Senator Kirk A. Cullimore proposes the following substitute bill:

ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE AND OTHER NICOTINE 1 2 PRODUCT AMENDMENTS 3 2020 GENERAL SESSION 4 STATE OF UTAH 5 **Chief Sponsor: Allen M. Christensen** House Sponsor: Paul Ray 6 7 Cosponsors: Jani Iwamoto Kathleen Riebe 8 David G. Buxton Derek L. Kitchen Scott D. Sandall 9 Luz Escamilla Karen Mayne Jerry W. Stevenson Keith Grover Ann Millner Ronald Winterton 10 11 Wayne A. Harper Ralph Okerlund Lyle W. Hillyard 12 13 **LONG TITLE** 14 **General Description:** 15 This bill enacts and amends provisions relating to electronic cigarette products and 16 nicotine products. 17 **Highlighted Provisions:** 18 This bill: 19 • defines and coordinates terms; 20 • increases the minimum age for obtaining, possessing, using, providing, or 21 furnishing of tobacco products, paraphernalia, and under certain circumstances, 22 electronic cigarettes and nicotine products to 21 years old; 23 • imposes permitting requirements and processes for the sale of an alternative

- 24 nicotine product;
- requires a tobacco retailer to provide itemized receipts and to maintain an itemized
- transaction log for sales of a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
- 27 nicotine product;

- establishes a Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention
- 29 Program within the Department of Health;
- creates a committee to advise the department on the Youth Electronic Cigarette,
- 31 Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Program;
- creates the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Grant
- Program operated by local health departments;
 - specifies requirements relating to the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other
- 35 Drug Prevention Grant Program;
- applies civil penalties to the improper sale of a nicotine product;
- requires certain nicotine products to have a statement on the products' exterior
- 38 packages that the products contain nicotine;
- creates a reduction on certain tax rates for products that are issued a modified risk
- 40 tobacco product order by the United States Food and Drug Administration;
- imposes licensing and bonding requirements on a person that sells or distributes an
- 42 electronic cigarette product or an alternative nicotine product;
- imposes an excise tax on the sale in the state of an electronic cigarette substance, a →
- prefilled electronic cigarette, and an alternative nicotine product;
- ▶ provides for the remittance of the tax collected;
 - creates the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted
- 47 Account;

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- addresses use of revenue from the taxation of an electronic cigarette substance, a
- 49 prefilled electronic cigarette, and an alternative nicotine product;
- provides criminal penalties for a sale or a purchase of an electronic cigarette product
- or a nicotine product in violation of the law;
- prohibits a manufacturer, a wholesaler, or a retailer from providing certain discounts
- or giveaways for electronic cigarettes; and
- ▶ makes technical and conforming changes.

55	Money Appropriated in this Bill:
56	None
57	Other Special Clauses:
58	This bill provides a special effective date.
59	Utah Code Sections Affected:
60	AMENDS:
61	10-8-41.6, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
62	10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
63	17-50-333, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
64	26-1-7, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 419
65	26-38-2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapters 231 and 281
66	26-57-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
67	26-57-102, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
68	26-62-101, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
69	26-62-102, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
70	26-62-201, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
71	26-62-202, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 157
72	26-62-205 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
73	26-62-301, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
74	26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
75	26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
76	26-62-306, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
77	26A-1-128, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 231
78	51-9-203 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 136
79	and 232
80	53-3-229, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276
81	53-3-810, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapters 114 and 276
82	53G-4-402, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 83, 293, and 451
83	53G-8-209, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293
84	59-14-102, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2013, Chapter 148
85	59-14-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2014, Chapter 189

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86
              59-14-703 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
 87
              59-14-801, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
 88
              59-14-802, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 136
 89
              59-14-803. as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018. Chapter 231
 90
              63I-1-226, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapters 67, 136, 246, 289, 455 and
 91
       last amended by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 246
 92
              76-8-311.3, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
 93
              76-10-101, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2015, Chapters 66, 132 and last amended
 94
       by Coordination Clause, Laws of Utah 2015, Chapter 132
 95
              76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
 96
              76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
 97
              76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
 98
              76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
 99
              76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
              76-10-111, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2010, Chapter 114
100
101
              77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 232
102
       ENACTS:
103
              26-7-10, Utah Code Annotated 1953
104
              26-57-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
105
              26-62-206, Utah Code Annotated 1953
106
              26A-1-129, Utah Code Annotated 1953
107
              59-14-104, Utah Code Annotated 1953
108
              59-14-804, Utah Code Annotated 1953
109
              59-14-805, Utah Code Annotated 1953
110
              59-14-806, Utah Code Annotated 1953
111
              59-14-807, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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              59-14-808, Utah Code Annotated 1953
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       Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
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115 Section 1. Section **10-8-41.6** is amended to read:

10-8-41.6. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.

117	(1) As used in this section:
118	(a) "Community location" means:
119	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
120	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
121	(iii) a trade or technical school;
122	(iv) a church;
123	(v) a public library;
124	(vi) a public playground;
125	(vii) a public park;
126	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
127	(ix) a public recreational facility;
128	(x) a public arcade; or
129	(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
130	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health, created in Section 26-1-4.
131	(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
132	<u>76-10-101.</u>
133	(d) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
134	retail tobacco specialty business.
135	[(c)] (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
136	26A-1-102.
137	(f) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
138	[(d) "Permittee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
139	retail tobacco specialty business.]
140	[(e)] (g) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
141	which:
142	(i) [the sale of tobacco products accounts] sales of tobacco products, electronic
143	cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross
144	receipts for the establishment;
145	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
146	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products;
147	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of

148	tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products; or
149	(iv) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
150	cigarette products, and nicotine products.
151	[(f)] (h) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
152	76-10-105.1.
153	[(g)] (i) "Tobacco product" means[:] the same as that term is defined in Section
154	<u>76-10-101</u> .
155	[(i) any cigar, cigarette, or electronic cigarette, as those terms are defined in Section
156	76-10-101;]
157	[(ii) a tobacco product, as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102, including:]
158	[(A) chewing tobacco; or]
159	[(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
160	and]
161	[(iii) tobacco paraphernalia, as that term is defined in Section 76-10-104.1:]
162	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
163	powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities.
164	(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a municipality
165	unless the person obtains a license from the municipality in which the retail tobacco specialty
166	business is located.
167	(b) A municipality may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a
168	person if the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
169	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a municipality may not issue a license for
170	a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty
171	business is located within:
172	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
173	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
174	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
175	(A) agriculture use; or
176	(B) residential use.
177	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
178	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest

179	property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard
180	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
181	(5) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning July 1, 2018, a] A
182	municipality may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail
183	tobacco specialty business until the person provides the municipality with proof that the retail
184	tobacco specialty business has:
185	[(i)] (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26,
186	Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit, by the local
187	health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty
188	business is located; and
189	[(ii)] (b) (i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State
190	Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell [tobacco products
191	from the State Tax Commission.] a tobacco product; and
192	(ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product, a valid
193	license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-803 to sell an
194	electronic cigarette product or an alternative nicotine product.
195	[(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
196	business in a municipality before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health
197	department under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.]
198	(6) (a) Nothing in this section:
199	(i) requires a municipality to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
200	(ii) prohibits a municipality from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person
201	seeking a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
202	business.
203	(b) A municipality may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license
204	issued under this section:
205	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
206	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
207	(ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of
208	cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United

States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140;

210	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under
211	Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit; or
212	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
213	(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has
214	a business license and is operating in a municipality in accordance with all applicable laws
215	except for the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, 2015, is exempt from
216	Subsection (4).
217	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection
218	(7)(a) if:
219	(i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse
220	or permanent revocation;
221	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
222	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for
223	more than 60 consecutive days;
224	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
225	premises or business operation; and
226	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
227	of other applicable laws, including:
228	(A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
229	(B) zoning ordinances;
230	(C) building codes; and
231	(D) the requirements of a retail tobacco specialty business license issued before
232	December 31, 2015.
233	Section 2. Section 10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
234	10-8-47 (Effective 07/01/20). Intoxication Fights Disorderly conduct
235	Assault and battery Petit larceny Riots and disorderly assemblies Firearms and
236	fireworks False pretenses and embezzlement Sale of liquor, narcotics, or tobacco to
237	minors Possession of controlled substances Treatment of alcoholics and narcotics or
238	drug addicts.
239	(1) A municipal legislative body may:
240	(a) prevent intoxication, fighting, quarreling, dog fights, cockfights, prize fights,

241	bullfights, and all disorderly conduct and provide against and punish the offenses of assault and
242	battery and petit larceny;
243	(b) restrain riots, routs, noises, disturbances, or disorderly assemblies in any street,
244	house, or place in the city;
245	(c) regulate and prevent the discharge of firearms, rockets, powder, fireworks in
246	accordance with Section 53-7-225, or any other dangerous or combustible material;
247	(d) provide against and prevent the offense of obtaining money or property under false
248	pretenses and the offense of embezzling money or property in the cases when the money or
249	property embezzled or obtained under false pretenses does not exceed in value the sum of
250	\$500;
251	(e) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of narcotics or alcoholic beverages to
252	an individual younger than 21 years old; or
253	(f) prohibit the sale, giving away, or furnishing of tobacco [or e-cigarettes], an
254	electronic cigarette product, or nicotine product to an individual younger than[:] 21 years old.
255	[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]
256	[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]
257	(2) A city may:
258	(a) by ordinance, prohibit the possession of controlled substances as defined in the
259	Utah Controlled Substances Act or any other endangering or impairing substance, provided the
260	conduct is not a class A misdemeanor or felony; and
261	(b) provide for treatment of alcoholics, narcotic addicts, and other individuals who are
262	addicted to the use of drugs or intoxicants such that an individual substantially lacks the
263	capacity to control the individual's use of the drugs or intoxicants, and judicial supervision may
264	be imposed as a means of effecting the individual's rehabilitation.
265	Section 3. Section 17-50-333 is amended to read:
266	17-50-333. Regulation of retail tobacco specialty business.
267	(1) As used in this section:
268	(a) "Community location" means:
269	(i) a public or private kindergarten, elementary, middle, junior high, or high school;
270	(ii) a licensed child-care facility or preschool;
271	(iii) a trade or technical school;

272	(iv) a church;
273	(v) a public library;
274	(vi) a public playground;
275	(vii) a public park;
276	(viii) a youth center or other space used primarily for youth oriented activities;
277	(ix) a public recreational facility;
278	(x) a public arcade; or
279	(xi) for a new license issued on or after July 1, 2018, a homeless shelter.
280	(b) "Department" means the Department of Health, created in Section 26-1-4.
281	(c) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
282	<u>76-10-101.</u>
283	[(c)] (d) "Licensee" means a person licensed under this section to conduct business as a
284	retail tobacco specialty business.
285	[(d)] (e) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
286	26A-1-102.
287	(f) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
288	[(e)] (g) "Retail tobacco specialty business" means a commercial establishment in
289	which:
290	(i) [the sale of tobacco products accounts] sales of tobacco products, electronic
291	cigarette products, and nicotine products account for more than 35% of the total quarterly gross
292	receipts for the establishment;
293	(ii) 20% or more of the public retail floor space is allocated to the offer, display, or
294	storage of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products;
295	(iii) 20% or more of the total shelf space is allocated to the offer, display, or storage of
296	tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, and nicotine products; or
297	(iv) the retail space features a self-service display for tobacco products, electronic
298	cigarette products, and nicotine products.
299	[(f)] (h) "Self-service display" means the same as that term is defined in Section
300	76-10-105.1.
301	[(g)] (i) "Tobacco product" means[:] the same as that term is defined in Section
302	<u>76-10-101.</u>

303	(1) any cigar, cigarette, or electronic cigarette as those terms are defined in Section
304	76-10-101;]
305	[(ii) a tobacco product as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102, including:]
306	[(A) chewing tobacco; or]
307	[(B) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
308	and]
309	[(iii) tobacco paraphernalia as that term is defined in Section 76-10-104.1.]
310	(2) The regulation of a retail tobacco specialty business is an exercise of the police
311	powers of the state, and through delegation, to other governmental entities.
312	(3) (a) A person may not operate a retail tobacco specialty business in a county unless
313	the person obtains a license from the county in which the retail tobacco specialty business is
314	located.
315	(b) A county may only issue a retail tobacco specialty business license to a person if
316	the person complies with the provisions of Subsections (4) and (5).
317	(4) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (7), a county may not issue a license for a
318	person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business if the retail tobacco specialty
319	business is located within:
320	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
321	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
322	(iii) 600 feet from property used or zoned for:
323	(A) agriculture use; or
324	(B) residential use.
325	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
326	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest
327	property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard
328	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
329	(5) [(a) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), beginning July 1, 2018, a] A county
330	may not issue or renew a license for a person to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
331	business until the person provides the county with proof that the retail tobacco specialty
332	business has:
333	[(i)] (a) a valid permit for a retail tobacco specialty business issued under Title 26,

334	Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit, by the local
335	health department having jurisdiction over the area in which the retail tobacco specialty
336	business is located; and
337	[(ii)] (b) (i) for a retailer that sells a tobacco product, a valid license issued by the State
338	Tax Commission in accordance with Section 59-14-201 or 59-14-301 to sell [tobacco products
339	from the State Tax Commission.] a tobacco product; or
340	(ii) for a retailer that sells an electronic cigarette product or an alternative nicotine
341	product, a valid license issued by the State Tax Commission in accordance with Section
342	59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
343	[(b) A person that was licensed to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty
344	business in a county before July 1, 2018, shall obtain a permit from a local health department
345	under Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco Retail Permit, on or before January 1, 2019.]
346	(6) (a) Nothing in this section:
347	(i) requires a county to issue a retail tobacco specialty business license; or
348	(ii) prohibits a county from adopting more restrictive requirements on a person seeking
349	a license or renewal of a license to conduct business as a retail tobacco specialty business.
350	(b) A county may suspend or revoke a retail tobacco specialty business license issued
351	under this section:
352	(i) if a licensee engages in a pattern of unlawful activity under Title 76, Chapter 10,
353	Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
354	(ii) if a licensee violates the regulations restricting the sale and distribution of
355	cigarettes and smokeless tobacco to protect children and adolescents issued by the United
356	States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140;
357	(iii) upon the recommendation of the department or a local health department under
358	Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit; or
359	(iv) under any other provision of state law or local ordinance.
360	(7) (a) In accordance with Subsection (7)(b), a retail tobacco specialty business that has
361	a business license and is operating in a county in accordance with all applicable laws except for
362	the requirement in Subsection (4), on or before December 31, 2015, is exempt from Subsection
363	(4).
364	(b) A retail tobacco specialty business may maintain an exemption under Subsection

365	(7)(a) if:
366	(i) the retail tobacco specialty business license is renewed continuously without lapse
367	or permanent revocation;
368	(ii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not close for business or otherwise
369	suspend the sale of tobacco products, electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products for
370	more than 60 consecutive days;
371	(iii) the retail tobacco specialty business does not substantially change the business
372	premises or business operation; and
373	(iv) the retail tobacco specialty business maintains the right to operate under the terms
374	of other applicable laws, including:
375	(A) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
376	(B) zoning ordinances;
377	(C) building codes; and
378	(D) the requirements of a retail tobacco specialty business license issued before
379	December 31, 2015.
380	Section 4. Section 26-1-7 is amended to read:
381	26-1-7. Committees within department.
382	(1) There are created within the department the following committees:
383	(a) Health Facility Committee;
384	(b) State Emergency Medical Services Committee;
385	(c) Air Ambulance Committee;
386	(d) Health Data Committee;
387	(e) Utah Health Care Workforce Financial Assistance Program Advisory Committee;
388	(f) Residential Child Care Licensing Advisory Committee;
389	(g) Child Care Center Licensing Committee; [and]
390	(h) Primary Care Grant Committee[-]; and
391	(i) Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Committee.
392	(2) The department shall:
393	(a) consolidate advisory groups and committees with other committees or advisory
394	groups as appropriate to create greater efficiencies and budgetary savings for the department;
395	and

396	(b) create in writing, time-limited and subject-limited duties for the advisory groups or
397	committees as necessary to carry out the responsibilities of the department.
398	Section 5. Section 26-7-10 is enacted to read:
399	26-7-10. Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention
400	Program.
401	(1) As used in this section:
402	(a) "Committee" means the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug
403	Prevention Committee created in Section 26-1-7.
404	(b) "Program" means the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug
405	Prevention Program created in this section.
406	(2) (a) There is created within the department the Youth Electronic Cigarette,
407	Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Program.
408	(b) In consultation with the committee, the department shall:
409	(i) establish guidelines for the use of funds appropriated to the program;
410	(ii) ensure that guidelines developed under Subsection (2)(b)(i) are evidence-based and
411	appropriate for the population targeted by the program; and
412	(iii) subject to appropriations from the Legislature, fund statewide initiatives to prevent
413	use of electronic cigarettes, nicotine products, marijuana, and other drugs by youth.
414	(3) (a) The committee shall advise the department on:
415	(i) preventing use of electronic cigarettes, marijuana, and other drugs by youth in the
416	state;
417	(ii) developing the guidelines described in Subsection (2)(b)(i); and
418	(iii) implementing the provisions of the program.
419	(b) The executive director shall:
420	(i) appoint members of the committee; and
421	(ii) consult with the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council created
422	in Section 63M-7-301 when making the appointment under Subsection (3)(b)(i).
423	(c) The committee shall include, at a minimum:
424	(i) the executive director of a local health department as defined in Section 26A-1-102,
425	or the local health department executive director's designee;
426	(ii) one designee from the department:

427	(111) one representative from the Department of Public Safety;
428	(iv) one representative from the behavioral health community; and
429	(v) one representative from the education community.
430	(d) A member of the committee may not receive compensation or benefits for the
431	member's service on the committee, but may receive per diem and travel expenses in
432	accordance with:
433	(i) Section 63A-3-106;
434	(ii) Section 63A-3-107; and
435	(iii) rules made by the Division of Finance under Sections 63A-3-106 and 63A-3-107.
436	(e) The department shall provide staff support to the committee.
437	(4) On or before October 31 of each year, the department shall report to:
438	(a) the Health and Human Services Interim Committee regarding:
439	(i) the use of funds appropriated to the program;
440	(ii) the impact and results of the program, including the effectiveness of each program
441	funded under Subsection (2)(b)(iii), during the previous fiscal year;
442	(iii) a summary of the impacts and results on reducing youth use of electronic cigarettes
443	and nicotine products by entities represented by members of the committee, including those
444	entities who receive funding through the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product
445	Tax Restricted Account created in Section 59-14-807; and
446	(iv) any recommendations for legislation; and
447	(b) the Utah Substance Use and Mental Health Advisory Council created in Section
448	<u>63M-7-301, regarding:</u>
449	(i) the effectiveness of each program funded under Subsection (2)(b)(iii) in preventing
450	youth use of electronic cigarettes, nicotine products, marijuana, and other drugs; and
451	(ii) any collaborative efforts and partnerships established by the program with public
452	and private entities to prevent youth use of electronic cigarettes, marijuana, and other drugs.
453	Section 6. Section 26-38-2 is amended to read:
454	26-38-2. Definitions.
455	As used in this chapter:
456	[(1) "E-cigarette":]
457	[(a) means any electronic oral device:]

458	[(i) that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and]
459	[(ii) which simulates smoking through its use or through inhalation of the device; and]
460	[(b) includes an oral device that is:]
461	[(i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and]
462	[(ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as:]
463	[(A) an e-cigarette;]
464	[(B) e-cigar;]
465	[(C) e-pipe; or]
466	[(D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the
467	definition of Subsection (1)(a).]
468	(1) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
469	(2) "Non-tobacco shisha" means any product that:
470	(a) does not contain tobacco or nicotine; and
471	(b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe.
472	(3) "Place of public access" means any enclosed indoor place of business, commerce,
473	banking, financial service, or other service-related activity, whether publicly or privately owned
474	and whether operated for profit or not, to which persons not employed at the place of public
475	access have general and regular access or which the public uses, including:
476	(a) buildings, offices, shops, elevators, or restrooms;
477	(b) means of transportation or common carrier waiting rooms;
478	(c) restaurants, cafes, or cafeterias;
479	(d) taverns as defined in Section 32B-1-102, or cabarets;
480	(e) shopping malls, retail stores, grocery stores, or arcades;
481	(f) libraries, theaters, concert halls, museums, art galleries, planetariums, historical
482	sites, auditoriums, or arenas;
483	(g) barber shops, hair salons, or laundromats;
484	(h) sports or fitness facilities;
485	(i) common areas of nursing homes, hospitals, resorts, hotels, motels, "bed and
486	breakfast" lodging facilities, and other similar lodging facilities, including the lobbies,
487	hallways, elevators, restaurants, cafeterias, other designated dining areas, and restrooms of any
488	of these;

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489 (i) (i) any child care facility or program subject to licensure or certification under this 490 title, including those operated in private homes, when any child cared for under that license is 491 present; and 492 (ii) any child care, other than child care as defined in Section 26-39-102, that is not 493 subject to licensure or certification under this title, when any child cared for by the provider, 494 other than the child of the provider, is present; 495 (k) public or private elementary or secondary school buildings and educational 496 facilities or the property on which those facilities are located; 497 (1) any building owned, rented, leased, or otherwise operated by a social, fraternal, or 498 religious organization when used solely by the organization members or their guests or 499 families; 500 (m) any facility rented or leased for private functions from which the general public is 501 excluded and arrangements for the function are under the control of the function sponsor; 502 (n) any workplace that is not a place of public access or a publicly owned building or 503 office but has one or more employees who are not owner-operators of the business; 504 (o) any area where the proprietor or manager of the area has posted a conspicuous sign stating "no smoking", "thank you for not smoking", or similar statement; and 505 506 (p) a holder of a bar establishment license, as defined in Section 32B-1-102. (4) "Publicly owned building or office" means any enclosed indoor place or portion of 507 508 a place owned, leased, or rented by any state, county, or municipal government, or by any 509 agency supported by appropriation of, or by contracts or grants from, funds derived from the 510 collection of federal, state, county, or municipal taxes. 511 (5) "Shisha" means any product that: 512 (a) contains tobacco or nicotine; and 513 (b) is smoked or intended to be smoked in a hookah or water pipe. 514 (6) "Smoking" means: 515 (a) the possession of any lighted or heated tobacco product in any form; 516 (b) inhaling, exhaling, burning, or carrying any lighted or heated cigar, cigarette, pipe, 517 or hookah that contains:

(i) tobacco or any plant product intended for inhalation;

(ii) shisha or non-tobacco shisha;

520	(iii) nicotine;
521	(iv) a natural or synthetic tobacco substitute; or
522	(v) a natural or synthetic flavored tobacco product;
523	(c) using an [e-cigarette] electronic cigarette; or
524	(d) using an oral smoking device intended to circumvent the prohibition of smoking in
525	this chapter.
526	Section 7. Section 26-57-101 is amended to read:
527	CHAPTER 57. ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE AND NICOTINE PRODUCT
528	REGULATION ACT
529	26-57-101. Title.
530	This chapter is known as the "Electronic Cigarette and Nicotine Product Regulation
531	Act."
532	Section 8. Section 26-57-102 is amended to read:
533	26-57-102. Definitions.
534	As used in this chapter:
535	(1) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
536	(2) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section
537	[59-14-802] <u>76-10-101</u> .
538	(3) "Electronic cigarette product" means [an electronic cigarette or an electronic
539	cigarette substance.] the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
540	(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section
541	[59-14-802] <u>76-10-101</u> .
542	(5) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
543	<u>26A-1-102.</u>
544	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> "Manufacture" includes:
545	(a) to cast, construct, or make electronic cigarettes; or
546	(b) to blend, make, process, or prepare an electronic cigarette substance.
547	[(6)] (7) "Manufacturer sealed electronic cigarette substance" means an electronic
548	cigarette substance that is sold in a container that:
549	(a) is [pre-filled] prefilled by the electronic cigarette substance manufacturer; and
550	(b) the electronic cigarette manufacturer does not intend for a consumer to open.

551	(8) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
552	(9) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
553	Section 9. Section 26-57-104 is enacted to read:
554	26-57-104. Labeling of nicotine products containing nicotine.
555	(1) Any nicotine product shall contain the statement described in Subsection (2) if the
556	nicotine product:
557	(a) (i) is not a tobacco product as defined in 21 U.S.C. Sec. 321 and related federal
558	regulations; or
559	(ii) is not otherwise required under federal or state law to contain a nicotine warning;
560	<u>and</u>
561	(b) contains nicotine.
562	(2) A statement shall appear on the exterior packaging of a nicotine product described
563	in Subsection (1) as follows:
564	"This product contains nicotine."
565	Section 10. Section 26-62-101 is amended to read:
566	CHAPTER 62. TOBACCO, ELECTRONIC CIGARETTE, AND NICOTINE
567	PRODUCT RETAIL PERMIT
568	26-62-101. Title.
569	This chapter is known as "Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail
570	Permit."
571	Section 11. Section 26-62-102 is amended to read:
572	26-62-102. Definitions.
573	As used in this chapter:
574	(1) "Community location" means the same as that term is defined:
575	(a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
576	(b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
577	(2) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
578	<u>76-10-101.</u>
579	[(2)] (3) "Employee" means an employee of a tobacco retailer.
580	[(3)] (4) "Enforcing agency" means the state Department of Health, or any local health
581	department enforcing the provisions of this chapter.

582	[(4)] (5) "General tobacco retailer" means a tobacco retailer that is not a retail tobacco
583	specialty business.
584	[(5)] (6) "Local health department" means the same as that term is defined in Section
585	26A-1-102.
586	(7) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
587	[(6)] (8) "Permit" means a tobacco retail permit issued under this chapter.
588	[(7)] <u>(9)</u> "Retail tobacco specialty business" means the same as that term is defined:
589	(a) as it relates to a municipality, in Section 10-8-41.6; and
590	(b) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
591	[(8)] (10) "Tax commission license" means a license issued by the State Tax
592	Commission under:
593	(a) Section 59-14-201 to sell [cigarettes] a cigarette at retail;
594	(b) Section 59-14-301 to sell [tobacco products] a tobacco product at retail; or
595	(c) Section 59-14-803 to sell an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
596	[(9)] (11) "Tobacco product" means[:] the same as that term is defined in Section
597	<u>76-10-101.</u>
598	[(a) a cigar, cigarette, or electronic cigarette as those terms are defined in Section
599	76-10-101;]
600	[(b) a tobacco product as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102, including:]
601	[(i) chewing tobacco; or]
602	[(ii) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
603	or]
604	[(c) tobacco paraphernalia as that term is defined in Section 76-10-104.1.]
605	[(10)] (12) "Tobacco retailer" means a person that is required to obtain a tax
606	commission license.
607	Section 12. Section 26-62-201 is amended to read:
608	26-62-201. Permitting requirement.
609	(1) (a) [Beginning July 1, 2018, a] \underline{A} tobacco retailer shall hold a valid tobacco retail
610	permit issued in accordance with this chapter by the local health department with jurisdiction
611	over the physical location where the tobacco retailer operates.
612	(b) A tobacco retailer without a valid permit may not:

613	(i) place [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
614	nicotine product in public view;
615	(ii) display any advertisement related to [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an
616	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product that promotes the sale, distribution, or use of
617	those products; or
618	(iii) sell, offer for sale, or offer to exchange for any form of consideration, tobacco [or
619	tobacco products], a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
620	(2) A local health department may issue a permit under this chapter for a tobacco
621	retailer in the classification of:
622	(a) a general tobacco retailer; or
623	(b) a retail tobacco specialty business.
624	(3) A permit under this chapter is:
625	(a) valid only for one physical location, including a vending machine;
626	(b) valid only at one fixed business address; and
627	(c) if multiple tobacco retailers are at the same address, separately required for each
628	tobacco retailer.
629	[(4) Notwithstanding the requirement in Subsection (1), a person that holds a tax
630	commission license that was valid on July 1, 2018:]
631	[(a) may operate without a permit under this chapter until December 31, 2018; and]
632	[(b) shall obtain a permit from a local health department under this chapter before
633	January 1, 2019.]
634	Section 13. Section 26-62-202 is amended to read:
635	26-62-202. Permit application.
636	(1) A local health department shall issue a permit under this chapter for a tobacco
637	retailer if the local health department determines that the applicant:
638	(a) accurately provided all information required under Subsection (3) and, if applicable,
639	Subsection (4); and
640	(b) meets all requirements for a permit under this chapter.
641	(2) An applicant for a permit shall:
642	(a) submit an application described in Subsection (3) to the local health department
643	with jurisdiction over the area where the tobacco retailer is located; and

644	(b) pay all applicable fees described in Section 26-62-203.
645	(3) The application for a permit shall include:
646	(a) the name, address, and telephone number of each proprietor;
647	(b) the name and mailing address of each proprietor authorized to receive
648	permit-related communication and notices;
649	(c) the business name, address, and telephone number of the single, fixed location for
650	which a permit is sought;
651	(d) evidence that the location for which a permit is sought has a valid tax commission
652	license;
653	(e) information regarding whether, in the past 24 months, any proprietor of the tobacco
654	retailer has been determined to have violated, or has been a proprietor at a location that has
655	been determined to have violated:
656	(i) a provision of this chapter;
657	(ii) Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
658	(iii) Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 1, Cigarettes and Tobacco and Psychotoxic Chemical
659	Solvents;
660	(iv) Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
661	(v) regulations restricting the sale and distribution of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco
662	issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration, 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or
663	(vi) any other provision of state law or local ordinance regarding the sale, marketing, or
664	distribution of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
665	nicotine product; and
666	(f) the dates of all violations disclosed under this Subsection (3).
667	(4) (a) In addition to the information described in Subsection (3), an applicant for a
668	retail tobacco specialty business permit shall include evidence showing whether the business is
669	located within:
670	(i) 1,000 feet of a community location;
671	(ii) 600 feet of another retail tobacco specialty business; or
672	(iii) 600 feet of property used or zoned for agricultural or residential use.
673	(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the proximity requirements shall be measured in
674	a straight line from the nearest entrance of the retail tobacco specialty business to the nearest

675	property boundary of a location described in Subsections (4)(a)(i) through (iii), without regard
676	to intervening structures or zoning districts.
677	(5) The department or a local health department may not deny a permit to a retail
678	tobacco specialty business under Subsection (4) if the retail tobacco specialty business obtained
679	a license to operate the retail tobacco specialty business before December 31, 2015, from:
680	(a) a municipality under Section 10-8-41.6; or
681	(b) a county under Section 17-50-333.
682	(6) (a) The department shall establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G,
683	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, a permit process for local health departments
684	in accordance with this chapter.
685	(b) The permit process established by the department under Subsection (6)(a) may not
686	require any information in an application that is not required by this section.
687	Section 14. Section 26-62-205 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
688	26-62-205 (Effective 07/01/20). Permit requirements for a retail tobacco specialty
689	business.
690	A retail tobacco specialty business shall:
691	(1) except as provided in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4), prohibit any individual from
692	entering the business if the individual is[:] younger than 21 years old; and
693	[(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and]
694	[(b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old; and]
695	(2) prominently display at the retail tobacco specialty business a sign on the public
696	entrance of the business that communicates the prohibition in Subsection 76-10-105.1(4).
697	Section 15. Section 26-62-206 is enacted to read:
698	26-62-206. Requirements for the sale of tobacco product, electronic cigarette
699	product, or nicotine product.
700	(1) A tobacco retailer shall:
701	(a) provide the customer with an itemized receipt for each sale of a tobacco product, an
702	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product that separately identifies:
703	(i) the name of the tobacco product, the electronic eigarette product, or the nicotine
704	product;
705	(ii) the amount charged for each tobacco product, electronic cigarette product, or

/00	mcotine product, and
707	(iii) the date and time of the sale; and
708	(b) maintain an itemized transaction log that separately identifies, for each sale of a
709	tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product:
710	(i) the name of the tobacco product, the electronic cigarette product, or the nicotine
711	product;
712	(ii) the amount charged for each tobacco product, electronic cigarette product, or
713	nicotine product; and
714	(iii) the date and time of the sale.
715	(2) The itemized transaction log described in Subsection (1)(b) shall be:
716	(a) maintained for at least one year from the date of each transaction in the itemized
717	transaction log;
718	(b) made available to an enforcing agency or a peace officer at the request of the
719	enforcing agency or the peace officer; and
720	(c) in addition to any documentation required under Section 59-1-1406 and Subsection
721	<u>59-14-805(2).</u>
722	Section 16. Section 26-62-301 is amended to read:
723	26-62-301. Permit violation.
724	A person is in violation of the permit issued under this chapter if the person violates:
725	(1) a provision of this chapter;
726	(2) a provision of licensing laws under Section 10-8-41.6 or Section 17-50-333;
727	(3) a provision of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 1, Cigarettes and Tobacco and Psychotoxic
728	Chemical Solvents;
729	(4) a provision of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 16, Pattern of Unlawful Activity Act;
730	(5) a regulation restricting the sale and distribution of cigarettes and smokeless tobacco
731	issued by the United States Food and Drug Administration under 21 C.F.R. Part 1140; or
732	(6) any other provision of state law or local ordinance regarding the sale, marketing, or
733	distribution of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
734	nicotine product.
735	Section 17. Section 26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
736	26-62-304 (Effective 07/01/20). Hearing Evidence of criminal conviction.

737 (1) At a civil hearing conducted under Section 26-62-302, evidence of the final 738 criminal conviction of a tobacco retailer or employee for violation of Section 76-10-104 at the 739 same location and within the same time period as the location and time period alleged in the civil hearing for violation of this chapter for sale of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an 740 741 electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product to an individual under [the following ages] 742 21 years old is prima facie evidence of a violation of this chapter[:]. 743 (a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and 744 (b) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old. 745 (2) If the tobacco retailer is convicted of violating Section 76-10-104, the enforcing 746 agency: 747 (a) may not assess an additional monetary penalty under this chapter for the same 748 offense for which the conviction was obtained; and 749 (b) may revoke or suspend a permit in accordance with Section 26-62-305. 750 Section 18. Section 26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read: 751 26-62-305 (Effective 07/01/20). Penalties. 752 (1) (a) If, following an inspection by an enforcing agency, or an investigation or issuance of a citation or information under Section 77-39-101, an enforcing agency determines 753 754 that a person has violated the terms of a permit issued under this chapter, the enforcing agency 755 may impose the penalties described in this section. 756 (b) If multiple violations are found in a single inspection or investigation, only one 757 violation shall count toward the penalties described in this section. 758 (2) (a) The administrative penalty for a first violation at a retail location is a penalty of 759 not more than \$500. 760 (b) The administrative penalty for a second violation at the same retail location that 761 occurs within one year of a previous violation is a penalty of not more than \$750. 762 (c) The administrative penalty for a third or subsequent violation at the same retail location that occurs within two years after two or more previous violations is: 763 764 (i) a suspension of the retail tobacco business permit for 30 consecutive business days 765 within 60 days after the day on which the third or subsequent violation occurs; or 766 (ii) a penalty of not more than \$1,000.

(3) The department or a local health department may:

- 768 (a) revoke a permit if a fourth violation occurs within two years of three previous 769 violations; 770 (b) in addition to a monetary penalty imposed under Subsection (2), suspend the permit 771 if the violation is due to a sale of [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette 772 product, or a nicotine product to an individual under[+] 21 years old; and 773 [(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and] 774 [(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old; and] 775 (c) if applicable, recommend to a municipality or county that a retail tobacco specialty business license issued under Section 10-8-41.6 or 17-50-333 be suspended or revoked. 776 777 (4) (a) Except when a transfer described in Subsection (5) occurs, a local health 778 department may not issue a permit to: 779 (i) a tobacco retailer for whom a permit is suspended or revoked under Subsection (3); 780 or 781 (ii) a tobacco retailer that has the same proprietor, director, corporate officer, partner, 782 or other holder of significant interest as another tobacco retailer for whom a permit is 783 suspended or revoked under Subsection (3). 784 (b) A person whose permit: 785 (i) is suspended under this section may not apply for a new permit for any other 786 tobacco retailer for a period of 12 months after the day on which an enforcing agency suspends 787 the permit; and 788 (ii) is revoked may not apply for a new permit for any tobacco retailer for a period of 789 24 months after the day on which an enforcing agency revokes the permit. 790 (5) Violations of this chapter, Section 10-8-41.6, or Section 17-50-333 that occur at a 791 tobacco retailer location shall stay on the record for that tobacco retailer location unless: 792 (a) the tobacco retailer is transferred to a new proprietor; and 793 (b) the new proprietor provides documentation to the local health department that the 794 new proprietor is acquiring the tobacco retailer in an arm's length transaction from the previous
 - Section 19. Section **26-62-306** is amended to read:

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proprietor.

- 797 26-62-306. Recognition of tobacco retailer training program.
 - (1) In determining the amount of the monetary penalty to be imposed for an employee's

799	violation of this chapter, a hearing officer shall reduce the civil penalty by at least 50% if the
800	hearing officer determines that:
801	(a) the tobacco retailer has implemented a documented employee training program; and
802	(b) the employees have completed that training program within 30 days after the day on
803	which each employee commences the duties of selling [tobacco products] a tobacco product, an
804	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
805	(2) (a) For the first offense at a location, if the hearing officer determines under
806	Subsection (1) that the tobacco retailer licensee has not implemented a documented training
807	program with a written curriculum for employees at that location regarding compliance with
808	this chapter, the hearing officer may suspend all or a portion of the penalty if:
809	(i) the tobacco retailer agrees to initiate a training program for employees at that
810	location; and
811	(ii) the training program begins within 30 days after the hearing officer makes a
812	determination under this Subsection (2)(a).
813	(b) If the hearing officer determines at a subsequent hearing that the tobacco retailer
814	has not implemented the training program within the time period required under Subsection
815	(2)(a)(ii), the hearing officer shall promptly impose the suspended monetary penalty, unless the
816	tobacco retailer demonstrates good cause for an extension of time for implementation of the
817	training program.
818	Section 20. Section 26A-1-128 is amended to read:
819	26A-1-128. Tobacco, electronic cigarette, and nicotine product permits
820	Enforcement.
821	A local health department:
822	(1) shall enforce the requirements of Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic
823	Cigarette, and Nicotine Product Retail Permit;
824	(2) may enforce licensing requirements for entities that hold a business license to sell
825	[tobacco products] a tobacco product, an electronic eigarette product, or a nicotine product
826	under Section 10-8-41.6 or Section 17-50-333; and
827	(3) may recommend to a municipality or county that the business license of a retail
828	tobacco specialty business be suspended or revoked for a violation of Section 10-8-41.6,

Section 17-50-333, or Title 26, Chapter 62, Tobacco, Electronic Cigarette, and Nicotine

830	<u>Product</u> Retail Permit.
831	Section 21. Section 26A-1-129 is enacted to read:
832	26A-1-129. Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Grant
833	Program Reporting.
834	(1) As used in this section "grant program" means the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana,
835	and Other Drug Prevention Grant Program created in this section.
836	(2) There is created the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention
837	Grant Program which shall be administered by local health departments in accordance with this
838	section.
839	(3) (a) A local health department shall administer the grant program with funds
840	allocated to the grant program under Subsection 59-14-807(4)(d), to award grants to:
841	(i) a coalition of community organizations that is focused on substance abuse
842	prevention;
843	(ii) a local government agency, including a law enforcement agency, for a program that
844	is focused on substance abuse prevention; or
845	(iii) a local education agency as defined in Section 53J-1-301.
846	(b) A recipient of a grant under the grant program shall use the grant to address root
847	causes and factors associated with the use of electronic cigarettes, marijuana, and other drugs:
848	(i) by addressing one or more risk or protective factors identified in the Utah Student
849	Health and Risk Prevention Statewide Survey; and
850	(ii) through one or more of the following activities aimed at reducing use of electronic
851	cigarettes, marijuana, and other drugs:
852	(A) providing information;
853	(B) enhancing individual skills;
854	(C) providing support to activities that reduce risk or enhance protections;
855	(D) enhancing access or reducing barriers systems, processes, or programs;
856	(E) changing consequences by addressing incentives or disincentives;
857	(F) changing the physical design or structure of an environment to reduce risk or
858	enhance protections; or
859	(G) supporting modifications or changing policies.
860	(c) The grant program shall provide funding for a program or purpose that is:

861	(i) evidence-based; or
862	(ii) a promising practice as defined by the United States Centers for Disease Control
863	and Prevention.
864	(4) (a) An applicant for a grant under the grant program shall submit an application to
865	the local health department that has jurisdiction over the area in which the applicant is
866	proposing use of grant funds.
867	(b) The application described in Subsection (4)(a) shall:
868	(i) provide a summary of how the applicant intends to expend grant funds; and
869	(ii) describe how the applicant will meet the requirements described in Subsection (3).
870	(c) A local health department may establish the form or manner in which an applicant
871	must submit an application for the grant program under this section.
872	(5) (a) A local health department shall:
873	(i) on or before June 30 of each year:
874	(A) review each grant application the local health department receives for the grant
875	program; and
876	(B) select recipients for a grant under the grant program; and
877	(ii) before July 15 of each year, disperse grant funds to each selected recipient.
878	(b) A local health department may not award a single grant under this section in an
879	amount that exceeds \$100,000.
880	(6) (a) Before August 1 of each year, a recipient of a grant under the grant program
881	shall, for the previous year, submit a report to the local health department that:
882	(i) provides an accounting for the expenditure of grant funds;
883	(ii) describes measurable outcomes as a result of the expenditures;
884	(iii) describes the impact and effectiveness of programs and activities funded through
885	the grant; and
886	(iv) indicates the amount of grant funds remaining on the date that the report is
887	submitted.
888	(b) (i) A grant recipient shall submit the report described in Subsection (6)(a) before
889	August 1 of each year until the grant recipient expends all funds awarded to the recipient under
890	the grant program.
891	(ii) After a grant recipient expends all funds awarded to the recipient under the grant

892	program, the grant recipient shall submit a final report to the local health department with the
893	information described in Subsection (6)(a).
894	(7) (a) On or before September 1 of each year, each local health department shall
895	submit the reports described in Subsection (6) to the Association of Local Health Departments.
896	(b) The Association of Local Health Departments shall compile the reports and, in
897	collaboration with the Department of Health, submit a report to the Health and Human Services
898	Interim Committee regarding:
899	(i) the use of funds appropriated to the grant program;
900	(ii) the impact and effectiveness of programs activities that the grant program funds
901	during the previous fiscal year; and
902	(iii) any recommendations for legislation.
903	Section 22. Section 51-9-203 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
904	51-9-203 (Effective 07/01/20). Requirements for tobacco programs.
905	(1) To be eligible to receive funding under this part for a tobacco prevention, reduction,
906	cessation, or control program, an organization, whether private, governmental, or
907	quasi-governmental, shall:
908	(a) submit a request to the Department of Health containing the following information:
909	(i) for media campaigns to prevent or reduce smoking, the request shall demonstrate
910	sound management and periodic evaluation of the campaign's relevance to the intended
911	audience, particularly in campaigns directed toward youth, including audience awareness of the
912	campaign and recollection of the main message;
913	(ii) for school-based education programs to prevent and reduce youth smoking, the
914	request shall describe how the program will be effective in preventing and reducing youth
915	smoking;
916	(iii) for community-based programs to prevent and reduce smoking, the request shall
917	demonstrate that the proposed program:
918	(A) has a comprehensive strategy with a clear mission and goals;
919	(B) provides for committed, caring, and professional leadership; and
920	(C) if directed toward youth:
921	(I) offers youth-centered activities in youth accessible facilities;
922	(II) is culturally sensitive, inclusive, and diverse;

923	(III) involves youth in the planning, delivery, and evaluation of services that affect
924	them; and
925	(IV) offers a positive focus that is inclusive of all youth; and
926	(iv) for enforcement, control, and compliance program, the request shall demonstrate
927	that the proposed program can reasonably be expected to reduce the extent to which tobacco
928	products are available to individuals under [the following ages:] 21 years old;
929	[(A) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]
930	[(B) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old;]
931	(b) agree, by contract, to file an annual written report with the Department of Health
932	that contains the following:
933	(i) the amount funded;
934	(ii) the amount expended;
935	(iii) a description of the program or campaign and the number of adults and youth who
936	participated;
937	(iv) specific elements of the program or campaign meeting the applicable criteria set
938	forth in Subsection (1)(a); and
939	(v) a statement concerning the success and effectiveness of the program or campaign;
940	(c) agree, by contract, to not use any funds received under this part directly or
941	indirectly, to:
942	(i) engage in any lobbying or political activity, including the support of, or opposition
943	to, candidates, ballot questions, referenda, or similar activities; or
944	(ii) engage in litigation with any tobacco manufacturer, retailer, or distributor, except to
945	enforce:
946	(A) the provisions of the Master Settlement Agreement;
947	(B) Title 26, Chapter 38, Utah Indoor Clean Air Act;
948	(C) Title 26, Chapter 62, Part 3, Enforcement; and
949	(D) Title 77, Chapter 39, Sale of Tobacco or Alcohol to Under Age Persons; and
950	(d) agree, by contract, to repay the funds provided under this part if the organization:
951	(i) fails to file a timely report as required by Subsection (1)(b); or
952	(ii) uses any portion of the funds in violation of Subsection (1)(c).
953	(2) The Department of Health shall review and evaluate the success and effectiveness

954	of any program or campaign that receives funding pursuant to a request submitted under
955	Subsection (1). The review and evaluation:
956	(a) shall include a comparison of annual smoking trends;
957	(b) may be conducted by an independent evaluator; and
958	(c) may be paid for by funds appropriated from the account for that purpose.
959	(3) The Department of Health shall annually report to the Social Services
960	Appropriations Subcommittee on the reviews conducted pursuant to Subsection (2).
961	(4) An organization that fails to comply with the contract requirements set forth in
962	Subsection (1) shall:
963	(a) repay the state as provided in Subsection (1)(d); and
964	(b) be disqualified from receiving funds under this part in any subsequent fiscal year.
965	(5) The attorney general shall be responsible for recovering funds that are required to
966	be repaid to the state under this section.
967	(6) Nothing in this section may be construed as applying to funds that are not
968	appropriated under this part.
969	Section 23. Section 53-3-229 is amended to read:
970	53-3-229. Prohibited uses of license certificate Penalty.
971	(1) It is a class C misdemeanor for [a person] an individual to:
972	(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of a license certificate issued to the [person]
973	individual, by [a person] an individual not entitled to it;
974	(b) display or to represent as the [person's] individual's own a license certificate not
975	issued to the [person] individual;
976	(c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any license
977	certificate issued by the division;
978	(d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for a license or any
979	renewal or duplicate of the license certificate, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to
980	knowingly conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in the application;
981	(e) display a canceled, denied, revoked, suspended, or disqualified driver license
982	certificate as a valid driver license certificate;
983	(f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic
984	driver license certificate issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic driver

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985 license certificate issued by that governmental entity; or 986 (g) alter any information on an authentic driver license certificate so that it no longer 987 represents the information originally displayed. 988 (2) The provisions of Subsection (1)(e) do not prohibit the use of [a person's] an 989 individual's driver license certificate as a means of personal identification. 990 (3) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly: 991 (a) issue a driver license certificate with false or fraudulent information; 992 (b) issue a driver license certificate to a person younger than 21 years of age if the 993 driver license certificate is not distinguished as required for [a person] an individual younger 994 than 21 years of age under Section 53-3-207; or 995 (c) acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver license certificate to 996 procure: 997 (i) a cigarette; 998 (ii) an electronic cigarette product, as defined in Section 76-10-101; 999 (iii) a nicotine product as defined in Section 76-10-101; 1000 [(iii)] (iv) tobacco; or 1001 [(iv)] (v) a tobacco product. (4) [A person] An individual may not use, display, or transfer a false or altered driver 1002 1003 license certificate to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic 1004 beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in 1005 violation of Section 32B-1-403. 1006 (5) It is a third degree felony if [a person's] an individual's acquisition, use, display, or 1007 transfer of a false or altered driver license certificate: 1008 (a) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or 1009 services; or 1010 (b) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to commit a violent felony. 1011 Section 24. Section 53-3-810 is amended to read: 1012 53-3-810. Prohibited uses of identification card -- Penalties. 1013 (1) It is a class C misdemeanor to:

(a) lend or knowingly permit the use of an identification card issued to the [person]

individual, by [a person] an individual not entitled to it;

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- (b) display or to represent as the [person's] individual's own an identification card not issued to the [person] individual;
 - (c) refuse to surrender to the division or a peace officer upon demand any identification card issued by the division;
 - (d) use a false name or give a false address in any application for an identification card or any renewal or duplicate of the identification card, or to knowingly make a false statement, or to knowingly conceal a material fact in the application;
 - (e) display a revoked identification card as a valid identification card;
 - (f) knowingly acquire, use, display, or transfer an item that purports to be an authentic identification card issued by a governmental entity if the item is not an authentic identification card issued by that governmental entity; or
 - (g) alter any information contained on an authentic identification card so that it no longer represents the information originally displayed.
 - (2) It is a class A misdemeanor to knowingly:
 - (a) issue an identification card with false or fraudulent information;
- (b) issue an identification card to any [person] individual younger than 21 years of age if the identification card is not distinguished as required for [a person] an individual younger than 21 years of age under Section 53-3-806; or
 - (c) acquire, use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to procure:
- 1035 (i) a cigarette;
- 1036 (ii) an electronic cigarette[-] product as defined in Section 76-10-101;
- 1037 (iii) a nicotine product as defined in Section 76-10-101;
- 1038 [(iii)] (iv) tobacco; or
- 1039 $\frac{(iv)}{(v)}$ a tobacco product.
 - (3) [A person] An individual may not knowingly use, display, or transfer a false or altered identification card to procure alcoholic beverages, gain admittance to a place where alcoholic beverages are sold or consumed, or obtain employment that may not be obtained by a minor in violation of Section 32B-1-403.
 - (4) It is a third degree felony if [a person's] an individual's acquisition, use, display, or transfer of a false or altered identification card:
- 1046 (a) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to fraudulently obtain goods or

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1047	services; or
1048	(b) aids or furthers the [person's] individual's efforts to commit a violent felony.
1049	Section 25. Section 53G-4-402 is amended to read:
1050	53G-4-402. Powers and duties generally.
1051	(1) A local school board shall:
1052	(a) implement the core standards for Utah public schools using instructional materials
1053	that best correlate to the core standards for Utah public schools and graduation requirements;
1054	(b) administer tests, required by the state board, which measure the progress of each
1055	student, and coordinate with the state superintendent and state board to assess results and create
1056	plans to improve the student's progress, which shall be submitted to the state board for
1057	approval;
1058	(c) use progress-based assessments as part of a plan to identify schools, teachers, and
1059	students that need remediation and determine the type and amount of federal, state, and local
1060	resources to implement remediation;
1061	(d) develop early warning systems for students or classes failing to make progress;
1062	(e) work with the state board to establish a library of documented best practices,
1063	consistent with state and federal regulations, for use by the local districts;
1064	(f) implement training programs for school administrators, including basic
1065	management training, best practices in instructional methods, budget training, staff
1066	management, managing for learning results and continuous improvement, and how to help
1067	every child achieve optimal learning in basic academic subjects; and
1068	(g) ensure that the local school board meets the data collection and reporting standards
1069	described in Section 53E-3-501.
1070	(2) Local school boards shall spend Minimum School Program funds for programs and
1071	activities for which the state board has established minimum standards or rules under Section
1072	53E-3-501.
1073	(3) (a) A local school board may purchase, sell, and make improvements on school
1074	sites, buildings, and equipment and construct, erect, and furnish school buildings.
1075	(b) School sites or buildings may only be conveyed or sold on local school board

(4) (a) A local school board may participate in the joint construction or operation of a

resolution affirmed by at least two-thirds of the members.

school attended by children residing within the district and children residing in other districts either within or outside the state.

- (b) Any agreement for the joint operation or construction of a school shall:
- (i) be signed by the president of the local school board of each participating district;
 - (ii) include a mutually agreed upon pro rata cost; and
- 1083 (iii) be filed with the state board.

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- (5) A local school board may establish, locate, and maintain elementary, secondary, and applied technology schools.
 - (6) Except as provided in Section 53E-3-905, a local school board may enroll children in school who are at least five years of age before September 2 of the year in which admission is sought.
 - (7) A local school board may establish and support school libraries.
 - (8) A local school board may collect damages for the loss, injury, or destruction of school property.
 - (9) A local school board may authorize guidance and counseling services for children and their parents before, during, or following enrollment of the children in schools.
 - (10) (a) A local school board shall administer and implement federal educational programs in accordance with Title 53E, Chapter 3, Part 8, Implementing Federal or National Education Programs.
 - (b) Federal funds are not considered funds within the school district budget under Chapter 7, Part 3, Budgets.
 - (11) (a) A local school board may organize school safety patrols and adopt policies under which the patrols promote student safety.
 - (b) A student appointed to a safety patrol shall be at least 10 years old and have written parental consent for the appointment.
 - (c) Safety patrol members may not direct vehicular traffic or be stationed in a portion of a highway intended for vehicular traffic use.
 - (d) Liability may not attach to a school district, its employees, officers, or agents or to a safety patrol member, a parent of a safety patrol member, or an authorized volunteer assisting the program by virtue of the organization, maintenance, or operation of a school safety patrol.
 - (12) (a) A local school board may on its own behalf, or on behalf of an educational

1109 institution for which the local school board is the direct governing body, accept private grants, 1110 loans, gifts, endowments, devises, or bequests that are made for educational purposes. 1111 (b) These contributions are not subject to appropriation by the Legislature. 1112 (13) (a) A local school board may appoint and fix the compensation of a compliance 1113 officer to issue citations for violations of Subsection 76-10-105(2)(b). 1114 (b) A person may not be appointed to serve as a compliance officer without the 1115 person's consent. 1116 (c) A teacher or student may not be appointed as a compliance officer. 1117 (14) A local school board shall adopt bylaws and policies for the local school board's 1118 own procedures. 1119 (15) (a) A local school board shall make and enforce policies necessary for the control 1120 and management of the district schools. 1121 (b) Local school board policies shall be in writing, filed, and referenced for public 1122 access. 1123 (16) A local school board may hold school on legal holidays other than Sundays. 1124 (17) (a) A local school board shall establish for each school year a school traffic safety 1125 committee to implement this Subsection (17). 1126 (b) The committee shall be composed of one representative of: 1127 (i) the schools within the district; 1128 (ii) the Parent Teachers' Association of the schools within the district; 1129 (iii) the municipality or county; 1130 (iv) state or local law enforcement; and 1131 (v) state or local traffic safety engineering. 1132 (c) The committee shall: 1133 (i) receive suggestions from school community councils, parents, teachers, and others 1134 and recommend school traffic safety improvements, boundary changes to enhance safety, and 1135 school traffic safety program measures; 1136 (ii) review and submit annually to the Department of Transportation and affected 1137 municipalities and counties a child access routing plan for each elementary, middle, and junior 1138 high school within the district;

(iii) consult the Utah Safety Council and the Division of Family Health Services and

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- provide training to all school children in kindergarten through grade 6, within the district, on school crossing safety and use; and
 - (iv) help ensure the district's compliance with rules made by the Department of Transportation under Section 41-6a-303.
 - (d) The committee may establish subcommittees as needed to assist in accomplishing its duties under Subsection (17)(c).
 - (18) (a) A local school board shall adopt and implement a comprehensive emergency response plan to prevent and combat violence in the local school board's public schools, on school grounds, on its school vehicles, and in connection with school-related activities or events.
 - (b) The plan shall:
 - (i) include prevention, intervention, and response components;
 - (ii) be consistent with the student conduct and discipline policies required for school districts under Chapter 11, Part 2, Miscellaneous Requirements;
 - (iii) require professional learning for all district and school building staff on what their roles are in the emergency response plan;
 - (iv) provide for coordination with local law enforcement and other public safety representatives in preventing, intervening, and responding to violence in the areas and activities referred to in Subsection (18)(a); and
 - (v) include procedures to notify a student, to the extent practicable, who is off campus at the time of a school violence emergency because the student is:
 - (A) participating in a school-related activity; or
 - (B) excused from school for a period of time during the regular school day to participate in religious instruction at the request of the student's parent.
 - (c) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall develop comprehensive emergency response plan models that local school boards may use, where appropriate, to comply with Subsection (18)(a).
 - (d) A local school board shall, by July 1 of each year, certify to the state board that its plan has been practiced at the school level and presented to and reviewed by its teachers, administrators, students, and their parents and local law enforcement and public safety representatives.

- 03-04-20 7:03 PM 1171 (19) (a) A local school board may adopt an emergency response plan for the treatment 1172 of sports-related injuries that occur during school sports practices and events. 1173 (b) The plan may be implemented by each secondary school in the district that has a 1174 sports program for students. 1175 (c) The plan may: 1176 (i) include emergency personnel, emergency communication, and emergency 1177 equipment components; (ii) require professional learning on the emergency response plan for school personnel 1178 1179 who are involved in sports programs in the district's secondary schools; and 1180 (iii) provide for coordination with individuals and agency representatives who: 1181 (A) are not employees of the school district; and 1182 (B) would be involved in providing emergency services to students injured while 1183 participating in sports events. 1184 (d) The local school board, in collaboration with the schools referred to in Subsection 1185 (19)(b), may review the plan each year and make revisions when required to improve or 1186 enhance the plan. 1187 (e) The state board, through the state superintendent, shall provide local school boards 1188 with an emergency plan response model that local school boards may use to comply with the 1189 requirements of this Subsection (19). 1190 (20) A local school board shall do all other things necessary for the maintenance, 1191 prosperity, and success of the schools and the promotion of education. 1192
 - (21) (a) Before closing a school or changing the boundaries of a school, a local school board shall:

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- (i) at least 120 days before approving the school closure or school boundary change, provide notice to the following that the local school board is considering the closure or boundary change:
- (A) parents of students enrolled in the school, using the same form of communication the local school board regularly uses to communicate with parents;
- (B) parents of students enrolled in other schools within the school district that may be affected by the closure or boundary change, using the same form of communication the local school board regularly uses to communicate with parents; and

1202	(C) the governing council and the mayor of the municipality in which the school is
1203	located;
1204	(ii) provide an opportunity for public comment on the proposed school closure or
1205	school boundary change during at least two public local school board meetings; and
1206	(iii) hold a public hearing as defined in Section 10-9a-103 and provide public notice of
1207	the public hearing as described in Subsection (21)(b).
1208	(b) The notice of a public hearing required under Subsection (21)(a)(iii) shall:
1209	(i) indicate the:
1210	(A) school or schools under consideration for closure or boundary change; and
1211	(B) the date, time, and location of the public hearing;
1212	(ii) at least 10 days before the public hearing, be:
1213	(A) published:
1214	(I) in a newspaper of general circulation in the area; and
1215	(II) on the Utah Public Notice Website created in Section 63F-1-701; and
1216	(B) posted in at least three public locations within the municipality in which the school
1217	is located on the school district's official website, and prominently at the school; and
1218	(iii) at least 30 days before the public hearing described in Subsection (21)(a)(iii), be
1219	provided as described in Subsections (21)(a)(i)(A), (B), and (C).
1220	(22) A local school board may implement a facility energy efficiency program
1221	established under Title 11, Chapter 44, Performance Efficiency Act.
1222	(23) A local school board may establish or partner with a certified youth court
1223	program, in accordance with Section 78A-6-1203, or establish or partner with a comparable
1224	restorative justice program, in coordination with schools in that district. A school may refer a
1225	student to youth court or a comparable restorative justice program in accordance with Section
1226	53G-8-211.
1227	Section 26. Section 53G-8-209 is amended to read:
1228	53G-8-209. Extracurricular activities Prohibited conduct Reporting of
1229	violations Limitation of liability.
1230	(1) The Legislature recognizes that:
1231	(a) participation in student government and extracurricular activities may confer
1232	important educational and lifetime benefits upon students, and encourages school districts and

charter schools to provide a variety of opportunities for all students to participate in such activities in meaningful ways;

- (b) there is no constitutional right to participate in these types of activities, and does not through this section or any other provision of law create such a right;
- (c) students who participate in student government and extracurricular activities, particularly competitive athletics, and the adult coaches, advisors, and assistants who direct those activities, become role models for others in the school and community;
- (d) these individuals often play major roles in establishing standards of acceptable behavior in the school and community, and establishing and maintaining the reputation of the school and the level of community confidence and support afforded the school; and
- (e) it is of the utmost importance that those involved in student government, whether as officers or advisors, and those involved in competitive athletics and related activities, whether students or staff, comply with all applicable laws and standards of behavior and conduct themselves at all times in a manner befitting their positions and responsibilities.
- (2) (a) The state board may, and local school boards and charter school governing boards shall, adopt rules or policies implementing this section that apply to both students and staff.
- (b) The rules or policies described in Subsection (2)(a) shall include prohibitions against the following types of conduct in accordance with Section 53G-8-211, while in the classroom, on school property, during school sponsored activities, or regardless of the location or circumstance, affecting a person or property described in Subsections 53G-8-203(1)(e)(i) through (iv):
 - (i) use of foul, abusive, or profane language while engaged in school related activities;
- (ii) illicit use, possession, or distribution of controlled substances or drug paraphernalia, and the use, possession, or distribution of an electronic cigarette <u>product or a nicotine product</u> as <u>those terms are</u> defined in Section 76-10-101, tobacco, or alcoholic beverages contrary to law; and
- (iii) hazing, demeaning, or assaultive behavior, whether consensual or not, including behavior involving physical violence, restraint, improper touching, or inappropriate exposure of body parts not normally exposed in public settings, forced ingestion of any substance, or any act which would constitute a crime against a person or public order under [Utah] state law.

1264	(3) (a) School employees who reasonably believe that a violation of this section may
1265	have occurred shall immediately report that belief to the school principal, district
1266	superintendent, or chief administrative officer of a charter school.
1267	(b) Principals who receive a report under Subsection (3)(a) shall submit a report of the
1268	alleged incident, and actions taken in response, to the district superintendent or the
1269	superintendent's designee within 10 working days after receipt of the report.
1270	(c) Failure of a person holding a professional certificate to report as required under this
1271	Subsection (3) constitutes an unprofessional practice.
1272	(4) Limitations of liability set forth under Section 53G-8-405 apply to this section.
1273	Section 27. Section 59-14-102 is amended to read:
1274	59-14-102. Definitions.
1275	As used in this chapter:
1276	(1) "Alternative nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1277	<u>76-10-101.</u>
1278	[(1)] (2) "Cigarette" means a roll for smoking made wholly or in part of tobacco:
1279	(a) regardless of:
1280	(i) the size of the roll;
1281	(ii) the shape of the roll; or
1282	(iii) whether the tobacco is[:(A)-] flavored[;(B)], adulterated[; or (C)], or mixed with
1283	any other ingredient; and
1284	(b) if the wrapper or cover of the roll is made of paper or any other substance or
1285	material except tobacco.
1286	[(2)] (3) "Cigarette rolling machine" means a device or machine that has the capability
1287	to produce at least 150 cigarettes in less than 30 minutes.
1288	[(3)] <u>(4)</u> "Cigarette rolling machine operator" means a person who:
1289	(a) (i) controls, leases, owns, possesses, or otherwise has available for use a cigarette
1290	rolling machine; and
1291	(ii) makes the cigarette rolling machine available for use by another person to produce
1292	a cigarette; or
1293	(b) offers for sale, at retail, a cigarette produced from the cigarette rolling machine.
1294	$\left[\frac{4}{5}\right]$ (5) "Consumer" means a person that is not required:

1295	(a) under Section 59-14-201 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202; [or]
1296	(b) under Section 59-14-301 to obtain a license under Section 59-14-202[-]; or
1297	(c) to obtain a license under Section 59-14-803.
1298	[(5)] <u>(6)</u> "Counterfeit cigarette" means:
1299	(a) a cigarette that has a false manufacturing label; or
1300	(b) a package of cigarettes bearing a counterfeit tax stamp.
1301	(7) "Electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101
1302	(8) "Electronic cigarette product" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1303	<u>76-10-101.</u>
1304	(9) "Electronic cigarette substance" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1305	<u>76-10-101.</u>
1306	[(6)] (10) "Importer" means a person [who] that imports into the United States, either
1307	directly or indirectly, a finished cigarette for sale or distribution.
1308	[(7)] (11) "Indian tribal entity" means a federally recognized Indian tribe, tribal entity,
1309	or any other person doing business as a distributor or retailer of cigarettes on tribal lands
1310	located in the state.
1311	[(8)] (12) "Little cigar" means a roll for smoking that:
1312	(a) is made wholly or in part of tobacco;
1313	(b) [that] uses an integrated cellulose acetate filter or other similar filter; and
1314	(c) [that] is wrapped in a substance:
1315	(i) containing tobacco; and
1316	(ii) that is not exclusively natural leaf tobacco.
1317	[(9)] (13) (a) Except as provided in Subsection [(9)] (13)(b), "manufacturer" means a
1318	person [who] that:
1319	(i) manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, or labels a finished cigarette[:]; or
1320	(ii) makes, modifies, mixes, manufactures, fabricates, assembles, processes, labels,
1321	repackages, relabels, or imports an electronic cigarette product or a nicotine product.
1322	(b) "Manufacturer" does not include a cigarette rolling machine operator.
1323	[(10)] (14) "Moist snuff" means tobacco that:
1324	(a) is finely[: (i)-] cut[; (ii)], ground[; or (iii)], or powdered;
1325	(b) has at least 45% moisture content, as determined by the commission by rule made

1320	in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Otan Administrative Rulemaking Act,
1327	(c) is not intended to be:
1328	(i) smoked; or
1329	(ii) placed in the nasal cavity; and
1330	(d) except for single-use pouches of loose tobacco, is not packaged, produced, sold, or
1331	distributed in single-use units, including:
1332	(i) tablets;
1333	(ii) lozenges;
1334	(iii) strips;
1335	(iv) sticks; or
1336	(v) packages containing multiple single-use units.
1337	(15) "Nicotine" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
1338	(16) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section
1339	<u>76-10-101.</u>
1340	(17) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means the same as that term is defined
1341	<u>in Section 76-10-101.</u>
1342	[(11)] (18) "Retailer" means a person that:
1343	(a) sells or distributes a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product
1344	to a consumer in the state; or
1345	(b) intends to sell or distribute a cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine
1346	product to a consumer in the state.
1347	[(12)] (19) "Stamp" means the indicia required to be placed on a cigarette package that
1348	evidences payment of the tax on cigarettes required by Section 59-14-205.
1349	[(13)] (20) (a) "Tobacco product" means a product made of, or containing, tobacco.
1350	(b) "Tobacco product" includes:
1351	(i) a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling machine;
1352	(ii) a little cigar; or
1353	(iii) moist snuff.
1354	(c) "Tobacco product" does not include a cigarette.
1355	[(14)] (21) "Tribal lands" means land held by the United States in trust for a federally
1356	recognized Indian tribe.

1357	Section 28. Section 59-14-104 is enacted to read:
1358	59-14-104. Rate reduction for modified risk tobacco products.
1359	(1) Beginning July 1, 2021, the tax imposed under this chapter is reduced in
1360	accordance with Subsection (2):
1361	(a) on the first day of a calendar quarter; and
1362	(b) after a 90-day period beginning on the day on which the commission receives a
1363	notice from the manufacturer of a product that has received a modified risk tobacco product
1364	order from the United States Food and Drug Administration.
1365	(2) The tax imposed under this chapter is reduced by:
1366	(a) 50% for any product that is issued a modified risk tobacco product order under 21
1367	<u>U.S.C. Sec. 387k(g)(1); and</u>
1368	(b) 25% for any product that is issued a modified risk tobacco product order under 21
1369	U.S.C. Sec. $387k(g)(2)$.
1370	Section 29. Section 59-14-302 is amended to read:
1371	59-14-302. Tax basis Rates.
1372	(1) As used in this section:
1373	(a) "Manufacturer's sales price" means the amount the manufacturer of a tobacco
1374	product charges after subtracting a discount.
1375	(b) "Manufacturer's sales price" includes an original Utah destination freight charge,
1376	regardless of:
1377	(i) whether the tobacco product is shipped f.o.b. origin or f.o.b. destination; or
1378	(ii) who pays the original Utah destination freight charge.
1379	(2) There is levied a tax upon the sale, use, or storage of tobacco products in the state.
1380	(3) (a) Subject to Subsection (3)(b), the tax levied under Subsection (2) shall be paid
1381	by the manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, user, or consumer.
1382	(b) The tax levied under Subsection (2) on a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling
1383	machine shall be paid by the cigarette rolling machine operator.
1384	(4) For tobacco products except for moist snuff, a little cigar, or a cigarette produced
1385	from a cigarette rolling machine, the [rate] amount of the tax under this section is .86
1386	multiplied by the manufacturer's sales price.
1387	(5) (a) Subject to Subsection (5)(b) the tax under this section on moist snuff is

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	4th Sub. (Pumpkin) S.B. 37 03-04-20 7:03 Pl
1388	imposed:
1389	(i) at a rate of \$1.83 per ounce; and
1390	(ii) on the basis of the net weight of the moist snuff as listed by the manufacturer.
1391	(b) If the net weight of moist snuff is in a quantity that is a fractional part of one ounce,
1392	a proportionate amount of the tax described in Subsection (5)(a) is imposed:
1393	(i) on that fractional part of one ounce; and
1394	(ii) in accordance with rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G,
1395	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1396	(6) (a) A little cigar is taxed at the same tax rates as a cigarette is taxed under
1397	Subsection 59-14-204(2).
1398	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (6)(b)(ii), a cigarette produced from a cigarette rolling
1399	machine is taxed at the same tax rates as a cigarette is taxed under Subsection 59-14-204(2).
1400	(ii) A tax under this Subsection (6)(b) is imposed on the date the cigarette is produced
1401	from the cigarette rolling machine.
1402	(7) (a) Moisture content of a tobacco product is determined at the time of packaging.
1403	(b) A manufacturer who distributes a tobacco product in, or into, Utah, shall:
1404	(i) for a period of three years after the last day on which the manufacturer distributes
1405	the tobacco product in, or into, Utah, keep valid scientific evidence of the moisture content of
1406	the tobacco product available for review by the commission, upon demand; and
1407	(ii) provide a document, to the person described in Subsection (3) to whom the
1408	manufacturer distributes the tobacco product, that certifies the moisture content of the tobacco
1409	product, as verified by the scientific evidence described in Subsection (7)(b)(i).
1410	(c) A manufacturer who fails to comply with the requirements of Subsection (7)(b) is
1411	liable for the nonpayment or underpayment of taxes on the tobacco product by a person who
1412	relies, in good faith, on the document described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
1413	(d) A person described in Subsection (3) who is required to pay tax on a tobacco
1414	product:

(i) shall, for a period of three years after the last day on which the person pays the tax

(ii) is not liable for nonpayment or underpayment of taxes on the tobacco product due

on the tobacco product, keep the document described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii) available for

review by the commission, upon demand; and

1419	to the person's good faith reliance on the document described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii).
1420	Section 30. Section 59-14-703 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
1421	59-14-703 (Effective 07/01/20). Certification of cigarette rolling machine
1422	operators Renewal of certification Requirements for certification or renewal of
1423	certification Denial.
1424	(1) A cigarette rolling machine operator may not perform the following without first
1425	obtaining certification from the commission as provided in this part:
1426	(a) locate a cigarette rolling machine within this state;
1427	(b) make or offer to make a cigarette rolling machine available for use within this state
1428	or
1429	(c) offer a cigarette for sale within this state if the cigarette is produced by:
1430	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator; or
1431	(ii) another person at the location of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette
1432	rolling machine.
1433	(2) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall renew its certification as provided in this
1434	section.
1435	(3) The commission shall prescribe a form for certifying a cigarette rolling machine
1436	operator under this part.
1437	(4) (a) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for
1438	certification before the cigarette rolling machine operator performs an act described in
1439	Subsection (1) within the state for the first time.
1440	(b) A cigarette rolling machine operator shall apply to the commission for a renewal of
1441	certification on or before the earlier of:
1442	(i) December 31 of each year; or
1443	(ii) the day on which there is a change in any of the information the cigarette rolling
1444	machine operator provides on the form described in Subsection (3).
1445	(5) To obtain certification or renewal of certification under this section from the
1446	commission, a cigarette rolling machine operator shall:
1447	(a) identify:
1448	(i) the cigarette rolling machine operator's name and address;
1449	(ii) the location, make, and brand of the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette

1450	rolling machine; and
1451	(iii) each person from whom the cigarette rolling machine operator will purchase or be
1452	provided tobacco products that the cigarette rolling machine operator will use to produce
1453	cigarettes; and
1454	(b) certify, under penalty of perjury, that:
1455	(i) the tobacco to be used in the cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling
1456	machine, regardless of the tobacco's label or description, shall be only of a:
1457	(A) brand family listed on the commission's directory listing required by Section
1458	59-14-603; and
1459	(B) tobacco product manufacturer listed on the commission's directory listing required
1460	by Section 59-14-603;
1461	(ii) the cigarette rolling machine operator shall prohibit another person who uses the
1462	cigarette rolling machine operator's cigarette rolling machine from using tobacco, a wrapper, or
1463	a cover except for tobacco, a wrapper, or a cover purchased by or provided to the cigarette
1464	rolling machine operator from a person identified in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(iii);
1465	(iii) the cigarette rolling machine operator holds a current license issued in accordance
1466	with this chapter;
1467	(iv) the cigarettes produced from the cigarette rolling machine shall comply with Title
1468	53, Chapter 7, Part 4, The Reduced Cigarette Ignition Propensity and Firefighter Protection
1469	Act;
1470	(v) the cigarette rolling machine shall be located in a separate and defined area where
1471	the cigarette rolling machine operator ensures that an individual younger than [the age specified
1472	in Subsection (6)] 21 years old may not be:
1473	(A) present at any time; or
1474	(B) permitted to enter at any time; and
1475	(vi) the cigarette rolling machine operator may not barter, distribute, exchange, offer,
1476	or sell cigarettes produced from a cigarette rolling machine in a quantity of less than 20
1477	cigarettes per retail transaction.
1478	[(6) For purposes of Subsection (5), an individual is younger than:]
1479	[(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]

[(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]

1481	[(7)] (6) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator meets
1482	the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the commission
1483	shall grant the certification or renewal of certification.
1484	[(8)] (7) If the commission determines that a cigarette rolling machine operator does
1485	not meet the requirements for certification or renewal of certification under this section, the
1486	commission shall:
1487	(a) deny the certification or renewal of certification; and
1488	(b) provide the cigarette rolling machine operator the grounds for denial of the
1489	certification or renewal of certification in writing.
1490	Section 31. Section 59-14-801 is amended to read:
1491	Part 8. Electronic Cigarette and Nicotine Product Licensing and Taxation Act
1492	59-14-801. Title.
1493	This part is known as the "Electronic Cigarette Product and Nicotine Product Licensing
1494	and Taxation Act."
1495	Section 32. Section 59-14-802 is amended to read:
1496	59-14-802. Definitions.
1497	As used in this part:
1498	[(1) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.]
1499	[(2) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:]
1500	[(i) an electronic device used to deliver or capable of delivering vapor containing
1501	nicotine to an individual's respiratory system;]
1502	[(ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (2)(a)(i); or]
1503	[(iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection
1504	(2)(a)(i).]
1505	[(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an e-cigarette as defined in Section 26-38-2.]
1506	[(3) "Electronic eigarette product" means an electronic eigarette or an electronic
1507	cigarette substance.]
1508	[(4) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
1509	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.]
1510	[(5)] (1) "Licensee" means a person that holds a valid license to sell <u>an</u> electronic
1511	cigarette [products] product or a nicotine product.

1512	[(6) "License to sell an electronic cigarette product" means a license issued by the
1513	commission under Subsection 59-14-803(3).]
1514	(2) (a) "Manufacturer's sales price" means the amount that the manufacturer of an
1515	electronic cigarette substance or a prefilled electronic cigarette charges after subtracting a
1516	discount.
1517	(b) "Manufacturer's sales price" includes an original Utah destination freight charge,
1518	regardless of:
1519	(i) whether the electronic cigarette substance or prefilled electronic cigarette is shipped
1520	f.o.b. origin or f.o.b. destination; or
1521	(ii) who pays the original Utah destination freight charge.
1522	Section 33. Section 59-14-803 is amended to read:
1523	59-14-803. License to sell electronic cigarette product or nicotine product.
1524	(1) [Except as provided in Subsection (2), a] \underline{A} person may not sell, offer to sell, or
1525	distribute an electronic cigarette product [in Utah] or an alternative nicotine product in this
1526	state without first:
1527	(a) except as provided in Subsection (2), obtaining a license from the commission
1528	under this section to sell an electronic eigarette product [from the commission under this
1529	section.] or an alternative nicotine product; and
1530	(b) complying with any bonding requirement described in Subsection (5).
1531	(2) A person that holds a valid license to sell cigarettes under Section 59-14-201[7] or a
1532	person that holds a valid license to sell tobacco products under Section 59-14-301[7] may,
1533	without obtaining a separate license [to sell an electronic cigarette product under this part,] in
1534	accordance with this section, sell, offer to sell, or distribute an electronic cigarette product [in
1535	Utah in accordance with this part] or an alternative nicotine product in this state.
1536	(3) The commission shall issue a license to sell an electronic cigarette product or an
1537	alternative nicotine product to a person that submits an application, on a form created by the
1538	commission, that includes:
1539	(a) the person's name;
1540	(b) the address of the facility where the person will sell an electronic cigarette product
1541	or an alternative nicotine product; and
1542	(c) any other information the commission requires to implement this chapter.

1543	(4) A license described in Subsection (3) is:
1544	(a) valid only at one fixed business address;
1545	(b) valid for three years;
1546	(c) valid only for a physical location; and
1547	(d) renewable if a licensee meets the criteria for licensing described in Subsection (3).
1548	(5) (a) The commission shall require a manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or
1549	retailer that is responsible under this part for the collection of tax on an electronic cigarette
1550	substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, or an alternative nicotine product to post a bond.
1551	(b) The manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer may post the bond
1552	required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with any bond required by Section 59-14-201 or
1553	<u>59-14-301.</u>
1554	(c) Subject to Subsection (5)(d), the commission shall determine the form and amount
1555	of the bond.
1556	(d) The minimum amount of the bond shall be:
1557	(i) except as provided in Subsection (5)(d)(ii) or (iii), \$500;
1558	(ii) if the manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer posts the bond
1559	required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with a bond required by either Section 59-14-201
1560	or 59-14-301, \$1,000; or
1561	(iii) if the manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, or retailer posts the bond
1562	required by Subsection (5)(a) in combination with a bond required by both Sections 59-14-201
1563	and 59-14-301, \$1,500.
1564	[(5)] (6) The commission may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3,
1565	Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, to establish the additional information described in
1566	Subsection (3)(c) that a person [must] shall provide in the application described in Subsection
1567	(3).
1568	[(6)] (7) It is a class B misdemeanor for a person to violate Subsection (1).
1569	$[\frac{7}{8}]$ The commission may not charge a fee for a license under this section.
1570	Section 34. Section 59-14-804 is enacted to read:
1571	59-14-804. Taxation of electronic cigarette substance, prefilled electronic
1572	cigarette, alternative nicotine product, nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, and
1573	prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device.

1574	(1) (a) Beginning on July 1, 2020, a tax is imposed upon the following:
1575	(i) an electronic cigarette substance; and
1576	(ii) a prefilled electronic cigarette.
1577	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2021, a tax is imposed upon an alternative nicotine product.
1578	(2) (a) The amount of tax levied under Subsection (1)(a) is .56 multiplied by the
1579	manufacturer's sales price.
1580	(b) (i) The tax described in Subsection (1)(b) on an alternative nicotine product is
1581	imposed:
1582	(A) at a rate of \$1.83 per ounce; and
1583	(B) on the basis of the net weight of the alternative nicotine product as listed by the
1584	manufacturer.
1585	(ii) If the net weight of the alternative nicotine product is in a quantity that is a
1586	fractional part of one ounce, a proportionate amount of the tax described in Subsection
1587	(2)(b)(i)(A) is imposed:
1588	(A) on that fractional part of one ounce; and
1589	(B) in accordance with rules made by the commission in accordance with Title 63G,
1590	Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act.
1591	(3) If a product is sold in the same package as a product that is taxed under Subsection
1592	(1)(a), the tax described in Subsection (2)(a) shall apply to the wholesale manufacturer's sale
1593	price of the entire packaged product.
1594	(4) (a) A manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user shall
1595	pay the tax levied under Subsection (1) at the time that an electronic cigarette substance, a
1596	prefilled electronic cigarette, or an alternative nicotine product is first received in the state.
1597	(b) A manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user may not
1598	resell an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, or an alternative nicotine
1599	product to another distributor, another retailer, or a consumer before paying the tax levied
1600	under Subsection (1).
1601	(5) (a) The manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user
1602	shall remit the taxes collected in accordance with this section to the commission.
1603	(b) The commission shall deposit revenues generated by the tax imposed by this
1604	section into the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account

1605	created in Section 59-14-807.
1606	Section 35. Section 59-14-805 is enacted to read:
1607	59-14-805. Remittance of tax Returns Invoice required Filing requirement
1608	Exception Penalty Overpayment.
1609	(1) (a) The manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, consumer, or user
1610	that collects the tax imposed on an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic
1611	cigarette, or an alternative nicotine product shall remit to the commission, in an electronic
1612	format approved by the commission:
1613	(i) the tax collected in the previous calendar quarter; and
1614	(ii) the quarterly tax return.
1615	(b) The tax collected and the return are due on or before the last day of April, July,
1616	October, and January.
1617	(2) (a) A manufacturer, jobber, distributor, wholesaler, retailer, or any other person
1618	selling an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, or an alternative
1619	nicotine product to a person other than the ultimate consumer shall furnish the purchaser with
1620	an itemized invoice showing:
1621	(i) the seller's name and address;
1622	(ii) the name and address of the purchaser;
1623	(iii) the date of sale;
1624	(iv) the name and price of the product; and
1625	(v) the discount, if any.
1626	(b) The invoice shall show whether the price includes the tax.
1627	(c) The seller and the purchaser shall retain copies of the invoice and make the invoice
1628	available for inspection at the request of the commission or the commission's agent for a period
1629	of three years following the sale.
1630	(3) (a) A consumer that purchases an untaxed electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled
1631	electronic cigarette, or an alternative nicotine product for use or other consumption shall:
1632	(i) file with the commission, on forms prescribed by the commission, a statement
1633	showing the quantity and description of the item subject to tax under this part; and
1634	(ii) pay the tax imposed by this part on that item.
1635	(b) The consumer shall file the statement described in Subsection (3)(a) and nay the tay

1636	due on or before the last day of the month immediately following the month during which the
1637	consumer purchased an untaxed electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette,
1638	or an alternative nicotine product.
1639	(c) A consumer shall maintain records necessary to determine the amount of tax the
1640	consumer is liable to pay under this part for a period of three years following the date on which
1641	the statement required by this section was filed.
1642	(4) A tourist who imports an untaxed electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled
1643	electronic cigarette, or an alternative nicotine product into the state does not need to file the
1644	statement described in Subsection (3) or pay the tax if the item is for the tourist's own use or
1645	consumption while in this state.
1646	(5) In addition to the tax required by this part, a person shall pay a penalty as provided
1647	in Section 59-1-401, plus interest at the rate and in the manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402,
1648	if a person subject to this section fails to:
1649	(a) pay the tax prescribed by this part;
1650	(b) pay the tax on time; or
1651	(c) file a return required by this part.
1652	(6) An overpayment of a tax imposed by this part shall accrue interest at the rate and in
1653	the manner prescribed in Section 59-1-402.
1654	Section 36. Section 59-14-806 is enacted to read:
1655	59-14-806. Refund of taxes paid Exemption for exported electronic cigarettes
1656	and nicotine products.
1657	(1) When an electronic cigarette substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, or an
1658	alternative nicotine product taxed under this chapter is sold and shipped to a regular dealer in
1659	those articles in another state, the seller in this state shall be entitled to a refund of the actual
1660	amount of the taxes paid, upon condition that the seller in this state:
1661	(a) is a licensed dealer;
1662	(b) signs an affidavit that the electronic cigarette substance, the prefilled electronic
1663	cigarette, or the alternative nicotine product was sold and shipped to a regular dealer in those
1664	articles in another state;
1665	(c) furnishes, from the purchaser, a written acknowledgment that the purchaser has
1666	received the electronic cigarette substance, the prefilled electronic cigarette, or the alternative

166/	nicotine product; and
1668	(d) reports the name and address of the purchaser.
1669	(2) A wholesaler or distributor in this state that exports an electronic cigarette
1670	substance, a prefilled electronic cigarette, or an alternative nicotine product to a regular dealer
1671	in those articles in another state shall be exempt from the payment of any tax under this chapter
1672	upon furnishing proof of the sale and exportation as the commission may require.
1673	Section 37. Section 59-14-807 is enacted to read:
1674	59-14-807. Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted
1675	Account.
1676	(1) There is created within the General Fund a restricted account known as the
1677	"Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account."
1678	(2) The Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account
1679	consists of:
1680	(a) revenues collected from the tax imposed by Section 59-14-804; and
1681	(b) amounts appropriated by the Legislature.
1682	(3) For each fiscal year, beginning with fiscal year 2021, and subject to appropriation
1683	by the Legislature, the Division of Finance shall distribute from the Electronic Cigarette
1684	Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account:
1685	(a) \$2,000,000 which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
1686	Department of Health using the formula created in accordance with Section 26A-1-116;
1687	(b) \$2,000,000 to the Department of Health for statewide cessation programs and
1688	prevention education;
1689	(c) \$1,180,000 to the Department of Public Safety for law enforcement officers aimed
1690	at disrupting organizations and networks that provide tobacco products, electronic cigarette
1691	products, nicotine products, and other illegal controlled substances to minors; and
1692	(d) \$3,000,000 which shall be allocated to the local health departments by the
1693	Department of Health using the formula created in accordance with Section 26A-1-116.
1694	(4) (a) The local health departments shall use the money received in accordance with
1695	Subsection (3)(a) for enforcing:
1696	(i) the regulation provisions described in Section 26-57-103;
1697	(ii) the labeling requirement described in Section 26-57-104; and

1698	(111) the penalty provisions described in Section 26-62-305.
1699	(b) The Department of Health shall use the money received in accordance with
1700	Subsection (3)(b) for the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention
1701	Program created in Section 26-7-10.
1702	(c) The local health department shall use the money received in accordance with
1703	Subsection (3)(d) to issue grants under the Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug
1704	Prevention Grant Program created in Section 26A-1-129.
1705	(5) (a) The fund shall earn interest.
1706	(b) All interest earned on fund money shall be deposited into the fund.
1707	(6) Subject to legislative appropriations, funds remaining in the Electronic Cigarette
1708	Substance and Nicotine Product Tax Restricted Account after the distribution described in
1709	Subsection (3) may only be used for programs and activities related to the prevention and
1710	cessation of electronic cigarette, nicotine products, marijuana, and other drug use.
1711	Section 38. Section 59-14-808 is enacted to read:
1712	59-14-808. Restrictions on mail order or Internet sales.
1713	(1) For purposes of this section:
1714	(a) "Distributor" means a person, wherever residing or located, who:
1715	(i) is licensed in this state to purchase a non-taxed nicotine product or a non-taxed
1716	electronic cigarette product; and
1717	(ii) stores, sells, or otherwise disposes of a nicotine product or an electronic cigarette
1718	product.
1719	(b) "Licensed person" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-409.
1720	(c) "Order or purchase" includes:
1721	(i) by mail or delivery service;
1722	(ii) through the Internet or computer network;
1723	(iii) by telephone; or
1724	(iv) through some other electronic method.
1725	(d) "Retailer" means any person who sells a nicotine product or an electronic cigarette
1726	product to consumers for personal consumption.
1727	(2) A person, distributor, manufacturer, or retailer shall not:
1728	(a) cause a nicotine product or an electronic cigarette product to be ordered or

1/29	purchased by anyone other than a licensed person; or
1730	(b) knowingly provide substantial assistance to a person who violates this section.
1731	(3) (a) Each order or purchase of a nicotine product or an electronic cigarette product in
1732	violation of Subsection (2) constitutes a separate violation under this section.
1733	(b) In addition to the penalties in Subsection (4), a person who violates this section is
1734	subject to:
1735	(i) a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation of this section;
1736	(ii) an injunction to restrain a threatened or actual violation of this section; and
1737	(iii) recovery by the state for:
1738	(A) the costs of investigation;
1739	(B) the cost of expert witness fees;
1740	(C) the cost of the action; and
1741	(D) reasonable attorney's fees.
1742	(4) A person who knowingly violates this section has engaged in an unfair and
1743	deceptive trade practice in violation of Title 13, Chapter 5, Unfair Practices Act, and the court
1744	shall order any profits, gain, gross receipts, or other benefit from the violation to be disgorged
1745	and paid to the state treasurer for deposit in the General Fund.
1746	Section 39. Section 63I-1-226 is amended to read:
1747	63I-1-226. Repeal dates, Title 26.
1748	(1) Section 26-1-40 is repealed July 1, 2022.
1749	(2) Section <u>26-7-10</u> is repealed July 1, 2025.
1750	[(2)] (3) Title 26, Chapter 9f, Utah Digital Health Service Commission Act, is repealed
1751	July 1, 2025.
1752	[(3)] (4) Section 26-10-11 is repealed July 1, 2020.
1753	[(4)] (5) Subsection 26-18-417(3) is repealed July 1, 2020.
1754	[(5)] (6) Subsection 26-18-418(2), the language that states "and the Mental Health
1755	Crisis Line Commission created in Section 63C-18-202" is repealed July 1, 2023.
1756	[(6) Section 26-18-419.1 is repealed December 31, 2019.]
1757	(7) Title 26, Chapter 33a, Utah Health Data Authority Act, is repealed July 1, 2024.
1758	(8) Title 26, Chapter 36b, Inpatient Hospital Assessment Act, is repealed July 1, 2024.
1759	(9) Title 26. Chapter 36c. Medicaid Expansion Hospital Assessment Act. is repealed

62A-15-602.

1760	July 1, 2024.
1761	(10) Title 26, Chapter 36d, Hospital Provider Assessment Act, is repealed July 1, 2024.
1762	(11) Title 26, Chapter 54, Spinal Cord and Brain Injury Rehabilitation Fund and
1763	Pediatric Neuro-Rehabilitation Fund, is repealed January 1, 2023.
1764	(12) Subsection 26-61a-108(2)(e)(i), related to the Native American Legislative
1765	Liaison Committee, is repealed July 1, 2022.
1766	(13) Title 26, Chapter 63, Nurse Home Visiting Pay-for-Success Program, is repealed
1767	July 1, 2026.
1768	Section 40. Section 76-8-311.3 is amended to read:
1769	76-8-311.3. Items prohibited in correctional and mental health facilities
1770	Penalties.
1771	(1) As used in this section:
1772	(a) "Contraband" means any item not specifically prohibited for possession by
1773	offenders under this section or Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1774	(b) "Controlled substance" means any substance defined as a controlled substance
1775	under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1776	(c) "Correctional facility" means:
1777	(i) any facility operated by or contracting with the Department of Corrections to house
1778	offenders in either a secure or nonsecure setting;
1779	(ii) any facility operated by a municipality or a county to house or detain criminal
1780	offenders;
1781	(iii) any juvenile detention facility; and
1782	(iv) any building or grounds appurtenant to the facility or lands granted to the state,
1783	municipality, or county for use as a correctional facility.
1784	(d) "Electronic eigarette product" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in
1785	Section 76-10-101.
1786	(e) "Medicine" means any prescription drug as defined in Title 58, Chapter 17b,
1787	Pharmacy Practice Act, but does not include any controlled substances as defined in Title 58,
1788	Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.
1789	(f) "Mental health facility" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section

1791 (g) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101. 1792 [(g)] (h) "Offender" means a person in custody at a correctional facility. 1793 [(h)] (i) "Secure area" [is as] means the same as that term is defined in Section 1794 76-8-311.1. 1795 (2) Notwithstanding Section 76-10-500, a correctional or mental health facility may 1796 provide by rule that no firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, implement of escape, explosive, controlled substance, spirituous or fermented liquor, medicine, or poison in any 1797 1798 quantity may be: 1799 (a) transported to or upon a correctional or mental health facility. 1800 (b) sold or given away at any correctional or mental health facility; 1801 (c) given to or used by any offender at a correctional or mental health facility; or 1802 (d) knowingly or intentionally possessed at a correctional or mental health facility. 1803 (3) It is a defense to any prosecution under this section if the accused in committing the 1804 act made criminal by this section with respect to: 1805 (a) a correctional facility operated by the Department of Corrections, acted in 1806 conformity with departmental rule or policy; 1807 (b) a correctional facility operated by a municipality, acted in conformity with the 1808 policy of the municipality: 1809 (c) a correctional facility operated by a county, acted in conformity with the policy of 1810 the county; or 1811 (d) a mental health facility, acted in conformity with the policy of the mental health 1812 facility. 1813 (4) (a) Any [person] individual who transports to or upon a correctional facility, or into 1814 a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or 1815 implement of escape with intent to provide or sell it to any offender, is guilty of a second 1816 degree felony. 1817 (b) Any [person] individual who provides or sells to any offender at a correctional 1818 facility, or any detainee at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, 1819 dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony. 1820 (c) Any offender who possesses at a correctional facility, or any detainee who

possesses at a secure area of a mental health facility, any firearm, ammunition, dangerous

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weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a second degree felony.

- (d) Any [person] <u>individual</u> who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or the secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or a secure area of a mental health facility any firearm, ammunition, dangerous weapon, or implement of escape is guilty of a third degree felony.
- (e) Any [person] <u>individual</u> violates Section 76-10-306 who knowingly or intentionally transports, possesses, distributes, or sells any explosive in a correctional facility or mental health facility.
- (5) (a) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional facility or secure area of a mental health facility, knowingly transports to or upon a correctional facility or into a secure area of a mental health facility any:
 - (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
 - (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
 - (iii) poison in any quantity.
- (b) [A person] An individual is guilty of a third degree felony who knowingly violates correctional or mental health facility policy or rule by providing or selling to any offender at a correctional facility or detainee within a secure area of a mental health facility any:
 - (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
 - (ii) medicine, whether or not lawfully prescribed for the offender; or
- 1842 (iii) poison in any quantity.
 - (c) An inmate is guilty of a third degree felony who, in violation of correctional or mental health facility policy or rule, possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility any:
 - (i) spirituous or fermented liquor;
 - (ii) medicine, other than medicine provided by the facility's health care providers in compliance with facility policy; or
 - (iii) poison in any quantity.
- (d) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, with the intent to directly or indirectly provide or sell any tobacco product [or], electronic cigarette product, or nicotine product to an offender, directly or indirectly:

1853 (i) transports, delivers, or distributes any tobacco product [or], electronic cigarette 1854 product, or nicotine product to an offender or on the grounds of any correctional facility; 1855 (ii) solicits, requests, commands, coerces, encourages, or intentionally aids another 1856 person to transport any tobacco product [or], electronic cigarette product, or nicotine product to 1857 an offender or on any correctional facility, if the person is acting with the mental state required 1858 for the commission of an offense; or 1859 (iii) facilitates, arranges, or causes the transport of any tobacco product [or], electronic 1860 cigarette product, or nicotine product in violation of this section to an offender or on the 1861 grounds of any correctional facility. (e) [A person] An individual is guilty of a class A misdemeanor who, without the 1862 1863 permission of the authority operating the correctional or mental health facility, fails to declare 1864 or knowingly possesses at a correctional facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility 1865 any: 1866 (i) spirituous or fermented liquor; 1867 (ii) medicine; or 1868 (iii) poison in any quantity. (f) (i) [A person] Except as provided in Subsection (5)(f)(ii), an individual is guilty of a 1869 1870 class B misdemeanor who, without the permission of the authority operating the correctional 1871 facility, knowingly engages in any activity that would facilitate the possession of any 1872 contraband by an offender in a correctional facility. 1873 (ii) The provisions of Subsection (5)(d) regarding any tobacco product [or], electronic 1874 cigarette product, or nicotine product take precedence over this Subsection (5)(f). 1875 (g) Exemptions may be granted for worship for Native American inmates pursuant to 1876 Section 64-13-40. 1877 (6) The possession, distribution, or use of a controlled substance at a correctional 1878 facility or in a secure area of a mental health facility shall be prosecuted in accordance with

Section 41. Section **76-10-101** is amended to read:

Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act.

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(7) The department shall make rules under Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative

Rulemaking Act, to establish guidelines for providing written notice to visitors that providing

any tobacco product or electronic cigarette to offenders is a class A misdemeanor.

1884	76-10-101. Definitions.
1885	As used in this part:
1886	(1) (a) "Alternative nicotine product" means a product, other than a cigarette, a
1887	counterfeit cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, a nontherapeutic nicotine product, or a
1888	tobacco product, that:
1889	(i) contains nicotine;
1890	(ii) is intended for human consumption;
1891	(iii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1892	(iv) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1893	replacement therapy.
1894	(b) "Alternative nicotine product" includes:
1895	(i) pure nicotine;
1896	(ii) snortable nicotine;
1897	(iii) dissolvable salts, orbs, pellets, sticks, or strips; and
1898	(iv) nicotine-laced food and beverage.
1899	(c) "Alternative nicotine product" does not include a fruit, a vegetable, or a tea that
1900	contains naturally occurring nicotine.
1901	[(1)] (2) "Cigar" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned under
1902	ordinary conditions of use, and consists of any roll of tobacco wrapped in leaf tobacco, or in
1903	any substance containing tobacco, other than any roll of tobacco that is a cigarette [as described
1904	in Subsection (2)].
1905	[(2)] (3) "Cigarette" means a product that contains nicotine, is intended to be burned
1906	under ordinary conditions of use, and consists of:
1907	(a) any roll of tobacco wrapped in paper or in any substance not containing tobacco; or
1908	(b) any roll of tobacco wrapped in any substance containing tobacco which, because of
1909	its appearance, the type of tobacco used in the filler, or its packaging and labeling, is likely to
1910	be offered to, or purchased by, consumers as a cigarette described in Subsection [(2)] (3) (a).
1911	[(3) "Electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette product, as defined in Section
1912	59-14-802.]
1913	(4) (a) "Electronic cigarette" means:
1914	(i) any electronic oral device:

1915	(A) that provides an aerosol or a vapor of nicotine or other substance; and
1916	(B) which simulates smoking through its use or through inhalation of the device;
1917	(ii) a component of the device described in Subsection (4)(a)(i); and
1918	(iii) an accessory sold in the same package as the device described in Subsection
1919	(4)(a)(i).
1920	(b) "Electronic cigarette" includes an oral device that is:
1921	(i) composed of a heating element, battery, or electronic circuit; and
1922	(ii) marketed, manufactured, distributed, or sold as:
1923	(A) an e-cigarette;
1924	(B) an e-cigar;
1925	(C) an e-pipe; or
1926	(D) any other product name or descriptor, if the function of the product meets the
1927	definition of Subsection (4)(a).
1928	(5) "Electronic cigarette product" means an electronic cigarette, an electronic cigarette
1929	substance, or a prefilled electronic cigarette.
1930	(6) "Electronic cigarette substance" means any substance, including liquid containing
1931	nicotine, used or intended for use in an electronic cigarette.
1932	(7) "Nicotine" means a poisonous, nitrogen containing chemical that is made
1933	synthetically or derived from tobacco or other plants.
1934	(8) "Nicotine product" means an alternative nicotine product or a nontherapeutic
1935	nicotine product.
1936	(9) (a) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a device that:
1937	(i) has a pressurized canister that is used to administer nicotine to the user through
1938	inhalation or intranasally;
1939	(ii) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1940	(iii) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1941	replacement therapy.
1942	(b) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device" includes a nontherapeutic nicotine inhaler or a
1943	nontherapeutic nicotine nasal spray.
1944	(10) "Nontherapeutic nicotine device substance" means a substance that:
1945	(a) contains nicotine:

1946	(b) is sold in a cartridge for use in a nontherapeutic nicotine device;
1947	(c) is not purchased with a prescription from a licensed physician; and
1948	(d) is not approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration as nicotine
1949	replacement therapy.
1950	(11) "Nontherapeutic nicotine product" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device, a
1951	nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or a prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device.
1952	[(4)] <u>(12)</u> "Place of business" includes:
1953	(a) a shop;
1954	(b) a store;
1955	(c) a factory;
1956	(d) a public garage;
1957	(e) an office;
1958	(f) a theater;
1959	(g) a recreation hall;
1960	(h) a dance hall;
1961	(i) a poolroom;
1962	(j) a café;
1963	(k) a cafeteria;
1964	(l) a cabaret;
1965	(m) a restaurant;
1966	(n) a hotel;
1967	(o) a lodging house;
1968	(p) a streetcar;
1969	(q) a bus;
1970	(r) an interurban or railway passenger coach;
1971	(s) a waiting room; and
1972	(t) any other place of business.
1973	(13) "Prefilled electronic cigarette" means an electronic cigarette that is sold prefilled
1974	with an electronic cigarette substance.
1975	(14) "Prefilled nontherapeutic nicotine device" means a nontherapeutic nicotine device
1976	that is sold prefilled with a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance.

1977	[(5)] (15) "Smoking" means the possession of any lighted cigar, cigarette, pipe, or other
1978	lighted smoking equipment.
1979	(16) (a) "Tobacco paraphernalia" means equipment, product, or material of any kind
1980	that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain,
1981	conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, a cigarette, an electronic cigarette
1982	substance, a nontherapeutic nicotine device substance, or tobacco in any form into the human
1983	body.
1984	(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia" includes:
1985	(i) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
1986	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
1987	(ii) water pipes;
1988	(iii) carburetion tubes and devices;
1989	(iv) smoking and carburetion masks;
1990	(v) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette, that
1991	has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
1992	(vi) chamber pipes;
1993	(vii) carburetor pipes;
1994	(viii) electric pipes;
1995	(ix) air-driven pipes;
1996	(x) chillums;
1997	(xi) bongs; and
1998	(xii) ice pipes or chillers.
1999	(c) "Tobacco paraphernalia" does not include matches or lighters.
2000	(17) "Tobacco product" means:
2001	(a) a cigar;
2002	(b) a cigarette;
2003	(c) a tobacco product, including:
2004	(i) chewing tobacco; and
2005	(ii) any substitute for a tobacco product, including flavoring or additives to tobacco;
2006	<u>and</u>
2007	(d) tobacco paraphernalia.

2008	Section 42. Section 76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2009	76-10-103 (Effective 07/01/20). Permitting minors to use tobacco products,
2010	electronic cigarette products, or nicotine products in place of business.
2011	It is a class C misdemeanor for the proprietor of any place of business to knowingly
2012	permit an individual under [the following ages] 21 years old to frequent a place of business
2013	while the individual is using [tobacco:] a tobacco product, an electronic cigarette product, or a
2014	nicotine product.
2015	[(1) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, under 20 years old; and]
2016	[(2) beginning July 1, 2021, under 21 years old.]
2017	Section 43. Section 76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2018	76-10-104 (Effective 07/01/20). Providing a cigar, a cigarette, an electronic
2019	cigarette product, a nicotine product, or tobacco to a minor Penalties.
2020	[(1) A person violates this section who knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with
2021	criminal negligence provides a cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette, or tobacco in any form, to
2022	an individual under the following ages, is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense,
2023	a class B misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent
2024	offenses:]
2025	[(a) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]
2026	[(b) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]
2027	$\left[\frac{(2)}{(1)}\right]$ As used in this section "provides":
2028	(a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
2029	(b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
2030	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
2031	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
2032	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
2033	(2) An individual is guilty of a class C misdemeanor on the first offense, a class B
2034	misdemeanor on the second offense, and a class A misdemeanor on subsequent offenses if the
2035	individual knowingly, intentionally, recklessly, or with criminal negligence provides a cigar, a
2036	cigarette, an electronic cigarette product, a nicotine product, or tobacco in any form to an
2037	individual who is under 21 years old.
2038	Section 44. Section 76-10-104.1 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:

2039	76-10-104.1 (Effective 0//01/20). Providing tobacco paraphernalia to a minor
2040	Penalties.
2041	(1) For purposes of this section[:], "provides":
2042	[(a) "Provides":]
2043	[(i)] (a) includes selling, giving, furnishing, sending, or causing to be sent; and
2044	[(ii)] (b) does not include the acts of the United States Postal Service or other common
2045	carrier when engaged in the business of transporting and delivering packages for others or the
2046	acts of a person, whether compensated or not, who transports or delivers a package for another
2047	person without any reason to know of the package's content.
2048	[(b) "Tobacco paraphernalia": (i) means equipment, product, or material of any kind
2049	that is used, intended for use, or designed for use to package, repackage, store, contain,
2050	conceal, ingest, inhale, or otherwise introduce a cigar, cigarette, or tobacco in any form into the
2051	human body, including:
2052	[(A) metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without
2053	screens, permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;]
2054	[(B) water pipes;]
2055	[(C) carburetion tubes and devices;]
2056	[(D) smoking and carburetion masks;]
2057	[(E) roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a cigarette,
2058	that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;]
2059	[(F) chamber pipes;]
2060	[(G) carburetor pipes;]
2061	[(H) electric pipes;]
2062	[(I) air-driven pipes;]
2063	[(J) chillums;]
2064	[(K) bongs; and]
2065	[(L) ice pipes or chillers; and]
2066	[(ii) does not include matches or lighters.]
2067	(2) (a) It is unlawful for [a person] an individual to knowingly, intentionally,
2068	recklessly, or with criminal negligence provide tobacco paraphernalia to an individual under[:]
2069	21 years old.

20/0	[(1) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]
2071	[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]
2072	(b) [A person] An individual who violates this section is guilty of a class C
2073	misdemeanor on the first offense and a class B misdemeanor on subsequent offenses.
2074	Section 45. Section 76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2075	76-10-105 (Effective 07/01/20). Buying or possessing a cigar, a cigarette, an
2076	electronic cigarette product, a nicotine product, or tobacco by a minor Penalty
2077	Compliance officer authority Juvenile court jurisdiction.
2078	(1) [(a)] An individual who is 18 years or older, but younger than [the age specified in
2079	Subsection (1)(b)] 21 years old, and buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has in the individual's
2080	possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, nicotine product, or tobacco in any
2081	form is guilty of an infraction and subject to:
2082	[(i)] (a) a minimum fine or penalty of \$60; and
2083	[(ii)] (b) participation in a court-approved tobacco education or cessation program,
2084	which may include a participation fee.
2085	[(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a), the individual is younger than:]
2086	[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]
2087	[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]
2088	(2) (a) An individual under the age of 18 who buys or attempts to buy, accepts, or has
2089	in the individual's possession any cigar, cigarette, electronic cigarette product, nicotine product
2090	or tobacco in any form is subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and subject to Section
2091	78A-6-602, unless the violation is committed on school property.
2092	(b) If a violation under this section is adjudicated under Section 78A-6-117, the minor
2093	may be subject to the following:
2094	$\left[\frac{(a)}{a}\right]$ (i) a fine or penalty, in accordance with Section 78A-6-117; and
2095	[(b)] (ii) participation in a court-approved tobacco education program, which may
2096	include a participation fee.
2097	(3) (a) A compliance officer appointed by a board of education under Section
2098	53G-4-402 may not issue a citation for a violation of this section committed on school
2099	property.
2100	(b) A cited violation committed on school property shall be addressed in accordance

2101	with Section 53G-8-211.
2102	[(4) (a) This section does not apply to the purchase or possession of a cigar, cigarette,
2103	electronic cigarette, tobacco, or tobacco paraphernalia by an individual who is 18 years or older
2104	and is:]
2105	[(i) on active duty in the United States Armed Forces; or]
2106	[(ii) a spouse or dependent of an individual who is on active duty in the United States
2107	Armed Forces.]
2108	[(b) A valid, government-issued military identification card is required to verify proof
2109	of age under Subsection (4)(a).]
2110	Section 46. Section 76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2111	76-10-105.1 (Effective 07/01/20). Requirement of direct, face-to-face sale of a
2112	cigarette, tobacco, an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product Minors not
2113	allowed in tobacco specialty shop Penalties.
2114	(1) As used in this section:
2115	(a) "Cigarette" means the same as that term is defined in Section 59-14-102.
2116	(b) (i) "Face-to-face exchange" means a transaction made in person between an
2117	individual and a retailer or retailer's employee.
2118	(ii) "Face-to-face exchange" does not include a sale through a:
2119	(A) vending machine; or
2120	(B) self-service display.
2121	(c) "Retailer" means a person who:
2122	(i) sells a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product
2123	to an individual for personal consumption; or
2124	(ii) operates a facility with a vending machine that sells a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an
2125	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product.
2126	(d) "Self-service display" means a display of a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic
2127	cigarette product, or a nicotine product to which the public has access without the intervention
2128	of a retailer or retailer's employee.
2129	(e) "Tobacco" means any product, except a cigarette, made of or containing tobacco.
2130	(f) "Tobacco specialty shop" means a "retail tobacco specialty business" as that term is
2131	defined:

2132	(1) as it relates to a municipantly, in Section 10-8-41.6, and
2133	(ii) as it relates to a county, in Section 17-50-333.
2134	(2) Except as provided in Subsection (3), a retailer may sell a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an
2135	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product only in a face-to-face exchange.
2136	(3) The face-to-face sale requirement in Subsection (2) does not apply to:
2137	(a) a mail-order, telephone, or Internet sale made in compliance with Section
2138	59-14-509;
2139	(b) a sale from a vending machine or self-service display that is located in an area of a
2140	retailer's facility:
2141	(i) that is distinct and separate from the rest of the facility; and
2142	(ii) where the retailer only allows an individual who complies with Subsection (4) to be
2143	present; or
2144	(c) a sale at a tobacco specialty shop.
2145	(4) [(a)] An individual who is less than [the age specified in Subsection (4)(b)] 21
2146	years old may not enter or be present at a tobacco specialty shop unless the individual is:
2147	[(i)] (a) accompanied by a parent or legal guardian; or
2148	[(ii)] (b) present at the tobacco shop for a bona fide commercial purpose other than to
2149	purchase a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic cigarette[; or] product, or a nicotine product.
2150	[(iii) 18 years old or older and an active duty member of the United States Armed
2151	Forces, as demonstrated by a valid, government-issued military identification card.]
2152	[(b) For purposes of Subsection (4)(a), the individual is younger than:]
2153	[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]
2154	[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]
2155	(5) A parent or legal guardian who accompanies, under Subsection (4)(a)[(i)], an
2156	individual into an area described in Subsection (3)(b), or into a tobacco specialty shop, may not
2157	allow the individual to purchase a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic cigarette product, or a
2158	nicotine product.
2159	(6) A violation of Subsection (2) or (4) is a:
2160	(a) class C misdemeanor on the first offense;
2161	(b) class B misdemeanor on the second offense; and
2162	(c) class A misdemeanor on the third and all subsequent offenses.

2163	(7) An individual who violates Subsection (5) is guilty of providing tobacco to a minor
2164	under Section 76-10-104.
2165	(8) (a) An ordinance, regulation, or rule adopted by the governing body of a political
2166	subdivision of the state or by a state agency that affects the sale, minimum age of sale,
2167	placement, or display of [cigarettes] a cigarette, tobacco, [or] an electronic [cigarettes]
2168	cigarette product, or a nicotine product that is not essentially identical to this section and
2169	Section 76-10-102 is superseded.
2170	(b) Subsection (8)(a) does not apply to the adoption or enforcement of a land use
2171	ordinance by a municipal or county government.
2172	Section 47. Section 76-10-111 is amended to read:
2173	76-10-111. Restrictions on sale of smokeless tobacco or electronic cigarette
2174	products Exceptions.
2175	(1) The Legislature finds that:
2176	(a) smokeless tobacco, or chewing tobacco, is harmful to the health of individuals who
2177	use those products because research indicates that they may cause mouth or oral cancers;
2178	(b) the use of smokeless tobacco among juveniles in this state is increasing rapidly;
2179	(c) the use of electronic [cigarettes] cigarette products may lead to unhealthy behavior
2180	such as the use of tobacco products; and
2181	(d) it is necessary to restrict the gift of the products described in this Subsection (1) in
2182	the interest of the health of the citizens of this state.
2183	(2) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3), it is unlawful for a manufacturer,
2184	wholesaler, and retailer to:
2185	(i) give or distribute without charge any smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or
2186	electronic eigarette product in this state[-];
2187	(ii) sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product at less than 90% of
2188	the cost, including the amount of any applicable tax, of the product to the manufacturer,
2189	wholesaler, or retailer; or
2190	(iii) give, distribute, sell, offer for sale, or furnish any electronic cigarette product for
2191	free or at a lower price because the recipient of the electronic cigarette product makes another
2192	purchase.
2193	(b) The price that a manufacturer, wholesaler, or retailer may charge under Subsection

2194	(2)(a)(11) does not include a discount for:
2195	(i) a physical manufacturer coupon:
2196	(A) that is surrendered to the wholesaler or retailer at the time of sale; and
2197	(B) for which the manufacturer will reimburse the wholesaler or the retailer for the full
2198	amount of the discount described in the manufacturer coupon and provided to the purchaser;
2199	(ii) a rebate that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the retailer for the
2200	full amount of the rebate provided to the purchaser; or
2201	(iii) a promotional fund that will be paid to the manufacturer, the wholesaler, or the
2202	retailer for the full amount of the promotional fund provided to the purchaser.
2203	(c) Any [person] individual who violates this section is guilty of:
2204	(i) a class C misdemeanor for the first offense[, and is guilty of]; or
2205	(ii) a class B misdemeanor for any subsequent offense.
2206	(3) [(a)] Smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic cigarette product may
2207	be distributed to adults without charge at professional conventions where the general public is
2208	excluded.
2209	[(b) Subsection (2) does not apply to a retailer, manufacturer, or distributor who gives
2210	smokeless tobacco, chewing tobacco, or an electronic eigarette to a person of legal age upon
2211	the person's purchase of another tobacco product or electronic eigarette.]
2212	Section 48. Section 77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20) is amended to read:
2213	77-39-101 (Effective 07/01/20). Investigation of sales of alcohol, tobacco, and
2214	electronic cigarette products to underage individuals.
2215	(1) As used in this section[,]:
2216	(a) ["electronic"] "Electronic cigarette product" [is as] means the same as that term is
2217	defined in Section 76-10-101.
2218	(b) "Nicotine product" means the same as that term is defined in Section 76-10-101.
2219	(2) (a) A peace officer, as defined by Title 53, Chapter 13, Peace Officer
2220	Classifications, may investigate the possible violation of:
2221	(i) Section 32B-4-403 by requesting an individual under 21 years old to enter into and
2222	attempt to purchase or make a purchase of alcohol from a retail establishment; or
2223	(ii) Section 76-10-104 by requesting an individual under [the age specified in
2224	Subsection (2)(e) 21 years old to enter into and attempt to purchase or make a purchase from a

2223	retail establishment of:
2226	(A) a cigar;
2227	(B) a cigarette;
2228	(C) tobacco in any form; [or]
2229	(D) an electronic cigarette[-] product; or
2230	(E) a nicotine product.
2231	(b) A peace officer who is present at the site of a proposed purchase shall direct,
2232	supervise, and monitor the individual requested to make the purchase.
2233	(c) Immediately following a purchase or attempted purchase or as soon as practical the
2234	supervising peace officer shall inform the cashier and the proprietor or manager of the retail
2235	establishment that the attempted purchaser was under the legal age to purchase:
2236	(i) alcohol; or
2237	(ii) (A) a cigar;
2238	(B) a cigarette;
2239	(C) tobacco in any form; [or]
2240	(D) an electronic cigarette[-] product; or
2241	(E) a nicotine product.
2242	(d) If a citation or information is issued, it shall be issued within seven days of the
2243	purchase.
2244	[(e) For purposes of Subsection (2)(a)(ii), the individual is younger than:]
2245	[(i) beginning July 1, 2020, and ending June 30, 2021, 20 years old; and]
2246	[(ii) beginning July 1, 2021, 21 years old.]
2247	(3) (a) If an individual under the age of 18 years old is requested to attempt a purchase
2248	a written consent of that individual's parent or guardian shall be obtained prior to that
2249	individual participating in any attempted purchase.
2250	(b) An individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase may:
2251	(i) be a trained volunteer; or
2252	(ii) receive payment, but may not be paid based on the number of successful purchases
2253	of alcohol, tobacco, [or] an electronic eigarette product, or a nicotine product.
2254	(4) The individual requested by the peace officer to attempt a purchase and anyone
2255	accompanying the individual attempting a purchase may not during the attempted purchase

2256	misrepresent the age of the individual by false or misleading identification documentation in
2257	attempting the purchase.
2258	(5) An individual requested to attempt to purchase or make a purchase pursuant to this
2259	section is immune from prosecution, suit, or civil liability for the purchase of, attempted
2260	purchase of, or possession of alcohol, a cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, [or] an
2261	electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine product if a peace officer directs, supervises, and
2262	monitors the individual.
2263	(6) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (6)(b), a purchase attempted under this section
2264	shall be conducted:
2265	(i) on a random basis; and
2266	(ii) within a 12-month period at any one retail establishment location not more often
2267	than:
2268	(A) two times for the attempted purchase of:
2269	(I) a cigar;
2270	(II) a cigarette;
2271	(III) tobacco in any form; [or]
2272	(IV) an electronic cigarette <u>product</u> ; [and] <u>or</u>
2273	(V) a nicotine product; and
2274	(B) four times for the attempted purchase of alcohol.
2275	(b) This section does not prohibit an investigation or an attempt to purchase tobacco
2276	under this section if:
2277	(i) there is reasonable suspicion to believe the retail establishment has sold alcohol, a
2278	cigar, a cigarette, tobacco in any form, [or] an electronic cigarette product, or a nicotine produc
2279	to an individual under the age established by Section 32B-4-403 or 76-10-104; and
2280	(ii) the supervising peace officer makes a written record of the grounds for the
2281	reasonable suspicion.
2282	(7) (a) The peace officer exercising direction, supervision, and monitoring of the

- (b) The report required by this Subsection (7) shall include:
 - (i) the name of the supervising peace officer;

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was made.

attempted purchase shall make a report of the attempted purchase, whether or not a purchase

03-04-20 7:03 PM

4th Sub. (Pumpkin) S.B. 37

2287	(11) the name of the individual attempting the purchase;
2288	(iii) a photograph of the individual attempting the purchase showing how that
2289	individual appeared at the time of the attempted purchase;
2290	(iv) the name and description of the cashier or proprietor from whom the individual
2291	attempted the purchase;
2292	(v) the name and address of the retail establishment; and
2293	(vi) the date and time of the attempted purchase.
2294	Section 49. Effective date.
2295	This bill takes effect on July 1, 2020.