning July 1,
928	2020, and ending June 30, 2021. These are additions to amounts previously appropriated for
929	fiscal year 2021. Under the terms and conditions of Title 63J, Chapter 1, Budgetary Procedures
930	Act, the Legislature appropriates the following sums of money from the funds or accounts
931	indicated for the use and support of the government of the state of Utah.
932	ITEM 1
933	To Department of Workforce Services Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund
934	From General Fund, One-time \$20,300,000
935	Schedule of Programs:
936	Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund \$20,300,000
937	ITEM 2
938	To Department of Workforce Services Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund
939	From General Fund \$10,000,000
940	Schedule of Programs:
941	Olene Walker Housing Loan Fund \$10,000,000
942	The Legislature intends that:
943	(1) up to \$15,000,000 of the appropriation in the first item be used for gap financing of
944	private activity bond financed rental housing;
945	(2) up to \$5,000,000 of the appropriation in the first item be used for matching private
946	dollars for site acquisition needs related to transit oriented developments that will include
947	affordable housing;
948	(3) up to \$300,000 of the appropriation in the first item be used to assist with
949	pre-development costs for affordable housing projects in rural Utah; and
950	(4) \$10,000,000 in the second item be used by the Housing and Community
951	Development Division to partner with one or more housing authorities to provide rental
952	assistance.